

z/OS
3.2

*MVS System Messages Volume 1 (ABA -
AOM)*



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 1645](#).

This edition applies to IBM® z/OS® 3.2 (5655-ZOS) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this document

MVS System Messages primarily describe messages that are issued to the system operator at the system console and system messages that are logged. The following messages are included:

- Operator messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS.
- Log messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS.
- Some SYSOUT messages that are issued by the BCP and DFSMS. SYSOUT messages are issued by utilities that normally run in batch, such as SPZAP.
- Batch job messages that are issued by the BCP.

Usually, messages that are issued at interactive terminals (like TSO/E and CICS® terminals) are documented by the specific elements and products that support those terminals.

The titles of the *MVS System Messages* indicate the range of message prefixes in the documents:

- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 \(ABA-AOM\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 \(ARC-ASA\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 \(ASB-BPX\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 \(CBD-DMO\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 \(EDG-GLZ\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 \(GOS-IEA\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 \(IEB-IEE\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 \(IEF-IGD\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 \(IGF-IWM\)*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 \(IXC-IZP\)*](#)

Some of the other types of message information include the following titles.

- [*z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages*](#)
- [*z/OS MVS System Codes*](#)
- [*z/OS and z/VM HCD Messages*](#)
- [*z/OS TSO/E Messages*](#)
- [*z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes*](#)

For a list of message information that is sorted by message prefix, see [Introduction](#) in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)*.

This information also contains the routing and descriptor codes that IBM assigns to the messages that z/OS components, subsystems, and products issue. Routing and descriptor codes are specified by the ROUTCDE and DESC keyword parameters on WTO and WTOR macros, which are the primary methods that programs use to issue messages. The routing code identifies where a message is displayed. The descriptor code identifies the significance of the message and the color of the message on operator consoles with color.

Who uses MVS System Message information

MVS System Messages are for programmers who receive messages from the system. Usually, these people are system operators, system programmers, and application programmers who do any of the following tasks.

- Initialize the operating system and its subsystems.
- Monitor system activity.

- Keep the system correctly running.
- Diagnose and correct system problems.
- Diagnose and correct errors in problem programs.

A method for finding changes to MVS and TSO/E messages

Automation routines are sensitive to changes to message text. Data set SYS1.MSGENU can help you identify message additions and changes so you know whether to update your automation routines when you upgrade.

IBM supplies a data set, SYS1.MSGENU, that contains the text of system messages in the form of message skeletons. Only system messages that are translated are included, so the following message types are not included.

- MVS system messages that are not translated, such as IPL and NIP messages, because these messages are issued before the MVS message service is available.
- Other product messages that are not translated, such as DFSMS and JES3 messages.

For more information about message skeletons, see [z/OS MVS Planning: Operations](#).

After you install the SYS1.MSGENU data set, you can compare the new data set with the data set on the system from which you are upgrading. Depending on how you conduct the comparison, you receive output that resembles that in the following samples.

For new messages, the output might show an I (for Insert) to the left of the message ID. For example:

```
I - IEA403I VALUE OF RMAX HAS BEEN CHANGED TO 99
```

For messages with changed text, the output might show two entries, one with an I and one with a D each to the left of the message ID, indicating that a record in the message file was replaced (Deleted and then Inserted). For example:

```
I - IEE162I 46 &NNN ROLL &A MESSAGES (DEL=R OR RD)
D - IEE162I 46 &NNN ROLL &A MESSAGES (DEL=R, RD)
```

This example indicates that (DEL=R, RD) was replaced by (DEL=R OR RD) in message IEE162I.

Using this information, you can determine whether you need to change your automation routines.

How to use message information

The system messages contain descriptions of messages. For details about z/OS message formats, prefix by component, descriptions, and more see the "Introduction" section in [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 \(ABA-AOM\)](#).

Where to find more information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross-document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see [z/OS Information Roadmap](#).

To find the complete z/OS library, including the IBM Documentation for z/OS, see the following resources.

[z/OS Internet library \(www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary\)](http://www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary)
[IBM Documentation \(www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos\)](http://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos)

Many message descriptions refer to the following terms. You need to consult the reference listed below for more information:

- **Data areas and control blocks:** See *z/OS MVS Data Areas* in the *z/OS Internet library* (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) or *IBM Documentation* (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos).
- **Dumps:** For examples of ABEND, stand-alone, and SVC dumps and how to read them, see *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*. For examples of component output from dumps and how to read and request it, see *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference*.
- **Identification of a component, subsystem, or product:** See the *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference* to identify the component, subsystem, or product from the name of an IBM module or for a macro. The module prefix and macro tables give the program identifier to be used in a PIDS symptom in a search argument.
- **System completion and wait state codes:** See *z/OS MVS System Codes*.
- **Logrec data set error records:** For the formatted records, see *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference*.
- **Trace output:** For the formats and the meaning of the information in the generalized trace facility (GTF) trace, instruction address trace, master trace, system trace, and component trace, see *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.
- **Hardware:** Use the appropriate *Principles of Operation* document for the hardware you have installed.

Where to find the most current message information

The MVS System Messages documents are cumulative. As messages are added to the system, they are added to the documents. Similarly, when messages are changed on the system, they are changed in the documents. However, when a message is deleted from the system (no longer issued), the message is **not** deleted from the document. You can always look in the most recent message information for the descriptions of all system messages.

To find the most current edition of a message or document, see the following resources.

z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary)
IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos)

How to provide feedback to IBM

We welcome any feedback that you have, including comments on the clarity, accuracy, or completeness of the information. For more information, see [How to send feedback to IBM](#).

Summary of changes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change.

Note: IBM z/OS policy for the integration of service information into the z/OS product documentation library is documented on the z/OS Internet Library under [IBM z/OS Product Documentation Update Policy](http://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos/latest?topic=zos-product-documentation-update-policy) (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos/latest?topic=zos-product-documentation-update-policy).

Summary of message changes for z/OS 3.2

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) in z/OS 3.2.

Message changes for z/OS 3.2

New

The following messages are new.

None.

Changed

The following messages are changed.

ADR349W

ADR440E

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

None.

Summary of message changes for z/OS 3.1

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) in z/OS 3.1.

Message changes for z/OS 3.1

New

The following messages are new.

ADR584I

AIB0016I

AIB0017I

AIB0019I

AIB0020I

AIB0021I

AIB0022I

AIB0023I

AIB0024E
AIB0099I
AIB0101I
AIB0102I
AIB0102I
AIB0104I
AIB0105I
AIB0106I
AIB0109E
AIB0110I
AIB0117I
AIB0120I
AIB1215E
AIBH0002I
AIBH0100I
AIBH0300I
AIBH0301I
AIR064I
ADR617E
ADR618I
ANTB8075I
ANTB8076I
ANTF0421I
ANTP7140E
ANTP7141E
ANTP7142E

System data mover return and reason codes, return code 4202

Changed

The following messages are changed.

ADR369D6
ADR380E
ADR610E
ADR615E
ADR971E
ADRY501I
AMA761E
ANTB5010E
ANTX8061E
ANTX8994E
AOM496I

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

ANTB8000I
ANTB8001I

Chapter 1. Introduction

The z/OS operating system issues messages from z/OS elements and features, and from program products and application programs running on the system. The system issues messages in different ways and to different locations:

- **WTO and WTOR macros:** Most messages are issued through WTO and WTOR macros to one of the following locations:

- Console
- Operations log(OPERLOG)
- System log (SYSLOG)
- Job log
- SYSOUT data set

Routing codes determine where the messages are displayed or printed. The routing codes for messages issued by the operating system are included with each message.

- **WTL macro or the LOG operator command:** Some messages are issued through the WTL macro or the LOG operator command to the system log (SYSLOG).
- **Dumping services routines:** Dump messages are issued through the Dumping services routines and can appear in one of the following locations:

- SVC dumps, stand-alone dumps, or SYSMDUMP ABEND dumps formatted by the interactive problem control system (IPCS)
- Trace data sets formatted by the interactive problem control system (IPCS)
- ABEND dumps or SNAP dumps produced by the dumping services

In dump or trace data sets formatted by IPCS, the messages appear interactively on a terminal or in a printed dump.

- **DFSMS access methods:** Some messages are issued through DFSMS access methods directly to one of the following locations:

- Output data set
- Display terminal

Messages are sent to different locations to meet some specific needs. For example, messages routed to a console usually shows the result of an operator command and sometimes require an operator reply, while messages recorded in the hardcopy log permanently are often used for auditing. Understanding the locations where you receive messages can help you manage your message flow.

Console

Messages sent to a multiple console support (MCS) console, an SNA multiple console support (SMCS) console, an extended MCS (EMCS) console, or an HMC multiple console support (HMCS) console are intended for the operators. Operations can control which messages are displayed. See *z/OS MVS Planning: Operations* for information about controlling message display.

The system writes all messages sent to a console, whether or not the message is displayed, to the hard-copy log.

Operations log

The operations log (OPERLOG) records all message traffic from each system in a sysplex that activates the OPERLOG. The operations log consists of the following data:

- Messages to and from all consoles
- Commands and replies entered by the operator

System log

The system log (SYSLOG) is a SYSOUT data set that stores the messages and commands from the current system. SYSOUT data sets are output spool data sets on direct access storage devices (DASD) provided by the job entry subsystem (either JES2 or JES3). An installation usually prints the system log periodically. The system log consists of:

- All messages issued through WTL macros
- All messages entered by operator LOG commands
- Usually, the hard-copy log
- Any messages routed to the system log from any system component or program

Job log

Messages sent to the job log are intended for the programmer who submitted a job. The job log is specified in the system output class on the MSGCLASS parameter of the JCL JOB statement.

SYSOUT data set

Messages sent to a SYSOUT data set are intended for a programmer. These messages are issued by an assembler or compiler, the linkage editor and loader, and an application program. If the SYSOUT data set and the MSGCLASS parameter on the JCL JOB statement specify the same class, all messages about a program will appear in the same SYSOUT listing.

Message format

A displayed or printed message can appear by itself or with other information, such as a time stamp. The following topics show the format of the message body and the formats of accompanying information when the message is sent to various locations.

Format of the message body

The message body consists of three parts: the reply identifier (optional), the message identifier, and the message text. The following formats are possible:

```
id CCCnnn text
id CCCnnns text
id CCCnnnnns text
id CCCnnnnnns text
id CCCSnnns text
```

id

Reply identifier: It is optional. It appears if an operator reply is required. The operator specifies it in the reply.

CCCnnn, CCCnnns, CCCnnnnns, CCCnnnnnns, CCCSnnns

Message identifier.

CCC

A prefix to identify the component, subsystem, or product that produced the message. The prefix is three characters.

S

The subcomponent identifier, which is an optional addition to the prefix to identify the subcomponent that produced the message. The subcomponent identifier is one character.

nnn, nnnn, nnnnn

A serial number to identify the individual message. The serial number is three, four, or five decimal digits.

s

An optional type code, which is one of the following:

A

Immediate Action: System operator action is always immediately required. A system operator must do something now, such as mount a tape cartridge or attach a DASD.

The associated task does not continue until the requested action has been taken.

D

Immediate Decision: System operator decision/action is always immediately required. All system messages issuing the “D” type code must enumerate the available options. A system operator must make a decision now by selecting a reply from the enumerated options and responding to the system immediately.

The associated task does not continue until the operator communicates the decision to the system.

E

Eventual action: System operator action will be required. A system operator must eventually an appropriate action.

The associated task continues independent of system operator action.

I

Information: System operator action is not required. Communication in this category is for advisory purposes and may provoke system operator action.

The associated task continues independent of system operator action.

S

Severe error: Severe error messages are for a system programmer.

T

Terminate: The IEBCOPY program terminates.

W

System Wait: System operator action is always required immediately. A system catastrophe has occurred (hardware or software or both). The system must be re-IPLed to continue or a major subsystem must be re-started.

text

Text: The text provides information, describes an error, or requests an operator action.

Note: The following messages have special format for the message body. Refer to the specific message topics for details.

- ADR messages
- CNL messages
- EWX messages
- IDA messages
- IEW messages
- IGW01 messages

Messages sent to HMCS, MCS, and SMCS consoles

Messages sent to HMCS, MCS, and SMCS consoles appear in one of the following formats:

```
f hh.mm.ss sysname jobname message
f hh.mm.ss sysname message
f hh.mm.ss jobname message
f hh.mm.ss message
f sysname jobname message
f sysname message
f jobname message
f message
```

f

A screen character to indicate the status of certain messages, as follows:

- | The operator has performed the action required for the message. The message has been deleted.
- The message is for information only; no operator action is required. The message was issued by the system or by a problem program.
- * The message requires specific operator action and was issued by a WTOR or by an authorized program. The message has a descriptor code of 1, 2, or 11.
- @ The message requires specific operator action and was issued by a WTOR or by a problem program. The message has a descriptor code of 1, 2, or 11.
- + The message requires no specific operator action and was issued by a problem program using a WTO macro.

blank

The message requires no specific operator action.

hh.mm.ss

Time stamp: the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), and second (00-59).

sysname

System name for the system that issued the message.

jobname

Job name for the task that issued the message. This field is blank if a job did not issue the message.

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text.

Messages sent to hardcopy log in JES2 system

Multiple console support (MCS) handles message processing in:

- A JES2 system
- A JES3 system on a local processor
- A JES3 system on a global processor, if JES3 has failed

MCS sends messages with routing codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, and 10 to the hardcopy log when display consoles are used or more than one console is active. All other messages can be routed to the hard-copy log by a system option or a VARY HARDCPY operator command.

Messages sent to the hardcopy log appear in the format:

| | | | | | | |
|------------|---------|-------|-------------|-------|----------|---------|
| tcrrrrrrrr | sysname | yyddd | hh:mm:ss.th | ident | msgflags | message |
| t | | | | | | message |
| t | | | | lid | | message |

t

The first character on the line indicates the record type:

D

Data line of a multiple-line message; this line may be the last line of the message.

E

End line or data-end line of a multiple-line message.

L

Label line of a multiple-line message.

M

First line of a multiple-line message.

N

Single-line message that does not require a reply.

O

Operator LOG command.

S

Continuation of a single-line message or a continuation of the first line of a multi-line message. This continuation may be required because of the record length for the output device.

W

A message that requires a reply.

X

A log entry that did not originate with a LOG command or a system message.

c

The second character on the line indicates whether the line was generated because of a command:

C

Command input.

R

Command response.

I

Command issued internally. The job identifier contains the name of the internal issuer.

blank

Neither command input nor command response.

rrrrrrr

Hexadecimal representation of the routing codes 1 through 28. To understand this hexadecimal number, convert it to binary; each binary 1 represents a routing code. For example, X'420C' represents routing codes 2, 7, 13, and 14, as shown in the following example:

| | | | | |
|----------------|---------|---------|------------|-------------|
| Hexadecimal: | 4 | 2 | 0 | C |
| Binary: | 0 1 0 0 | 0 0 1 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 0 0 |
| Routing Codes: | 1 2 3 4 | 5 6 7 8 | 9 10 11 12 | 13 14 15 16 |

sysname

The system name from the SYSNAME parameter in parmlib.

yyddd

The Julian date, given as the year (00-99) and the day of the year (000-366).

Note: If HCFORMAT(CENTURY) is specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member, the Julian date appears as *yyyyddd*.

hh:mm:ss.th

Time stamp, given as the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), second (00-59), and hundredths of a second (00-99).

ident

The job identifier for the task that issued the message, if the second character on the line is blank.

If the second character on the line is C or R, this field contains one of the following:

jobid

The job identifier of the task that issued the message, if it was issued by a job.

consname

Console name of the console which issued the command or received the message.

INTERNAL

For a command generated by a problem program or the system.

INSTREAM

For a command read from the input stream.

blank

If MCS could not determine the source or destination for the message.

lid

Multiple-line identifier for the second and succeeding lines of a multiple-line message. This field appears after the message text (1) on the first line or (2) in the message area and is not followed by text on a continuation of the first line. The identifier appears on all lines of the same message.

msgflags

Installation exit and message suppression flags. For information about the description of the hardcopy log message flags, see the HCL data area in *z/OS MVS Data Areas Volume 1 (ABE - IAR)* in the *z/OS Internet library* (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary).

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text. The reply identifier and message identifier appear only on the first line of a multiple-line message.

Messages sent to hardcopy log in JES3 system

Messages sent to the JESMSG hardcopy log in a JES3 system appear in the format:

```
hh:mm:ss message
```

Messages sent to the MLOG/DLOG hardcopy log appear in the format:

```
dest console yyddd hhmsstia[prefix] message
```

dest

JES3 destination class, which corresponds to the MVS routing code.

console

JES3 or MVS console name, as follows:

blank

For a message issued without a console name.

nnnnn

The JES3 console name (JNAME) from the JES3 initialization stream. This applies to remote consoles only.

cnname

The MCS console name, as specified on the NAME(cnname) parameter under the CONSOLE definition in SYS1.PARMLIB(CONSOLxx).

INTERNAL

For a command generated by a problem program or operating system routine.

NETWORK

For a message issued to the network job entry (NJE) console.

yyddd

The Julian date, given as the year (00-99) and the day of the year (000-366).

Note: If HCFORMAT(CENTURY) is specified in the CONSOLxx parmlib member, the Julian date appears as *yyyddd*.

hhmsst

Time stamp, given as the hour (00-23), minute (00-59), second (00-59), and tenth of a second (0-9).

i

Attention indicator for JES3 space constraints, as follows:

blank

Normal output or no action required.

#

The message is rerouted automatically or by a command from another console.

- % Minimum space (track) situation (JSAM).
- = Marginal space (track) situation (JSAM).
- < Minimum buffer situation (JSAM).

Note: These four symbols can be changed by a CONSTD statement in the JES3 initialization stream.

a

Action prefix character, as follows:

blank

Normal message.

+

JES3 input command, issued on the global processor.

-

MVS input command, issued on the global processor.

Operator action required.

prefix

sysname R=jobname Optional prefix for messages issued outside the JES3 address space or on a local processor, as follows:

sysname

The name of the system where the issuing program is running. JES3 determines the name from the ID parameter on the MAINPROC statement in the JES3 initialization stream.

jobname

The job name of the issuing program. It is all blanks for an system routine.

message

Reply identifier, message identifier, and text.

Messages sent to the job log, to other data sets, and to display terminals

Messages sent to the job log, to other data sets, and to display terminals appear in the format designed by the program that issued them.

Truncated data in multi-line messages

Under any one of the following conditions, the system might need to truncate a multi-line message:

- When a message is being transported from one system to another in a sysplex, the sending or receiving system might encounter an error that prevents some or all of the message text from appearing. This can be caused by any of the following:
 - The issuing system is stopped or quiesced.
 - The issuing system fails to end a multi-line message.
 - The issuing system has an XCF buffer shortage.
 - A disruption occurs in sysplex communication.
 - An error occurs on the receiving system.

One of the following messages can appear within the message text, indicating such an error:

```
LOSS OF DATA - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED
LOSS OF INTERMEDIATE MESSAGE DATA
```

- When no data line or endline has been issued for a multi-line message after an interval of thirty seconds, the system issues the following endline:

MESSAGE TIMED OUT - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED

- When a connect request exceeds the limit of 65533 lines, the system truncates the message with the following text:

EXCEEDED LINE LIMIT - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED

- When a multi-line message is issued with no end line, and it is not possible for the system to obtain space to temporarily store the message, the system truncates the message with the following text:

CONNECT UNAVAILABLE - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED

- When a multi-line connect request is issued, and the system is unable to obtain space to store the connecting lines, the system truncates the message with the following text:

CONNECT UNSUCCESSFUL - MESSAGE COMPLETION FORCED

- When a message is too long to fit into 80% of the Console message cache, the system truncates the message with the following text:

MESSAGE TRUNCATED FOR CONSOLE MESSAGE CACHE

- When there is a shortage of WTO buffers for display on MCS consoles, the screen display may be truncated with one of the following lines of text:

NUMBER OF LINES EXCEEDED MLIM - MESSAGE TRUNCATED
STORAGE CONSTRAINT - MESSAGE TRUNCATED

Message description

The following topics describe the different message description items, and in particular, the routing and descriptor codes.

Description items

The message explanation information is presented by the following items:

Explanation

The meaning of the message, including why the system issued the message.

System Action

- What the system did as a result of the system condition reported by the message. A system condition could include running out of storage, a hardware or software failure, an abend, a wait state.
- What the system did as a result of user input. User input can include a system command, a job running on the system, a transaction, a query, or another user-system interaction.

Operator Response

Instructions for the system operator, including, as appropriate, decisions to make and actions to take. Only provided for messages that could appear at the operator console.

User Response

Instructions for the end user. Only provided for messages that could appear at an interactive interface such as a TSO/E terminal or ISPF application.

Note: Most user messages are explained in other message topics, such as in *z/OS TSO/E Messages*.

Application Programmer Response

Instructions for an application programmer. Only provided for messages that could appear in SYSOUT produced by a job, for example SPZAP.

System Programmer Response

Instructions for the system programmer. Only provided for messages that require additional action beyond the operator response, user response, or application programmer response.

Storage Administrator Response

Instructions for the DFSMSdfp storage administrator.

Security Administrator Response

Instructions for the security administrator. Only provided for security-related messages.

Problem Determination

Additional instructions for determining the cause of the problem, searching problem databases, and, if necessary, reporting the problem to the IBM support center. These instructions are for a customer support person who can troubleshoot problems, such as the system programmer or system administrator, an experienced security administrator, or an experienced storage administrator.

For additional information on performing problem determination procedures, see *z/OS Problem Management* and the appropriate diagnosis guide for the product or element issuing the message, such as:

- *z/OS DFSMS or MVS diagnosis guides and reference material*
- *[z/OS JES2 Diagnosis](#)*

Source

Element, product, or component that issued the message.

Detecting Module

Name of the module or modules that detected the condition that caused the message to be issued.

Routing Code

For WTO or WTOR messages, the routing code of the message. See the topic, "Routing codes," for more information about the code meaning.

Descriptor Code

For WTO or WTOR messages, the descriptor code of the message. See the topic, "Descriptor codes," for more information about the code meaning.

Routing codes

Routing codes send system messages to the consoles where they are to be displayed. More than one routing code can be assigned to a message to send it to more than one console. For more information on message routing, see the following topics:

- *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*
- *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference SET-WTO*
- *z/OS MVS Installation Exits*
- *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*

Specifying routing codes

The routing codes are specified in the ROUTCDE parameter of the WTO or WTOR macro. If you specify a message which contains no routing codes, MVS may provide one or more default routing codes, based upon the presence or lack of other queuing specifications.

If you specify a message containing descriptor codes but no routing codes and no target console, MVS will not assign any routing codes and will write the message to the hardcopy log.

If you specify a message containing no routing codes, no descriptor codes, and no target console, MVS will assign a default set of routing codes. This set of default routing codes is specified at MVS initialization on the DEFAULT statement in your CONSOLxx parmlib member. If a set of default routing codes was not provided on the DEFAULT statement, MVS will assign routing codes 1 through 16.

Routing code meaning

Routing codes appear within the associated message. The routing code field can contain the following numeric values, special characters, or notes:

Code

Meaning

1

Operator Action The message indicates a change in the system status. It demands action by a primary operator.

2

Operator Information The message indicates a change in system status. It does not demand action; rather, it alerts a primary operator to a condition that might require action. This routing code is used for any message that indicates job status when the status is not requested specifically by an operator inquiry. It is also used to route processor and problem program messages to the system operator.

3

Tape Pool The message gives information about tape devices, such as the status of a tape unit or reel, the disposition of a tape reel, or a request to mount a tape.

4

Direct Access Pool The message gives information about direct access storage devices (DASD), such as the status of a direct access unit or volume, the disposition of a volume, or a request to mount a volume.

5

Tape Library The message gives tape library information, such as a request by volume serial numbers for tapes for system or problem program use.

6

Disk Library The message gives disk library information, such as a request by volume serial numbers for volumes for system or problem program use.

7

Unit Record Pool The message gives information about unit record equipment, such as a request to mount a printer train.

8

Teleprocessing Control The message gives the status or disposition of teleprocessing equipment, such as a message that describes line errors.

9

System Security The message gives information about security checking, such as a request for a password.

10

System/Error Maintenance The message gives problem information for the system programmer, such as a system error, an uncorrectable I/O error, or information about system maintenance.

11

Programmer Information This is commonly referred to as write to programmer (WTP). The message is intended for the problem programmer. This routing code is used when the program issuing the message cannot route the message to the programmer through a system output (SYSOUT) data set. The message appears in the JESYSMSG data set.

12

Emulation The message gives information about emulation. (These message identifiers are not included in this publication.)

13-20

For customer use only.

21-28

For subsystem use only.

29

Disaster recovery.

30-40

For IBM use only.

41

The message gives information about JES3 job status.

42

The message gives general information about JES2 or JES3.

43-64

For JES use only.

65-96

Messages associated with particular processors.

97-128

Messages associated with particular devices.

The message will be routed back to the consoles that initiated the associated requests.

/

The message will be routed to different locations according to the task issuing it. For example, */2/3 means the message is routed back to the console that initiated the request, to a primary operator, or to the tape pool.

#

The message will be routed in one of the following ways:

- According to the routing indicators specified by the operator
- According to the default routing instructions previously specified by the operator
- Back to the console that initiated the associated request

—

The message has no routing code.

N/A

A routing code is not applicable for the message.

Note 2

The message is issued by a WTO or WTOR macro, but has no routing or descriptor codes (old format WTO or WTOR macro).

Note 3

The message has a routing code of 1, which sends the message to a primary operator, and the message is also routed to the console that it describes.

Note 4

The message is sent to all active consoles; this is a broadcast message.

Note 5

The message has a routing code of 2, which sends the message to a primary operator.

Note 6

The message is routed only to non-printer consoles. This message is not issued by a WTO or WTOR macro.

Note 7

The message is routed to consoles where one or more of the following are active:

- MONITOR JOBNAMEs
- MONITOR SESSIONs
- MONITOR STATUS

Note 9

The message is issued during the nucleus initialization program (NIP) processing.

Note 10

The message is issued by the WTL macro.

Note 11

The message is routed to a SYSPRINT data set by data management.

Note 12

The message is issued by a WTO or WTOR macro with SYNCH=YES. See *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference* for more information.

Note 13

The message is routed only to receivers of the hardcopy message set.

Note 14

The message is routed back to the console that initiated the request and to all associated consoles.

Note 16

The message is routed to the IPCS print file IPCSPRNT.

Note 17

The message is issued by JES3. A JES3 destination class is specified either by the initialization stream or by operator commands.

Note 18

The message is sent in response to a command to the console where the command was entered.

Note 19

The message is written to a data set. If routing and descriptor codes are also included for the message, the message might also be displayed according to the specified routing and descriptor codes. (The descriptor code does not apply to writing the message to the data set.)

Note 20

JES3 does not issue the message. JES3 sends the message to another subsystem for processing.

Note 21

This message is a trailer attached to multiple messages previously issued. It has the same routing and descriptor codes as the first line of the conglomerate.

Note 22

This message is routed to the transaction program (TP) message log.

Note 23

This message is issued by the device controller. The routing code will vary according to the device controller's task.

Note 24

This message is routed to the assembly listing.

Note 25

When this message is issued during IPL, the routing codes are 2 and 10 and the descriptor code is 12. When it is issued after IPL, it has no routing code and the descriptor code is 5.

Note 26

When this message is issued during NIP processing, the descriptor code is 12. When it is issued after NIP processing, the descriptor code is 4.

Note 27

The indicated route codes are used only if this message is issued in response to a reply of CKPTDEF during a JES2 checkpoint reconfiguration. This message might be issued to a specific console rather than directed by route code. For further information concerning the routing of JES2 messages issued during a reconfiguration, see *z/OS JES2 Initialization and Tuning Guide*.

Note 28

These routing and descriptor codes apply only when SMS issues the message. If SMS returns the message to its caller and the caller issues the message, the codes do not apply.

Note 29

This message is written to the JES3OUT data set.

Note 30

This message is issued by JES3. The message is written to the *MODIFY CONFIG (*F MODIFY) log and/or the issuer of the *F CONFIG command.

Note 31

The routing and descriptor codes for this message are dependent on the setting of indicator bits within the S99EOPTS field in the SVC 99 Request Block Extension (S99RBX). For more information, see the topic about Processing Messages and Reason Codes from Dynamic Allocation in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*.

Note 32

Routing code 2 is only applicable if message IYP050D was issued.

Note 33

Routing code 2 is only applicable if message IZP050D was issued.

Note 34

This message is only displayed on the SMCS Console Selection screen, and is not issued via WTO support.

Note 35

By default, IBM Health Checker for z/OS messages does not use routing codes, but the installation can override the default to use routing codes using either the MODIFY *hzsproc* command or in the HZSPRMxx parmlib member. See *IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide* for more information.

Note 36

This message is written to the JESYSMSG data set.

Note 37

The message is sent to all affected consoles.

Descriptor codes

Descriptor codes describe the significance of messages. They indicate whether the system or a task stops processing, waits until some action is completed, or continues. This code also determines how the system will display and delete the message.

Association with message type code

Descriptor codes are typically, but not always, associated with message type codes. When the descriptor and message type codes are in conflict it is the descriptor code that governs system processing. The standard correspondence is as follows:

Descriptor code**Message type code****1**

W (wait)

2

A (immediate action) or D (immediate decision)

3

E (eventual action)

4 through 10

I (information)

11

E (critical eventual action)

12 and 13

I (information)

Valid combinations and restrictions for descriptor codes

Descriptor codes are specified in the DESC parameter of the WTO or WTOR macro. The following restrictions apply when specifying descriptor codes:

- Descriptor codes 1 through 6, 11, and 12 are mutually exclusive. Assign only one of these codes to a message. If you assign two mutually exclusive codes to one message, the system uses the most important code and ignores the other.
- Descriptor codes 7 through 10 and 13 can be assigned in combination with any of the mutually exclusive codes.
- Descriptor code 9 can be used only with descriptor code 8.

Under certain conditions, the system uses a descriptor code other than that specified in the macro as follows:

- The system assigns descriptor code 6 if the macro specifies a ROUTCDE parameter, but no DESC parameter.
- The system assigns descriptor code 7 if all of the following are true:
 1. A problem program issued the macro.
 2. The macro omits both DESC and ROUTCDE parameters, or specifies descriptor codes 1 or 2.
 3. The message is not a multiple-line WTO message.
- The system assigns no descriptor code if all of the following are true:
 1. An authorized program issued the macro.
 2. The macro omits both DESC and ROUTCDE parameters.
 3. The message is not a multiple-line WTO message.

Note: An authorized program has at least one of these characteristics:

- Authorized by the authorized program facility (APF)
- Runs in supervisor state
- Runs under PSW key 0 through 7

Message deletion

With multiple console support (MCS), action messages with descriptor code 1 or 2 issued by problem programs are assigned descriptor code 7; thus, they are automatically deleted from the system at task or address space ending.

The system deletes messages issued by any program when that program issues the DOM macro for a message.

The operator can manually remove all messages from a display console screen or can set the console to roll messages off the screen.

Message color

On operator consoles with color, the descriptor code determines the color of the message. The use of color is explained in *z/OS MVS System Commands*. Also, see the descriptions of the CONSOLxx and MPFLSTxx parmlib members in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

Descriptor code meaning

Descriptor codes appear within the associated message. The descriptor code field can contain the following numeric values, special characters, or note.

| Code | Meaning |
|------|---------|
|------|---------|

1

System Failure The message indicates an error that disrupts system operations. To continue, the operator must reIPL the system or restart a major subsystem. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Descriptor code 1 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.
Descriptor code 1 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

2

Immediate Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action immediately. The message issuer could be in a wait state until the action is performed or the system needs the action as soon as possible to improve performance. The task waits for the operator to complete the action. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Note: When an authorized program issues a message with descriptor code 2, a DOM macro *must* be issued to delete the message after the requested action is performed.

Descriptor code 2 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.
Descriptor code 2 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

3

Eventual Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action eventually. The task does not wait for the operator to complete the action. If the task can determine when the operator performed the action, the task should issue a DOM macro to delete the message when the action is complete.

Descriptor code 3 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.

4

System Status The message indicates the status of a system task or of a hardware unit.

5

Immediate Command Response The message is issued as an immediate response to a system command. The response does not depend on another system action or task.

6

Job Status The message indicates the status of a job or job step.

7

Task-Related The message is issued by an application or system program. Messages with this descriptor code are deleted when the job step that issued them ends.

8

Out-of-Line The message, which is one line of a group of one or more lines, is to be displayed out-of-line. If a message cannot be displayed out-of-line because of the device being used, descriptor code 8 is ignored, and the message is displayed in-line with the other messages.

Note: Multiline messages directed at an OOL area and routed by either the UNKNIDS or INTIDS attributes are forced "inline".

9

Operator's Request The message is written in response to an operator's request for information by a DEVSERV, DISPLAY, or MONITOR command.

10

Not defined Descriptor code 10 is not currently in use.

11

Critical Eventual Action Required The message indicates that the operator must perform an action eventually, and the action is important enough for the message to remain on the display screen until the action is completed. The task does not wait for the operator to complete the action. This causes the audible alarm to be sounded.

Avoid using this descriptor code for non-critical messages because the display screen could become filled.

If the task can determine when the operator has performed the action, the task should issue a DOM macro to delete the message when the action is complete.

Descriptor code 11 messages are retained if the Action Message Retention Facility (AMRF) is active.

Descriptor code 11 messages do not automatically roll off a console in RD mode.

12

Important Information The message contains important information that must be displayed at a console, but does not require any action in response.

13

Automation Information Indicates that this message was previously automated.

14-16

Reserved for future use.

/

The message has different descriptor codes according to the task issuing it. For example, 4/6 means that the message can describe system status or job status.

—

The message has no descriptor code.

N/A

A descriptor code is not applicable for the message.

Note 1

The descriptor code for an IBM Health Checker for z/OS check exception message might vary because the installation can override the descriptor code either using the MODIFY hzsproc command or in the HZSPRMxx parmlib member. See *IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide* for more information. In addition to the descriptor code selected by the installation, one of the following descriptor codes is also included based on the severity of the check:

- High severity checks use a descriptor code of 11.
- Medium severity checks use a descriptor code of 3.
- Low severity checks use a descriptor code of 12.

Message directory

To use a message prefix to locate the information that contains the specific messages, use the following table.

| Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component | | |
|--|--|--|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| ABA | DFSMSHsm | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) |
| ACP | LANRES | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) , |
| ADF | Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) session manager | z/OS TSO/E User's Guide , z/OS TSO/E Command Reference z/OS TSO/E Messages |
| ADM | Graphical Data Display Manager | <i>GDDM Messages</i> , SC33-0869 |
| ADR | DFDSS | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) |
| ADRY | DFDSS | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) |
| ADY | Dump analysis and elimination (DAE) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM) |
| AEM | Graphical Data Display Manager | <i>GDDM Messages</i> |

| <i>Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)</i> | | |
|---|---|--|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| AFB | VSFORTRAN | <i>VSFORTRAN Version 2 Language and Library Reference</i> , SC26-4221 |
| AHL | Generalized trace facility (GTF) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> , <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| AIB | AI Base Component for IBM z/OS | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| AIR | Predictive Failure Analysis | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> , <i>z/OS Problem Management</i> |
| AIRH | Predictive Failure Analysis | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> , <i>z/OS Problem Management</i> |
| AMA | SPZAP service aid | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| AMB | LIST service aid | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| AMD | Stand-alone dump | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| AMS | Availability manager | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> , <i>z/OS Resource Measurement Facility Messages and Codes</i> |
| ANT | Remote Copy | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| ANF | Infoprint Server | <i>z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis</i> |
| AOM | Administrative operations manager | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 (ABA-AOM)</i> |
| AOP | Infoprint Server | <i>z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis</i> |
| API | Infoprint Server | <i>z/OS Infoprint Server Messages and Diagnosis</i> |
| APS | Print services facility (PSF) | <i>Print Services Facility Messages</i> , S544-3675 |
| ARC | DFSMSHsm | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 (ARC-ASA)</i> |
| ARRP | System Control Program (SCP) | See message 52099 in <i>Enterprise System/9000 Models 190, 210, 260, 320, 440, 480, 490, 570, and 610 Messages Part 2</i> for a complete message explanation and appropriate responses; see GA23-0378. |
| ASA | MVS Reuse | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 2 (ARC-ASA)</i> |
| ASB | Advanced Program-to-Program Communications/MVS (APPC/MVS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> , <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| ASD | LANRES | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> |
| ASM | Auxiliary storage manager (ASM) | <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| ASMA | High Level Assembler for MVS & VM & VSE | <i>HLASM Programmer's Guide</i> , SC26-4941 |
| ASR | Symptom record (SYMREC) | <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| ATB | Advanced Program-to-Program Communications/MVS (APPC/MVS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> , <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| ATR | Resource recovery services (RRS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> , <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| ATRH | Resource recovery services (RRS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> |
| AVM | Availability manager | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX)</i> |

| <i>Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)</i> | | |
|---|--|---|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| AXR | System REXX | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) |
| BCD | Batch Runtime | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) |
| BFS | IBM LAN server for MVS | <i>OS/390 MVS System Messages, Vol. 2, GC28-1785</i> |
| BHI® | z/OS HyperSwap® | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| BLG | Information System, Information Management | <i>The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459</i> |
| BLM | Information System, Information Management | <i>The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459</i> |
| BLS | Interactive problem control system (IPCS) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| BLX | Information System, Information Management | <i>The Information/Management Library Messages and Codes, SC34-4459</i> |
| BLW | Loadwait/Restart | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) |
| BNH | Network Problem Determination Application (NPDA) | <i>NPDA Messages, SC34-2115</i> |
| BPX | z/OS UNIX System Services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 3 (ASB-BPX) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| CBDA | Hardware configuration definition (HCD) | z/OS and z/VM HCD Messages |
| CBR | Object access method (OAM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CEA | Common Event Adapter | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CEE | Language Environment® | z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages |
| CHS | MVSSERV messages for the user and system programmer | z/OS TSO/E Messages |
| CIM | Managed System Infrastructure for Setup (msys for Setup) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CMP | Compression management services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CLB | C/C++ class library runtime messages | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CNL | MVS message service (MMS) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| CNZ | Console Services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| COF | Virtual lookaside facility (VLF) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages , z/OS TSO/E Messages |
| CPO | z/OS MVS Capacity Provisioning | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) , z/OS MVS Capacity Provisioning User's Guide |
| CRG | Context Services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |

| Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| CRU | Integrated catalog forward recovery utility (ICFRU) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| CSF | Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF) | z/OS Cryptographic Services ICSF Messages |
| CSQ | IBM MQ | Messages for IBM MQ for z/OS |
| CSR | Callable services requests (CSR) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| CSV | Contents supervision, virtual fetch, fetch | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| CSY | OPC/A Production Control System | <i>OPC/A Messages</i> , SH19-6448 |
| CSZ | OPC/A Network Event Communicator | <i>OPC/A Messages</i> , SH19-6448 |
| CTX | Context Services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) |
| DFH | Customer Information Control System/Virtual Storage (CICS/VS) | <i>CICS/ESA Messages and Codes</i> , SC33-0672 |
| DFQ | Interactive storage management facility (ISMF) | Online only. To display the message explanation and suggested action, press the HELP key (PF1) twice when the message is currently displayed. Otherwise, go to ISPF option 7.2 Display Panel, enter the message ID in the message ID field, then press the HELP key (PF1) twice to show the message explanation. For more information, see the Using Help Panels for Error Messages topic in the z/OS DFSMS Using the Interactive Storage Management Facility |
| DGT | Interactive storage management facility (ISMF) | Online only. To display the message explanation and suggested action, press the HELP key (PF1) twice when the message is currently displayed. Otherwise, go to ISPF option 7.2 Display Panel, enter the message ID in the message ID field, then press the HELP key (PF1) twice to show the message explanation. For more information, see the Using Help Panels for Error Messages topic in z/OS DFSMS Using the Interactive Storage Management Facility |
| DLX | DLF installation exit COFXDLF2 | These messages are issued by the sample DLF installation exit, COFXDLF2, whose source can be found in SYS1.SAMPLIB. Because the issuing module is a "sample", which can be modified by the customer, the messages are not described in an IBM document. |
| DMO | Device Manager | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 4 (CBD-DMO) z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| DQD | Cache RMF Reporter (CRR) | <i>Cache RMF Reporter Program Description/Operations Manual</i> , SH20-6295 |
| DRK | OPC/A Event Manager Subsystem | <i>OPC/A Messages</i> , SH19-6448 |
| DSI | NetView | <i>TME 10 NetView for OS/390 Messages</i> , SC31-8237 |
| DSM | Document Composition Facility | <i>DCF: Messages</i> , SH35-0048 |
| DSM | Document Library Facility | <i>DCF: Messages</i> , SH35-0048 |
| DSN | Database 2 | <i>Db2 Universal Database for OS/390 Messages and Codes</i> , GC26-9011 |
| DZI | Overlay Generation Language | <i>IBM Overlay Generation Language/370 User's Guide and Reference</i> , S544-3702 |
| DZJ | Print Management Facility | <i>Print Management Facility User's Guide and Reference</i> , SH35-0059 |

| <i>Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)</i> | | |
|---|--|---|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| EDC | XL C/C++ Runtime Library | <i>z/OS XL C/C++ Messages</i> |
| EDG | DFSMSrmm | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| EDGH | DFSMSrmm | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| ELM | IBM Communications Server — SNA | <i>z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages</i> |
| EQQ | OPC/ESA | <i>OPC/ESA Messages and Codes, SH19-6719</i> |
| ERB | Resource Measurement Facility (RMF) and z/OS Data Gatherer | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> , <i>z/OS Resource Measurement Facility Messages and Codes</i> |
| ERX | Graphical Data Display Manager | <i>GDDM Messages, SC33-0869</i> |
| EWX | LANRES | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| EZA | IBM Communication Server — IP | <i>z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 1 (EZA)</i> |
| EZB | IBM Communication Server — IP | <i>z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 2 (EZB, EZD)</i> |
| EZM | Application Enabling Technology (AET)/Auto UNIX System | <i>OS/390 Application Enabling Technology: Administration and Programming, GC28-1993</i> <i>OS/390 Application Enabling Technology: Customization Guide, GC28-1994</i> <i>OS/390 MVS System Messages (EWX-IEB), GC28-1786</i> |
| EZY | z/OS Communication Server — IP | <i>z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 3 (EZY)</i> |
| EZZ | z/OS Communication Server — IP | <i>z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 4 (EZZ, SNM)</i> |
| FAN(G) | REXX/370 compiler | <i>IBM Compiler and Library for SAA REXX/370 User's Guide and Reference , SH19-8160</i> |
| FDBX | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FLM | Software configuration and library manager | <i>z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMC | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMF | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMI | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMM | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMO | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMOA | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMOG | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOMOH | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FPG | Hardware Accelerator Manager | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| FSUM | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FSUMA | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FSUMB | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FSUMF | z/OS UNIX System Services | <i>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</i> |
| FOR | LE FORTRAN Library | <i>IBM Language Environment for MVS & VM FORTRAN Run-Time Migration Guide</i> |

| <i>Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)</i> | | |
|---|--|---|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| GDE | Distributed FileManager/MVS (DFM/MVS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| GFSA | Network File System Server | <i>z/OS Network File System Guide and Reference</i> |
| GFSC | Network File System Server Client Messages | <i>z/OS Network File System Guide and Reference</i> |
| GIM | SMP/E | <i>z/OS SMP/E Messages, Codes, and Diagnosis</i> |
| GLZ | zCX | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 5 (EDG-GLZ)</i> |
| GQD | Graphical Data Display Manager | <i>GDDM Messages</i> |
| GQF | Graphical Data Display Manager | <i>GDDM Messages</i> |
| GSK | Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF) | <i>z/OS Cryptographic Services System SSL Programming</i> |
| HIS | Hardware instrumentation services (HIS) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |
| HWI | Base Control Program Internal Interface Services | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |
| HZS | IBM Health Checker for z/OS | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> <i>IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide</i> |
| HZR | Runtime Diagnostics | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> , <i>z/OS Problem Management</i> |
| IAR | Real storage manager (RSM) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> , <i>z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages</i> |
| IARH | Real storage manager (RSM) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |
| IAZ | JES Common | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |
| IAZH | JES common health check | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |
| IBM | PL/I | IBM Enterprise PL/I for z/OS library (www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036735) |
| ICE | DFSORT sort program | <i>z/OS DFSORT Messages, Codes and Diagnosis Guide</i> |
| ICH | Resource Access Control Facility (RACF®) | <i>z/OS Security Server RACF Messages and Codes</i> |
| ICK | Device Support Facilities | <i>Device Support Facilities User's Guide and Reference, GC35-0033</i> |
| ICM | IBM Content Manager Enterprise Edition | <i>IBM Content Manager Enterprise Edition: Messages and Codes</i> |
| ICN | NCP/SSP/EP | <i>NCP/SSP/EP Messages and Codes, SC30-3169</i> |
| ICP | Input/Output Configuration Program (IOCP) | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> <i>Input/Output Configuration Program User's Guide and Reference, GC28-1027</i> |
| ICQA | Information Center Facility administrator messages | <i>z/OS TSO/E Messages</i> |
| ICQC | Information Center Facility user messages | <i>z/OS TSO/E Messages</i> |
| ICT | Programmed Cryptographic Facility | <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i> |

Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)

| Prefix | Component | Title |
|---------|--|--|
| ICU | Cryptographic Unit Support | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IDA | Virtual Storage Access Method (VSAM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IDC | Access method services | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IDFS | Data Set File System | z/OS Data Set File System Messages and Codes |
| IEA | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allocation/unallocation • Auxiliary storage manager (ASM) • Contents supervision • Communications task (COMMTASK) • Data Facility Product (DFP) components • Generalized trace facility (GTF) • Initial program load (IPL) • Input/output supervisor (IOS) • Master scheduler • Nucleus initialization program (NIP) • Program Call authorization (PC/AUTH) service routines • Reconfiguration • Recovery termination manager (RTM) • Supervisor control • System resources manager • System trace • Timer supervision • Virtual storage management (VSM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IEAH | SDUMP (SCDMP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IEATH | Timer supervision | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IEAVEH | Supervisor Control | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IEAVTRH | Recovery Termination Manager (RTM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA) |
| IEB | Data Facility Product (DFP) utilities | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) |
| IEC | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OPEN/CLOSE/EOV • DADSM • Access methods | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) , z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis |

Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)

| Prefix | Component | Title |
|--------|--|--|
| IEE | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auxiliary storage manager (ASM) • Communications task (COMMTASK) • Data Facility Product (DFP) components • JES2 • JES3 • Master scheduler • Reconfiguration • Recovery termination manager (RTM) • Supervisor control • System management facilities (SMF) • System resources manager (SRM) • System trace • Task management • Timer supervision | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IEF | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allocation/unallocation • Converter/interpreter • Data Facility Product (DFP) components • Initial program load (IPL) • Initiator/terminator • JES/scheduler services • JES2 • Master scheduler • Master subsystem/subsystem interface (MSI) • Reconfiguration • Scheduler JCL facilities (SJF) • Scheduler restart • Scheduler services (ENF) • System management facilities (SMF) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IEFC | Converter | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) |
| IEFI | Converter/interpreter | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) |
| IEH | Data Facility Product (DFP) utilities | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) |
| IEV | Assembler H | <i>Assembler H Version 2 Application Programming: Guide</i> , SC26-4036 |
| IEW | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linkage editor • Binder • Transport utility • Loader | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) |

| Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| IFA | System management facilities (SMF) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IFB | Input/output environment recording routines: OBR and SVC 76 | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) |
| IFC | IFCDIP00 service aid for the logrec data set IFCEREPO and IFCEREPI service aids | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) , <i>Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program (EREP) User's Guide and Reference</i> , GC28-1378 |
| IFD | Online test executive program (OLTEP) | OS/390® MVS System Messages, Vol. 4, GC28-1787 |
| IFL | Network Control Program (NCP) Advanced Communications Function (ACF) for Network Control Program (NCP) | <i>3704 and 3705 Control Program Generation and Utilities Guide and Reference Manual</i> , GC30-3008 <i>Network Control Program/System Support Programs/Emulation Programs Messages and Codes</i> , SC30-3169 |
| IFO | MVS Assembler | <i>OS/VS - VM/370 Assembler Programmer's Guide</i> , GC33-4021 |
| IGD | Storage management subsystem (SMS) of Data Facility Product (DFP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IGF | Dynamic device reconfiguration (DDR) Machine check handler (MCH) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IGGHC | DFSMS Catalog | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IGGN | Data Facility Product (DFP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IGV | Virtual storage management (VSM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IGW | Data Facility Product (DFP) Storage management subsystem (SMS) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IGY | VS COBOL II | <i>VS COBOL II Application Programming Guide</i> , SC26-4045 |
| IGZ | VS COBOL II | <i>VS COBOL II Application Programming: Debugging</i> , z/OS Language Environment Runtime Messages |
| IHJ | Data Facility Product (DFP) checkpoint/scheduler restart | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IHV | IBM Z® System Automation | IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation) |
| IKF | VS COBOL II | <i>VS COBOL II Application Programming: Debugging</i> , SC26-4049 |
| IKJ | Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) | z/OS TSO/E Messages , z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IKM | Programming Language/I (PL/I) syntax checker | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |

| Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| IKT | Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS TSO/E Messages z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |
| ILM | IBM License Manager | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| ILR | Auxiliary storage manager (ASM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| ILX | VS FORTRAN Compiler | <i>VS FORTRAN Version 2 Programming Guide for CMS and MVS</i> , SC26-4222 |
| ING | IBM Z System Automation | IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation) |
| INM | Interactive Data Transmission Facility (IDTF) TRANSMIT and RECEIVE commands | z/OS TSO/E Messages |
| INZ | IBM Product for Db2 High Performance Unload prefix | IBM DB2 High Performance Unload for z/OS |
| IOAC | Open Systems Adapter-Express (OSA-Express) | Open Systems Adapter-Express Customer's Guide and Reference (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/lib03010.nsf/pagesByDocid/BC4AE2E43BFCF12C85256CEE000D1130?OpenDocument) |
| IOP | Input/output configuration program (IOCP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IOEZ | z/OS File System (zFS) messages | z/OS File System Messages and Codes |
| IOEZH | zFS Health Check messages | z/OS File System Messages and Codes |
| IOS | Input/output supervisor (IOS) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IPD | FORTTRAN syntax checker | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IQP | PCI Express | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IRA | System resources manager (SRM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IRD | ESCON Director Device Support (EDDS) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| IRR | Resource Access Control Facility (RACF) | z/OS Security Server RACF Messages and Codes |
| IRX | Time Sharing Option Extensions (TSO/E) restructured extended executor language (REXX) | z/OS TSO/E Messages |
| ISG | Global resource serialization | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| ISN | Service Processor Interface | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) |
| ISP | Interactive System Productivity Facility | z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes |
| ISQ | IBM Z System Automation | IBM System Automation for z/OS (www.ibm.com/docs/en/z-system-automation) |
| ISRB | Interactive system productivity facility | z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes |

| <i>Table 1. Directory of messages by prefix and component (continued)</i> | | |
|---|--|---|
| Prefix | Component | Title |
| ISRL | Library management facility | z/OS ISPF Messages and Codes |
| IST | IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |
| ISU | IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |
| ITA | TOLTEP for Advanced Communications Function for Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM®) | <i>Advanced Communications Function for VTAM Messages and Codes</i> , SC27-0614, SC27-0470, SC23-0114 |
| ITT | Component trace | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| ITV | Data-in-virtual | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| ITZ | Transaction trace | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IST | IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |
| IVT | IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |
| IWM | Workload manager (WLM) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 9 (IGF-IWM) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IXC | Cross-system coupling facility (XCF) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IXG | System logger (SCLOG) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) |
| IXL | Cross System Extended Services (XES) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IXP | Input/output configuration program (IOCP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) |
| IXZ | JES common coupling services (JESXCF) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) , z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages |
| IYP | Input/output configuration program (IOCP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) |
| IZP | Input/output configuration program (IOCP) | z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 10 (IXC-IZP) , <i>ES/9000 IOCP User's Guide and ESCON CTC Reference Volume A04</i> , GC38-0401 |
| SNM | IBM Communication Server — IP | z/OS Communications Server: IP Messages Volume 4 (EZZ, SNM) |
| USS | IBM Communications Server — SNA | z/OS Communications Server: SNA Messages |

Building your own message library

If you are an operator or a programmer for an installation, you can build your own libraries of the message and code information that fits your specific needs. You can place into binders the chapters and documents that contain only the messages and codes you receive.

Basic documents

Each installation requires at least one copy of each volume of *MVS System Messages* and of *z/OS MVS Dump Output Messages*. Regardless of the specific options of your system, you will receive at the console or in listings some subset of the messages in these documents.

Each installation also requires at least one copy of *z/OS MVS System Codes*, which contains the 3-digit hexadecimal system completion codes (abend codes) and the wait state codes produced by all the components of the system.

Note: 4-digit decimal user completion codes appear in documents for the component, subsystem, or product that produces the codes. Codes produced by installation-provided programs do not appear in IBM documents.

All programming and operations personnel need access to the basic documents, although application programmers might not need to have their own copies.

Optional documents

For information about message changes for multiple z/OS elements including JES2, JES3, RACF, TCP/IP, and others, see *z/OS Release Upgrade Reference Summary*.

Translating messages

Using the MVS message service (MMS), you can translate MVS system messages into other languages. The following messages *cannot* be translated:

- Initialization messages
- DFSMS messages
- JES3 messages
- Some complicated multiple-line messages

See *z/OS MVS Planning: Operations* and *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide* for information about using the MMS.

Chapter 2. ABA messages

ABA001I

AGGREGATE BACKUP ASSIST V1.0 STARTING – ll

Explanation

This is an informational message to alert you that ABA is starting. *ll* is the update level of ABA.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA002S

OPEN ERROR ON FILE *ddname*

Explanation

A data set required by ABA was not opened successfully. The *ddname* is the DD name of the data set.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Operator response

Verify the data set is defined correctly in the JCL.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA003S

**UNABLE TO OBTAIN SUFFICIENT STORAGE. *nnnnnnnn* BYTES
REQUIRED. RS=*ssss***

Explanation

ABA was unable to obtain sufficient storage for its internal work areas.

- *nnnnnnnn* is the amount of storage requested.
- *ssss* indicates what the storage is for and is not meaningful to the operator.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Operator response

Rerun ABA with a larger region size.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA004I

JOB NAMES FOUND IN SMF DATA BY ABA:

Explanation

This message is followed by the job names that have been found by ABA when searching SMF records. This information is useful in verifying that the generic job names you specified have been able to correctly identify the desired job names.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA005S

ERROR RETURN FROM DFSORT. RETURN CODE cc

Explanation

The call to DFSORT has been unsuccessful. The return code returned by DFSORT is cc.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA006S

**INVALID SELECTION DATA SET SPECIFIED. RECORD FORMAT NOT
FIXED, FIXED BLOCK, OR RECORD LENGTH NOT 80**

Explanation

To be consistent with ABARS requirements a selection data set must have fixed length records 80 bytes in length. The data set you specified on the SELECTDS DD statement in the JCL does not meet these requirements.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Operator response

Correct the SELECTDS DD statement specification and rerun ABA.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA007S INPUT JOB NAME FILTER HAS INVALID FORMAT: *fffffff*

Explanation

The generic job name identified by *fffffff* is not in a format accepted by ABA.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Operator response

See "Aggregate Backup and Recovery Support (ABARS)" in [z/OS DFSMSHsm Storage Administration](#) for ABA generic job names syntax. Correct the SYSIN input and rerun ABA.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA008I SYSIN INPUT DATA:

Explanation

This message is followed by an echo of the SYSIN input stream.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA009I TOTAL NUMBER OF DATA SETS FOUND: *nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

The number of data set names written to the output selection data set is *nnnnnnnn*.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA010I TOTAL NUMBER OF JOBS FOUND: *nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

The number of jobs found in the SMF data that meets the input criteria is *nnnnnnnn*. The actual job names follow message ABA004I.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ABA020I | STORAGE USED, LOCATION – ANY: <i>nnnnnnnn</i> bytes |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number of bytes of storage used by ABA for in-storage tables and program buffers, which reside above or below the 16M line, is *nnnnnnnn*. This value does not include the storage required to hold the ABA module, the access method buffers for each data set, the storage required by DFSORT, or the normal overhead required by MVS.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ABA021I | STORAGE USED, LOCATION – BELOW: <i>nnnnnnnn</i> BYTES |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number of bytes of storage used by ABA for in-storage tables and program buffers which must reside below the 16M line is *nnnnnnnn*. This value does not include the storage required to hold the ABA module, the access method buffers for each data set, the storage required by DFSORT, or the normal overhead required by MVS.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ABA030I | NUMBER OF RECORDS PASSED TO SORT: <i>nnnnnnnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number of data set name records passed to DFSORT for sorting is *nnnnnnnn*.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ABA031I | NUMBER OF RECORDS RECEIVED FROM SORT: <i>nnnnnnnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number of data set name records that DFSORT has passed back to the ABAE35 exit module is *nnnnnnnn*.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ABA032E | ERROR, RECORDS LOST DURING SORT PROCESSING |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred during sort processing. The number of records passed to the DFSORT program does not match the number received from DFSORT. Refer to messages ABA030I and ABA031I for the number of records passed to and received from DFSORT.

Refer to message ABA033I for the sort control statement used.

System action

ABA continues processing. However, data set records be lost.

Operator response

Run ABA again and specify DISP KEEP or CATLG on the SORTIN DD statement. Then run DFSORT against this data set outside of ABA control. This give you a sort failure which is independent of the ABA utility.

Contact the support group for the DFSORT program.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ABA033I | SORT CNTL STMT: <i>sssssss....</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The sort control statement passed to DFSORT is ssssssss..... This message is printed along with message ABA032I to assist in diagnosing possible sort program problems.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ABA040W | WARNING, RECORD FORMAT ERRORS FOUND IN SMF DATA SET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued whenever ABA finds an incomplete SMF record. The usual cause of the error is a system failure which occurs while SMF is writing to the SMF data set.

System action

ABA will discard all or part of the bad SMF record and continue processing. This result in missing data set name entries.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ABA050I | AGGREGATE BACKUP ENTERING {SMF PROCESSING LOCATE PROCESSING SORT PROCESSING} yy.ddd.hh.mm.ss |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

This message informs the user of the progress of ABA processing. Each message is time stamped with the current system date and time.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

| | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| ABA098I | ABA ENDING |
|----------------|-------------------|

Explanation

ABA has successfully finished processing.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSHsm

ABA099S**ABA TERMINATING****Explanation**

ABA is discontinuing processing because of an error. The message preceding this message indicates what the error is.

System action

ABA discontinues processing.

Operator response

See the message preceding this message for any possible operator actions you need to take.

Source

DFSMSHsm

Chapter 3. ADR messages

ADR is the message prefix for system DFSMSdss messages. The format of these messages is as follows.

Format of system DFSMSdss messages

ADRDUSSU is the program that produces system DFSMSdss messages. For programmers, ADRDUSSU produces the messages in the SYSPRINT data set, and for operators, by way of the console.

Note: The system messages are from ADR001T through ADR998W.

The format of messages written to SYSPRINT is:

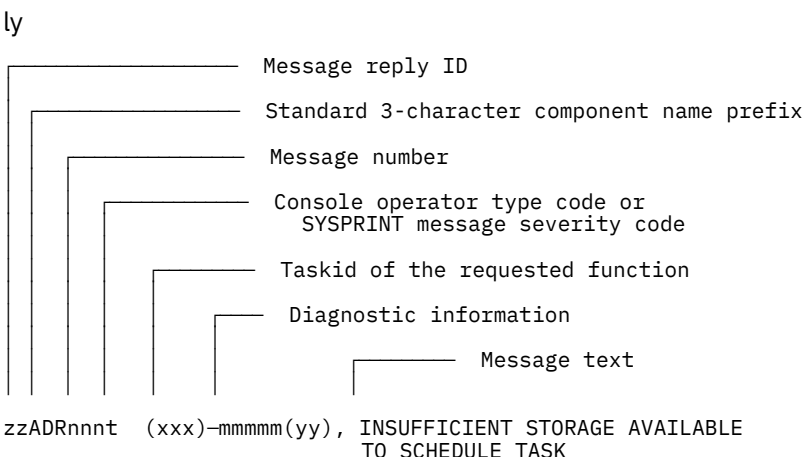
```
ADRnnnt (xxx)-mmmm(yy), message text
```

The format of messages written to the console is:

```
zzADRnnnt (xxx)-mmmm(yy), message text
```

Figure 1 on page 37 illustrates the format of a system DFSMSdss message.

Figure 1. Format of a System DFSMSdss Message



Standard character representations for system DFSMSdss messages are:

zz

Message reply identification (absent if reply is not required).

ADR

Standard 3-character component name prefix.

nnn

Message number. This three-digit number is unique to each message.

t

Type code. This one character code identifies either the console operator type or the SYSPRINT message severity. For console messages, the types are:

A

Action: Operator must perform a specific action.

D

Decision: Operator must choose an alternative action.

I

Information: No operator action is required.

W

Attention: No operator action is required, but an error occurred.

For SYSPRINT messages, the type code indicates the severity as follows:

I

Informational message.

W

Attention message. Task continues, but an error occurred.

E

Error message. The particular task might end or might continue without completing all requests.

T

Termination message. DFSMSdss ends.

(xxx)

The task ID of the requested function. For each function requested in the input control statements, a task ID is assigned. Each message related to a task contains this task ID in the message. If the message is general (that is, not relating to a particular function), this field is omitted.

mmmmm(yy)

Diagnostic information used by IBM service representatives as an aid in problem determination.

The text of the message itself follows the diagnostic information and completes the standard format for system DFSMSdss messages.

As a function completes, two values are set: LASTCC and MAXCC.

- LASTCC contains the return code of the completing task until the task following this task completes. Then the LASTCC value is assigned from the subsequent completed task.
- MAXCC is set whenever a completing task has a return code greater than the previous value of MAXCC.

For any task, the return code is set equal to the maximum level message issued for that task. Return codes and their explanations are as follows:

0

Operation was successful.

4

Operation completed, but an attention (W) message was issued during processing.

8

Either (1) a function did not execute or began execution but ended prematurely, or (2) an error (E) message was issued during processing.

12

A terminating (T) message was issued. No functions were performed.

16

A function executed leaving at least one volume or data set in an unusable condition (for example, a DUMP or a full volume RESTORE prematurely ended).

Note to Application Programmers: Some of the text under "Explanation," "System Action," and "Application Programmer Response" is oriented toward system programmers, data administrators, or data management personnel. Contact the appropriate person in your facility if an explanation is necessary. All addresses denoted with 'c:h' in the following messages are in normalized form.

ADR message explanations

ADR001T

ADR849E(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), OPEN FAILED FOR DDNAME *ddname*

Explanation

The DD statement *ddname* does not exist or is coded incorrectly. This message is printed if a SYSPRINT DD (or alternative as indicated in the message) is not found or cannot be opened.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Verify that a SYSPRINT (or acceptable alternative) DD statement is present in the step. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR002T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSUFFICIENT MAIN STORAGE AVAILABLE TO INITIALIZE PROGRAM |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Not enough main storage was available to perform the initialization functions of DFSMSdss. Message ADR018I follows this message to indicate the storage needed.

System action

Processing ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. One of the following responses is appropriate:

- Increase REGION value in the JOB or EXEC statement to at least the value indicated by message ADR018I, and retry.
- If the SIZE= parameter was specified, increase the parameter value. This value must not exceed the storage available in the REGION value.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR004I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {USER ABEND 0001 WILL BE ISSUED ON AN SVC DUMP WILL BE REQUESTED FOR} OCCURRENCE <i>n</i> OF MESSAGE ADR<i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The PARM statement contains the ABEND= or SDUMP= keywords. An abend or SVC dump is generated at the *n*th occurrence of the indicated message.

System action

Processing continues until the nth occurrence of the indicated message is encountered. DFSMSdss issues a USER ABEND 0001 for the ABEND= keyword and terminate. DFSMSdss requests an SVC dump for the SDUMP= keyword and continue processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR005T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), NO SYSIN FILE

Explanation

A SYSIN DD statement (or acceptable alternative ddname) was not present in the job stream.

System action

Processing ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Make certain a SYSIN DD statement is present, and retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR006I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), date_and_time EXECUTION {BEGINS | ENDS | HALTED}

Explanation

This message gives the date and time a particular task begins or ends processing.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR007E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TASK CONTAINS AN INVALID NUMBER OF I/O FILE REQUESTS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The number of input or output files specified in the control statements was incorrect. The following are possible conditions:

- A full or tracks restore or copy did not have exactly one input and one output file.
- A full or tracks DUMP had more than one input volume.
- A DEFRAG function specified more than one volume.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the statement, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR008E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE TO SCHEDULE TASK |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Insufficient storage space was available for this function. Message ADR018I follows this message to indicate the storage for this task.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error as indicated by message ADR018I, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR009T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INVALID {LINECNT SIZE TYPRUN PAGENO ABEND AMSGCNT TRACE UTILMSG XABUFF ZBUFF64R |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated parameter on the EXEC statement was incorrectly specified.

LINECNT

Must be between 1 and 9999.

SIZE

Must be less than or equal to 9999K bytes.

TYPRUN

Must be TYPRUN=SCAN or TYPRUN=NORUN.

PAGENO

Must be between 0 and 9999.

ABEND

Must be between 0 and 999.

AMSGCNT

Must be between 1 and 9999.

TRACE

Must be YES or not specified at all.

UTILMSG

Must be either YES or NO or ERROR.

XABUFF

Must be either ABOVE16 or BELOW16.

ZBUFF64R

Must be either YES or NO.

RACFLOG

Must be either YES or NO.

SDUMP

Must be between 0 and 999.

MSGCNT

Must be between 1 and 9999.

TMPMSGDS

Must be either YES or NO.

WORKVOL

Must be a valid volume serial number.

WORKUNIT

Must be a valid esoteric DASD unit name, a generic DASD unit name, or a specific DASD address.

USEEXCP

Must be either YES or NO.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Make sure that the indicated value is valid. Check for spelling errors. Correct any errors, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR010I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SIZE VALUE OF *size* WILL BE USED FOR GETMAIN

Explanation

This message indicates the value of the SIZE parameter that the requester specifies. The value does not include the storage acquired by the programs or utilities that DFSMSDss calls.

System action

The storage used by DFSMSDss does not exceed the indicated value.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR011I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LINECNT VALUE OF *line_count* WILL BE USED

Explanation

This message indicates the value of the LINECNT parameter that the requester specifies.

System action

SYSPRINT output is printed at the indicated lines per page. If a value of 9999 is specified, no page eject occurs.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR012I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), *date_and_time* DFSMSDSS PROCESSING COMPLETE.
HIGHEST RETURN CODE IS *return_code* [FROM:]

Explanation

This message is issued after a DFSMSDss job step completes. The MAXCC, or highest condition code (*return_code*), set during the job step is printed (see message ADR013I) and returned to the DFSMSDss invoker in register 15. If the highest condition code is not zero, a list of the tasks completed with that code is printed. If the highest condition code is received from the syntax checking of the control statements, the word *SYNTAX* is printed. If the highest condition code is generated by a SET command, the words *SET COMMAND* are printed.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR013I *(ttt)-mmmm(yy), date_and_time* TASK {COMPLETED | ABENDED}
WITH {RETURN | SYSTEM ABEND | USER ABEND} CODE {*return_code*
| *abend_code*}

Explanation

If the command did not abend, the *return_code* is the condition code generated during processing of the command. If the command abended, the abend code (*abend_code*) is also printed. The system abend code is in hexadecimal, and the user abend code is in decimal.

System action

If the command abended, LASTCC is set to 8, or it is set to the *return_code*. If MAXCC is less than LASTCC, MAXCC is set so it is equal to LASTCC.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR014I *(ttt)-mmmm(yy), date_and_time* ALL PREVIOUSLY SCHEDULED TASKS
COMPLETED. {SERIAL|PARALLEL} MODE NOW IN EFFECT

Explanation

A switch was made from serial mode to parallel mode or from parallel mode to serial mode (at the request of the user in the control statement or by the installation-wide options exit routine).

System action

All previously scheduled tasks either running or waiting to run have completed. Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR015I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE RETURN CODE OF TASK} HAS BEEN RESET FROM <i>return_code_1</i> TO <i>return_code_2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A SET command was encountered and successfully reset a condition code (*return_code_1* and *return_code_2*). The text indicates which task ID was affected, what the return code was before and after the reset, and to what the return code was reset.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR016I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RACF LOGGING OPTION IN EFFECT FOR THIS TASK |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

RACF logging for volume and data set authorizations by DFSMSDss is performed in accordance with the resource profile specifications. The option is in effect because RACFLOG=YES was specified or the installation-wide options exit forced it.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR017E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date_and_time</i> TASK NOT SCHEDULED DUE TO ERROR. TASK RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The task is not performed.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code (*return_code*) is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR018I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), STORAGE REQUIRED *nK1*. STORAGE AVAILABLE *nK2*

Explanation

A task was not performed, or the job did not start because of lack of storage. This message follows either message ADR002T or ADR008E, and indicates the approximate amount of storage required (*nK1*) when the job is rerun and the storage available (*nK2*). The values refer only to the failure indicated in message ADR002T or ADR008E and do not include storage required for subsequent task scheduling.

System action

Message ADR002T or ADR008E indicates the return code and system action.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR019E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE {INPUT | OUTPUT} FILE HAS AN INVALID
DEVICE TYPE FOR THE COMMAND SPECIFIED

Explanation

The DASD device is not supported for the command specified.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR020E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DDNAME <i>ddname</i> NOT FOUND |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A *ddname* specified in a DFSMSDss control statement has no corresponding *ddname* in a DD statement. Either a necessary DD statement is missing, or a *ddname* is misspelled in an existing DD statement.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR021I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE ALLOCATION OF THE MESSAGE DATA SET HAS FAILED. DYNAMIC ALLOCATION ERROR CODE: <i>error_code</i>, INFORMATION CODE: <i>information_code</i>. MESSAGES WILL BE SPOOLED TO SYSPRINT |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to allocate a temporary data set to store task-related messages. If the WORKUNIT or the WORKVOL parameters, or both, were specified, they are used to allocate the temporary data set. The error code (*error_code*) and information code (*information_code*) are returned by dynamic allocation. The codes are listed in the *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*. An undocumented error code be displayed if an installation-wide validation exit is used to deny dynamic allocation but fails to get a reason code returned by dynamic allocation.

System action

Messages not grouped according to task, if DFSMSDss is running in parallel mode.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by *error_code* and *information_code*, or specify a different volume or esoteric name with the WORKUNIT or WORKVOL parameters or both.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR022T | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID DCB SPECIFIED FOR {SYSPRINT ddname} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The DCB for the SYSPRINT file (or its acceptable alternative) must have a RECFM of VB or VBA. The logical record length (LRECL) must have a value between 84 and 137. The BLKSIZE must have a value of at least 4 greater than the LRECL. The actual printed line is 5 less than the LRECL. If the LRECL is greater than 137, it is changed to 137 and message ADR030I is issued.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error, and resubmit the job. The BLKSIZE, LRECL, and RECFM need not be specified and can default. If they are specified, RECFM must be VB or VBA; LRECL must be between 84 and 137 (inclusive); and BLKSIZE must be at least 4 greater than the LRECL.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR023E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), DDNAME ddname CONCATENATED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A DDNAME specified in a DFSMSdss control statement requests that a data set be concatenated. The DFSMSdss task being performed does not support data set concatenation.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR024E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), TRACKS/OUTTRACKS VALUE IS INVALID FOR DEVICE. VALID CYLINDER RANGE IS 0 TO X'ccccccc'. VALID TRACK RANGE IS 0 TO X'h' |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The following values are not valid for the specified device types: (1) the range specified in the TRACKS keyword of a DUMP, COPY, RESTORE, or PRINT, or (2) the range specified for the OUTTRACKS keyword for COPY or RESTORE. The TRACKS values must fall within the cylinder and track range indicated in the message. The *cccc* and *hhhh* are high cylinder and head numbers, respectively, in decimal notation.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR025E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {INPUT OUTPUT} DEVICE TYPE IS INVALID FOR TASK |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The input or output device type for the command is not allowed. For a DUMP or a CONVERTV, input must be DASD. For a RESTORE, output must be DASD. For a copy, both input and output must be DASD. For a PRINT, input must be DASD. For a DEFrag, the volume must be DASD. For BUILD SA, the output device type must be one of the device types supported for Stand-Alone Services IPL. For all functions of DFSMSdss, VIO devices are not supported.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR026E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {<i>volume_serial_number</i> <i>ddname</i>} IS INVALID AS OBJECT DDNAME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A reference was made to an incorrect *volume_serial_number* or *ddname*. The following restrictions apply to DD references from the control statements:

- SYSPRINT (or its alternative) can be referred to only from the PRINT command.

- SYSIN (or its alternative) cannot be referred to at all.
- The indicated volume serial number was specified more than once in the INDYNAM, LOGINDYNAM, DYNAM, LOGDYNAM, or OUTDYNAM parameter list, or the STORGRP parameter list, which contains the volume serial number, was specified more than once.
- The volume serial number associated with the indicated DDNAME was specified more than once in the DDNAME, INDDNAME, LOGINDDNAME, or OUTDDNAME parameter list.
- The volume serial number associated with the indicated ddname was specified more than once for the INDDNAME or OUTDDNAME parameter on a COPY, CONVERTV, or DUMP command.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR028I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TYPRUN=SCAN REQUESTED. ONLY CONTROL CARD SYNTAX CHECKING WILL BE DONE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

No tasks are performed. Only checking of the input control statements are done.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR029T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), KEYWORD PRECEDING POSITION <i>nn</i> IN PARM STATEMENT IS INVALID |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

In the EXEC statement, the keyword preceding the = sign in the indicated position of the parameter of the PARM keyword is not recognized as a valid keyword option.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error in the PARM statement, and rerun the job. The valid parameter keywords are shown in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#). Also, for debugging purposes, the parameter list passed to DFSMSdss is printed immediately following this message.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR030I | DCB VALUES HAVE BEEN MODIFIED FOR <i>ddname</i>. [BLKSIZE LRECL] VALUE MODIFIED FROM <i>nnnnnnnn1</i> TO <i>nnnnnnnn2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

In the DCB information you specified, either the LRECL or the BLKSIZE value was outside the allowable range. The LRECL and the BLKSIZE are set to default values of 137 and 141, respectively for SYSPRINT and SYSIN DDs. The BLKSIZE is set to the maximum value the device supports for OUTPUT DDs during DUMP and COPYDUMP.

System action

The job continues with the modified DCB for the *ddname*.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

In the future, supply a correct DCB or let the DCB for the *ddname* default to its allowable values.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR031I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TYPRUN=NORUN REQUESTED. TASKS WILL EXECUTE IN NORUN MODE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

TYPRUN=NORUN was specified in the EXEC statement parameter. Subtasks run in NORUN mode.

System action

All subtasks except CONVERTV, DEFRAG, and data set DUMP and RESTORE bypass processing. Data set DUMP and RESTORE only do only data set filtering and not DUMP or RESTORE functions. CONVERTV does data set filtering and volume and data set eligibility tests, but does not convert any volumes. DEFRAG prints the fragmentation index but does not relocate data set extents. Message ADR040I for the scheduled tasks follows this message.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR032W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSTALLATION-WIDE OPTIONS EXIT SPECIFIED CONFLICTING KEYWORDS <i>xxxx</i> and <i>yyyy</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The installation-wide options exit changed keyword settings that result in a conflict. Some commands contain parameters that are defined to be mutually exclusive. For such commands, if one parameter is specified, the other parameter is not allowed. *xxxx* and *yyyy* are the keywords that conflict.

System action

Processing continues. The conflicting keywords are reset to the values specified in the command SYSIN stream.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the source of the conflict and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR033W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR OPTIMIZE <i>n</i>. OPTIMIZE <i>n</i>-1 WILL BE ATTEMPTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to schedule the function with the indicated OPTIMIZE value *n*. The OPTIMIZE value is reduced by 1, and another attempt is made. This message can appear more than once as the OPTIMIZE value is decreased.

System action

The function performs with a reduced OPTIMIZE value. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For the next run, either reduce the OPTIMIZE value in the control statement or increase the available storage.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR035I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSTALLATION EXIT ALTERED <i>keyword</i> {DEFAULT REQUEST OPTION VALUE } [TO <i>xxxxx</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The installation-wide options exit routine has changed the default or requested option or value to *xxxxx*. See the z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) for z/OS MVS Data Areas manuals.

DFSMSShsm modifies the installation options as necessary when calling DFSMSdss and causes the ADR035I message to be issued. In these cases, there is no installation exit involved and the message is ignored.

System action

The DFSMSdss function runs with the altered options.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To get the wanted result from the installation-wide exit routine, check with your system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR036W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TASK NOT SCHEDULED AT REQUEST OF INSTALLATION EXIT |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The installation-wide exit requested that this task not be performed.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check with your system programmer for restrictions placed by the exit.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR037E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FAILURE WHILE ATTACHING TASK. [ATTACH RETURN CODE IS <i>return_code</i> INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO ATTEMPT ATTACH] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A task could not be attached because one of the following conditions existed:

- The system-attach macro returned a nonzero return code (*return_code*) while attaching a task. Probably not enough storage was available to attach the task.
- Not enough storage was available to even attempt attaching for the task.

For information about the ATTACH return codes, see [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN](#).

System action

Processing is attempted on other tasks. Final return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either increase the region size, specify a smaller size parameter, or both, then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR038W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSTALLATION-WIDE OPTIONS EXIT SPECIFIED <i>keyword1</i> WITHOUT REQUIRED KEYWORD <i>keyword2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The installation-wide options exit changed keyword settings results in an invalid keyword combination. Some commands contain parameters that must be specified with another parameter. Keyword *keyword1* lists the designated option(s). Keyword *keyword2* lists the required keyword that must also be specified.

System action

Processing continues. The invalid keywords are reset to the values specified in the command SYSIN stream.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the source of the invalid keyword combination and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR039W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSTALLATION-WIDE OPTIONS EXIT SPECIFIED INVALID VALUE (<i>value</i>) FOR <i>keyword</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The installation-wide options exit routine attempted to alter the value of the specified keyword. However, the value specified by the exit is not valid for the keyword. The result is as if the exit requested the default value.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The installation-wide options exit routine is in error. For information about how to write the exit, see the [z/OS Internet library \(www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary\)](http://www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) for z/OS MVS Data Areas manuals. For information about the valid values for the keyword, see the appropriate keyword description in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR040I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING BYPASSED DUE TO NORUN OPTION

Explanation

Further processing is bypassed because TYPRUN=NORUN was specified in an EXEC statement parameter. This option results in the following:

- BUILD SA - Task ends.
- CONSOLIDATE - Only volume statistics are printed; data set extents are not relocated.
- COPY FULL/TRACKS - Task ends.
- COPY DATA SET - Filtering is performed and the names of the selected data sets are printed; data sets are not copied.
- COPYDUMP - Task ends.
- DEFRA G - Only volume statistics are printed; data set extents are not relocated.
- DUMP FULL/TRACKS - Task ends.
- DUMP DATA SET - Filtering is performed and the names of the selected data sets are printed; data sets are not dumped.
- PRINT - Task ends.
- RESTORE FULL/TRACKS - Task ends.
- RESTORE DATA SET - Filtering is performed and the names of the selected data sets are printed; data sets are not restored.
- COMPRESS and RELEASE - Filtering is performed and the names of the selected data sets are printed; data sets are not compressed or released.
- SPACEREL - Specified volumes are processed to determine free space extents. The free space information is printed when DEBUG(SRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified; the space is not released back to the extent pool.

System action

Further processing is bypassed for the volume or task.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR041I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), I/O BUFFER {ABOVE BELOW} 16MB VIRTUAL REQUESTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

You requested that the DFSMSDss I/O buffers reside above or below 16 megabytes virtual address.

System action

If you requested that buffer storage resides above 16 megabytes virtual address, DFSMSDss attempts to allocate storage for the buffers above 16 megabytes virtual address.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR042I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {I/O APPLICATION INTERFACE} BUFFER WAS OBTAINED BELOW 16MB VIRTUAL ADDRESS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Not enough storage was available above 16 megabytes virtual address to satisfy the buffer request.

System action

The buffer is obtained below 16 megabytes virtual address, and DFSMSDss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR045T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DFSMSDSS IS NOT LICENSED FOR USE ON THIS SYSTEM |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The z/OS license agreement does not allow execution of DFSMSdss.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you are licensed to use DFSMSdss, update the IFAPRDxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB to set the correct value that enables DFSMSdss to be used.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR047T | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), THE ENCRYPTION FACILITY DFSMSDSS ENCRYPTION FEATURE IS NOT INSTALLED ON THIS SYSTEM |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss has been requested to perform encryption, but the DFSMSdss Encryption Feature of the Encryption Facility product is not installed on the system. Without this feature, DFSMSdss does not perform any encryption or decryption of user data during DUMP or RESTORE processing.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None

Programmer response

Ensure that the DFSMSdss Encryption Feature of the Encryption Facility product is correctly installed.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR048T | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), THE INVOKING APPLICATION IS NOT LICENSED TO USE A REQUESTED FEATURE, <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss has been requested to perform a function that requires a license agreement when invoked via an application. The reason codes (*reason_code*) are:

- 1** Transparent cloud tiering operation using a tape object store
- 2** Full volume DUMP or RESTORE operation to cloud
- 3** CLOUDUTILS operation
- 4** DFSMSdfp Cloud Data Access (CDA) functionality

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None

Programmer response

If you are licensed to use the reported feature, ensure the correct license is being passed and re-attempt the function.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR049E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DFSMSDSS FUNCTION TASK ABEND RECOVERY ROUTINE WAS ENTERED. {SYSTEM ABEND USER ABEND} CODE=<i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A function task request that an abend request be recovered and control returned to the function task for cleanup processing before terminating. This message is issued when an abend occurs and the function task abend recovery routine has successfully returned control to the function task. More diagnostic information might follow the message.

System action

An SVCDUMP is requested by the recovery function and the system is directed to return control to the function task. The function task performs any necessary cleanup processing and terminates.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the abend. Correct and rerun if applicable.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR050I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DFSMSDSS INVOKED VIA® [CROSS MEMORY] APPLICATION INTERFACE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An application used the DFSMSdss application interface to invoke DFSMSdss.

System action

DFSMSdss interacts with the application's UIM through the DFSMSdss application interface

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR051I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), I/O BUFFER BACKED {ANYWHERE BELOW 2GB} IN REAL STORAGE REQUESTED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

There was a request to have the DFSMSDss I/O buffers backed up anywhere in 64-bit real storage or below 2 gigabytes in real storage.

System action

If the request was for buffer storage to be backed up below 2 gigabytes in real storage, DFSMSDss attempts to allocate storage for the buffers to be backed up in 31-bit real storage. Otherwise, DFSMSDss allocates I/O buffers backed up anywhere in the 64-bit real storage.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR054I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), USE EXCP FOR DUMP OUTPUT, RESTORE INPUT AND COPYDUMP {YES NO} REQUESTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

There was a request to take either of the following two actions:

- Have DFSMSDss fall back to using EXCP for DUMP output, RESTORE input, and COPYDUMP.
- Have DFSMSDss not to fall back and use BSAM for DUMP output, RESTORE input, and COPYDUMP.

System action

If the request was to fall back and use EXCP, DFSMSDss uses EXCP instead of BSAM for DUMP output, RESTORE input, and COPYDUMP. Otherwise, DFSMSDss uses BSAM for DUMP output, RESTORE input, and COPYDUMP.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR055I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>keyword</i> OPTION WAS SPECIFIED BUT HAS BEEN IGNORED BECAUSE THE FUNCTION IS NOT ENABLED IN PARMLIB |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The keyword *keyword* was specified or the installation attempted to alter the value for the option representing the keyword but the request is ignored. If FCTOXRCPPRIMARY is the option that is ignored this is because the FLASHCOPYTOXRC=YES parameter is not specified in the DEVSUPxx member in PARMLIB.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If FCTOXRCPPRIMARY is the option that is ignored, specify FLASHCOPYTOXRC=YES in the DEVSUPxx member in PARMLIB.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR071I (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), {BEGINNING | ENDING} OF INPUT RANGE
ADJUSTED FROM c:h1 TO c:h2

Explanation

The starting or ending volume address is within the cylinder-managed space and must be changed to reside on a 21-cylinder boundary. If the starting address is not on a 21-cylinder boundary, it is decreased to the nearest 21-cylinder boundary. If the ending address is not on a 21-cylinder boundary, it is increased to the nearest 21-cylinder boundary.

System action

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR101I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), TASKID xxx HAS BEEN ASSIGNED TO COMMAND
'command'

Explanation

The indicated task ID was assigned to the indicated command. All future messages related to this command contain the indicated task ID following the message number.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR102I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND BYPASSED DUE TO CONDITION CODES |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence caused the command to be bypassed. When you specify an IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence, either the THEN or the ELSE clause is performed, and the one not performed is bypassed.

System action

The bypassed portion of the command sequence is checked for syntax errors but is not performed. DFSMSdss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR103W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A 'DO' OR 'END' WAS ENCOUNTERED OUTSIDE OF AN IF-THEN-ELSE TEST |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A DO was encountered without a preceding IF-THEN-ELSE test.

System action

A DO encountered when there is no IF-THEN-ELSE in effect does not cause DFSMSdss to take special action. However, it must have a matching END command. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR104E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN IMPROPERLY PLACED COMMA HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An improperly placed comma was found in the command. Commas cannot indicate the omission of positional parameters. The omission of leading positional parameters is not permitted.

System action

The command is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR105W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND-END DELIMITER APPEARS WITHIN APOSTROPHES |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A quoted string contains the optional command delimiter (a semicolon). A closing single quotation mark might be omitted.

System action

The usage is accepted, and the semicolon is treated as a valid character instead of a delimiter. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the usage of the semicolon, and correct if necessary.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR106W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO MANY RIGHT PARENTHESES FOUND. EXCESS IGNORED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Too many closing parentheses were found at the end of the command or following a first-level parameter.

System action

The excess is ignored, and the processing is continued for the command. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Remove the excess parentheses.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR107E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO FEW RIGHT PARENTHESES FOUND AT END OF COMMAND |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Too few closing parentheses were found at the end of the command to properly close the subparameter lists. The system might also issue this message when the continuation character is omitted in a list of subkeywords.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR108I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date_and_time</i> EOJ ENCOUNTERED. ALL TASKS WILL QUIESCE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An EOJ command was encountered. A subsequent message, ADR013I, indicates when all tasks are completed.

System action

After performing tasks before the EOJ command, DFSMSdss ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR109I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date_and_time</i> INITIAL SCAN OF USER CONTROL STATEMENTS COMPLETED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

All control statements were scanned for correct function name and IF/DO/END balancing.

System action

Processing phase now begins.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR110W | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), WRITE TO OPERATOR MESSAGE HAS BEEN TRUNCATED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DSS encountered either a WTO command with a message text of more than 247 characters, or a WTOR command with a message text of more than 114 characters.

System action

The excess is truncated and the WTO or WTOR message is issued. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Shorten the WTO or WTOR message text, or issue multiple commands to accommodate the text.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|------------------------|
| ADR111I | <i>wto-text</i> |
|----------------|------------------------|

Explanation

When a Write-to-Operator (WTO) command is encountered in the SYSIN stream, or when the DFSMSdss Cross Memory Application Interface is unable to use SYSPRINT and an information message is required, DFSMSdss issues the message with a WTO command. The WTO message is prefixed with **ADR111I**.

When the *wto-text* is DFSMSDSS SERVER DID NOT RESPOND IN ALLOTTED TIME, the DFSMSdss client application address space could not establish a connection to the DFSMSdss server address space.

When the *wto-text* is either JOBCAT IS NOT SUPPORTED BY DFSMSDSS SERVER or STEPCAT IS NOT SUPPORTED BY DFSMSDSS SERVER, the DFSMSdss client address space specified a JOBCAT or STEPCAT DD specification that the DFSMSdss server address space ignores.

Note: The **ADR111I** message is not directed to SYSPRINT. PARM='SDUMP=111' or PARM='ABEND=111' and does not capture a dump when this message occurs.

System action

The system action depends on the text in *wto-text*. When the DFSMSdss client application address space is unable to establish a connection to the server, the client application interface returns a nonzero return code.

Operator response

Take action, if necessary, based on the WTO text.

Programmer response

Correct the problem, if necessary, and rerun the application.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| ADR112A | <i>wto-text</i> |
|----------------|-----------------|

Explanation

When a Write-to-Operator with Reply (WTOR) command is encountered in the SYSIN stream, DFSMSdss issues a WTOR message, which is prefixed with **ADR112A**.

Note: The **ADR112A** message is not directed to SYSPRINT. PARM='SDUMP=112' or PARM='ABEND=112' and does not capture a dump when this message occurs.

System action

The system action depends on the WTOR reply.

Operator response

Take action, if necessary, based on the WTOR text.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR113I | <i>(xxx)-mmmmm(yy), PATCH BYTE AT OFFSET offset = value</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A SET PATCH command was specified.

System action

The specified patch byte value overrides any patch byte value that was previously set in ADPATCH at the specified offset.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR115W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN IMPROPERLY PLACED COMMENT DELIMITER HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An improperly placed comment delimiter was found in the command.

System action

Command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR120E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO MANY POSITIONAL PARAMETERS AFTER '<i>xxxx</i>' |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Too many positional parameters are specified following the characters *xxxx* for a parameter list.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Remove the excess parameters from the command, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR121E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CONSTANT '<i>xxxx</i>' EXCEEDS CHARACTER LENGTH LIMIT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The constant (xxxx) contains more characters than the maximum permitted by the command syntax.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the constant, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR122E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INCORRECT NUMBER OF CONSTANTS/ENTRIES IN LIST BEGINNING AT 'yyyy' |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An incorrect number of constants (or entries) was found in the list beginning at yyyy.

System action

The command is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR123E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ITEM 'xxxx' DOES NOT ADHERE TO RESTRICTIONS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The indicated parameter (xxxx) does not conform to the required naming conventions. For example, a ddname contains invalid characters or a data set name is in error.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the parameter error, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR124E | (<i>t</i><i>t</i><i>t</i>)-<i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i>(<i>y</i><i>y</i>), DELIMITER 'xxxx' IS NOT PROPERLY PRECEDED BY A CONSTANT OR KEYWORD |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A delimiter (xxxx) was found where a subparameter list or data was expected. The delimiter is improperly used. Parentheses might be improperly positioned, or a positional parameter might be missing.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the syntax error, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR125E | (<i>t</i><i>t</i><i>t</i>)-<i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i>(<i>y</i><i>y</i>), LEFT PARENTHESIS MISSING FOLLOWING KEYWORD '<i>keyword</i>' |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An opening parenthesis, which should begin the required subparameter list or value associated with the command keyword, does not follow the keyword.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the requirements of the keyword, correct the syntax, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR126E | (<i>t</i><i>t</i><i>t</i>)-<i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i><i>m</i>(<i>y</i><i>y</i>), RIGHT PARENTHESIS MISSING AFTER 'xxxx' |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A closing parenthesis was not found where expected, or a subparameter list was not properly delimited.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR127E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID PARENTHESIS FOR SPECIFYING
REPEATED SUBPARAMETER LIST

Explanation

Parentheses used for delimiting repeated subparameter lists are missing or not matched.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR128E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID LEFT PARENTHESIS AFTER 'xxxx'

Explanation

An opening parenthesis that appeared to delimit the positional parameter xxxx was found, but the positional parameter was not a constant or a list of constants.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR129E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), KEYWORD 'keyword' IS IMPROPER

Explanation

The command contains a misspelled, improperly specified, or inapplicable keyword.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR130E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), KEYWORD 'keyword' APPEARS TOO OFTEN

Explanation

The keyword appeared too often in the command. A parameter list might be incorrectly specified.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax by removing the keyword, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR131E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ABOVE TEXT BYPASSED UNTIL NEXT COMMAND

Explanation

An error was encountered during the syntax check of this command, and syntax checking ended. Messages printed before this message indicate the nature of the error.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement. If this task was to be performed, it does not, and a return code of 8 is set. If the command was being bypassed (see message ADR102I), the return code is not reset by this error.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR132E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), IMPROPER PASSWORD ENCOUNTERED AFTER '<i>xxxxxxxx</i>' |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A password, denoted by a slash (/), was encountered where a password was not allowed; an expected password was missing; or a password longer than 8 characters was specified. This is not a verification of the password but an error in the syntax.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR133E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO MANY REPEATED SUBPARAMETER LISTS APPEAR IN THE COMMAND |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Too many repeated subparameter lists appear in the command.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR134E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A HEX OR BINARY CONSTANT IS IMPROPERLY SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A hexadecimal or binary constant is not specified in the correct format: X'hh...hh' or B'bb...bb', respectively.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR135E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), IMPROPER NUMERIC DIGIT FOUND IN '<i>xxxx</i>' |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The constant (*xxxx*) contains an invalid character. A decimal number can be specified only with the symbols 0 through 9; a hexadecimal number can be specified only with the symbols 0 through 9 and A through F; and a binary number can be specified only with the symbols 0 and 1.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR136E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CONSTANT '<i>xxxx</i>' IS NOT WITHIN VALUE RANGE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The value of the constant (*xxxx*) is outside the range of values allowed for the associated parameter.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the command syntax for allowed values, correct the error, then reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR137E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO MANY CONSTANTS/ENTRIES IN LIST BEGINNING AT '<i>yyyy</i>' |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Too many constants or entries are specified in the command beginning at *yyyy*.

System action

The command is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR138E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), REQUIRED (SUB) PARAMETER OF '<i>xxxx</i>' IS MISSING |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A required parameter or subparameter (*xxxx*) is missing.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Add the missing parameter, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR139E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INCONSISTENT PARAMETERS INVOLVING 'xxxx'

Explanation

Some commands contain parameters defined as mutually exclusive. For such commands, if one parameter is specified, the other parameter is not allowed. xxxx is one of the mutually exclusive parameters specified.

Depending on the keywords and their positions on the command, DFSMSdss might issue the message once for each of the conflicting keyword. Otherwise, DFSMSdss issues the message once when the first conflicting keyword is encountered.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR140E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID 'BY' CRITERIA

Explanation

A value in the BY keyword is incorrect for the item being tested.

For selection characteristics CREDIT, EXPDT, and REFDT, possible errors include:

- Date is not five or seven digits.
- Seven-digit date is less than 1900001 but not 0000000.
- LT operator is specified with an all-zero date.
- GT operator is specified with a never-expire date.
- Optional modifier is not 1–4 digits with optional sign.
- Modifier is specified with a date that cannot be modified (for example, a date of all zeros or a never-expire date).
- Modified five-digit date is outside range of 1950–2049.

For all selection characteristics, possible errors include:

- Selection characteristic is not valid. It is misspelled.
- Operator is not valid. It is misspelled.
- Operator is not valid for the specified selection characteristic. For example, some selection characteristics require either the EQ or the NE operator.
- Argument that must be numeric is nonnumeric.
- Argument is not valid for the item being tested. For example, you can specify CATLG, DSCHA, and MULTI only with the arguments 0, 1, YES, or NO.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR141E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR IN DATA SET NAME *dsname* | *THE PATH NAME*

Explanation

A data set name or UNIX path name was specified incorrectly for one of the following reasons:

Data set reasons:

- 01** The length might be greater than 44 characters.
- 02** If the data set name is not in quotation marks, a qualifier might be longer than 8 characters.
- 03** The GDG might be incorrectly specified.
- 04** A filtering parameter begins with a directory character (/).
- 05** GDG relative generation filtering was used with RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL.

Path name reasons:

- 01** The length might be greater than 1023 characters.
- 02** A file within the path might exceed 255 characters.
- 03** Unsupported characters were encountered.
- 04** A filtering parameter begins with a directory character (/).
- 05** Relative path syntax was specified.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR142I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), KEYWORD *keyword* HAS BEEN IGNORED

Explanation

The keyword does not apply and was ignored for one of the following reasons:

- CONCURRENT—This keyword does not apply in FCNOCOPYTOCOPY processing.
- DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL))—This keyword does not apply in FCNOCOPYTOCOPY processing.
- LOGICALNESS—The input data set is created by a logical data set DUMP.
- WORKSIZE—This keyword is no longer required.

System action

The keyword is ignored. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Omit the keyword on future runs.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR143E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID SYNTAX IN DATA SET SPECIFIED BY DDNAME *ddname*

Explanation

Invalid data exists in the data set associated with the DD statement specified by the FILTERDD keyword.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the parameters in error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR144E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), INCOMPLETE SPECIFICATION IN DATA SET
REFERENCED BY DDNAME *ddname*****Explanation**

An end-of-file (EOF) condition was encountered in scanning the character string contained in the *ddname* specified as a PASSWORD, FILTERDD, or EXCLUDE parameter. This condition can be caused by incorrect continuation syntax or by missing records in the input stream.

System action

The task is not performed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax, or add the missing records, then resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR145I**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), OBSOLETE KEYWORD CONSOLIDATE SPECIFIED.
THE CONSOLIDATE COMMAND WILL BE RUN PRIOR TO DEFRAG****Explanation**

The keyword CONSOLIDATE on the DEFRAG command is no longer used by DFSMSdss. The CONSOLIDATE command is substituted and run before DEFRAG processing.

System action

The DFSMSdss function runs with the altered option.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify that CONSOLIDATE produced the expected results. If the job is to be run again in the future, remove CONSOLIDATE from the control statement and use the CONSOLIDATE command to consolidate requested data sets.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR146I**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), OBSOLETE KEYWORD *keyword1* SPECIFIED.
keyword2 WILL BE USED****Explanation**

The keyword *keyword1* is no longer used by DFSMSdss. The current keyword is *keyword2*.

System action

The DFSMSdss function runs with the altered option.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify that *keyword2* produces the expected results. If the job is to run again in the future, remove *keyword1* from the control statement and add *keyword2*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|--|
| ADR147W | (<i>ttt</i>)- <i>mmmmm</i> (<i>yy</i>), INSTALLATION EXIT ATTEMPTED TO ALTER OBSOLETE KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> . REQUEST IGNORED |
|---------|--|

Explanation

The installation options exit routine attempted to alter the option or value for the obsolete keyword *keyword1*. See [z/OS DFSMS Installation Exits](#) for details.

System action

DFSMSdss runs with the current option.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The installation options exit should be changed to not alter the option or value of the obsolete keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|---|
| ADR148I | (<i>ttt</i>)- <i>mmmmm</i> (<i>yy</i>), MULTIVOLUME DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT SELECTED |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The data set was not selected for processing because of one of the following conditions:

- One or more volumes of a multivolume data set were not included in the input volume list and SELECTMULTI(ALL) was specified.
- The first volume of a multivolume data set was not included in the input volume list and SELECTMULTI(FIRST) was specified.

System action

The data set is excluded from further processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set should have been selected, take one of the following actions and rerun the job:

- Specify SELECTMULTI(FIRST) and include the first volume of the data set in the input volume list. For VSAM data sets, you must include the first volume of the data component in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ALL) (this is the default if you do not specify SELECTMULTI) and include all volumes of the data set in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ANY) and include at least one primary or candidate-with-space volume of the data set in the input volume list.
- Do not specify an input volume list.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR150E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TASK TERMINATED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT MAIN STORAGE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Not enough storage was available to set up the commands in the input stream for the indicated task.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either increase REGION size or increase the SIZE parameter, or both, then retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR151E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ALLOCATE DATA SET REFERENCED BY DDNAME <i>ddname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An application is using the DFSMSdss cross memory application interface to invoke DFSMSdss and an allocation error occurred during SYSIN processing.

System action

DFSMSdss will not schedule the requested function task for execution.

Operator response

Note associated allocation error messages appearing on the system console log and provide this information to the application programmer.

Programmer response

If the ddname being passed in the SYSIN statement is less than 8 characters, either use 8 character ddnames or leave enough blank space after the ddname to allow DFSMSdss cross memory application interface logic to substitute a unique 8 character system generated ddname. Ask the operator to provide information about any associated allocation error messages appearing on the system console log. See the explanation of any allocation error messages produced.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR152E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE VERSION OF DEFRAG REQUESTED CANNOT BE USED ON THIS VOLUME, <i>rsn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The version of DEFRAG requested with the VERSION1 keyword does not support defragmentation of volumes with more than 65520 cylinders.

A previous CONSOLIDATE on this volume was interrupted while processing. VERSION1 DEFRAG cannot be used to perform recovery. Recovery can be performed with DEFRAG without the VERSION1 keyword or by running the CONSOLIDATE command against the volume.

System action

The DFSMSdss function ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify that the specified volume is larger than 65520 cylinders. If so, run the current version of DEFRAG by removing the VERSION1 keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR169T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NO RECORDS IN SYSIN STREAM |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The SYSIN stream was empty.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the SYSIN (or acceptable alternative ddname) DD statement refers to a nonempty file, and retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR170T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR OPENING DDNAME *ddname*

Explanation

The SYSIN (or acceptable alternative *ddname*) file cannot be opened.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Reestablish the SYSIN file, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR171T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TASKS EXCEEDED

Explanation

The SYSIN stream contains more than 255 tasks.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If necessary, run multiple job steps to accommodate the number of requested tasks.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR172T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR DURING INITIAL SCAN

Explanation

During the initial scan of the control statements, an error was encountered.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by the previous message, and retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR173T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), I/O ERROR WHILE READING ddname, xxxx

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered in reading the SYSIN file (or acceptable alternative *ddname*). The *ddname* is followed by the SYNAD information (xxxx) obtained by the SYNADAF macro.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the error or reestablish the SYSIN file, and retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR174T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), REMAINDER OF COMMAND INPUT STREAM WAS
IGNORED

Explanation

An error occurred that prohibits further scanning of the command stream. Messages printed before this message indicate the nature of the error.

System action

The program ends. The return code is 12. The condition code (MAXCC) is always set to 12 when this situation is encountered.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR175T**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), COMMAND *command* IS UNKNOWN**

Explanation

The command name is not recognized.

System action

The program ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Reissue the command with the correct command name.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR176T**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN 'ELSE' COMMAND IS IMPROPERLY PLACED**

Explanation

An ELSE clause appeared in the command without a corresponding IF statement.

System action

The remainder of the stream is ignored. DFSMSdss processing ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR177T**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN 'END' COMMAND IS INVALID**

Explanation

An END statement was encountered without a matching DO statement.

System action

The remainder of the stream is ignored. DFSMSdss processing ends. Message ADR172T follows this message. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the DO-END sequence, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR178T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN 'IF' COMMAND IS INVALID

Explanation

The sequence of the IF-THEN-ELSE statement is incorrect. Only the system variables LASTCC and MAXCC can be specified, and the values must be decimal numbers from 0 through 99999. However, a value greater than 16 is reduced to 16. If the variable LASTCC is specified, a function command must have been previously encountered in the input command stream.

System action

The remainder of the stream is ignored. DFSMSdss processing ends. Message ADR172T follows this message. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the requirements of the IF-THEN-ELSE statement sequence, correct the error, then reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR179T (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), A 'SET' COMMAND IS INVALID

Explanation

An invalid SET command was encountered. You can specify only the system variables PATCH, LASTCC, and MAXCC.

The PATCH values must be hexadecimal digits from X'00' through X'FF'. The PATCH offset must be a hexadecimal value from X'08' through X'0FFF'. Valid examples are SET PATCH 8 = FF and SET PATCH FFF = 42. The command SET PATCH 1000 = FF is invalid because the PATCH value is out of range.

The LASTCC and MAXCC values must be decimal numbers from 0 through 99999. However, a value greater than 16 is reduced to 16. If the variable LASTCC is specified, a function command must have been previously encountered in the input command stream.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the requirements of the SET statement, correct the error, then resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR180T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), IMPROPER OR MISSING 'THEN' |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The THEN clause of the IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence is missing or is misspelled.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR181T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TOO MANY LEVELS OF 'IF' COMMAND NESTING |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

More than 10 IF statements were nested, or an unended DO group was discovered when the command input stream ended.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Restructure the command stream to avoid the excessive nesting and to end all DO groups, then resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR182T | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INPUT STREAM END-OF-FILE FOUND BEFORE END OF COMMAND |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An end-of-file (EOF) condition was encountered while scanning the command. This condition can be caused by incorrect command-continuation syntax or by missing records in the input stream.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the command syntax, or add the missing records, then resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR183I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE REPLACE KEYWORD REPLACES THE PURGE KEYWORD FOR A DATA SET RESTORE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The REPLACE keyword replaces the PURGE keyword for a data set RESTORE.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR184W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RESET IS IGNORED WHEN CONCURRENT CLONE IS SPECIFIED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

You specified RESET and either CONCURRENT or CLONE with the DUMP command. RESET is ignored, and the data set change indicators or the UNIX file last reference date (last backup date) will not be reset.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

DFSMSdss provides a patch that your installation may use to specify that RESET should not be ignored when CONCURRENT or CLONE is also specified with the DUMP command. See the documentation for this patch in Appendix B of the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR185W

INVALID STORAGE GROUP LIST PASSED

Explanation

During validation of the list of storage group names obtained from UIM exit 22 processing, the system found an error in the list. The cause of the error is most likely to a storage group name length that is not within the limits of 1- 30 characters in length.

System action

Processing continues. The system ignores the invalid storage group list.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR199E

**(*ttt*)*mmmmm*(*yy*), UNITADDRESS SPECIFIED INCORRECTLY:
*device_number***

Explanation

The UNITADDRESS is not correctly specified. *device_number* is the incorrectly specified UNITADDRESS. Either a 3-digit or 4-digit UNITADDRESS (*device_number*) is required.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error and reissue the command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR201E

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), VTOC IN ERROR PRIOR TO PROCESSING

Explanation

An error occurred in processing the VTOC. The error condition can be caused by one of the following:

- An I/O error occurred. This is usually accompanied by system I/O error messages.

- A logical error occurred during indexed VTOC processing. When extents are relocated on an indexed volume, a recovery environment is set up by DFSMSdss. If DEFRAG ends before completing the relocation, the audit trail that is left by the recovery routines indicates to a subsequent operation that a mismatch exists between the VTOC index records and the extents.
- A failure occurred during LSPACE(SVC 78) processing.
- The VTOC structure is incompatible. Message ADR210E accompanies this message. More than one of the extents, either data set or free space, points to the same location on the volume.
- A prior DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE run or a DADSM function ended before updating the VTOC free-space maps.

System action

The DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE function ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Do the following when applicable, then rerun the DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE function:

- If I/O error messages accompany this message, take corrective action recommended at your site for the type of error.
- If message ADR210E accompanies this message, recover by either deleting one of the overlapping data sets or by using AMASPZAP to change the incorrect extent pointer to a correct known value.
- If message ADR226W or ADR229W was issued previously, the volume contain an orphan VTOC entry. Run the IEHLIST/LISTVTOC utility. If there is an orphan entry, correct the VTOC.
- In all other cases, allocate a temporary data set. This invokes DADSM modules to rebuild the free-space map or to correct the mismatch error.
- If a previous DEFRAG was interrupted, leaving the temporary DEFRAG data set (SYS1.DFDSS.DEFRAG.xxxxxx.volser.DUMMY) on the volume, and the volume has an indexed VTOC, convert the volume to non-indexed format, rerun the DEFRAG job, and convert the volume back to indexed format.
- If a previous CONSOLIDATE was interrupted, leaving the temporary CONSOLIDATE data set (SYS1.DFDSS.DEFRAG.xxxxxx.volser.DUMMY) on the volume, and the volume has an indexed VTOC, convert the volume to non-indexed format, rerun the CONSOLIDATE job, and convert the volume back to indexed format.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR204W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR ENCOUNTERED ON EXTENT nnn OF dsname.
EXTENT IS BYPASSED

Explanation

An I/O error occurred in processing an extent of the data set for a DEFRAG operation.

System action

The extent is not moved. Processing is continued with the next data set extent. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use the PRINT command to print the contents of the track or use ICKDSF to recover the data and assign an alternate track. If a system I/O error message accompanies this message, take the appropriate action recommended at your site for the error.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR205I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EXTENT <i>nnn</i> OF DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS ALLOCATED BY CYLINDER, BUT IT IS NOT ON A CYLINDER BOUNDARY |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The VTOC entry indicates that the data set is either allocated by cylinder or has the round attribute. However, the extent does not begin or end on a cylinder boundary.

System action

DEFRAG attempts to relocate the extent so that it begins and ends on a cylinder boundary. If DEFRAG is successful, the VTOC entry remains unchanged. If DEFRAG is unsuccessful, the extent is relocated as though it were originally allocated by tracks, and the VTOC entry is updated accordingly.

If this message is issued because the round bit is set, the round bit is not turned off. In either case, the message can be received on subsequent DEFRAG operations for the same data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR206E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHILE READING VTOC. FUNCTION IS TERMINATED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An I/O error occurred in reading the VTOC.

System action

The function ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use ICKDSF to recover the data, assign an alternate track, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR207E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR WHILE SETTING FREE SPACE INVALID IN THE VTOC DURING DEFRAG. TASK IS TERMINATED

Explanation

On a nonindexed VTOC, DEFRAG sets the DS4DOSBT bit on and the DS4EFVLD bit off in the VTOC before it starts processing and resets them at the end. This message appears if the setting or resetting cannot be done.

System action

DEFRAG ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

On a nonindexed VTOC, if the DS4DOSBT bit is on and the DS4EFVLD bit is off, allocate a temporary data set on the volume to allow DADSM to rebuild the free space information, then scratch the temporary data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR208I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), date_and_time BEGINNING STATISTICS ON volume_serial_number:

Explanation

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| FREE CYLINDERS | cccc |
| FREE TRACKS | tttt |
| FREE EXTENTS | nnnn |
| LARGEST FREE EXTENT (CYL,TRK) | cccc,tttt |
| FRAGMENTATION INDEX | 0.fff |
| PERCENT FREE SPACE | pp |

The DEFRAG function issues this message at the beginning of the task. This message is also issued when the CHECKVTOC keyword is specified for DUMP or COPY. The following values are in decimal:

- *cccc* the number of complete free cylinders
- *tttt* the number of free tracks in addition to free cylinders
- *nnnn* the number of free extents on the volume
- *cccc,tttt* the size of the largest free extent in cylinders and additional tracks
- *.fff* the fragmentation index. This index can be a value between 0.000 and 1.000, for which a higher value indicates a higher level of fragmentation.
- *pp* the percentage of free space on the volume

This message may also be triggered by the DFSMSdss compression tool.

When the message is issued as a result of a Volume Compression Tool invocation with optional parameter 'OPTION=CSVOUT'. The ADR208I information will be summarized in comma separated values. The values are in this order with the field being the specified number of bytes long:

```
volFreeCyls(4),EAVtrkFreeCyls(4),VolFreeTrks(4),volFreeExts(4),VolTrkFreeExts(4),VolPercentFree(1)
(n) = bytes represented. Each byte is a two character string.
Eav fields are zero when a non-EAV is processed.
```

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR209I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date_and_time</i> MOVED EXTENT <i>nnn</i> FROM <i>cc:hh1-cc:hh2</i> TO <i>cc:hh3-cc:hh4</i> FOR <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The *nnn*th extent of data set (*dsname*) was successfully relocated from the original *cc:hh1-cc:hh2* to a new *cc:hh3-cc:hh4*. This message gives the date and time the extent was moved.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR210E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {FREE SPACE <i>dsname</i>} AND {FREE SPACE <i>dsname</i>} OVERLAP FROM CC:HH <i>cchh1</i> TO CC:HH <i>cchh2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated data set names or FREE SPACEs overlap on the volume according to the VTOC. The VTOC is in error.

System action

If this message is issued during DEFRAG processing, then the DEFRAG function ends with a return code of 8. No extents are moved by DEFRAG. If this message is issued as a result of the CHECKVTOC keyword during DUMP or COPY processing, then the continuation of the DUMP or COPY processing is determined by the CANCELERROR keyword specification.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Recover by either deleting one of the overlapping data sets or by using AMASPZAP to change the incorrect extent pointer to a correct value, if known.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR211I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* {IN USE | NOT MOVEABLE | IN LINKLIST | FAILED AUTHORIZATION CHECK} AND WAS NOT MOVED

Explanation

DEFRAG could not move the data set for the indicated reason. DEFRAG considers a data set to be IN USE when it is unable to obtain an enqueue for the data set. NOT MOVEABLE means an indicator is on in the VTOC entry for the data set, indicating that the data set was open during a checkpoint or that a PDSE cannot be moved because it appears to be in use on this or some other system in the complex. IN LINKLIST means DEFRAG obtained an enqueue for the data set but the data set is contained within the linklist. FAILED AUTHORIZATION CHECK means authorization checking was performed but failed.

Note:

- 1. VSAM data sets that are not cataloged in an ICF catalog fails the authorization check.
- 2. The flags DS1CPOIT and DS1DSGU in the VTOC entry of a physical sequential SMS data set indicate a checkpoint was taken while the data set was open.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To move checkpointed data sets, specify the keyword FORCECP and its parameter.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR212I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), EXTENT DISTRIBUTION MAP FOR *volume_serial_number*:

Explanation

| EXTENT SIZE IN TRACKS ttt - - | *FREE SPACE BEFORE* | | *FREE SPACE AFTER* | | * ALLOCATED * | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| | NO. EXTS eeee | CUM. PCT/100 n.nnn | NO. EXTS eeee | CUM. PCT/100 n.nnn | NO. EXTS eeee | CUM. PCT/100 n.nnn |

The distribution map indicates the free-space fragmentation before and after the run and the distribution by size of data set extents. The map following this message lists the number of FREE SPACE BEFORE extents (eeee) and the number of FREE SPACE AFTER extents (eeee) for each given size in tracks (ttt), and the number of ALLOCATED extents (eeee). A cumulative percentage of allocated extents is also provided for each of the three categories (n.nnn).

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR213I (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), date_and_time ENDING STATISTICS ON
volume_serial_number:

Explanation

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| DATA SET EXTENTS RELOCATED | nnnn |
| EXTENTS CONSOLIDATED | nnnn |
| TRACKS RELOCATED | tttt |
| FREE CYLINDERS | cccc |
| FREE TRACKS | tttt |
| FREE EXTENTS | eeee |
| LARGEST FREE EXTENT (CYL,TRK) | cccc,tttt |
| FRAGMENTATION INDEX | .fff |

This message, printed at the end of the DEFRAG run, indicates the numbers of relocated data set extents and tracks. Message ADR208I describes the other values. An *LSPACE* SVC obtains the values indicated in FREE CYLINDERS, FREE TRACKS, FREE EXTENTS, and LARGEST FREE EXTENT. When asterisks (***) appear for these values, the target is a nonstandard OS volume or a DOS/VSE volume. EXTENTS CONSOLIDATED count is included when you specify the optional CONSOLIDATE keyword.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

When asterisks appear in the message, verify that the DIRF bit of the volume is off in the VTOC entry.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR220I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INTERVAL BEGINS AT CC:HH cc:hh1 AND ENDS AT
CC:HH cc:hh2

Explanation

An area of DASD was selected from which a data set extent can be relocated. The interval begins at the first cc:hh1 and ends at the second cc:hh2.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR221E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), OVERLAP ENCOUNTERED ON EXTENT *nnn* OF *dsname*

Explanation

The *nnn*th extent of data set *dsname* overlaps another data set extent on the volume according to the VTOC. Message ADR210E accompanies this message.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See ADR210E.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR226W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), C-H0 RANGE *c:h2* IS UNACCOUNTED FOR IN VTOC

Explanation

The range *cchh1* to *cchh2* is not described in the VTOC. This range is ignored.

System action

Processing continues on the remainder of the volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check VTOC for orphan format 3 DSCB.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR227E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CVAF ERROR ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, CODE <i>fc</i>, <i>ec</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An error was encountered during a common VTOC access facility (CVAF) call for the volume. The *fc* is the CVAF function code, and *ec* is the CVAF error code. See the [z/OS DFSMSdss Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the error codes.

System action

The function ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the CVAF function code is X'0C' and the CVAF error code is X'00', allocate a temporary data set on the volume to cause DADSM to repair the VTOC; then rerun the job. For other errors, take the appropriate action recommended by CVAF.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR228W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE DEFRAG FUNCTION COULD NOT FURTHER REDUCE THE FREE SPACE FRAGMENTATION OF THE VOLUME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The DEFRAG function determined one of the following:

- The volume was insufficiently fragmented to process the function.
- If there is fragmented free space on the volume, DEFRAG cannot relocate extents with its algorithms to further reduce the fragmentation.
- If there is fragmented free space on the volume and MAXMOVE(*n*) was specified, DEFRAG cannot further reduce the fragmentation of the volume without relocating more than *n* tracks of data.
- DEFRAG is not able to relocate any extents because they are the type of data set extent which DEFRAG does not process (for example, VVDS, VTOCIX, and so on), or they are extents of data sets for which the requester does not have read authorization.

If MAXMOVE(*n,p*) was specified, the system issues message ADR228W when the current pass cannot further DEFRAG the volume. Previous passes have performed some defragmentation of the volume and issued message ADR213I indicating that data set extents were relocated on one or more of the previous passes.

System action

DEFRAG does not further alter the volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR229W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> HAS TRACKS UNACCOUNTED FOR. THE VTOC WILL INDICATE THAT THE FREE SPACE IS INVALID FOLLOWING PROCESSING |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

On a nonindexed VTOC, the DEFRAG function encountered undefined data or free space. This space is not processed. However, the DS4DOSBT bit remains on and the DS4EFVLD bit remains off following the run. After the DEFRAG run, when the DADSM function allocates or scratches a data set on the volume, the free space information will be rebuilt, reclaiming the unaccountable space as free space.

System action

The remainder of the volume is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR230I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), MAXMOVE VALUE EXCEEDS THE NUMBER OF FREE TRACKS ON THE VOLUME. IT HAS BEEN ADJUSTED TO THE LOWER VALUE OF <i>nnnn</i> TRACKS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The MAXMOVE value must be less than or equal to the number of free tracks (*nnnn*) on the volume being processed. In this case, the value exceeds the number and is adjusted to the lower value.

System action

Processing continues with a MAXMOVE value equal to the number of free tracks on the volume.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The MAXMOVE value, if not specified, defaults to the total number of free tracks on the volume.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR231E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR WHILE ACCESSING VVDS FOR DATA SET dsname ON VOLUME volume_serial_number. OP=operation_code, VVDS RC=return_code |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The VVDS is accessed for the specified call during a DUMP, DEFRAG, CONVERTV, data set COPY, or data set RESTORE. The operation code can be:

- 0** Insert a VVR/NVR
- 1** Get a VVR/NVR for update
- 2** Put a VVR/NVR for update
- 3** Generic read of components of a cluster
- 4** Read a VVR/NVR
- 5** Delete a VVR/NVR

The *return_code* is the return code from the VVDS manager. See the reason code under return code 50 in message IDC3009I.

System action

If the operation is DEFRAG, the extent is not relocated. If the operation is data set RESTORE, the affected data set is not restored. Other messages identifying the affected data set accompany this message. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action recommended for the reason codes listed under message IDC3009I.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR232E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VVDS DOES NOT MATCH VTOC {EXTENTS DSORG null} FOR COMPONENT component_name, CLUSTER cluster_name ON VOLUME volume_serial_number |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DEFRAG detected a mismatch between the VTOC and the VVDS.

null (neither EXTENTS nor DSORG): The VVDS contains more than one VVR for the same VTOC entry.

EXTENTS: The number or locations of extents for this component as reported in the VVDS do not match the number or locations of extents reported in the VTOC. A VSAM extend operation on the component might have been interrupted because of a program or system failure.

DSORG: DEFRAG detected a VVDS entry for a VSAM component which is named the same as a VTOC, non-VSAM entry.

System action

The component is not relocated. Final return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

null or EXTENTS: Run access method services DIAGNOSE for the component.

DSORG: Dump or copy the contents of the offending cluster. Then run access method services to delete and recreate the offending cluster. Finally, run RESTORE or COPY to replace the contents.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR233W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ACTUAL FRAGMENTATION INDEX IS LESS THAN THE REQUESTED VALUE ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

The volume is not fragmented to the extent indicated in the user input. If MAXMOVE(*n,p*) has been specified, the system might issue this message for multiple passes after the fragmentation index criteria has been met. Processing continues until all of the specified passes have been completed because the fragmentation index of the volume might change because of the activity on the volume between the DEFRAG passes.

System action

DEFRAG ends. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR234I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SEQUENCE c:h1 – c:h2 EXTENT DESCRIPTION

Explanation

This is the message header for ADR235I. This message is issued when TYPRUN=NORUN is specified for DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE, or when the CHECKVTOC keyword and TYPRUN=NORUN are specified for DUMP or COPY.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR235I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>nnnn</i> <i>c:h1</i> <i>c:h2</i> <i>eee</i> {FREE SPACE <i>dsname</i> ***UNACCOUNTED FOR***} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This is the volume extent mapping message. This message is issued when TYPRUN=NORUN is specified for DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE,, or when the CHECKVTOC keyword and TYPRUN=NORUN are specified for DUMP or COPY. One message is issued for each extent on the volume. *nnnn* is the relative sequence in which the extent was encountered during VTOC analysis, *c:h1 c:h2* is the range that the extent occupies on the volume, and *eee* is the extent number of the data set or free space or unaccounted for extent.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR236W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VTOC ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> DOES NOT CONTAIN ENOUGH FREE DSCBs <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For a DEFRAG, protected data set relocation cannot be done because DEFRAG requires a free DSCB for processing protected data sets. For a DUMP, *nnn* free DSCBs are required to successfully complete a subsequent RESTORE FULL operation.

System action

For DEFRAG, only unprotected data sets are relocated, and the final return code is 4. For DUMP, the DUMP FULL operation continues, and the final return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If temporary data sets exist on the volume, you can scratch them. If no temporary data sets or not enough space exists on the volume, you can dump one or more data sets to free a DSCB and rerun the job. If there is enough space on the volume, you can also use ICKDSF REFORMAT EXT VTOC to enlarge the VTOC and then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR237W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NOT ENOUGH FREE SPACE DSCBS AVAILABLE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

On a nonindexed VTOC, DEFRAG cannot find enough space DSCBs in the VTOC to rebuild the free space information at the end of DEFRAG to reflect the free space on the volume.

System action

In the VTOC, the DS4DOSBT bit is left on and the DS4EFVLD bit is left off. The return code is set to 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Allocate a temporary data set so DADSM can rebuild the free space information.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR238I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NO DATA SETS WERE MOVED DURING THIS PASS. PROCESSING CONTINUES |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

No data sets could be moved by DEFRAG. This might be due to data sets that are in use, on the link list, or extents too large for the available free space area.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR239W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FORMAT 3 DSCB POINTER MISSING FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>, ONLY FIRST THREE EXTENTS PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The Format 1 DSCB for the data set (*dsname*) indicates that there are more than three extents for the data set, but the pointer to the Format 3 DSCB for the additional extents is invalid. Only the first three extents of this data set are processed. If there are more than three extents for this data set, then MSGADR226W is also issued.

System action

The defrag of the volume continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR240W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INSUFFICIENT FREE SPACE EXTENTS TO PROCESS DEFRAG FUNCTION. TASK IS TERMINATED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

There were less than 2 free space extents on the volume. DEFRAG requires at least 2 free space extents to process. If MAXMOVE(*n,p*) has been specified, the system might issue this message for each pass that the DEFRAG function runs when the volume has less than two free space extents. The DEFRAG function continues to run until all of the specified passes have been completed because the number of free space extents might change because of the activity on the volume between the DEFRAG passes.

System action

DEFRAG ends without altering the volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR241I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TARGET VTOC [INDEX] BEGINNING AT <i>cc:hh1</i> AND ENDING AT <i>cc:hh2</i> IS {BEING USED OVERLAID} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Either the target VTOC or index VTOC in the range *cc:hh1* to *cc:hh2* is being preserved, or the source VTOC location was used for the target VTOC.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR242I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CHECKVTOC KEYWORD IGNORED. NO INPUT VOLUMES SPECIFIED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The CHECKVTOC keyword was specified with the DUMP or COPY command, but no input volumes were specified. No VTOC analysis is performed.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify an input volume through the INDDNAME or INDYNAM keywords.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR243W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VTOC ERRORS FOUND ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>. PROCESSING CONTINUES |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The CHECKVTOC keyword was specified with the DUMP or COPY command, and VTOC errors were encountered on the specified volume. Because the CANCELERROR keyword was not specified, the dump or copy operation proceeds.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the attention and error messages preceding this message.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR244E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), PROCESSING BYPASSED DUE TO CANCELERROR KEYWORD AND VTOC ERRORS FOUND ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The CHECKVTOC keyword was specified with the DUMP or COPY command, and VTOC errors were encountered on the specified volume. Because the CANCELERROR keyword is specified, the dump or copy operation is terminated.

System action

Processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the attention and error messages preceding this message.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR245W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN ENQUEUE LOCKOUT CONDITION WAS DETECTED
FOR DATA SET *dsname* {IN CATALOG *catalog_name*}

Explanation

During DFSMSdss DEFRAG processing on the named data set, an enqueue lockout was detected. This condition can occur when DFSMSdss does a reserve on the VTOC and then performs a catalog management function. A second job has exclusive control of the catalog that DFSMSdss needs while DFSMSdss has control of the VTOC that the second job needs.

System action

The named data set is bypassed and is not moved. Processing continues on the remainder of the volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR246E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN ERROR OCCURRED DURING CVAF VTOC ACCESS
FOR DATA SET *dsname* ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*, *xx-yyy*

Explanation

An error occurred while using one of the CVAF VTOC access macros. *xx* is the CVAF return code (see [z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services](#) for a description of these codes). *yyy* is the CVSTAT return code (see [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for a description of these codes).

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the action recommended by CVAF.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR247W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), A PREVIOUS DEFRAG OF VOLUME *volser* WAS INTERRUPTED WHILE PROCESSING EXTENT *nnn* OF *dsname*

Explanation

DEFRAG analysis detected that a prior DEFRAG was interrupted while it was relocating the indicated data set extent.

System action

DEFRAG cleanup is performed and DEFRAG restarted.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify the data integrity of the indicated data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR248E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VTOC DADSM INTERRUPT FLAG (DIRF) IS ON

Explanation

The VTOC DIRF flag is on, indicating that the last DADSM request against this volume was prematurely interrupted, leaving the VTOC in a partially updated state.

System action

DEFRAG processing ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify the data integrity of the volume. Correct the DIRF setting before rerunning DEFRAG.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR250I | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), EXTENTS CONSOLIDATED FROM c:h TO c:h FOR data-set-name |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

When extents of a multi-extent data set are consolidated, this message is issued if the EXEC statement PARM option TRACE=YES or the keyword DEBUG(TRACE) is specified.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR251W | xxx)-mmmmm(yy), ORPHAN FORMAT 3 AT DSCB C-H-R c-h-r |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued when DEFRAG processing detects an orphaned FORMAT 3 DSCB in the VTOC. Orphan FORMAT 3 DSCBs can occur if the DEFRAG process is interrupted while it is updating the VTOC and releasing FORMAT 3 DSCBs during data set extent consolidation. (A FORMAT 3 DSCB is converted to a FORMAT 0 DSCB.) An orphan FORMAT 3 indicates that either there is no FORMAT 1 DSCB that points to it, or that the orphan is in a chain of FORMAT 3 DSCBs and there is no FORMAT 1 DSCB that points to the chain.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Inspect the VTOC to ensure that the orphan FORMAT 3 does not represent a significant performance impact. If there are enough orphan FORMAT 3 DSCBs to make it difficult to obtain FORMAT 0 DSCBs for new allocations, do the following:

- Perform a logical data set dump of all the data sets on the volume.
- Reinitialize the volume.
- Perform a logical restore of the dumped data sets.
- Increase the size of the VTOC, if necessary.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR252I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DEFAULT PROCESSING OF CHECKPOINT INDICATED DATA SETS MODIFIED BY INSTALLATION PATCH BYTE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The installation has set the patch byte at offset X'43' in ADPATCH to X'FF'. This patch byte indicates DEFrag default processing of checkpoint indicated data sets is modified to relocate extents even if the associated data set VTOC entry has its DS1CPOIT flag set on.

System action

DEFrag does not issue message ARD211I when it encounters this condition. DEFrag instead moves any selected extent for a data set, even when the checkpoint indicated flag is set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR253E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO DETERMINE FREE SPACE ON VOLUME <i>volser</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DEFrag is unable to determine the location of free space extents on the volume being processed. The probable cause is that DEFrag failed to find one or more free space entries in the VTOC. The free space entries are either missing or reside beyond the range of used entries in the VTOC.

System action

DEFrag processing ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine if any free space entries are missing or reside beyond the range of used entries in the VTOC. If so, correct the problem and rerun DEFrag. If appropriate free space entries exist and are within the range of used entries in the VTOC, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR254I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DEFAULT PROCESSING OF LINKLIST INDICATED DATA SETS MODIFIED BY INSTALLATION PATCH BYTE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The installation has set the dynamic patch byte at offset X'4E' to X'FF'. This dynamic patch byte indicates that DEFRAG default processing of linklist-indicated data sets is modified to cause extent relocation when the associated data set name is found in the linklist table, even though serialization not be obtained on the data set.

System action

DEFRAG does not issue message ADR211I when it encounters a linklist-indicated data set. Instead, DEFRAG moves any selected extent for a linklist-indicated data set even if serialization is not obtained.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR255E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EXTENT <i>starting_c:h-ending_c:h</i> ON VOLUME <i>volser</i> COULD NOT BE ERASED USING A FAST ERASE METHOD |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to erase the source extent using a fast erase technique following successful relocation of the extent during DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE processing. DFSMSdss does not attempt to erase the source extent using traditional I/O because FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) is specified. The extent is either part of an erase-on-scratch data set or the ADMINISTRATOR keyword is specified. This can potentially cause sensitive data to be left at the source location on the volume.

System action

DFSMSdss DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the previously issued ADR933W for an explanation of why the ANTRQST SRELEASE request failed. Specify FASTREPLICATION(PREFERRED) if you want DFSMSdss to always retry and erase the source extents using traditional I/O when the ANTRQST SRELEASE fails.

To alleviate the case where the sensitive data is left at the source location, the ICKDSF TRKFMT command can be used to erase the data left on the source location. See [Device Support Facilities \(ICKDSF\) User's Guide and Reference](#) for more information.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR256E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ERROR OCCURRED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO CONSOLIDATE EXTENTS FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During CONSOLIDATE processing, DFSMSdss was unable to move an extent. Previous processing has relocated one or more extents.

System action

This data set is not consolidated. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the previously issued messages for an explanation of why CONSOLIDATE was unable to move the extent for the data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR257I | CVAFDSM MACRO UNABLE TO DETERMINE THE HIGHEST ALLOCATED DSCB ADDRESS ON VOLUME volume_serial_number,xx-yyyy |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

xx
Is a CVAF return code. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for a description of CVAF codes.

yyyy
Is the CVSTAT status code. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for a description of CVSTAT codes.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues to the end of the VTOC. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the action recommended by CVAF.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR258I | (ttt)-mmmm(yy), THE SPECIFIED MAXTIME HAS EXPIRED. PROCESSING ENDS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The keyword MAXTIME (nummins) was coded by the user. The specified amount of time has passed so DFSMSdss ends the function.

System action

The DFSMSdss function quiesces current processing and ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If more time is needed for processing, remove the MAXTIME keyword or increase the value of nummins.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR260I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EXTENTS REDUCED FROM <i>oldextcnt</i> TO <i>newextcnt</i> FOR <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During CONSOLIDATE processing, the number of extents used by data set *dsname* was reduced from *oldextcnt* to *newextcnt*.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR261I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO FURTHER CONSOLIDATE EXTENTS FOR <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During CONSOLIDATE processing, the number of extents could not be reduced any further for data set *dsname*.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR262I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> HAS <i>extents</i> VOLUME EXTENT(S) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This is the data set extent information message. This message is issued when TYPRUN=NORUN is specified for CONSOLIDATE. One message is issued for each data set that passes filtering on the volume. *extents* is the number of extents the data set has on this volume.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR263E (xxx)-mmmm(yy), NOT ENOUGH FREE SPACE DSCBS AVAILABLE

Explanation

During a DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE run, there were not enough free space DSCBs available to rebuild the free space information to reflect the free space on the volume. While performing the appropriate application programmer's response fixes the volumes free space information, a subsequent run can still encounter the same problem if more free spaces are created than can fit into the number of available entries for the available format-5 or format-7 DSCBs.

System action

In the VTOC, the DS4DOSBT and the DS4EFVLD bits are left in a state to indicate that the free space is invalid for the volume. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

To prevent this error from occurring on a subsequent run, convert the volume's VTOC to an indexed VTOC with the ICKDSF BUILDIX command.

Programmer response

Allocate a temporary data set so that DADSM can rebuild the free space information. Then, perform an IEHLIST on the volume to verify the volume is in a usable state. If the IEHLIST still reports a problem, perform an ICKDSF REFORMAT on the volume. While these steps fix the current volume's free space DSCBs, subsequent runs of the DEFRAG or the CONSOLIDATE command can result in receiving this message again.

Source

DFSMSdss

**ADR264W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO DETERMINE FREE SPACE ON VOLUME
volser. CVAFDIR MACRO ERROR xx-yyyy**

Explanation

An error occurred during CVAFDIR access to the VTOC. DFSMSdss was unable to determine the free space extents information on the listed volume. *xx* is the CVAF return code (for a description of these codes, see [z/OS DFSMSdss Advanced Services](#)). *yyyy* is the CVSTAT return code (for a description of these codes, see [CVSTAT field codes in z/OS DFSMSdss Diagnosis](#)).

System action

The volume is not processed. DFSMSdss processing continues with the next volume. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the action recommended by CVAF.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR282I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> ON UNIT <i>device_number</i> CANNOT BE INITIALIZED BECAUSE IT IS CURRENTLY IN USE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Following a successful DUMP operation, DFSMSdss attempted to invoke ICKDSF to initialize the source volume of the DUMP operation because the FCWITHDRAW keyword was specified and the VTOC tracks were the target of a FlashCopy® relationship. However, it was determined that the ICKDSF INIT function would have failed because DFSMSdss detected that the device is currently in use by someone other than DFSMSdss, so the ICKDSF INIT was not performed. However, an FCWITHDRAW was still issued against the volume as requested.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The volume may have been in use because of non-DFSMSdss access to data on the volume. In this case, either code VOL=(PRIVATE,SER=xxxxxx) in the associated DD statement or request the operator to issue a mount command with the USE=PRIVATE subparameter to reduce the possibility of other jobs allocating (or accessing) the volume. The volume can be in use because there might be a user catalog on the volume that is allocated to the catalog address space (CAS). If the ADMINISTRATOR keyword was not specified DFSMSdss possibly invoked CAS to check for authorization to process the data set, which would have caused CAS to allocate the volume that is being processed. Specifying the ADMINISTRATOR keyword can prevent DFSMSdss from invoking CAS to perform authorization checking and causing CAS to allocate the volume.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR283W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT SELECTED, <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was not selected for processing. The reason codes (*reason_code*) are:

1

A catalog error occurred while obtaining the information necessary to filter the data set. Catalog management returned to DFSMSdss with return code 4, reason code 108. This means that an alias for the data set exists in the master catalog, but the user catalog that the alias points to is unavailable.

2

DFSMSdss was unable to allocate one or more volumes on which the data set resides. Message ADR405E precedes this message, indicating the allocation failure.

System action

The data set is not selected. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code:

1

See message IDC3009I for an explanation of catalog management's return code 4, reason code 108. If there is an alias pointing to an unavailable catalog, either make the catalog available or delete the alias and rerun the job.

2

Correct the problem indicated by message ADR405E and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR284W

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE FROM LSPACE
MACRO: xxx-yyy, WHILE CALCULATING FREE SPACE ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number**

Explanation

An unexpected return code was encountered from the LSPACE macro while trying to calculate free space on the indicated volume. The return code and reason code are printed in hexadecimal.

System action

The volume is not selected. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See LSPACE return code information in the [z/OS DFSMSdftp Diagnosis](#).

ADR285E

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET dsname WAS NOT PROCESSED BECAUSE
THE PREALLOCATED TARGET DATA SET TYPE IS NOT SUPPORTED IN
THIS RELEASE, reason_code**

Explanation

The data set was not processed because a preallocated target data set exists that is not supported in this release. The reason code identifies the data set type:

- 1** Extended sequential
- 2** Compressible extended sequential
- 3** HFS file
- 4** Extended format VSAM
- 5** Data set with extended attributes
- 6** Multivolume extended sequential
- 7** Extended addressable VSAM
- 8** Integrated catalog facility tape volume catalog
- 9** VSAM data set with RLS information
- 10** Extended format multi-striped VSAM
- 11** Extended format non-keyed VSAM
- 12** Extended addressable non-keyed VSAM
- 13** Multivolume HFS
- 14** Non-SMS PDSE or HFS data set
- 15** The PDSE data set is defined as a generation data set (GDS).
- 16** The data set was compressed with zEDC Services.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

An error occurred when DFSMSdss attempted to read the F4 DSCB on volume *volser*.

System action

The processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See accompanying messages, if any, for additional information.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

Following a successful DUMP operation, DFSMSdss attempted to invoke ICKDSF to initialize the source volume of the DUMP operation because the FCWITHDRAW keyword was specified. However, an FCWITHDRAW was still issued against the volume as requested. The return codes below explain the reason why the volume was not initialized:

- 1** The VTOC tracks on the source volume of the DUMP operation are not the target of a FlashCopy relationship.
- 2** TRACKS was specified but the tracks range specified did not designate range that represents the entire volume.
- 3** The volume is a VM-format volume (CP volume).
- 4** The volume does not support FlashCopy Version 2.
- 5** Patch byte at offset X'4D' in ADPATCH contains a nonzero value that indicates bypassing volume initialization.
- 6** ICKDSF failed to initialize the volume.
- 7** The space efficient volume was not re-initialized. To prevent capacity pool space consumption, consider running an ICKDSF INIT against the device.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The contents of the volume are possibly invalid. Determine whether the volume is usable and initialize the volume with ICKDSF if necessary.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR288W | FCWITHDRAW WAS SPECIFIED BUT CANNOT BE USED FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> ON UNIT <i>devn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss did not invoke the ANTRQST macro for a FCWITHDRAW request because of a issue previously detected. Please refer to the messages previously issued.

System action

The FlashCopy Withdraw was not issued. DFSMSDss processing continues.

Programmer response

Take the following actions depending on the messages previously issued. In order to remove the device from a FlashCopy relationship, consider running an ICKDSF INIT command against the volume if the contents of the volume are no longer needed to ensure the volume is left in a usable state.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR297I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CHECKPOINTED DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS SELECTED FOR PROCESSING |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set *dsname* is marked as an SMS checkpointed data set and has been selected for processing.

System action

The data set is processed. The *checkpointed* designation is removed from the target data set during RESTORE, COPY, CONVERTV, DEFRAG, and RELEASE.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR298E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> is CHECKPOINTED AND WILL NOT BE PROCESSED BY {DUMP COPY RELEASE RESTORE} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set *dsname* is marked as an SMS checkpointed data set, and is not available for the indicated operation unless FORCECP is specified with the appropriate *days* parameter.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Confirm that the checkpointed data set is no longer required for a restart, specify FORCECP with the appropriate *days* parameter and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR299E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CORRECT SIZE (IN CYLINDERS) OF VOLUME <i>volser</i> CANNOT BE DETERMINED. VOLUME IS NOT PROCESSED. SIZE FROM DEVTYPE MACRO IS <i>nnnnnn</i>. SIZE FROM RDC DATA IS <i>nnnnnn</i>. SIZE FROM VTOC IS <i>nnnnnn</i>. SIZE FROM VTOC INDEX IS <i>nnnnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss detected that either the size of the volume in the VTOC does not match the size of the volume in the VTOC index, or a seek in the high cylinder of the volume (as indicated in the VTOC) failed. The seek failure means that the volume is smaller than indicated in the VTOC. The sizes are represented in decimal and include both primary and alternate cylinders. A zero value indicates that the size was not available. (For example, if the volume does not contain a VTOC index, the size from the VTOC index is zero.)

System action

The volume is not processed. Data sets that reside on this volume are not processed. Processing continues with any other volumes or data sets. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine the proper size of the device, correct the problem, and rerun the job. If the size of the volume in the VTOC or VTOC index or both is incorrect, you can use ICKDSF REFORMAT REFVTOC to correct the problem. Additionally, you might need to refresh the operating system's internal control structure for the device using the following DEVSERV operator command:

```
DEVSERV QDASD,device_number,1,VALIDATE
```

where *device_number* is the device number. If these actions do not resolve the problem, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center for programming support.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR301E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED WHILE FILTERING DATA SETS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>. VOLUME WAS NOT PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

I/O or logical errors were encountered in accessing the VTOC or VVDS on the specified volume during a data set dump, copy, or convert operation.

System action

The specified volume is bypassed. Processing continues with the next volume, if any. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For I/O errors, follow your site's recommendations for I/O errors, and resubmit the job. For logical errors encountered in the VVDS, run access method services DIAGNOSE against the indicated volume and correct the problem.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR302E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INPUT AND OUTPUT DEVICE TYPES DO NOT MATCH. UCB TYPE OF INPUT <i>xxxx1</i>, OUTPUT <i>xxxx2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The source and target volumes of a PHYSICAL DATA SET, TRACKS, or FULL volume COPY or RESTORE are not of like or similar device types. The devices types (*xxxx1* and *xxxx2*) are given in hexadecimal.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Select a matching device type, correct the control statement in error, and rerun the job. If you want to copy to an unlike device, specify on your COPY command. If performing a PHYSICAL DATA SET COPY, unlike device types are not supported.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR303E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND NOT SUPPORTED WITH SYSTEM RESIDENCE VOLUME |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A full volume RESTORE of, COPY to, or DEFRAG of the system residence volume is not allowed. The system residence volume was specified for output.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

This is a user error. Do not RESTORE, COPY onto, or DEFRAG the system residence volume. Correct the control statement in error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR304E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE ACCESSING {VTOC | VVDS} IMAGE OF VOLUME *volume_serial_number* ON DDNAME *ddname*,
xxxx

Explanation

An error (logical or I/O) was encountered in analyzing the image of the VTOC or VVDS on the dumped tape during data set RESTORE processing. The types of possible logical errors can be:

- A non-VTOC or non-VVDS record
- An invalid format of the VVDS
- No data on track
- I/O errors encountered on the track during the DUMP
- An end-of-file (EOF) during the VTOC or VVDS search.

If physical I/O errors were encountered, other I/O error messages precede this message. The xxxx in the message is the SYNAD information passed by the access method routines.

System action

The volume is bypassed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Make sure the function completed normally during the DUMP process. If the error is in the VVDS, non-VSAM data sets can be restored when you specify DSORG NE VSAM in the BY criteria. Use a different backup copy to do the RESTORE.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

DFSMSdss failed to get exclusive control of the associated DASD volume through enqueueing of the volume's VOLID or VVDS during a DUMP/RESTORE/COPY/CONVERTV/DEFRAG/SPACEREL operation, or a TRACKS or VTOC PRINT operation even after a specified or defaulted number of retries. If the resource is VTOC, DADSM functions might have been performing while DFSMSdss was trying to serialize the use of the DASD volume. If the resource is VVDS, catalog or VSAM functions might have been accessing the VVDS.

System action

For all operations except logical DUMP/RESTORE, the function ends with a return code of 8. A logical data set dump with LOGINDD or LOGINDY specified also ends with a return code of 8. Processing continues with the next control statement. For a data set DUMP/RESTORE operation without LOGINDD or LOGINDY specified, the volume is bypassed; a return code of 8 is set, but processing continues on any other volumes.

Operator response

Mount the volume with USE=PRIVATE before rerunning the job.

Programmer response

Either code VOL=(PRIVATE,SER=xxxxxx) in the associated DD statement or request the operator to issue a mount command for the volume with the USE=PRIVATE subparameter to reduce the possibility of other jobs allocating to (or accessing) the volume. Change the WAIT parameters to increase the WAIT seconds and the retry count. When system activity on the volume is reduced, rerun or resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

A FULL volume COPY or RESTORE was attempted on the volume, but another job is using the volume. It is possible that another job is accessing a data set on the volume. The system can also issue this message during a data set COPY when INDD is specified. In this case, the VTOC on the volume was already enqueued.

System action

The task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

Mount the volume with USE=PRIVATE before rerunning the job.

Programmer response

Either code VOL=(PRIVATE,SER=xxxxxx) in the associated DD statement or request the operator to issue a mount command with the USE=PRIVATE subparameter to reduce the possibility of other jobs allocating (or accessing) the volume. In the case of data set COPY, remove the INDD keyword and rerun the job.

The volume could be in use because there might be a user catalog on it that is allocated to the catalog address space (CAS). For more information, see the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) under “Restoring Volumes”, subheading of “Specifying Output Volumes.”

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR307E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO OPEN VOLUME volume_serial_number, reason_code return_code*

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to OPEN volume *volume_serial_number* for the reason indicated by the reason code (*reason_code*). OBTAIN, RDJFCB, or OPEN passed the return code (*return_code*). The possible reason codes are:

- 4** OBTAIN failure on VTOC's VTOC entry.
- 6** The VTOC's VTOC entry is not the first record in the VTOC.
- 8** RDJFCB failure.
- 12** OPEN failure.
- 16** The VM-formatted volume does not have an OS-compatible VTOC beginning on track zero, record five.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

- 4** See [z/OS DFSMSdss Advanced Services](#) for an explanation of the OBTAIN return code.
- 6** If the volume is VM-formatted, specify the CPVOLUME keyword. Otherwise, DFSMSdss does not support this volume format.
- 8** See [z/OS DFSMSdss Advanced Services](#) for an explanation of the RDJFCB return code.
- 12** See [z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets](#) for an explanation of the OPEN return code.
- 16** If the volume is OS-formatted, do not specify the CPVOLUME keyword. Otherwise, DFSMSdss does not support this volume format.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

One of the following explanations applies:

- The user was unable to obtain the necessary RACF or password access:
 - To the volume during a data set DUMP/COPY/CONVERTV/PRINT/RESTORE operation
 - To the volume during a COMPRESS or RELEASE or SPACEREL operation
 - To a data set on the volume for a full or tracks DUMP/RESTORE/COPY/PRINT operation.
- The installation-wide exit routine denied access to the volume.
- The operator denied access to a checkpoint/restart, RACF-protected, or system data set on the volume.
- I/O errors were encountered during checking authorization of the volume, and the operator denied further processing.

System action

The task ends on a full or tracks operation. The volume is bypassed for a data set operation or for a COMPRESS or RELEASE or SPACEREL. The return code is 8.

Operator response

If the programmer has proper authority, reply *U* to ADR369D or ADR371D.

Programmer response

Obtain proper access authority, and retry the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

Explanation

The capacity of the source volume is greater than that of the target volume. The *nnnn* is the highest cylinder number in hexadecimal.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check whether the source or target volume is:

- An MVS-formatted VM minidisk
- A 3380E (source) and a 3380D (target)

- A 3380K (source) and a 3380E or 3380D (target)
- A 3380E (source) and a 3390-1 (target in 3380 compatibility mode)
- A 3380K (source) and a 3390-1 or -2 (target in 3380 compatibility mode)
- A 3390-2 (source) and a 3390-1 (target)
- A 3390-3 (source) and a 3390-1 or 3390-2 (target)
- A 9345 model 2 (source) and a 9345 model 1 (target)

Such conditions are not allowed on a full volume operation, or if the range falls outside the capacity of the volume on a tracks operation. Select the correct input and output volumes, correct the statement in error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR310W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR FOUND IN VTOC. UNALLOCATED SPACE WILL BE PROCESSED FOR VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

This message is printed for the following reasons:

- A volume without an indexed VTOC indicates no valid free space information entries exist in the VTOC.
- On a volume without an indexed VTOC, a nonzero return code was received from OBTAIN because an I/O error occurred, the DSCB was not found, or an invalid work area pointer was passed to OBTAIN.
- DFSMSdss passed a nonzero return code on a volume with an indexed VTOC.
- The DIRF bit is ON; or, on a volume without an indexed VTOC, the z/VSE® is ON. The z/VSE operating system is derived from DOS/360.

System action

The entire volume, including unallocated space, is dumped or copied. The return code is 4.

If the DSS step completes with CC=04, then the dump copy is valid and only a warning message is issued. DFSMSdss DUMP will dump the entire physical volume including all unallocated space rather than the allocated space only. If CC is 08 or above, the dump is in error and additional messages will be issued with more details about the error.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For an I/O error, take the corrective action suggested at your site. If the z/VSE is on for a volume without an indexed VTOC, allocate a temporary data set to let DADSM rebuild the free space information.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR311E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), TRACKS OPERATION MUST SPECIFY PURGE TO OVERLAY {TRACK ZERO | VTOC | VVDS | VTOCIX}

Explanation

The PURGE parameter was not specified for a TRACKS COPY or RESTORE on track 0, the VTOC, the VVDS, or the VTOC index data set.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you want to overlay any of these, specify the PURGE keyword in the command, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR312W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DURING A TRACKS OPERATION, THE VTOC OR TRACK 0 WAS OVERLAID

Explanation

For an attempted TRACKS COPY or RESTORE on the VTOC or track 0, the location and extents of the VTOC on the source and target volumes did not match.

System action

The VTOC or track 0 is overlaid. The COPY or RESTORE continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Make sure that the overlay was intended. If not, restore the output volume from a prior backup.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR313E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), OPERATOR DENIED OVERLAY OF {TRACK ZERO | VTOC | VVDS | VTOCIX} ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

A TRACKS COPY or RESTORE was attempted on track 0, VTOC, VVDS, or VTOC index data set. The operator was prompted for the necessary authorization, but the authorization was denied.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

If you have sufficient authority to overlay track 0 or VTOC, reply *U* to message ADR345D.

Programmer response

Rerun the job, and have the operator allow the VTOC or track 0 to be overlaid.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR314E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE ACCESSING {VTOC VVDS} ON <i>volume_serial_number</i>. PROCESSING CONTINUES |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered in dumping the VTOC or VVDS of the specified volume.

System action

A return code of 8 or 16 is set on the input or output error, respectively. Processing continues on input errors and ends on output errors. If CANCELERROR is specified, processing ends on input errors but continues for subsequent volumes on a data set DUMP.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For a data set operation, use ICKDSF to recover the bad VTOC or VVDS track and rerun the job. If it is the VVDS, follow the procedure recommended at your site for VVDS errors (run access method services DIAGNOSE and take appropriate action). On a data set DUMP, you can recover the logical volumes that were successfully dumped by running a COPYDUMP operation and specifying the volume serial numbers in the LOGICALVOLUME parameter.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR315I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), REQUIRED CHANNEL COMMANDS NOT SUPPORTED ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>. OPTIMIZE(1) WILL BE USED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The device does not support the Read Multiple Count, Key, and Data or Read Track channel commands; or I/O errors were encountered in testing whether the Read Multiple Count, Key, and Data and Read Track channel commands are supported on the device. OPTIMIZE(2), OPTIMIZE(3), and OPTIMIZE(4) are applicable only if one of these channel commands is supported. This can also occur if the device can be accessed through multiple control units. Some control units support either channel command and others do not.

System action

OPTIMIZE(1) is used to run the DUMP function.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To get the performance advantages, ensure that all control units attached to the device support the Read Multiple Count, Key, and Data or Read Track channel commands.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR316W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN {I/O LOGICAL} ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED ON THE {VOLUME LABEL TRACK VTOC VVDS DATA TRACKS}, AND ONE OR MORE TRACKS WERE NOT PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred on the specified track or tracks on the source volume and CANCELERROR was not specified. Other messages that precede this message indicate the track or tracks that had the error. CANCELERROR is ignored and this message is issued, for the following types of errors on a DASD volume: equipment check, command reject, intervention required, and bus out parity.

System action

The tracks that had the errors were not processed. If you are doing a DUMP and the error was on VVDS, a data set RESTORE cannot be done for VSAM data sets. If the error was on the VTOC, a data set RESTORE cannot be done for any data set, but a full or tracks RESTORE is possible. If the error was on the volume label track and track zero is to be copied or restored, correct the error and rerun the job. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you are doing a DUMP and the output is intended for a data set RESTORE, correct the error and rerun the job. If it is a logical error on the VVDS, VTOC, or volume label track, do a TRACKS PRINT of the VVDS, VTOC, or volume label track to check their format. Also, if it is the VVDS, run access method services DIAGNOSE on the VVDS to determine the nature of the problem. Correct the error.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR317I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE DEVICE SIZE FIELD IN THE VTOC IS INCORRECT IF VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS NOT A MINIVOLUME. DEVICE SIZE OF <i>nnnnnn</i> CYLINDERS WILL BE USED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

If the volume indicated by *volume_serial_number* is not a minivolume, the device size field in the VTOC is incorrect.

System action

The device size of *nnnn* (in hexadecimal) cylinders is used.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If it is not a minivolume and the *nnnn* value is incorrect, the DFSMSdss function completed in error. Run AMASPZAP or ICKDSF REFORMAT REFVTOC to correct the device size field in the VTOC to reflect the actual

size of the volume, and then rerun the job. If it is a minivolume, action by DFSMSdss is correct. Verify that your minivolume size equals the size indicated in the message.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR318I *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), y TRACKS OUT OF x WERE DUMPED FROM VOLUME volume_serial_number USING NON-OPTIMIZE CHANNEL PROGRAM AFTER ENCOUNTERING TRACK OVERFLOW RECORDS*

Explanation

OPTIMIZE channel programs fail on tracks that have overflow records. An attempt was made to dump x tracks using optimize channel program chain. Of these x tracks, y tracks were dumped using a nonoptimized channel program chain because track overflow records were encountered in using optimize channel programs.

System action

The y tracks are processed using normal channel programs. This results in performance degradation.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the number is large, the names of data sets not marked as track overflow data sets in the VTOC must be specified in the TRACKOVERFLOW keyword if OPTIMIZE(2), (3), or (4) is specified. If ALLDATA or ALLEXCP is specified for a data set, the allocated tracks beyond the end of the used data might have residual track overflow records. If so, do not code ALLDATA or ALLEXCP for these data sets.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR319W *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME SERIAL NOT CHANGED ON VOLUME volume_serial_number*

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered in trying to read track 0 from the target volume at the end of the COPY or RESTORE. Message ADR348E precedes this message. The rest of the tracks were successfully copied or restored.

System action

Processing ends. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The COPY or RESTORE completed successfully but the volume serial did not change. Use AMASPZAP to update the serial number of the volume, or COPY or RESTORE track 0 again. If an alternate track can be assigned to track 0, use Device Support Facilities to do so. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR320I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME SERIAL <i>volume_serial_number_1</i> ON UNIT <i>device_number</i> IS CHANGED TO <i>volume_serial_number_2</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The volume serial (*volume_serial_number_1*) was changed to (*volume_serial_number_2*) upon user's request. The operator is notified of the change.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR321E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The requested data set is not on the volume. The system might also issue this message for a data set that is being migrated when DFSMSDss tries to process the data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the data set name or locate the correct volume, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR322E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT SELECTED DUE TO DUPLICATE NAME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Two or more data sets with the same name were found. This message can also appear when output volumes are specified and data sets of the same name as an input data set exist on more than one output volume. One of the data sets can be the input data set if the volume on which it resides is in the specified output volume.

list. Another case this message can appear is while DFSMSdss is filtering, and DFSMSHsm processes this data set and changes the catalog entry to "MIGRAT". The message will also be issued when, while DFDSS is in the process of DUMPing a data set name, another batch job deletes and defines the identical data set name.

System action

If the data sets with the same names are on input volumes, the data set is not selected. If the data sets with the same names are on output volumes, the cataloged input data set is processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues for other data sets.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Redefine the data set with a unique name or select only that volume to process by specifying input volumes. If migrated, recall the data set. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR323E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ACCESS DENIED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The user does not have password or RACF access to the data set, or the operator denied access to the checkpoint/restart or system data set.

System action

The PRINT task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

If the user has authorization to access the data set, reply *U* to message ADR369D or ADR371D.

Programmer response

Acquire authorization to access the data set, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR324E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE VOLUME/DATA SET SPECIFIED BY {DDNAME <i>ddname</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} HAS BECOME UNUSABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A RESTORE, COPY, DUMP, or COPYDUMP has not completed successfully, which leaves the output volume or data set in questionable condition. For a COPY or RESTORE, the volume serial number defines the device that has become unusable. For a DUMP or COPYDUMP, the DD statement *ddname* defines the tape or DASD data set that has become unusable. The data set has become unusable because either data set control information was written to the data set and no valid data sets were copied or an error condition left the data set unusable for performing any restores from it. Other messages indicating the cause of the error precede this message.

System action

For RESTORE and COPY, the current task ends with a return code of 16, and processing continues with the next task. For DUMP and COPYDUMP, output is halted to the indicated *ddname* but continues for other *ddnames*, provided the installation-wide options exit does not force the DUMP or COPYDUMP function to end if a write error occurs on any of the output copies. If the installation-wide options exit forces such a cancellation, the task ends with a return code of 16, and processing continues with the next task.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If this message is accompanied by I/O error messages, take corrective action recommended at your site for such errors and rerun the job. If the error is on the output DASD during a COPY or RESTORE, a rerun might fail during authorization checking of the volume. In this case, initialize the volume offline to clean the volume before rerunning the COPY or RESTORE.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR325E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* HAS UNEXPIRED DATA SETS

Explanation

A full or tracks COPY or RESTORE tried to overlay unexpired data sets.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If overlay is intended, specify the PURGE option, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR326I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* ON UNIT *device_number* HAS BEEN INITIALIZED

Explanation

Following a successful DUMP operation, as designated by the FCWITHDRAW keyword and state of the VTOC tracks, DFSMSdss invoked ICKDSF to initialize the source volume of the DUMP operation.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR327W | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), NO DATA SETS PROCESSED FROM {VOLUME volume_serial_number. VOLUME CONTAINS AN OUTPUT DATA SET LOGICAL VOLUME volume_serial_number} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

One of the following applies:

- A data set DUMP, COPY, CONVERTV, or RESTORE did not select any data sets that matched the filtering criteria.
- The input volume cannot be processed because the selected volume contains an output data set that is used during dump. An S138 abend would result if DFSMSdss attempted to extend the data set.
- The selected data sets cannot be processed because of failure to ENQ or to allocate.
- The selected data sets cannot be processed because of failure to access the protected data sets.
- For a RELEASE, no data sets were selected because none has releasable space.
- For a COMPRESS, no data sets were selected because none is eligible for compression.

System action

Processing continues on the next volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR328E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR DURING DATA SET SELECTION. VOLUME volume_serial_number IS BYPASSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A data set DUMP, COPY, CONVERTV, or RESTORE with filtering failed on the indicated volume during VTOC or VVDS processing. For a RESTORE, the *volume_serial_number* is the volume serial of the source volume.

System action

Processing continues on the next source volume. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine the failure from the previous messages associated with this task ID.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR329I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET DUMP OF VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> {BEGINS ENDS} ON TAPE <i>serial_number</i> SEQUENCE <i>sequence_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A data set DUMP for volume *volume_serial_number* started or ended on the specified tape (*serial_number*) and on the specified data sequence number (*sequence_number*).

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR330W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), OUTPUT VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IN USE. PROCESSING CONTINUED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The output volume was in use by other jobs in the system during a tracks COPY or RESTORE. Some of the data sets mapped by these tracks might have been in use while DFSMSdss was processing the volume.

System action

The tracks operation is continued. If the data sets mapped by these tracks were in use, the contents of these tracks are unpredictable. The return code is set to 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Analyze the job log to check if the data sets mapped by the tracks were in use at the time of the COPY or RESTORE. If they were, rerun the COPY or RESTORE if necessary. The volume could be in use because there might be a user catalog on it that is allocated to the catalog address space (CAS). For more information, see the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) under “Restoring Volumes”, subheading of “Specifying Output Volumes.”

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR331E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), OUTPUT BLKSIZE <i>nnnnnnnn1</i> FOR DATA SET ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> IS SMALLER THAN INPUT BLKSIZE <i>nnnnnnnn2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The block size specified in the JCL (or, if not specified, the defaulted block size) for output on DASD is smaller than the block size of the input volume created during the DUMP. This is not allowed. The *nnnnnnnn1* and *nnnnnnnn2* are in decimal notation.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Do not specify block size in the JCL, or, if a DASD data set is required, use a DASD that allows a larger block size.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR332E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> (IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>) NOT RESTORED. PHYSICAL DATA SET OPERATION DOES NOT SUPPORT RENAME OF VSAM DATA SETS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During a physical data set copy or restore, RENAME, is specified, and the named VSAM data set met the rename filtering criteria. DFSMSdss does not support the RENAME keyword for VSAM data sets during physical data set restore.

System action

The data set is not processed, and processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword to rename a VSAM data set or exclude renaming a VSAM data set by specifying old name filtering criteria that do not select VSAM data set names, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR333W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET CHANGE INDICATOR NOT RESET FOR {<i>dsname</i> <i>cluster_name componentname</i>} ON <i>volume_serial_number</i>, {OBTAIN ERROR, <i>error_code</i> I/O ERROR CVAFDIR ERROR NOT ENQUEUED} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to reset the data set change indicator in the data set's VTOC entry on the specified volume. Either DADSM OBTAIN failed, an I/O error occurred while writing the data set VTOC entry, a CVAFDIR error occurred while reading or writing the data set VTOC entry, or the data set was not enqueued by DFSMSdss. *error_code* is the error code passed by the OBTAIN service.

System action

The data set change indicator is still on for the data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either rerun the job, or use AMASPZAP to reset the data change indicator.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR335W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET CHANGE INDICATOR NOT RESET FOR ANY DATA SET ON A VTOC TRACK ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An input I/O error was encountered on a VTOC track when the data set change indicator was being reset in the VTOC entries.

System action

The data set change indicator is not reset in any of the VTOC entries on the track. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Wait until the next run to reset the change indicator, or run IEHLIST to list the VTOC and use AMASPZAP to reset the VTOC entries.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR336I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), LOGICAL ERROR WHILE READING VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, TRACK <i>c:h</i>, CCW <i>operation_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An unexpected error was encountered during a read operation that used the Read Multiple Count, Key, and Data or Read Track channel command. Normally, you need not take any action; however, see "Application Programmer Response".

System action

The track is reread using other channel commands.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you get this message too many times in a job, then either the DASD ERP program that retries a temporary data check or DFSMSdss might be in error.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR337E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE DUMP DATA SET IS EMPTY

Explanation

An attempt has been made to restore from an empty dump data set.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job with a good dump data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR338W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET CHANGE INDICATOR NOT RESET FOR ANY
DATA SET ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to acquire exclusive access of the VTOC on the specified volume for resetting the data set change indicator in the VTOC entries.

System action

The data set change indicator is not reset for any data set on the volume. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR339W

**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), I/O ERRORS WERE ENCOUNTERED ON
THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS DURING PROCESSING FROM
*volume_serial_number***

Explanation

A data set DUMP or COPY was specified, but one or more data sets encountered I/O errors. The list of data sets following this message indicates which data sets did not dump or copy successfully because of I/O errors.

System action

If DELETE or RESET options were indicated in the control statements, the data sets indicated in the list are not deleted and the data set change indicator is not reset. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you attempt a RESTORE for these data sets, you cannot restore the tracks that had the error and the tracks are cleared.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR340E

**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), OUTPUT I/O ERROR ENCOUNTERED ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number DURING RESET OF THE DATA SET CHANGE
INDICATOR IN THE VTOC**

Explanation

A permanent output error was encountered on the input volume while the data set change indicator was being reset during a full DUMP. The output from the DUMP is still usable. An I/O error message indicating the nature of the error precedes this message.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the I/O error message indicates that the volume is usable, take the same action as in message ADR333W; otherwise, restore the volume.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR342I

**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET CHANGE INDICATOR HAS BEEN RESET
FOR ALL QUALIFIED DATA SETS ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number***

Explanation

For all VTOC entries that had the indicator on, the data set change indicator was reset during a full volume DUMP or RESTORE operation.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR343E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VTOC IS FULL ON THE SINGLE TARGET VOLUME. NO MORE DATA SETS WILL BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot continue to allocate data sets on the volume specified by the user because the volume's VTOC or VTOC index is full.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use ICKDSF or a similar product to expand the VTOC or VTOC index of the target volume, and rerun the job or specify additional target volumes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR344I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLSER ON UCB <i>device_number</i> IS A DUPLICATE. VOLUME MADE UNAVAILABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A RESTORE or COPY resulted in a duplicate volume serial number in the specified UCB (*device_number*).

System action

The volume on the UCB is made unavailable to the system. Message ADR320I precedes this message.

Operator response

To make the new volume available to the system, the old volume with this volume serial must be unloaded or varied offline before the new volume is made available to the system.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR345D | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), REQUEST AUTHORIZATION TO OVERLAY {TRACK ZERO VTOC VTOC INDEX VVDS} ON UNIT <i>device_number</i>, <i>job_name</i>, <i>step_name</i>, <i>procedure_name</i>. REPLY U OR T |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A TRACKS COPY or RESTORE is being attempted on a portion of the VTOC or on track zero.

System action

Processing continues according to the operator's response.

Operator response

A response of *R* *zz*, *U* allows DFSMSDss to overlay track 0 or the VTOC. A response of *R* *zz*, *T* ends the operation, and processing continues with the next function.

Programmer response

Instruct the operator to let DFSMSDss continue processing, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR346I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VTOC INDEX WILL BE DISABLED ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The installation-wide exit requested that the VTOC index not be reconstructed.

System action

The DFSMSDss function continues processing. The SYS1.VTOCIX.volser data set is not reconstructed by ICKDSF.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The ICKDSF program can be performed separately from DFSMSDss.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR347E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PERMANENT I/O ERROR ON DDNAME *ddname*, xxxx

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred on the indicated DD statement. The *ddname* is followed by the SYNAD information. If USEEXCP=OFF was specified or defaulted to, the SYNAD information was passed by BSAM (xxxx). If USEEXCP=ON was specified, the SYNAD information was passed by EXCP (xxxx).

System action

A DUMP ends with a return code of 16. Continuation of a RESTORE depends on the CANCELERROR option coded by the user. If CANCELERROR is coded, the RESTORE ends with a return code of 16; otherwise, recovery is attempted but results are unpredictable. Processing continues with the next input control statement if a return code of 16 is set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For a DUMP, take appropriate corrective action, and rerun the job. For a RESTORE, use a different version of the backup copy.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR348E (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), PERMANENT {INPUT | OUTPUT} ERROR ON
VOLUME *volume_serial_number cchh, operation_code, csw, sense,*
ecb_status [return_code-reason_code]

Explanation

The DASD device contained a permanent I/O error. The *cchh*, *operation_code*, *csw*, *sense*, and *ecb_status* are printed in hexadecimal digits. If the track was being read with DFSMSdss I/O routines, only the first eight bytes of sense are printed. If the track was being read as part of a concurrent copy operation, 32 bytes of sense and the system data mover return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) are supplied as diagnostic aids. See “System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435 for explanations of the system data mover return and reason codes. DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.

System action

Another message explaining the ending action, if any, follows this message. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take appropriate action recommended at your site for the error identified by the sense information in the message. For *ecb_status* of X'42', search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center for programming support.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR349W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE REBUILDING FREE SPACE ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

An error occurred when a temporary DFSMSDss data set, SYS1.VTOCIX.DSS.TEMP.volser, was to be allocated. When performing a full-volume or tracks COPY or RESTORE to DASD, DFSMSDss may need to correct the free-space information on the volume. DFSMSDss takes this action when it performs the operation from a smaller-capacity DASD to a larger-capacity DASD, when both of the volumes contain a VTOC index, or during a TRACKS operation when a portion or all of the VTOC is overlaid.

DFSMSDss does this by first invalidating the free-space indicators in the VTOC. It then allocates a dummy data set to force free-space information to be recalculated. If successful, if the volume had an indexed VTOC, it is rebuilt.

System action

The free space information in the VTOC of this volume might be incorrect.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use the IEHLIST utility program to determine the VTOC accuracy. Try to allocate a data set on the volume to rebuild the free space information in the VTOC. If the volume had an indexed VTOC, it may currently be disabled. After correcting the VTOC, use ICKDSF to rebuild the index.

If there were other DFSMSDss or allocation error messages, you might need to perform the COPY or RESTORE job again.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR350E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), {I/O | LOGICAL ERROR} ENCOUNTERED ON {VVDS | VVDS IMAGE} ON *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

One of the following applies:

- I/O errors were encountered while the VVDS tracks were being read.
- Logical errors were encountered while the VVDS was being scanned for authorization checking on a TRACKS or FULL volume operation.
- Logical errors were encountered while data sets were being selected during a data set DUMP or RESTORE.

System action

If this error occurs during a FULL volume or TRACKS operation while checking authorization, other messages accompany this message. If this error occurs during data set selection, the volume is bypassed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

- For a logical error during DUMP: Run access method services DIAGNOSE on the volume to determine the problem, and correct it by using the procedure recommended by the [z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands](#) information.
- For a logical or physical error during RESTORE: Use a previous backup copy to restore the wanted VSAM data set.
- For a physical I/O error during DUMP: Take the appropriate action recommended at your site, or contact your system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR351E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED END OF FILE ON DDNAME *ddname*

Explanation

An unexpected end-of-file (EOF) was encountered before the normal end of processing. The input used might have been created in a DUMP that abnormally ended.

System action

The task ends. The output volume or data sets be unusable. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8 or 16.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use a good copy of the backup, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR352W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLID ON UNIT *device_number*, THAT HAD VSAM DATA SETS, HAS BEEN CHANGED FROM *volume_serial_number_1* TO *volume_serial_number_2* DURING A TRACKS OPERATION

Explanation

The output volume contains VSAM data sets. The VOLID was changed on the volume. If the tracks mapping these data sets were not copied or restored, these data sets might be inaccessible because of the change in the VOLID.

System action

The VOLID was changed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data sets are inaccessible, reset the VOLID to the original value.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR353I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE SELECTED FROM VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

TYPRUN=NORUN was specified in the EXEC statement parameter, and in data sets, the list of names that follows this message met the filtering criteria on the volume.

System action

The data sets are not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR354W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERRORS ENCOUNTERED WHILE PROCESSING {VVDS VTOC} ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Errors were encountered while the VVDS or VTOC were being processed.

System action

If the error is on the VTOC, you cannot do a data set RESTORE on VSAM data sets. Only full or tracks RESTORE can be done from the DUMP output. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Other error messages accompany this message. If you want to do a data set RESTORE from the DUMP output, take the appropriate action and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR355W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CHANGE VOLID ON UNIT <i>device_number</i> FROM <i>volume_serial_number_1</i> TO <i>volume_serial_number_2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A full COPY or RESTORE onto the volume was done from the source volume without specifying COPYVOLID. The VVDS data set name in the VTOC and the volume serial of the VVR for the VVDS on the output volume were carried over from the input volume. This does not agree with the volume serial of the output volume.

System action

The VSAM data sets on the receiving volume cannot be accessed until the volume serial of the receiving volume is changed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you want to access VSAM data sets, use Device Support Facilities to change the volume serial of the receiving volume. Do not rerun the COPY or RESTORE job until the volume serial is changed because authorization checks fail.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR356E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TASK TERMINATED BY UIM EXIT (<i>nn</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated User Interaction Module exit point, *nn*, ended the related DFSMSdss function before normal completion.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR358I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), PHYSICAL SPACE NOT RELEASED ON SPACE EFFICIENT VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> DUE TO PATCH BYTE SETTING |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The DFSMSdss patch byte PBNOINIT at offset X'4D' in ADPATCH contains a non-zero value which indicates that DFSMSdss should bypass initializing the DUMP source volume following a successful DUMP operation with FCWITHDRAW specified. As a result, the physical space on the space efficient volume remains allocated.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To release the allocated physical space on the space efficient volume that is the target of a FlashCopy relationship, initialize the volume with ICKDSF. When ICKDSF initializes a space efficient FlashCopy target volume, the relationship is withdrawn and the physical space is released.

If bypassing the volume initialization during DUMP FCWITHDRAW operations is not wanted, reset the patch byte to X'00'. See [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) for information on how you can set or change the patch byte value.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR359W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UTILITY PROCESSING FOR DATA SET *dsname*
COMPLETED WITH WARNINGS

Explanation

The utility successfully processed the data set but issued attention messages during processing. These messages are not spooled to SYSPRINT unless the DFSMSdss parameter *UTILMSG=YES* is specified.

System action

Processing continues. Return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify DFSMSdss parameter *UTILMSG=YES*, and rerun the job to view utility messages.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR360I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING {LOCKED | SUSPENDED} USER
CATALOG *catalog_name*

Explanation

The corresponding VVR for the integrated catalog facility user catalog being processed had the lock indicator set on.

The system might also issue this message for one of the following reasons:

- An IDCAMS ALTER command using the LOCK or SUSPEND option was processed against the existing user catalog before the DFSMSdss operation.
- During a logical data set restore to a preallocated user catalog when the BCSRECOVER keyword is specified with the LOCK or SUSPEND option.
- During a logical data set restore of a user catalog defined with the lock option to prevent the catalog from being accessed before DFSMSdss finishes processing.

System action

The function continues processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, look at the messages in the job log for more information. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the JCL and the SYSOUT output for the job.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR362T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), NO BUFFER AVAILABLE & NONE IN WRITE

Explanation

The DFSMSdss I/O modules cannot find a free buffer. There are outstanding requests for waits or checks.

System action

The job ends. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR363E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SOURCE DATA SET *dsname* {IS EMPTY | HAS AN UNSUPPORTED DSORG}. IT WILL NOT BE COPIED TO preallocated TARGET DATA SET

Explanation

The data set cannot be copied to the preallocated target data set for one of the following reasons:

- It is empty.
- It has a BLKSIZE of 0 and the target volume is of unlike device.
- It has an unsupported DSORG and the target volume is of unlike device.

System action

The data set was not copied. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To have the data set copied, do one of the following:

- For an empty data set, use ALLDATA or ALLEXCP to force copy of all allocated space in the data set. Make sure that the selected target volume is of like device and that the data set is not being reblocked.
- For a data set with a BLKSIZE = 0, make sure that the selected target volume is of like device.
- For a data set with an unsupported DSORG, make sure that the target volume is of like device. For a data set with an unsupported DSORG going to an unlike target device, specify the PROCESS keyword with the UNDEFINED subkeyword. The specified or chosen target device must have a track capacity equal to or greater than the source.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR364W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), TRACK CANNOT BE RESTORED DUE TO DATA CHECK DURING DUMP. C:H c:h, DDNAME ddname

Explanation

An error was encountered on a DASD volume during the DUMP. Because CANCELERROR was not coded, a dummy record was dumped. This record is recognized during the RESTORE.

System action

The indicated track (cchh) is not restored. Processing continues for other tracks. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Restore the data by an alternate means, if possible.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR365E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE CATALOG *catalog_name* SPECIFIED IN {RECATALOG | INCAT} IS NOT AVAILABLE. THE {COPY | DUMP | RESTORE | CONVERTV} TASK IS TERMINATED

Explanation

The catalog specified in the RECATALOG or INCAT parameter does not exist or is not available on the system.

System action

Performance of the task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the catalog name is correct and available, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR366W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TRACK <i>c:h</i> WRITTEN TO VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WITH INVALID TRACK FORMAT |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Track *c-h* had a track format which was not valid on the source volume during DUMP or COPY. It was restored or copied with the same condition to the indicated target volume. When this track is accessed on the target volume, the invalid-track-format condition recurs. Or, a direct data set that could not be accessed by relative block address (that is, it had a standard user label or its record format was not fixed or fixed block) was being copied from a smaller-capacity DASD to a larger-capacity DASD. A track of data from the smaller-capacity device could not fit on the track of the larger-capacity device. This condition can occur when the data set without fixed or fixed-block record format has a large maximum block size but the actual blocks are so small that the track of the larger-capacity device cannot contain all the smaller blocks because of the increased inner-block gap size of the larger-capacity device. This message is issued for each track copied that does not fit on the track of the larger-capacity device, and the copy continues. (You can stop the copying of such data sets by using the CANCELERROR keyword. See the use of CANCELERROR in the *z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration* manual and in message ADR367E in this manual.)

System action

Operation continues and the remaining tracks, if any, are restored. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR367E | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {R0 COUNT FIELD INVALID TRACK FORMAT} ERROR ON {INPUT OUTPUT} VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> <i>cchh</i> <i>operation_code</i> <i>csw</i> <i>sense</i> <i>ech_status</i> [<i>return_code-reason_code</i>] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Either the *cchh* track had an invalid track format, or a search ID for R0 on this track failed. If the track was being read with DFSMSdss I/O routines, only the first eight bytes of sense are printed. If the track was being read as part of a concurrent copy operation, 32 bytes of sense and the system data mover return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) are supplied as diagnostic aids. See [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#) for explanations of the system data mover return and reason codes. DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal.

System action

If the R0 count field error is encountered on an input volume and CANCELERROR was specified, the function ends with a return code of 16; otherwise, processing continues and a return code of 4 is set.

If the invalid-track-format condition was encountered on an input volume, all the data that DFSMSdss was able to read from this track is written to the output volume (COPY and DUMP), and the track is marked as having an invalid-track-format condition on the output tape (DUMP only). In this case, the return code is set to 8. If the invalid-track-format condition was encountered on an output volume, the track image that DFSMSdss attempted to write is in error, not the original target track.

Also, this message is issued instead of ADR366W when copying direct data sets when an invalid-track-format error occurs on a write to an output volume if the keyword CANCELERROR has been specified. The COPY or RESTORE of the data set receiving the invalid-track-format error is stopped, and the DFSMSdss-allocated target data set is deleted. Because of the concurrent processing of the output buffers on the WRITES, as many as three invalid tracks might be written before processing of the data set can be ended (that is, the system might issue three ADR367E messages before ending the copy). The COPY job continues to process any subsequent data sets. If a FULL or TRACKS COPY or RESTORE encounters the invalid-track-format condition, message ADR367E is issued and the task is ended. No subsequent tracks are processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the function ends because of the R0 count field error, correct the R0 record using Device Support Facilities and rerun the job. For an invalid-track-format condition, the user needs to reconstruct the track in error after the RESTORE.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR368E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), I/O ERROR ON DDNAME *ddname* WHILE
{PROCESSING VTOC | ADVANCING TO NEXT TRAILER RECORD} xxxx

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered in processing the VTOC or in bypassing the file for a data set restore. The xxxx is the SYNAD information passed by the access method routines.

See the explanation of the SYNADAF macro return text in [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

System action

If the operation was to process the VTOC, the restore ends and no further processing is performed. If the operation was to advance to the next trailer record, the restore continues because the I/O error occurred on a record that was not needed for this restore. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the operation was to process the VTOC, use a different version of the backup copy. If the operation was to advance to the next trailer record, permanent errors will result if you attempt a future RESTORE to restore the record that had the I/O error.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR369D | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AUTHORIZE FOR {READ WRITE} ACCESS {A CHECKPOINT/RESTART DATA SET A RACF DATA SET ON NON-RACF SYSTEM A VVDS A VTOCIX ON <i>volume_serial_number</i>, <i>job_name</i>, <i>step_name</i>, REPLY U OR T |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The requested authorization is for:

- A checkpoint/restart data set
- A RACF data set on a non-RACF system
- A VVDS or VTOCIX data set
- An integrated catalog facility-cataloged VSAM data set on a nonintegrated catalog facility system.

System action

Processing continues according to the operator action. If the operator replies *T*, a full or tracks operation ends and, on a data set operation, the data set is not processed. A reply of *U* authorizes the data set to be processed.

Operator response

Respond *R zz,U* to cause DFSMSdss to continue processing the data set or volume. Respond *R zz,T* to end the function and cause processing to continue for the next data set or next control statement.

Programmer response

Instruct the operator to authorize the processing through a reply of *U* to continue processing. Instruct the operator to reply *T* to terminate the job. The user can then either specify ADMINISTRATOR parameter (if authorized to use this parameter), or give the user READ to DASDVOL profile for the volume, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR370E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INVALID SEQUENCE NUMBER ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> LAST <i>nnnn1</i> NEXT <i>nnnn2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During a RESTORE, the sequence number of the record read, *nnnn2* (in hexadecimal) did not match the previous record processed, *nnnn1* (in hexadecimal). If there is an end of volume involved, a tape might have been mounted in the wrong sequence.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement. If the output volume was updated, a return code of 16 is set; otherwise, a return code of 8 is set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Probable user error. Mount the proper restore tape, or use the correct dump data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR371D | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), I/O ERROR ON <i>volume_serial_number</i> DURING AUTH CHECKING FOR {INPUT OUTPUT} ACCESS, <i>job_name</i>, <i>step_name</i>, REPLY U OR T |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered while the VTOC was accessed for authorization checking.

System action

Processing continues, depending on the response from the operator. A reply of T ends the function with a return code of 8.

Operator response

If the user has authorization to access the volume, reply *R zz,U* to continue the function. Otherwise, reply *R zz,T* to end the function.

Programmer response

Instruct the operator to let DFSMSdss continue processing, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR372W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ALIAS <i>dsname</i> NOT RESTORED FOR USER CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>, <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The user catalog alias was not restored for the restored user catalog. The reason code (*reason_code*) indicates why, as follows:

- 00** User catalog aliases are not restored when the user catalog is restored to a nonempty preallocated target.
- 04** The user catalog for this alias was not restored successfully.
- 08** A duplicate name exists in the master catalog for the alias.
- 12** A catalog error other than duplicate data set name occurred while the alias was being restored.

System action

The user catalog alias is not restored. Processing continues with the next data set. The system return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The user catalog was restored. To define the alias, do the following according to the reason code:

00

Use the IDCAMS DEFINE ALIAS command to define the alias if it does not exist and is wanted.

04

Other messages indicate why the user catalog was not restored. Correct the problem and rerun the restore.

08

If the duplicate name in the master catalog is an alias for the restored user catalog, no action is necessary. If the duplicate name is not an alias, correct the problem. If the alias is required, define it using the IDCAMS DEFINE ALIAS command.

12

Determine the error from message ADR497E that precedes this message and correct the problem. Then define the alias using the IDCAMS DEFINE ALIAS command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR373E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), REQUESTED TRACK {c:h | (SOME)} NOT ON INPUT
DDNAME ddname

Explanation

The track requested for the RESTORE (cchh) is not on the input file. It was probably not dumped. If the track is not printed, some of the requested tracks are not on the input volume.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8 if the task is a data set RESTORE or a full or tracks RESTORE that does not result in an unusable output volume. The return code is 16 if a full or tracks RESTORE results in an unusable output volume. Subsequent tracks are not restored.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either change the track range requested, or RESTORE from a different copy of the backup.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR374E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO OPEN DDNAME ddname, reason_code
return_code

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to OPEN the indicated data set for the indicated reason code (*reason_code*). RDJFCB passed the return code (*return_code*). The possible reason codes are:

8

RDJFCB failure.

10

Invalid parameters passed in JCL. The following are the probable reasons:

- SYSIN/SYSOUT data set
- DISP=MOD coded for the output data set
- DISP=SHR coded for the output data set
- BLKSIZE less than 7892 bytes for FULL, TRACKS, or DATASET dump data sets
- BLKSIZE less than 8232 bytes for PATH dump data sets
- BLKSIZE less than 7892 bytes
- DSORG other than PS
- BUFNO specified.

12

OPEN failure.

14

Invalid file format passed in the JCL. One of the following is true:

- RECFM is not FB or F
- RECLEN is not 80
- BLKSIZE is not a multiple of the record length.
- Encryption eligible basic and large format dump data sets are not supported.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the parameters in error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR375E

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* IS PARTITIONED, BUT HAS NO DIRECTORY. IT CAN ONLY BE {COPIED | RESTORED} TO A LIKE DEVICE

Explanation

The data set is partitioned, but has no directory. It can be copied or restored only to a like device, but no like devices were available or usable.

System action

Function fails for that data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job, ensuring that a like device with sufficient space is available.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR376E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ACQUIRE ADDITIONAL STORAGE FOR THE TASK |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Additional storage was required to continue the function, but it was not available.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8. An abend 80A might occur during DFSMSdss postprocessing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Provide adequate storage by increasing either the REGION size, the SIZE parameter, or both, or respecify the filtering criteria to reduce the number of data sets for the operation. Rerun the job. See the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) under "Storage Requirements" for more information about storage estimates.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR377W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The COPY, DUMP, or data set RESTORE command does not support the data set organization of the indicated data set. The volume indicated is the logical volume during a RESTORE. The PRINT command does not support split-cylinder data sets or nonintegrated catalog facility VSAM data sets. The DUMP command does not support multi-volume data sets when they have a standard user label.

System action

Processing continues for other data sets. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR378I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED FROM VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A list of data set names follows this message. The volume indicated is the logical volume for a RESTORE.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR379E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {OBTAIN ERROR <i>xxxx</i> NO F2/F3 DSCB NOT F2/F3 DSCB ERROR IN F1 DSCB ERROR IN F3 DSCB TOO MANY EXTENTS NO EXTENTS} [AT C:H <i>c:h</i>] ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FOR {DSNAME CLUSTERNAME <i>name</i> COMPONENTNAME <i>component_name</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Errors were encountered when the extents for the data set were accessed. The possible errors are:

- OBTAIN failed while the extents for the data set were retrieved.
- The VTOC entry indicated that the data set had more than three extents, but the additional extent descriptions could not be located. The VTOC entry for an indexed sequential data set did not include the ISAM-specific information.
- The record retrieved from the VTOC was not of the expected type.
- The description for one of the first three extents had errors.
- The descriptions for extents beyond the third extent had errors.
- The number of extents was more than the number supported (16 for a non-VSAM data set and 123 for a VSAM data set, a PDSE, or an extended format sequential data set).
- The extent information in the VTOC entry is null.
- The primary and/or alternate cylinder information in the VTOC is incorrect.

During a RESTORE, the volume serial is the logical volume.

System action

For non-VSAM data sets, only the retrieved extents are processed. If the error occurred during a data set DUMP and the data set is restored during a subsequent data set RESTORE, only the successfully dumped extents are restored. If the error occurred on a VSAM data set, it is not processed. If the error occurred during the BUILD SA operation, the BUILD SA task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use IEHLIST to verify the DSCBs for the VTOC. If the VTOC does not contain errors, rerun the job to dump the data set. Use a prior backup copy of the dump to restore the data set if it occurs during a RESTORE.

If the primary and/or alternate cylinder information in the VTOC is incorrect, you can use ICKDSF REFORMAT REFVTOC to correct them. Additionally, you might need to refresh the operating system's internal control structure for the device using the following DEVSERV operator command:

```
DEVSERV QDASD,device_number,1,VALIDATE
```

where *device_number* is the device number.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR380E (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* NOT PROCESSED, {*reason_code* | *reason_code-xxx*} [INDEX *dsname* VOLUME *volser*]

Explanation

The data set was not copied, restored, converted, or released. The reason codes (*reason_code* or *reason_code-xxx*) are:

0

An unmovable/ABSTR data set was not preallocated. Either the system does not support allocation of these data sets, or you are attempting physical restore of a nonpreallocated unmovable/ABSTR data set.

1

REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL was not specified for the unmovable data set.

2

There were unmatched extents on input and output for an unmovable/ABSTR data set. The extents of the source unmovable data set are printed.

3-xxx

DADSM was unable to allocate a data set. The xxx indicates DADSM (SVC 32) return codes. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for more information.

3-004

The *dsname* of request already exists on this volume; initial allocation was not possible under the given name.

3-008

No room was available in the VTOC.

3-012

A permanent I/O error or an error returned by CVAF was encountered.

3-016

Direct access to the absolute track was unavailable.

3-020

The requested quantity was unavailable.

3-024

The average record length is greater than 65535 bytes.

3-048

The parameter list was invalid.

3-052

The JFCB was invalid or a partial DSCB pointer was specified.

3-072

The DOS VTOC cannot be converted to an OS VTOC.

3-076

No space parameter was given for a new data set, or zero space was requested at absolute track zero.

3-100

CYL and CONTIG requests conflict.

3-104

The space subparameter was invalid.

3-116

User labels were not supported.

3-120

DSSIZE=0 and minimum allocation unit is greater than 0.

3-124

DSSIZE is not a multiple of the minimum allocation unit.

3-128

During a PDS space allocation request, a directory size request was larger than the entire allocation request.

3-132

Space request must be ABSTR for a DOS volume.

3-148

Overlapping extents were in the VTOC.

3-152

Overlapping DOS split-cylinder extents were in the VTOC.

3-156

DADSM allocation ended because of possible VTOC errors.

3-164

Allocation ended because of DOS stacked pack format.

3-168

RACDEF failed; data already was defined.

3-172

The user was not authorized to define the data set.

3-176

The installation-wide exit rejected the request with a return code of 8.

3-180

The installation-wide exit rejected the request with a return code of 4.

3-184

RACF was defined with modeling specified; the model was not found.

4

The authorization check failed.

5

The block sizes of the target and source data sets do not match. This can be caused by attempting to move a data set created in an N*512 environment to a non-N*512 environment, or vice versa.

6

The volume sequence number does not match.

7

DSORG did not match.

8

There was an error in the rename filter.

9

The movable data set on the receiving volume is not the same size as the data set on the source volume. The data set is in use and cannot be scratched and reallocated. This might be caused by the initiator holding serialization for the data set because the data set is referenced in a subsequent job step.

10

The movable data set on the receiving volume is smaller than the data set on the source volume. Failure occurred in the scratch; the data set cannot be scratched and reallocated.

11-xx

The VVDS calls failed. See return code 50 under message IDC3009I.

12

The extents mapped by the VTOC and VVDS on DASD do not match the VVDS on the input logical volume.

13-xxxx

Retrieving the extents from the VTOC failed. xxxx is the obtain error code. For the error code explanations, see [*z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis*](#).

14

Component names do not match. Either the component was redefined since the data set was backed up; or it is a multivolume data set, and the input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.

15

The number of components differs on input and output. Either the component was redefined since the data set was backed up; or it is a multivolume data set, and input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.

16

The beginning RBA for the components does not match on input and output. The input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.

17

Primary/secondary indicators do not match on input and output. The input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.

18

For physical data set processing: the REPLACE, RENAME, or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keywords were not specified for the movable non-VSAM data set, or REPLACE was not specified for a VSAM data set.

For logical data set processing, the REPLACE, REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL, RENAME, or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keywords were not specified for the data set.

19

The extents mapped by the VTOC do not match the VVDS on the output volume.

20-xxxx,yyyy

The data set on the output volume is smaller than on the input logical volume. xxxx = data component size in tracks (hexadecimal). yyyy = index component size in tracks (hexadecimal).

21

The VVDS, BCS, or VTOCIX cannot be restored or copied to a different volume.

22

The location of where the unmovable data set is to be allocated is not free, and FORCE is not specified.

23

The indicated data set is a duplicate data set and exists on more than one input volume.

24

The preallocated target data set was defined with a larger control area (CA) size than the source data set.

25

DFSMSdss cannot restore data sets with a volume serial of *MIGRAT*.

26

CVOL cannot be replaced.

27

Input/output block cannot be built because one or more of the following conditions exists:

- Ddname is not found.
- Ddname is a SYSIN or SYSPRINT.
- Device is not DASD.
- Device is not supported.
- Incorrect ranges are specified for DASD.

28

The catalog return code was unexpected.

29

No output volumes were available because one of the following conditions exists:

- There are no volumes in the output volume list that fulfill the requirements of the target volumes (that is, same or like device type).
- Not all volumes of a preallocated multivolume data set are included in the output volume list.
- An attempt is made to restore an unmovable data set while output volumes are specified without at least as much space as is required by each corresponding source volume.
- The volumes on which the preallocated VSAM clusters reside do not match the volumes listed in the catalog entry for the cluster. This can happen, for example, if the preallocated cluster is cataloged outside the standard order of search or is not cataloged at all, while another cluster with the same name is cataloged in the standard order of search.
- A VSAM data set was preallocated on the target volumes, but no catalog entry was found.

30

The volume serials of the preallocated, cataloged multivolume data set do not match those of the first volume.

31

The VSAM data set was preallocated on source volumes, but the catalog entry was not found.

32

Space on the output volumes was insufficient to restore the data set.

33

Allocation errors were unexpected.

34

Data set not processed. Catalog entry for an SMS-managed data set was found but there was no corresponding VTOC entry.

35

The VSAM define failed.

36

Processing of an integrated catalog facility user catalog is not supported when input volumes are specified (using one of the INDDNAME, INDYNAM, LOGINDDNAME, or LOGINDYNAM keywords).

37

The new name specified with RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL already exists on the volume and the REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword was not specified. The REPLACE keyword cannot be used to replace a data set that is being renamed.

38

The VVR for a component of the data set was found, but no corresponding DSCB was found.

39

RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL is not supported for unmovable data sets.

40

A nonexistent catalog is specified in the RECATALOG parameter, but the target data set is not SMS-managed.

41

During physical restore or copy, the target volume is not SMS-managed, but one of the following situations occurs:

- The ACS routine returned an SMS storage class.
- The user specified BYPASSACS with STORCLAS.
- The user specified BYPASSACS without STORCLAS, but the source data set was SMS-managed.
- The data set is only supported in an SMS environment.

42

The NOPACKING keyword was specified for the data set, but the preallocated target was on an unlike device.

43

During physical restore or copy, the target volume is SMS-managed, but one of the following situations occurs:

- The ACS routine returned NULL storage class.
- The user specified BYPASSACS with NULLSTORCLAS.
- The user specified BYPASSACS without NULLSTORCLAS, but the source data set was not SMS-managed.
- The data set is not supported by SMS.

44

The source component is multivolume, and the preallocated target is either a different size or is now single volume.

45

The number of tracks on the preallocated target does not match the number of source tracks, and it is not the first part of a multivolume data set.

46

Allocation of resource failed because DFSMSdss used a utility to perform data movement. Processing ends.

47

Locate failed for a component of the VSAM cluster that was named in the message as the data set that was not processed (*dsname*).

48

The data set must be copied with a utility, but DFSMSdss is unable to use utilities.

50

DFSMSdss is unable to determine the number of blocks per track for the target device because of an invalid source data set block size.

51

The stripe number of the source and target extended format VSAM data sets do not match.

52

The primary VVR of the target data set does not contain extended format information. The preallocated target data set cannot be used.

53

The primary VVR of the source data set does not contain extended format information.

56

The requested data set is a PDSE, but SMSX is not currently available or the PDSE cannot be allocated and accessed at this time.

57

The requested data set is an encrypted-format data set but the target volume selected is not SMS-managed. This encrypted-format data set can only reside on SMS-managed volumes.

58

The requested data set is an extended format sequential data set, but the target volume selected is not SMS-managed. An extended format sequential data set can reside only on SMS-managed volumes.

- 59** The source data set for the operation is SMS-managed and has extended attributes. Allocation has selected a target volume that is not SMS-managed. Since the data set is not renamed, the requested operation would cause the attributes to be lost.
- 60** The requested data set is a PDSE, HFS, or an extended format sequential data set, but there is a preallocated target data set that is a different type or has different attributes.
- 61** The requested data set is a physical sequential data set or partitioned data set (PDS), but there is a preallocated target that is an extended format sequential data set or a partitioned data set extended (PDSE).
- 62** An attempt was made to restore an extended format sequential data set either to a non-ESCON attached device or to a device whose controller does not support extended format sequential data sets.
- 63** The source data set for the operation is SMS-managed and has extended attributes, and the target data set has the same name as the source but is not SMS-managed. The requested operation would cause the extended attributes to be lost. The preallocated data set cannot be used.
- 64** The source data set has extended attributes, but the target data set does not have extended attributes. The preallocated data set cannot be used.
- 65** The target data set has extended attributes, but the source data set does not have extended attributes. The preallocated target cannot be used.
- 67** The preallocated target for the restore of a keyrange data set (KRDS) is currently defined with a different number of keyranges than the source dump.
- 68** During a restore, one or more keyranges of the preallocated target of a KRDS have extents on the overflow volumes.
- 69** For a preallocated KRDS, the VTOC entry was not found on the volume indicated by the catalog entry for the data set.
- 70** Dynamic allocation failed for DFSMSdss export data set.
- 71** The SMS indicator in the VTOC entry is off, showing that the data set is not SMS, but the volume is SMS-managed.
- 72** DFSMSdss does not provide support to perform a logical copy on hierarchical file system (HFS) data sets.
- 73** Hierarchical file system (HFS) data sets cannot be restored to non-SMS-managed volumes.
- 74** An attempt was made to restore a compressed data set to a device whose controller does not support compressed data sets.
- 75** All volumes of a multivolume data set were not included in the input volume list and SELECTMULTI was not specified. A list of volumes associated with the data set be printed after this message as additional information to assist the user.
- 76** All components of a VSAM data set could not be selected. The missing component and a list of volumes associated with the missing component be printed after this message as additional information to assist the user.

77

The data set would be unusable after a restore because of the relationship between the high allocated RBA of the VSAM source data set and the target data set.

78

The catalog entry for the data set indicates that the data set is NONVSAM, but the F1 DSCB indicates that the data set is VSAM.

80

The preallocated data set was unusable because of one of the following conditions:

- The attributes of the preallocated target do not match those of the source data set. The target data set is single volume, and the source data set is multivolume, or vice versa.
- The target data set is not cataloged and has never been opened. Therefore, DFSMSdss cannot determine if it is single volume or multivolume.
- The preallocated target VSAM data set is multivolume and the output volumes specified do not include all of the volumes on which the components reside.

82

An error occurred during CVAF VTOC access for the data set. Message ADR246E accompanies this message and provides more information.

83

An error was detected while attempting to process the sequence set VVR of a VSAM KSDS with an embedded index.

84

The data set is preallocated on an SMS-managed volume that is disabled.

85

The current release does not support Large Format Physical Sequential data sets.

86

The source and target volsers are the same. While processing during a physical data set copy renaming of the source data set was not performed and data sets with the same name cannot reside on the same volume.

88

Renaming of a VSAM Alternate Index (AIX®) was requested and cannot be performed.

89

Delete the data set on DASD and resubmit the job.

90

a

The encryption attribute of the source data set and preallocated target data set do not match.

91

The encrypted data set is track allocated, exceeds 16,777,215, and the CA size is not 15. On a RESTORE, the target allocation forces the encrypted data set to be converted to a cylinder allocation unit, and causes the CA size to be set to 15.

92

The compression attribute of the source data set and preallocated target data set do not match.

93

During physical restore or copy, keyname cannot be supported . One of the following situations exists:

- The source has a keyname but the target RLS cell is too small to contain the keyname, so the keyname would be lost.
- The target has a keyname but the source does not, which means the source is not either a BSON or JSON database but the target is a BSON or JSON database.

System action

The return code is 8. The data set is not processed.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

On a RESTORE, dump the VTOC track records on the input that are at the beginning of the file.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

- 0**
preallocate the data set with the size and location of the extents to match those on the source volume, or specify FORCE. Rerun the job.
- 1**
Specify REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL and rerun the job.
- 2**
Copy/Restore of unmovable/ABSTR data sets is allowed only if the size and location of the extents match and the data set is preallocated. Initialize a new DASD volume with the VTOC extent matching the input logical volume, do a TRACKS COPY/RESTORE to copy the VTOC and TRACK 0, and do a data set COPY/RESTORE of the failing data set. Use the appropriate utility for the type of data set to move the data set from the scratch volume to the failing volume.
- 3**
Take appropriate action according to the DADSM return code.
- 4**
Acquire adequate authorization (RACF or password). If it is a checkpoint/restart or system data set, instruct the operator to allow the function to continue. You can also change the user authorization exit routine to allow access to the data set. Rerun the job.
- 5**
Copy or restore the data set in the same environment in which it was created.
- 6**
For a multivolume non-VSAM data set, the volume sequence number must match. For a VSAM data set, the beginning RBA of the data set on the volume must match.
- 7**
If it is the same data set, use AMASPZAP to modify the DSORG field in VTOC entry. Rerun the job.
- 8**
Correct the RENAME filter specification. Rerun the job.
- 9**
Rerun the job when the data set is not in use or do not reference the data set in the same job as the DFSMSdss step.
- 10**
Scratch the data set and rerun the job.
- 11**
See return code 50 under message IDC3009.
- 12**
Use a different backup copy to restore the data set.
- 13**
Contact your system programmer.
- 14**
If it is not a multivolume data set, delete the data set on DASD and resubmit the job. If it is a multivolume data set and a RESTORE in which the data set is not restored from the correct input logical volume, resubmit the job to restore from the proper logical volume. If it is a COPY, pass the proper input or output volumes and rerun the job.

- 15** See reason code number 14.
- 16** See reason code number 14.
- 17** See reason code number 14.
- 18** For physical data set processing: specify REPLACE, RENAME, or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL if it is a non-VSAM data set. Specify REPLACE if it is a VSAM data set.

For logical data set processing, specify REPLACE, REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL, RENAME (RESTORE only), or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL.
- 19** Run the DIAGNOSE command of access method services to determine the error.
- 20** Delete the data set and redefine it.
- 21** For non-SMS-managed data sets, restore to the correct DASD volume, or use the LVOL parameter to restore from the correct logical volume. For an SMS-managed user catalog, specify the correct DASD volume in the OUTDD/OUTDY parameter, and ensure that the volume is in a Storage Class with the guaranteed space attribute.
- 22** Specify FORCE or free the corresponding location on the target volume, and rerun the job.
- 23** If it is a multivolume data set, correct *the last volume indicator* and *the volume sequence number* fields in the VTOC, or catalog the data set in the proper sequence in the appropriate catalog. Rerun the job.
- 24** Specify RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL or delete the preallocated target data set, and then rerun the job. For physical data set COPY, delete or preallocate the target data set with the appropriate sized CA.
- 25** Recall the data set and retry the restore operation.
- 26** Delete the CVOL from the target volume, then rerun the job.
- 27** Take one or more of the appropriate actions listed below, then rerun the job:
- Ensure that a DDNAME statement is present in job step.
 - Ensure that the DDNAME is not that of a SYSIN or SYSPRINT.
 - Ensure that the device specified is a DASD.
 - Ensure that the device is supported on the system.
 - Ensure that the correct ranges are specified for DASD.
- 28** See message ADR497E, printed before this message, and take the appropriate action.
- 29** Take one of the actions listed below; then rerun the job:
- Supply a new choice of output volumes.
 - Ensure that the data set is cataloged and the catalog volumes and output volumes on which it is preallocated match.
 - Restore as a movable data set by specifying the FORCE keyword.
 - Supply the name of the catalog in which the preallocated cluster resides, by using the RECATALOG keyword. If the preallocated target cluster is not cataloged in any catalog, then either catalog it or delete it.

- Ensure that the preallocated target data set is cataloged in the standard order of search.

30

Ensure that the correct target volumes for the multivolume data set are specified in the output DD statements, then rerun the job.

31

Ensure that the catalog containing this data set is in the standard order of search.

32

Provide a different choice of output volumes, then rerun the job.

33

Provide a different choice of output volumes, then rerun the job.

34

Delete the catalog entry for the failing data set. Full volume dump/restore does not allocate data sets. However, it does restore all of the data tracks, including the VTOC. Thus, full volume restore can be used to restore cataloged SMS-managed data sets with no corresponding VTOC entries.

35

Ensure that the new name specified with RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL does not already exist on the volume. If the new name already exists, specify REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL or delete the name and specify a new name before retrying the command. REPLACE is ignored if RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL is used.

36

Do not specify input volumes, then rerun the job.

37

Ensure that the new data set name specified with RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL does not already exist on the volume. Specify REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL to replace data set names that match the rename criteria of the RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keywords. REPLACE is ignored if RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL is used.

38

Delete the VVR for the failing component, and rerun the job.

39

Specify REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL to replace the unmovable data set name under the old name, and rerun the job.

40

Ensure that the catalog name is correct and available if the target data set is not SMS-managed, and rerun the job.

41

Specify either an SMS target or a NULLSTORCLAS.

42

Delete and reallocate the target partitioned data set on a like device, or rerun the job without specifying NOPACKING for the data set.

43

Specify a non-SMS target.

44

Delete the data set on DASD, and resubmit the job.

45

Delete the data set on DASD, and resubmit the job.

46

Rerun the job when the data set is not in use.

47

Identify components of the VSAM cluster and ensure that they are named and cataloged correctly.

- 48** See preceding error messages (for example ADR476E) for information as to why DFSMSdss is unable to use utilities. Take appropriate action as described for those messages.
- 50** Ensure that the source data set has a valid block size or preallocate a target data set with a valid block size. Specify the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword.
- 51** Delete the preallocated target data set and rerun the restore job.
- 52** See the previously issued ADR432E message. Delete the preallocated target data set and allow DFSMSdss to allocate the target data set.
- 53** See the previously issued ADR432E message. You might need to use a previous backup copy to restore the data set.
- 56** Ensure that SMSX is available and that the PDSE can be allocated and accessed on the system. Rerun the job.
- 57** Ensure that the target volume for the encrypted-format data set is SMS-managed.
- 58** Ensure that the target volume for the PDSE or extended format sequential data set is SMS-managed, or do not select the PDSE or extended format sequential data set.
- 59** Either rename the data set and allow the operation to proceed against the non-SMS-managed volume or modify ACS filtering in such a way as to cause the target data set to reside on SMS volumes.
- 60** Process the PDSE, HFS, or extended format sequential data set using the RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keywords, or rename the preallocated target data set, or delete the preallocated target data set.
- 61** Process the physical sequential data set or PDS using the RENAME/RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword, or rename the preallocated target to a new data set with the same Dsntype. Or delete the preallocated target data set.
- 62** Change the target volume for the restore to a device that is both ESCON-attached and the controller of which supports extended format sequential data sets.
- 63** Data sets with extended attributes cannot reside on non-SMS managed volumes. Either delete the preallocated target or restore with RENAME to a new data set.
- 64** Either delete the preallocated target and allow the data set to be allocated by DFSMSdss, or restore with RENAME to a new data set.
- 65** Either delete the preallocated target and allow the data set to be allocated by DFSMSdss, or restore with RENAME to a new data set.
- 67** Take one of the following actions:
- Delete and redefine the data set with the proper number of keyranges.
 - Delete the preallocated target and let DFSMSdss determine the number of keyranges.
- 68** Take one of the following actions:

- Delete and redefine the data set. A candidate volume is acceptable in the redefine, but can be retained only if the new definition has a primary extent sufficient to contain the primary and secondary extents, including those on the overflow volumes.
- Delete the preallocated target. DFSMSdss restores the data set to the volumes from which it was dumped.

69

Take one of the following actions:

- Delete and redefine the data set to ensure that the catalog and VTOC entries match.
- Delete the preallocated target and let DFSMSdss restore the data set to the volumes from which it was dumped.

70

Determine the condition that caused the allocation to fail (for example, authorization failure, and so on), correct the error condition, and rerun the job. To bypass the problem, the user must define a generic profile with "HLQ.*"

71

Correct the VTOC entry and rerun the job.

72

Use a data set dump and restore or a full volume tracks physical copy to move a hierarchical file system (HFS) data set.

73

Ensure that the target volume for the HFS data set is SMS-managed, or do not select the HFS data set.

74

Change the target volume for the restore to a device whose controller supports compressed data sets.

75

Specify all of the volumes for the data set or specify SELECTMULTI(ANY) and resubmit the job.

76

Specify all of the volumes for the data set and resubmit the job.

77

Delete the preallocated target, rerun the job, and issue an IDCAMS DEFINE RECATALOG to get the restarted data set cataloged.

78

Correct the catalog or the F 1 DSCB to correctly indicate the data set is VSAM or NONVSAM.

80

Take the appropriate action listed below, and rerun the job:

- Ensure that the attributes of the source and the preallocated target match.
- Either catalog the preallocated target, or open/close the preallocated target so that DFSMSdss can determine whether it is single volume or multivolume.
- Specify all the output volumes where the preallocated target data set resides and run the job again.

82

Contact your system programmer.

83

Contact your system programmer.

84

Use the VARY SMS,VOLUME(xxxxxx),ENABLE command to enable the volume that contains the preallocated data set.

85

Process the Large Format Physical Sequential data set using level z/OS V1R7 or higher.

86

For VSAM data sets, specify an output volser that is different from the output volser of the input volume. For non-VSAM, specify appropriate RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL criteria or specify an output volser that is different from the input volume's.

87

The data set is a catalog open for use with RLS access.

88

Correct the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL filter specification by not including VSAM Alternate Indexes and rerun the job.

89

Delete the data set on DASD and resubmit the job.

90

Delete the preallocated target data set or redefine it with the encryption attribute of the source.

91

Reorganize the data set by using IDCAMS REPRO into a data set that has a CA size of 15 and rerun the job.

93

Delete the preallocated target, and allow DFSMSdss to allocate a new target dataset.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR381E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ALL OUTPUT VOLUMES INACCESSIBLE. DATA SETS NOT PROCESSED

Explanation

The OUTDD subparameter is missing, or the output volume cannot be opened for a data set COPY or RESTORE. Message ADR307E might precede this message.

System action

The task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR382W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE NOT PROCESSED FROM VOLUME *volume_serial_number* DUE TO ERRORS

Explanation

The data sets in the list were not processed. Other messages that precede this message identify the error.

System action

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem according to preceding messages.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR383W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* NOT SELECTED, *reason_code*

Explanation

The data set was not selected due to the following reason (reason_code):

01

The fully qualified data set name did not pass the INCLUDE, EXCLUDE, and/or BY filtering criteria.

02

The data set name was specified more than once in the INCLUDE list.

03

Logical input volumes were specified during DUMP or COPY, and DFSMSdss was unable to locate the catalog in which the data set resides.

04

The data set has been migrated.

05

The data set could not be found.

06

A migrated or tape data set was not selected by using a partially qualified name and setting the flag to ON at offset X'17' of ADPATCH.

07

A generation data set (GDS) was not selected using generation data group (GDG) relative generation filtering.

08

A VSAM data component name was specified instead of the cluster name.

09

A VSAM index component name was specified instead of the cluster name.

10

An ALIAS-name was specified for the non-VSAM data set in the INCLUDE list for COPY or DUMP.

11

DFSMSdss encountered a problem selecting the data set because either the file was not found on the specified input or it was not selected due to an unknown reason.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

01

Use the proper filtering criteria. For filtering information, see "DFSMSdss filtering—choosing the data sets you want processed" in [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#).

02

Remove duplicate occurrences of the data set name from the INCLUDE list.

03

Catalog the data set then re-run the DFSMSdss job.

04

Issue the DFSMSHsm RECALL command against the data set prior to issuing the DFSMSdss command.

05

Take one of the following actions:

- Verify that the data set exists.
- If an input data set is specified, ensure it is where the data set resides.
- If attempting to process a VSAM data set and an input volume is specified, specify the VSAM cluster instead of the component name.
- Ensure the data set meets the BY filtering criteria.

06

Issue the DFSMSHsm RECALL command against the data set prior to issuing the DFSMSdss command.

07

Verify that the generation data set (GDS) exists.

08

Specify the VSAM cluster name of the data component you want to process.

09

Specify the VSAM cluster name of the index component you want to process.

10

Specify the real name, not the ALIAS, of the non-VSAM data set.

11

If issued during RESTORE, the data set may not reside in the backup data set. For all other possibilities, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR384E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNCATALOG FAILED FOR <i>dsname</i> ON <i>volume_serial_number</i>, {<i>return_code</i> <i>return_code-reason_code</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The UNCATALOG operation failed for the indicated data set. The return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*), if any, are from the system uncatalog operation.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the CAMLST macro in [z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs](#) for an explanation of return and reason codes, and take the appropriate action.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR385E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CATALOG FAILED FOR dsname ON volume_serial_number, {return_code return_code-reason_code} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The CATALOG operation failed for the indicated data set. The return code from the system catalog operation is given in *return_code* and the reason code, if any, in *reason_code*.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you are using an integrated catalog facility catalog, see message IDC3009I in [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 \(GOS-IEA\)](#) for specific return code and reason code information. For return code 40 or 44, either change the DFSMSdss filtering to reduce the number of selected CVOL-cataloged data sets to fewer than 1455, or increase the region size if you are selecting fewer than 1455 data sets; then rerun the job. See the CAMLST macro in the [z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs](#) for an explanation of return and reason codes, and take the appropriate action.

If you are using an OS CVOL catalog, see the section on using catalog management macro instructions in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services](#) for an explanation of return and reason codes, and take the appropriate action.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR386W | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNIT NAME xxxx OF LOGICAL VOLUME volume_serial_number DOES NOT MATCH ANY OUTPUT VOLUME DEVICE TYPE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

None of the output DASD volumes matched the device type of the source volume on the input file. The xxxx is the esoteric unit name. This message is also issued if you try to restore to an unlike device from a physical data set dump tape.

System action

Processing continues with the next source volume, if any, on the input file. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Supply the matching output DASD volume, and rerun the job. If you want to restore to an unlike device, use a logical data set dump tape.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR387E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING LOGICAL VOLUMES DID NOT
PROCESS FROM DUMP FILE:

Explanation

The user requested a data set RESTORE from the listed logical volumes from the input file, but the logical volumes are not on the input file. A list of volume serials follows the message.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If no source volume was processed, use the correct RESTORE file or the correct source volume serial numbers, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR388W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* NOT ON ANY VOLUME

Explanation

The requested data sets are not on the source volumes on the input file. Either the wrong input file was used, an incorrect data set name was passed, or all the VSAM data sets or all the non-VSAM data sets were rejected because of the DSORG filtering criteria. This message is printed if fully qualified names are passed and there are no allocated data sets by that name on those volumes.

System action

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR389E

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), INVALID INPUT ON DDNAME *ddname*, {INPUT DATA SET NOT PRODUCED BY DFDSS OR DFSMSdss | DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM TRACKS DUMP | VSAM DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM RELEASE 1 DUMP | ONLY VSAM DATA SETS ON INPUT | ONLY NONVSAM DATA SETS ON INPUT | FULL RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM TRACKS OR DATA SET DUMP | EXPECTED INPUT RECORD NOT FOUND | INPUT VOLUMES MOUNTED OFF SEQUENCE INPUT DATA SET IS NOT A UNIX PATH DUMP | DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP | FULL RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP | TRACKS RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP} [RECORD SEQUENCE NUMBER: EXPECTED=*nnnnnnnn*- RECEIVED=*mmmmmmmm*]

Explanation

- INPUT DATA SET NOT PRODUCED BY DFDSS OR DFSMSdss | DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM TRACKS DUMP | VSAM DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM RELEASE 1 DUMP | ONLY VSAM DATA SETS ON INPUT | ONLY NONVSAM DATA SETS ON INPUT | FULL RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM TRACKS OR DATA SET DUMP | DATA SET RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP | FULL RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP | FULL RESTORE NOT FEASIBLE FROM UNIX PATH DUMP

Either the input is invalid for the type of RESTORE wanted or the input was not produced by DFSMSdss. (For example, a dump tape was created using a data set DUMP and you tried to restore it through a full RESTORE. Or, a dump tape was produced by DFSMSdss and subsequently copied by a utility other than DFSMSdss COPYDUMP, resulting in an unusable input data set.

- EXPECTED INPUT RECORD NOT FOUND

Record read is not next in sequence. If COPYDUMP is being performed, the input data set has missing records.

- INPUT VOLUMES MOUNTED OFF SEQUENCE

If unlabeled tapes were used, they have been mounted in the wrong sequence.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action, depending on the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR390I

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* WILL BE SCRATCHED FROM *volume_serial_number* BECAUSE OF UNMATCHED SIZE. IT WILL BE REALLOCATED

Explanation

Logical COPY processing: The movable source data set's SIZE (in tracks) is not equal to the preallocated target data set SIZE. Because REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL and RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL are specified, the target data set is scratched to allocate the extents equal to the source data set.

Physical data set COPY processing: The movable source data set's SIZE (in tracks) is not equal to the preallocated target data set SIZE. When invoked through the application programming interface, if the application specifies that it is performing a multivolume recovery of data sets (EI00MVOLRECOV), this portion of the data set is scratched so that the target data set portion can be allocated with extents that have the same size as the source data set.

If the physical data set copy source data set is being copied from the target of a COPY FULL dump conditioned volume, and ALLDATA and ALLEXCP are not specified, the track counts between the source and the target data sets do not match then the system issues this message.

System action

Operation continues. If allocation is feasible on this volume, message ADR396I follows this message. If allocation is not feasible on this volume, message ADR380E or ADR472E or both follow this message.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If reallocation fails, preallocate the data set with adequate space, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR391E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), RESTORE OF *dsname* REQUIRES OUTPUT VOLUMES

Explanation

The named data set was not cataloged when dumped. Because neither the dump catalog information nor the original source volumes are available for allocation, the output volumes must be specified to restore the data set.

System action

Processing ends for the data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify at least one output volume using OUTDD or OUTDYNAM, and rerun the restore.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR392E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), *dsname1* EXISTS ON *volume_serial_number* WITH
NEWNAME *dsname2*

Explanation

Allocation of the data set using the name generated from the RENAME parameter (*dsname1*) was attempted, but a data set with the new name (*dsname2*) exists on the volume.

System action

Message ADR380E might follow this message. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either scratch the existing data set with the name created from the RENAME or RENAMEU keyword, use another name in the RENAME or RENAMEU keyword process to generate a data set name that does not exist on the volume, or specify the REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword if you want to replace the existing data set name. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSM Sdss

| | |
|---------|--|
| ADR393I | (ttt)-mmmm(yy), ALIAS dsname RESTORED FOR USER CATALOG catalog_name |
|---------|--|

Explanation

The user catalog alias was restored for the catalog.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSM Sdss

| | |
|---------|---|
| ADR394W | (ttt)-mmmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO ALLOCATE <i>dsname</i> ON volume <u>serial_number</u> WITH NEWNAME <i>dsname</i> |
|---------|---|

Explanation

Allocation of the data set using the name generated from the RENAME parameter was attempted, but the allocation failed.

System action

This message is preceded by another error message, indicating the reason for the failure. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Appropriate responses are listed under the preceding message.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR395I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* ALLOCATED [AS A PDS] WITH
NEWNAME *dsname* [, IN CATALOG *catalog_name*], ON VOLUME(S):
{*volume_serial_number* | *volume_serial_number_list*}

Explanation

The data set has been allocated on the volume or volumes listed with the NEWNAME generated from the RENAME parameter. If the data set is a VSAM cluster, the catalog name be listed as well. If the target data set of a PDSE is allocated as a PDS, the new target type is listed as well, and the data set is converted to the new target type.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR396I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET {*dsname* | CLUSTER *cluster_name*
COMPONENT *component_name*} ALLOCATED [AS A PDS][, IN
CATALOG *catalog_name*] , ON VOLUME(S): {*volume_serial_number* |
volume_serial_number_list}

Explanation

The data set has been allocated on the volume or volumes listed. If the data set is a VSAM cluster, the catalog name must also be listed. If the target data set of a PDSE is allocated as a PDS, the new target type is listed as well, and the data set is converted to the new target type.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR397E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* NOT {COPIED | RESTORED}. DATA BLOCKSIZE OF *block_size* EXCEEDS TARGET DEVICE TRACK CAPACITY OF *track_size*

Explanation

DFSMSDss allocated or located the target data set on a DASD device with the indicated track capacity (*track_size*). This was done because the block size of the source data set was less than the track capacity of the target device. However, during processing, DFSMSDss encountered a data block (*block_size*) from the source data set that was larger than the track capacity of the target device. The data block cannot be placed on the target device, so the DFSMSDss function fails for the data set.

This situation can occur only when the track capacity of the target device is less than that of the source device. DFSMSDss allocates to such a device only when target volumes of same, like, or larger track capacity are not specified or are specified but do not have space available.

System action

The specified data set is not processed. If DFSMSDss allocated the target data set, it is deleted. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Perform one of the following actions, and rerun the job:

- Provide DFSMSDss with a target DASD device with a track capacity large enough to contain the block size specified in the message, by using OUTDD or OUTDYNAM. Specify only target volumes that have a track capacity larger than the block size specified in the message. This includes volumes of the same or a like device type as the source and any volumes of a device type with a large track capacity. You must also eliminate the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword if a preallocated target is located on a device with a smaller track capacity than the block size indicated in the message.
- preallocate a target data set on a volume with a track capacity large enough to contain the block size specified in the message. Specify the volume to DFSMSDss by using OUTDD or OUTDYNAM and use the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword to force DFSMSDss to use the preallocated target. The target device should meet the conditions specified in the preceding solution.
- Specify the REBLOCK keyword. If the source data set can be reblocked and the source data set logical record length is less than the target track capacity, DFSMSDss reblocks the data set as it is copied or restored. Certain data sets cannot be reblocked, so you must use one of the solutions described previously. You can test whether the data set can be reblocked by specifying REBLOCK and rerunning. If the function fails again, use one of the preceding solutions.
- If you were performing a COPY, you can update the source VTOC entry to reflect the block size specified in the message by using AMASPDZAP if you are authorized to use it. When the job is rerun, DFSMSDss selects a usable target volume based on the updated block size.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR398W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* BLOCKSIZE OF *block_size_1* IS INCORRECT. LARGEST BLOCKSIZE IS *block_size_2*

Explanation

While performing a COPY or RESTORE of the data set, DFSMSdss encountered at least one data block whose size (*block_size_1*) exceeded the maximum block size (*block_size_2*) specified in the VTOC. The data set is copied or restored with the block size intact. The largest block size found is indicated.

System action

Processing continues for the specified data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take appropriate actions to correct this situation.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR399I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), NO MESSAGE TEXT FOUND FOR MESSAGE ADRnnn

Explanation

DFSMSdss tried to issue message *nnn* but no message text was found.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR401W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE *return_code* REASON CODE *reason_code* FROM UCBLLOOK MACRO. VOLUME ON UCB *dev* IS MADE UNAVAILABLE

Explanation

UCBLLOOK macro returned an unexpected return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) while DFSMSdss was trying to check for a duplicate volume serial number. See [z/OS MVS System Codes](#) for the return and reason codes, which are in decimal. *dev* represents the device number.

System action

Processing continues. Volume on UCB *nnnn* is made unavailable. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

This message is not normally expected and indicates a programming or system problem. Ensure that no duplicate volume serial number exists.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR402E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AUTHORIZATION CHECK FAILED FOR <i>dsname</i>, [ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>,] <i>reason_code</i>{IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The authorization check failed for the indicated reason code, (*reason_code*). The possible reason codes are:

1

The operator specified *T* to message ADR369D, which denies access to one of the following:

- A checkpoint/restart data set
- A RACF data set on a non-RACF system
- A VVDS or VTOCIX data set or an integrated catalog facility-cataloged VSAM data set on a nonintegrated catalog facility system

or,

Input/output errors were encountered on the VTOC or VVDS.

2

RACF UPDATE authorization failed for the data set name.

3

RACF authorization checking failed under one of the following circumstances:

- ALTER to the data set to check if you are authorized to create the data set.
- DEFINE verification to check if you have CREATE authority.
- ALTER to the data set to check if you are authorized to delete the data set.
- ALTER to the data set to check if you are authorized to overwrite a protected data set on the target volume during a FULL or TRACKS operation.

4

RACF READ authorization failed for the data set name.

5

The user authorization exit (ADRUPSWD) rejected the volume serial number.

6

The user authorization exit (ADRUPSWD) rejected the data set name.

7

The password was not supplied for the data set name.

8

READ password was specified, but WRITE password was required.

9

The password was incorrect for the data set name.

10

An error occurred while the PASSWORD data set was being accessed.

11

OPEN failed while verifying the password for the VSAM data set.

12

Duplicate or missing cluster entries for the data set in the VVDS.

14-xxx-yyy

The authorization check failed for the VSAM data set. xxx and yyy are return codes and reason codes from catalog services. See the return or the reason code under message IDC3009I for an explanation. If xxx and yyy are both zeros, then a previous error occurred that prevented catalog services from completing. A previous "ADR" message describes this error.

DFSMSdss requires that the VSAM data set be cataloged to perform authorization checking.

15

The return code from the user authorization exit is invalid.

16

No access to the volume was passed.

17

Unable to acquire storage for catalog authorization checking.

18

A catalog error occurred during catalog authorization checking.

19

RACF UPDATE authorization failed for the data set's catalog.

20

One of the following occurred:

- RACF ALTER authorization failed for the data set's catalog.
- RACF ALTER authorization failed for the source data set, and catalog authorization checking could not be performed because either the data set was not cataloged, or it was cataloged in a CVOL. You need either ALTER to the data set or READ to the data set and ALTER to the catalog when DELETE is specified.

21

Catalog authorization could not be performed because the catalog's volume serial number could not be obtained.

22

Data set authorization could not be performed because the volume serial number of the VSAM data set's catalog could not be obtained.

23

Unable to acquire storage for data set authorization check.

24

The data set's catalog could not be found.

25

A catalog error occurred while attempting to locate the volume serial number of the data set's catalog.

26

DFSMSdss internal error. The catalog name was not available for VSAM data set authorization checking.

32

One of the following conditions occurred:

- Permanent error while reading the VTOC, VVDS, or the password data set and the operator denied permission to continue
- Unable to get the storage required
- Permanent error on the password data set.

System action

Other messages indicate the actions taken for the various conditions. The return code is 8.

Operator response

To bypass authorization checking, see ADMIN keyword in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#).

Programmer response

For reason code 14, see return code/reason code under message IDC3009I. For reason code 26, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. For all other reason codes, correct the situation and rerun the job. (For codes 2, 3, 4, 19, and 20, authorization failed because of other attributes, for example, SECLEVEL).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR403E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> CANNOT BE PROCESSED DUE TO AN ERROR IN EXPIRATION DATE CHECKING FOR (DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VSAM COMPONENT <i>component_name</i>) (IN CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>),<i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set has an unexpired date, or an error was encountered during checking of the expiration date. To bypass expiration date checking, specify the PURGE keyword. The reason codes (*reason_code*), are:

- 1** The data set has an unexpired date.
- 2** Insufficient storage was available to build internal DFSMSdss control blocks.
- 3** Duplicate or missing cluster entries for the data set in the VVDS, or the VSAM data set is not cataloged.
- 4** An error occurred in building DFSMSdss internal control blocks.
- 5** Either the volume has no VVDS or the VSAM cluster is not cataloged in an integrated catalog facility catalog.
- 6** A catalog error occurred.

System action

The volume is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Depending on the reason code (*reason_code*), take the following action:

- 1** Change the expiration date on the data set or specify the PURGE keyword to overwrite the unexpired data set.
- 2** Increase the region size and rerun the job or specify the PURGE keyword to bypass expiration date checking.
- 3** Correct the catalog entry or specify the PURGE keyword to bypass expiration date checking.

4

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

5

Ensure that there is a VVDS on the volume and that the cluster is cataloged in an integrated catalog facility catalog or specify the PURGE keyword to bypass expiration date checking.

6

See message ADR402E for additional information, or specify the PURGE keyword to bypass expiration date checking.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR404E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND NOT ALLOWED ON AN OPEN CATALOG, CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A COPY or RESTORE of a catalog is not allowed on an open integrated catalog facility catalog.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run the job when the catalog is not active on the system.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR405E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DYNAMIC ALLOCATION OF {A TEMPORARY DATA SET [ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>] DATA SET <i>data_set_name</i> [ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>] VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} FAILED. ERROR CODE <i>error_code</i>. INFORMATION CODE <i>information_code</i>. [MESSAGES FOLLOW:] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to dynamically allocate the indicated data set or volume and failed. *error_code* and *information_code* are returned by dynamic allocation and listed in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*. Error code X'049C' can result if the volume is online and not mounted. An undocumented error code can be displayed if an installation-wide validation exit is used to deny allocations for dynamic allocation but fails to get the reason code returned by dynamic allocation. If any additional messages are returned by dynamic allocation, they follow this message.

System action

If the failure was for a volume, the task or volume is bypassed. If the failure was for a data set, the data set is bypassed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem indicated by the error and information codes listed in the [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#).

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR406E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>dsname</i> CANNOT BE RESTORED FROM <i>ddname</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified data set, *dsname*, cannot be restored from the logical dump data set assigned by *ddname*. This situation occurs when you attempt to restore one of the following:

- A CVOL to an unlike device
- A direct data set to an unlike device with a target track capacity smaller than the source track capacity without specifying the FORCE keyword.

System action

The indicated data set is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set is an indexed sequential data set or a CVOL, rerun the job, specifying a like device type as the target of RESTORE. If the data set is a direct data set, specify the FORCE keyword and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR407E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO FIND MODEL VOLSER FOR MODEL ENTITY { <i>mentity</i> <i>catalog_name</i> } |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The model entity name (*mentity*) supplied was not found in the standard catalog search order or is a VSAM data set cataloged in a nonintegrated catalog facility catalog (*catalog_name*).

System action

The COPY or RESTORE is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify that the spelling is correct for the MENTITY supplied and that it is cataloged in one of the catalogs used in the standard catalog search order; or ensure that the MENTITY is not cataloged in a catalog. Then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR408E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LOCATE FAILED FOR CATALOG *catalog_name*

Explanation

An error occurred in attempting to locate the volume serial number of the catalog name containing the VSAM model entity (MENTITY) entry.

System action

The COPY or RESTORE is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use IDCAMS to define the catalog specified in this message, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR409E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLUSTER *cluster_name* HAS PRE DFP310 VVRS
WHICH ARE INCOMPATIBLE WITH SMS

Explanation

Cluster was created by a version of DFP before DFP 3.1.0. Therefore, the VVRS for the cluster does not contain all the fields necessary for SMS, even though an SMS subcell was added to the VVRS.

System action

The volume is left in its initial status. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

REPRO the data out of the data set, delete the data set, then re-create the data set on DFP version 3.1.0 or later system. If you have many of these data sets, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR410E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET {*dsname* | *cluster_name* COMPONENT
component_name} [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number FAILED SERIALIZATION FOR DELETE

Explanation

Copy with DELETE specified requires exclusive access to the data set to be deleted. When you are to rename the data set being copied, either source or target data set being used causes copy to fail and the system to issue this message. The data set identified in the message represents either the source or target data set that is in use.

Note: If you receive this error when EISRLZFS is set on by an application, and the zFS is mounted, then it may be an unsupported configuration. EISRLZFS is supported only for a zFS that is mounted by a single system.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job when the data set is not in use by other users or increase the WAIT parameters.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR411W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET {<i>dsname</i> <i>cluster_name</i> COMPONENT <i>component_name</i>} [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WAS NOT SERIALIZED ON REQUEST |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An ENQ(EXCLUSIVE), ENQ(SHARE), or dynamic allocation with DISP=OLD or SHR failed after a specified (or defaulted) number of retries. TOL(ENQF) was specified by the installation-wide exit or by the user.

System action

If you were doing a COPY and DFSMSDss is moving the data itself, the data set is processed without the enqueue, and the return code is 4. If you were doing a COPY and DFSMSDss invokes a utility to move the data, the data set is not processed further, and the return code is 8. If you were doing a data set DUMP, the data set is processed without the enqueue, and the return code is 4. If you specified RESET on the data set dump, the data set is processed, but the data set changed indicator is not reset in the data set's VTOC entry.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR412E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET {<i>dsname</i> <i>cluster_name</i> COMPONENT <i>component_name</i>} [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FAILED SERIALIZATION |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An ENQ(EXCLUSIVE), ENQ(SHARE), or dynamic allocation with DISP=OLD or SHR failed after a specified (or defaulted) number of retries. TOLERATE(ENQF) was not specified by the user, or the user specified an operation that does not allow TOL(ENQF), such as logical processing of an HFS data set or a z/OS file system data set. This message is received for an HFS data set or zFS data set if the data set cannot be enqueued and is ineligible for quiesce. An HFS data set or zFS data set is ineligible for quiesce if any of the following is true:

- UNIX System Services is unavailable.
- The data set is unmounted.
- The data set is a target data set.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job when the data set is not in use by other users. You can increase the WAIT parameters, and if you are not doing logical processing of an HFS data set or z/OS file system data set and are not using the COMPRESS command to compress a PDS, you can specify TOL(ENQF). A source HFS data set or zFS data set might receive message ADR412E, even if TOLERATE(ENQFAILURE) is specified.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR413E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number WAS NOT {DELETED | UNALLOCATED,} {xx | xx-
yyyy : zzzz}

Explanation

The data set cannot be scratched, uncataloged, or unallocated through dynamic allocation. The error codes (xx) are:

- 0** Dynamic allocation installation-wide validation routine denied the request. The reason code is zzzz.
- 1** Dynamic allocation information error code is yyyy. The reason code is zzzz. The codes are explained in [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#).
- 2** IEFAB4C3 was called to release data set integrity but it failed.
- 3** The "DELETE NVR (non-VSAM record)" function failed for an uncataloged, non-VSAM data set.
- 4** The delete VVR of a component of an uncatalogedAIX failed. The reason for the failure can be found in the preceding ADR497E message.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Scratch the data set by other means.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR414E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> NOT SCRATCHED, {<i>xx</i> <i>xx-yy</i>,<i>zzz</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set cannot be scratched. The error codes (*xx*) are:

- 0**
DEQ on the data set failed.
- 1**
The initiator enqueued the data set.
- 2**
The scratch failed. The *yy* is the return code or status code. The *zzz* is the reason code from DADSM SCRATCH, as described in [z/OS DFSMSdss Advanced Services](#).

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Scratch the data set by other means.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR415W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NO DATA SETS WERE COPIED, DUMPED, OR RESTORED FROM {ANY VOLUME VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> LOGICALVOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A data set COPY, data set DUMP, or data set RESTORE did not select any data sets. One of the following applies:

- No data sets matched the filtering criteria.
- Data sets matched the filtering criteria but failed serialization or authorization and were not processed.
- Permanent I/O errors occurred on the output tape during the DUMP process.

System action

If I/O errors occurred on output during DUMP, the return code is set to 16; otherwise, it is set to 4. If are no I/O errors, and if the failure was on one volume, other volumes are processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

When input volumes are specified, ensure that all components of a cluster and all pieces of a multivolume data set are contained on the input volumes. Change the filtering criteria or specify different input volumes, then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR416E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] WAS NOT DELETED, *reason_code*

Explanation

The data set was not deleted. The reason code (*reason_code*) contains the following attributes:

- 0** It is a VSAM data set. DFSMSdss does not support DELETE for VSAM data sets during a physical data set dump.
- 1** I/O or other errors, such as authorization or enqueue failure, occurred on the data set, or no catalog entry was found for the data set.
- 2** Either the data set is not a single-volume data set, or it cannot be determined if the data set is single volume or multivolume and it is not presently cataloged.
- 3** The data set was not enqueued by DFSMSdss. The enqueue could be held by the initiator.
- 4** The data set was not processed. (It is probably an empty data set.)
- 5** The data set has not expired by the expiration date. If this return code is received for a data set COPY, the *dsname* appearing in the message is a temporary name that DFSMSdss generated to properly name the data set on the target volume. You must now delete the data set with the temporary name from the source volume.
- 6** The data set could not be exclusively enqueued. If the data set is an HFS or z/OS file system, it was mounted by another application.

System action

The data set is not deleted. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Delete the data set by other means. For reason code 5, specify PURGE to delete the unexpired data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR417W (ttt)-mmmm(yy), COPY/RESTORE OF DATA SET *dsname* IS
INCOMPLETE, *reason_code*

Explanation

The data set was copied or restored. However, errors occurred during processing; or the data tracks were not copied or restored because the VTOC entry could not be reset; or the RACF indicator could not be set for the data set. The reason code, (*reason_code*) is as follows:

- 0** The protected data set was copied or restored, but definition of the RACF discrete profile failed.
- 1** The data set was copied or restored, but the VTOC entry cannot be retrieved for updating.
- 2** The data set was copied or restored but errors occurred while the VTOC entry was being updated.
- 3** For physical data set RESTORE, the data set is restored but I/O errors occurred on one or more tracks of the data set (resulting from errors during dump). For logical data set RESTORE and data set COPY, no further data is copied or restored. If the data set was not preallocated, it is deleted.
- 4** A RACF-protected data set was copied or restored to a system that does not support RACF.
- 5** The data set was not copied or restored because the VTOC entry cannot be retrieved to set the RACF indicator or be updated for the data set.
- 6** The data set was not copied or restored because errors occurred while the VTOC entry was either being rewritten to reset the RACF indicator or being updated for the data set.
- 7** The target VSAM data set cannot be protected with a discrete RACF profile because it was not renamed, the target catalog resides on the same volume as the source catalog, and a discrete RACF profile already exists for the source data set.
- 8** The data set was not restored because a track overflow record was found in the data set.
- 9** During restore of an indexed VSAM data set, DFSMSdss could not obtain the dump record count stored in the dump data set. Message ADR788I provides the number of records processed by restore.
- 11** Restore of the data set failed because it was not dumped successfully.
- 12** Extended attributes were expected but not found for the source data set.
- 13** A failure occurred while adding extended attributes to the target data set.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

- 0** Define the data set to RACF.
- 1** Use AMASPZAP to reset the relevant fields in the VTOC entry for the data set, or scratch the data set and rerun the COPY or RESTORE.
- 2** See reason code 1.
- 3** On input errors, restore the data set from a backup copy. On output errors, take corrective action recommended in your site, and rerun the job.
- 4** Password-protect the data set.
- 5** Use AMASPZAP to reset the RACF indicator, and rerun the job.
- 6** Correct the problem for the system I/O error message that precedes this message, and rerun the job.
- 7** The data set does not have the RACF indicator set. If the source data set was deleted, define the target data set to RACF. If the source data set was not deleted, you can define the target data set to RACF with a generic profile. However, in an always call (RACF 1.5 or greater) environment, the data set is protected by the discrete RACF profile.
- 8** Specify REBLOCK(dsname) on the RESTORE command and rerun the job.
- 9** Determine if all records are restored. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
- 11** See the messages issued during the dump.
- 12** Either remove the Extended Attributes indicator from the Format 1 DCSB or add Extended Attributes to the data set.
- 13** See previous message ADR231E for additional information.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR418I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> ON <i>volume_serial_number</i> HAVE TO BE CATALOGED IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The cluster that did not exist on the volume was copied or restored to the volume. VTOC and VVDS entries were created on the volume for the cluster. If the indicated catalog does not have entries for the cluster, you must recatalog the cluster before accessing the data set.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use the access method services DEFINE RECATALOG command to recatalog the components and cluster in the indicated catalog before accessing the data set. See [z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands](#) for more information.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR419W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON DASD WITH {INHIBIT UPDATE OPEN} INDICATOR WILL BE COPIED OR RESTORED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A fully qualified name was passed for the data set. It is copied or restored although it has the indicated condition. The inhibit-update indicator means that the data set is a read-only copy of a data set. Open-for-update means that the data set was in the OPEN status. Either it was not closed correctly or it was in use by another job on the same processing unit.

System action

If the data set had the inhibit-update indicator in the VVR, this indicator is left on. If the data set had the OPEN indicator, this indicator is reset. If the input copy had the OPEN indicator, this is carried over to output DASD. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If message ADR411W accompanies this message, the data set was in use when the COPY or RESTORE was done. Therefore, the data set on the target volume is invalid. Reprocess the data set without specifying TOL(ENQF).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR420E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {VVDS VTOCIX} DATA SET CANNOT BE RESTORED WITH {OTHER VSAM ANY OTHER} DATA SET(S) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Restore of the VVDS data set is not allowed with restore of other VSAM data sets from the same logical volume. Restore of the VTOCIX data set is not allowed with restore of other data sets from the same logical volume.

System action

The volume is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the VVDS data set and other VSAM data sets need to be restored from the same input logical volume, rerun the job by passing two RESTORE commands. Restore the VVDS on the first RESTORE command, and restore other VSAM data sets on the second RESTORE command. If VTOCIX data set and other data sets need to be restored from the same input logical volume, rerun the job by passing two RESTORE commands. Restore the VTOCIX on the first RESTORE command, and restore other data sets on the second RESTORE command. The return code is 8.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR421E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* NOT PROCESSED, FULLY QUALIFIED NAME NOT PASSED, *reason_code*

Explanation

A fully qualified name was not passed for a data set COPY, DUMP, or RESTORE. The reason code (*reason_code*) can be:

- 1** For a VVDS during RESTORE
- 2** For a catalog during COPY, DUMP, or RESTORE
- 3** For a read-only data set during COPY or RESTORE
- 4** For a data set that has the open-for-update indicator during DUMP, COPY, or RESTORE. For RESTORE, the preallocated target data set has the open-for-update indicator on.
- 5** For the VTOCIX data set during RESTORE
- 6** For a fully qualified cluster name not passed when only the index component exists on the volume
- 7** For the VIO journaling data set during RESTORE
- 8** For a multivolume data set during DUMP.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Resubmit the job by passing the fully qualified name.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR422I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), LOGICAL VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> BYPASSED BECAUSE IT ONLY HAS {VSAM NON-VSAM} DATA SETS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The requested type of data sets is not on the logical volume.

System action

The volume is bypassed. Data set RESTORE continues with other logical volumes.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR423W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SELECTED DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS A MULTIVOLUME DATA SET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A fully qualified name was passed in the INCLUDE parameter of a physical data set COPY or a data set DUMP or RESTORE command. This is a multivolume data set. The data set from all of the volumes might not have been processed.

System action

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Make sure that the entire data set from all of the volumes on which it resides was processed. If not, rerun the job by passing the LVOL parameter and corresponding DASD volumes to process the entire data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR424E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ERROR OCCURRED WHILE RETRIEVING {VVDS VTOCIX} EXTENTS FROM VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, <i>error_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DADSM OBTAIN returned an error code (*error_code*) while the VVDS or VTOC extents were being retrieved from the indicated volume. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services](#) for an explanation of the OBTAIN error codes.

System action

If it is a data set COPY or DUMP, the volume is bypassed. The command is ended on a data set RESTORE. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take corrective action for the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR425E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CONFLICTING BY CRITERIA SPECIFIED

Explanation

Either VSAM and non-VSAM data sets were not wanted or VSAM data set processing was not supported on the system.

System action

The command ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the BY criteria in the command, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR426W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), EXTENT 1 SIZE OF OUTPUT PARTITIONED DATA SET
dsname IS SMALLER THAN EXTENT 1 SIZE OF INPUT

Explanation

The first extent of a target partitioned data set is smaller than the one that existed in the source data set. For partitioned data sets, the directory must be in the first extent. This message is issued because DFSMSdss cannot determine the size of the directory to verify that it can fit in the first allocated extent.

System action

The data set is copied or restored. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check that the directory is in the first extent. Do this by running IEHLIST with the LISTPDS option. If the members cannot be listed, scratch the data set and try to obtain a larger contiguous extent by running DEFrag, then rerun the copy or restore job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR427E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR IN {VVDS VVDS IMAGE} ON {VOLUME LOGICAL VOLUME} <i>volume_serial_number</i> WHILE ACCESSING COMPONENTS OF CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss found errors while retrieving components for the cluster. Some components cannot be located for the cluster in the VVDS or VVDS image, or, if it was a RESTORE, the VVDS was not dumped successfully during a full volume DUMP. Inconsistencies exist in the VVRs, or the VVRs have invalid formats.

System action

The data set is not copied, dumped, or restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If it is a RESTORE, use a different backup copy of the data set, and rerun the job. Otherwise, run access method services DIAGNOSE against the data set to determine the nature of the error, and take the action recommended.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR428E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VTOC ENTRIES NOT FOUND FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON {VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> LOGICAL VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

VTOC entries are missing for one or more components of the cluster on the volume. For a logical volume, the error is in the source volume and was not detected during DUMP.

System action

The VSAM cluster is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the error occurs on the source volume of a restore operation (the message specifies "LOGICAL VOLUME"), use a previous backup copy and resubmit the job. Otherwise, run the access method services DIAGNOSE to detect the error and take the recommended actions.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR429W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS RESTORED TO AN SMS-MANAGED VOLUME BUT IT WAS NOT CATALOGED BECAUSE THE CATALOG KEYWORD WAS NOT SPECIFIED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The named non-VSAM data set was restored to an SMS-managed volume. Because the catalog keyword was not specified on the RESTORE command, DFSMSdss did not catalog the data set when it was restored.

System action

The data set is restored. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

You must catalog the data set before it can be accessed because it is now under SMS management.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR430E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR IN CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A failure occurred during definition of the cluster components in the VVDS or VTOC during a data set COPY or RESTORE.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run access method services DIAGNOSE on the data set on the volume, and take the appropriate action before rerunning the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR431I | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] HAS BEEN DELETED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set was either deleted on user request or is being reallocated by DFSMSdss.

System action

The data set was deleted from the volume.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set was cataloged and is not being reallocated, it must be uncataloged by using other utilities.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR432E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VVR FOR COMPONENT *component_name* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] IS IN ERROR

Explanation

A VVR cell (for example, a data set information cell, AMDSB cell, or volume information cell) cannot be in the VVR for the component in the VVDS or VVDS image (input to data set RESTORE). The format of the VVR is in error.

System action

If possible, DFSMSdss continues to process the data set to which the component belongs. Other messages indicating the affected cluster that is not processed accompany this message. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the failure is on a VVDS on DASD, run access method services DIAGNOSE to determine the nature of the error, and take the recommended action. If it is the input to the RESTORE, use a previous backup copy to restore the data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR433E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LOGICAL ERROR IN BUFFER ON TRACK *c:h*

Explanation

A logical error was discovered in the track data after it had been read into the buffer and before writing it to DASD. The length of the track data does not match the sum of the count, key, and data fields of all records on the track in the buffer. This problem can arise if the track was not reconstructed correctly by DFSMSdss during the RESTORE or if the track was not written correctly during the DUMP or, similarly, during a COPY.

System action

The track is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR434E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] WAS NOT UNCATALOGED, *reason_code*

Explanation

The data set was not uncataloged for one of the following reason codes, (*reason_code*):

- 0** It is a VSAM data set. (DFSMSdss does not support UNCATALOG for VSAM.)
- 1** I/O or other errors, such as authorization or enqueue failure, occurred on the data set, or no catalog entry was found for the data set.
- 2** Either the data set is not a single-volume data set, or it cannot be determined if the data set is single volume or multivolume and it is not presently cataloged.
- 3** The data set was not enqueued by DFSMSdss.
- 4** The data set was not processed. It is probably a null data set.
- 5** It is an SMS-managed data set. UNCATALOG is ignored for SMS-managed data sets.
- 6** The DELETECATALOGENTRY keyword was specified to uncatalog the phantom catalog entry, but the operation failed. See the preceding ADR497E and IDC3009I for the reason for the failure.
- 7** The source data set can not be uncataloged because the source volume is dump conditioned and could result in uncataloging a data set that does not actually reside on the volume currently being processed.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Uncatalog the data set by other means.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR435E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* WAS NOT CATALOGED

Explanation

The data set was not cataloged because either the data set is not a single-volume data set, or it cannot be determined whether the data set is a single-volume or multivolume data set, or an attempt to catalog the data set failed (for example, there is a duplicate entry).

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Catalog the data set by other means.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR436E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), LOGICAL ERROR IN BUFFER ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, TRACK <i>c:h</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A logical error was found in the track data after it had been read into the buffer and before writing it to tape.

System action

The track is not processed. The command is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR437E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] CANNOT BE {OPENED CLOSED} <i>return_code</i> <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The specified cluster cannot be opened or closed for VSAM I/O processing. VSAM responded with a return code and a reason code after processing had failed.

System action

The indicated data set is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets* to identify the problems indicated by the return code and the reason code. Take corrective actions, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|--|
| ADR438E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VSAM I/O FAILED FOR cluster_name return_code reason_code |
|---------|--|

Explanation

VSAM I/O processing failed for the specified cluster name. The failure could have been caused by VSAM growing during restore processing. VSAM provided a return code and a reason code after processing had failed.

System action

The indicated data set is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets* to identify the problems indicated by the return code and the reason code. Take corrective actions, then rerun the job. If the failure was caused by VSAM growing during restore processing, use FREESPACE (0,0) and allow more room for the data set to be restored to. For large VSAM data sets, do not use the NOVALIDATE keyword at dump time.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|---|
| ADR439E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), A preallocated DATA SET [WITH NEW NAME dsname] WAS FOUND FOR DATA SET dsname BUT WAS UNUSABLE, reason_code |
|---------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss found a preallocated data set but determined that it was unusable for the following reason, (reason_code):

04

The preallocated cluster type does not match the source cluster type. Either the organization (indexed, numbered, linear) of the clusters, or one of the following cluster attributes, does not match:

- Extended format
- Compressible
- Extended addressable
- Source is not striped and the preallocated target is striped
- BSON/JSON VSAM database

- 08** An alternate index (AIX) is defined over the preallocated cluster.
- 12** The source data RECORDSIZE is incompatible with the target CISIZE and control area (CA) size attributes.
- 16** The preallocated target relative key position or key length is not equal to the source cluster values.
- 20** The preallocated keyed VSAM cluster is not empty or REUSABLE.
- 24** The preallocated KSDS KEYRANGES do not match those of the source cluster.
- 28** The index component of the preallocated target cluster does not have sufficient allocated space for the source index component.
- 32** At least one data component of the preallocated target cluster does not have sufficient allocated space for the corresponding source data component.
- 40** At least one component of the preallocated target cluster spans volumes.
- 44** An update of the target VTOC entry failed. The target must be updated to make the target data set look empty if a utility does the data transfer.
- 48** The VSAM data set must be copied with utilities, which requires that both the source and the target data sets be cataloged in the standard order of search. However, because they both have the same name, this is not possible.
- 52** The preallocated, unmovable data set is not on the same or a like device type as the source data set.
- 56** The preallocated DSORG is not equal to the target DSORG.
- 60** The preallocated data set space is insufficient. This occurs when a nonpreallocated partitioned-organized (PO) data set is copied without the ALLDATA keyword, and a second copy is attempted to the data set preallocated by the previous copy.
- 64** The preallocated PDS has an insufficient number of directory blocks to contain the source directory.
- 68** The preallocated data set checking could not be completed.
- 72** The preallocated data set extents do not match the source data set extents, and the source is an unmovable data set.
- 76** The direct data set cannot be preallocated to an unlike device type.
- 80** The preallocated data set has no SUL extent.
- 84** The preallocated SUL data set has only one extent.
- 87** The data set is a Catalog open for use with RLS access.
- 88** An I/O error was encountered on the directory of the preallocated partitioned data set.

- 92**
The data set being restored is a PDS with no directory blocks and cannot be restored to a preallocated data set.
- 93**
The preallocated AIX cluster type does not match the source AIX cluster type. An alternate key cell exist but either the source or target does not have an alternate key cell, which means there is a mismatch of the BSON/JSON database attributes.
- 95**
There is a mismatch between the components of the source data set and the target data set. For example, the source data set only has a data component on the source volume being processed and the target data set has a data and index component or only an index component on its volume, or vice versa.
- 96**
The preallocated sphere does not match the source sphere.
- 97**
The stripe attributes of the target and source data sets do not match.
- 98**
The data set is an extended format sequential data set (SAM striped).
- 100**
The preallocated data set is unusable because the source block size is greater than the target device track capacity.
- 104**
The NOPACKING keyword was specified for the data set, but the preallocated target was on an unlike device.
- 108**
The high-used page value (HURPN) of the preallocated PDSE cannot be retrieved. DFSMSdss needs the HURPN to calculate the size of the preallocated target data set to ensure that it is usable.
- 112**
The control interval size of the target data component is not equal to the source data set
- 116**
Either the source data set has extended attributes and the target data set does not, or the target data set has extended attributes and the source data set does not.
- 120**
The first extent of the preallocated PDS was too small to contain the source directory.
- 124**
Preallocated data set is either a tape or migrated data set.
- 128**
The preallocated data set is marked as SMS checkpointed and cannot be replaced unless the appropriate FORCECP keyword is specified.
- 132**
The preallocated data set is one of many possible target data sets and DFSMSdss is unable to determine which target data set to copy to.
- 136**
The preallocated data set is too small and in use. DFSMSdss is unable to scratch and reallocate the target data set.
- 140**
The preallocated data set has a format-8 DSCB that is not supported in this release.
- 142**
A VSAM data set that is a catalog or VVDS with a format-8 DSCB is not supported in this release.
- 144**
The preallocated integrated catalog facility user catalog was found, but is not locked or suspended. If the user catalog is an active master catalog on any system, DFSMSdss cannot be used to perform the recovery.

146

Attributes of the source data set require the preallocated target to be allocated as VERSION2.

148

The block sizes of the target and source data sets do not match.

150

The encryption attribute of the source data set and preallocated target data set do not match.

151

For VSAM encrypted data sets the CA size between the source and target must match.

152

The preallocated target data set resides on an unlike device.

153

The block size of the preallocated target data component is different from the block size of the source data component. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the block size must match.

154

The blocks per track for the target data component is different from the blocks per track of the source data component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the blocks per track must match.

155

The blocks per track for the target index component is different from the blocks per track of the source index component. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the blocks per track must match.

156

The CI size of the target data component is different from that of the source data component. For VSAM encrypted data sets the CI size must match.

158

Multiple volumes are required for the target data set, but multi-volume allocation cannot be used. Therefore, the data set must be extended during the copy that is not supported for encrypted data sets.

160

The preallocated cluster RLS cell size does not match the source cluster RLS cell size. A keyname exist, either for the source or the target, which means it is a BSON or JSON database, but the smaller RLS cell size would result in losing the keyname for the database.

161

The compression attribute of the source data set and preallocated target data set do not match.

System action

The specified data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the system does not require use of a preallocated data set, delete the preallocated target. If the system requires use of the preallocated data set, correct the problem as indicated by the reason code (*reason_code*) and rerun the job.

04

Delete and redefine the target cluster, ensuring that the cluster types are the same.

08

Delete any AIX and PATH associations defined over the target cluster.

12

Delete and redefine the target cluster using the source cluster RECORDSIZE attributes.

- 16** Either delete and redefine the target cluster using the source cluster KEY attributes, or ALTER the target cluster KEY attributes to equal the source.
- 20** Delete and redefine the target cluster. If the target is to be copied to repeatedly and is not a key range cluster, specify the REUSE attribute on the DEFINE.
- 24** Delete and redefine the target cluster, ensuring that the KEYRANGES(lowkey highkey) for target cluster are equal to the KEYRANGES(lowkey highkey) for the source cluster.
- 28** Delete and redefine the target cluster with at least as much primary index space as the source index has, or force the target cluster index to extend to at least as much space as the source index.
- 32** Delete and redefine the target cluster with at least as much primary data space as the largest source data component, or force the target cluster data components to extend to at least as much space as the source data components.
- 40** Delete and redefine the target cluster, ensuring that no components span volumes (CANDIDATE volumes excepted).
- 44** One of the following actions should be taken: delete the target and rerun DFSMSdss, allowing it to perform the allocation; delete the existing target and reallocate a new one, leaving it empty; or use AMASPZAP to alter the target data set VTOC entry to make the data set appear empty.
- 48** Do not preallocate the data set.
- 52** Allocate an unmovable target data set on the same or a like device type, or specify the FORCE keyword.
- 56** Ensure that the preallocated DSORG is equal to the source DSORG.
- 60** Ensure that the amount of space allocated for the preallocated data set is sufficient to contain the source data set. If the error is the result of successive copies of a PO data set without the ALLDATA keyword, delete the preallocated data set and rerun all copy steps specifying ALLDATA.
- 64** Ensure that the number of directory blocks defined for the preallocated PDS is sufficient to contain the source directory blocks.
- 68** See the previous DFSMSdss message for the probable reason.
- 72** Ensure that the preallocated data set extents match the source data set extents.
- 76** Ensure that the RELBLOCKADDRESS keyword was specified and that the source:
- Is not a standard user label data set
 - Has a RECFM of fixed or fixed block.
- Or scratch and reallocate the target on the same device as the source or on a like device.
- 80** Allocate a preallocated data set with standard user labels.
- 84** Allocate a standard user label data set with more than just the standard user label extent.
- 87** Process the RLS catalog on a system at the z/OS V2R1 level or higher.

- 88** Scratch and reallocate the target partitioned data set to either a different location on the target volume or a different target volume.
- 92** Scratch the target data set and allow DFSMSdss to allocate it during the restore operation.
- 93** Delete the preallocated target, and allow DFSMSdss to allocate a new target dataset.
- 95** Check that the correct input and output volumes were specified for the data set which you intended to copy. If the input and output volumes are correct, delete the data set and let DSS allocate the target data set or preallocated the target with the appropriate components on its volumes in the same manner as they exist for the source data set.
- 96** Ensure that the preallocated sphere's AIX names, number of AIXs, number of paths, and path names match the source sphere's AIX names, number of AIXs, number of paths, and path names.
- 97** Delete the preallocated target data set, and rerun the restore operation.
- 98** Move or delete the data set from the volume.
- 100** Either reblock the data set or specify a target device that is large enough for the source block size.
- 104** Delete and reallocate the target partitioned data set on a like device, or rerun the job without specifying NOPACKING for the data set.
- 108** Ensure that the preallocated PDSE is usable and accessible.
- 112** Delete and redefine the target cluster using the CISIZE attributes of the source cluster.
- 116** Rename one of the data sets and retry the operation.
- 120** Ensure that the first extent of the preallocated PDS is large enough to contain the source directory.
- 124** If preallocated data set is migrated, issue RECALL and rerun the job. Tape data sets are not supported.
- 128** If the preallocated data set should be replaced, specify FORCECP with the appropriate days parameter.
- 132** Either delete the preallocated target data sets with that name until only one data set with that name exists, or narrow your specification of output volumes as to exclude the duplicate target data sets.
- 136** Either delete the preallocated target data set and reallocate it the appropriate size, or rerun the job when the data set is not in use, or do not reference the data set in the same job as the DFSMSdss step.
- 140** Either delete the preallocated target data set and reallocate it without a format-8 DSCB, or scratch the target data set and allow DFSMSdss to allocate it.
- 142** Delete and reallocate the target data set. At the unsupported level, the data set will get allocated in manner that is supported.

144

When restoring a data set to a preallocated user catalog, it must be locked or suspended before invoking DFSMSdss. You do this by either specifying the F CATALOG,RECOVER command, or the RESTORE command BCSRECOVER(SUSPEND|LOCK) parameter.

146

Delete the preallocated target data set or redefine it as a Version 2 data set.

148

Delete the preallocated target data set and rerun the operation.

150

Delete the preallocated target data set, or redefine it with the encryption attribute of the source.

151

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the target data set with a CA size that matched the source, and was unsuccessful. To copy or restore the VSAM encrypted data set with a CA size that matches the source, you can preallocate the target data set using the attributes of the source data set.

152

Delete the preallocated target data set, or redefine it on a like device type.

153

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the target data set with a block size that matched the source but was unsuccessful. Preallocate the target data set using the attributes of the source data set.

154

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the target data component using the blocks per track of the source data component but was unsuccessful. Preallocate the target data set using the attributes of the source data set.

155

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the target data component using the blocks per track of the source data component but was unsuccessful. Preallocate the target data set using the attributes of the source data set.

156

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the target data component using the CI size of the source data component but was unsuccessful. Preallocate the target data set using the attributes of the source data set.

158

If possible copy the data set to a single volume that contains enough space.

160

Delete the preallocated target, and allow DFSMSdss to allocate a new target dataset.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR440E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE FROM *external_name*:
return_code-reason_code, WHILE PROCESSING DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

In processing the specified data set, the named external routine was called, and it returned an unexpected return (*return_code*) or reason code (*reason_code*). The return code and reason code are printed in hexadecimal.

System action

Processing is ended for the specified data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

This message is not normally expected and indicates a programming or system problem. Rerun the job with PARM='SDUMP=440' on the EXEC statement, and a SYSUDUMP DD statement.

If the failing function is REALLOC, the system might also issue message IEC614I for the jobstep. If the system issues message IEC614I, see the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the failing function's return code, and to the associated diagnostic information under REALLOC. If you cannot correct the error as indicated in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#), contact your programming support personnel.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR441W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LOGICAL ERROR IN BUFFER ON TRACK c:h

Explanation

A logical error was discovered in the track data after it had been read into the buffer and before writing it to DASD. The length of the track data does not match the sum of the count, key, and data fields of all records on the track in the buffer. This message is issued instead of ADR433E when CANCELERROR is not specified.

System action

The track is not processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use DFSMSdss PRINT to examine the track data.

If unable to determine the cause, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR442I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* preallocated [WITH NEW NAME *dsname*][, IN CATALOG *catalog_name*], ON VOLUME(S):
{*volume_serial_number* | *volume_serial_number_list*}

Explanation

The data set was selected for replacement as a preallocated target data set. The target catalog name, if known, is printed. The target volume or optional volume list is always printed with this message.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR443W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DUE TO ERRORS, TARGET COMPONENT <i>component_name1</i> IS NOW NAMED <i>component_name2</i>. CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>, CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During COPY processing, the target cluster and components can be allocated using generated names. After the COPY, the target cluster name and component names are altered to match the source names. This message indicates that the target cluster name was successfully altered, but the alter for a component failed.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. Message ADR469W follows this message. The return code is 4. Run access method services LISTCAT against the target catalog to determine the reason for the access method services ALTER failure. You can alter the component name to match the source by using access method services ALTER NEWNAME.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR444E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> { IS EMPTY HAS AN UNSUPPORTED DSORG}. IT WILL NOT BE COPIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set cannot be copied to an *unlike* device for one of the following reasons:

- It has an unsupported DSORG.
- It has a BLKSIZE of 0.
- It is empty (the pointer in the VTOC entry that points to the end of the data set is 0) but does not have an end-of-file (EOF) as its first record.

The data set cannot be copied to a like device if it is both:

- Empty and is being reblocked, and
- Its first record is not an EOF record.

System action

The data set was not copied. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To have the data set copied, do one of the following:

- For a data set with an unsupported DSORG (an organization other than sequential, partitioned, direct, indexed sequential, or VSAM), ensure that the selected target volume is of a like device type. For a data set with an unsupported DSORG going to an unlike target device, specify the PROCESS keyword with the UNDEFINED subkeyword. The target device specified or chosen must have a track capacity equal to or greater than the source.
- For unsupported data sets, such as sequential or partitioned data sets with BLKSIZE = 0, ensure that the selected target volume is of a like device type.
- For an empty data set without an EOF, use ALLEXCP to force copy of all allocated space in the data set. Ensure that the selected target volume is of a like device type and that the data set is not being reblocked.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR445I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SOURCE VSAM DATA SET *dsname* [, IN CATALOG *catalog_name*], IS EMPTY

Explanation

The source VSAM data set is empty; therefore the target data set is allocated, but no data movement is performed. If the data set is preallocated, the existing data set is deleted then reallocated using the source as the model.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR446E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] CONTAINS NO DIRECTORY BLOCKS

Explanation

A partitioned data set with no directory was encountered. This was caused by not specifying at least one directory block at the time the data set was created.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR447I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VSAM DATA SET *dsname* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] IS BEING DELETED FROM VOLUME *volume_serial_number*, *reason_code*

Explanation

The target VSAM data set is deleted and. The reason codes (*reason_code*) are as follows:

- 1** You must use VSAM I/O to restore the data set, and the target set is not reusable.
- 2** The data set organization of the target did not match the source.
- 3** The CI size of the target did not match the source.
- 4** The IMBED attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 5** The KEY length of the target did not match the source.
- 6** The record length of the target did not match the source.
- 7** The REPLICATE attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 8** The SPANNED attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 9** This component of an AIX which was previously cataloged in *catalog_name* was uncataloged during a restore of its base cluster. This base cluster could not be reallocated and, therefore, this AIX could not be reattached. This component is no longer usable and has been deleted from volume *volume_serial_number*.
- A** The beginning RBA for the components does not match on input and output. The input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.
- B** The source data set is empty.
- C** The preallocated target data set volume sequence is not in RBA order.
- D** The target data set had the IMBED attributes, or REPLICATE attributes, or both. It is being deleted because the target will not have those attributes.
- E** The block size of the preallocated target data component is different from that of the source data component. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the block size must match.
- F** The volume sequence number does not match.
- 10** Primary and secondary indicators do not match on input and output. The input and output volumes are different volumes of a multivolume data set.

11

The CA size of the target data set is different from that of the source data set. For VSAM encrypted data sets the CA size must match.

12

The source data set stripe count does not match the preallocated target data set stripe count. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the stripe count must match.

13

The volume count of the preallocated target data set does not match the volume count of the source data set. For VSAM encrypted data sets, the volume count must match.

14

The blocks per track for the target data component is different from that of the source data component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss. For VSAM encrypted data sets the blocks per track must match.

System action

Processing continues. For reason codes 2 and 4 through 8, the source attributes override those of the preallocated target.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR448I (ttt)-mmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* DUMPED USING NON-OPTIMIZE
CHANNEL PROGRAMS AFTER TRACK OVERFLOW RECORDS WERE
ENCOUNTERED

Explanation

The source data set contained track overflow records and OPTIMIZE(2), (3), or (4) was specified for the dump.

System action

The source data set tracks were processed by using nonoptimized channel programs. This results in performance degradation if the data set is not flagged as track overflow in the VTOC entry or is not in the TRACKOVERFLOW keyword list.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

No direct programmer action is required, because the data set was dumped successfully. Optimized channel programs fail on tracks containing overflow records, thus forcing a channel retry with nonoptimized channel programs to read the tracks. Therefore, data sets containing track overflow records that are not flagged as such in the VTOC entry must be prevented from using an optimized channel program. If ALLDATA or ALLEXCP is specified for the data set, and it does not contain any track overflow records, the allocated tracks beyond the end of the used data might have residual track overflow records that cause the system to issue the message.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR449I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TEMPORARY SPACE USED TO STORE TASK RELATED MESSAGES FOR THIS TASK IS FULL AND CANNOT BE EXTENDED FURTHER. MESSAGES WILL BE SPOOLED TO SYSPRINT. SUBSEQUENT MESSAGES FOR THIS TASK WILL BE STORED AND GROUPED TOGETHER |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

When DFSMSdss is running in parallel mode, all messages for a task are grouped together in a temporary space. The temporary space for this task is full. When a space becomes full, the messages for a task can be broken into groups with messages from other tasks located in between the groups.

System action

The messages stored thus far for this task are spooled to SYSPRINT. The temporary space is reinitialized, and messages continue to be stored and grouped together until the task ends or the temporary space becomes full again.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR450E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE NUMBER OF INPUT AND OUTPUT TRACK RANGES DOES NOT MATCH |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The number of input track ranges does not correspond to the number of output track ranges. Each input track range requires a corresponding output track range. Each output track range requires a corresponding input track range.

System action

The task is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify the same number of input and output track ranges.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR451W

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), CLUSTER *cluster_name* IN CATALOG *catalog_name* IS PROCESSED. (*text_description*)

Explanation

The VSAM data set is processed, but there were unexpected conditions in the cluster. In the message, *text_description* describes the unexpected conditions. A primary allocation inconsistency was detected. The cluster primary allocation is not an even multiple of the tracks per control area (track/CA) and contain unused tracks. While processing these tracks, records containing invalid data have been added to the cluster.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the cluster does not contain more records than expected or correct the primary allocation of the cluster if it is still available.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR452E

**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), {IEHMOVE | IEBCOPY | IEBISAM | IDCAMS |
ICKDSF} UTILITY FAILED WHILE PROCESSING {DATA SET *dsname* |
VOLUME *volume_serial_number*}, {ABEND | RETURN} CODE IS *nnn***

Explanation

During processing of a DFSMSdss function, a system utility was invoked to process the specified data set or volume. The utility encountered errors, and processing failed.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- For abending utilities, see *z/OS MVS System Codes* for an explanation of the abend code. If the abend is caused by insufficient storage (DASD or virtual), you must run the utility itself (not through DFSMSdss), as described in *z/OS DFSMSdss Utilities*. If IEHMOVE abends with code 0C4, it could be because DFSMSdss called it with a task I/O table (TIOT) referring to more DD statements than IEHMOVE can handle. In this case, change the DFSMSdss filtering to select fewer data sets.
- For IEHMOVE, or IEBCOPY error return codes, run the job with *UTILMSG=ERROR* or *UTILMSG=YES* to propagate the utility's SYSPRINT data set. See *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE)* and *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)* for explanations of the utility messages.
- For IEBISAM error return codes, IEBISAM no longer exists.

- For IDCAMS error return codes, run the job by specifying the DFSMSdss *UTILMSG=YES* parameter. See [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 \(GOS-IEA\)](#) for an explanation of the messages.
- For ICKDSF error return codes, run the job with *UTILMSG=ERROR* or *UTILMSG=YES* to propagate the utility's SYSPRINT data set. See the [Device Support Facilities \(ICKDSF\) User's Guide and Reference](#) for an explanation of the messages.

Note: When performing in-place operations, the source data sets have been left unusable by the failure of the job. Check and restore all data sets from backup if necessary.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR453E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), USER REBLOCK EXIT SPECIFIED AN INVALID BLOCK SIZE FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>. DATA SET WILL NOT BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set was eligible for reblocking, and the user reblock exit was called. However, the block size returned to DFSMSdss from the exit was invalid for the data set.

System action

The data set is not allocated or copied. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the block size for the data set in the exit routine.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR454I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING {DATA SETS FILES} WERE SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The list of successfully processed data sets or UNIX files follows this message.

If UNIX files are being processed the first character for each path listed identifies the file type:

- Regular file
- c** Character special file
- d** Directory
- e** External link
- l** Symbolic link

- p** FIFO
- s** Socket file type

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR455W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING THE FOLLOWING {DATA SETS | FILES} WERE NOT SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED

Explanation

The list of data sets or UNIX files that were not successfully processed follows this message.

If UNIX files are being processed the first character for each path listed identifies the file type:

Regular file

- c** Character special file
- d** Directory
- e** External link
- I** Symbolic link
- p** FIFO
- s** Socket file type

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR456I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE NUMBER OF DATA SETS PROCESSED ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

nnnn is the number of data sets successfully processed. For COMPRESS, the data set names follow this message.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR457I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE NUMBER OF TRACKS MADE AVAILABLE ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

RELEASE processing released *nnnn* tracks.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR458I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {TOTAL USED} NUMBER OF TRACKS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The number, *nnnn*, indicates either the total number of tracks on the volume or the number of used tracks on the volume after RELEASE processing.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR459E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE FILTERING ON THE CATALOG |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

This message is preceded by message ADR497E or ADR724E. When this message is preceded by ADR497E, see message IDC3009I for an explanation and corrective action. When preceded by ADR724E, see message IGW01zzz for an explanation and corrective action.

System action

The current volume is bypassed. Processing continues with the next volume, if any. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For I/O errors, follow recommendations by your installation for I/O errors, and resubmit the job. For logical errors encountered in the VVDS, run access method services DIAGNOSE against the indicated volume, and take necessary action to correct the problem.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR460I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UTILITY GENERATED MESSAGES FOLLOW FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During processing of a DFSMSdss function, a system utility was invoked that generated SYSPRINT data. The utility messages are printed following this message when UTILMSG=YES is specified in the PARM information of the DFSMSdss EXEC statement or when UTILMSG=ERROR is specified and the utility function failed.

System action

The function continues processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR461W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNMOVABLE DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH FOLLOWING EXTENTS CANNOT BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The unmovable data set that has the listed extents cannot be processed. Either the system does not support allocation of unmovable data sets or the extents are not free on the target volume.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is set to 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either specify FORCE if you want to move the unmovable data set, or free the required extents and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR462E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NON-VSAM DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] IS NOT PROCESSABLE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The CVOL catalog entry is not processed because the DELETE subparameter was not specified and the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter was specified.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Copy the CVOL catalog, specifying DELETE, and remove the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR463E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WAS NOT {DELETED DEFINED ALLOCATED} BECAUSE VOLUME(S) WERE NOT AVAILABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The allocation of the volumes failed because the volumes are not available. The cluster was not deleted, defined, or allocated.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the volumes where the cluster resides are available.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR464I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* HAS BEEN UNCATALOGED FROM CATALOG *catalog_name*

Explanation

The named data set was uncataloged at the user's request.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR465I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* HAS BEEN CATALOGED IN CATALOG *catalog_name*

Explanation

The named data set was cataloged at the user's request.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR466E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> [<i>diagnostic_information</i>] FROM PARTREL FOR DATA SET {<i>dsname</i> <i>cluster_name</i> COMPONENT <i>component_name</i>} [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A PARTREL macro was issued to release all unused DASD space from a sequential, partitioned, or extended format VSAM data set, and an unexpected return code (*return_code*) was received during RELEASE processing. A return code of 8 indicates that a data set was open. Any other return code probably indicates an invalid VTOC or VVDS.

System action

Processing of the command is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Information about PARTREL return codes is in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services*. For extended format VSAM only, return codes not documented in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services* can be found under message IDC3009I in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)*.

Information about PARTREL diagnostic information, which accompanies some but not all return codes, is in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR467E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DURING A TARGET TRACKS COPY, THE OUTPUT TRACKS FALL WITHIN THE INPUT TRACK RANGE; AND THE INPUT AND OUTPUT VOLUMES ARE THE SAME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A COPY request was issued with the OUTTRACKS option. The input volume serial number and output volume serial number are the same, and the output tracks overlap the input tracks.

System action

Processing of the command is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Select nonoverlapping tracks for input and output.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR468E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VSAM DATA SET *dsname* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*] IS NOT PROCESSABLE

Explanation

The VSAM entry was not processed because one or more of the following conditions exist:

- The RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter is specified but the new name is not fully qualified and there is a mismatch in the resulting number of data set name levels.
- If the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword was specified, either the data set does not qualify for preallocation or a preallocated target does not exist, and one of the following conditions applies:
 - If DELETE is specified and the entry name is a SYS1., page, or swap data set, the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL or PROCESS(SYS1) subparameter was not specified.
 - If the entry name is a cluster name and DELETE was not specified: (1) the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter was not specified, or (2) the RECAT subparameter was not specified.
 - If the entry name is an alternate index or a user catalog name: (1) the DELETE subparameter was not specified, or (2) the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter was specified.
- If the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword was not specified, one of the following conditions applies:
 - If DELETE is specified and the entry name is a SYS1., page, or swap data set, the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL or PROCESS(SYS1) subparameter was not specified.
 - If the entry name is a cluster name and DELETE was not specified: (1) the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter was not specified or (2) the RECAT subparameter was not specified.
 - If the entry name is an alternate index or a user catalog name: (1) the DELETE subparameter was not specified or (2) the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter was specified.
 - If the entry name is a user catalog name, INDDNAME or INDYNAM was specified.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- If the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter is specified and the new name is not fully qualified, correct the rename criteria to eliminate the mismatch in the resulting data set name levels, or specify a fully qualified name.
- If the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword is specified and:
 - If the data set is eligible for preallocation, ensure that a qualifying target is available on the target volumes.
 - If the data set is not eligible for preallocation or a REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL operation is not required, determine further action from the following lists.

- If the entry name is a SYS1., page, or swap data set and DELETE is specified, copy the entry specifying RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL(new name) or PROCESS(SYS1).
- If the entry name is a cluster name: (1) copy the cluster by specifying DELETE, (2) copy the cluster by specifying RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL(new name), or (3) copy the cluster by specifying RECAT(catname).
- If the entry name is an alternate index or a user catalog name, copy the alternate index or user catalog, specifying DELETE, and remove the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL subparameter.
- If the entry name is a user catalog name, do not specify INDDNAME or INDYNAM.
- If CICSVRBACKUP is specified and the entry name is an alternate index, the alternate index is not processed. You want to exclude the alternate index on your COPY command so that this error message is not issued the next time that you submit the job. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#) for more information about the CICSVRBACKUP keyword on the COPY command.
- The NEWNAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword specifies that a source data set should be given a new name during dump processing, whether or not the data set exists with the new name.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR469W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE {COPIED| RESTORED}, BUT ENCOUNTERED POSTPROCESSING ERRORS

Explanation

After a data set was copied, a postprocessing error was encountered. The error occurred during an attempt to catalog, uncatalog, scratch, correct a VSAM cluster component name, or RACF/password-protect the source or target data set, or an error obtaining F8/F9 DSCBs.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See earlier messages for specific errors.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR470W (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), NO DATA SETS SELECTED FOR PROCESSING

Explanation

No data sets were selected for processing. The data sets found in the catalog or on the input volumes did not pass INCLUDE, EXCLUDE, or BY filtering or cannot be copied.

System action

Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

When input volumes are specified, ensure that all components of a cluster and all pieces of a multivolume data set are contained on the input volumes. Change the filtering criteria or specify different input volumes, then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR471E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DUE TO ERRORS, SOURCE {CLUSTER COMPONENT} <i>name1</i> IS NOW NAMED <i>name2</i>. CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>, CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During COPY processing, the source cluster and components can be renamed in order to allow the COPY target cluster to be altered to the source name. If the target-to-source alter fails, the target data set is deleted, and restoring the source cluster to its original state is attempted. This message is issued for each alter rename failure. The cluster name and catalog name indicate the name and location of the failing data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. Message ADR455E follows this message. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run access method services DIAGNOSE against the source and target catalogs to determine the reason for the access method services ALTER failures. Restore the original cluster name, using access method services ALTER NEWNAME.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR472E | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO SELECT A TARGET VOLUME FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>], <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to select a target volume from the available target volumes for one of the following reasons, (*reason_code*):

04

No target volume has enough space to accommodate the target data set.

08

At least one duplicate data set was encountered on a target volume, and the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword was not specified. If the duplicate data set is named SYS1.xxxx, you must also specify PROCESS(SYS1). However, DFSMSDss will not replace a SYS1.xxxx data set that is a CVOL, integrated catalog facility user catalog, VVDS, or VTOCIX, regardless of the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL and PROCESS(SYS1) keywords.

If the target volume did not contain a duplicate data set, this reason code means the target volume did not have enough space for the data set.

12

The data set is non-VSAM and is allocated as either unmovable or absolute track. DFSMSdss was able to select only unlike targets for target allocation and the FORCE keyword was not specified.

16

The data set is non-VSAM and either unmovable or absolute-track-allocated. The FORCE keyword was not specified.

An absolute allocation failure or lack of system support for absolute allocation precludes the use of absolute allocation. An example of this is when there is no indexed VTOC available on the specified volume

.

20

A directory read failed for the partitioned data set.

24

An error was encountered while the VVR records for the VSAM data set were being read.

28

Duplicate VTOC entries were encountered on the only or all available target volumes for the VSAM data set.

32

A duplicate entry for the VSAM data set was encountered in the target catalog.

36

An error was encountered during the define of the target VSAM data set.

40

GETMAIN errors were encountered while the internal control blocks for the data set were being built.

44

The data set was a direct data set, and only target devices of smaller track capacity than the source were available. The data set was not specified in the RELBLOCKADDRESS keyword list, or it was specified in RELBLOCKADDRESS, but the data set is not accessed by relative block address (that is, it has a standard user label or its record format is not F or FB).

DFSMSdss does not allocate or attempt to copy the data set.

48

The source data set block size was greater than the track capacity of all volumes DFSMSdss was able to select for allocation. The data set was not indicated as track overflow in the VTOC entry.

52

An indexed VTOC was not available.

56

Not enough space is available in the VTOC on the target volume.

60

An exit routine (such as IGGPRE00) associated with the IGGPRE00_EXIT preprocessing dynamic exit, rejected the allocation request.

64

No output volume was specified for the COPY function, and the data set is not SMS-managed.

68

Usable space on all the target volumes combined was insufficient to define the target data set.

69

The number of target volumes required for the data set exceeds the number of source volumes.

72

During a non-SMS allocation, no target volumes were available and at least one output volume was not selected because it was SMS-managed or specified volumes for the preallocated target were deselected because the primary volume was not specified.

76

The NOPACKING keyword was specified for the data set, but no space was available or no like devices were specified as targets.

80

No target volume that has device track capacity equal to or greater than the source is available for selection.

84

The data set was a direct data set and the only available target devices were unable to contain the source track's worth of data because of the block size of the data set. For example, if the source device is a D/T3380 and the only available devices are D/T3390S, and the data set's block size is 190 with a key length of 0, then a track on the target cannot contain as much data as a track on the source.

The data set was not specified in the RELBLOCKADDRESS keyword list, or it was specified in the RELBLOCKADDRESS but it was not accessed by a relative block address (that is, it has a standard user label or its record format is not F or FB). DFSMSdss does not allocate or attempt to copy the data set.

88

During a non-SMS allocation, no usable target volumes were available.

92

During DFSMSdss data set COPY, an attempt was made to copy the data set back to its source volume with DELETE specified, but RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL was not specified.

93

Restoring a compressed object from cloud storage encountered a volume that does not support the transparent cloud tiering compression feature.

System action

The data set is not copied or restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Depending on the reason code, take the following action and rerun the job:

04

Either increase the value for PERCENTUTILIZED, or specify additional target volumes. For VSAM data sets, contiguous space is needed.

08

Specify additional target volumes, delete the duplicate data set, specify REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL, or specify PROCESS(SYS1).

12

Either specify FORCE if the unlike target volumes are wanted, or specify additional target volumes of the same device type that the data set currently resides on.

16

Specify target volumes that have indexed VTOCs, specify FORCE, or specify additional target volumes.

20

Ensure that the partitioned data set is usable.

24

Ensure that the cluster and its components are usable.

28

Specify additional target volumes.

32

If a target catalog was specified by using RECATALOG, either delete the existing data set in that catalog, or specify a different catalog. If a target catalog was not specified, the data set is being defined in a catalog set by the MASTERCAT structure. Determine where the duplicate entry exists and delete it.

36

Message ADR497E accompanies this message. Determine the cause of the error and correct it.

- 40** Increase the region size.
- 44** Specify target devices of the same or larger track capacity for the direct data set.
- 48** Specify target devices of the same or larger track capacity for the data set, or use an appropriate system utility to copy the data set.
- 52** Specify a volume with an indexed VTOC.
- 56** Enlarge the VTOC on the target volume or specify additional target volumes.
- 60** Specify additional target volumes.
- 64** If you expect the target data set to be SMS-managed, ensure the ACS routine assigns a storage class or use the BYPASS ACS and STORCLAS keywords to force the data set to be SMS-managed.
- 68** Either specify additional target volumes or, if PERCENTUTILIZED was specified, increase the PERCENTUTILIZED value. If you are using OUTDDNAME to specify more than one target volume, ensure that each DD statement identifies only one volser.
- 69** Specify a list of target volumes with enough space to let DFSMSdss allocate the data set on either an equal or fewer number of volumes than the number of noncandidate source volumes.
- 72** If you expect the target data set to be SMS-managed, ensure the ACS routine assigns a storage class or use the BYPASS ACS and STORCLAS keywords to force the data set to be SMS-managed. If the target is a preallocated SMS data set, remove all OUTDY/OUTDD specifications.
- 76** Either rerun the job without specifying NOPACKING for the data set, or rerun the job specifying the same or like devices with enough room to allocate the data set.
- 80** If the target data set is SMS, make sure that the storage class selected maps to a storage group that has devices with track capacity equal to or greater than the source. If the target data set is non-SMS, specify a target volume that has track capacity equal to or greater than the source.
- 84** Specify target devices of the same or larger track capacity for the direct data set.
- 88** If you expect the target data set to be SMS-managed, ensure the ACS routine assigns a storage class or use the BYPASS ACS and STORCLAS keywords to force the data set to be SMS-managed.
- 92** Choose a target volume different from the data set's source volumes, or use the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword to rename the data set.
- 93** Specify a volume that supports the transparent cloud tiering feature.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR473E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAILURE WHILE ATTACHING UTILITY MODULE,
RC=reason_code

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to attach a utility module. The reason codes (*reason_code*) are documented in the [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP](#).

System action

No data sets are processed. The task ended. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by *reason_code*, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR474I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* CONSISTS OF *n* TARGET TRACKS
AND *m* SOURCE TRACKS

Explanation

During logical data set restore, this message is issued for a non-VSAM data set to give the following information:

Source tracks:

The number of tracks that were dumped for the source data set.

Target tracks:

The number of tracks in a preallocated target data set, or if the target is not preallocated, the number of tracks that DFSMSdss allocated for the target data set.

For HFS and PDSE data sets when ALLDATA is specified, if DFSMSdss can determine the amount of used space, it will dump only the used space, regardless of the ALLDATA keyword. When the data set is restored, DFSMSdss allocates the target data set with the source data set's total allocation amount. Therefore, the number of source tracks in the ADR474I message be smaller than the number of target tracks. See the explanation for ALLDATA under 'Explanation of DUMP Command Keywords' in the DFSMSdss Storage Administration Reference for more information about HFS and PDSE data sets.

System action

Processing continues. DFSMSdss scratch and reallocate the data set, extend the existing data set, convert an extended format non-VSAM data set to PS format, or fail the restore with additional error processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR475I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FOLLOWING {DATA SETS | FILES} WERE SELECTED

Explanation

TYPRUN=NORUN was specified in the EXEC statement parameter, and the following list of data set UNIX file names met the filtering criteria.

If UNIX files are being processed, the first character for each path listed identifies the file type:

Regular file

- c** Character special file
- d** Directory
- e** External link
- I** Symbolic link
- p** FIFO
- s** Socket file type

System action

The data sets files are selected, but not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR476E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UTILITY PROCESSOR TERMINATED BECAUSE OF
SYSPRINT/SYSIN PROCESSING FAILURES

Explanation

Errors in utility SYSPRINT or SYSIN data set processing occurred, causing the utility processor task to end.

System action

Utility processing is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Utility processing occurs during initial job setup. Therefore, this failure or not affect processing within the job. If errors are encountered, rerun the job ensuring that adequate DASD temporary space is available.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR477E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VVDS/VVR/CELL ERRORS ENCOUNTERED FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Data set COPY or RESTORE encountered errors while reading or updating VVDS/VVR/CELL information. The system might issue this message for one of the following reasons:

- An error was encountered processing a VVR. If there was an I/O error, message ADR231E precedes this message.
- An error was encountered on a catalog request. Message ADR497E precedes this message.
- There is insufficient storage for internal processing. Messages ADR008E, ADR018I, or ADR376E precede this message.

System action

The data set is not copied or restored. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Perform the appropriate actions from the following list:

- An error was encountered processing a VVR:
Run access method services DIAGNOSE against the appropriate VVDS to determine the nature of the error and take the recommended action.
- An error was encountered on a catalog request:
Using the return and reason codes from message ADR497E, find the corresponding return and reason codes in message IDC3009I and follow the recommended action.
- There is insufficient storage for internal processing:
Increase the region size and resubmit the request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR478W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VSAM CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> NOT DUMPED, COMPONENT <i>component_name</i> SIZE IS GREATER THAN A SINGLE SOURCE VOLUME |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The VSAM cluster was not dumped because it had a multivolume component that was larger than an entire source volume. To restore the data set, it would be necessary to allocate the component on multiple volumes, but the system does not support the allocation of VSAM data sets on multiple volumes.

System action

The data set was not dumped. Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- Use DFSMSdss DUMP, specifying the input volumes that contain the VSAM cluster. DFSMSdss RESTORE can restore the data set from the dump tape in physical dump format.
- Use access method services EXPORT to dump the VSAM cluster. Use access method services IMPORT to restore from the EXPORT-created dump tape.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR479E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LOGICAL DATA SET DUMP TAPE DOES NOT CONTAIN
{VSAM | NON-VSAM} DATA SETS

Explanation

The requested type of data set is not on the logically formatted dump tape. Either the BY criterion is incorrect or the wrong tape was specified in the RESTORE command.

System action

No data sets are restored. Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Either change the BY criterion *DSORG* or use a different dump tape, and rerun the job. For an empty VSAM data set, no action is required.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR480W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE NOT PROCESSED
FROM THE LOGICALLY FORMATTED DUMP TAPE DUE TO ERRORS:

Explanation

The data sets in the list were not processed. The error is identified by other messages that precede this message.

System action

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem according to preceding messages.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR481E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ALTER VSAM CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The VSAM ALTER NEWNAME failed while attempting to alter the source cluster name.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR482E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), I/O ERROR ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> WHILE PROCESSING <i>tape_record</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

I/O errors were encountered while the indicated type of dump tape record was being read during logical data set RESTORE processing or UNIX path RESTORE processing.

System action

The data set is bypassed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use an alternate backup copy to restore the data set or path.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR483W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT CATALOGED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set was not cataloged. RECATALOG(*) was specified, but the source data set was not cataloged.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR484W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COMMAND IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> DURING LOGICAL DATA SET PROCESSING |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Data set RESTORE from a logically formatted dump tape does not support the data set organization of the indicated data set.

System action

Processing continues for other data sets. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR485E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> IS NOT IN STEPCAT/ JOBCAT/MASTERCAT STRUCTURE. DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WILL NOT BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The NONSMS cluster named in the message required DFSMSdss to use IDCAMS or VSAM I/O to perform the COPY or RESTORE. This requires that both the source and target cluster (allocated by DFSMSdss) be accessible using the catalog structure.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

This data set cannot be processed by DFSMSdss until it is accessible through the catalog structure.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR486I | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNMOVABLE DATA SET <i>dsname</i> RESTORED TO FREE SPACE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The unmovable data set specified in the message cannot be restored to the cylinder/track location from which it was dumped. Because FORCE was specified in the RESTORE command, this data set was restored to free space.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR487W | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT ON LOGICALLY FORMATTED DUMP TAPE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During a data set RESTORE from a logically formatted dump tape, the data set was not found in backup on tape, DASD, or a cloud. Possibly the data set name is contained in the data set name list at the beginning of the dump tape, but the data set was not dumped. (This can occur if the data set could not be serialized at dump time.) Either the wrong input file was used, an incorrect data set name was specified, or the data set was rejected because of the DSORG filtering criteria. This message is printed if fully qualified names are specified.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR488E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE ACCESSING {VTOC VVDS} FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An inconsistency on the VTOC or VVDS was encountered during data set RESTORE from a logically formatted dump tape.

System action

Processing continues for other data sets. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use an alternate backup copy to restore the data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR489I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {<i>dsname</i> <i>cluster_name</i> <i>component_name</i>} WAS {SELECTED RESTORED} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

After a data set was successfully restored or after a data set was successfully selected (when TYPRUN=NORUN), the data set name is printed for a non-VSAM data set. Component names are printed for a VSAM data set.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR490W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR {OPENING READING} UTILITY SYSPRINT MESSAGES. UTILITY MESSAGES WILL BE LOST |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred either in opening or in reading the utility SYSPRINT file.

System action

DFSMSdss continues processing for the task, but utility SYSPRINT messages are lost. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR491E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), TASK TERMINATED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR UIM I/O BUFFER AND/OR EXIT IDENTIFICATION BLOCK |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

If the application interface is used, the system requires a buffer to pass I/O records to the user interaction module (UIM). If virtual storage cannot be obtained for the buffer or the UIM exit identification block, the related DFSMSdss function is ended.

System action

None. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Increase either the SIZE parameter, the region size, or both, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR492E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR OCCURRED DURING COPY OF CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>, RC=<i>reason_code</i>. [EXPORT DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The catalog was being moved using access method services EXPORT or IMPORT when IDCAMS errors occurred. Corrective action be required to restore the source catalog to a usable condition. The reason code (*reason_code*) describes the error as follows:

01

An error occurred when the catalog was exported to a temporary sequential data set. The COPY is discontinued, and the source catalog remains in usable condition. For this reason code, the second portion of the message is not printed.

02

A failure occurred when the target catalog was imported. The source catalog was deleted and must be recovered by the user.

System action

Processing continues with the next COPY. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the DFSMSdss parameter option *UTILMSG=YES* is specified when running jobs that perform catalog moves. All reason codes are accompanied by IDCAMS messages that clarify the remedial actions necessary.

Take the following actions, depending on the reason code:

01

Use the IDCAMS messages as a guide in correcting the error. Rerun the job.

02

Restore the source catalog before attempting to rerun the job. If the catalog was backed up before the COPY was attempted, the backup can be used to restore the catalog. Otherwise, the catalog can be restored by importing the catalog from the export data set described in the message. Delete the export data set described in the message before rerunning the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR493E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNCATALOG/DELETE IS NOT ALLOWED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>]) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Either exclusive control of the data set is not obtained or it is a *SYS1*. system, page, or swap data set that cannot be uncataloged.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For exclusive control, either remove the SHARE keyword or ensure exclusive control of the data set, unless the data set is a VTOCIX or a VVDS. For *SYS1*. system, page, or swap data sets, specify PROCESS(SYS1) to uncatalog or delete the data set.

Note: PROCESS(SYS1) does not lift processing restrictions for VTOCIXs and VVDSs.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR494W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {OPEN CLOSE I/O} ERROR ON MESSAGE DATA SET FOR TASK. TASK RELATED MESSAGES BE LOST |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An OPEN, CLOSE, or I/O error occurred on a message data set used to store task-related messages.

System action

DFSMSdss continues processing for the task, but messages for the task be lost. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR495E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ECB UNEXPECTEDLY POSTED IN MODULE
module_name, ECB CONTENTS ARE xxxxxxxx

Explanation

An ECB related to an attached task was unexpectedly posted.

System action

Command processing is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR496E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE return_code FROM
DETACH ISSUED FROM MODULE module_name

Explanation

An attempt to detach a subtask failed.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP](#) for an explanation of the DETACH return code (return_code).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR497E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), A CATALOG ERROR OCCURRED WHILE action_description. RETURN CODE IS return_code, REASON CODE IS {reason_code NOT PROVIDED} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Catalog management module IGG0CLnn returned this return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) as the result of a catalog error or an exception condition while DFSMSdss was performing the action described by *action_description*.

Note: Not all catalog functions provide a reason code on an error return.

The *action_description* can be any one of the following:

- RENAMING CLUSTER *cluster_name1* TO *cluster_name2*
- RENAMING COMPONENT *component_name1* TO *component_name2*
- RENAMING AIX *aix_name1* TO *aix_name2*
- RACF PROTECTING *dsname*
- RACF UNPROTECTING *dsname*
- ALTERING ACCESS TO USER CATALOG *catalog_name*
- RENAMING DATA SET *dsname1* TO *dsname2*
- CONVERTING CLUSTER *cluster_name* TO SMS
- CONVERTING CLUSTER *cluster_name* TO NONSMS
- REMOVING CANDIDATE VOLUMES FROM COMPONENT *component_name*
- DEFINING CLUSTER *cluster_name*
- CATALOGING DATA SET *dsname*
- DEFINING AIX *aix_name*
- DEFINING PAGESPACE *dsname*
- DEFINING USER CATALOG *catalog_name*
- DEFINING PATH *path_name* TO *cluster_name*
- DEFINING ALIAS *alias_name* TO *cluster_name*
- SEARCHING FOR DATA SETS BEGINNING WITH *prefix*
- OBTAINING INFORMATION FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- OBTAINING VOLUME INFORMATION FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- DETERMINING TARGET CATALOG FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- DELETING CLUSTER *cluster_name*
- DELETING DATA SET *dsname*
- DELETING USER CATALOG *catalog_name*
- DELETING AIX *aix_name*
- DELETING PATH *path_name*
- EXPORTING CATALOG *catalog_name*
- IMPORTING CATALOG *catalog_name*
- RECATALOGING CLUSTER *cluster_name*
- RECATALOGING AIX *aix_name*
- RECATALOGING DATA SET *dsname*

- READING CATALOG *catalog_name*
- ALTERING THE VOLUME LIST FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- ALTERING LAST BACKUP DATE FOR DATA SET
- DELETING UNCATALOGED VSAM DATA SET *component_name*
- ALTERING RECALL STATUS FOR CLUSTER *cluster_name*
- UPDATING LAST SUCCESSFUL CLASS TRANSITION DATE FOR DATA SET
- ALTERING VOLUME LIST FOR USER CATALOG *catalog_name*

System action

Command processing is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message IDC3009I for specific return code and reason code information. For return code 40 or 44, either change the DFSMSdss filtering to reduce the number of selected CVOL-cataloged data sets to fewer than 1455, or increase the region size if you are selecting fewer than 1455 data sets; then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR498E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* CANNOT BE COPIED/RESTORED.
preallocate THE DATA SET WITH nnnnnn TRACKS

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot determine the amount of space that is required to contain the data set before it performs the COPY/RESTORE function to an unlike device. If the COPY/RESTORE is to a like device, the source and target data sets have differing attributes such as allocation unit or blocking factor.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

preallocate the data set with an allocation of *nnnn* tracks on the volumes that are listed in message ADR396I or ADR442I, or COPY/RESTORE the data set to a like device. Or, if the COPY/RESTORE is to a like device, make sure the source and target data sets have the same attributes, for example, by removing the TGTALLOC option on the COPY or RESTORE command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR499I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), COMPONENT *component_name* REQUIRES nnnn1
TRACKS, nnnn2 {BLOCKS | CYLINDERS | TRACKS} REQUESTED

Explanation

DFSMSdss has tried to allocate space of *nnnn2* blocks, cylinders or tracks, in order to allocate the component whose size was *nnnn1* tracks, when dumped. If the data set is known to be restored with VSAM I/O, the allocation *nnnn2* is the size of the primary extent when the data set was dumped. If the data set is a key range data set with secondary extents and is not to be restored with VSAM I/O, the allocation size is the size of the largest key range.

This message accompanies messages ADR472E RC04 and ADR472E RC68 when the probable cause of the failure is insufficient space to allocate the data set.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR501E (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volser* IS UNUSABLE, *reason_code*

Explanation

The volume with the specified *volser* is unusable. The reason codes (*reason_code*) are as follows:

- 1**
The target volume is a dump-conditioned volume and a dump-conditioned target volume is not supported for the operation.
- 2**
Renaming criteria is not specified and the source and target volsers are the same. Two data sets with the same name cannot reside on the same volume.

System action

Processing is discontinued for the task. Return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

- 1**
Specify a non-dump conditioned volume for the target volume and rerun the job.
- 2**
Either specify rename criteria for the non-VSAM data sets or specify a non-dump conditioned volume for the target volume and rerun the job. Renaming of VSAM data sets is not supported, so if processing VSAM only, you must specify a non-dump conditioned volume for the target volume and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR502I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), USEEXCP=YES WAS SPECIFIED BUT THE BLOCK SIZE OF THE DUMP DATA SET IS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

There was a request to have DFSMSDss fall back to using EXCP, however the block size was either greater than the supported block size when using EXCP or the block size was found to be zero. If the block size was zero, it was either obtained from the tape or the tape had no label. DFSMSDss supports a block size up to 65 520 bytes when using EXCP.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If the block size is reported to be zero and the block size of the dump is known and less than or equal to 65 520 bytes, specify the block size in the JCL for the input volume's DD to allow the EXCP access method to be used.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR504E | VTOC OR VVDS RECORD NOT FOUND DURING POSITIONING REQUEST, <i>rsn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During RESTORE, a problem occurred locating a record in the DFSMSDss dump data set. See the reason code at the end of the message for more details.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

01

If the DFSMSDss dump data set resides on more than one volume, use COPYDUMP to copy the entire dump onto one volume.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR505W | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), STORAGE COULD NOT BE OBTAINED TO COMPLETE A ACTION, <i>rsncode</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An attempt was made to obtain storage to complete an action, but storage was unable to be obtained. The following reason codes describe the task that was being attempted:

1

An Event Notification could not be issued to notify other systems in a sysplex that the VSAM Volume Data Set (VVDS) was relocated on the target volume.

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR507I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsn* WAS RESTORED WITHOUT THE
IMBED OR REPLICATE ATTRIBUTES

Explanation

Data set, *dsn*, is an indexed VSAM data set that, when dumped, had the IMBED attributes, or the REPLICATE attributes, or both. When DFSMSDss restored the data set, it restored the data set without those attributes.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR508I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS REQUIRE SOME
ACTION TO BE TAKEN

Explanation

A list of data set names with reason codes follows this message. The reason codes and their meanings are as follows:

- The data set has one or more of the following attributes: IMBED, REPLICATE, KEYRANGES. To locate all data sets with these attributes cataloged on your system, use the catalog tool available in APAR II13894. For additional information about converting these data sets, see the [z/OS Upgrade Workflow](#).

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Convert these data sets to data sets without unsupported attributes. See the DFSMS Migration Actions chapter of [z/OS Upgrade Workflow](#) for help in converting these data sets.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR509W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DYNAMIC ALLOCATION OF {DATA SET <i>data_set_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>} FAILED. ERROR CODE <i>error_code</i>. INFORMATION CODE <i>information_code</i>. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to dynamically allocate the data set and failed. The *error_code* and *information_code* are returned by dynamic allocation and listed in [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#). An undocumented error code can be displayed if an installation-wide validation exit is used to deny allocations for dynamic allocation but fails to get the reason code returned by dynamic allocation.

System action

TOLERATE(ENQFAILURE) is specified, processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify the ERROR CODE and INFORMATION CODE is as expected.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR510E | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RSA LABEL <i>RSA_label</i> DOES NOT EXIST |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The RSA label specified on the RSA keyword does not exist in the ICSF PKDS. If the RSA keyword was not specified on a RESTORE command, the RSA label that the DATA key was encrypted with does not exist in the ICSF PKDS. Therefore, the DATA key cannot be decrypted/encrypted and processing cannot continue.

In the message text:

RSA_label

The label of an RSA key in the ICSF PKDS specified on the RSA keyword of a DUMP or RESTORE command.

System action

The DUMP or RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None

Programmer response

Ensure that there is no typographical error in the label provided on the RSA keyword. Make sure that the RSA label specified actually exists within ICSF. This can be done by ICSF TSO panels.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR511E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), RSA ENCRYPTION NOT SUPPORTED ON THIS SYSTEM |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The necessary hardware needed to perform RSA encryption not be installed on this system. Without the ability to perform RSA encryption, the necessary key management cannot be done.

System action

The DUMP or RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the hardware required to perform RSA encryption is installed and enabled on this system. Ensure that ICSF is properly configured to assist in RSA encryption. Then, resubmit your job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR512E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), ICSF SERVICE <i>service</i> FAILED WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An ICSF service returned an unexpected error. See the ICSF Application Programmer's Guide, Appendix A for explanations of ICSF service return and reason codes.

In the message text:

service

The ICSF service that returned the error.

return_code

The return code received from the ICSF service.

reason_code

The reason code received from the ICSF service.

System action

The DUMP or RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See *z/OS Cryptographic Services ICSF Application Programmer's Guide* for more information about the error and possible corrections.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR513E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), {KEYPASSWORD RSA KEY ASSOCIATED WITH LABEL } {password RSA_label} IS INCORRECT. DATA WILL NOT BE DECRYPTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The password specified on the KEYPASSWORD keyword, or RSA key associated with RSA_label does not correctly decrypt the data in the dump data set.

System action

The RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the correct password, or RSA key label is specified and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR514E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), THE PASSWORD SPECIFIED BY KEYPASSWORD password MUST BE BETWEEN 8 AND 32 CHARACTERS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The length of the password specified on the KEYPASSWORD has a minimum and maximum length. Passwords that do not meet the length criteria are not be accepted.

In the message text:

password

The password specified on the KEYPASSWORD keyword

System action

The DUMP or RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the specified password meets the length requirements and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR515I | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), ENCRYPTION SERVICES TO BE USED FOR DUMP DATA SET ON (VOLSER volser DDNAME ddname) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

ICSF Encryption Services is used when writing data during DUMP, or reading data during RESTORE.

In the message text:

volser

The volume serial of the volume where the dump data set resides.

ddname

The name of the DD specified for the dump data set.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR516E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), RSA SPECIFIED ON DUMP BUT KEYPASSWORD WAS SPECIFIED ON RESTORE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

When the dump data set was created, the RSA keyword was specified for key management. On the RESTORE command, the KEYPASSWORD keyword was specified. The two types of key management are not compatible.

System action

The RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Remove the KEYPASSWORD keyword to let the RESTORE task use the original RSA label for key management. Or specify the RSA keyword to specify a different RSA label for the RESTORE task to use when decrypting the encrypted data key. Then resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR517E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), KEYPASSWORD SPECIFIED ON DUMP, BUT NOT ON RESTORE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

When the dump data set was created, the KEYPASSWORD keyword was specified for key management. On the RESTORE command, the KEYPASSWORD keyword was not specified as required.

System action

The RESTORE task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify the KEYPASSWORD keyword with the original password on the RESTORE command and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR518I | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), HOST-BASED ENCRYPTION BYPASSED DUE TO {ENCRYPTING TAPE DEVICE ENCRYPTED DUMP DATA SET} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The KEYPASSWORD or RSA keyword was specified to the DFSMSDss DUMP task but the output dump data set is an encrypted-format data set, or resides on an encrypting tape device, so host-based encryption (KEYPASSWORD or RSA keyword) will be ignored.

System action

The DUMP task continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR519E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), {HARDWARE ENCRYPTION ENCRYPTION}NOT PERFORMED BY ALL OUTPUT DEVICES |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Host-based encryption was requested through the RSA or KEYPASSWORD keyword and at least one output specification will perform hardware encryption, or has an encrypted-format dump data set and at least one output specification does not. To avoid doubly encrypting data, the system uses only the output devices that will result in an encrypted target. Refer to message ADR324E for the unused devices for output. The task continues if any applicable output devices exist.

System action

The DUMP task continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If host-based encryption is required, separate the DUMP tasks into different jobs. These jobs contain output devices that will not be used in data encryption. Check the DATACLAS for the output DD definitions to ensure that they do not request the tape device to encrypt the data.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR520I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NOT AUTHORIZED TO USE FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON {COPY DEFRAG CONSOLIDATE} FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volser</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Proper RACF authority is required as follows:

- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON COPY COMMAND – RACF FACILITY class authority to use the FlashCopy feature
- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON DEFRAG COMMAND – RACF FACILITY class authority to use the FlashCopy feature
- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON CONSOLIDATE COMMAND – RACF FACILITY class authority to use the FlashCopy feature

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Acquire the proper RACF authority and rerun the job.

- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON COPY COMMAND – You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FLASHCPY profile.
- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON DEFRAG COMMAND – You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.DEFRAG.FLASHCPY profile.
- FLASHCOPY FUNCTION ON CONSOLIDATE COMMAND – You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CONOLID.FLASHCOPY profile.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR521I | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AIX <i>aixname</i> IS NOT PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The AIX is not dumped or restored. The AIX is part of a BSON/JSON VSAM Database SPHERE and is not processed because the SPHERE keyword was not specified. If dumped or restored, the AIX might result as being unusable.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job specifying the SPHERE keyword..

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR522I | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE [FOLLOWING] FREE SPACE EXTENTS ON VOLUME <i>volser</i> [IN STORAGE GROUP <i>storgrp</i>] WILL BE PROCESSED BY SPACEREL <i>free-space-extents</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The specified volume is eligible to be processed by SPACEREL.

If the DEBUG(SRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified on the SPACEREL command, when free space extents have been retrieved by the CVAFDIR macro, the extents are listed following the message text.

In the message text:

free-space-extents

A list of the free space extents retrieved for processing, if any.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR523I | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SPACEREL FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> [IN STORAGE GROUP <i>storgrp</i>] HAS COMPLETED. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The listed volume was processed by the SPACEREL command. The storage group is listed when the STORGRP parameter was specified on the SPACEREL command.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR524E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SPACEREL FAILED FOR VOLUME *volser* [IN STORAGE GROUP *storgrp*], REASON CODE *reason_code*

Explanation

The listed volume cannot be processed by the SPACEREL function or the SPACEREL operation failed. The storage group is listed when the STORGRP parameter was specified on the SPACEREL command. The failing reason (*reason_code*) was one of the following:

- 4** The volume is not a DASD device.
- 8** The volume does not have an indexed VTOC.
- 10** DFSMSdss is unable to serialize VTOC on the volume.
- 12** Free space extents on the volume cannot be determined.
- 14** User does not have access authority for the volume.
- 16** DFSMSdss is unable to issue ANTRQST SPACEREL for all or part of the extents on the volume.
- 18** ANTRQST macro failed during a SPACEREL request for all or part of the extents on the volume.
- 20** ANTRQST macro encountered a terminating error or CANCELERROR is specified. Processing ended for the current volume.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues with the next volume in the input list. The return code was 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action for each reason code:

- 4** Do not attempt to issue release space from a non-DASD volume.
- 8** Ensure the volume contains an indexed VTOC, and rerun the job.
- 10** See previous message ADR305E.

- 12** See previous message ADR264W that explain why free space extents cannot be determined.
- 14** See previous message ADR308E.
- 16** See previous message ADR526W.
- 18** See previous message ADR525W.
- 20** See previous message ADR525W.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR525W | ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING A SPACEREL REQUEST FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> RETINFO: <i>ret_info</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss invokes the ANTRQST macro for a SPACEREL request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code and return information.

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR526W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ANTRQST SPACEREL REQUEST NOT ISSUED FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i>, REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i>. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to invoke the ANTRQST macro for a SPACEREL request because of a failure indicated by the given reason code. The possible reason codes are:

- 2** DFSMSDss cannot obtain storage to perform the ANTRQST SPACEREL request.
- 4** There are no free space extents to be released.
- 6** The number of cylinders specified with MINCYLS exceeds the largest free space extent on the volume.

System action

The SPACEREL request was not issued. DFSMSDss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action depending on the reason code:

2

Provide adequate storage by increasing either the REGION size, the SIZE parameter, or both. Rerun the job.

4

None.

6

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR529I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR FOUND IN VTOC. UNALLOCATED SPACE WILL BE PROCESSED FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued when the DFSMSDss patch area at offset x'60' has been set to a non-zero value. ADR529I may be issued for the following reasons:

- A volume without an indexed VTOC indicates no valid free space information entries exist in the VTOC.
- On a volume without an indexed VTOC, a nonzero return code was received from OBTAIN because an I/O error occurred, the DSCB was not found, or an invalid work area pointer was passed to OBTAIN.
- DFSMSDfp passed a nonzero return code on a volume with an indexed VTOC.
- The DIRF bit is ON; or, on a volume without an indexed VTOC, the DOS bit is ON.

System action

The entire volume, including unallocated space, is dumped or copied. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For an I/O error, take the corrective action suggested at your site. If the DOS bit is on for a volume without an indexed VTOC, allocate a temporary data set to let DADSM rebuild the free space information.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR530I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ZCOMPRESSION COULD NOT BE USED FOR THIS TASK, <i>reason_code</i> <i>reason_code</i>: <i>xx-yy-zzzz</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The ZCOMPRESS keyword was specified, but ZCOMPRESSION could not be used. The reason codes are as follows:

1

zEDC Services are not available to perform compression. *xx-yy-zzzz* provides further information as follows:

xx

Specifies the IBM Z authorized compression service that is called. The following values are possible:

01

FPZ4RZV – Rendezvous compression service

02

FPZ4RMR – Memory registration compression service

03

FPZ4ABC – Submit compression request

04

FPZ4DMR – De-register memory compression service

05

FPZ4URZ – Un-rendezvous compression request

yy

Specifies the zEnterprise® Data Compression (zEDC) return code.

zzzz

Specifies the zEDC reason code.

2

The user is not authorized to use the ZCOMPRESS keyword.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action that applies to the supplied reason code *reason_code*:

- Reason code 1: See [z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages](#) for the return code and reason code descriptions for the corresponding authorized compression service. If you cannot determine the cause, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
- Reason code 2: Ensure that you have READ access to the FACILITY class profile, STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.ZCOMPRESS.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR531E

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE DUMP DATA SET WAS COMPRESSED WITH THE
ZCOMPRESS KEYWORD BUT CANNOT BE DECOMPRESSED BECAUSE
ZEDC SERVICES ARE NOT AVAILABLE, xx-yy-zzzz**

Explanation

The DFSMSdss DUMP data set was compressed using ZCOMPRESS. zEDC services are not available to decompress the data.

xx

Specifies the IBM Z authorized compression service that is called. The following values are possible:

01

FPZ4RZV – Rendezvous compression service

02

FPZ4RMR – Memory registration compression service

03

FPZ4ABC – Submit compression request

04

FPZ4DMR – De-register memory compression service

05

FPZ4URZ – Un-rendezvous compression request

yy

Specifies the zEDC return code.

zzzz

Specifies the zEDC reason code.

System action

Processing of this data set or volume ends.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See *z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages* for the return code and reason code descriptions for the corresponding IBM Z authorized compression service. If you cannot determine the cause, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR532E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ZCOMPRESS(REQUIRED) WAS SPECIFIED BUT ZEDC SERVICES COULD NOT BE USED

Explanation

The ZCOMPRESS(REQUIRED) keyword is specified, but zEDC Services could not be used.

System action

Processing of this data set or volume ends because you specified that ZCOMPRESSION is required.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the ADR530I message for the reason why ZCOMPRESSION could not be used.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR533I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date_and_time</i> ZEDC SERVICES TO BE USED FOR DUMP DATA SET ON DDNAME <i>ddname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

zEDC Services is used to write compressed data during DUMP processing. In the message text, *ddname* identifies the name of the DD specified for the dump data set.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR556W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EXTENDED ATTRIBUTES FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WERE NOT RETAINED DURING {COPY RESTORE},<i>rsn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set was copied or restored but some extended attributes were lost for the following reasons (*rsn*):

- 1**
Vendor attributes from the F9 DSCB of the dumped data set were not retained for the target data set because the volume on which it was placed did not support F8/F9 DSCBs.
- 2**
Vendor attributes from the F9 DSCB of the dumped or copied data set were not retained for the target data set due to problems updating the target's F9 DSCB.
- 3**
The last successful class transition date of the dumped or copied data set was not retained for the target data set because the release of z/OS on which it was processed did not support it.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Depending on the value of *rsn*, take one of the following actions:

- 1**
If the extended attributes are wanted, rerun the COPY or RESTORE and specify target volumes or an SMS group that supports F8/F9 DSCBs.
- 2**
An error occurred while reading or writing an F9 DSCB. Retry the restore or copy for the data set.
- 3**
If the last successful class transition date is wanted, rerun the COPY or RESTORE on a release that supports it.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR557I | (<i>ttt</i>)-,<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE NUMBER OF TRACKS MADE AVAILABLE IN THE BASE ADDRESSING SPACE ON EXTENDED ADDRESS VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

RELEASE processing released *nnn* tracks from the base addressing area on the Extended Address Volume.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR558I | (<i>ttt</i>)-,<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), USED NUMBER OF TRACKS IN THE BASE ADDRESSING SPACE ON EXTENDED ADDRESS VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number *nnn* indicates the number of used tracks in the base addressing space on the Extended Address Volume after RELEASE processing.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR560E | DB2® CAF {CONNECT DISCONNECT} FUNCTION ISSUED A RETURN CODE OF <i>return-code</i> AND REASON CODE OF <i>reason-code</i> FOR SUBSYSTEM <i>subsystem_id</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An attempt to establish DFSMSdss as a user of Db2® using Call Attach Facility (CAF) failed.

System action

The data set is not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR561E | DB2 IFI {-DISPLAY DB -STOP DB -START DB} COMMAND ISSUED A RETURN CODE OF <i>return-code</i> AND REASON CODE OF <i>reason-code</i> FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to issue a Db2 command for a data set, but the command returned with the return and reason codes listed in the message.

System action

The data set is not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR562E | DATA SET <i>dsname</i> COULD NOT BE CLOSED, <i>reason-code</i> <i>additional-qualifying-text</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The system could not close a data set or sets. DFSMSdss invoked a service such as Db2, CICS, or zFS to close a data set or sets, but the file system interfaces cannot close the data set because of errors found before the service was invoked. The data set can't be processed by DFSMSdss COPY processing either, because the file system still has the data set in use.

The call to the file system occurs because of SMS settings specifying that DFSMSdss should invoke the service to close the data set.

additional-qualifying-text further describes the problem:

- For Db2, *additional-qualifying-text* is one of the following:
 - INVALID DATA SET TYPE
 - INVALID DATA SET NAME
 - UNABLE TO LOCATE Db2 SUBSYSTEM
 - ACTIVE TRANSACTION EXISTS
 - INVALID DATABASE NAME
 - INVALID TABLE SPACE OR INDEX NAME
 - INVALID PARTITION NUMBER
 - INVALID TABLE SPACE OR INDEX STATUS
 - SYNCHRONOUS IFI NOT SUPPORTED
- For zFS, *additional-qualifying-text* is one of the following:
 - INVALID DATA SET TYPE
 - UNABLE TO LOCATE THE ZFS FILE SYSTEM
 - OMVS IS NOT CURRENTLY ACTIVE
- For CICS, *additional-qualifying-text* is one of the following:
 - ERROR DURING CICS PROCESSING
 - ASID THAT HELD ENQUEUE DOES NOT EXIST
 - CICS TS NOT RUNNING IN ASID THAT HOLDS ENQUEUE
 - APPLID TO CLOSE FILE COULD NOT BE FOUND
 - NO STORAGE FOR SRB ROUTINE AVAILABLE
 - CICS SRB ROUTINE FAILURE

Notes:

- If you receive this error when EISRLDB2 is set on by an application, and the additional qualifying text states that it was unable to locate the Db2 subsystem, then you may be running in an unsupported configuration. When the Db2 subsystem is not running as part of a data sharing group, and EISRLDB2 is set, then the COPY task must be running on the same system as the Db2 subsystem that has the table space open.
- If you receive this error when EISRLCICS is set on by an application, and the additional qualifying text states that the ASID that held the enqueue does not exist, then you may be running in an unsupported configuration. When CICS has a data set open for non-RLS access, and EISRLCICS is set, the COPY task must be running on the same system as the CICS subsystem that has the data set open.

System action

The data set is not closed by the file system interfaces and thus not processed by DFSMSdss COPY processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take action based on the *additional-qualifying-text* displayed.

Source

DFSMSDss

Module

ADRDDFLT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR564E | ISGQUERY ISSUED A RETURN CODE RETURN CODE OF <i>return-code</i> AND REASON CODE OF <i>reason-code</i> FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss issued the ISGQUERY macro to obtain about a data set that DFSMSDss could not serialize on, but encountered an ISGQUERY error.

System action

The ISGQUERY request fails.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error described by the ISGQUERY return and reason code and rerun the job. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference EDT-IXG* for information about ISGQUERY.

Source

DFSMSDss

Module

ADRDDFLT

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR565I | DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT SELECTED AND COULD NOT BE REOPENED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A data set closed by DFSMSDss was filtered out using the BY filtering criteria. When DFSMSDss attempted to have the data set reopened by the service specified in the management class serialization error exit the command returned with an error.

System action

The system data set is not reopened.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADRDDFLT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR566E | THE {BPX1UMT BPX1GMN BPX2MNT} PROGRAM FAILED DURING {UNMOUNT OBTAINING MOUNT INFORMATION MOUNT} PROCESSING FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred while the z/OS UNIX System Services (z/OS UNIX) callable service displayed was running. The program returned the return and reason codes displayed. The problem occurred during either:

- Obtaining mount information
- Mount or unmount of a zFS file system.

System action

The z/OS UNIX callable service fails.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

For additional information about the return and reason codes, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADRDDFLT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR567E | INVOCATION OF EXCI CICS INTERFACES FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> FAILED WITH RETURN CODE <i>return code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason code</i> DIAGNOSTIC CODE IS <i>diagcode</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss invoked CICS interfaces to close data set *dsname*, but the process failed with return code of 8 and a reason code of X'67'.

The diagnostic code *diagcode* further qualifies the error, as follows:

X'10000100'

Invalid parameter; call is not from CICS

X'10000101'

Invalid parameter; not a CLOSE or OPEN call

X'10000102'

Invalid parameter; data set name not passed

X'10000103'

Invalid parameter; APPLID name not passed

X'08000104'

EXCI CICS server program failed to execute the request, LINK PROGRAM to ADREXCIS failed

X'0C000105'

CICS is not available

X'08000106''

EXCI CICS server program failed to execute the request, a failure in server program ADREXCIS occurred.

System action

Data set is not closed using the file system interfaces and thus not processed by DFSMSdss COPY processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Review the qualifying text and take corrective action if needed. The system might also issue accompanying message ADR568I to describe the error.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADRDDFLT

ADR568I**INVOCATION OF CICS INTERFACES BEGINS****Explanation**

The DFSMSdss CICS client program, ADREXCIC, has been invoked to close or open files for data sets that CICS has serialized on. This occurs when DSS can not serialize on the data set and the user has specified SMS settings to indicate that CICS be invoked to process the data set. This message is accompanied by a series of report messages that describe the action taken by this CICS client program. For example, a successful close request produces the following report to the DSS job log:

```
*===== DFSMSdss EXCI Client Program (ADREXCIC) =====*
* Input Parameters: CICS CLOS APPLID=CICSHTH1 DSN=USRLCL.V4R1.CICS.BANKACCT
* Linking to CICS EXCI server routine ADREXCIS
* The EXEC CICS server request completed, data set is CLOSED
*===== End of DFSMSdss EXCI Client Program (ADREXCIC) =====
```

All the possible messages are listed below:

```
*===== DFSMSdss EXCI Client Program (ADREXCIC) =====*
* Invalid Input Parameters
* Input Parameters: CICS CLOS APPLID=xxxxxxx DSN=dsn
* No call to CICS EXCI server routine ADREXCIS
* Linking to CICS EXCI server routine ADREXCIS'
* The EXEC CICS server request completed, data set is CLOSED
* The EXEC CICS server request failed, data set is not CLOSED
* RETC=n, REASC=n
* RESP=n, RESP2=n, EXECFN=n, OPTION:funcname
```

```
* The EXEC CICS LINK PROGRAM request failed. Return codes are:  
* RESP=n, RESP2=n, ABCODE:n  
* A message was received from the target CICS system:  
* -- Messages from CICS would be printed --  
*===== End of DFSMSdss EXCI Client Program (ADREXCIC) =====
```

Note:

1. The RETC, REASC, RESP, RESP2, EXECFN fields contain hexadecimal values.
2. The OPTION field displays is the name of the function invoked on the EXEC CICS macro.
3. The ABCODE field contains a decimal value.

System action

Processing of the request continues

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADREXCIC

ADR569I**EXEC CICS: text****Explanation**

A diagnostic message from the DFSMSdss CICS server program, ADREXCIS, executed an EXEC CICS command and printed the results to the CICS log (route code 11).

In the message text:

EIBFN(*eibfn*) OPTIONS(*options*) RESP(*resp*) RESP2(*resp2*) FILENAME(*filename*)

DSN:*datasetname*

When this text is displayed, the possible options used on the EXEC CICS SET interface include:

- UNAVAILABLE
- QUIESCED WAIT
- UNQUIESCED
- AVAILABLE
- CLOSED WAIT
- ENABLED

INQUIRE FILE RESPONSE, FILENAME(*filename*) RLSCODE(*rlscode*) OPEN STATUS(*ostatus*)

ENABLE STATUS(*estatus*) DSN:*datasetname*

This text is displayed in response to an EXEC CICS INQUIRE FILE

The values for RLSCODE, OPEN STATUS, ENABLE STATUS, RESP, and RESP2 are printed as hexadecimal values.

System action

Processing of the request continues and returns to the DFSMSdss client program, ADREXCIC.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. The IBM Support Center may direct you to turn on an error injection point to allow these messages to be printed. You can also use CEDF from a CICS console to trace the input and output of the execution of these EXEC CICS interfaces in ADREXCIS.

Programmer response:

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADREXCIS

ADR582E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN ERROR OCCURRED DURING CEEPIPI
PROCESSING. *return-code*

Explanation

A failure occurred during Language Environment (CEEPIPI) set up necessary to use Cloud Data Access services. Return code
The Language Environment return code

System action

The error precludes the use of cloud storage. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [CEEPIPI — Invocation for subroutine by address in z/OS Language Environment Vendor Interfaces](#) in *z/OS Language Environment Vendor Interfaces* CEEPIPI return codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR584I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE COMPRESSION TOOL RESULTS ARE AS
FOLLOWS:

Explanation

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| UCB DEVICE NUMBER: | dddd |
| AVERAGE INPUT TRACK DATA LENGTH: | iiiiiii |
| AVERAGE OUTPUT TRACK DATA LENGTH: | oooooooo |
| PROCESSED BLOCK LENGTH: | 16K |
| COMPRESSION SAVINGS PERCENTAGE: | ss |

The DFSMSdss compression tool completed its volume processing without encountering an error. The results are provided such that:

- *dddd* is the number for the input volume
- *iiiiiii* is the average input track size for all allocated and used tracks on the volume

- 00000000 is the average resulting output track after compression processing
- ss is the resulting compression savings as calculated by the average input/output track lengths

When the message is issued with optional parameter 'OPTION=CSVOUT'. The ADR584I information will be summarized in comma separated values. The values are in this order with the field being the specified number of bytes long:

```
ucbDevNo(2),AvgInputTrkSize(4),AvgOutputTrkSize(4),CompressBlockSize(4),CompressSavingsPct(1)
(n) = bytes represented. Each byte is a two character string.
```

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR599I | LOAD FAILED FOR <i>load_module</i> ABEND CODE <i>abend-code</i> REASON CODE <i>reason-code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to load the load module displayed, but a failure occurred as described by the abend code and associated reason code. See [z/OS MVS System Codes](#) for information about the abend and reason code.

System action

The LOAD fails.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error described by the system completion code and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

ADREXCIS

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR600E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>data_set_name</i> [ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>] VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FAILED, RETURN CODE <i>error_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss could not process the data set due to the condition code detected. The hex return codes are:

x'1'

The data set resides on a 3380 device type.

x'2'

The data set is a multi-layered VSAM data set.

x'3'

The data set is a single striped multi-volume version 1 type.

x'4'

The blocksize between the source and target does not match.

x'5'

The data set is a VSAM data set that has key ranges.

x'6'

The data set is a KSDS that has imbedded indexes.

x'7'

The data set is a VSAM data set where the high used RBA equals the high allocated HBA.

x'8'

CA/CI sizes between source and targets do not match.

x'9'

The data set is a VSAM data set that has an incompatible CA size.

x'A'

The data set is an integrated catalog facility user catalog.

x'B'

The data set is a multi-volume extended format version 2 sequential data set that has an end-of-file on a volume other than the last.

x'C'

The VSAM data set has a CA size less than 15, was allocated by tracks, and has a track count greater than 16,777,215.

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set, if any.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR601E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING {MCLIST STORE RETRIEVE} REQUEST FOR {OBJECTPREFIX <i>object_prefix_name</i> OBJECT <i>object_name</i>} ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> RETINFO RETURN CODE <i>retinfo_rc</i> REASON CODE <i>retinfo_rsn</i> [AOMSERV RETURN CODE <i>aomserv_rc</i> REASON CODE <i>aomserv_rsn</i>] [CONTROLLER SENSE DATA <i>sense_data</i>] [CLOUD MESSAGE HEADER <i>cloud_header</i>] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

z/VM minidisks will fail with command reject as VM does not support the storage control function on that volume type. Here is an example where sense bytes 7 to 9 are zero:CONTROLLER SENSE DATA 80000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 94000F00 000040E0 00000000

DFSMSdss invokes the ANTRQST macro for a MCLIST, STORE, or RETRIEVE request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code, and return information (*ret_info*). For an explanation of the return information, refer to [“ANTRQST return codes and reason codes”](#) on page 1520.

The return information is formatted as follows:

retinfo_rc

return information return code (bytes1-4)

retinfo_rsn

return information reason code (bytes 5-8)

aomserv_rc

return code from AOMSERV (bytes 9-10)

aomserv_rsn

reason code from AOMSERV (bytes 11-12)

sense_datasense

data returned from DS8000® Disk Controller (bytes 13-44)

cloud_header

Cloud Message Header (bytes 45-76)

Certain occurrences of this message will include additional messages from the storage controller *storage_controller_msg*. These are used by IBM support.

System action

This error precludes the use of cloud storage. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR602E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), OBJECT PREFIX *object_prefix* ALREADY EXISTS IN THE SPECIFIED CONTAINER

Explanation

DFSMSdss found that a backup exists with the same object prefix in the specified container. By default, DFSMSdss will not overwrite existing backups in an object storage cloud.

System action

The backup is not performed and processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify a different container or object prefix and rerun the job. If you would like to overwrite an existing backup there is a patch byte at offset x'5D' that can be used.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR603I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), OBJECT <i>object_prefix_name</i> WAS {STORED TO RETRIEVED FROM} THE CLOUD |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was able to successfully store or retrieve objects to or from the cloud.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR604E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE OBJECTS WITH <i>object_prefix_name</i> IN THE SPECIFIED CLOUD AND CONTAINER HAVE BECOME UNUSABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A failure occurred while trying to store an object related to the dump process or a data set and all related objects stored using the *object_prefix_name* are not usable due to a previous error encountered. The objects have been deleted.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Re-attempt the backup once the reported problem has been resolved.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR606E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), Z/OS HTTP/HTTPS CALLABLE SERVICES ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR WHILE PERFORMING A { HWTHCONN HWTHINIT HWTHRQST HWTHDISC HWTHSET } SERVICE, RETURN CODE <i>rc</i> DIAGINFO: <i>Diag_ReasonCode Diag_ServiceNum Diag_ErrorString</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A failure occurred while performing the identified z/OS Cloud Web Enablement Toolkit service.

System action

This error precludes the use of cloud storage. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Refer to the identified z/OS HTTP/HTTPS callable service return code in *z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages*, for an explanation of the encountered error.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR607E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), Z/OS CLIENT WEB ENABLEMENT TOOLKIT FAILED WHILE PERFORMING A { CONNECT STORE RETRIEVE CREATE CONTAINER DISCONNECT } REQUEST [FOR OBJECT '<i>objectname</i>'] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A failure occurred while performing the identified request.

System action

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR608E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INPUT META-DATA OBJECT <i>objectname</i> NOT PRODUCED BY DFSMSDSS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Either the input object is invalid for the type of RESTORE desired or the input was not produced by DFSMSdss.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action, depending on the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR609E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), I/O ERROR ON OBJECT *objname* WHILE
PROCESSING *meta-record*

Explanation

I/O errors were encountered while the indicated type of dump meta-record was being read during logical data set RESTORE processing.

System action

The task ends. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use an alternate backup copy to restore the data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR610E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN UNEXPECTED ERROR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED,
reason_code

Explanation

DFSMSdss detected an unexpected internal error during processing of an HTTP/HTTPS request. The reason codes are:

- 0** An expected container name was not found.
- 1** An expected objected name was not found.
- 2** An expected parameter list was not found.

3

An unexpected condition utilizing the z/OS Web Enablement toolkit streaming service was encountered.

4

The container specified to be deleted was not empty.

5

A non-empty CDA provider file matching the specified cloud was found, but the provider file is missing a necessary field, or a field has invalid information. The missing or incorrect field is identified.

System action:

System action

The operation is not performed and processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM support center.

For reason code 5, the CDAPROVIDERFILE keyword was specified and the encountered provider file is incorrect. Update the provider file to provide the correct or missing information.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module:

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR611W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE OBJECTS UNDER THE FOLLOWING NAMES WERE NOT SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A failure occurred while trying to store an object related to the dump process or a data set and all related objects that relate to the following need to be deleted since the dump failed for the data set.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR612E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN EROR WAS ENCOUNTERED WHILE ATTEMPTING AN ENQUEUE ON THE SPECIFIED CLOUD/CONTAINER/OBJECTPREFIX |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss encountered an error obtaining a SYSZADRO enqueue; the resource may already be in use.

System action

The operation is not performed and processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job when the backup is not in use by other users.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR613I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ATTEMPTING TO PERFORM *action*

Explanation

Either DEBUG(CLMSG(DETAILED)) was specified or message ADR606E follows this message. This message describes the action that was performed using the z/OS Web Enablement Toolkit. The action may be one of the following:

'TERMINATE A CONNECTION'
'INITIALIZE A CONNECTION HANDLE'
'INITIALIZE A REQUEST HANDLE'
'SET THE CLOUD URI'
'SET VERBOSE DEBUG OPTION'
'SET VERBOSE OUTPUT DD'
'SET SERVER PORT'
'CONNECT TO SERVER'
'DISCONNECT FROM SERVER'
'SET STORAGE-PASSWORD INFO'
'SET SSL OPTION'
'SET SSL VERSION'
'SET SSL KEY TYPE'
'SET SSL KEY'
'REQUEST OBJECT RETRIEVE'
'REQUEST OBJECT STORE'
'REQUEST AUTHENTICATION'
'REQUEST CONTAINER STATUS'
'REQUEST DELETE CONTAINER'
'REQUEST DELETE OBJECT'
'REQUEST LIST OBJECTS'

System action

The operation continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR614W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), HTTP COMMUNICATION SECURITY WAS NOT SPECIFIED, SENSITIVE PRIVATE DATA WILL NOT BE PROTECTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified cloud was not configured for SSL communication. Cloud account information is sent over the IP network unencrypted and is at risk of exposure.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

It is recommended that you configure your cloud construct for SSL communication. For information on defining the cloud construct, see [z/OS DFSMSdjp Storage Administration](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR615E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLOUD CONFIGURATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED [WHILE PROCESSING DATA SET <i>dsname</i>] [ON VOLUME <i>volser</i>], <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss encountered a problem with the provided cloud environment.

dsname

The data set that was being processed at the time of the error.

volser

The volume that was being processed at the time of the error.

reason_code

The reason codes are:

Code

Meaning

1

The specified CLOUD provider type is not supported.

2

A volume was encountered that resides on a storage system that does not support the TAPE-OBJECT protocol.

3

The specified CLOUD configuration cannot be used because its provider type does not match the provider type of the storage subsystem's endpoint that is related to the device being used. For example, the

CLOUD configuration specifies SWIFT but the endpoint is configured for TAPE-OBJECT or not configured at all.

4

An attempt was made to restore an object that was compressed with transparent cloud tiering compression to a volume in a storage system that does not support transparent cloud tiering compression.

System action

The return code is 8. If the message indicates a data set, it is not processed. If the message indicates a volume, the volume is not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

Code

Action

1

Ensure that the CLOUD being specified is one of the following provider types supported by DFSMSdss:

- SWIFT
- SWIFT-KEYSTONE
- TAPE-OBJECT

2

If a data set is being processed, ensure the data set resides on volumes that support the requested operation. Otherwise, specify a volume that resides on a storage system that supports the requested operation.

3

Ensure that the specified CLOUD is properly configured. The provider type must be compatible with the endpoint of the storage subsystem and the device being used should be associated with the same endpoint. If a volume is specified, verify that the device used has the expected CLOUD target information using the following command: **DS QD,VOL=volser,QCT**

4

Specify an output volume in a storage system that supports transparent cloud tiering compression. If you are attempting to replace an existing data set, then delete the preallocated target and rerun the job..

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR616W

(ttt)-mmmm(yy), NO DUMP DATA SETS WERE FOUND IN THE
SPECIFIED LOCATION

Explanation

A CLOUDUTILS LIST operation was successfully performed, but no matching dump data sets were found in the specified location.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is set to 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR617E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), Z/OS CLOUD DATA ACCESS ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR WHILE PERFORMING A *cda_service* SERVICE, RETURN CODE *cda_rc*
[RETURN CODE TRANSLATION: *explanation*]
[FOR OBJECT: *object_name*]
[OPERATION NAME: *op_name*]
[HTTP RESPONSE CODE: *http_code*]
[HWTHRQST RETURN CODE: *hwth_code*]
[HWTHRQST DIAGAREA: *diagarea*]
[HTTP RESPONSE BODY: *repsonse_body*]

Explanation

A failure occurred while performing the identified Cloud Data Access service (*cda_service*). The *cda_service* completed with the specified return code (*cda_rc*). The message may be followed by one or more of the following pieces of additional information:

explanation

The CDA service return code (*cda_rc*) text translation.

object_name

The object name that was being processed at the time of error.

op_name

The identified service was GDKGEN, this field identifies the operation that was requested.

http_code

The service performed the operation and resulted in this HTTP response code error.

hwth_code

CDA invoked the z/OS Client Web Enablement Toolkit HWTHRQST service. The service returned this error. Value is presented in hexadecimal

diagarea

This is the z/OS Client Web Enablement Toolkit HWTHRQST service DiagArea.

response_body

The first 100 bytes of the HTTP response body.

System action

The error precludes the use of cloud storage. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Refer to the identified z/OS Cloud Data Access callable service and associated return code in [z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages](#) to identify the reason for the error.

If HWTHRQST areas are provided, refer to the [z/OS client web enablement toolkit](#) in *z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages* to identify the reason for the error.

ADR618I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLOUD INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM {SMS | CDA}

Explanation

When CDA: a valid CDA Provider File was found and used to obtain cloud information.

When SMS: DEBUG(CLMSG(SUMMARY)) or higher was specified and cloud information was obtained via SMS.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss.

ADR650I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ALL PATHS ARE RELATIVE TO WORKING DIRECTORY

Explanation

The specified working directory follows this message.

All path names in the listings are relative to the working directory path name. Any occurrence of the working directory path name will be replaced with './'.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR651W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CALLABLE SERVICE *service_name* COMPLETED
WITH RETURN CODE *return_code* AND REASON CODE *reason_code*
[WHILE PROCESSING | WHILE FILTERING]

Explanation

The relative path name of the file being filtered or processed may follow this message.

DFSMSdss invoked the Virtual File System (VFS) callable service *service_name* which completed with the given *return_code* and *reason_code*.

System action

The return code is 4. If the message is issued for filtering, the file is not included, otherwise the file is not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS UNIX System Services File System Interface Reference](#) for explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR652E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy),), CALLABLE SERVICE *service_name* FAILED WITH RETURN CODE *return_code* AND REASON CODE *reason_code* {WHILE PROCESSING}

Explanation

The relative path name of the file being processed may follow this message.

DFSMSdss invoked the Virtual File System (VFS) callable service *service_name* which failed with the given *return_code* and *reason_code*.

System action

The return code is 8. The file is not processed. Processing may continue.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS UNIX System Services File System Interface Reference](#) for explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR653W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING FILE COULD NOT BE SELECTED, *reason_code*

Explanation

The file was not selected due to the following reason (*reason_code*)

- The fully qualified path name did not pass the INCLUDE and/or EXCLUDE filtering criteria.
- The file did not pass the BY filtering criteria.
- The file is a child of a soft link.

- The path requested (shown as relative to working directory) was not found in the backup. Either the wrong input data set was used, or an incorrect path name was specified. The file could not be restored.

System action

The file is not selected. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

01

Use the proper filtering criteria. For filtering information, see “DFSMS filtering-choosing the files you want processed” in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#).

02

Use the proper filtering criteria. For filtering information, see “DFSMS filtering-choosing the files you want processed” in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#).

03

DFSMSdss does not follow soft links

04

Correct the error and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR654E *(ttt)-mmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING PATH COULD NOT BE USED,*
reason_code

Explanation

The file could not be used due to the following reason (*reason_code*)

- The path name could not be resolved. See previous messages.
- The path contains an unsupported file system.
- Permission denied.

System action

The function ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

01

Take the actions required to resolve the error reported by previous messages.

02

Ensure the full path is on a DFSMSdss-supported file system.

03

DFSMSdss does not follow soft links

04

Ensure τ_x permissions to the working directory.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR655I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLONE INITIALIZATION SUCCESSFUL FOR FILE:

Explanation:

The initialization of the clone copy has completed for the indicated UNIX file. The file is now available for update activity without affecting the dump operation already in progress.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

Activity on the file may resume.

Programmer response

Activity on the file may resume.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR656I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLONE INITIALIZATION UNSUCCESSFUL FOR FILE:

Explanation:

DFSMSdss attempted to initiate a clone copy of the indicated UNIX file but encountered an error. DSS will not attempt to perform conventional read/write operations for the file.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

See previously issued messages for details regarding the reason for the clone initialization being unsuccessful.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR657E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy),), CLONE(REQUIRED) WAS SPECIFIED BUT CLONE
COULD NOT BE USED FOR FILE:*

Explanation:

The CLONE(REQUIRED) keyword was specified. The file is a hard-linked regular file (link count greater than 1).

System action

The regular file is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job without specifying the CLONE(REQUIRED) keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR659E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING FILE COULD NOT BE PROCESSED,
reason_code*

Explanation

The file could not be processed due to the following reason (*reason_code*)

01

The file already exists.

02

DFSMSdss invoked the Virtual File System (VFS) which failed. See ADR651W, issued before this message, for details.

03

The file could not be restored because its parent directory does not exist.

04

A failure was encountered while attempting to set the file's extended ACLs. The file is preceded by an ADR652E which indicates the `v_ioctl` was issued for the `setfacl` command.

05

The file could not be restored because permission is denied to the parent directory.

06

Permission denied. User does not have read permission to the source file.

07

Permission denied. User does not have read, write, and execute permissions to the parent target directory.

08

The file could not be restored because the preexisting target file is of a different type.

09

The file could not be restored because the target path resides on an unsupported file system.

10

Permission denied. User does not have write access to the target regular file.

System action

The regular file is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following action, depending on the reason code (*reason_code*):

- 01** Delete the existing file and rerun the job or, if processing a regular file, specify REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL.
- 02** Correct the error reported by VFS and rerun the job.
- 03** Ensure the parent directory is accessible and rerun the job.
- 04** Refer to the preceding ADR652E message, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#) using the return code and reason code for explanation of the error.
- 05** Ensure read and execute (search) permission to parent directory.
- 06** Ensure read permission to the file.
- 07** Ensure read, write, and execute permission to the parent target directory.
- 08** Ensure the preexisting file has the same file type as the source or delete the preexisting file.
- 09** Ensure the target path is on a DFSMSdss supported file system.
- 10** Ensure write permission to the file.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR660W | ADR660W(ttt)-mmmmm(yy) - LAST BACKUP DATE NOT RESET FOR THE FOLLOWING FILE, RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The relative path name for the file being processed follows this message.
DFSMSdss invoked the VFS callable service v_getAttr to update the file's backup date attribute. The request failed with the given *return_code* and *reason_code*.

System action

The last backup date is not reset for this file. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See *z/OS UNIX System Services File System Interface Reference* for the explanation of the VFS v_setAttr callable service as well as the explanation of the return_code and reason_code.

Source

DFSMSdss

Module

MISSING INFO.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR661E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FILE SYSTEM UNABLE TO SATISFY WRITE REQUEST FOR FILE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While writing to the file, the file system where the file resides was not able to satisfy the entire write request. DFSMSdss was unable to restore the file in its entirety because the file system may be full. Other reasons may also inhibit the write request.

System action

The file is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Contact the system programmer to determine the reason for the file system being unable to satisfy the write request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR664I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss</i> PATH FILTERING IS COMPLETE. <i>selected_files</i> OF <i>total_files</i> FILES WERE SELECTED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The PATH filtering is completed. *selected_files* is the number of files that are selected for further processing. No further processing is done on the files that are not selected. *total_files* only reflects files that passed INCLUDE filtering.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR665E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING FILE IS AN UNSUPPORTED FILE TYPE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The relative path name of the unsupported file type follows the message. The file is not selected for processing. The following file types are unsupported:

- Socket Files
- Character Special Files

System action

Processing of the file ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR666E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NOT AUTHORIZED TO RESTORE FROM DUMP DATA SET ON <i>ddname</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The user does not have search permission (read and execute) to the directory from which the DUMP was taken. In the message text:

ddname

The dump data set referenced by the restore step.

System action

Processing of the file ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If authorized, specify ADMIN and rerun the job.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR667E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CALLABLE SERVICE *service_name* FAILED WITH xx-yy-zz [FOR PATH]

Explanation

The relative path name of the file being processed by the service may follow this message.

DFSMSdss invoked the RACF callable service *service_name* which failed with the given xx-yy-zz in hexadecimal.

xx

Specifies the SAF return code.

yy

Specifies the RACF return code.

zz

Specifies the RACF reason code.

System action

The return code is 8. Processing may continue.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS Security Server RACF Callable Services](#) for explanation of return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR668W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO LINK TO PREVIOUSLY RESTORED FILE

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to create a hard link to a file that was previously restored in the same invocation. The relative path name of the regular file that was attempted to be linked to is specified with this message.

Refer to the preceding ADR652E message for an explanation of the *v_link* attempt error.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR669E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SOURCE AND TARGET BYTE COUNT MISMATCH FOR FILE: |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The relative path name of the regular file in error is specified. The user data length of the file in the backup does not match the user data length that was restored to the file.

System action

The file is not restored.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search the problem reporting database for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR701E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE FROM <i>external_name</i>: <i>return_code</i>-<i>reason_code</i>. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The named external routine was called, and it returned an unexpected return code (*return_code*) or reason code (*reason_code*). The return code and reason code are printed in hexadecimal.

System action

Processing continues if possible. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

This message is not normally expected and indicates a programming or system problem. If *external_name* is STORAGE MANAGEMENT SUBSYSTEM, ensure that SMS is active. If SMS is not active, activate SMS and rerun the job. If SMS is already active, rerun the job with PARM='ABEND=701' on the EXEC statement and a SYSUDUMP DD statement, and contact your IBM Support Center.

If *external_name* is ANTRQST, see [z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR702E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), JOBCAT/STEP CAT NOT ALLOWED WHEN PROCESSING SMS MANAGED DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A JOBCAT or STEP CAT DD statement was specified, and one of the data sets being processed was SMS-managed.

System action

Task ends with return code 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Eliminate JOBCAT/STEP CAT in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR703E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT SELECTED DUE TO MISSING NVR |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set, which is non-VSAM and SMS-managed, was not selected because the non-VSAM volume record (NVR) for it cannot be found.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run access method services DIAGNOSE for the data set, fix the error, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR704E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ORGANIZATION IS NOT SUPPORTED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The following types of data sets are not supported by DFSMSdss in an SMS environment:

- Data set cataloged in more than one catalog

- CVOLs
- Indexed sequential data sets
- Absolute track allocation
- Unmovable data sets
- VTOCIX/VVDS
- Page/swap data sets
- The VIO data set
- Direct data sets with OPTCD=A.

System action

The data set is not processed, and the return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR705E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INVALID {STORAGE CLASS | MANAGEMENT CLASS | CLOUD} NAME {storage_class_name | management_class_name | cloud_name} SPECIFIED

Explanation

A nonexistent storage class or management class was specified in the STORCLAS, MGMTCLAS or CLOUD keyword.

System action

Task ends with return code 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify a valid storage class/management class/cloud and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR706E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DUE TO ERRORS, SOURCE DATA SET *dsname1* IS NOW NAMED *dsname2*

Explanation

During COPY processing, the source data set can be renamed to allow allocation of the SMS-managed target data set. If the target allocation fails, an attempt is made to restore the source data set to its original state. If the

ALTER of the source data set fails, this message is issued. The data set name indicates the name of the failing data set.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run access method services DIAGNOSE against the source catalog to determine the reason for the access method services ALTER failure. Restore the original data set name using access method services ALTER NEWNAME.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR707E | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NOT AUTHORIZED TO USE {ADMINISTRATOR BYPASSACS CGCREATE CLOUD CLOUDUTILS CONCURRENT CONSOLID CONVERTV DEFRAG DELCATE DELETE FCCGFREEZE FCFASTREVERSERESTORE FCSETGTOK FCTOPPRCPRIMARY FORCE IMPORT INCAT MANAGEMENT CLASS PATCH PRINT PROCESS(SYS1) RESET SPACEREL STORAGE CLASS TOLERATE(ENQF) TRACKS ZCOMPRESS} {KEYWORD <i>storage_class_name</i> <i>management_class_name</i>} {FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Proper RACF authority is required as follows:

- ADMINISTRATOR keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to perform DFSMSdss functions as a storage administrator.
- BYPASSACS keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to bypass ACS.
- CGCREATE keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to allow I/O activity to resume on volumes previously frozen for FlashCopy Consistency Grouping.
- CLOUD - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the cloud feature.
- CLOUDUTILS - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the CLOUDUTILS function.
- CONCURRENT keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the concurrent copy feature.
- CONSOLID keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to defragment volumes.
- CONVERTV keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to convert volumes.
- DEFRAG keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to defragment volumes.
- DELCATE keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to delete phantom catalog entries.
- DELETE - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the DELETE keyword with the CLOUDUTILS command.
- FCCGFREEZE keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to freeze volumes for FlashCopy Consistency Grouping.
- FCFASTREVERSERESTORE keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the FCFASTREVERSERESTORE keyword.
- FCSETGTOK keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to allow a track space efficient volume to become a FlashCopy target.

- FCTOPPRCPPRIMARY keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to allow a PPRC primary volume to become a FlashCopy target.
- FORCE - RACF FACILITY class authority to use the FORCE keyword with the CLOUDUTILS command.
- IMPORT keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to import data sets.
- INCAT keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority for direct catalog call.
- MANAGEMENT CLASS(*management_class_name*) - RACF authority to use management class *management_class_name*. The RESOWNER of the data set must have the authority to use the indicated management class (which have been chosen for the data set by the ACS routines or by the user if BYPASSACS was specified for the data set).
- PATCH keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to dynamically set PATCH bytes.
- PRINT keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to PRINT TRACKS/datasets.
- PROCESS(SYS1) keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to remove restrictions on processing of SYS1 system data sets.
- RESET - RACF Facility class authority to allow the data-set-changed indicator in the VTOC entry to be reset for data sets that are dumped or restored successfully.
- SPACEREL keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to attempt to release space allocated to the extent space efficient (thin provisioned) volumes back to the extent pool.
- STORAGE CLASS(*storage_class_name*) - RACF authority to use storage class *storage_class_name*. The RESOWNER of the data set must have the authority to use the indicated storage class (which have been chosen for the data set by the ACS routines or by the user if BYPASSACS was specified for the data set).
- TOLERATE(ENQF) keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to process data sets even though shared or exclusive access fails.
- TRACKS keyword - RACF FACILITY class authority to process tracks for the PRINT command.
- ZCOMPRESS - RACF Facility class authority to allow the specification of ZCOMPRESS(PREFERRED|REQUIRED) during all DUMP operations.

System action

Another message indicates the action taken. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Acquire the proper RACF authority and rerun the job.

- ADMINISTRATOR - FACILITY class must be active, the applicable profile must be defined, you must be permitted READ access to that profile.
- BYPASSACS - You must be permitted READ access to either the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.BYPASSACS or the STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.BYPASSACS profiles.
- CGCREATE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CGCREATE profile.
- CLOUD keyword - You must be permitted READ access to either the STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.CLOUD or the STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.CLOUD profiles.
- CLOUDUTILS - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CLOUDUTILS profile.
- CONCURRENT - You must be permitted READ access to either the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.CNCURRNT or the STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.CNCURRNT profiles.
- CONSOLID - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CONSolid profile.
- CONVERTV - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CONVERTV profile.
- DEFRAG - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.DEFRAG profile.

- DELCATE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.DELCATE profile.
- DELETE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CLOUDUTILS.DELETE profile.
- FCCGFREEZE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FCFREEZE profile.
- FCFASTREVERSERESTORE keyword - You must be permitted READ access to STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FCFRR facility class profile.
- FCSETGTOK keyword - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FCSETGT profile.
- FCTOPPRCPPRIMARY - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FCTOPPRCP profile for COPY command and the STGADMIN.ADR.DEFRAG.FCTOPPRCP profile for DEFRAG command.
- FORCE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.CLOUDUTILS.FORCE profile.
- IMPORT - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.IMPORT profile.
- INCAT - You must be permitted READ access the appropriate one of the following profiles:
 - STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.INCAT,
 - STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.INCAT,
 - STGADMIN.ADR.RELEASE.INCAT
- MANAGEMENT CLASS - The RESOWNER of the data set must be permitted access to the appropriate management class profile.
- PATCH - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.PATCH profile.
- PRINT - You must be permitted READ access to STGADMIN.ADR.PRINT.
- PROCESS(SYS1) - You must be permitted access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.PROCESS.SYS, STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.PROCESS.SYS, or STGADMIN.ADR.RELEASE.PROCESS.SYS profiles.
- RESET during DUMP - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.RESET profile.
- RESET during RESTORE - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.RESET.YES profile when specifying RESET during RESTORE full operations.
- SPACEREL - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.SPACEREL profile.
- STORAGE CLASS - The RESOWNER of the data set must be permitted access to the appropriate storage class profile.
- TOLERATE(ENQF) - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.TOLERATE.ENQF, STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.TOLERATE.ENQF, or STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.TOLERATE.ENQF profiles.
- TRACKS - You must be permitted READ access to SGTADMIN.ADR.PRINT.TRACKS.
- ZCOMPRESS during DUMP - You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.ZCOMPRESS profile.
- CLOUD - You must be permitted READ access to either the STGADMIN.ADR.DUMP.CLOUD or STGADMIN.ADR.RESTORE.CLOUD profiles.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR708E **(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* WAS NOT PROCESSED BECAUSE IT IS SMS-MANAGED AND JOBCAT/STEP CAT WAS SPECIFIED**

Explanation

DFSMSdss COPY or RESTORE cannot create an SMS-managed data set because JOBCAT or STEP CAT was specified.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Eliminate JOBCAT/STEP CAT in the JCL and rerun the job. For source data sets that are not cataloged in the standard search order, specify INCAT and give one or a list of catalog names.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR709E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ERROR OCCURRED IN THE STORAGE MANAGEMENT SUBSYSTEM WHILE <i>action_description</i>. SMS MESSAGES FOLLOW |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred in the Storage Management Subsystem while DFSMSdss was performing the action described by *action_description*. Error messages produced by the SMS service in error are printed following this message.

The *action_description* can be any one of the following:

- DETERMINING SMS CONSTRUCTS FOR DATA SET *dsname1* [WITH NEWNAME *dsname2*]
- ALLOCATING DATA SET *dsname1* [WITH NEWNAME *dsname2*]
- RENAMING DATA SET *dsname1* TO *dsname2*
- SCRATCHING DATA SET *dsname*

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the messages following this message to determine the actual error and to correct the problem.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR710E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COPYVOLID [OR DUMPCONDITIONING] IS REQUIRED TO {RESTORE COPY} INPUT VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number_1</i> TO OUTPUT VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number_2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The source volume of a FULL volume COPY or RESTORE is SMS managed. To perform this operation, the COPYVOLID keyword must be specified.

System action

The function is ended with a return code of 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you want to COPY an SMS-managed volume, specify the COPYVOLID or DUMPCONDITIONING word in the control statement, and rerun the job. If you want to RESTORE an SMS-managed volume, specify the COPYVOLID keyword in the control statement, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR711I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname1</i> HAS BEEN ALLOCATED [AS A PDS AS A PDSE] [WITH NEWNAME <i>dsname2</i>] USING STORCLAS <i>storage_class_name</i> {DATACLAS <i>data_class_name</i> NO DATACLAS}, AND {MGMTCLAS <i>management_class_name</i> NO MGMTCLAS} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

If the RENAME parameter was specified, the data set has been allocated with the new name in the storage class listed. The data class and management class assigned to the data set are also listed, if they exist. If the target data set of a PDS or a PDSE is allocated with a different type than the source, the new target type is listed as well, and the data set is converted to the new target type.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR712W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> SPECIFIED IN RECATALOG IS NOT AVAILABLE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The catalog specified in the RECATALOG parameter does not exist or is not available on the system.

System action

If the target data set is SMS-managed, the RECATALOG parameter is ignored, and the system determines the catalog. If the target data set is not SMS-managed, then message ADR380E is issued, and the task continues with the next data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the target data set is not SMS-managed, ensure that the catalog name is correct and available, then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR713E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ALLOCATE SMS MANAGED DATA SET <i>dsname</i> BECAUSE NEITHER DELETE NOR RENAMEU WAS SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An attempt to copy a cataloged data set into system-managed storage failed because the source data set was not deleted and the target data set was not renamed.

System action

The data set is not copied. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify either DELETE to delete the source data set or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL to rename the target data set, then rerun the job. See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#) under the RENAME keyword for the RESTORE command for possible syntax errors.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR714E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO RESTORE USER CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> BECAUSE THE SYSTEM-SELECTED TARGET VOLUME <i>target_volume</i> DOES NOT MATCH THE SOURCE VOLUME <i>source_volume</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A user catalog must be restored to a volume with the same serial number and device type as the volume from which it was dumped. Because the user catalog is SMS-managed, the target volume is determined by the system.

System action

The user catalog is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify the correct DASD volume in the OUTDD/OUTDY parameter, and ensure that the volume is in a storage class with the guaranteed space attribute.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR715W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ALTER STATUS OF SMS MANAGED GENERATION DATA SET <i>dsname</i> TO {ACTIVE ROLLED-OFF}. IT WILL BE LEFT IN DEFERRED STATUS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was attempting to update the status of an SMS-managed generation data set from *deferred* to either *active* or *rolled-off*, but it was unable to do so because of a VVDS manager error. Message ADR231E describing the VVDS manager error precedes this message.

System action

The data set is left in *deferred* status. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the action recommended by message ADR231E. To change the status to *active*, use the access method services command ALTER ROLLIN.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR716W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO CONVERT USER CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> {TO FROM} SMS MANAGEMENT. VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> HAS BEEN PLACED IN INITIAL STATUS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss physical data set restore has restored a non-SMS-managed integrated catalog facility user catalog to an SMS-managed volume or an SMS-managed user catalog to a non-SMS-managed volume without performing the appropriate conversion to or from SMS management. To avoid contaminating the volume, it was placed in INITIAL status.

System action

The user catalog is restored, and the output volume is placed in INITIAL status. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

- Connect the user catalog to the master catalog.
- Use the DFSMSdss CONVERTV command to return the volume to its status before the restore. CONVERTV will also perform the appropriate conversion on the user catalog.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR717E

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SYSTEM SERVICES ERROR OCCURRED WHILE
action_description. {RETURN INFORMATION IS version_number-
module_name-return_code-reason_code | ABEND CODE IS abend_code}
[AND MESSAGES FOLLOW:]**

Explanation

- The system services' version number, module name, return code, and reason code were returned as the result of an error or exception condition while DFSMSdss was performing the action described by *action_description*.
- If the system services abended, see [z/OS MVS System Codes](#) for an explanation of *abend_code*. DFSMSdss was performing the action described by *action_description* at the time of the abend.

The *action_description* can be any one of the following:

- RACF PROTECTING *dsname*
- RACF UNPROTECTING *dsname*
- RENAMING DATA SET *dsname1* TO *dsname2*
- OBTAINING INFORMATION FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- OBTAINING VOLUME INFORMATION FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- DETERMINING TARGET CATALOG FOR DATA SET *dsname*
- ALTERING THE CHECKPOINT ATTRIBUTE OF DATA SET *dsname*
- DUMPING DATA SET *dsname*
- COPYING DATA SET *dsname*
- RESTORING DATA SET *dsname*

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Following this message, see message IGW01zzz (where zzz is the last three digits of *reason_code*) to determine the actual error and the measures to be taken to correct the problem.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR718W

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), SYSTEM SERVICES ENCOUNTERED A WARNING
CONDITION WHILE action_description. RETURN INFORMATION
IS version_number-module_name -return_code-reason_code [AND
MESSAGES FOLLOW:]**

Explanation

The system services' version number, module ID, return code, and reason code were returned as the result of an attention condition while DFSMSdss was performing the action described below by *action_description*.

Action-description can be any one of the following:

- COPYING DATA SET *dsname*
- RESTORING DATA SET *dsname*

- DUMPING DATA SET *dsname*

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 4.

If DFSMSdss allocated a target data set, it is deleted.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message IGW01zzz to determine the actual error and the measures to be taken to correct the problem.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR719E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET dsname CANNOT BE CONVERTED TO { A PDSE | A PDS }, reason_code*

Explanation

The CONVERT keyword with the PDS or PDSE subkeyword was specified in the COPY command for the data set. However, it cannot be converted because of the following reason code (*reason_code*):

01

The target data set is preallocated, and its data set type conflicts with the CONVERT keyword. For example, CONVERT PDSE was specified, but the preallocated target data set was not a PDSE.

02

The target volume for the data set is not SMS-managed.

03

The IGWFAMS utility or PDSE support are not available on the system.

04

The source data set (*dsname*) is an encrypted PDSE and it cannot be converted to a PDS since a PDS is not eligible for encryption.

06

The source data set (*dsname*) is a PDSE greater than 65,535 tracks and it cannot be converted to PDS since a PDS cannot be greater than 65,535 tracks.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by the reason code (*reason_code*) and reprocess the data set:

01

Rename or delete the preallocated data set.

02

Specify an SMS-managed target volume or modify the ACS routine to direct the target allocation to an SMS-managed volume.

03

Ensure IGWFAMS and PDSE are supported on the system.

04

Exclude encrypted PDSEs from the list of data sets to be converted to PDS.

06

Exclude PDSEs greater than 65,535 tracks from the list of data sets to be converted to PDS.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR720I (ttt)-mmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* WAS NOT SERIALIZED WHEN IT WAS DUMPED. RECOVERY DATA IS (yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss.t)

Explanation

The data set was not serialized when it was dumped because the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status in the VVDS indicated that this data set could be dumped without serialization by DFSMSDss if it was already serialized.

The recovery data information for the data set has the following values:

yyyy.ddd

The Julian date (year and days).

hh:mm:ss.t

The time-stamp in hours, minutes, seconds, and tenths of a second.

Recovery data of (***** **:**:**) indicates that DFSMSDss could not obtain the recovery data.

System action

Processing continues. If this message was unexpected, the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status have been incorrectly set or left set by an application.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Forward recovery be required to use this data set.

ADR721I (ttt)-mmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* IN CATALOG *catalog_name* ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* IS BEING PROCESSED AS A BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN DATA SET

Explanation

The normal serialization was not obtained for the data set, but the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status was either 100 or changed to 100 from 110. As a result, the data set was processed even though it was already opened by another application. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration* for more details about the BWO status indicators.

System action

Processing continues. If this message was unexpected, the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status have been incorrectly set or left set by an application.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR722E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS UNAVAILABLE AND CANNOT BE PROCESSED - BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN STATUS IS <i>nnn</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The Backup-While-Open status in the VVDS indicated that this data set is in an unavailable state and cannot be dumped or restored. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#) for more details about the BWO status indicators.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

Rerun the function when the data set becomes available or the BWO status is changed.

Programmer response

Correct the condition that is causing the data set to be unavailable, or change the BWO status.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR723W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), PHYSICAL OPERATION: BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN PROCESSING FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT PERFORMED) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Backup-While-Open (BWO) is not supported in physical dump and restore functions.

System action

The data set is dumped or restored, but the contents of the data set are unpredictable. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If this is a dump function, re-process the data set with logical data set dump. If this is a restore function, ensure that the restored data set is usable.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR724E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ERROR DURING <i>function</i> FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>], <i>vv-ii-ww-zzz</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The version number (*vv*) and module ID (*ii*), and the CMI (catalog management) return code (*ww*) and reason code (*zzz*) were returned by the catalog services as the result of a catalog error or an exception condition.

System action

Command processing is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message IGW01zzz for specific return code and reason code definitions. If CMI return information is displayed, see IDC3009I for definitions.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR725E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INTERNAL BUFFERING ERROR ENCOUNTERED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] WHILE INTERFACING WITH SYSTEM SERVICES FOR DATA MOVEMENT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An error was detected in the I/O buffer table. This is probably an internal error in DFSMSDss.

System action

Processing ends for the data set. Processing continues with the next data set that is not a PDSE. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR726W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS A BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN DATA SET BUT WAS RESTORED TO A NON-SMS-MANAGED TARGET. RECOVERY DATA IS (<i>yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss.t</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was dumped while it was open and should be restored to an SMS-managed volume.

The recovery data information for the data set has the following values:

yyyy.ddd

The Julian date (year and days).

hh:mm:ss.t

The time-stamp in hours, minutes, seconds, and tenths of a second.

Recovery data of (******* **.*.*.***) indicates that DFSMSDss could not obtain the recovery data.

System action

The data set is restored. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For forward recovery, the data set must be restored as an SMS-managed data set. Select an SMS-managed target volume or modify the ACS routine to direct the allocation to an SMS-managed target volume.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR727E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> (IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>) WAS NOT PROCESSED BECAUSE IT IS SMS-MANAGED BUT IT IS NOT CATALOGED IN THE STANDARD ORDER OF SEARCH |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set, which is SMS-managed, was not selected because it was found to be cataloged outside the standard order of search.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Recatalog the data set in the standard order of search and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR728E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE DUMPED VERSION OF DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS NOT USEABLE - BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN STATUS IS <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Either the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status or the data set was changed while the data set was being dumped.

For example, a CI or CA split have occurred, or the data set have been extended. The version of the data set on the dump data set (tape or DASD) is not usable.

A status of '****' indicates that DFSMSdss could not obtain the BWO status bits at the end of the dump. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#) for more details about the BWO status indicators.

System action

The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

Rerun the dump when the data set becomes available.

Programmer response

None.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR729E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO ALLOCATE SUFFICIENT SPACE TO PROCESS DATA SET <i>dsname</i>. IT CANNOT BE COPIED/RESTORED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to allocate sufficient space to contain the data set.

System action

The data set is not copied or restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If possible, preallocate the target data set with the appropriate amount of space. Otherwise, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR730W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IS OPEN |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified VSAM cluster is in open-for-update status. This indicate that the data set is truly open for update or that it was not closed properly. This condition does not prevent the data set from being processed.

If the function this message was issued against was either a data set dump or data set copy, the cluster will be backed up or copied. In addition, if the source was not in the process of being updated and DELETE was specified, the source will be deleted.

Note: The data set is unusable if the source was in the process of being updated.

If the function this message was issued against was data set restore, the backup copy being restored was open at the time of dump. The restored data set or not be usable.

System action

The cluster is dumped, copied, or restored if it is selected. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For dump or copy, close the cluster and rerun the job if a complete copy is necessary. For restore, use the Access Method Services VERIFY or EXAMINE commands to ensure that the cluster is usable.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR731W**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), THE SIZE OF THE BLOCK OF DATA ACTUALLY READ, *nnnn1* BYTES, IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF LRECL, *nnnn2*. DATA SET *dsname* IS PROCESSED, BUT REBLOCKING IS TERMINATED**

Explanation

During a DFSMSdss data set COPY or RESTORE with REBLOCK specified, or when reblocking has been automatically invoked because the source and target block sizes differ, an inconsistency was detected between the size of a block of data actually read from the user's data set (*nnnn1*) and the LRECL (*nnnn2*) obtained from the VTOC entry. For a data set with RECFM=FB to be legitimate, all blocks of data in the data set must be an integer multiple of the LRECL. All blocks do not have to be the same length, but they must all be an integer multiple of the LRECL. One or more blocks of data in the data set named in the message does not meet this criteria.

System action

The data set is processed, but reblock processing is terminated starting with the current block. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Inspect the data set for any LRECL anomalies, and correct any that you find. Retry without specifying REBLOCK, or ensure that the target block size is the same as the source.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR732E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*) DATA SET *dsname* ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* WAS NOT SELECTED BECAUSE IT WAS NOT CATALOGED**

Explanation

The VSAM data set specified could not be processed for one or more of the following reasons:

- The data set was not cataloged when the job was run.
- There is no catalog entry for the data set, or one of the components of the data set resides on a volume that is not in the catalog volume list for the component.
- If SELECTMULTI(FIRST) or SELECTMULTI(ANY) was specified, an uncataloged data set was encountered on a volume specified by LOGINDDNAME, LOGINDYNAM, LOGDDNAME, or LOGDYNAM. However, there is a cataloged data set with a duplicate name residing on another volume.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Inspect the catalog for the entry of the VSAM data set listed in the message. If a volume serial number is listed in the message, verify that the number is also listed in the catalog entry for the data set. Correct the corrupted catalog, and use IDCAMS to recatalog the VSAM data set if no catalog entry is found.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR733I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> {DOES NOT HAVE A RECORD FORMAT OF FIXED OR FIXED BLOCK HAS A STANDARD USER LABEL}. RELATIVE BLOCK ADDRESS PROCESSING WILL NOT BE USED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The keyword RELBLOCKADDRESS was specified, but the data set did not have a record format of fixed or fixed block, or the data set had a standard user label. The data set cannot be processed using relative block address.

System action

Processing continues without the use of relative block address.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR734I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>date time</i> CONCURRENT COPY INITIALIZATION [UN]SUCCESSFUL FOR {VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> <i>cc_data_sets</i> OF <i>selected_data_sets</i> SELECTED DATA SETS}. [SERIALIZATION FOR THIS DATA IS RELEASED IF DFSMSDSS HELD IT.] THE INTERMEDIATE RETURN CODE IS <i>return_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The initialization of the concurrent copy session has completed. If the initialization was successful, serialization of the data being dumped or copied with concurrent copy is no longer necessary and it has been released (if DFSMSdss held it). The data is now available for update activity without affecting the dump or copy operation already in progress.

If the concurrent copy initialization was unsuccessful or *cc_data_sets* is less than *selected_data_sets*, this message is preceded by one or more ADR735W or ADR737W messages indicating what data was not successfully initialized into the concurrent copy session and why. If you are doing a logical data set operation, this message is also preceded by message ADR801I indicating the number of data sets that passed filtering and are therefore selected for further processing. The return code for this task (*ttt*) up to this point is *return_code*. If there were any warning or error messages before this message, the intermediate return code is 4 or 8, respectively.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR735W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), date time USE OF CONCURRENT COPY FAILED [FOR [DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON] VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>], <i>reason_code</i>. SERIALIZATION WILL BE HELD AND CONCURRENT COPY WILL NOT BE USED. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>sdm_rc-sdm_rsn</i>[-<i>reason_code_modifier</i>] <i>sense_data</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The initialization of the concurrent copy function did not complete successfully for the specified data set or volume. Any serialization obtained by DFSMSdss on the data is held. The initialization failure is described by reason code, (*reason_code*):

- 1** Communications between DFSMSdss and the system data mover function could not be established because the real addresses of one or more UCBs were not available. See the previously issued message, ADR821W, for more information.
- 2** The data being dumped or copied does not reside on hardware that supports concurrent copy or SnapShot.
- 3** The data being dumped or copied does not reside on hardware that supports cache-based concurrent copy.
- 4** The control unit limit of concurrent copy sessions has already been reached, or the control unit cannot support this operation.
- 5** The data being dumped or copied does not reside on hardware that supports virtual concurrent copy.
- 6** The limit of devices participating in the concurrent copy session that are attached to a given control unit has already been reached.
- 8** The host limit of concurrent copy sessions has already been reached.
- 10** If DSS message ADR735W is issued with reason code 10, indicating that the system data mover is not available, and there is a previous SDM message ANTM6999E with RC=6307, then any storage shortages that may exist must be resolved and the ANTMAIN address space must be refreshed (Cancel of the ANTMAIN address space).

If the ANTM6999E/RC=6307 continues to be observed, ensure there are no existing storage shortages and then refresh ANTMAIN again.
- 12** Concurrent copy or SnapShot initialization for the PDSE or HFS failed. This could have been caused by the data set being extended multiple times during the concurrent copy or SnapShot initialization.
- 14** Concurrent copy or SnapShot cannot be used because of an error condition. The system data mover return code (*sdm_rc*) and reason code (*sdm_rsn*) are supplied as diagnostic aids. For explanations of the codes, see [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#). DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.
- 16** SnapShot software support is not available.

The operation continues as if concurrent copy was not requested for the specified data set or volume. Serialization is held until the operation is complete.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you want the concurrent copy feature to be used, you correct the problem by doing the following:

- 1** Resolve the UCB problem and rerun the job.
- 2** Ensure that all of the data being dumped or copied resides on hardware that supports concurrent copy or SnapShot.
- 3** If CONCURRENT(CACHEREQ) or CONCURRENT(CACHEPREF) was specified, ensure that all of the data set being dumped or copied resides on hardware that supports cache-based concurrent copy.
- 4** If the control unit can support the operation, run the job when the system is less active. Otherwise, ensure that the control unit supports concurrent copy.
- 6** Reduce the amount of data to be processed in the concurrent copy session, or spread it out across multiple control units.
- 8** Run the job later when the system is less active.
- 10** Ensure that the system data mover initializes properly when the system is brought up.
- 12** Rerun the job later. If the job still fails with the same error message, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, obtain an ABEND user dump on this message and contact the IBM Support Center.
- 14** See the [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#) manual for an explanation of return and reason codes.
- 16** Install support for SnapShot.

Source

DFSMSdss

Routing code

2,4

Descriptor code

6

ADR736E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), AN ERROR CONDITION WAS DETECTED BY THE SYSTEM DATA MOVER. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: *return_code*-*reason_code*[-*reason_code_modifier*]****Explanation**

DFSMSdss cannot complete the requested concurrent copy or SnapShot function because of an error condition detected by the System Data Mover. The System Data Mover return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) are supplied as diagnostic aids.

System action

Concurrent copy or SnapShot is not used to perform the requested function.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

For explanations of the codes, see [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#).

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR737W**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), CONCURRENT COPY IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR DATA SET *dsname*, *reason_code*. THE DATA SET WILL NOT BE PROCESSED USING CONCURRENT COPY****Explanation**

The data set named cannot be supported by the concurrent copy function for the following reason, *reason_code*:

4

The data set must be copied with a utility.

This data set is processed as if concurrent copy were not requested.

System action

The data set is not processed using concurrent copy. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

You correct the problem by:

4

Excluding the data set from the concurrent copy operation.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR738E | (xxx)-mmmm(yy), date time CONCURRENT COPY OPERATION IN PROGRESS FAILED, return_code-reason_code[-reason_code_modifier], sense |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The concurrent copy operation in process has failed. The system data mover return code (*return_code*) and reason code (*reason_code*) and the hardware sense data (*sense*) are supplied as diagnostic aids. For explanations of the system data mover codes, see [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#). DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.

System action

All data being dumped or copied with concurrent copy is bypassed. Processing continues for all data being dumped or copied without concurrent copy. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR739E | (ttt)-mmmm(yy), [preallocated SOURCE] DATA SET cluster_name [IN CATALOG catalog_name] WAS NOT [PROCESSED UNCATALOGED USABLE] BECAUSE IT WAS NOT COMPLETELY RECALLED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Either the data set was being recalled or a previous recall did not successfully complete. When TYPRUN=NORUN is requested, ADR739E is issued for a DUMP or COPY source data set, but not for a preallocated target of a COPY or RESTORE. An incompletely recalled VSAM data set only be detected when it is accessed in the standard order of search.

System action

One of the following occurred:

- NOT PROCESSED means the source data set was not copied, dumped, or released.
- NOT USABLE means the preallocated target data set was found to be unusable because it was incompletely recalled. The COPY or RESTORE of the cluster was not done.
- NOT UNCATALOGED means the preallocated target data set could not be uncataloged when the DELETEDCATALOGENTRY keyword was specified. The RESTORE of the cluster was not done. The system also issues message ADR497E with further details.

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Issue the HRECALL command for the data set and rerun the job when the data set becomes available.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR740W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* IN CATALOG *catalog_name* HAS
BEEN MIGRATED AND IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE FOR SELECTION

Explanation

The data set was migrated after the DFSMSdss step started. The data set was no longer available to be processed. The system issues this message for data sets that would have been excluded with BY filtering, but BY filtering was not performed because DFSMSdss could not locate the VTOC entry for the data set because it was migrated.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set needs to be processed, recall the data set and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR741E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN UNEXPECTED VALUE WAS RETURNED FROM
SYSTEM CATALOG SERVICES FOR DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

During an attempt to obtain data set information, a zero value was returned from the system catalog services for an attribute of the specified data set.

System action

The data set was not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR742E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLUSTER *cluster_name* [IN CATALOG *catalog_name*]
WAS NOT PROCESSED BECAUSE IT HAS AN ALLOCATION
INCONSISTENCY

Explanation

The VSAM data set was not processed because either its primary or its secondary allocation amount is not an even multiple of its tracks per control area (tracks/CA). The data set contains unused tracks.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the allocation inconsistency and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR743E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING FOR DATA SET *dsname* IS
TERMINATED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT DIRECTORY SPACE

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot process the data set, *dsname*, because there is no room left in the directory to add member information.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides. Use the DFSMSdss PRINT command to print the data set to determine the cause of the failure. Review other informational or attention messages that precede this message.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR744W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), NO VALID MEMBERS WERE FOUND FOR PDS
dsname. ONLY THE DIRECTORY WILL BE UPDATED

Explanation

No members were found in the PDS or all members found had invalid starting TTRs. This message is preceded by message ADR745W for each member with an invalid start TTR.

System action

Only the directory of the data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For a data set with no members, no user action is required. For a data set with all invalid member start TTRs, see message ADR745W for direction.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR745W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), STARTING TTR ttttrr FOR MEMBER member_name IN PDS dsname IS INVALID. REASON CODE IS reason_code

Explanation

The starting TTR of the named member is invalid for one of the following reasons (*reason_code*):

04

The TTR points to a record before the end of the directory.

08

The TTR points to a record after the end of the data set as determined by the pointer to the last used block in the VTOC entry of the data set.

12

The record portion of the TTR points to a block after the last valid block on the indicated track.

System action

The member data is not processed. The directory entry for the member is transferred unchanged to the target data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and by providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR746W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), END OF DIRECTORY RECORD MISSING FOR PDS dsname

Explanation

The PDS specified does not have an end-of-file (EOF) record for the directory or the EOF is not in the correct place.

System action

An EOF record is supplied for the directory if the NOPACKING keyword is not specified. Processing continues for this data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and by providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR747W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), HIGH MEMBER ENTRY MISSING FOR PDS *dsname*

Explanation

The PDS specified does not have a high member entry (member name = all X'FF's). This entry signifies the position of the last active member in the directory.

System action

The high member entry is supplied for the directory if the NOPACKING keyword is not used. Processing continues for this data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and by providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR748W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), TTR *ttttrr* IN MEMBER *member_name* OF PDS *dsname* IS INVALID. BYTE OFFSET IS *nnnn* IN {DIRECTORY ENTRY | CCHHR *cchhrr*}. REASON CODE IS *reason_code*

Explanation

The user or notelist TTR found in the given PDS was invalid and cannot be translated by DFSMSdss track-packing logic. The TTR points to a record outside the bounds of the current member being processed or past the end of valid records on a track within the member. The absolute disk address of the source TTR (if in a notelist) and its offset relative to zero within the record or directory entry are given. The reason code (*reason_code*) describes the specific condition for the invalid TTR as follows:

04

The TTR points to a block before the starting block for the member as indicated in the member directory entry.

08

The TTR points to a block after the ending block for the member.

12

The record portion of the TTR points to a block after the last valid block on the indicated track.

16

The record portion of the TTR is zero. Valid blocks begin at one.

System action

The TTR is copied without change. Processing for this data set continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and by providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR749W *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), END OF FILE RECORD MISSING FOR MEMBER
member_name OF PDS dsname AT TTR ttttrr*

Explanation

During the copy or restore of a PDS, an expected end-of-file (EOF) record for the member specified was not found before the starting TTR of the next member. The directory shows the next member should start at the given TTR.

System action

An end-of-file (EOF) record is supplied for the member at the TTR given. Processing continues with the next member in the data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

The data set does not conform to standard conventions for a PDS and contain additional errors that cannot be detected by DFSMSdss. If the data set must be moved as is, rerun the job by specifying the data set in the NOPACKING keyword list and by providing at least one target volume of a like device as the volume on which the data set resides.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR750E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING FOR DATA SET dsname IS
TERMINATED TO PREVENT DELETION OF THE SOURCE DATA SET*

Explanation

An invalid condition or structure was detected in the data set during processing. The DELETE keyword was also specified. In order to preserve the source data set and preclude possible data integrity problems, DFSMSdss ends the processing after data movement and deletes the target data set. The invalid condition might be:

- Invalid TTRs detected in the directory or member entry.
- Missing end-of-file (EOF) record for a member.

System action

The specified data set was not copied, and the return code is set to 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the invalid conditions to have the PDS copied.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR751E (ttr)-mmmmm(yy), {OPEN | WRITE | CLOSE} FAILED WITH RETURN CODE (return_code) FOR data_set IN AN ATTEMPT TO EXTEND THE DATA SET

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot extend the data because the OPEN, WRITE, or CLOSE failed for the data set.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#) for an explanation of return codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR752E (ttr)-mmmmm(yy), {OPEN | WRITE | CLOSE} ABENDED WITH ABEND CODE (abend_code) FOR data_set IN AN ATTEMPT TO EXTEND THE DATA SET

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot extend the data because the OPEN, WRITE, or CLOSE for the data set abnormally ended.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR753E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO ESTABLISH ESTAE EXIT

Explanation

DFSMSdss cannot register an ESTAE exit to the system and, therefore, cannot process abends.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR754E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* IN CATALOG *catalog_name* ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* CANNOT BE PROCESSED - UNABLE TO CHANGE BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN STATUS FROM *nnn1* TO *nnn2*

Explanation

An error occurred while changing the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status of the target data set to *nnn2*. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration](#) for more details about the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status indicators.

System action

The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

Rerun the function when the data set becomes available.

Programmer response

Correct the condition that is causing the alter Backup-While-Open (BWO) status error.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR755W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SOURCE DATA SET <i>source_dsname</i> WAS {GENERICALLY PROTECTED RACF-INDICATED}. THE TARGET DATA SET <i>target_dsname</i> {IS GENERICALLY PROTECTED IS NOT PROTECTED BY ANY PROFILE IS RACF INDICATED AND BE INACCESSIBLE} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For a logical operation, the level of protection for the target data set, (*target_dsname*) compared to the source data set (*source_dsname*), indicates that action on the part of the owner of the data set or a security administrator be required to ensure that the target data set is properly protected and accessible.

System action

Processing continues for the specified data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Contact your security administrator.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR756E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SYS1 DATA SET <i>dsname</i> NOT COPIED BECAUSE PROCESS(SYS1) NOT SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The SYS1 data set was not copied because PROCESS(SYS1) was not specified and either DELETE or UNCATALOG were specified.

Note: PROCESS(SYS1) does not lift the processing restrictions for VTOCIXs and VVDSs.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Specify PROCESS(SYS1) to uncatalog or delete the data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR757E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DISCRETE PROFILE CREATION FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>, ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> THE DATA SET WAS NOT COPIED, <i>return_code1</i>-<i>return_code2</i>,<i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

RACF is unable to define a discrete profile for the target data set. The target data set is deleted and the source data set is left in its original condition. Error codes *return_code1*-*return_code2*,*reason_code* are hexadecimal values which indicate why RACF is unable to complete the define request. *return_code1* is the SAF return code, and *return_code2*,*reason_code* are the RACF return and reason codes. For descriptions of the error codes, see the return code information under RACROUTE REQUEST=DEFINE in the [z/OS Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference](#).

System action

The target data set is deleted. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error indicated by the error codes and rerun the job. This error can occur if the data set is RACF indicated by a discrete profile. Define a discrete profile with the NOSET keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR758E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME CHECKING FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> {IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>}, <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set was not processed for one of the following reasons (*reason_code*):

- 1**
The data set was extended onto another volume after the DFSMSdss step started. As a result, the volume information obtained by DFSMSdss was no longer accurate.
- 2**
The data set no longer resides on the volume or volumes it resided on when the DFSMSdss step started. As a result, the volume information obtained by DFSMSdss was no longer accurate.
- 3**
The catalog entry for the data set could not be located. The data set have been uncataloged or moved to a different catalog after the DFSMSdss step started.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the data set is not being simultaneously processed by another job, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR759W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DISCRETE PROFILE CREATION FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>, ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>. THE DATA SET WAS COPIED OR RESTORED AND IT NOT BE ACCESSIBLE, <i>return_code1</i>-<i>return_code2</i>,<i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

RACF is unable to define a discrete profile for the target data set. The data set is copied or restored, but the RACF indicator is set. The data set not be accessible until a discrete profile has been defined. Error codes *return_code1*-*return_code2*,*reason_code* are hexadecimal values that indicate why RACF is unable to complete the define request. *return_code1* is the SAF return code, and *return_code2*,*reason_code* are the RACF return and reason codes. For descriptions of the error codes, see the return code information under RACROUTE REQUEST=DEFINE in [z/OS Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference](#).

System action

The target data set is RACF-indicated, but there is no profile. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the error indicated in the error codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR760W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT DUMPED WITH SPHERE KEYWORD SPECIFIED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An attempt to restore a data set at the sphere level that was not dumped at the sphere level failed.

System action

Only the data set is restored (no other sphere information is restored). The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job without specifying SPHERE.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR761W (ttt)-mmmm(yy), CLUSTER *cluster_name* IN CATALOG *catalog_name*
WAS RESTORED WITHOUT SPHERE INFORMATION

Explanation

DFSMSDss tried to restore a VSAM cluster that was dumped as part of a VSAM sphere. The cluster is restored, but no relationship information is created. If the cluster is a base cluster, then any existing alternate indexes might have to be rebuilt. Likewise, if the cluster is an alternate index, it might not properly reflect the current state of its base cluster.

System action

The data set is restored. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the intent was to restore the entire sphere, rerun the job, specifying the SPHERE keyword.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR762W (ttt)-mmmm(yy), AIX *aix_name* OF BASE CLUSTER *cluster_name1*
ALREADY EXISTS RELATED TO BASE CLUSTER *cluster_name2* IN
CATALOG *catalog_name*

Explanation

During DFSMSDss sphere processing in which REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL was specified but the preallocated target was not, an alternate index with the same name was found in the target catalog. This alternate index is related to a base cluster that is different from the source base cluster.

System action

The base cluster was successfully processed, but the specified AIX was not processed. Processing continues with the next AIX. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use access method services commands to DEFINE the AIX with a different name, DEFINE a path, and build (BLDINDEX) the alternate index.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR763E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SETS IN SPHERE OF BASE CLUSTER
cluster_name1 [WITH NEWNAME *cluster_name2*] WERE NOT ALL
RENAMED**

Explanation

When copying a sphere without specifying DELETE or RECATALOG, you must rename all parts of the sphere. If the target sphere is to be SMS-managed, the data sets must be renamed even if RECATALOG was specified, because RECATALOG is ignored for SMS-managed data sets.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Do one of the following, then rerun the job:

- Specify the DELETE or RECATALOG keyword.
- Add or change the RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword specification to rename all data sets in the sphere.
- The NEWNAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword specifies that a source data set should be given a new name during dump processing, whether the data set exists with the new name.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR764E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SETS IN SPHERE OF BASE CLUSTER
cluster_name1 [WITH NEWNAME *cluster_name2*] WERE DIRECTED TO
MORE THAN ONE CATALOG**

Explanation

The data sets in the sphere were directed by the standard order of search to more than one catalog. The VSAM base cluster, data and index components, AIXs, AIX components, and path names of a sphere must all resolve to the same catalog.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that all data sets in the sphere are directed to the same catalog, using one or more of the following techniques:

- Adding or deleting user catalog aliases
- Renaming the data sets with the RENAME or RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword.
- The NEWNAMEUNCONDITIONAL keyword specifies that a source data set should be given a new name during dump processing, whether the data set exists with the new name.

Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR765W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SPHERE OF BASE CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> IS NOT COMPLETE ON THE DUMP TAPE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss sphere processing detected that not all of the sphere components are on the dump tape. DFSMSdss is unable to locate all of the alternate indexes related to the named base cluster on the dump tape because of errors encountered when the sphere was dumped. If the sphere was preallocated, the existing alternate indexes that were not on the dump tape will not reflect the current state of the restored base cluster and will need to be rebuilt. The named catalog is the source catalog of the sphere.

System action

This error is not detected until after the base cluster of the sphere is processed. All alternate indexes on the dump tape are restored, and processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action:

- For non-preallocated data set RESTORE, check the DFSMSdss messages for the AIXs that were restored, use access method services commands to define the missing AIXs, define paths for them, and build (BLDINDEX) the AIXs.
- For preallocated data set RESTORE, check the DFSMSdss messages for the AIXs that were restored, and use the access method services command BLDINDEX to rebuild the existing alternate indexes that were not restored.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR766E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name1</i> [WITH NEWNAME <i>cluster_name2</i>] CANNOT BE MOVED TO {AN SMS A NONSMS} TARGET BECAUSE IT IS PART OF {AN SMS A NONSMS} MANAGED SPHERE [IN A DIFFERENT STORAGE GROUP] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

When DFSMSdss copies with DELETE between SMS and NONSMS or between different storage groups in SMS, all parts of a VSAM sphere must be included. The system might also issue this message if there is an alternate index associated with the base cluster, but there is no path defined for the alternate index.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Do one or more of the following, then rerun the job:

- Specify RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL or RECATALOG instead of DELETE.
- Specify SPHERE to include all parts of the sphere.
- Specify all parts of the sphere in the data set INCLUDE parameter.

If there is no path defined between the base cluster and the alternate index, use access method services to define a path, and then rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR767I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), date time CONCURRENT COPY INITIALIZATION SUCCESSFUL FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>]. [SERIALIZATION IS RELEASED] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The initialization of the concurrent copy session has completed for the indicated data set. Therefore, serialization of the data being dumped or copied with concurrent copy is no longer necessary. The data set is now available for update activity without affecting the dump or copy operation already in progress.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

Activity on the data set resume.

Programmer response

Activity on the data set resume.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR768W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING SPHERE(S) COULD NOT BE COMPLETELY PROCESSED DUE TO ERRORS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During DFSMSdss sphere processing, one or more components of a sphere could not be successfully processed. The message lists the status of each piece of the sphere.

System action

If possible, processing continues with the next sphere component for COPY and RESTORE, or the next data set for DUMP. If the command was DUMP and DELETE was specified, no parts of the sphere are deleted. If the command was DUMP, processing for each individual sphere halts if an error was detected with an AIX. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check other DFSMSdss messages for the components that failed. After correcting the error conditions, run the job again.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR769E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), PROCESSING OF DATA SET <i>dsname</i> FILE TERMINATED BY UIM EXIT (<i>nn</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The indicated User Interaction Module exit *nn* has ended processing for the named data set or UNIX file before normal completion.

If the SPHERE keyword is specified and the named data set is a base cluster, processing for all related AIXs is also ended.

If processing UNIX files, the path of the file being terminated follows the message.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR770W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AIX <i>aix_name</i> RELATED TO BASE CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WAS NOT TERMINATED AS REQUESTED BY UIM EXIT (<i>nn</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated User Interaction Module exit (*nn*) requested that processing for the named alternate index be ended. The request was denied because the SPHERE keyword was specified and the alternate index is related to the named base cluster that was selected for processing.

System action

Processing continues for the named alternate index. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take one or more of the following actions:

- Copy only the base cluster by omitting the SPHERE keyword.

- Change the UIM exit so that termination is not attempted for the alternate index.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR771W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A DISCRETE PROFILE FOR TARGET DATA SET <i>dsname</i>, ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, (IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>,) ALREADY EXISTS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

RACF is unable to define a discrete profile for the target data set (*dsname*) because one is already defined to RACF. The RACF-indicator has been turned on, so the existing discrete profile now protects the target data set.

System action

The target data set is RACF-indicated and the existing discrete profile now protects the data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR772W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UIM EXIT (<i>nn</i>) IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO BYPASS SECURITY PROCESSING FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volser</i> PATHS } |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated User Interaction Module exit (*nn*) attempted to bypass RACF and security processing for the named data set or volume. The request was denied because the application program was not authorized to bypass security because PASS was specified in the PPT statement in the SCHEDxx parmlib member.

System action

Processing continues with normal security processing for the data set, volume, or the PATH keyword.

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Alter the application so that it is authorized to bypass security processing by ensuring that NOPASS is specified, or by changing the UIM exit so that it does not attempt to bypass security processing.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR773E

(*ttt*)-*mmmm*(*yy*), preallocated TARGET DATA SET *dsname* (IN CATALOG *catalog_name*) ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* WAS NOT SCRATCHED AND REALLOCATED AS THE DATA SET WAS NOT SERIALIZED, *reason_code*

Explanation

DFSMSDss did not delete and reallocate a preallocated target data set because DFSMSDss did not serialize the target data set. DFSMSDss needed to delete and reallocate the preallocated target because one or more target data set attributes did not match the source. The reason code, (*reason_code*) is as follows:

- 1** The target KSDS on an unlike device was not reusable.
- 3** The CI size of the target did not match the source.
- 4** The IMBED attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 5** The KEY length of the target did not match the source.
- 6** The record length of the target did not match the source.
- 7** The REPLICATE attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 8** The SPANNED attribute of the target did not match the source.
- 9** The size of the target data set was smaller than the size of the source data set.
- B** The source data set is empty.

DFSMSDss probably bypassed serialization because UIM exit 22 requested that serialization be bypassed for the data set.

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Do one of the following, then rerun the job:

- Delete the preallocated target and allocate it with attributes that match the source data set.
- Delete the preallocated target and let DFSMSDss allocate it.
- Change UIM exit 22 so that it does not bypass serialization.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR774E

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* CANNOT BE PROCESSED
BECAUSE CONVERSION TO A {PDS | PDSE } WAS NOT REQUESTED,
reason_code

Explanation

The named data set cannot be processed because the CONVERT keyword was not specified. The possible reason codes, (*reason_code*), are:

04

The source data set is a PDSE, but there is a usable preallocated PDS data set on the target volume, and CONVERT with PDS subkeyword was not specified for the data set.

08

The source data set is a PDS, but there is a usable preallocated PDSE data set on the target volume, and CONVERT with PDSE subkeyword was not specified for the data set.

12

The data set being processed is a PDSE, and the target volume for the data set is not SMS-managed. A PDSE must be SMS-managed.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem as indicated by the reason code (*reason_code*) and reprocess the data set:

04

If the source PDSE is to be copied to the preallocated target PDS, specify CONVERT with the PDS subkeyword; otherwise, delete or rename the preallocated target PDS.

08

If the source PDS is to be copied to the preallocated target PDSE, specify CONVERT with the PDSE subkeyword; otherwise, delete or rename the preallocated target PDSE.

12

If the PDSE is to be copied to a non-SMS-managed volume, specify CONVERT with the PDS subkeyword; otherwise, specify an SMS-managed target volume, or modify the ACS routine to direct the target allocation to an SMS-managed volume.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR778E

(*xxx*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* WAS NOT SELECTED BECAUSE
THE DATA SET TYPE IS NOT SUPPORTED IN THIS RELEASE,
reason_code

Explanation

The data set was not selected for processing because it is a type not supported in this release. The *reason_code* identifies the data set type:

1

Extended sequential

- 2** Compressible extended sequential
- 3** HFS file
- 4** Extended format VSAM
- 5** Data set with extended attributes
- 6** Multivolume extended sequential
- 7** Extended addressable VSAM data set
- 8** Integrated catalog facility tape volume catalog
- 9** VSAM data set with RLS information
- 10** Extended format multistriped VSAM
- 11** Extended format non-keyed VSAM
- 12** Extended addressable non-keyed VSAM
- 13** Multivolume HFS
- 14** Non-SMS PDSE or HFS data set
- 15** Tailored compressible extended-sequential data set
- 16** Indexed sequential data set
- 17** The source data set is a Large Format Physical Sequential data set.
- 18** The source data set is a non-VSAM data set with a format-8 DSCB.
- 19** Catalog or VVDS
- 20** The PDSE data set is defined as a GDS.
- 21** Extended addressable NON-extended format VSAM linear data sets.
- 22** The data set was compressed with zEDC services.
- 23** An encrypted-format data set, which is not supported on this release.
- 24** The source is a BSON VSAM database.
- 25** The source is a JSON VSAM database.
- 26** The source is a BSON/JSON AIX.

System action

Processing of the data set ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Process the data set using a level of DFSMS that supports the data set type and attributes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR779E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS AN LDS WITH DUMMY BLOCKS. IT WILL NOT BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Dummy blocks were detected during logical COPY, DUMP, or RESTORE processing of a VSAM linear data set (LDS), *dsname*. A dummy block condition exists when there are excess blocks at the end of a control area (CA). DFSMSdss does not support logical processing of VSAM linear data sets with dummy blocks.

System action

Processing continues for other data sets. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR780I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE INPUT DUMP DATA SET BEING PROCESSED IS IN {FULL VOLUME TRACKS TRACKS (CPVOLUME) PHYSICAL DATA SET LOGICAL DATA SET UNIX PATH} FORMAT AND WAS CREATED BY <i>product_name</i> VERSION <i>version_number</i> RELEASE <i>release_number</i> MODIFICATION LEVEL <i>mod_number</i> {ON <i>yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss</i>} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The dump data set now being processed was created using the indicated format by the indicated level of the indicated product. If available, the time the dump was created is also included in Julian date and time format.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None. For information about logical and physical processing see the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR781I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] HAS AN UNDEFINED DSORG. TRACK LEVEL I/O WILL BE USED TO PROCESS THE DATA SET TO AN UNLIKE DEVICE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set has an undefined data set organization and is being moved to an unlike target device. Track image data movement will be used. This results in an exact track-for-track image of the source data set on the target volume.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR782W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> HAS AN INVALID DSORG. VSAM PROCESSING IS BYPASSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The VVDS data set has an invalid data set organization, and VSAM processing will not be performed.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Notify Systems Support.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR783W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NO VVR FOR COMPONENT <i>dsname</i> IN VTOC OF VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A VTOC entry was found to have no matching VVR. Therefore, this component is a VSAM orphan.

System action

Processing continues on the next data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Delete the orphan VSAM data sets, or recover them from a previous backup.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR784E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> (IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>) CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE IT WAS SPECIFIED IN BOTH TTRADDRESS AND RELBLOCKADDRESS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The direct data set named in the message is specified in both the TTRADDRESS and the RELBLOCKADDRESS keyword subparameter filtering lists. The processing specified by these keywords conflicts.

System action

The data set is not processed, and processing continues with the next data set. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Change the filtering criteria specified in TTRADDRESS or RELBLOCKADDRESS, or specify only one of the keywords. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR785E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ENQUEUE LOCKOUT CONDITION WAS DETECTED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> {IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During a DFSMSdss job, an enqueue lockout condition was detected while processing the named data set. This can occur when DFSMSdss has done a reserve on the VTOC of a volume and then performs a catalog management function. A second job have exclusive control of the catalog that DFSMSdss needs while DFSMSdss has control of the VTOC that the second job requires. In addition to the above information, if a password request from the system is not responded to within the 90-second time frame criterion that is used to detect a lockout condition, the request is canceled and message ADR785E is issued for the data set.

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Wait for the completing job to finish processing, then resubmit the DFSMSDss job. See *z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration*, "Appendix D. DFSMSdss Patch Area" for information about altering the duration of the timeout (X'0A').

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR786W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ERROR DETECTED IN SPANNED RECORD AT
RBA *relative_byte_address* IN CLUSTER *cluster_name* ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number, REASON *reason_code*

Explanation

An error was detected while processing a spanned record. An RBA value of '***' indicates that the RBA is not applicable or that the RBA is not available at the time the error was detected. *Volume_serial_number* is the volume serial number for the source volume. A volume serial number of '*****' indicates that the number is unknown. The possible reason codes are:

- 1** An unspanned record was found when a spanned record segment was expected. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11730I.
- 2** Spanned record segment sequence error. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11739I. An intermediate or last segment was expected, but the first segment was found.
- 3** Spanned record segment sequence error. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11739I. The first segment was expected, but the last segment was found.
- 4** Spanned record segment sequence error. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11739I. The first segment was expected, but an intermediate segment was found.
- 5** Spanned record update number error. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11731I. The update number for the last segment was not the same as the update number for the segment(s) processed previously.
- 6** Spanned record update number error. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11731I. The update number for an intermediate segment was not the same as the update number for the segment(s) processed previously.
- 7** Spanned record segment sequence error. The end of the data CA has been reached but the last segment of a spanned record has not been found.

System action

Processing of this data set continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For logical data set dump, run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. Take appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job. For logical data set restore, run IDCAMS EXAMINE on the indicated cluster.

Note: The spanned record error condition have been lost when the record was written to the target cluster and IDCAMS EXAMINE not reveal any symptoms. Manually check the cluster to determine if data has been lost; if so, you must recover the cluster from a previous backup version.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR787E (ttt)-mmmm(yy), STRUCTURAL ERROR DETECTED AT RBA
relative_byte_address IN CLUSTER cluster_name ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number, REASON reason_code

Explanation

An error was detected during the logical dump processing of a VSAM indexed data set. *Volume_serial_number* is the volume serial number for the source volume. A volume serial number of '*****' indicates that the number is unknown. An RBA value of '***' indicates that the RBA is not applicable or that the RBA is not available at the time the error was detected.

The possible reason codes are:

11

A spanned record was found, but VVR indicates that spanned records are not allowed.

12

Index component CI size is invalid. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11760I.

13

The VVR indicates the number of index levels is 0. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11720I.

14

The index component high used relative byte address (RBA) is greater than the high allocated relative byte address (RBA). This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11727I.

15

The index component high used relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of control interval (CI) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11715I.

16

An index control interval (CI) contains a software end-of-file (EOF). This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11758I.

17

Index header contains invalid data. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11766I.

18

Index record horizontal pointer points to itself. An index control interval (CI) contains a horizontal pointer specifying the RBA of the control interval itself. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11770I.

19

Invalid length for vertical pointer.

20

Cluster is not eligible to be dumped using the VALIDATE option. The VSAM data set is not indexed.

- 21** Data component control interval (CI) size is invalid. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11760I.
- 22** Number of control intervals (CI) per control area (CA) is 0. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11764I.
- 23** Data component high used relative byte address (RBA) is not equal to the control area (CA) size. For a data set with single level index, the CA size should equal the high used relative byte address (RBA) for the data component. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11718I.
- 24** Data component high used relative byte address (RBA) is greater than high allocated relative byte address (RBA). This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11709I.
- 25** Data component high used relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of the control interval (CI) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11710I.
- 26** Data component high allocated relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of the control interval (CI) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11712I.
- 27** Data component high used relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of the control area (CA) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11765I.
- 28** Data component high allocated relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of the control area (CA) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11767I.
- 29** Data component key length is greater than the maximum record length. Data component key position or length is invalid. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11761I.
- 30** Empty control interval (CI) encountered while processing spanned record. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11735I.
- 31** Software end-of-file (EOF) found in data control interval (CI). This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11757I.
- 32** Horizontal pointer chain loop. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11772I.
- 33** Data component key sequence error. A key sequence error exists in or between control intervals (CI). This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11733I.
- This reason code also indicates that the free space displacement field for the CI contains a value which is too big.
- 34** Data component key sequence error. Duplicate consecutive keys found. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11741I.
- 35** Sequence set and data control interval (CI) sequence mismatch. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11734I.
- 36** The index component high allocated relative byte address (RBA) is not a multiple of control interval (CI) size. This is similar to the error described by EXAMINE message IDC11716I.
- 37** The index record contains an invalid index entry.

38

The data control interval RDF field contains an invalid record length or the record length in RDF field is greater than the maximum record length.

39

The free space displacement field for the CI contains an erroneous value.

40

The free space length field for the CI contains an erroneous value.

41

An empty track is encountered in a data control area (CA) or an index sequence set. See message ADR973E issued before this message for the location of the track reported.

42

An invalid CI record number was detected. A CI record may be missing.

43

The system detected a duplicate index entry.

44

Invalid cylinder allocation for a VSAM data set.

System action

Processing of this data set ends. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. Take appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job. For reason code 44, run IDCAMS DIAGNOSE against the VSAM cluster in question. Take appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR788I

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR CLUSTER
cluster_name, record_count RECORD(S) PROCESSED {, REASON
reason_code}**

Explanation

Processing of the VSAM data set has completed. *record_count* is the total number of records that are processed for this cluster. DFSMSdss issues this message with DUMP processing and also when the RESTORE record count matches the DUMP count. The reason code is applicable to dump processing. The possible reason codes are:

0

The processing completed successfully.

4

The processing completed. In-progress control interval (CI) splits have been detected and resolved in dump. However, the source data set is not changed.

8

The processing completed. Errors have been detected while processing a spanned record. Message ADR786W accompanies this message.

20

The processing encountered an error such as GETMAIN failure. Check for other error messages issued before this message.

24

The processing encountered an I/O error. Check for other error messages issued before this message.

28

Data set updated during CC initialization. See related message ADR944E for description.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the record count is different from what is expected, determine whether there is any problem with the input data set. If additional information about the data set is required, run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. In-progress control interval (CI) split generate IDCAMS message IDC11768I. If the dump data set is determined to be unusable, take appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job.

0

Verify that the record count provided in the message is the same as expected.

4

Verify that the record count provided in the message is the same as expected.

8

Check any associated messages for spanned record error.

20

Check any associated messages such as ADR736E and ADR432E for the error.

24

Check any associated messages for the I/O error.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR789W

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), RESTORE PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR CLUSTER
cluster_name, RECORD COUNT DOES NOT MATCH. INPUT RECORD
COUNT IS record_count OUTPUT RECORD COUNT IS record_count**

Explanation

Restore processing of the data set has completed, but the record count from the input data set does not match the record count from the output data set.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the dump data set from which the data set was restored and contact the IBM Support Center for programming support.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR790W

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), DATA SET *dsname* ORGANIZATION IS NOT SUPPORTED IN AN SMS ENVIRONMENT

Explanation

DFSMSdss has detected an invalid SMS data set during a data set COPY or RESTORE operation. DFSMSdss attempts to allocate the target data set on a non-SMS volume, if one is available, and continues processing the data set. If a non-SMS volume is not available, DFSMSdss fails in the allocation. The following types of data sets are not supported by DFSMSdss in an SMS environment:

- Absolute track allocation
- Unmovable data sets
- Direct data sets with OPTCD=A
- Data sets cataloged in more than one catalog
- CVOLs
- VTOCIX/VVDS
- Page/swap data sets
- The VIO data sets

System action

The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set fails during allocation, retry the COPY or RESTORE and supply a non-SMS target volume with the OUTDD or OUTDYNAM keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR791E

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), preallocateD TARGET DATA SET *dsname* IN CATALOG *catalog_name* IS INCOMPLETE

Explanation

The preallocated target data set in the indicated catalog is incomplete. A part or parts of the data set were not found on the volume pointed to by the catalog entry. The system might issue this message erroneously for non-SMS, non-VSAM data sets with candidate volumes, and for KRDS data sets when OUTDD or OUTDYNAM is specified.

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Inspect the data set in error, correct any problems, and rerun the job. For non-SMS, non-VSAM data sets with candidate volumes, restore the data set by rerunning the job with the REPLACE or REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL keyword but without the DELETECATALOGENTRY keyword. For KRDS data sets with the OUTDD or OUTDYNAM keyword specified, rerun the job without using OUTDD or OUTDYNAM.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR792E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS AN INCONSISTENT PDSE AND CANNOT BE RESTORED TO AN UNLIKE DEVICE. IT MUST BE RESTORED TO A <i>unit_type</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The target volume to which the inconsistent PDSE is restored must be of the same device type as that from which it was dumped (*unit_type*). DFSMSdss cannot restore the data set to a volume of an unlike device type.

System action

The data set is not restored. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the storage group ACS routine selects a storage group containing values of the indicated device type, and that volumes of that device type are available and are selected by the ACS routine.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR793E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS AN INCONSISTENT PDSE AND CANNOT BE {COPIED DUMPED RESTORED} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set's PDSE indicators in the VTOC and VVDS do not match. Therefore, the data set is not processed.

System action

The data set is not copied, dumped, or restored. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For a copy or dump, fix the VVDS or VTOC to reflect whether the data set is a PDSE, and rerun the job. For a restore, see [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) under patch area X'12'.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR794W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET *dsname* IS AN INCONSISTENT PDSE AND WILL BE RESTORED AS A {PDS | PDSE}

Explanation

The data set being restored is an inconsistent PDSE, and you have indicated to DFSMSDss that the data set is either a PDS or a PDSE. If the data set is a PDSE, you must restore it as a PDSE. If you try to restore it as a PDS, DFSMSDss issues error messages, and the restore fails. If the data set is a PDS, you must restore it as a PDS. If you try to restore it as a PDSE, the restore complete without errors, but the data set is unusable.

System action

The data set is restored as either a PDS or a PDSE.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

After the restore, verify that the data set is usable.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR795E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE (*return_code*) AND REASON CODE (*reason_code*) HAS BEEN RECEIVED FROM THE IGWNOTIF MACRO WHILE PROCESSING DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

While processing the given PDSE data set, the IGWNOTIF macro was called to invalidate a storage copy of the data set. The failing return and reason codes from the IGWNOTIF macro are listed in hex.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR796E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE (*return_code*) AND REASON CODE (*reason_code*) HAS BEEN RECEIVED FROM THE IGWNOTIF MACRO WHILE PROCESSING VOLUME *volume_serial_number*

Explanation

When processing the given volume, the IGWNOTIF macro was called to invalidate a storage copy of all PDSE data sets that reside on the specified volume. The failing return and reason codes from the IGWNOTIF macro are listed in hex.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [CLM reason codes](#) in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis* for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR797E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CANNOT COPY TRACK 0 WHEN OUTTRACKS IS SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Track 0 was selected to be copied during a COPY TRACKS operation, but the OUTTRACKS keyword was also specified.

System action

The job is ended.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Remove the OUTTRACKS keyword, or change the TRACKS specification to exclude track 0.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR798E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VVDS EXTENTS DO NOT MATCH VTOC EXTENTS FOR COMPONENT <i>component_name</i>, CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>, ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A mismatch exists between the VTOC and VVDS. Either the number or locations of the extents for this data set as reported in the VVDS do not match the number of locations of extents as reported in the VTOC, or the VVRIRF flag is on.

System action

The data set is not dumped.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run access method services DIAGNOSE for the affected data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR799E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN UNEXPECTED ERROR HAS OCCURRED [WHILE PROCESSING {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FILE}] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss detected an unexpected error during processing. It was possibly an internal error.

If the message was issued for a file, the relative path name of the file being processed may follow this message.

System action

If possible, DFSMSdss attempts to continue processing; otherwise, the task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR801I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), <i>yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss</i> DATA SET FILTERING IS COMPLETE. <i>selected_data_sets</i> OF <i>total_data_sets</i> DATA SETS WERE SELECTED; <i>serialization_fail</i> FAILED SERIALIZATION AND <i>other_fail</i> FAILED FOR OTHER REASONS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set filtering is completed. *selected_data_sets* is the number of data sets that are selected for further processing. No further processing is done on the data sets that are not selected. *total_data_sets* only reflects data sets that passed all INCLUDE, EXCLUDE, and BY filtering.

serialization_fail is the number of data sets that DFSMSdss could not serialize. An ADR412E message for each of these data sets precedes this message. *other_fail* is the number of data sets that were not selected for other reasons (for example, authorization failure). An appropriate message (for example, ADR402E) for each of these data sets precedes this message.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR802W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A CATALOG ERROR OCCURRED WHILE SEARCHING FOR DATA SETS BEGINNING WITH <i>prefix</i>. RETURN SETS WHERE CODE IS <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE IS <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Catalog Management module IGG0CLnn returned *return_code* and *reason_code* as the result of a catalog error or an exception condition. The catalog problem have occurred as a result of an alias pointing to a catalog that does not exist or is offline. This cause DFSMSdss not to process all data sets that the user intended.

System action

DFSMSdss tries to process the list of data sets returned by Catalog Management. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

See message IDC3009I for specific return and reason code information. Check the list of data sets processed to see if any wanted data sets were not processed as a result of the Catalog Management problem. If necessary, correct the catalog problem and rerun the DFSMSdss job to process all the wanted data sets.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR803I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), SMS DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGES |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

When you specify the DEBUG(SMSMSG) keyword and no errors occur during ACS or SMS processing, this message displays any messages that are written by SMS or the ACS STORCLAS, MGMTCLAS, or STORGROUP routines.

SMS diagnostic information may be displayed with message ADR809I during allocation.

System action

The system continues processing

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR804W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EOF FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> [IN CATALOG <i>catname</i>] WAS NOT FOUND WHERE EXPECTED. ALL ALLOCATED SPACE WILL BE PROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The non-extended format sequential data set did not have an end-of-file record (EOF) where DFSMSdss expected one. Data sets with a track balance equal to a full track must have an EOF as the first record on the track pointed to by the last used block pointer. Data sets with a track balance less than a full track must have an EOF as the first record on the track following the track pointed to by the last used block pointer. This message must be printed for data sets that have been allocated and never opened, including for data sets that have been opened, written to, and not properly closed (for example, the application or system terminated abnormally before the data set could be closed). This message also is printed if an I/O error occurs while trying to find the EOF.

System action

DFSMSdss tries to dump or copy all allocated space for the data set.

Note: In order for all the allocated data to be copied or restored, the target device must be a like device. If the data set is copied or restored to an unlike device, only the data up to the last used block pointer is processed.

The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the inconsistency and correct it or consider using the ALLDATA or ALLEXCP keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR805E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DEVICE TYPE <i>device_type</i> (<i>nnn</i>), FROM WHICH <i>dsname</i> WAS DUMPED, IS NOT SUPPORTED ON THIS SYSTEM |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The device type *device_type* that the data set resided on at dump time is not supported on the target system. The *nnn* represents the UCB device type in hexadecimal.

System action

The data set is not restored. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Programmer response

Contact the system programmer to define the device to your I/O configuration. Rerun the restore job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR806I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), [VOLUME <i>volser</i> TRACKS on VOLUME <i>volser</i> DATA SET <i>data_set_name</i>] [WAS WERE] COPIED USING A FAST REPLICATION FUNCTION |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss used a fast replication function to "instantly" copy the requested volume, tracks, or data set.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR807E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO USE DUMPCONDITIONING. THE COPY OPERATION IS TERMINATED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to use DUMPCONDITIONING for the specified volumes. The specified target device is larger than the source device and the VTOC is an older format that does not reflect the correct number of alternate cylinders.

System action

The task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job without the DUMPCONDITIONING keyword, or use the ICKDSF REFORMAT REFVTOC to update the source VTOC.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR808I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE INPUT DUMP DATA SET BEING PROCESSED WAS CREATED FROM A CONDITIONED VOLUME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message indicates that the source volume was a conditioned volume, which means that it was created by performing a FULL volume copy that was specified with the DUMPCONDITIONING key word.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR809I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), ADDITIONAL DIAGNOSTIC DATA FOR PRECEDING MESSAGE: |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides additional diagnostic information related to the preceding error condition.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, be prepared to provide this information to the IBM Support Center if needed.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, be prepared to provide this information to the IBM Support Center if needed.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR810W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME <i>volser</i> HAS NO VTOC INDEX AND IS INELIGIBLE FOR DUMPCONDITIONING |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Volumes without VTOC indexes are not supported for DUMPCONDITIONING. The volume is copied, but the DUMPCONDITIONING keyword is ignored.

System action

Processing for the volume continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the IOS message for description of the specific error and take appropriate action.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR811E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS ALREADY BEING PROCESSED - BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN STATUS IS <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This data set is already being processed by another program and therefore it be dumped or restored at this time. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in *z/OS DFSMSdjp Storage Administration* for more details about the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status indicators.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

Rerun the function when the data set becomes available or the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status is changed.

Programmer response

None.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR812I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN STATUS FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> IS BEING CHANGED FROM <i>nnn1</i> TO <i>nnn2</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The current Backup-While-Open (BWO) status is changed to *nnn* before the data set is dumped.
See MSGADR720I for an explanation of the BWO status meanings.

System action

The data set is processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR813E | (<i>ttt</i>) - <i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO PROCESS DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FOR BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN. STATUS IS <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While DFSMSdss was dumping data set *dsname*, update activity occurred to the data set that invalidated the dump. This message is typically issued because a control-interval or control-area split occurred while the data set was being dumped. The status *nnn* reflects the status at the time that DFSMSdss detected the error and only be useful for debugging purposes.

If the status is 100, this means that the initial status at the start of the dump was 110. When the status is 110, DFSMSdss resets the status to 100 and continues with the Backup-While-Open (BWO) dump. However, in this case, before DFSMSdss completed updating the status to 100, an update occurred that invalidated the dump. DFSMSdss then completed updating the status to 100 and the status remained 100 until DFSMSdss detected that the dump had been invalidated and issued this message.

A status of "****" indicates that DFSMSdss could not obtain the BWO status. See Appendix B, "Data Integrity—Serialization", in [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) for more details about the Backup-While-Open (BWO) status indicators.

System action

The data set is not processed.

Operator response

Rerun the function.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR814E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO COPY VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WITHOUT THE DUMPCONDITIONING KEYWORD |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The source volume *volume_serial_number* is a conditioned volume, which means that it was created by performing a FULL volume copy that was specified with DUMPCONDITIONING. In order to copy a volume that is already conditioned, you must specify the DUMPCONDITIONING key word.

System action

The command is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Rerun the job and specify the DUMPCONDITIONING keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|--|
| ADR815W | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING AN FCWITHDRAW REQUEST FOR [DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> COMPONENT <i>component_name</i> ON] VOLUME <i>volser</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> RETINFO: <i>ret_info</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss invokes the ANTRQST macro for an FCWITHDRAW request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code and return information. If a FlashCopy relationship exists at the time of the FCWITHDRAW request, it is not successfully withdrawn.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

For a data set operation, determine which tracks the data set resides on and use the TSO FCQUERY command to determine if the FlashCopy relationship still exists. If it does, use the TSO FCWITHDR command to withdraw the tracks. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about FlashCopy TSO commands.

For a volume operation, use the TSO FCQUERY command to determine if the FlashCopy relationship still exists. If it does, use the TSO FCWITHDR command to withdraw all the FlashCopy relationships on the entire volume.

Be aware that any FlashCopy relationship established since the COPY or DUMP operation is affected by the TSO FCWITHDR command.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR816W

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), THE FCWITHDRAW KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED BUT THE FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW WILL NOT BE ISSUED FOR {DATA SET *dsname* | VOLUME *volser* | THIS TASK}, REASON CODE *reason_code*

Explanation

The FlashCopy withdraw is not performed because of a failure indicated by the reason code. The possible reason codes (*reason_code*) are:

1

The dump of the volume or data set is unsuccessful.

If the data set is a cluster or an alternate index in a sphere and sphere processing is being done for this data set, the FlashCopy relationship could not be withdrawn because a cluster or an AIX that is part of a sphere was not successfully processed.

2

DFSMSdss cannot obtain storage to perform the withdraw for the data set or volume.

4

DFSMSdss cannot exclusively enqueue on the data set.

System action

The FlashCopy withdraw is not issued. If the volume or data sets were in a FlashCopy relationship, the FlashCopy relationship still exists. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the following actions depending on the reason code:

1

Previously issued messages describe the failures that occurred during the dump process. Correct the errors and rerun the dump job, specifying the FCWITHDRAW keyword. If a successful dump cannot be taken and you still want to withdraw the FlashCopy Relationship, use the TSO FCWITHDR command to withdraw the FlashCopy relationship.

2

Provide adequate storage by increasing either the REGION size, the SIZE parameter, or both, or specify the filtering criteria to reduce the number of data sets for operation. Rerun the job, See [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) for more information about storage estimates.

4

Use the TSO FCWITHDR command to withdraw the FlashCopy relationship. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about FlashCopy TSO commands.

Guideline: Be aware that any FlashCopy relationship established since the COPY or DUMP operation is affected by the TSO FCWITHDR command

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR817W

(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING AN FCWITHDRAW WITH DDSW=YES REQUEST FOR {EXTENT *starting_c:h-ending_c:h* | VOLUME *volser* | DATA SET *dsname* ON VOLUME *volser* } WITH RETURN CODE *return_code* AND REASON CODE *reason_code*
RETINFO: *ret_info*

Explanation

DFSMSdss invokes the ANTRQST macro for an FCWITHDRAW with DDSW=YES request and ANTRQST fails with listed hex ANTRQST return code, reason code, and return information (*ret_info*).

For a DEFRAG operation, this error occurs after the successful movement of the extent and the source extent might still be active in a FlashCopy relationship. This might prevent the source extent from being selected as a FlashCopy target.

For a COPY FULL, COPY TRACKS, RESTORE FULL or RESTORE TRACKS operation, free space that is made available because the VTOC on target volume is overlaid might still be active in FlashCopy relationships.

For a COPY DATASET operation, this error occurs after a usable preallocated target data set is chosen. The preallocated data set might still be active in a data set FlashCopy relationship. This might prevent FlashCopy from being used to copy the data set.

System action

For COPY DATASET operations, if FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) is specified, ADR938E is issued if the preallocated target data is still active in FlashCopy relationships. If FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was not specified, and no other errors occurred for this particular data set, any existing FlashCopy relationships no longer exist after the copy is completed.

In all cases, processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of ANTRQST *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

For DEFRAG operation, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES to withdraw extents that remained in FlashCopy relationships. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about FlashCopy TSO commands.

For RESTORE and COPY operations, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES to withdraw the FlashCopy relationships for the volume. Be aware that any FlashCopy relationship established since the COPY or RESTORE operation will be affected by the TSO FCWITHDR command.

For COPY DATASET operations, if FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was specified and a data set received an ADR918I return code 9, and ADR938E, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES specifying extents, to withdraw the FlashCopy relationships for the data set. If FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was not specified and no ADR938E message was received, then no action is necessary. You might also delete the existing target data set and return the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR818E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW WITH DDSW=YES NOT
ISSUED FOR {EXTENT *starting_c:h-ending_c:h* | DATA SET *dsname*}
BECAUSE DFSMSDSS WAS UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE

Explanation

DFSMSdss did not attempt to invoke the ANTRQST macro for an FCWITHDRAW with DDSW=YES request.

- For a DEFRAG or CONSOLIDATE operation, this error occurs after the successful movement of the extent and the source extent might still be active in a FlashCopy relationship. This might prevent the source extent from being selected as a FlashCopy target.

- For a COPY FULL, COPY TRACKS, RESTORE FULL or RESTORE TRACKS operation, free space that is made available because the VTOC on the target volume is overlaid and might still be active in FlashCopy relationships.
- For a COPY DATASET operation, this error occurs after a usable preallocated target data set is chosen. The preallocated data set might still be active in a DATASET FlashCopy relationship. This might prevent FlashCopy from being used to copy the data set.

System action

For COPY DATASET operations, if FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) is specified, ADR938E is issued if the preallocated target data is still active in FlashCopy relationships. If FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was not specified, and no other errors occurred for this particular data set, no FlashCopy relationships exist after the copy is completed.

In all cases, processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Refer to [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of ANTRQST *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

For a DEFrag or CONSOLIDATE operation, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES to withdraw extents that are in FlashCopy relationships. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about FlashCopy TSO commands.

For RESTORE and COPY operations, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES to withdraw the FlashCopy relationships for the volume. Be aware that any FlashCopy relationship established after the COPY or RESTORE operation will be affected by the TSO FCWITHDR command.

For COPY DATASET operations, if FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was specified and a data set received an ADR918I return code 9 and ADR938E, use the TSO FCWITHDR command with DDSW=YES specifying extents to withdraw the FlashCopy relationships for the data set. If FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) was not specified and no ADR938E message was received, then no action is necessary. You can also delete the existing target data set and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR819W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING AN FCWITHDRAW WITH ACTION=THAW REQUEST FOR VOLUME *volser* WITH RETURN CODE *return_code* AND REASON CODE *reason_code*
RETINFO: *ret_info*

Explanation

DFSMSdss invokes the ANTRQST macro for an FCWITHDRAW request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code, and return information (*ret_info*).

System action

The operation continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR820W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ATTRIBUTES LOST FOR DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

During a data set copy or restore operation, the source data set (*dsname*) has SMS attributes, but the target data set resides on a non-SMS-managed volume.

System action

The copy or restore is allowed. However, the attributes do not exist for the target data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the data set is to maintain its attributes, it must reside on SMS-managed volumes. Change the new name for a logical copy; or rename the data set for a restore; or specify `STORCLASS(storage-class-name)` with `BYPASSACS(dsname)` so that the target data set resides on SMS-managed volumes. For a physical data set copy, specify an SMS-managed target volume for the output volume.

ADR821W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE *return_code* REASON CODE *reason_code* FROM IOSCAPU MACRO FOR VOLUME *volume_serial_number* AT DEVICE ADDRESS *device_addr*

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IOSCAPU macro to retrieve the pointer to the UCB whose device address is *device_addr*, and the IOSCAPU macro failed with the listed *return_code* and *reason_code*. This message indicates there is a problem with the support for UCBs above the 16MB line. The UCB whose address is *device_addr* reside above or below the 16MB line.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR822W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), EVENT NOTIFICATION *event_id* NOT ISSUED. UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE *return_code* REASON CODE *reason_code* FROM IOSCAPU MACRO FOR VOLUME AT DEVICE ADDRESS *device_addr*

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IOSCAPU macro to retrieve the pointer to the UCB whose device address is *device_addr*, and the IOSCAPU macro failed with the listed *return_code* and *reason_code*. The indicated Event Notification did not occur.

event_id

Description

ENFPC003

Vary offline of the device

ENFPC016

Notification of a change in the SMS configuration

If the *event_id* is ENFPC016, allocation of data sets on the newly restored or copied volume are not allowed until SMS is informed of the configuration change by a SETSMS command.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR823W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), DDM ATTRIBUTES MISSING FOR DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

During a data set dump operation, one or more source data set indicators show that DDM attributes exist for the data set, but the VVR or NVR cell containing the attributes is missing.

System action

The dump operation is allowed. However, the attributes do not exist for the source data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR824E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), NO VOLUMES WERE RETURNED FOR STORAGE GROUP *storage_group_name*, *sms_return_code*-*sms_reason_code*

Explanation

SMS construct access services did not return a volume list for the storage group *storage_group_name*. *sms_return_code* and *sms_reason_code* indicate the failure that SMS detected.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check to be sure that storage group *storage_group_name* exists in the SMS configuration and has volumes associated with it.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR825I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING VOLUMES WERE ALLOCATED FOR
STORGRP *storage_group_name*

Explanation

The listed volumes were online and ready and were dynamically allocated.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR826W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING VOLUMES WERE NOT ALLOCATED
FOR STORGRP *storage_group_name*

Explanation

The listed volumes were not available to be dynamically allocated.

System action

Processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If any of the listed volumes should have been processed with the storage group, correct the condition causing the exclusion of the volumes and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR827E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), NO ONLINE VOLUMES FOUND FOR ANY STORAGE GROUP |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Storage group processing was successful, but no volumes could be allocated.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR828E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> FROM IOSCAPU MACRO FOR VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> AT DEVICE ADDRESS <i>device_addr</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IOSCAPU macro to retrieve the pointer to the UCB whose device address is *device_addr*, and the IOSCAPU macro failed with the listed *return_code* and *reason_code*. This message indicates there is a problem with the support for UCBs above the 16 MB line. The UCB whose address is *device_addr* reside above or below the 16 MB line.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the UCB problem and rerun the job. See [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT](#) for more information regarding the IOSCAPU CAPTOACT macro return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR829E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), {FCINCREMENTAL | FCINCREMENTALLAST} WAS SPECIFIED BUT INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY COULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED FROM VOLUME *src_volser* TO VOLUME *tgt_volser* ¹**

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to establish an Incremental FlashCopy relationship from the specified source volume (*src_volser*) to the specified target volume (*tgt_volser*) because one of the following conditions has been detected:

- At least one of the volumes does not support Incremental FlashCopy.
- At least one of the volumes is not eligible to participate in a FlashCopy relationship at this time.
- Proper RACF authority is required to use FlashCopy.

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy operation. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Depending on the detected condition, take the applicable action listed as follows:

- Ensure the FlashCopy V2 and Change Recording features are enabled for the source and target devices.
- Refer to the previously issue message for the reason why the volume is not eligible to participate in a FlashCopy relationship.
- Acquire the proper RACF authority and rerun the job. You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FLASHCPY profile.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR830E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY COULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED FROM VOLUME *src_volser* TO VOLUME *tgt_volser* BECAUSE EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP INFORMATION COULD NOT BE OBTAINED**

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to initiate an incremental FlashCopy relationship because DFSMSDss could not determine if there is any existing Incremental FlashCopy relationship between the specified source volume (*src_volser*) and the specified target volume (*tgt_volser*).

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy operation. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

See the previously issued message for reasons why FlashCopy information could not be obtained.

¹ [VOLUME *src_volser* DOES NOT SUPPORT INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY] [VOLUME *tgt_volser* DOES NOT SUPPORT INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY]

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR831E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FCINCRVERIFY WAS SPECIFIED BUT VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> AND VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> ARE NOT IN AN EXISTING INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to copy the new increment because existing Incremental FlashCopy relationship does not exist between the specified volumes.

System action

DFSMSdss terminates the copy operation. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Ensure the volumes specified are in an existing Incremental FlashCopy relationship and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR832E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY COULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED FROM VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i>. AT LEAST ONE OF THE VOLUMES COULD NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP ² |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to establish an Incremental FlashCopy relationship from the specified source volume (*src_volser*) to the specified target volume (*tgt_volser*) because one of the following conditions has been detected, which precludes establishing the new increment:

- Only one of the user-specified volumes is in an existing Incremental FlashCopy relationship. The other volume is not in an Incremental FlashCopy relationship.
- Both user-specified volumes are in an Incremental FlashCopy relationship, but both of them are the source or the target of an Incremental FlashCopy relationship.
- The user-specified input and output volumes are source and target volumes in Incremental FlashCopy relationships, but they are not partners in a FlashCopy volume pair.
- The Incremental FlashCopy version of the source and target do not match. One of the devices is an Incremental FlashCopy Version 1 device but the target is an Incremental FlashCopy Version 2 device, or vice versa.

² [VOLUME *src_volser* IS {NOT IN | THE SOURCE OF | THE TARGET OF} AN EXISTING [NOCOPY] INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP [, BUT *tgt_volser* IS NOT THE PARTNER VOLUME]]

[VOLUME *tgt_volser* IS {NOT IN | THE SOURCE OF | THE TARGET OF} AN EXISTING [NOCOPY] INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP[, BUT *src_volser* IS NOT THE PARTNER VOLUME]]

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy task. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Ensure the volumes are eligible to participate in an Incremental FlashCopy relationship and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR833E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {FCINCRVERIFY(REVERSE) FCINCRVERIFY(NOREVERSE)} WAS SPECIFIED BUT EXISTING INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY DIRECTION IS NOT AS EXPECTED. EXISTING FLASHCOPY SOURCE IS VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> AND TARGET IS VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to copy the new increment because the new and existing Incremental FlashCopy directions are not as expected as specified in the FCINCRVERIFY(REVERSE | NOREVERSE) keyword.

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy task. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Ensure the JCL specifies correct volumes in the INDD/INDYNAM and OUTDD/OUTDYNAM keywords, and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR834E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY IN REVERSED DIRECTION COULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED BECAUSE PREVIOUS BACKGROUND COPY FROM VOLUME <i>orig_src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>orig_tgt_volser</i> IS IN PROGRESS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss is unable to copy the new increment because the operation reverses the Incremental FlashCopy direction while the previous background copy is in progress. If the FCWAIT(numsecs, numretries) keyword is specified, the background copy does not complete within the specified maximum wait time.

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy operation. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- Allow sufficient wait time by designating appropriate retry interval and retry count in the FCWAIT keyword and resubmit the job.
- Use ICKDSF FLASHCPY QUERY RELATIONS command or TSO FCQUERY command to verify the background copy has completed, and resubmit the DFSMSDss Incremental FlashCopy job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR835E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), [FCCGFREEZE FCFASTREVERSERESTORE] WAS SPECIFIED BUT FLASHCOPY V2 COULD NOT BE USED FOR VOLUME <i>src_volser</i>³ |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to perform FlashCopy with Consistency Group because one of the following conditions has been detected:

- At least one of the volumes does not support FlashCopy Consistency Group or Fast Reverse Restore.
- At least one of the volumes is not eligible to participate in a FlashCopy relationship at this time.
- Proper RACF authority is required to use FlashCopy.

System action

DFSMSdss terminates the copy task. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Depending on the detected condition, take the applicable action listed as follows:

- Ensure the FlashCopy V2 feature is enabled for the source and target devices.
- Refer to the previously issued message for the reason why the volume is not eligible to participate in a FlashCopy relationship.
- Acquire the proper RACF authority and rerun the job. You must be permitted READ access to the STGADMIN.ADR.COPY.FLASHCPY profile.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR836E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FCCGVERIFY WAS SPECIFIED BUT FLASHCOPY CONSISTENCY GROUP TIMER COULD NOT BE VERIFIED USING VOLUME <i>volser</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is unable to verify FlashCopy Consistency Group timer. The FlashCopy of the group of volumes might not be consistent. Message ADR931W precede this message.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

See previously issued message for reasons why the FlashCopy Consistency Group timer could not be verified using the specified verification volume. Correct the problem and recopy the consistency group if necessary.

³ [VOLUME *src_volser* DOES NOT SUPPORT FLASHCOPY V2]
[VOLUME *tgt_volser* DOES NOT SUPPORT FLASHCOPY V2]

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR837E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FLASHCOPY CONSISTENCY GROUP TIMER HAS EXPIRED FOR LSS WHERE VOLUME *volser* RESIDES

Explanation

The copy of the volumes in the Consistency Group are not consistent because the FlashCopy Consistency Group timer expired before all the volumes can be copied.

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Ensure you specified the correct verification volume. Determine if the FlashCopy Consistency Group timer value is reasonable. If copying a large number of volumes within one FlashCopy Consistency Group takes too long, consider copying a smaller group of volumes.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR838I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SOURCE VOLUME *src_volser* AND TARGET VOLUME *tgt_volser* HAS BEEN WITHDRAWN

Explanation

Following an Establish FlashCopy failure among volumes in a Consistency Group, DFSMSDss withdrew the no-background copy FlashCopy relationship previously established in the same job step.

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR839I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CGCREATE [FCCGVERIFY] PROCESSING COMPLETED. I/O ACTIVITY HAS RESUMED ON THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIED VOLUMES AND OTHER PREVIOUSLY FROZEN VOLUMES IN THE SAME LOGICAL SUBSYSTEM⁴

Explanation

DFSMSDss issued the Consistency Group Created command to the logical subsystems where the access volumes reside. The list of successfully processed access volumes follow this message.

⁴ [list of volsers]

System action

The CGCREATE operation ends. The return code is 0.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR840W | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CGCREATE PROCESSING COMPLETED. I/O ACTIVITY HAS RESUMED ON THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIED VOLUMES AND OTHER PREVIOUSLY FROZEN VOLUMES IN THE SAME LOGICAL SUBSYSTEM ⁵ |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss has failed to verify the FlashCopy Consistency Group using the specified verification volume(s). DFSMSDss issued the Consistency Group Created command to the logical subsystems where the specified access volumes reside. If there were volumes frozen for FlashCopy consistency grouping, they have been thawed. The list of successfully processed access volumes follow this message.

System action

The CGCREATE operation ends. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

Refer to any previously issued messages for reasons why FlashCopy Consistency Group was not formed successfully or why verification volume was not processed successfully.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR841E | (<i>t</i><i>tt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FLASHCOPY FREEZE {WAS NOT ATTEMPTED FAILED} FROM VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> DUE TO PREVIOUS ERROR IN THE CONSISTENCY GROUP |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss terminated the current copy task because at least one of the previous COPY FCCGFREEZE tasks in the consistency group has failed. See previously issued error message associated with the failing copy task for the failing reason.

System action

The current copy operation ends. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the error associated with the previous failing copy task. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

⁵ [list of volsers]

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR842E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FLASHCOPY WITH {[FCCGFREEZE] [FCINCREMENTAL FCINCRMENTALLAST] [FCFASTREVERSERESTORE]} OPTION FAILED FROM VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to establish a FlashCopy relationship with the listed options from the specified source volume (*src_volser*) to the specified target volume (*tgt_volser*). The FlashCopy attempt encountered an error. The specified FlashCopy options, such as Incremental FlashCopy and FlashCopy Freeze, and Fast Reverse Restore preclude DFSMSDss from retrying the copy using traditional data movement methods.

System action

DFSMSDss terminates the copy operation. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

See the previously issued message for the FlashCopy failure reason. Correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR843E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO <i>action_description</i> BECAUSE ANTMMAIN ADDRESS SPACE IS INACTIVE. TASK IS TERMINATED [THE VOLUMES ARE:] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss could not complete the action described by *action_description* because the required ANTMMAIN address space is not active.

The *action_description* can be one of the following:

- THAW VOLUMES - DFSMSDss CGCREATE operation attempted to thaw volumes that were previously copied with the FCCGFREEZE option.
- WITHDRAW FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP

A list of affected volumes be listed following the ADR843E message.

System action

The DFSMSDss operation ends. The return code is 8.

For a CGCREATE operation, I/O activity automatically resumes on the previously frozen volumes when the FlashCopy Consistency Group timer expires.

Programmer response

For CGCREATE operation, ensure the ANTMMAIN address is up and running normally. Resubmit the job if necessary.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR844W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FCWAIT WAS SPECIFIED BUT COULD NOT BE COMPLETED DUE TO STIMER ERROR. FLASHCOPY FROM VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> WILL BE ATTEMPTED WITHOUT FCWAIT OPTION |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to complete FCWAIT during an incremental FlashCopy operation.

System action

DFSMSDss continues. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR845E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNEXPECTED RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> FROM UCBLOOK MACRO FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss issued the UCBLOOK macro to retrieve the pointer to the UCB for the listed volume, and the UCBLOOK macro failed with the listed return code and reason code.

System action

DFSMSDss processing ends. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

For a CGCREATE operation, ensure the specified devices are valid.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR846E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), UNABLE TO COPY FROM VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> TO VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> DUE TO {FLASHCOPY FREEZE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY FREEZE FAST REVERSE RESTORE FULL VOLUME FC RELATION} NOT SUPPORTED FOR PARTIAL VOLUME |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss terminates the COPY task because Incremental FlashCopy, FlashCopy Freeze, Fast Reverse Restore, and Full Volume FC Relation options are supported for full volume only.

If FCINCREMENTAL, FCCGFREEZE, FCFASTREVERSERESTORE, or FCFULLVOLUMERELATION are specified on a COPY TRACKS CPVOLUME command, the operation fails because the extent range described by the TRACKS keyword does not designate a full VM-format volume.

If FCFASTREVERSERESTORE or FCFULLVOLUMERELATION is specified on a COPY TRACKS command, the operation fails because the extent range described by the TRACKS keyword does not designate the full volume.

System action

The DFSMSdss copy task ends. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Correct the extent range described by the TRACKS keyword to reflect a full VM-format volume and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR847E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), {ACCESS VERIFICATION} VOLUME <i>volser</i> IS NOT SUPPORTED BY CGCREATE COMMAND |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified DASD device does not have the FlashCopy Version 2 or FlashCopy SE (Space Efficient) features enabled. The CGCREATE command cannot be processed for the specified volume.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues with the next volume. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

Ensure a volume that you intended to issue the CGCREATE command for is correctly specified. Correct the error and resubmit the job

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR848W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CGCREATE PROCESSING COMPLETED. THE FOLLOWING ACCESS VOLUMES WERE NOT SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED [<i>list of volsers</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the Consistency Group Created command to the logical subsystems where the access volumes reside. The list of volumes that were not processed successfully follows this message.

System action

The CGCREATE operation ends. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

Refer to any previously issued messages for reasons why the access volume failed. Ensure the device support FlashCopy Consistency Group is specified.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR849E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COPY FROM VOLUME <i>input_volume_serial_number</i> TO VOLUME <i>output_volume_serial_number</i> FAILED BECAUSE THE OUTPUT VOLUME IS A SPACE EFFICIENT VOLUME |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For a COPY FULL or a COPY TRACKS operation specifying one track range that includes the entire volume, track space efficient FlashCopy must be used to perform the full volume copy to a track space efficient volume. DFSMSdss was unable to establish a track space efficient FlashCopy relationship for one of the following reasons:

- FASTREPLICATION(NONE) was specified. DFSMSdss failed the operation because the keyword prohibits Track space efficient FlashCopy.
- FCSETGTOK(FAILRELATION) and FCNOCOPY were not specified. Track space efficient FlashCopy is not permitted unless both of these keywords are specified.
- At least one of the volumes was not eligible to participate in a track space efficient FlashCopy relationship at this time.
- DFSMSdss attempted to establish a track space efficient FlashCopy relationship and failed with an error.

System action

DFSMSdss terminates the full volume copy operation. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If you do not intend to copy the data to a track space efficient volume, replace the output volume with a fully provisioned volume on the COPY command and resubmit the job. If the track space efficient volume is the intended output volume, depending on the detected condition, take the appropriate action listed as follows:

- Ensure FASTREPLICATION(NONE) is not specified.
- Ensure FCSETGTOK(FAILRELATION) and FCNOCOPY are specified.
- Refer to previously issued message for the reason why the volume is not eligible to participate in a track space efficient FlashCopy relationship.
- Refer to previously issued message for the FlashCopy failing reason.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR850I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FCTOPPRCPRIARY {(PRESMIRPREF) | PRESMIRREQ)} COULD NOT BE HONORED FOR {DATA SET *dsname* | VOLUME *volser* | THIS task TASK}, RETURN CODE *dss_return_code*

Explanation

summarized_info is:

```
[, {number {VOLUME WAS | VOLUMES WERE}
REJECTED FOR {QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR VOLUME REASON CODE
qfrvols_vrsn[ - qfrvols_vrsn_text]
| QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR EXTENT REASON CODE qfrvols_xrsn
[ - qfrvols_xrsn_text
]}]}
```

detailed_info is:

```
[, {VOLUME volser WAS REJECTED FOR
{QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR VOLUME REASON CODE qfrvols_vrsn
[ - qfrvols_vrsn_text
] | QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR EXTENT REASON CODE qfrvols_xrsn
}
```



```
[ - qfrvols_xrsn_text  
]}}
```

DFSMSdss cannot use the Preserve Mirror function during a FlashCopy to PPRC Primary operation. This message might be issued for diagnostic purposes if the FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(MINIMAL | SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified with the FCTOPPRCPRIMARY(PRESMIRPREF) or FCTOPPRCPRIMARY(PRESMIRREQ) keywords. The return code and reason code listed in the message text are hexadecimal values.

If any QFRVOLS reason codes are listed, see the ANTRQST section in this information for an explanation of the QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn* or *qfrvols_xrsn*). The data set or volume included in the message is referring to the source that is being processed. The possible return codes (*dss_return_code*) are:

X'3'

One or more of the source devices are not eligible for a preserve mirror operation.

When FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes are not eligible. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was not eligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*).

When the FCTOPPRCPRIMARY(PRESMIRREQ) keyword is specified, DFSMSdss cannot use FlashCopy when the target volume is a PPRC Primary. Message ADR918I or ADR709E is issued if one or more target volumes selected by DFSMSdss are a PPRC Primary.

See the ANTRQST section in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes.

X'9'

One or more of the target devices are not eligible for a preserve mirror operation.

When FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'9' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes are not eligible. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'9' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*).

See the ANTRQST section in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes.

X'14'

For the non-SMS allocation, target volumes that are eligible for a Preserve Mirror operation cannot be selected.

When FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'14' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes failed selection. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) or QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'D' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) or QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

See the ANTRQST section in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes.

X'15'

For the SMS allocation, target volumes that are eligible for a Preserve Mirror operation cannot be selected.

When `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED))` is specified, return code X'15' is followed by SMS allocation messages that provide summarized information. Detailed information at individual volume level is not available. See the SMS messages for explanations.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

In order for the Preserve Mirror to be used in subsequent operations, take the following action, depending on the return code. The possible actions are:

X'3'

If the `FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED)`, `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED))`, or `DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED))` keyword is specified, this return code X'3' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*). See [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 \(ABA-AOM\)](#) for information about the QFRVOLS volume reason codes.

If you did not receive a reason code following return code X'3' and would like to have more information, specify the `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED))` keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

You can disregard this message if the target volume is not a PPRC Primary volume.

X'9'

If the `FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED)`, `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED))`, or `DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED))` keyword is specified, this return code X'9' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*). See [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 \(ABA-AOM\)](#) for information about the QFRVOLS volume reason codes.

If you did not receive a reason code following return code X'9' and would like to have more information, specify the `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED))` keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

X'14'

If the `FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED)`, `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED))`, or `DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED))` keyword is specified, this return code X'14' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*). See [z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 1 \(ABA-AOM\)](#) for information about the QFRVOLS volume reason codes.

If you did not receive a reason code following return code X'14' and would like to have more information, specify the `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED))` keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

X'15'

See the SMS allocation messages for an explanation. Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If SMS messages were not issued, specify the `DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED))` keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR851I

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAST REVERSE RESTORE COULD NOT BE
ATTEMPTED FROM VOLUME *src_volser* TO VOLUME *tgt_volser*. AT
LEAST ONE OF THE VOLUMES COULD NOT PARTICIPATE IN A
FAST REVERSE RESTORE OPERATION[VOLUME *src_volser* {IS NOT
IN AN EXISTING FULL VOLUME FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS**

THE SOURCE OF AN EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS THE TARGET OF AN EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS IN MULTIPLE FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIPS } [,BUT *tgt_volser* IS NOT THE PARTNER VOLUME]][VOLUME *tgt_volser* IS {IS NOT IN AN EXISTING FULL VOLUME FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS THE SOURCE OF AN EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS THE TARGET OF AN EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP | IS IN MULTIPLE FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIPS } [,BUT *src_volser* IS NOT THE PARTNER VOLUME]]

Explanation

DFSMSdss was not able to reverse the FlashCopy relationship using Fast Reverse Restore from the specified source volume (*src_volser*) to the specified target volume (*tgt_volser*) because one of the following conditions has been detected, which precludes the use of Fast Reverse Restore:

- Only one of the user-specified volumes is in an existing full volume FlashCopy relationship. The other volume is not in a full volume FlashCopy relationship.
- Both user-specified volumes are in an existing full volume FlashCopy relationship, but both of them are the source or the target of an existing full volume FlashCopy relationship.
- The user-specified input and output volumes are source and target volumes of full volume FlashCopy relationships, but they are not partners in a FlashCopy volume pair.
- The user-specified input or output volume has multiple relationships.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the applicable action listed as follows:

- If attempting to reverse the direction of a FlashCopy relationship, the FlashCopy relationship did not exist. Removing the FCFASTREVERSERESTORE keyword attempts to create a new copy of the source and target volume.
- Specifying an installation-wide exit option allows DFSMSdss to retry the copy without the Fast Reverse Restore option. This creates a new FlashCopy relationship between the specified source and target volumes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR852E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), FCFASTREVERSERESTORE WAS SPECIFIED BUT FAST REVERSE RESTORE CANNOT BE HONORED BETWEEN VOLUME <i>src_volser</i> AND VOLUME <i>tgt_volser</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss is not able to perform a Fast Reverse Restore because the source volume, the target volume, or both are not eligible for the operation. Specifying Fast Reverse Restore precludes DFSMSdss from retrying the copy using traditional data movement methods.

System action

DFSMSdss terminates the copy task. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the applicable action listed as follows:

- See previous messages that explain why either Fast Reverse Restore or FlashCopy cannot be attempted.
- Specifying an installation wide-exit option allows DFSMSdss to retry the copy without the Fast Reverse Restore option. This option attempts to create a new FlashCopy relationship between the specified source and target volumes.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR853I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FCTOXRCPPRIMARY COULD NOT BE HONORED FOR
{DATA SET dsname | VOLUME volser | THIS task TASK}, RETURN CODE
dss_return_code

Explanation

The summarized_info is as follows:

[, {number {VOLUME WAS | VOLUMES WERE}REJECTED FOR {QFRVOLS XRC REMOTE PAIR FLASHCOPY VOLUME
REASON CODE QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN[- QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN_TEXT] | QFRVOLS XRC REMOTE PAIR FLASHCOPY
EXTENT REASON CODE QFRVL_OUT_XF_EXT_RSN[- QFRVL_OUT_XF_EXT_RSN_TEXT]}]}

The detailed_info is as follows:

[, {VOLUME volser WAS REJECTED FOR {QFRVOLS XRC REMOTE PAIR FLASHCOPY VOLUME REASON CODE
QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN[- QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN_TEXT] | QFRVOLS XRC REMOTE PAIR FLASHCOPY EXTENT
REASON CODE QFRVL_OUT_XF_EXT_RSN[- QFRVL_OUT_XF_EXT_RSN_TEXT]}]}

DFSMSdss cannot use XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy during a FlashCopy to XRC primary operation. This message might be issued for diagnostic purposes if the FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(MINIMAL | SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified with the FCTOXRCPPRIMARY keyword. The return code and reason code listed in the message text are hexadecimal values.

If any QFRVOLS reason codes are listed, see [“ANTRQST return codes and reason codes”](#) on page 1520 for an explanation of the QFRVOLS volume reason codes (QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN or QFRVL_OUT_XF_EXT_RSN). See [ANTQFRVL macro](#) in *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes. The data set or volume included in the message is referring to the source that is being processed. The possible return codes (dss_return_code) are:

X'3'

One or more of the source devices are not eligible for a XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy operation. When FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes are not eligible. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair Flashcopy volume reason codes (QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was not eligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair Flashcopy volume reason codes (QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN).

When the FCTOXRCPPRIMARY keyword is specified, DFSMSdss cannot use FlashCopy when the target volume is an XRC Primary. Message ADR918I or ADR709E is issued if one or more target volumes selected by DFSMSdss is an XRC Primary.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

In order for the XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy to be used in subsequent operations, take the following action, depending on the return code.

X'3'

If the FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED), DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)), or DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) keyword is specified, return code X'3' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy volume reason codes (QFRVL_OUT_XF_RSN). See [“ANTRQST return codes and reason codes” on page 1520](#) for information about the QFRVOLS volume reason codes.

If you did not receive a reason code following return code X'3' and would like to have more information, specify the DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

You can disregard this message if the target volume is not a XRC Primary volume.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR860I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), PROCESSING BEGINS ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number

Explanation

DFSMSdss began processing the named volume.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR861T (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), REQUIRED SUBSYSTEM subsystem IS
UNAVAILABLE. TASK IS TERMINATED

Explanation

The indicated subsystem (*subsystem*) is not installed. It is required to perform the CONVERTV function.

System action

The job is ended. The return code is 12.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Verify that the indicated subsystem is installed, and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR862I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE REDETERMINE KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED. ALL DATA SETS WILL BE REPROCESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The REDETERMINE keyword was specified in the SMS job stream. The SMS constructs for all of the data sets are reset, including those data sets already SMS-managed.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR863I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE TEST KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED. NO DATA SETS OR VOLUMES WILL BE CONVERTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The TEST keyword was specified in the SMS job stream. Subtasks run in the NORUN mode.

System action

No volumes or data sets are converted, but volume and data set eligibility checking is done. The system issues a report indicating whether SMS processing would be successful.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR864E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), JOBCAT/STPCAT IS NOT ALLOWED WHEN CONVERTING VOLUMES TO OR FROM SMS MANAGEMENT. TASK IS TERMINATED****Explanation**

A JOBCAT or STEPCAT DD statement was encountered. These statements are not allowed in the SMS environment.

System action

The task is not performed. Processing continues with the next control statement. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Remove the JOBCAT or STEPCAT DD statement. Use the INCAT keyword if it is necessary to specify an input catalog. Rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR865E**(*ttt*)-*mmmmm*(*yy*), THE NUMBER OF DATA SETS PASSING THE INCLUDE/EXCLUDE FILTER CRITERIA IS *n* WHICH EXCEEDS THE CURRENT FILTER LIST CAPACITY****Explanation**

The data set filter list capacity is currently 2,147,483,392. This message is issued if more than 2,147,483,392 data sets pass the INCLUDE/EXCLUDE filter criteria.

System action

Dump processing is ended. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Narrow the scope of the INCLUDE/EXCLUDE filter so that it allows no more than 2,147,483,392 data sets to meet the criteria.

Source

DFSMSdss.

ADR866I**(*ttt*)-*mmmm*(*yy*), UNABLE TO RENAME VTOC INDEX ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number*, DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: *dadsm_reason_code***

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to rename the VTOC index data set on the restored volume but failed. The reason is described by the RENAME *dadsm_reason_code*. See the [z/OS DFSMSdss Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the error codes.

System action

The function completes. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR867I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WILL BE DUMPED WITH NEWNAME <i>dsname</i> [[IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i>] USING STORCLAS <i>storage_class_name</i> {DATACLAS <i>data_class_name</i> NO DATACLAS}, AND {MGMTCLAS <i>management_class_name</i> NO MGMTCLAS}] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

If the NEWNAMEUNCONDITIONAL parameter was specified, the data set is placed on the dump tape with the new name listed. If the storage class, data class, and management class exist, they are also listed. These come directly from the source data set.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR868I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> HAD {'*'} CANDIDATE VOLUMES WHICH WERE {DELETED CONVERTED TO '*'} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During conversion to SMS, non-VSAM data sets with candidate volumes have the candidate volumes converted to nonspecific '*' volumes. During conversion from SMS, both VSAM and non-VSAM data sets have their nonspecific '*' volumes deleted.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR869I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WERE NOT CATALOGED IN THE STANDARD ORDER OF SEARCH. THEY {WERE WILL BE} CATALOGED IN THE NAMED CATALOG ⁶ |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Catalog entries were not found for each of the listed data sets in the standard order of search. The listed VSAM data sets were deleted from their original catalog and recataloged in the standard order of search. For non-VSAM data sets, if the INCAT keyword was specified and an entry for the non-VSAM data set was found in one of the catalogs listed with this keyword, then that entry was deleted from this catalog and the data set was recataloged in the standard order of search.

If INCAT was not specified or no entry was found in any of the catalogs listed, then the system assumed that the non-VSAM data set was uncataloged and cataloged it in the named catalog. In this case, the system does not issue the DELETED FROM line.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR870I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), PREPARE PROCESSING {WILL BE WAS} SUCCESSFUL. VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> {WILL NOW BE IS NOW} IN INITIAL STATUS |
|----------------|---|

⁶ *dsname* CATALOG: *new_catalog_name*
[DELETED FROM: *old_catalog_name*]

Explanation

PREPARE processing for the named volume completed successfully, and the volume is now in INITIAL status. No data sets can be allocated or deleted on the volume. If TEST was specified in the job stream, this message indicates whether the task is successful if actually run. The volume status is not changed with TEST.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR871W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* MUST BE ASSIGNED TO A STORAGE GROUP BEFORE SMS CONVERSION CAN PROCEED

Explanation

This message is issued with a PREPARE task if the named volume is eligible for SMS conversion but is not assigned to an SMS storage group. The volume is successfully placed in INITIAL status but must be assigned to a storage group before the conversion to SMS management can be completed.

System action

None. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Change the active control data set so that the volume is defined to a storage group before attempting to convert the volume to SMS management.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR872E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* IS ALREADY IN {INITIAL | CONVERTED} STATUS. PREPARE PROCESSING {WILL FAIL | FAILED}

Explanation

PREPARE processing for the named volume failed because the volume was already in INITIAL status.

System action

Processing of that volume is ended. Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR873I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* [IN STORAGE GROUP *storage_group*] IS ELIGIBLE FOR CONVERSION {TO | FROM} SMS MANAGEMENT

Explanation

DFSMSdss determined that the named volume is eligible for SMS/non-SMS processing. Conversion of the data sets on that volume can now proceed. *storage_group* is the SMS storage group in which the volume is defined. The storage group is listed only when a volume is converted to SMS management.

System action

The system proceeds with converting all of the data sets on the named volume either to or from SMS management.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR874E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR CONVERSION {TO | FROM} SMS MANAGEMENT, *reason_code*

Explanation

The named volume failed the eligibility requirements for conversion either to or from SMS management. The reason code, (*reason_code*) for the ineligible volume is one of the following:

- 04** The volume is not a DASD device.
- 08** The volume has a nonindexed VTOC.
- 12** The volume is not defined to an SMS storage group.

16

The volume is in unknown status. The SMS-converted flag is on but the SMS-initial flag is off in the VTOC index map.

20

The volume is in unknown status. The SMS-converted flag is on but the SMS-initial flag is off in VTOC entry.

24

SMS indicators for VTOC index map and VTOC entry do not match.

System action

Conversion of the volume failed. Processing continues with the next volume in the input list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take the appropriate action for each reason code:

04

Do not attempt to convert non-DASD volumes to SMS management.

08

Define an index for the VTOC, and rerun the job.

12

Change the ACDS so that the volume is defined to a storage group, and rerun the job.

16

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, be prepared to provide this information to the IBM Support Center if needed.

20

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, be prepared to provide this information to the IBM Support Center if needed.

24

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, be prepared to provide this information to the IBM Support Center if needed.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR875E

**(ttt)-mmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* IS ALREADY IN
CONVERTED STATUS AND REDETERMINE WAS NOT SPECIFIED. SMS
PROCESSING {WILL FAIL | FAILED}**

Explanation

The named volume was already in SMS status, and the REDETERMINE keyword was not specified in the DFSMSdss job stream. Therefore, SMS processing of that volume is ended.

System action

Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR876E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* IS NOT IN INITIAL OR CONVERTED STATUS. NONSMS PROCESSING {WILL FAIL | FAILED}

Explanation

Because the named volume was already in non-SMS status, non-SMS processing of the volume is ended.

System action

Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR877I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* {WILL BE | WERE} SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED ⁷

Explanation

Where *text* is:

```
dsname          CATALOG: catname
  [STORCLAS:  scname      MGMTCLAS: mcname]
  [VOLUMES:   vol001 vol002 vol003 . . .]
  [          vol00x vol00y vol00z . . .]
[AIX: aixname]
[PATH: pathname]
```

The listed data sets were successfully processed either to or from SMS management.

- At the end of processing they are cataloged in the named catalog.
- If the task was conversion to SMS management, the storage and management classes in which the data set is defined are listed.
- If the data set is multivolume, the volumes on which the data set resides are listed.
- If the data set has any AIXs or PATHs defined for it, these are listed. If any of the AIXs are multivolume, then the volumes on which they reside are listed.

If TEST was specified, the data sets were not actually processed. The message indicates that data sets would be successfully processed if the job was run.

⁷ *text*

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR878E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number {WILL NOT BE | WERE NOT} SUCCESSFULLY
PROCESSED dsname CATALOG: catalog_name

Explanation

```
REASON: rc,mmmmm(yy),[volser],[reason]          {[,catlg func,catlg rsn code,catlg mod
id,          parmlist rsn code,catlg service id] |          [,VVR func,VVDS manager rsn
code] |          [,SMPM CFPurge rc, SMPM CFPurge rsn code]} AIX:          aix name rc,[volser],
[reason]          {[,catlg func,catlg rsn code,catlg mod id,          parmlist rsn code,catlg
service id] |          [,VVR func,VVDS manager rsn code]} PATH: path name rc          [,catlg
func,catlg rsncode,catlg mod id,          parmlist rsncode,catlg service id]
```

The listed data set (or its associated AIX or PATH) failed conversion either to or from SMS management, where *rc* is the reason code for the data set failing. If the data set is multivolume and the error occurred on a volume other than the one being processed by CONVERTV at that time, then the volume serial number of this other volume is printed. If a multivolume data set fails conversion because one of the other volumes that the data set is on is ineligible for SMS processing, then this reason is printed after the volume serial number. If the error occurred in a catalog call, then the catalog function code, catalog reason code, catalog module ID, and parmlist reason code are printed. See IDC3009I for an explanation of the error, where:

```
IDC3009I return_code = ADR878E catalog_reason_code IDC3009I reason_code = ADR878E
parmlist_reason_code IDC3009I module_ID = ADR878E catlg module_ID
```

If the error occurred in a VVR REQUEST function call, then the VVR function code that failed and the VVDS manager reason code are printed. See message IDC3009I under return code 50 for an explanation of the VVDS manager reason code.

If the error occurred in an SMPM CFPurge function invocation, then the SMPM CFPurge return codes and reason codes are printed. See the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for explanations of the return and reason codes.

The reason codes are:

02

The data set is not supported in an SMS environment (ABSTR, unmovable, model DSCB, CVOL, nonintegrated catalog facility catalog, or nonintegrated catalog facility VSAM data set).

03

The data set is not supported in a non-SMS environment (extended format, encrypted, or compressed data set).

04

The data set is an uncataloged GDS.

05

The data set has extended attributes. Data sets with extended attributes cannot reside on non-SMS volumes.

06

The data set is a cataloged GDS, but it is not cataloged in the standard order of search.

- 08** The data set is a GDS with nonspecific volumes.
- 10** The data set is a GDS with candidate volumes.
- 12** ACS routines did not return SMS constructs for the data set.
- 14** A null storage class was returned for the data set.
- 16** The storage class definition cannot be retrieved for the data set.
- 18** The data set is multivolume, extents for the data set exist on volume *volser*, volume *volser* was not specified in the volume list, and SELECTMULTI(ALL) was specified (or defaulted to).
- 20** The data set is multivolume, volume *volser* is the first volume of the data set (for VSAM, volume *volser* is the first volume of the data component), volume *volser* was not specified in the volume list, and SELECTMULTI(FIRST) was specified.
- 22** The data set is multivolume and has extents on volumes *volume_serial_number* that are in different storage groups.
- 24** The data set has candidate volumes *volume_serial_number* that are in different storage groups.
- 26** The data set is multivolume and has extents on volumes *volume_serial_number* that are ineligible for conversion for the reasons given. (See message ADR874E for volume reason code.)
- 28** The data set has candidate volumes *volume_serial_number* that are ineligible for conversion for the reasons given. (See message ADR874E for volume reason code.)
- 30** The data set is multivolume and is not cataloged.
- 32** The data set is not cataloged in the standard search order, and the CATALOG keyword was not specified.
- 34** The data set is not cataloged in the standard search order, and a duplicate entry was found in another catalog.
- 36** The data set is not cataloged in the standard search order, and a duplicate entry was found in a standard order of search catalog.
- 38** The VSAM base cluster is in a sphere where all data sets are not convertible to SMS management.
- 40** The catalog to which the AIX's sphere is directed is different from the catalog to which the AIX's related base cluster is directed. All components must be in the same catalog.
- 42** The catalog to which the path's sphere is directed is different from the catalog to which the path's related base cluster is directed. All components must be in the same catalog.
- 44** ALTER failed during an attempt to update the catalog entry for the data set.
- 46** DELETE NOSCRATCH failed during an attempt to delete the catalog entry for the data set.

- 48** DEFINE RECATALOG failed during an attempt to recatalog the data set.
- 49** DEFINE ALIAS failed during an attempt to define the aliases for the data set.
- 50** DEFINE CATALOG failed during an attempt to catalog the data set.
- 52** CATALOG NAME LOCATE failed during an attempt to determine where the data set should be cataloged according to standard order of search.
- 54** DEFINE PATH failed during an attempt to define a path.
- 56** LOCATE failed.
- 58** The VSAM base cluster is in a sphere that includes data sets with catalog errors.
- 60** Read non-VSAM volume record (NVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 62** Get for update of non-VSAM volume record (NVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 64** Put for update of non-VSAM volume record (NVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 66** Delete of non-VSAM volume record (NVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 68** Insert of non-VSAM volume record (NVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 70** Read VSAM volume record (VVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 72** Get for update of VSAM volume record (VVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 74** Put of VSAM volume record (VVR) failed in the VVDS manager.
- 76** The VSAM base cluster is in a sphere that includes data sets with VVR errors.
- 78** Read of the VTOC failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicator for the data set.
- 80** Rewrite of the VTOC failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicator for the data set.
- 82** The VSAM base cluster is in a sphere that includes data sets with VTOC entry update errors.
- 84** The VSAM component does not have a corresponding VTOC entry.
- 86** The non-VSAM data set is SMS-managed, but its NVR cannot be found.
- 88** Storage class authorization for the data set failed.
- 90** Management class authorization for the data set failed.
- 92** Both storage class and management class authorization for the data set failed.

93

DFSMSDss invoked the SMPM CFPurge function to purge the data in the coupling facility caches for the data set. The SMPM CFPurge function returned the listed return and reason codes.

94

Unable to get extent information from the VTOC.

95

Data set is HFS file.

96

The data set failed enqueue.

98

The data set is an extended format sequential data set (SAM striped).

99

Extended format VSAM data set.

100

Extended addressable non-extended format VSAM Linear data set.

101

The data set has RLS information associated with it, and therefore, is not supported in this release.

102

The data set is marked as checkpointed.

103

A component of the VSAM base cluster or alternate index has more than 255 extents, which requires System Managed Storage (SMS).

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The volume will not be successfully converted to or from SMS management. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

02-10

Move or delete the data set from the volume.

12

Update ACS routines to return SMS constructs for the data set.

14-16

Verify ACS routines to ensure that the data set is defined to a storage class.

18

Take one of the following actions and rerun the job:

- Specify SELECTMULTI(FIRST) and include the first volume of the data set in the input volume list. For VSAM data sets, you must include the first volume of the data component in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ALL) (this is the default if you do not specify SELECTMULTI) and include all volumes of the data set in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ANY) and include at least one primary or candidate-with-space volume of the data set in the input volume list.
- Move or delete the data set off the volume you are trying to convert.

20

Take one of the following actions and rerun the job:

- Specify SELECTMULTI(FIRST) and include the first volume of the data set in the input volume list. For VSAM data sets, you must include the first volume of the data component in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ALL)(this is the default if you do not specify SELECTMULTI) and include all volumes of the data set in the input volume list.
- Specify SELECTMULTI(ANY) and include at least one primary or candidate-with-space volume of the data set in the input volume list.
- Move or delete the data set off the volume you are trying to convert.

22

Change your active control data set so that all the volumes that the data set resides on are defined to the same storage group.

24

(1) Delete the candidate volumes from the data set's catalog entry, or (2) change your ACDS so that all the candidate volumes are defined to the same storage group as the volumes on which the data set resides.

26-28

See message ADR874E for required action.

30

(1) Catalog the data set, or (2) move or delete the data set from the volumes that you are trying to convert.

32

(1) Specify the CATALOG keyword, or (2) recatalog the data set into the standard order of search.

34

(1) Catalog the data set into the standard order of search, or (2) rename the data set, or (3) move or delete the data set from the volumes that you are trying to convert.

36

(1) Rename the data set, or (2) move or delete the data set from the volumes that you are trying to convert.

38-42

(1) Rename the base cluster, the data or index component, AIX, AIX data or index component, or PATH to be directed to the same catalog as the VSAM base cluster, or (2) delete or add catalog aliases so all parts of the sphere are alias-directed to the same catalog.

44-86

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

88-92

(1) Make sure that the RESOWNER of the data set is authorized to use the storage or management class derived for the data set, or (2) update the ACS routines to select a different storage or management class for the data set.

93

See the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes.

94

See previous error message associated with the data set for specific action.

95

Move the data set to another SMS volume.

96

Ensure that no other jobs are accessing data sets on volumes to be converted, and then rerun the CONVERTV job.

98

Move or delete the data set from the volume

99

Move the data set to another SMS volume.

100

Move the data set to another non-SMS volume.

101

Rerun the job on a system running DFSMS/MVS Version 1 Release 3 or higher.

102

Confirm that the checkpointed data set is no longer required for a restart, specify FORCECP with the appropriate *days* parameter and rerun the job.

103

- 1. Move the data set to another SMS volume.
- 2. Delete the data set from the volumes that you are trying to convert.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR879I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME
volume_serial_number WERE ALREADY IN {NON-}SMS STATUS

Explanation

```
dsname          CATALOG: catname  [STORCLAS: scname  MGMTCLAS: mcname]
[VOLUMES: vol001 vol002 vol003 . . . ] [ vol00x vol00y vol00z . . . ] [AIX: aixname]
[PATH: pathname]
```

The listed data sets were not processed because they were already in the wanted SMS status.

- The data sets are cataloged in the named catalog.
- If the task was conversion to SMS management, the storage and management classes in which the data set is defined are listed.

Asterisks (*) shown in the place of storage and management class names indicate that no primary VVR was found for the cluster.

Dashes (-) shown in the place of storage and management class names indicate incorrectly converted old format VVRs. See message ADR409E.

- If the data set is multivolume, the volumes on which the data set resides are listed.
- If the data set has any AIXs or PATHs defined for it, these are listed. If any of the AIXs are multivolume, then the volumes on which they reside are listed.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR880I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME volume_serial_number IS EMPTY. NO DATA
SETS WERE CONVERTED

Explanation

Data set conversion was not required because the named volume did not have any data sets defined on it.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR881I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), VOLUME *volume_serial_number* CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARY DATA SETS ⁸

Explanation

The named volume contains the temporary data sets listed.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR882W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME *volume_serial_number* {WILL NOT BE | WERE NOT} SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED, BUT WERE ALREADY IN {NON}SMS STATUS

Explanation

```
dsname          CATALOG: catalog name  REASON: rc,mmmmm(yy)[,volser][,reason]
[,catlg func,catlg rsn code,catlg mod id,      parmlist rsn code,catlg service id]
[,VVR func,VVDS manager rc] AIX:          aix name rc[,volser][,reason]          [,catlg func,catlg
rsn code,catlg mod id,      parmlist rsn code,catlg service id]          [,VVR func,VVDS
manager rc] PATH: path name rc          [,catlg func,catlg rsn code,catlg mod id,
parmlist rsn code,catlg service id]
```

An error was found while the listed data set (or its associated AIX or PATH) was being processed, but the data set was already converted, so this error will not affect the volume being successfully converted. *rc* is the reason

⁸ *dsname*

code for the data set's failing. See message ADR878E for a full explanation of the data set error information returned and the reason codes.

System action

Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message ADR878E.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR885I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> {WILL BE HAS BEEN} SUCCESSFULLY CONVERTED {TO FROM} SMS MANAGEMENT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

All data sets on the named volume were successfully converted to either SMS or non-SMS status. The SMS flags in the VTOC entry and the VTOC index map for the volume were successfully updated to the appropriate status. If TEST was specified, this message indicates that processing would have been successful if the job had actually been run. No changes occur to the volume under TEST.

System action

Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR886E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SETS EXIST ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WHICH ARE NOT CONVERTIBLE {TO FROM} SMS MANAGEMENT. THE VOLUME {WILL BE WAS} {PLACED LEFT} IN INITIAL STATUS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The named volume failed SMS/non-SMS conversion because of data sets that cannot be converted existing on the volume. The volume is left in INITIAL status at the end of processing. If TEST was specified, this message indicates that processing would have failed if the job had actually been run. No changes occur to the volume under TEST.

System action

Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Appropriate responses are:

- For SMS processing, the problem can be solved by one of the following:
 - Adding the CATALOG, INCAT, SELECTMULTI(FIRST), or SELECTMULTI(ANY) keywords to the DFSMSdss job stream, and rerunning the SMS job.
 - Running a non-SMS job to place the volume back in non-SMS status, deleting or moving the data sets that caused the processing to fail, and rerunning the SMS job.
- For non-SMS processing, the problem can be solved by one of the following:
 - Adding the SELECTMULTI(FIRST) or SELECTMULTI(ANY) keyword to the DFSMSdss job stream, and rerunning the job.
 - Running an SMS job to place the volume back in SMS status, deleting or moving the data sets that caused the processing to fail, and rerunning the non-SMS job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR887I | (<i>ttt</i>)-,<i>mmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), date time VIRTUAL CONCURRENT COPY INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR [DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON] VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION:<i>return_code1</i>- <i>reason_code1</i>[-<i>reason_code_modifier</i>] [ERROR CODE <i>return_code2</i>- <i>reason_code2</i> RECEIVED FOR SOURCE EXTENT <i>starting_c:h-ending_c:h</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> AND WORKING SPACE DATA SET <i>flashcopy_wsds_name</i> ON DEVICE <i>device_number</i>] [SENSE DATA: <i>vcc_sense_data</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to process the data set or volume using virtual concurrent copy, and the system data mover failed with the listed diagnostic information for one or more extents. System data mover attempted to retry with cache-based concurrent copy initialization. This message might be issued for an error that occurred when FlashCopy and a working-space data set were used to accomplish virtual concurrent copy.

In the message text:

return_code1

The return code of the overall virtual concurrent copy from the system data mover.

reason_code1

The reason code of the overall virtual concurrent copy from the system data mover.

return_code2

The return code of the virtual concurrent copy from the system data mover for the first failing extent.

reason_code2

The reason code of the virtual concurrent copy from the system data mover for the first failing extent.

starting_c:h-ending_c:h

The extent range of the first failing source extent.

flashcopy_wsds_name

The lowest level qualifier, FCWKnnnn, of the working-space data set that encountered the error.

device_number

The device number of the volume where the failing working-space data set resides.

vcc_sense_data

The sense data from the system data mover. Sense data is not printed if it contains all zeros. The format is: *ios_status, csw, 8_word_sense*.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the "System Data Mover Return and Reason Codes" on page xxx.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR888I | (ttt)-,mmmm(yy), date time VIRTUAL CONCURRENT COPY INITIALIZATION FAILED FOR [DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ON] VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>, [DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>return_code1</i>- <i>reason_code1</i>[-<i>reason_code_modifier</i>]] [ERROR CODE <i>return_code2</i>- <i>reason_code2</i> RECEIVED FOR SOURCE EXTENT <i>starting_c:h-ending_c:h</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> AND WORKING SPACE DATA SET <i>flashcopy_wsds_name</i> ON DEVICE <i>device_number</i>][SENSE DATA: <i>vcc_sense_data</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to process the data set or volume using virtual concurrent copy, and the system data mover failed with the listed diagnostic information for one or more extents. System data mover did not retry with cache-based concurrent copy initialization because of one of the following reasons:

- One or more source volumes reside in a device that does not support cache-based concurrent copy.
- The specified CONCURRENT(VIRTUALPREFERRED | VIRTUALREQUIRED) keyword prevented DFSMSdss from retrying with cache-based concurrent copy.

This message might be issued for an error that occurred when FlashCopy and a working-space data set were used to accomplish virtual concurrent copy.

In the message text:

return_code1

The overall virtual concurrent copy return code from the system data mover.

reason_code1

The overall virtual concurrent copy reason code from the system data mover.

return_code2

The virtual concurrent copy return code from the system data mover for the first failing extent.

reason_code2

The virtual concurrent copy reason code from the system data mover for the first failing extent.

starting_c:h-ending_c:h

The extent range of the first failing source extent.

flashcopy_wsds_name

The lowest level qualifier, FCWKnnnn, of the working-space data set which encountered the error.

device_number

The device number of the volume where the failing working-space data set resides.

vcc_sense_data

The sense data from the system data mover. Sense data is not printed if it contains all zeros. The format is:
ios_status, csw, 8_word_sense.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Message ADR735W might follow this message and contain additional information. See the "System Data Mover Return and Reason Codes" on page xxx.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR891E *(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), {CONVERSION | PREPARATION} OF VOLUME
volume_serial_number FAILED, reason_code*

Explanation

The SMS/NONSMS/PREPARE job failed on the named volume because of an error in trying to update the VTOC entry or VTOC index map SMS status flags. The reason code, (*reason_code*) for the failure is one of the following:

04

Read of the VTOC entry failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to INITIAL.

08

Read of the VTOC entry failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators after processing data sets.

12

Rewrite of the VTOC entry failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to INITIAL.

16

Rewrite of the VTOC entry failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to NONSMS.

20

Rewrite of the VTOC entry failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to SMS.

24

Read of the VTOC index map failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to INITIAL.

28

Read of the VTOC index map failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators after processing data sets.

32

Rewrite of the VTOC index map failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to INITIAL.

36

Rewrite of the VTOC index map failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to NONSMS.

40

Rewrite of the VTOC index map failed during an attempt to update the SMS indicators to SMS.

- 44** An attempt to determine if a VVDS exists on the volume failed.
- 48** An attempt to add a VVDS to the volume failed.

System action

Processing continues with the next volume in the input volume list. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR892I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE STATUS OF EACH VOLUME { WILL BE | IS } AS
FOLLOWS

Explanation

| VOLUME | FINAL STATUS | | | REASON FOR FAILURE |
|--------------------|--------------|--------|---------|------------------------|
| ----- | ----- | | | ----- |
| volser - PREPARED | INITIAL | | | |
| volser - CONVERTED | SMS | NONSMS | INITIAL | |
| volser - FAILED | SMS | NONSMS | INITIAL | VOLUME NOT ELIGIBLE |
| volser - FAILED | SMS | NONSMS | INITIAL | DATA SETS NOT ELIGIBLE |
| volser - FAILED | SMS | NONSMS | INITIAL | VTOC UPDATE FAILED |
| volser - FAILED | SMS | NONSMS | INITIAL | VVDS ERROR |

After all of the volumes in the CONVERTV job are processed and individual volume and data set processing messages are printed, DFSMSDss issues this report summary message, which lists all of the volumes and their final status. If conversion of a volume failed, the reason for failure is also indicated.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If any of the volumes failed processing, see that volume's specific processing messages to determine the reason for failure and corrective action for the error.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR893I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE FOLLOWING VOLUMES CONTAIN PIECES OF
MULTIVOLUME DATA SETS WHICH WERE PROCESSED DURING THE
CONVERTV TASK. THE VOLUMES ARE IN THE INDICATED STATUS

Explanation

volser - SMS | INITIAL | NONSMS | UNKNOWN

Some data sets processed during the CONVERTV job were multivolume and had extents on volumes not in the input volume list. For SMS processing, the SMS status of these volumes is not altered. For non-SMS processing, the volumes are set to INITIAL if at least one data set with extents on those volumes was successfully processed.

Note: If this message is issued, the user have pieces of SMS-managed data sets on non-SMS volumes. These volumes must also be converted to SMS management.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR894E (ttt)-mmmm(yy), ERRORS OCCURRED WHILE TRYING TO PLACE THE FOLLOWING VOLUMES IN INITIAL STATUS ⁹

Explanation

Some data sets processed during the NONSMS CONVERTV job were multivolume and had extents on volumes not in the input volume list. An error occurred in trying to set the SMS status of these listed volumes to INITIAL. See message ADR891E for the explanation of the reason code.

System action

None. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR898D (ttt)-mmmm(yy), PRINT VVDS FOR VOLUME volser, REPLY U TO CONTINUE

⁹ volser - reason_code

Explanation

To gather further documentation, perform an IDCAMS PRINT or a DFSMSdss PRINT of the VVDS for the requested Volume.

System action

Processing continues upon response from the operator.

Operator response

If a print of the VVDS for the volume has been obtained inclding other documentation, such as a dump of the CATALOG and DFSMSdss address spaces, reply U to allow the DFSMSdss job to continue processing.

Programmer response

Instruct the operator to gather the appropriate documentation and to let DFSMSdss continue processing.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR901E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), COPY OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET *dsname*
FAILED

Explanation

The requested function could not be completed. Message ADR910E, which follows, explains the reason for the failure.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message ADR910E for the reason for the failure.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR902I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), COPY OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET *dsname*
WAS SUCCESSFUL. SIZE OF INPUT DATA SET PROCESSED WAS nnnn1.
SIZE OF OUTPUT DATA SET PROCESSED WAS nnnn2

Explanation

The specified data set (*dsname*) was copied successfully. The sizes specify the number of user bytes (*nnnn1*) copied from the source and the number of user bytes (*nnnn2*) placed on the target.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR903I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DUMP OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SUCCESSFUL. SIZE OF DATA SET DUMPED WAS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The specified data set *dsname* was dumped successfully. The size *nnnn* specifies the number of user bytes dumped from the source.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR904I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DUMP OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SUCCESSFUL |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified data set *dsname* was dumped successfully.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR905E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DUMP OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> FAILED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The requested function could not be completed. ADR910E, which follows, explains the reason for the failure.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is set to 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message ADR910E for the reason for the failure.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR906I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RESTORE OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SUCCESSFUL. SIZE OF DATA SET RESTORED WAS <i>nnnn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified data set *dsname* was restored successfully. The size *nnnn* specifies the number of user bytes restored.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR907I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RESTORE OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SUCCESSFUL |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The specified data set *dsname* was restored successfully.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR908E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), RESTORE OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> FAILED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The requested function could not be completed. Message ADR910E, which follows, explains the reason for the failure.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See message ADR910E for the reason for the failure.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR909W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The requested function for an extended format sequential data set was completed. However, an error condition was encountered. The reason and return codes can be found in the table in message ADR910E.

System action

The data set was successfully processed, but a minor error was encountered during the data set processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Use the return and reason code table in message ADR910E to identify the error.

Source

DFSMSdss

(ttt)-mmmm(yy), AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED DURING {operation} PROCESSING. RETURN CODE = crrrrrrr, REASON CODE = bbbbbbbb {, SENSE DATA = ios_status, csw_status, sense_data}

Explanation

The requested function for processing an extended format sequential data set received an error during processing. The reason for the failure is identified by the return code (*crrrrrrr*). The failure occurred during the operation specified by *{operation}*.

The return code format is *crrrrrrr*, where *c* is the component area that reported the failure, and *rrrrrrr* is the return code. In some cases, a reason code is supplied for additional diagnostic information, when applicable.

If sense data exists for the failure, the ios status, csw status, and sense data are included to aid in problem determination. If sense data does not exist, this part of the message will not be included.

The operation field contains the operation being processed. The following are valid values for *operation*:

Initialization

An error occurred during the process of obtaining storage, initializing the parameter list, and so forth.

Open Source

An error occurred during the process performed to open the source data set.

Open Target

An error occurred during the process performed to open the target data set.

Data Movement

An error occurred during the data movement process.

Close Source

An error occurred during the process performed to close the source data set.

Close Target

An error occurred during the process performed to close the target data set.

Cleanup

A failure occurred during the process of cleaning up data areas, storage, or related items required to process the request.

Example: The following example message indicates that the data set being processed has failed while reading or writing data for the requested data set. **(001)-PSECM(01), An error was encountered during data movement processing. Return code = 500005E3, Reason code = 00000008**

The failing component area is indicated by the 5 in the leftmost position of the return code. The failure is a return code X'5E3' and a reason code of 8.

To determine the cause of the failure, find the value of the component (5, in this example), and then locate the failing return code or the failing reason code, or both, in the following lists:

Return Code

Explanation

00xxxxxxx

Component Value = 0

Values for xxxxxxx:

00 (X'00')

Processing is successful.

08 (X'08')

Reason Code:

06 (X'06') - A request for storage failed. Check the region size of your failing job. Increase the specified region if possible. Resubmit the failing job. If the failure recurs, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

08 (X'08') - Build failure: communications between DFSMSdss and the logical data mover function could not be established because the real addresses of one or more UCBs were not available. See the previously issued message, ADR821W, for more information.

400–499 (X'190'–X'1F3')

An internal error was detected. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

9000 (X'2328')

An unexpected error has been encountered. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

2xxxxxxx

Component value = 2 An error has been encountered during initialization or termination processing. If the error cause cannot be determined, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Values for xxxxxxx:

100 (X'64')

An error has been encountered during SVM processing while attempting to close a "pipe".

101 (X'65')

An error has been encountered during SVM processing while attempting to free a buffer.

102 (X'66')

An error was encountered during execution of an MVS LOAD macro for entry SVMXHOTT.

103 (X'67')

An error was encountered during execution of an MVS DELETE macro for entry SVMXHOTT.

200 (X'C8')

An environmental error has been encountered during SVM processing. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

201 (X'C9')

An environmental error has been encountered during SVM "asynchronous" processing. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

202 (X'CA')

An environmental error has been encountered while trying to read data from an SVM pipe. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

203 (X'CB')

An environmental error has been encountered while using the SVM "allocate" service. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

204 (X'CC')

An environmental error has been encountered while using the SVM "open pipe" service. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

205 (X'CD')

An environmental error has been encountered while using the SVM "write pipe" service. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

206 (X'CE')

An error has been encountered during execution of an MVS LOAD macro for entry SVMXHOTL.

207 (X'CF')

An error has been encountered during execution of an MVS DELETE macro for entry SVMXHOTL.

208 (X'D0')

An error has been encountered during execution of an MVS LOAD macro for entry SVMXHOTU.

209 (X'D1')

An error has been encountered during execution of an MVS DELETE macro for entry SVMXHOTU.

210 (X'D2')

An error has been encountered during execution of an SDM Dataspace Create request.

211 (X'D3')

An error has been encountered during execution of an SDM Dataspace request.

3xxxxxxx

Component Value = 3 The system data mover (SDM) reported an error. See [Table 2 on page 435](#).

4xxxxxxx

Component Value = 4 Extended format I/O routine reported the error. See [Extended format I/O routine diagnostic information in z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for the return and reason codes.

5xxxxxxx

Component Value = 5 An internal error has occurred. If the error cannot be determined, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Values for xxxxxxx:

1500 (X'00005DC')

A buffer sequence error has occurred internally. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1501 (X'00005DD')

An invalid buffer sequence error has been detected. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1502 (X'00005DE')

An internal error has been detected in ANTRPSE. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1503 (X'00005DF')

An external error has been detected in ANTRPSE. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1504 (X'00005E0')

An invalid buffer sequence error has been detected in ANTWPSE. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1505 (X'00005E1')

An external error has been detected in ANTRPSE. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1506 (X'00005E2')

An internal error has been detected by the internal exit. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

1507 (X'00005E3')

A failing condition has been detected during I/O processing. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

9xxxxxxx

Component Value = 9 An ABEND occurred while processing the request. The system ABEND code is contained in xxxxxxx. Check the system abend code explanation to determine if the condition can be corrected.

System action

If an ABEND occurred during data movement for a dump operation, processing ends and the return code is 16. For all other cases, the data set is not processed, processing continues with the next data set, and the return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the cause cannot be corrected, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR912I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), COPY OF EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SUCCESSFUL |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified data set *dsname* was copied successfully.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR913E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EXTENDED FORMAT DATA SET <i>dsname</i> ORGANIZATION IS NOT SUPPORTED OUTSIDE AN SMS ENVIRONMENT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set being processed has a data set organization that is only supported by an SMS environment.

System action

Processing continues. This data set is not processed.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR914I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS SCRATCHED BECAUSE {IT WAS NOT AN EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET THE TARGET STORAGE SUBSYSTEM CANNOT PROCESS THE SOURCE DATA} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During a logical data set restore operation, a pre-allocated target was found that cannot be used. Since REPLACE(U) was specified, the target data set is scratched to allocate a usable data set.

If the message indicates 'IT WAS NOT AN EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATA SET,' the source data set was an extended sequential data set and a non-extended sequential data set is not usable.

If the message indicates 'THE TARGET STORAGE SUBSYSTEM CANNOT PROCESS THE SOURCE DATA,' the source data was stored using the DS8800 storage subsystem's TCT compression or encryption processes and a target data set volume resides in a storage subsystem that cannot process that data.

System action

Operation continues.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR915W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN ERROR OCCURRED IN SMS WHILE ALLOCATING DATA SET *dsname1* [WITH NEW NAME *dsname2*]. ALLOCATION AS NON-EXTENDED WILL BE ATTEMPTED. SMS MESSAGES FOLLOW

Explanation

An error occurred in the Storage Management Subsystem while allocating the extended format data set. SMS messages are printed following this message. DFSMSdss attempts to allocate the data set as non-extended format.

System action

Processing of the data set continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the SMS messages following this message to determine the reason for the allocation failure. Correct the problem if the allocation failure is not expected.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR916W (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), FOR VOLUME *volume_serial_number* THE DEVICE SIZE IN THE VTOC, *calculated_vtoc_size*, IS LARGER THAN THE DEVICE SIZE FROM RDC, *rdc_size*. THE DEVICE SIZE FROM RDC WILL BE USED

Explanation

DFSMSdss determined, from the VTOC information, a volume size that is larger than the RDC volume size for the given device. The sizes, in decimal, represent the number of primary cylinders for the device. DFSMSdss processes the volume using the RDC value instead of the value determined from the VTOC.

System action

Processing for the volume continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine the proper size of the device, correct the problem, and rerun the job. If the size of the volume in the VTOC, the VTOC index, or both, is incorrect, you can use ICKDSF REFORMAT REFVTOC to correct the problem. Additionally, you might need to refresh the operation system's internal control structure for the device. Use the following DEVSERV operator command:

```
DEVSERV QDASD,ccuu,1,VALIDATE
```

In the above example, *ccuu* is the device number. If these actions do not resolve the problem, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center for programming support.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR917E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WAS NOT (DUMPED RESTORED) BECAUSE IT COULD NOT BE ALLOCATED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to dynamically allocate data set *dsname*, and the allocation failed. The reason for the failure is contained in the previous ADR405E message.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR918I | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volser</i> THIS <i>task</i> TASK}, RETURN CODE <i>dss_return_code</i> ¹⁰ |
|----------------|--|

¹⁰ {summarized_info | detailed_info}

Explanation

summarized_info is:

```
[, {number {VOLUME WAS | VOLUMES WERE}  
REJECTED FOR {QFRVOLS VOLUME REASON CODE  
qfrvols_vrsn[ - qfrvols_vrsn_text]  
| QFRVOLS EXTENT REASON CODE qfrvols_xrsn  
[ - qfrvols_xrsn_text  
] | DFSMSDSS REASON CODE  
dss_reason_code[ - dss_rsn_text]}}]
```

detailed_info is:

```
[, {VOLUME volser WAS REJECTED FOR  
{QFRVOLS VOLUME REASON CODE qfrvols_vrsn[ - qfrvols_vrsn_text  
] | QFRVOLS EXTENT REASON CODE qfrvols_xrsn  
[ - qfrvols_xrsn_text  
] | DFSMSDSS REASON CODE dss_reason_code  
[ - dss_rsn_text]}}]
```

DFSMSdss cannot use a fast replication method. The system might issue this message for diagnostic purposes if the DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL)) or the FASTREPLICATION(REQ) keyword is specified. The return code and reason code listed in the message text are hex values.

If any QFRVOLS reason codes are listed, see [ANTQFRVL macro in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn* or *qfrvols_xrsn*). The possible return codes (*dss_return_code*) and reason codes (*dss_reason_code*) are:

X'1'

The source device is not capable of fast replication.

X'2'

The target device is not capable of fast replication.

X'3'

One or more of the source devices are not eligible for fast replication at this time.

When DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes are not eligible. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'3' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

X'4'

The ANTRQST macro fails while trying to determine if fast replication can be used between the source and target volumes.

X'5'

The software required for fast replication is not installed.

X'7'

FASTREPLICATION(NONE) is specified for this task.

X'9'

One or more target devices are not eligible for fast replication at this time.

When DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'9' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes are not eligible. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'9' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible.

The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

If *qfrvols_xrsn_text* is set to VOLUME INACCESSIBLE then issue FCQUERY DEVN(xxxx) SHOWRELS to identify existing FlashCopy relationships on the device. To withdraw an existing relationship issue FCWITHDR SDEVN() TDEVN().

X'A'

The source data set is a multi-layered VSAM data set, for which DFSMSdss must invoke a utility to move the data. This happens when multi-layered VSAM data sets are being flashed by using FR(REQ). Currently, DSS does not have the capability to flash multi-layered striped volumes.

Work around options are:

1. Invoking IDCAMS by virtue of the FR(PREF) option. However, this option subsequently only utilizes fast replication, if it is possible. The multi-layered files is still not eligible for FR.
2. Reorganize the multi-layered files onto bigger volumes. This reduces the likelihood of a stripe going into layers. Although this does still not guarantee FR(REQ) would work every time, failures are much less likely.

X'B'

The cluster is part of a sphere and another cluster in the same sphere cannot be processed using fast replication. During DFSMSdss SPHERE processing, if the base cluster or any of its associated alternate indexes cannot be processed using fast replication, the entire sphere cannot be processed using fast replication.

X'C'

The data set is a PDS and NOPACK is not specified.

X'D'

A failure occurs while attempting to register a session with the System Data Mover (SDM).

X'E'

The ANTRQST macro fails while trying to determine if the source or target volumes are eligible for fast replication.

X'F'

The volume does not support data set fast replication.

X'10'

The data set is being reblocked.

X'11'

The source data set stripe count does not match the target data set stripe count.

X'12'

The data set is a single-striped multivolume data set.

X'13'

The direct access data set is being processed block by block.

X'14'

For the non-SMS allocation, target volumes that support fast replication cannot be selected.

When DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'14' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes failed selection. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*), QFRVOLS extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*), or DFSMSdss reason codes (*dss_reason_code*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'14' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*), QFRVOLS extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*), or DFSMSdss reason codes (*dss_reason_code*).

The possible DFSMSdss reason codes (*dss_reason_code*) are:

X'1'

The target volume does not have enough space to accommodate the target data set.

X'2'

There are no free DSCBs in the VTOC.

X'3'

The volume is SMS-managed.

X'4'

The LSPACE macro was issued for the volume to determine whether enough free space existed on the volume. The LSPACE macro failed.

X'5'

The source data set resides on the volume and the data set is not being renamed.

X'6'

One of the following conditions occurred when DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the data set:

- Duplicate data set exists on the volume
- If the volume did not have a duplicate data set, this reason code indicates that the volume does not contain enough free space to accommodate the data set. For an ISAM data set, the matching space in the target was not available.

X'7'

One of the following conditions occurred when DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the data set:

- The data set is unmovable.
- Either an absolute track allocation (ABSTR) failed or the lack of system support for absolute track allocation precluded the use of absolute track allocation.

X'8'

DFSMSdss attempted to allocate the data set on the volume, but a DADSM failure occurred.

X'9'

An indexed VTOC does not exist on the volume. The REALLOC macro was issued for an absolute track allocation. The REALLOC macro failed because ALLOC=ABS is not supported on OS VTOCs.

X'15'

For the SMS allocation, target volumes that allow fast replication to be used cannot be selected.

When DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'15' is followed by SMS allocation messages which provide summarized information. Detailed information at individual volume level is not available. See the SMS messages for explanations.

X'16'

The ANTRQST macro fails while trying to determine if the device is capable of fast replication.

X'18'

The data set is a PDS that you are converting to a PDSE, or vice versa, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'19'

The data set is a catalog BCS data set which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1A'

The data set is a VSAM data set with key ranges and is extended, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1B'

The data set is a KSDS that has embedded indexes, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1C'

Multiple volumes are required for the target data set, but multivolume allocation cannot be used. Therefore, the data set must be extended during the copy, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1D'

The CA size of the target data set is different from that of the source data set, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1E'

The block size of the target data component is different from that of the source data component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'1F'

The blocks per track for the target data component is different from that of the source data component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'20'

The blocks per track for the target index component is different from that of the source index component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'21'

The block size of the target index component is different from that of the source index component, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'22'

The data set is an indexed VSAM data set with an embedded index, TGTALLOC (CYL) was specified, and the source did not use cylinder allocation, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'23'

Sufficient space cannot be allocated for the target multi-striped VSAM data set. Therefore, the target data set must be extended during the copy process, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'24'

The target data set is smaller than the source data set because of an internal error.

X'25'

The volume has insufficient available FlashCopy relationships to complete the task.

X'26'

The source index or data component is full and the target has a greater allocation, which requires a utility to be used by DFSMSdss.

X'27'

FCTOPPRCPRIMARY(PRESMIRREQ) was specified, but there were insufficient Preserve Mirror eligible volumes specified in the output volume list on which to allocate the target data set. DFSMSdss could not use Fast Replication to perform the operation without causing one or more PPRC pairs to go into 'duplex pending' status.

When FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) is specified, return code X'27' is followed by summarized volume information that consists of reason codes that indicate why one or more volumes failed selection. For each reason code issued, the number of volumes failing for that reason is provided. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) or QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'27' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) or QFRVOLS PRESERVE MIRROR extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

X'28'

The source data set extended format version type does not match the target data set extended format version type.

X'29'

The source extended format sequential data set has an end of file on the non-last volume.

X'2A'

FCTOXRCPRIMARY was specified, but there were insufficient XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy eligible volumes specified in the output volume list on which to perform the copy. This prevented DFSMSdss from using fast replication to XRC primary volumes.

If the FCTOXRCPPRIMARY, FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED), or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified, this return code X'2A' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*).

When DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) is specified, return code X'2A' is followed by detailed information that lists each volume that was considered, along with a reason code indicating why that volume was ineligible. The reason codes include SDM QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*) or QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy extent reason codes (*qfrvols_xrsn*).

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If the FCTOXRCPPRIMARY, FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED), or DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified, return code X'2A' is followed by one or more QFRVOLS XRC Remote Pair FlashCopy volume reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn*). See [ANTQFRVL macro in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a list of the QFRVOLS volume and extent reason codes (*qfrvols_vrsn* or *qfrvols_xrsn*).

If you did not receive a reason code following return code X'2A' and would like to have more information, specify the DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR919W | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> CREATE DATE IS A FUTURE DATE AND IS BEING RESET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set to be restored contains a create date that is greater than the current date.

System action

The restored data set creation date is reset to the current date. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR920I | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED TO COPY THE VTOC TRACKS FOR <i>volser</i>, REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss cannot use a fast replication method to copy the VTOC tracks. This message is issued during physical full volume or tracks copy operations. When DFSMSDss needs to rebuild the VTOC during copy, you must use a traditional data movement method for VTOC tracks. The possible reason codes for *reason_code* are:

X'1'

The source VTOC is in an old VTOC format. Therefore, you must preserve some of the information in the target VTOC.

X'2'

The number of cylinders on the target volume do not match the number on the source volume, so you must rebuild the free space information in the VTOC.

X'3'

You must copy the first track of the VTOC on the volume using manual I/O because of a COPY TRACKS operation that includes all or part of the VTOC on the source volume, and/or overlays all or part of the VTOC on the target volume.

System action

DFSMSDss processing continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the reason code provided in this message for an explanation of why DFSMSDss cannot use fast replication to copy all the VTOC tracks. Take the following actions according to the reason code (*reason_code*):

X'1'

Update the old VTOC format for the source volume and rerun the job.

X'2'

Choose a target volume that has the same number of cylinders as the source.

X'3'

Ensure that the track range does not include the VTOC and/or does not overlay the VTOC on the target volume.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR922E (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), AN ERROR CONDITION WAS DETECTED WHILE
PROCESSING CLUSTER *cluster_name* ON VOLUME *volume_serial*,
RETURN CODE=*sdm_return_code* REASON CODE=*sdm_reason_code*

Explanation

DFSMSDss cannot complete the operation for the cluster *cluster_name* because an error condition was detected by the system data mover during processing of volume *volume_serial*. The system data mover return code (*sdm_return_code*) and reason code (*sdm_reason_code*) are supplied as diagnostic information.

System action

The data set is not processed. Processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

System programmer response

For explanations of the return and reason codes, see [“System data mover return and reason codes”](#) on page 435. DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal.

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR923W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN ERROR CONDITION WAS DETECTED AFTER
PROCESSING CLUSTER *cluster_name*, REASON CODE=*reason_code*

Explanation

DFSMSdss successfully processed the cluster *cluster_name* but encountered an error during post-processing that might eventually adversely affect the DFSMSdss job or the overall system. The *reason_code* explanation is:

- 1** An error was encountered freeing storage that was obtained for the processing of this cluster.
- 2** SDM termination did not complete successfully.

System action

The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Programmer response

Notify the system programmer.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR925W (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), AN INVALID RDF WAS FOUND AND CORRECTED IN
DATA SET *data_set_name*, REASON CODE *reason_code*

Explanation

DFSMSdss successfully processed the data set *data_set_name* but encountered invalid metadata while processing the data set. The invalid metadata was corrected. The *reason_code* explanation is:

The reason codes are as follows:

- X'1'** At least one RDF was encountered that invalidly indicated repeated records.

System action

The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Programmer response

Verify that the contents of the processed data set are correct.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR927E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CICSVRBACKUP FAILED FOR DATA SET *dsname*,
REASON=*reason_code*

Explanation

The CICSVRBACKUP keyword was specified on the data set COPY or logical data set DUMP command. DFSMSdss attempted to notify the CICSVR server address space that a CICSVR backup of the VSAM base cluster was requested or completed. The notification failed with one of the following hexadecimal reason codes (*reason_code*).

The reason codes are as follows:

X'11170'

DFSMSdss could not acquire storage for CICSVR Backup Notification parameter list. CICSVR was not notified of the backup.

X'11171'

DFSMSdss could not locate a VVR cell for a CICSVR Backup Notification parameter. CICSVR was notified of the backup.

other reason code

CICSVR reason code describing the CICSVR Backup Notification failure.

System action

Processing of this data set ends. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Programmer response

If you did not intend to create data set backups for use by CICSVR, remove the CICSVRBACKUP keyword and resubmit the job. Otherwise, correct the problem as indicated by one of the following reason codes (*reason_code*), and reprocess the data set:

X'11170'

See previously issued ADR376E message.

X'11171'

See previously issued ADR432E message.

other reason code

Ensure that the CICSVR server address space is active. The minimum required CICSVR release is Version 3 Release 1.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR928I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CICSVRBACKUP WAS SUCCESSFUL FOR DATA SET
dsname

Explanation

The CICSVRBACKUP keyword was specified on the data set COPY or logical data set DUMP command. Therefore, DFSMSdss notified the CICSVR server address space that a CICSVR backup of the VSAM base cluster completed successfully. The notification was successful.

System action

Processing continues.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR931W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING AN FCQUERY REQUEST FOR VOLUME <i>volser</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> RETINFO: <i>ret_info</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss invokes the ANTRQST macro for an FCQUERY request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code, and return information (*ret_info*).

System action

For a COPY operation, if FCINCREMENTAL or FCINCREMENTALLAST is specified, this error precludes the use of Incremental FlashCopy. If FCCGFREEZE is specified, this error precludes the use of FlashCopy Consistency Group for the copy operation. If FCFASTREVERSERESTORE is specified, this error precludes the use of Fast Reverse Restore. In either case, the operation continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR932W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING A QFRVOLS REQUEST FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> EXTENT <i>starting_c</i>:<i>h</i>-<i>ending_c</i>:<i>h</i> VOLUME <i>volser</i>} WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> RETINFO: <i>ret_info</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss invokes the ANTRQST macro for a QFRVOLS request and ANTRQST fails with the listed hex return code, reason code, and return information (*ret_info*).

System action

This error precludes the use of fast replication techniques, such as FlashCopy or SnapShot, for the operation. The operation continues, using traditional data movement methods, when fast replication is not required. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code*, *reason_code*, and *ret_info*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR933W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE ANTRQST MACRO FAILED DURING AN SRELEASE REQUEST FOR EXTENT <i>cc:hh1-cc:hh2</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>return_code-reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss invokes the ANTRQST macro for an SRELEASE request and ANTRQST fails with the listed diagnostic information.

System action

This error occurs after the successful movement of the extent. The operation continues. The return code is 4.

When this message is issued for an extent of an erase-on-scratch data set or the ADMINISTRATOR keyword was specified, DFSMSdss erases the source extents using traditional I/O unless the FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) keyword was specified.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR934W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO START BACKGROUND COPY FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> EXTENTS <i>starting_cchh-ending_cchh</i> VOLUME <i>volser</i>}. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>sdm_rc-sdm-rsn[-reason_code_modifier]</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempted to start background copy for the specified source data set, extents, or volume, and the system data mover failed with the listed diagnostic information.

System action

For a COPY FULL and COPY TRACKS operation, processing ends. The return code is 4.

For a COPY DATASET operation, processing ends for the current data set. The return code is 4. DFSMSdss continues to process the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [“System data mover return and reason codes”](#) on page 435 for an explanation of the hexadecimal system data mover return code (*sdm_rc*) and reason code (*sdm_rsn*).

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR935W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO PERFORM FAST REPLICATION FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i>}. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>return_code</i>-<i>reason_code</i>[<i>-reason_code_modifier</i>] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to process the data set or volume using a fast replication method, such as SnapShot or FlashCopy, and the System Data Mover failed with diagnostic information.

System action

If you specified CONCURRENT, DFSMSDss attempts concurrent copy initialization. If you did not specify CONCURRENT, the operation continues using traditional data movement methods. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [“System data mover return and reason codes”](#) on page 435 for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR936W | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE REGISTERING A SESSION WITH THE SYSTEM DATA MOVER. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>sdm_rc</i>-<i>sdm_rsn</i>[<i>-reason_code_modifier</i>] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to register a session with the system data mover and the system data mover failed with the listed diagnostic information. This condition precludes the use of fast replication methods, such as SnapShot, for the operation.

System action

The operation continues by using traditional data movement methods. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [“System data mover return and reason codes”](#) on page 435 for an explanation of the system data mover return code (*sdm_rc*) and reason code (*sdm_rsn*). DFSMSDss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR937W

**(xxx)-mmmmm(yy), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE TERMINATING
A SESSION WITH THE SYSTEM DATA MOVER. DIAGNOSTIC
INFORMATION: sdm_rc-sdm_rsn[-reason_code_modifier]**

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to end a session with the system data mover, and the system data mover failed with the listed diagnostic information.

System action

This is a postprocessing failure, which means that it occurred after the operation had completed, and while DFSMSDss was in the process of freeing up resources and terminating. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See “System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435 for an explanation of the system data mover return code (*sdm_rc*) and reason code (*sdm_rsn*). DFSMSDss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR938E

**(ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) WAS SPECIFIED
BUT FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED FOR {DATA SET dsname |
EXTENT starting_c:h-ending_c:h | VOLUME volser | THIS task TASK}**

Explanation

The FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) keyword is specified, but the use of fast replication fails.

System action

Processing of this data set, extent or volume ends because you specify that fast replication is required. See previously issued messages for details regarding the fast replication failure.

For DEFRAG, if ADR946I is issued before this message, DFSMSDss attempts to use data set fast replication to process the rest of the extents on the volume. If ADR945W is issued before this message, DFSMSDss terminates the DEFRAG task. The return code is 8.

For full volume COPY and tracks COPY operations, the task is terminated. The return code is 8.

For data set COPY, processing of this data set ends; DFSMSDss processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the previously issued message for reasons why you cannot use fast replication. If you cannot use fast replication, remove the FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) keyword and resubmit the job. This allows DFSMSdss to perform the task using another data movement method.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR939E | CONCURRENT({ANYREQUIRED CACHEREQUIRED VIRTUALREQUIRED}) WAS SPECIFIED BUT [VIRTUAL] CONCURRENT COPY COULD NOT BE USED FOR {DATA SET <i>dsname</i> VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> THIS function TASK} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The use of virtual, cache-based, or both concurrent copy methods failed.

System action

Processing of this data set or volume ends because you specified that virtual, cache-based, or any of the concurrent copy methods must be used. See previously issued messages for details regarding the concurrent copy initialization failure.

For full volume COPY, tracks COPY, full volume DUMP, and tracks DUMP operations, the task is terminated. The return code is 8.

For data set COPY and DUMP, if the cause of the failure prevents any data sets from being processed with concurrent copy, the task is terminated. Otherwise, processing of this data set ends; DFSMSdss processing continues with the next data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the previously issued message for reasons why you could not use virtual or cache-based concurrent copy. If retrying with a standard data movement method is wanted following virtual or cache-based concurrent copy failure, specify CONCURRENT(ANYPREFERRED | VIRTUALPREFERRED | CACHEPREFERRED). If concurrent copy cannot be attempted, do not specify the CONCURRENT keyword. See *z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration* for more information on the CONCURRENT keyword.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR940I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>) DATA SET <i>dsname</i> BEING RESTORED WAS PROCESSED AS AN OPEN DATA SET WHEN IT WAS DUMPED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was dumped as an open data set at the request of a database application, such as Information Management System (IMS), through a UIM exit request (EI22BWOE). System-level enqueues for serialization were not obtained by DFSMSdss when the data set was dumped.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR941E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>) DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE IT IS ALREADY BEING PROCESSED AS AN OPEN DATA SET |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set cannot be processed as an open data set because it is already being processed as an open data set.

System action

The data set is not processed, the return code is 8, and processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

The database application, after waiting for a short period of time, reinitiate the dump request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR942E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>) DUMPED VERSION OF DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IS NOT USABLE BECAUSE OF UPDATE ACTIVITY WHILE IT WAS BEING PROCESSED AS AN OPEN DATA SET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was dumped as an open data set at the request of a database application, such as Information Management System (IMS), through the application programming interface: System-level enqueues for serialization were not obtained by DFSMSdss when the data set was dumped. During the dump process, the data set was altered in a manner that indicates the dumped version of the data set on the dump tape is unusable and must be discarded.

System action

The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

The database application can reinitiate the dump request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR943E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>) DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> REQUIRES VALIDATE TO BE PROCESSED AS AN OPEN DATA SET |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was requested to dump the data set as an open data set by a database application, such as Information Management System (IMS), through the application programming interface. But the data set is an indexed VSAM data set, and VALIDATE is required to dump that type of data set as an open data set. When dumping to an object storage cloud, the data set cannot be processed as an open data set.

System action

The data set is not processed, the return code is 8, and processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

You must change the database application to specify VALIDATE rather than NOVALIDATE. When dumping to an object storage cloud, the data set cannot be backed up while open (BWO).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR944E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>) DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catalog_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> CANNOT BE PROCESSED BECAUSE IT WAS UPDATED DURING [CONCURRENT COPY INITIALIZATION THE FAST REPLICATION INITIALIZATION TRADITIONAL I/O] |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Logical Data Set Dump

The data set was updated while it was being prepared for concurrent copy initialization. Because of the update activity, you cannot dump the data set.

Logical Data Set Copy

The data set was updated while it was being copied either using a fast replication function, concurrent copy initialization, or traditional I/O. Because of the update activity, you cannot copy the data set.

System action

The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

The database application can reinitiate the copy or dump request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR945W | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO PERFORM FLASHCOPY FROM EXTENT <i>src_starting_c:h-src_ending_c:h</i> TO EXTENT <i>tgt_starting_c:h-tgt_ending_c:h</i>. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>return_code-reason_code[-reason_code_modifier]</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempts to process the extent using FlashCopy and the System Data Mover (SDM) fails with listed diagnostic information.

System action

DFSMSdss attempts to move this extent using traditional data movement methods unless FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) is specified. DFSMSdss DEFRAG operation continues and FlashCopy will be attempted for the rest of the extents. The return code is 4. If the system also issues ADR938E, the DEFRAG task terminates.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [“System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435](#) for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR946I | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), A FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO PERFORM FLASHCOPY FROM EXTENT <i>src_starting_c:h-src_ending_c:h</i> TO EXTENT <i>tgt_starting_c:h-tgt_ending_c:h</i>. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>return_code-reason_code[-reason_code_modifier]</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss attempts to process the extent using FlashCopy and the System Data Mover (SDM) fails with listed diagnostic information. The system might issue this message for diagnostic purposes if the DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL)) or the FASTREPLICATION(REQ) keyword is specified.

System action

DFSMSdss attempts to move this extent using traditional data movement methods unless FASTREPLICATION(REQUIRED) is specified. DFSMSdss DEFRAG operation continues and FlashCopy is attempted for the rest of the extents. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See “System data mover return and reason codes” on page 435 for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR947I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED FOR VOLUME *src_volser* BECAUSE THE SOURCE AND TARGET DEVICES DO NOT PROVIDE COMPATIBLE FAST REPLICATION FUNCTIONS ¹¹

Explanation

detailed_text is:

```
[VOLUME src_volser SUPPORTS fast_replication_function1
VOLUME tgt_volser SUPPORTS fast_replication_function2]
```

DFSMSdss cannot use a fast replication method for the full or tracks copy operation because the devices do not provide compatible fast replication functions. For example, the source device is SnapShot capable, but the target device is FlashCopy capable, or vice versa. The system might issue this message for diagnostic purposes if the DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL)) or the FASTREPLICATION(REQ) keyword is specified.

When the DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified, [detailed_text] contains a list of volumes and their fast replication capability.

System action

The operation continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that the source and target volumes support the same type of fast replication method.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR948I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED FOR DATA SET *src_dsname* BECAUSE THE {SOURCE | TARGET} DEVICES DO NOT PROVIDE COMPATIBLE DATA SET FAST REPLICATION FUNCTIONS ¹²

Explanation

summarized_text is:

```
[number {VOLUME | VOLUMES} {SUPPORTS | SUPPORT}
data_set_fast_replication_function |
{DOES | DO} NOT SUPPORT ANY TYPE OF DATA SET FAST REPLICATION}
[ ...]]
```

¹¹ {detailed_text}
¹² [summarized_text | detailed_text]

detailed_text is:

```
[VOLUME src_volser {SUPPORTS data_set_fast_replication_function  
| DOES NOT SUPPORT ANY TYPE OF DATA SET FAST REPLICATION}[ ...]]
```

DFSMSdss cannot use a fast replication method for the data set copy operation because one or more volumes where the source data set or preallocated target data set resides do not provide compatible data set fast replication functions. For example, one volume supports SnapShot while other volumes support data set FlashCopy. The system might issue this message for diagnostic purposes if the DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL)) or the FASTREPLICATION(REQ) keyword is specified.

When the DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED)) keyword is specified, the [summarized_text] follows the message. It lists the number of volumes and their fast replication capabilities.

When the DEBUG(FRMSG(DETAILED)) keyword is specified, the [detailed_text] follows the message. It provides a list of volumes and their fast replication capabilities.

System action

The operation continues. The return code is zero.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

In order for fast replication to be used, all volumes that the data set resides on must support the same type of fast replication method. If you must use fast replication for this data set, move it to volumes that support the same type of fast replication method.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR949I | (ttt)-mmmm(yy), FAST REPLICATION COULD NOT BE USED FOR VOLUME src_volser BECAUSE ONE OR MORE VOLUMES DO NOT SUPPORT DATA SET FAST REPLICATION]¹³ |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

detailed_text is:

```
[VOLUMEsrc_volser DOES NOT SUPPORT DATA SET FLASHCOPY]  
[VOLUMEtgt_volser DOES NOT SUPPORT DATA SET FLASHCOPY]
```

DFSMSdss cannot use a fast replication method for the tracks copy operation because at least one of the volumes does not support data set FlashCopy. The system might issue this message for diagnostic purposes if the DEBUG(FRMSG(MIN | SUM | DTL)) or the FASTREPLICATION(REQ) keyword is specified.

When the DEBUG(FRMSG(SUMMARIZED | DETAILED)) keyword is specified, the volumes that do not support data set FlashCopy are listed in the [detailed_text].

System action

The operation continues. The return code is zero.

¹³ [detailed_text]

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Ensure that both the source and target volumes support data set FlashCopy.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR950W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DURING THE CONVERSION TO NON-SMS, RETAINED LOCKS IN THE COUPLING FACILITY {WERE WOULD HAVE BEEN} PURGED FOR THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Retained locks in the coupling facility were detected for the listed data sets during conversion from SMS. Retained locks indicate that the cluster is part of a recoverable sphere that was accessed with RLS protocols and that there are pending CICS RLS backouts for the cluster. These locks cannot be preserved during conversion from SMS.

System action

If TYPRUN=NORUN was not specified and TEST was not specified, then the locks were purged as a result of conversion from SMS. If you specified TYPRUN=NORUN or TEST, the locks were not purged.

Processing for the volume continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If TYPRUN=NORUN or TEST was specified, then run the pending CICS RLS backouts before actually converting the volume from SMS.

If neither TYPRUN=NORUN nor TEST was specified and the conversion was not intended, the cluster must be converted back to SMS for RLS access, including the respecification of the values of the LOG and LOGSTREAMID parameters. Since locks protecting pending CICS backouts were lost during the conversion, special CICS procedures are required to handle the disposition of CICS online backouts. See the description of the SHCDS FRDELETEUNBOUNDLOCKS command in [*z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands*](#) to correctly dispose of the pending CICS online backouts.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR951W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IS MARKED RECOVERY REQUIRED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified VSAM cluster has been marked "recovery required" by the application that owns it, and therefore, might be unusable.

If the message was issued during a data set dump or data set copy operation, then the data set being backed up or copied was marked recovery required. If the message was issued during a data set restore operation, then the back up copy being restored was marked recovery required at the time of the back up.

System action

The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For data set copy and data set dump, you might need to rerun the dump/copy, following a forward recovery of the data set. For data set restore, the target might need to be forward recovered, or you might need to rerun the restore, using a different back up version.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR952E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE IDAQDMP MACRO FAILED DURING QUIESCE PROCESSING FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WITH RETURN CODE (<i>return_code</i>) AND REASON CODE (<i>reason_code</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IDAQDMP macro to perform quiesce processing for the VSAM data set. The IDAQDMP macro returned the listed failing return and reason codes. If error data was returned by the IDAQDMP macro, message ADR957I follows this message.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMSdss Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes. For some return codes, the problem can be corrected in the job rerun.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR953E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE IDAQDMP MACRO FAILED DURING RESUME PROCESSING FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WITH RETURN CODE (<i>return_code</i>) AND REASON CODE (<i>reason_code</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IDAQDMP macro to perform resume processing for the VSAM data set. The IDAQDMP macro returned the listed failing return and reason codes. If error data was returned by the IDAQDMP macro, message ADR957I follows this message.

System action

For COPY operations, the data set is not processed.

For DUMP, the failure not have been detected until after the data set was dumped. In this case, the dumped version of the data set is *not* usable. If the error was detected before the data set was dumped, then the data set is not processed.

The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For an explanation of the listed return and reason codes, see [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR954W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IS MARKED RECOVERY REQUIRED, BUT IS BEING CONVERTED TO NON-SMS. RECOVERY REQUIRED STATUS IS LOST |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The cluster is being copied or restored to a non-SMS-managed volume. Since the cluster is being converted to non-SMS, the recovery required status of the cluster will be lost as a result of the operation. The recovery required status indicates that the data set not be usable.

System action

The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For copy, a backup copy of the data set might need to be restored. For restore, another backup version might need to be used.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR955W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), AS A RESULT OF CONVERSION TO NON-SMS, THE RECOVERY REQUIRED STATUS {WILL BE WAS} LOST FOR THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS ON VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The listed data sets were marked as recovery required. Upon conversion of a data set to non-SMS, the recovery required status of the data set is lost. The recovery required status indicates that the data sets are not usable.

System action

None. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

If TYPRUN=NORUN and TEST were not specified, a backup copy of the data set might need to be restored. If either TYPRUN=NORUN or TEST was specified, the data set might need to be forward recovered before being converted from SMS management.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR956E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), CONNECTION TO THE SMSVSAM SERVER WAS LOST WHILE PROCESSING DATA SET <i>dsname</i> USING RECORD LEVEL SHARING ACCESS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While processing the data set using record level sharing access, the connection to the SMSVSAM server was lost.

System action

For COPY operations, the data set is not processed.

For DUMP, the failure not have been detected until after the data set was dumped. In this case, the dumped version of the data set is *not* usable. If the error was detected before the data set was dumped, then the data set is not processed.

The return code is 8.

Operator response

Verify that the SMSVSAM server is available and rerun the job.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR957I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), IDAQDMP ERROR DATA FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> IS <i>error_data</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Either message ADR952E or ADR953E precedes this message, indicating that the IDAQDMP macro failed. The listed error data was returned by the IDAQDMP macro.

System action

See the system action for the preceding ADR952E or ADR953E message.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the application programmer response for the preceding ADR952E or ADR953W message.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR958E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE SMPM CFPURGE FUNCTION FAILED FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WITH RETURN CODE (<i>return_code</i>) AND REASON CODE (<i>reason_code</i>) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss invoked the SMPM CFPurge function to purge the data in the coupling facility caches for the VSAM data set. The SMPM CFPurge function returned the listed failing return and reason codes.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

For an explanation of the listed return and reason codes, see [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#).

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR959E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), THE SMPM CFPURGE FUNCTION FAILED FOR VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> WITH RETURN CODE (<i>return_code</i>) AND REASON CODE (<i>reason_code</i>) |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSDss invoked the SMPM CFPurge function to purge the data in the coupling facility caches for the volume. The SMPM CFPurge function returned the listed failing return and reason codes.

System action

The volume is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR960E | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE BPX1QSE BPX1UQS PROGRAM FAILED DURING QUIESCE UNQUIESCE PROCESSING FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

If the operation is QUIESCE, the source data set could not be serialized. Before the quiesce attempt, a request for a shared SYSZDSN enqueue of the data set failed. This message can be received if a source HFS data set is unmounted while DFSMSDss is attempting to serialize the data set.

If the operation is UNQUIESCE, serialization for the data set was lost while the data set was being processed.

System action

If the operation is QUIESCE, the source data set is not processed.

If the operation is UNQUIESCE, the target data set is not usable.

Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The DFSMSDss return code is 8.

Programmer response

See the *z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference* for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the reported problem and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR961W | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), THE HIGH RELATIVE PAGE NUMBER COULD NOT BE DETERMINED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSDss was unable to read the high relative page number due to I/O errors. Therefore, DFSMSDss was unable to determine how much of the data set was actually used. If this error occurs during a logical DUMP or a COPY, all of the allocated space for the data set is dumped. If this error occurs during RESTORE processing, to a target device that has a different track capacity than the source device, there can be allocation problems because of residual data. Therefore, it is a good idea to restore the data set to a like device. If this error occurs during RELEASE processing, no space is released because the amount of releasable space cannot be determined.

System action

The return code is 4.

Programmer response

Determine the cause of the read error and correct it.

Source

DFSMSDss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR962I | (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WAS DUMPED AS A BACKUP-WHILE-OPEN DATA SET USING RECORD LEVEL SHARING ACCESS. LOCAL TIMESTAMP IS: <i>yyyyddd hh:mm:ss.t</i> GMT TIMESTAMP IS: <i>yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss.t</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss dumped the data set using record level sharing (RLS) access. Updates to the data set were not quiesced while the data set was being dumped. The time of the dump is listed in both local (to the system that performed the dump) and GMT formats.

The time stamps have the following values:

yyyy.ddd
The Julian date (year and days).

hh:mm:ss.t
The time in hours, minutes, seconds, and tenths of a second.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR963I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), CLUSTER *cluster_name* WAS DUMPED USING
RECORD LEVEL SHARING ACCESS. LOCAL TIMESTAMP IS: yyyy.ddd
hh:mm:ss.t GMT TIMESTAMP IS: yyyyddd hh:mm:ss.t

Explanation

DFSMSdss dumped the data set using record level sharing (RLS) access. Updates to the data set were quiesced while the data set was being dumped. The time of the dump is listed in both local (to the system that performed the dump) and GMT formats.

The time stamps have the following values:

yyyy.ddd
The Julian date (year and days).

hh:mm:ss.t
The time in hours, minutes, seconds, and tenths of a second.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR964E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), A TIME OUT OCCURRED DURING QUIESCE PROCESSING FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued the IDAQDMP macro to perform quiesce processing for the VSAM data set. A time-out condition occurred before the IDAQDMP macro returned.

The amount of time DFSMSdss waits for an RLS quiesce request to complete is controlled by the specification of the DSSTIMEOUT parameter of the IGDSMSxx PARMLIB member.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Increase the RLS quiesce timeout value specified by the DSSTIMEOUT parameter of the IGDSMSxx PARMLIB member and rerun the job. If the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR965E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catname</i> CANNOT BE COPIED AND DELETED BECAUSE IT IS OPEN IN RLS MODE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set is opened for record level sharing (RLS) access and therefore cannot be copied and deleted.

System action

The data set is not copied or deleted. Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Close the data set, making sure there are no lost or retained locks (see the application programmer response for message ADR966E), and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR966E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catname</i> CANNOT BE COPIED AND DELETED BECAUSE IT HAS LOCKS ASSOCIATED WITH IT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was previously opened for record level sharing (RLS) access, has lost or retained locks associated with it, and therefore cannot be copied and deleted.

System action

The data set is not copied or deleted. Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run the pending CICS RLS backouts and then rerun the DFSMSdss job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR967W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catname</i> WILL BE DUMPED BUT CANNOT BE DELETED BECAUSE IT IS OPEN IN RLS MODE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The data set is opened for record level sharing (RLS) access and therefore cannot be deleted.

System action

The data set is dumped but not deleted. Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Close the data set, making sure there are no lost or retained locks (see the application programmer response for message ADR968W), and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR968W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), DATA SET <i>dsname</i> IN CATALOG <i>catname</i> WILL BE DUMPED BUT CANNOT BE DELETED BECAUSE IT HAS LOCKS ASSOCIATED WITH IT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The data set was previously opened for record level sharing (RLS) access, has lost or retained locks associated with it, and therefore cannot be deleted.

System action

The data set is dumped but not deleted. Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run the pending CICS RLS backouts and then rerun the DFSMSdss job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|---|
| ADR969E | (<i>ttt</i>)- <i>mmmmm</i> (<i>yy</i>), THE SMPM CFQUERY FUNCTION FAILED FOR CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> . THE DATA SET IS NOT PROCESSED |
|---------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss invoked the SMPM CFQuery function to determine if there were any locks associated with the data set. The SMPM CFQuery function returned the listed failing return and reason codes.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the [z/OS DFSMSdss Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the listed return and reason codes.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|---------|--|
| ADR970E | (<i>ttt</i>)- <i>mmmmm</i> (<i>yy</i>), MISSING CI(S) WITHIN SEQUENCE SET IN CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> , <i>number_of_index_records</i> CI(S) PROCESSED IN SEQUENCE SET, <i>number_of_data_control_areas</i> CA(S) FOUND IN DATA COMPONENT, <i>number_of_reclaimed_index_records</i> RECLAIMED CI(S) FOUND IN SEQUENCE SET |
|---------|--|

Explanation

An error was detected during the logical dump processing of an indexed VSAM data set. All data in the indexed VSAM data set not have been dumped.

System action

Processing of this data set ends. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. Correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR971E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), LOGICAL {DUMP | RESTORE | COPY} FOR CLUSTER
cluster_name [IN CATALOG catalog_name] FAILED, reason_code

Explanation

The command could not be processed. The reason codes are:

- 1** A logical DUMP was requested for an extended format VSAM data set, and NOVALIDATE was requested. You must use VALIDATE to dump an extended format VSAM data set.
- 2** The source data set is an extended format VSAM data set, and the target data set could not be allocated as an extended format VSAM data set. If the source is an extended format VSAM data set, the target must be an extended format VSAM data set. If the source is compressed, the target must also be compressed.
- 3** The source data set is an extended format VSAM compressed KSDS, and the target data set could not be allocated as an extended format VSAM compressed KSDS. If the source is an extended format compressed VSAM KSDS, the target must be an extended format compressed VSAM KSDS.
- 4** A logical COPY was requested for an extended format VSAM data set and DFSMSdss could not enqueue on the data set name. DFSMSdss requires IDCAMS to copy the data set. A logical COPY using IDCAMS cannot be performed on an extended format VSAM data set that is open for update. The TOLERATE keyword is not supported.
- 5** A logical COPY was requested for an extended format VSAM data set, and the catalog indicates that a VERIFY is required. Run IDCAMS VERIFY.
- 6** An error occurred while attempting to update the VVR VSAM extended format cell during the target allocation. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.
- 7** The source data set is an extended addressable VSAM KSDS and the target data set could not be allocated as an extended addressable VSAM KSDS data set. If the source is an extended addressable VSAM KSDS data set, then the target must be an extended addressable VSAM KSDS data set.
- 8** The source data set is a NONSMS extended addressable VSAM LDS/ZFS and the target data set could not be allocated as a NONSMS extended addressable VSAM LDS/ZFS. If the source is a NONSMS extended addressable VSAM LDS/ZFS, then the target must be a NONSMS extended addressable VSAM LDS/ZFS.
- 9** The source data set is an extended format VSAM Alternate Index (AIX) and the target data set could not be allocated as an extended format Alternate Index because the entire sphere is not being processed. If the source is an extended format AIX, then the target must be an extended format AIX, and in order to process it as such, SPHERE must be specified.
- 10** The source data set is a BSON/JSON VSAM database and the target could not be allocated as a BSON/JSON VSAM database. If the source is a BSON/JSON VSAM database, then the target must be a BSON/JSON VSAM database.

System action

DFSMSdss ends processing for the current data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the problem described by the reason code and re-submit the DFSMSdss request.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR973E | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), EMPTY TRACK ENCOUNTERED WHILE PROCESSING CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i> ON VOLUME <i>volser</i>, TRACK <i>c:h</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During logical data set dump of the VSAM cluster using VALIDATE, an empty track was encountered in a data CA or an index sequence set where valid data was expected. The track reported was on volume *volser*, track *cchh*. This message is issued once for each unexpected empty track.

System action

DFSMSdss ends processing for the current data set. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Check the track reported. Run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster. Take appropriate action to correct the problem and resubmit the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR974I | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), MISSING CI(S) WITHIN SEQUENCE SET IN CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>, <i>number_of_index_records</i>. CI(S) PROCESSED IN SEQUENCE SET, <i>number_of_data_control_areas</i> CA(S) FOUND IN DATA COMPONENT, <i>number_of_reclaimed_index_records</i> RECLAIMED CI(S) FOUND IN SEQUENCE SET |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

All data in the indexed VSAM data set not have been dumped. When a keyed VSAM data set is logically dumped with DFSMSdss using the VALIDATE option, a check is performed to determine if there are data control areas (CAs) without corresponding index control intervals (CIs). If there are missing index control intervals, ADR974I is issued. Your installation has specified a DFSMSdss patch byte to produce this message instead of ADR970E. You need to verify that all data in this data set was dumped.

System action

Processing of this data set continues. DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. Determine if the problem was a result of an incomplete control area split. If not, correct the data set and resubmit the job. See the [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#) for information about the DFSMSdss patch area.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR975E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), MMSRV CONNECT FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued an MMSRV CONNECT for the data set, and it failed with the listed return and reason codes.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR976W | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), MMSRV DISCONNECT FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued an MMSRV DISCONNECT for the data set, and it failed with the listed return and reason codes.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 4. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR977E | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), MMCNVT CI LOCATE FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss issued an MMCNVT CI LOCATE for the data set, and it failed with the listed return codes.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR978W | (xxx)-mmmmm(yy), READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS COMMAND FOR VOLUME <i>volume_serial_number</i> FAILED. THE DEVICE SIZE IN THE VTOC, <i>calculate_vtoc_size</i> WILL BE USED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS command issued by DFSMSdss for the given volume *volume_serial_number* failed. The volume size that DFSMSdss calculated from the VTOC information *calculate_vtoc_size* is used. The size is represented in decimal and is the number of primary cylinders for the device.

System action

Processing for the volume continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the IOS message for description of the specific error and take appropriate action.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR979E | INVALID RECORD DESCRIPTOR WORD ENCOUNTERED WHILE REBLOCKING DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During a DFSMSdss logical data set RESTORE, or a logical data set COPY that was reblocking a variable-length physical sequential data set, a logical record in the data set had a Record Descriptor Word (RDW) that indicated a zero record length.

System action

The data set is not processed. The return code is 8. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

To restore the data set, rerun the RESTORE without reblocking and adhere to the following rules:

1. **ADR601E**
2. Do not specify the REBLOCK keyword on the DFSMSdss RESTORE command.
3. Do not invoke reblocking with the installation reblock exit routine supplied by DFSMSdss (ADRREBLK).
4. If the data set is a system reblockable data set, restore it to a like device so that it will not be blocked.

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR980E | (ttt)-mmmm(yy), The BPX1PCT PROGRAM FAILED DURING (QUIESCE UNQUIESCE RESET) PROCESSING FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i> WITH RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

If the operation is QUIESCE, the source data set could not be serialized. This message can be received if a source z/OS file system data set is unmounted while DFSMSdss is attempting to serialize the data set.

If the operation is UNQUIESCE or RESET, serialization for the data set was lost while the data set was being processed.

System action

If the operation is QUIESCE, the data set is not processed. If the operation is UNQUIESCE or RESET, the target data set is not usable.

Processing continues with the next data set, if any. The DFSMSdss return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the reported problem and rerun the job. For additional information about the return and reason codes, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Programming: Assembler Callable Services Reference](#).

Source

DFSMSdss

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR982I | DIRECTORY CREATION FAILED FOR DATA SET <i>dsname</i>. DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: <i>pdse_rc-pdse_rsn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Following a fast replication failure, DFSMSdss attempted to re-build the target PDSE directory to ensure the target PDSE can be reused. Directory creation failed with the listed diagnostic information.

System action

DFSMSdss processing continues. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis* for description of the PDSE return and reason codes. DFSMSdss provides these codes in hexadecimal format.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADR983E | DATA SET <i>dsname</i> CANNOT BE COPIED USING SYSTEM SERVICES FOLLOWING FAST REPLICATION ERROR |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Following fast replication failure, DFSMSdss was unable to copy the PDSE using a traditional data movement method by invoking IGWFAMS because of the target PDSE being unusable.

System action

DFSMSdss processing of the current PDSE fails. Processing continues with the next data set.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Determine why fast replication failed. Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If fast replication is not desirable, specify FASTREPLICATION(NONE) and resubmit the job.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR984W | (<i>ttt</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i> (<i>yy</i>), BPX1PCT PROGRAM RESET PROCESSING ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR. RETURN CODE <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE <i>reason_code</i>. DATA SET CHANGE INDICATOR NOT RESET FOR DATA SET <i>dataset</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

DFSMSdss was unable to reset the data set change indicator in the data set's VTOC entry.

System action

The data set change indicator is still on for the data set. The data set is processed. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the reported problem and rerun the job, or use the AMASPZAP to reset the data set change indicator. For additional information about the return and reason codes, see *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes*.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADR985W | (<i>xxx</i>)-<i>mmmmm</i>(<i>yy</i>), MISSING CI(S) WITHIN SEQUENCE SET IN CLUSTER <i>cluster_name</i>, <i>number_of_index_records</i> CI(S) PROCESSED IN SEQUENCE SET, <i>number_of_data_control_areas</i> CA(S) FOUND IN DATA COMPONENT, <i>number_of_reclaimed_index_records</i> RECLAIMED CI(S) FOUND IN SEQUENCE SET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

All data in the indexed VSAM data set not have been dumped. When a keyed VSAM data set is logically dumped with DFSMSDss using validate option, a check is performed to determine if there are data control areas(CAs) without corresponding index control intervals (CIs). If there are missing index control intervals, ADR985W is issued. Your installation has specified a DFSMSDss patch byte to produce this message instead of ADR970E. You need to verify that all data in this data set was dumped.

System action

Processing of this data set continues. DFSMSDss processing continues. The return code is 4.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Run IDCAMS EXAMINE against the VSAM cluster in question. Determine if the problem was a result of an incomplete control area split. If not, correct the data set and resubmit the job. See the [z/OS DFSMSDss Storage Administration](#) for information about the DFSMSDss patch area.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR987I (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO PERFORM FAST REPLICATION FOR
{DATA SET *dsname* | VOLUME *volume_serial_number*} DIAGNOSTIC
INFORMATION *return_code-reason_code* | -*reason_code_modifier*

Explanation

DFSMSDss attempted to process the data set or volume using a fast replication method, such as SnapShot or FlashCopy, and the System Data Mover failed with diagnostic information.

System action

If you specified CONCURRENT, DFSMSDss attempts concurrent copy initialization. If you did not specify CONCURRENT, the operation continues using traditional data movement methods. The return code is 0.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See [“System data mover return and reason codes”](#) on page 435 for an explanation of *return_code* and *reason_code*.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR990E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), INSUFFICIENT ACCESS AUTHORITY TO CREATE
COREIMAGE FOR IPLING FROM DASD VOLUME *volser*

Explanation

To use IPL(DASD) with the BUILDSEA command, you must either use the ADMINISTRATOR keyword or you must have DASDVOL access at the UPDATE level to the DASD volume.

System action

BUILDSEA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None

Programmer response

If you are authorized, use the ADMINISTRATOR keyword with the BUILDSEA command. Otherwise, see your security administrator or storage administrator to obtain the required access authority to use IPL(DASD).

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR992E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), OUTPUT IPL DATA SET NOT PROPERLY DEFINED

Explanation

The output data set is not properly defined. The data set must be a physical sequential data set with record format and block size as indicated in the BUILDSEA command description. If the output device performs hardware encryption, it cannot be used as an IPL device.

System action

BUILDSEA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the BUILDSEA command description for the attributes necessary for the data set. Redefine the data set and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSDss

ADR993E (ttt)-mmmmm(yy), ALLOCATION OF SYS1.ADR.SAIPLD.Vvolser FAILED.
DADSM RETURN CODE IS *return_code*. DADSM DIAGNOSTIC
INFORMATION IS *diagnostic_information*

Explanation

Allocation of the Stand-Alone Services restore core image data set failed. The DADSM return code and diagnostic information is listed.

System action

The BUILDSEA task ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for an explanation of the DADSM return code and diagnostic information.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR994E (ttt)mmmmm(yy), ERROR PROCESSING DATA SET, DDNAME nnnnnnnn

Explanation

An error occurred while processing the data set with the *ddname* indicated.

System action

BUILD SA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the problem and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR995E (ttt)mmmmm(yy), UNABLE TO OPEN DATA SET, DDNAME ddname

Explanation

The data set could not be opened.

System action

BUILD SA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Correct the cause of the problem and rerun the job.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR996E (ttt)mmmmm(yy), BLDL FAILED, BLDL RTN CODE = nnnn, RSN CODE = nnnn, DDNAME nnnnnnnn

Explanation

BLDL failed during BUILDSEA processing. RTNCODE and RSNCODE are the return and reason codes from BLDL.

System action

BUILDSEA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

See the BLDL macro in *z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets* for the description of the return and reason codes. If the ddname indicates the input data set and the return code = 0004, with reason code 0000, a possible cause is a module missing from the input data set.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR997E (ttt)mmmmm(yy), IEWL UTILITY FAILED, (RETURN | ABEND) CODE IS
nnn

Explanation

During processing of a DFSMSdss function, the IEWL utility encountered errors, and processing failed.

System action

BUILDSEA processing ends. The return code is 8.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

Take one of the following actions:

- For abends, see *z/OS MVS System Codes* for an explanation of the abend code.
- For error return codes, run the job and specify the DFSMSdss UTILMSG=YES parameter. See *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)* for an explanation of the utility messages.

Source

DFSMSdss

ADR998I (ttt)mmmmm(yy), UTILITY GENERATED MESSAGES FOLLOW

Explanation

During processing of a DFSMSdss function, a system utility was invoked that generates SYSPRINT data. The utility messages are printed following this message when UTILMSG=YES, or UTILMSG=ERROR is specified in the PARM information of the DFSMSdss EXEC statement.

System action

The function continues processing.

Operator response

None.

Programmer response

None.

Source

DFSMSdss

System data mover return and reason codes

If the System Data Mover detects an error condition during a DFSMSdss operation, DFSMSdss might issue one of the following messages, which will include System Data Mover diagnostic information, such as SDM service return and reason codes or hardware sense information, to help identify the condition that occurred:

- ADR735W
- ADR736E
- ADR738E
- ADR934W
- ADR935W
- ADR936W
- ADR937W
- ADR945W
- ADR946I
- ADR987I
- ADR922E

Return codes indicate the general types of conditions and might be coupled with reason codes that further qualify these conditions. Table 2 on page 435 describes these codes. For any codes that you cannot find in the following table, contact IBM Enterprise Storage Server hardware support structure for help.

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information.

Table 2. Reason Codes

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------|---|
| 0 (X'00') | The request to the service completed without error. |
| 2 (X'02') | The asynchronous request to the service started without error. |
| 4 (X'04') | Reason codes 1 (X'01') through 43 (X'2B') are internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp errors and should be reported to your IBM service center. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------|--|
| 8 (X'08') | <p>The requested operation failed. The following reason codes explain the error:</p> <p>2 (X'02') A request to establish a dual copy session is rejected because the secondary device has a concurrent copy session active.</p> <p>3 (X'03') A request to establish a concurrent copy session has failed because the device is in track emulation mode.</p> <p>4 (X'04') The requested control unit does not have any concurrent copy sessions available. The number of concurrent copy sessions is model dependent information that can be obtained from the appropriate controller documentation.</p> <p>5 (X'05') This is an internal DFSMSdss or DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>6 (X'06') The concurrent copy session is not active on the device. This be caused by the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The session has been terminated by the storage controller. This be a normal condition if storage controller cache thresholds or session limits have been exceeded. • The session has been terminated by the System Data Mover in response to an error condition. Look for entries in LOGREC with the string 'CC SESSION TERMINATION'. These records include a termination reason code following the text 'SDM SERVL RSN'. • The session identifier is invalid. This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center. <p>7 (X'07') This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>8 (X'08') The concurrent copy session is not active. This be because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A concurrent copy session was never started. • The session have been terminated. This be a normal condition if concurrent copy jobs have been canceled. • The System Data Mover terminated and was restarted. On termination all existing sessions are terminated. <p>9 (X'09') This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>10 (X'0A') The system data mover has been terminated (by a Cancel ANTMMAIN) and has restarted. Active sessions at the time of the cancel receive this error.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| 8 (X'08') Continued | <p>The requested operation failed. The following reason codes explain the error:</p> <p>11 (X'0B') The selected device has become unavailable to the system. Check for IOS messages to determine the state of the device.</p> <p>12 (X'0C') This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdfp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>13 (X'0D') The device address is not associated with a concurrent copy session. This can occur if the concurrent copy session has been canceled or the device has been removed from the session.</p> <p>14 (X'0E') The storage controller does not have the concurrent copy feature installed.</p> <p>16 (X'10') The storage controller is not capable of supporting concurrent copy.</p> <p>18 (X'12') This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdfp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>20 (X'14') Not all tracks have been processed. This might be caused by one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The System Data Mover encountered a critical SQA shortage or pageable storage shortage and stopped retrieving tracks from the storage controller. • An error occurred in the storage controller or in the DFSMSdss/DFSMSdfp software so that the System Data Mover was unable to retrieve one or more changed tracks within the allotted time. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, report the error to your IBM Service Center. If a non-IBM storage controller is involved, also contact the manufacturer for problem determination assistance. <p>24 (X'18') SDM retrieved a track from the control unit for a track that had been updated (a data check indication was received). All data up to the point of failure was transferred. The sense data field for the failing track is zeroes.</p> <p>26 (X'1A') SDM retrieved a track from the control unit for a track that had been updated (an invalid track format indication was received). All data up to the point of failure was transferred. The sense data field for the failing track is zeroes.</p> <p>30 (X'1E') The selected device does not support Extended Count Key Data (ECKD) architecture (Define Extent and Locate Record channel program commands). The System Data Mover does not support this device.</p> <p>32 (X'20') A Concurrent Copy request specified a device that is currently in the process of being re-sized. Devices are restricted from participating in a copy services relationship when being re-sized. Wait until the volume resize is completed and issue the failing request again.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------|--|
| 12 (X'0C') | <p>An error occurred in a System Data Mover program. The following reason codes explain the error:</p> <p>1 (X'01') This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center.</p> <p>2 (X'02') Invalid function requested.</p> <p>3 (X'03') A translation exception occurred building a channel program</p> <p>4 (X'04') Real storage error.</p> <p>8 (X'08') Data space error.</p> <p>20 (X'14') The System Data Mover is not currently available to process requests. Resubmit the failing request.</p> |
| 16 (X'10') | <p>An error was detected by the Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM). The reason code is in the format, <i>ccmmrrss</i>, where:</p> <p>cc is the op code of the CCW that had the problem.</p> <p>mm is byte 9 of the sense data returned on a command reject (format 0 message F) on the op code <i>cc</i> specified.</p> <p>rr is the return code from AOM.</p> <p>ss is the reason code from AOM.</p> <p>The CCW op codes and sense data information is documented in the controller reference documentation. The AOM return and reason codes are in the AOM topic in z/OS DFSMSdftp Diagnosis.</p> |
| 20 (X'14') | This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center. |
| 24 (X'18') | This is an internal DFSMSdss/DFSMSdftp error that should be reported to your IBM service center. |
| 28 (X'1C') | <p>The MVS Resource Manager returned an error. The reason code is in the format, <i>tttrrrr</i>, where:</p> <p>tttt is the request type.</p> <p>rrrr is the return code from the Resource Manager.</p> |
| 32 (X'20') | An abend occurred in one of the SDM modules. The reason code contains the abend code. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------|---|
| 36 (X'24') | <p>The MVS ALESERV service returned an error. The reason code is in the format, <i>ttttrrrr</i>, where:</p> <p>tttt is the request type:</p> <p>AD ADD</p> <p>AP ADDPASN</p> <p>DE DELETE</p> <p>EX EXTRACT</p> <p>SE SEARCH</p> <p>EH EXTRACTH</p> <p>rrrr is the return code from ALESERV.</p> |
| 64 (X'40') | <p>The requested job failed; an unrecoverable error was received. The following reason codes explain the error.</p> <p>4 (X'04') A command reject was received from the control unit for the requested operation. The specified concurrent copy session has been terminated because of 128 or more CC track images (updated tracks) remaining in the Control Unit Cache for longer than two (2) minutes without being moved to the host storage.</p> <p>8 (X'08') A command reject was received from the control unit for the requested operation. The specified concurrent copy session has been terminated because of the combined CC usage of cache exceeding 60% of the available cache for the control unit.</p> <p>12 (X'0C') A command reject was received from the control unit for the requested operation. The concurrent copy session has been terminated because of the control unit cache being reinitialized or terminated.</p> <p>16X'10' A command reject was received from the control unit for the requested operation. The Concurrent Copy cache information indicated an error exists on the track.</p> |
| 4161 | <p>An XRC XSET REFRESHS attempted to change the location of a secondary volume while XRC was active. You cannot change the location of a secondary while XRC is active unless that secondary has been swapped with the same UCB, and therefore has the same UCB address. If you did not intend to use a new secondary, make sure that the intended secondary is online to the system data mover system. If you did intend to use a different secondary, see the TSO XSET REFRESHS section in <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for more information.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 4202 | Beginning with z/OS 3.1, the XSTART command is not supported on this release. If XRC use is intended, reissue the XSTART command on a system with an earlier release of z/OS. |
| 4505 | During an XDELPAIR operation, the XRC session for the associated swap volume could not be removed. XRC functions might still be activated on this swap device. Since the swap sessions will not be cleaned up automatically, the F ANTAS000,TERMSESS command(s) will need to be issued for each of the affected sessions. In addition, if this warning was issued as a result of an XEND after an unsuccessful transition from mode normal to mode HYPER-PPRC, all of the sessions in an ER group (as observed with an F ANTAS000,LISTSESS command) may need to be manually terminated on the swap device even though only a subset of swap utilities were added. |
| 4570 (X'11DA') | The PPRC pair between the PRIMARY and SWAP volumes does not have "XRC H/S ENABLED" as it can be noted in a CQUERY DEVN command. To correct this, re-establish the PPRC pair using the correct GDPS® settings. |
| 4571 | An XADDPAIR for a non-xrcutl volume was attempted and there was a primary utility defined that does not have an associated swap utility defined. To correct this error, use GDPS to issue an XADDPAIR command to XRCUTL volume(s) for the specified (or default) ssession. You can also XDELPAIR the primary utility if there is no matching swap utility or fewer utilities are required. When successful, reissue XADDPAIR for the non-xrcutl volume. |
| 6000 (X'1770') | Insufficient storage is available in ANTMAIN address space. This is probably because an installation exit function has limited the storage below the minimum required for the ANTMAIN functions. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the ANTMAIN storage requirements, and ensure that the installation exit allows the required storage to be allocated. |
| 6001 (X'1771') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6002 (X'1772') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6003 (X'1773') | IXFP is not at the correct level for DFSMSdss or SDM support of the SnapShot function. Install the required level of IXFP maintenance. After maintenance is installed, issue CANCEL ANTMAIN when no SnapShot or concurrent copy jobs are running. |
| 6004 (X'1774') | A VCC operation has been requested for a device that does not support either FlashCopy or SnapShot, or the available working space data sets (WSDSs) are on the wrong device type for the data being processed. This return code also appears when the available WSDSs are full and the remaining cataloged WSDSs are on volumes that are offline. All volumes that contain working space data sets must be varied online. |
| 6005 (X'1775') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6006 (X'1776') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6007 (X'1777') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6008 (X'1778') | An error has occurred when communicating with IXFP. This could be an internal SDM error, an internal IXFP error, or a mismatch between the service levels of SDM and IXFP. The reason code associated with this error is found in “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 450. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 6009 (X'1779') | Insufficient storage is available in ANTMMAIN address space. This is probably because an installation exit function has limited the storage below the minimum required for the ANTMMAIN functions. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the ANTMMAIN storage requirements, and ensure that the installation exit allows the required storage to be allocated. |
| 6010 (X'177A') | Insufficient storage is available in ANTMMAIN address space. This is probably because an installation exit function has limited the storage below the minimum required for the ANTMMAIN functions. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the ANTMMAIN storage requirements, and ensure that the installation exit allows the required storage to be allocated. |
| 6011 (X'177B') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6012 (X'177C') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6013-6017 (X'177D'-X'1781') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6018 (X'1782') | <p>For an XRC session, an error occurred while obtaining the format-1 DSCB for the journal, control, or state data set because of an error reading the VTOC for the volume. The data set be cataloged but either does not exist on the volume indicated by the catalog, or an I/O error occurred while attempting to read the VTOC. This error can also appear if the control data set is allocated with extended attribute data set control blocks (format 8 and 9 DSCBs). Determine why the error has occurred, correct the error, and reissue the XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command to restart the session.</p> <p>For a SnapShot function, an error occurred while obtaining format-1 DSCB for a working space data set.</p> |
| 6019 (X'1783') | An error has occurred while loading module ANTUGOAD. Verify that the module exits in SYS1.LINKLIB and that it is available to the data mover. |
| 6020 (X'1784') | An error has occurred while loading module ANTUGOFR. Verify that the module exits in SYS1.LINKLIB and that it is available to the data mover. |
| 6021 (X'1785') | <p>For an XRC session, an OPEN error occurred while obtaining the format-3 DSCB for the journal, control, or state data set because of an error reading the VTOC for the volume. The data set be cataloged but either does not exist on the volume indicated by the catalog, or an I/O error occurred while XRC attempted to read the VTOC. Determine why the error has occurred, correct the error, and reissue the XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command to restart the session.</p> <p>For a SnapShot function, an error occurred while obtaining format-3 DSCB for a working space data set.</p> |
| 6022 (X'1786') | An error has occurred while obtaining format-4 DSCB for a working space data set. The reason code is set to the return code from the OBTAIN macro. |
| 6023-6032 (X'1787'-X'1790') | These are Internal SDM errors. |
| 6033 (X'1791') | A SnapShot operation failed. See “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 450 for an explanation of the associated reason code. This can be a DFSMSdss internal error, an SDM internal error, a IXFP internal error, or a configuration error. |
| 6034 (X'1792') | Internal SDM error. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 6035 (X'1793') | A QUERY DEVICE operation failed. The reason code is described in “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 450. This can be a DFSMSdss internal error, an SDM internal error, an IXFP internal error, or a configuration error. |
| 6036-6050 (X'1794'-X'17A2') | Internal SDM error. |
| 6051 (X'17A3') | AOM error reading track data from a working-space data set. |
| 6144 (X'1800') | All working-space data set space on the RVA subsystem containing the source data set is currently in use by other SnapShot requests. Allocate one or more additional working-space data sets on the RVA subsystem according to the allocation guidelines for working-space data sets, then resubmit the failing job. |
| 6145 (X'1801') | Insufficient working-space data set was available on the RVA subsystem that contains the source data set to satisfy the SnapShot request. Resubmit the failing job after another DFSMSdss job using concurrent copy (CC) on the source RVA releases the working-space data set space, or increase the working-space data set space and resubmit the failing job. |
| 6146 (X'1802') | The SnapShot operation failed because not enough working space was available to the ANTMMAIN system data mover address space. The space was not available because of an allocation or ENQUEUE conflict with the working space data sets (WSDS) within SYS1.ANTMAIN.Ssystem.SNAPnnnn. This problem can occur when a WSDS is allocated during the time that the DFSMSdss job is attempting to use it. To prevent this condition, pre-allocate the WSDS or allocate it during a different job. |
| 6147 (X'1803') | There is no working-space data set cataloged in this system. Follow the procedure in z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration to determine what problem or problems exist when accessing the working-space data set. Repair or reallocate the working-space data set and resubmit the job. |
| 6148 (X'1804') | No usable working space data set was found associated with the system. No working space data set was found on the RVA subsystem that matches the source data set attributes. The working space data set must be on the same partition, or be on a device type which is write-enabled and able to process SnapShot functions. Follow the procedure in z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration to properly allocate a working space data set, then resubmit the failing job. |
| 6149 (X'1805') | A virtual concurrent copy request has timed out when attempting to find available tracks in working space data sets. The problem can occur if virtual concurrent copy is used to process a master catalog or a user catalog containing working space data sets. If this is the cause and the data sets reside on storage subsystems that support cache-based concurrent copy, modify the backup copy technique for the catalogs to specify CACHEPREFERRED or CACHEREQUIRED. Otherwise, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center, after first obtaining a dump of the ANTMMAIN address space, by issuing system command F ANTMMAIN,DUMPTRC. |
| 6150 to 6199 (X'1806' to X'1837') | These are internal errors. |
| 6200 (X'1838'), 6201 (X'1839') | An error has occurred while loading FlashCopy support. Verify that the FlashCopy support is installed on the software system. If an I/O error has occurred when loading the function from SYS1.LINKLIB, correct the error before you retry the function. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 6202 (X'183A') | An error has occurred while verifying the device address. Ensure that the device address is properly specified, and then reissue the function. |
| 6207 | Internal SDM Error |
| 6208 | Internal SDM Error |
| 6209 | When attempting to validate usability of a working space data set, a catalog entry was found, but the volume that is indicated as containing the data set is not available on the system. If the catalog entry is correct, make the volume available. If the catalog entry is not correct, delete it to prevent SDM from attempting to use it and repeatedly reporting this error. |
| 6210 | A non-VSAM working space data set was found to not meet the allocation requirements described in reference to the Advanced Copy Services section on allocating WSDS. Correct the data set allocation, and refresh the WSDS list through F ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6211 | A VSAM working space data set was found to not meet the allocation requirements described in reference to the Advanced Copy Services section on allocating WSDS. Correct the data set allocation, and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6212 | An error was encountered obtaining a SYSDSN enqueue on the working space data set. |
| 6213 | An error was encountered allocating the device containing a WSDS. |
| 6214 | The WSDS has an associated user label. Correct the data set allocation to meet the allocation requirements described in reference to the Advanced Copy Services section on allocating WSDS, and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6215 | The WSDS has no space allocated to it. Correct the data set allocation to meet the allocation requirements described in reference to the Advanced Copy Services section on allocating WSDS, and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6216 | Internal SDM Error. |
| 6217 | Internal SDM Error. |
| 6218 | Internal SDM Error. |
| 6219 | Internal SDM Error. |
| 6220 | Device information could not be determined for the VOLSER specified on input to the MATCHING parameter of the LISTWS request. If the VOLSER is correct, this might be caused by the device being offline. Either correct the VOLSER or verify the device is online, and reissue the command. |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 6400 (X'1900') | <p>Concurrent copy processing encountered the situation where an auxiliary storage percentage was exceeded. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR735W, concurrent copy will not be used to copy the data set. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR736W, the concurrent copy job is terminated. The reason code that accompanies this return code indicates the concurrent copy value provided by customers to determine the auxiliary storage percentage against which SDM is to measure concurrent copy auxiliary storage usage.</p> <p>This return code is issued when the number of concurrent copy jobs exceeds the auxiliary storage percentage in the system in which the system data mover (SDM) is running.</p> |
| 6401 (X'1901') | <p>Concurrent copy processing detected a critical SQA shortage. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR735W, concurrent copy will not be used to copy the data set. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR736W, the concurrent copy job is terminated.</p> |
| 6408 (X'1908') | <p>Concurrent copy processing detected an SQA shortage. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR735W, concurrent copy will not be used to copy the data set. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR736W, the concurrent copy job is terminated.</p> <p>KEYWORDS: CONCOPY/K</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|----------------|---|
| 7705 (X'1E19') | <p>A FlashCopy operation failed because of an ESS detected problem. The following diagnostic information contains error reason codes generated by the ESS in response to an internal SDM request. These reason codes are shown and generally displayed in HEX format.</p> <p>(X'0804fnrs')</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>f</i> indicates the first digit (Format) of sense byte 7 • <i>n</i> indicates the second digit (Message) of sense byte 7 • <i>rs</i> represents the reason code from byte 8 of the sense information <p>If you receive a <i>fnrs</i> code other than what is displayed in the following list, contact the IBM ESS Hardware Support structure for further assistance.</p> <p>(X'0000')</p> <p>No sense information is available. The ESS was unable to complete an establish request because of the request being canceled by system Missing Interrupt Handler (MIH) processing. An AOMSSDS record is logged in LOGREC for the timeout condition.</p> <p>(X'0900')</p> <p>The ESS was undergoing internal recovery procedures at the time the command was received. Retry the operation.</p> <p>(X'0F82')</p> <p>The number of resources (caches) is insufficient for establishing the FlashCopy relationships you need.</p> <p>(X'0F84')</p> <p>The FlashCopy volumes specified are not the same size and format.</p> <p>(X'0F85')</p> <p>FlashCopy target device in conflict with Copy Services status (XRC or PPRC).</p> <p>(X'0F86')</p> <p>FlashCopy establish failed because the required license feature is not installed or enabled on the storage subsystem.</p> <p>(X'0F87')</p> <p>FlashCopy target in use by another copy operation.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 7705 (X'1E19') (continued) | <p>(X'0F89') FlashCopy establish specified a preserve mirror operation and there is a condition that prevents the operation from being successful. The ADR message that was issued includes a modifier that explains this condition:</p> <p>X'01' The specified source volume is not a PPRC primary.</p> <p>X'02' The secondary volume to the specified source volume and the secondary volume to the specified target volume are not in the same storage facility image (SFI).</p> <p>X'03' The PPRC relationship for the specified source volume is not full duplex.</p> <p>X'04' The PPRC relationship for the specified target volume is not full duplex.</p> <p>X'05' The secondary control unit does not have the necessary microcode installed.</p> <p>X'06' The inband flashcopy command was not successful at the secondary control unit because a preserve mirror relationship already existed.</p> <p>X'07' An error was detected sending a command to the secondary control unit.</p> <p>X'08' An attempt to take an increment using preserve mirror and the existing relationship is not a preserve mirror relation.</p> <p>X'09' Establish FlashCopy specified a PPRC Remote Pair FlashCopy operation and the source or target device is a Multiple Target Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary device and Use Remote Pair FlashCopy is not set for any PPRC relationship or is set for more than one PPRC relationship.</p> <p>X'0A' An attempt to take an incremental FlashCopy using Preserve Mirror operation, but the secondary control unit does not have the microcode installed that supports incremental FlashCopy Version 2.</p> <p>X'10' Establish FlashCopy with Preserve Mirror Preferred is not supported when the volume is in a Multiple Target Peer-to-Peer relationship. Preserve Mirror Required should be used instead.</p> <p>X'11' Establish FlashCopy with Preserve Mirror Preferred is not supported when the target device is both a z/OS Global Mirror Primary and a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Primary Volume. Preserve Mirror Required should be used instead.</p> <p>X'14' Establish FlashCopy with Preserve Mirror Preferred is no longer supported. Preserve Mirror Required should be used instead.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 7705 (X'1E19') (continued) | <p>A FlashCopy operation failed because of an ESS detected problem. The following diagnostic information contains error reason codes generated by the ESS in response to an internal SDM request. These reason codes are shown and generally displayed in HEX format.</p> <p>(X'0F92') FlashCopy establish or withdraw specified a target that has other operations in progress that prevent the command from succeeding. The ADR message that was issued includes a modifier that explains this condition:</p> <p>X'01' The specified target has a PPRC cascading Failover/Failback operation in progress.</p> <p>X'02' The specified target volume's PPRC relationship has incremental resync change recording active.</p> <p>(X'0F9C') FlashCopy establish resource shortage.</p> <p>(X'0F9D') FlashCopy establish request would cause a device to have more than the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships.</p> <p>(X'0F9F') The Space Efficient Repository or Space Efficient Extent Pool is out of space.</p> <p>(X'0FA6') FlashCopy establish request would cause a source track to have more than the maximum number of targets.</p> <p>(X'0FA7') FlashCopy establish source track is an active target track. This is likely because of a conflict with an existing FlashCopy relationship.</p> <p>(X'0FA8') FlashCopy withdraw request would cause a device to have more than the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships.</p> <p>(X'0FAB') FlashCopy V1 establish is requested on a device with active FlashCopy V2 relationships.</p> <p>(X'0FAE') FlashCopy establish target track is an active target track. This be because of a conflict with an existing FlashCopy relationship, or because of the ESS completing an establish request after system Missing Interrupt Handler (MIH) processing is initiated.</p> <p>(X'0FAF') FlashCopy establish target track is an active source track. This is likely because of a conflict with an existing FlashCopy relationship. This is a normal condition during DFSMSdss DEFRAG processing.</p> <p>(X'0FB4') FlashCopy establish request would reverse the direction of the existing FlashCopy relation. The direction cannot be reversed at this time. This be due to previous physical background copy still in progress.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 7705 (X'1E19') (continued) | <p>(X'0FB6') FlashCopy request issued to device number device-number failed because the current state of the existing FlashCopy relationship does not allow the request to complete. The following RSN codes give a general indication of what caused the error:</p> <p>X'02' Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 1, Restore and Change Recording Type 1 was NOT active for the specified source and target.</p> <p>X'03' Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 2, Restore (and Change Recording Type 2 was NOT active for the specified source and target.</p> <p>X'04' For Establish FlashCopy, no relationship was found for the restore, FlashCopy increment, or the fast reverse restore request.</p> <p>X'05' Establish FlashCopy change recording type mismatch. Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 1 and a Change Recording Type 2 relationship exists for the specified source and target volume OR Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 2 and a Change Recording Type 1 relationship exists for the specified source and target volume.</p> <p>X'06' Establish FlashCopy specified Revertible and the relationship was already in a revertible state and its sequence number is NOT equal to the sequence number specified.</p> <p>X'07' Establish FlashCopy specified Revertible and the specified source and target volumes will reverse the original relationship.</p> <p>X'08' Establish FlashCopy specified Fast Reverse Restore and the relationship is NOT reversed by the specified parameters.</p> <p>X'09' Establish FlashCopy specified Restore and not Fast Reverse Restore or specified Revertible AND a previous Establish FlashCopy specified Fast Reverse Restore for the relationship.</p> <p>X'0A' Establish FlashCopy specified Restore or Revertible AND the relationship is in a failed state due to out of space condition on a space efficient target volume or the volume is fenced.</p> <p>X'0B' Withdraw FlashCopy specified Revert or Commit AND the relationship is in a failed state.</p> |

Table 2. Reason Codes (continued)

| Return Code | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 7705 (X'1E19') (continued) | <p>(X'0FB6') (continued)</p> <p>X'0C' Withdraw FlashCopy specified Revert or Commit AND the relationship does not exist for the specified volumes.</p> <p>X'0E' An error has occurred on the Remote Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Control Unit or Global Mirror Subordinated Control Unit.</p> <p>X'0F' The Establish FlashCopy specified target volume is a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Primary Volume and the volume is waiting to release space.</p> <p>X'10' Establish FlashCopy specified incremental and the specified target volume is a source volume of an existing relationship.</p> <p>X'11' Establish FlashCopy specified a source or target volume that is in an existing relationship and that relationship is in a revertible state.</p> <p>X'12' Establish FlashCopy specified a source volume that is the target of an existing incremental relationship and the incremental copy has not completed for the other relationship.</p> <p>(X'0FB7') FlashCopy establish request VM minidisk mode conflict.</p> <p>(X'0FBB') FlashCopy withdraw using the DDSW option was requested for a volume containing a full-volume source FlashCopy relationship. The withdraw will be performed without DDSW processing.</p> <p>(X'F005') The ESS was undergoing internal recovery procedures at the time the command was received. Retry the operation.</p> |
| 7707 (X'1E1B') | For a FlashCopy Request, the AOM component detected a subsystem I/O error. The error occurred at the secondary for a Preserve Mirror operation. See return code 7705 for any additional information. |
| 9015 (X'2337') | An ABEND occurred in the ANTMAIN address space while invoking the SIBLLAPI function to perform a fast replication service. Look into the SYSLOG for evidence of an SVC dump from the System Data Mover component (DF117), accompanied by an ANTU2500E, ANTU2501E, ANTU2502E, ANTU2503E, ANTU2504E, ANTU2505E, ANTU2506E, ANTU2507E, ANTU2508E, ANTU2509E, ANTU2510E, or ANTU2511E message. Contact IBM Software Support for additional problem determination assistance. |
| 9016 (X'2338') | An ABEND has occurred in the ANTMAIN address space while invoking the AOMSSDS function to perform a fast replication service. Look into the SYSLOG for evidence of an SVC dump from the System Data Mover component (DF117), accompanied by an ANTU2500E, ANTU2501E, ANTU2502E, ANTU2503E, ANTU2504E, ANTU2505E, ANTU2506E, ANTU2507E, ANTU2508E, ANTU2509E, ANTU2510E, or ANTU2511E message. Contact IBM Software Support for additional problem determination assistance. |

SDM reason codes from IXFP errors

The following error reason codes are generated by IXFP in response to SDM requests for IXFP services. These reason codes are hexadecimal values.

Table 3. IXFP Reason Codes

| Hex Value | Reason Code |
|-------------------------|---|
| 00000001, 00000002 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000003 | IXFP subsystem not found. Activate the IXFP subsystem and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00000004 | Device is not write enabled. Determine if this is the intended volume. If the volume is correct, use IXFP to change the volume status to write enabled and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00000005 to 00000007 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000008 | Specified device number, volume serial number, or UCB address of a device identifies a device that cannot be found on an RVA. The device be offline or there be an IXFP problem. Determine if the device is correctly configured to IXFP. |
| 00000009 | Specified device does not reside on a RAMAC Virtual Array. |
| 0000000A, 0000000B | Internal SDM error. |
| 0000000C | A mismatch exists between the service levels of IXFP and SDM. Check the IXFP and SDM service levels and install maintenance as required. |
| 0000000D to 00000011 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000012, 00000013 | IXFP subsystem not found. Activate the IXFP subsystem and resubmit the failing job. This is an IXFP-related problem if that subsystem is active. |
| 00000014 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000015 | Internal IXFP error. |
| 00000016 to 0000001A | Internal SDM error. |
| 0000001B, 0000001C | RVA configuration busy. Resubmit the failing job when there is less activity to the RVA subsystem. |
| 0000001D | RVA unexpected completion. This can also be caused by a busy condition. Try to resubmit the failing job when there is less activity. Check problem reporting databases for RVA licensed internal code (LIC) and IXFP. |
| 0000001E | Device is not write enabled. Determine if this is the intended volume. If the volume is correct, use IXFP to change the volume status to write enabled and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00010001 to 00010007 | These are internal errors. |
| 00020001 | No devices passed selection criteria. There is no device matching the source device characteristics required for Snapshot. |
| 00050001 | Internal SDM error. |

Table 3. IXFP Reason Codes (continued)

| Hex Value | Reason Code |
|-------------------------|---|
| 00050002 | Current request exceeds maximum Snapshot requests for an RVA source device. Resubmit the failing job after other jobs that use Snapshot have completed. |
| 00050003 | Current request exceeds maximum Snapshot requests for an RVA subsystem. Resubmit the failing job after other jobs that use Snapshot have completed. |
| 00050004 | Snapshot feature not available for source or target subsystem. Install the Snapshot feature on the RVA subsystem. |
| 00050005 | Source device and target device are not on the same RVA subsystem, as is required. |
| 00050006 | Source device and target device are not in the same RVA subsystem partition, as is required (either TEST or PRODUCTION). |
| 00050007 | Source and target device types are incompatible. The source and target of a Snapshot function must be on the same device type (3380 or 3390). |
| 00050008 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00050009 | Snapshot source device is busy. Resubmit the failing job when the source device has less activity. |
| 0005000A to 0005000E | Internal SDM error. |

Chapter 4. ADRY messages

This section contains all messages issued for DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services with an ADRY prefix.

ADRY messages received at the console

ADRY003D *device_number* REPLY Y TO ALTER VOLUME CONTENTS, ELSE N

Explanation

Processing of volume *device_number* must be confirmed because DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services does not verify the volser. This will cause loss or modification of data on the volume.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for the operator's response.

Operator response

Respond Y to proceed with command processing. Respond N to terminate the command.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY004D *device_number* READY DEVICE AND REPLY Y, ELSE N

Explanation

The device *device_number* is not in the READY state.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for the operator's response.

Operator response

Ensure that the device is in the READY state. Respond Y to continue processing the command or respond N to end the command.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY005E DEFINE INPUT DEVICE, REPLY '*dddd,device_number*' OR 'CONSOLE'

Explanation

The device type and location of the command input stream must be specified. *dddd* is the device type. *device_number* is the device number. To specify the console, enter a null line.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for the operator's response.

Operator response

Specify the input device type and its device number. Specify *device_number* as 3 or 4 digits.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY006E | DEFINE OUTPUT DEVICE, REPLY 'dddd,device_number' OR 'CONSOLE' |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The device type and the location of the printed output must be specified. *dddd* is the device type. *device_number* is the device number. To specify the console, enter a null line.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for the operator's response.

Operator response

Specify the output device type and its device number. *device_number* can be specified as 3 or 4 digits.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| ADRY007E | INVALID INPUT DEVICE SPECIFIED |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

Explanation

The specified device type is not valid in response to message ADRY005E.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services repeats message ADRY005E.

Operator response

Specify a correct input device type.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY008E | INVALID OUTPUT DEVICE SPECIFIED |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified device type is not valid in response to message ADRY006E.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services repeats message ADRY006E.

Operator response

Specify a correct output device type.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY009I**SVC INTERRUPT OCCURRED**

Explanation

This indicates a probable program error. The SVC instruction cannot be used in the Stand-Alone Services version.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Save the job output. Run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY010I**PROGRAM INTERRUPT OCCURRED**

Explanation

This indicates a probable program error where an instruction processed incorrectly.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Save the job output. Run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY011E**I/O ERROR -- *error-type*, *device_number*, *command*, *csw*, *sense***

Explanation

An I/O error of the *error-type* indicated has occurred on the device at address *device_number*. The message prints the failing *command*, the contents of the channel status word (*csw*), and the results of a *sense* operation against the device.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the cause of the error, and restart DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY012E**INTERVENTION REQUIRED, *device_number***

Explanation

The device shown is not in the READY state.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for correction of the problem.

Operator response

Ensure that the device is in a READY state.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY013E**CONSOLE READ FAILED, REENTER LAST LINE**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while a line entered at the console was being read.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits for the line to be reentered.

Operator response

Reenter the line.

System programmer response

None. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY015E**SUPPLY TODAY'S DATE, REPLY '*mm/dd/yy*'**

Explanation

This message requests that operator either include the date as part of the output title line or omit the date by pressing the Enter key.

To bypass this message, set the CPU time and date before IPLing DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services.

System action

Either the date appears in the title line of the output listing, or blanks are substituted if a date has not been supplied.

Operator response

To include the date in the title line of the output listing, respond with the month, day, and year. To omit the date, press the Enter key.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY016E**SUPPLY TIME OF DAY, REPLY '*hh:mm:ss*'**

Explanation

This message requests that operator either include the time of day as part of the output title line or omit the time by pressing the Enter key.

To bypass this message, set the CPU time and date before IPLing DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services.

System action

Either the time of day appears in the title line of the output listing, or blanks are substituted if a time of day has not been specified.

Operator response

To include the time of day in the title line of the output listing, specify the hour, minute, and second. To omit the time of day, press the Enter key.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY501I***device_number* DUMP DATA SET IS NOT A SUPPORTED FORMAT**

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* does not pertain to this job. The DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services program does not support the format of the dump data set. The dump data set was not created by this product, was created by an incompatible release, was encrypted, is in compressed format, incorrect file sequence coded (see FILE keyword), or the volume mounted on the tape drive is mounted in the wrong sequence.

System action

Message ADRY509D is issued to the operator console to allow the operator to continue or terminate.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y to ADRY509D and mount the correct tape. To terminate, reply N to ADRY509D.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY502I***device_number* WRONG TAPE MOUNTED**

Explanation

The tape on the tape device at address *device_number* does not pertain to this job. An incorrect tape was mounted or the volume be mounted in the wrong sequence.

System action

Message ADRY509D is issued to the operator console to allow the operator to continue or terminate.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y to ADRY509D and mount the correct tape. To terminate, reply N to ADRY509D.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| ADRY503E | <i>device_number</i> DUMP DATA SET IS NOT A FULL VOLUME DUMP |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* is not compatible with the function specified. The system is attempting a full volume restore from a tracks or physical data set dump. To perform a full volume restore, the dump data set must be a full volume dump.

System action

Message ADRY509D is issued to the operator console to allow the operator to continue or terminate.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y to ADRY509D and mount the correct tape. To terminate, reply N to ADRY509D.

Note: If a tracks or physical data set DUMP is the correct dump data set, then refer to the STARTTRK and ENDTRK parameters of the RESTORE command for details on how to specify the range to be restored. Then reply N to message ADRY509D to end, and rerun the job with parameters specifying the range of tracks to restore.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY504I | <i>device_number</i> LOGICAL DUMP NOT VALID FOR THIS FUNCTION |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* is not valid for this job. A RESTORE is being attempted from a logical data set DUMP.

System action

Message ADRY509D is issued to the operator console to allow the operator to continue or terminate.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y to ADRY509D and mount the correct tape. To terminate, reply N to ADRY509D.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY505A | <i>device_number</i> WAITING FOR MOUNT OF PROPER TAPE |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The system is waiting for a tape to be mounted and the tape device at address *device_number* to be readied. This message is issued after prior messages have indicated that the wrong tape was mounted.

System action

The system waits for a ready indication from the tape device.

Operator response

If the tape is being automatically mounted (for example, from an automatic cartridge loader), then no action is necessary. If the tape is being manually mounted, then mount the tape and make the tape drive ready.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| ADRY506I | <i>device_number</i> TAPE READY DETECTED, PROCESS CONTINUING |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The system was waiting for the tape device at address *device_number* to be readied, and has now detected that the tape device has become ready.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY509D | DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? REPLY Y OR N |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

A previous message was issued indicating an error (for example, the wrong tape was mounted). The operator be able to correct the problem and resume processing (rather than rerunning the job).

System action

The system waits for the operator response. If the response is Y, subsequent messages be issued to indicate the operator action required to resume processing. If the response is N, processing ends.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y to ADRY509D, and then take action indicated by subsequent messages. To terminate, reply N to ADRY509D.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| ADRY510I | <i>device_number</i> END OF TAPE |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The end of the tape has been reached. If additional tapes are to be mounted, subsequent messages will indicate any necessary action.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY511A *device_number* WAITING FOR MOUNT OF NEXT TAPE

Explanation

The system is waiting for the next tape in the sequence to be mounted and for the tape device at address *device_number* to be readied.

System action

The system waits for a ready indication from the tape device.

Operator response

If the next tape is automatically mounted (for example, from an automatic cartridge loader), then no action is necessary. If the next tape is to be manually mounted, then mount the tape and make the tape drive ready.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY512I *device_number* MOUNTING TAPE VOLSER: *ttttt*

Explanation

The system is in the process of mounting the tape with volser *ttttt*. This message is issued when the tape volsers are specified and the tape is in a tape library.

System action

The system mounts the tape.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY513I *device_number* DUMP DATA SET RESIDES ON AN ENCRYPTED TAPE

Explanation

The DFSMSdss dump data set resides on a tape that was encrypted by an encrypting tape drive. DFSMSdss stand-alone restore operation cannot decrypt that encrypted data.

System action

Message ADRY509D is issued to the operator console to allow the operator to continue or stop.

Operator response

Probable user error. To continue, reply Y ADRY509D to mount an applicable tape. To stop, reply N to ADRY509D.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| ADRY821A | <i>device_number</i> INTERVENTION REQUIRED |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

Manual intervention is required on the specified device. The device not be in the READY state.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits until the problem is corrected.

Operator response

Ensure that the device is in a READY state.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ADRY822I | <i>device_number</i> INTERVENTION CLEARED, PROCESS CONTINUING |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The system has detected that the device at address *device_number* is no longer in an intervention required condition.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| ADRY823A | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY INTERVENTION REQUIRED |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

Intervention is required at the library.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits until the problem is corrected.

Operator response

Take the appropriate action to resolve the problem. Refer to your tape library operator's guide problem determination procedures for information on handling error conditions.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY833A***device_number* INTERVENTION REQUIRED - RELOAD CARTRIDGE**

Explanation

Manual intervention is required on the specified device. The cartridge not be inserted correctly, or the tape not be threaded correctly.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits until the problem is corrected.

Operator response

Reload the tape cartridge.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY834A***device_number* INTERVENTION REQUIRED - UNLOAD CARTRIDGE**

Explanation

Manual intervention is required on the specified device. The drive not be able to unload the cartridge, and the tape need to be manually unloaded.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services waits until the problem is corrected.

Operator response

Unload the tape cartridge.

System programmer response

None.

Messages received at the output printer

ADRY0001I

FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS *nn hh:mm:ss mm/dd/yy*

Explanation

A command has been processed. The value *nn* is the last condition code (LASTCC) generated during processing. *hh:mm:ss* and *mm/dd/yy* are the hours, minutes, seconds and month, day, year respectively of the time and date of the message.

Note: The LASTCC value is the highest condition code found in the messages printed during command processing.

System action

LASTCC is set to *nn*. MAXCC is set to *nn* if *nn* is greater than the current value of MAXCC.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY0002I

PROCESSING COMPLETE. MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE WAS *nn*

Explanation

This message is issued upon completion of a DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services job step. The highest condition code (MAXCC) set during the job step is printed (see message ADRY0001I).

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY0204I

PRECEDING COMMAND BYPASSED DUE TO CONDITION CODES

Explanation

The specified IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence caused the command to be bypassed. When an IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence is specified, either the THEN or the ELSE clause is processed. The clause that is not processed is bypassed.

System action

The bypassed portion of the command sequence is checked for syntax errors but is not processed. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY0206I**IMPROPERLY PLACED COMMA HAS BEEN FOUND AND IGNORED**

Explanation

The command contained a redundant comma, which is ignored.

Note: Positional parameters cannot be omitted by the use of commas. Leading positional parameters cannot be omitted.

System action

Command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the syntax error to prevent the message from recurring.

ADRY0222I**WARNING: COMMAND-END DELIMITER APPEARS WITHIN
APOSTROPHES**

Explanation

There is a semicolon (the optional command delimiter) inside a quoted string. A closing single quotation mark have been omitted.

System action

The usage is accepted, and the semicolon is treated as a valid character instead of a delimiter.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the usage of the semicolon, and correct if necessary.

ADRY0233I**TOO MANY RIGHT PARENTHESES FOUND. EXCESS IGNORED**

Explanation

There are too many closing parentheses at the end of the command or following a first-level parameter.

System action

The excess is ignored, and command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Remove the excess parentheses.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY0500I | NEXT TRACK TO WRITE: TRACK C:H = X'cccCCCC:H' <i>hh:mm:ss</i> <i>mm/dd/yy</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued at intervals during a full RESTORE, to give an indication of how far processing has progressed. It is for information only. *hh:mm:ss* and *mm/dd/yy* are the hours, minutes, seconds and month, day, year respectively of the time and date of the message.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY0501I | <i>device_number</i> VOLUME PROCESSING AS MINIDISK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The DASD volume was determined to be a minivolume.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY0700I | <i>device_number</i> TRACK C:H = X'cccCCCC:H' |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XX'cccCCCC:H' is the normalized hexadecimal address.

System action

System action is determined by the previously issued message.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Refer to the description of the previous message that was issued to determine the appropriate response.

ADRY0701I***device_number* TRACK CCHH = NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

A previous message indicated that an I/O error occurred. The error be specific to a single track, but the track could not be determined from the sense bytes.

System action

System action is determined by the previously issued message.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Refer to the description of the previously issued message to determine the appropriate response.

ADRY1110I***device_number* UNABLE TO CLOSE VOLUME**

Explanation

An error has occurred that prevents the volume from being closed properly. The close does cleanup actions to free the device on completion of processing.

System action

The command probably did not complete successfully because the volume did not close.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the previous messages to determine if any other errors occurred that have prevented the volume from being closed properly.

ADRY1500W**INVALID TRACK FORMAT DETECTED DURING DUMP TRACK C:H =
X'cccCCCC:H'**

Explanation

An invalid track format condition was detected for the track during DUMP processing. When this track is accessed on the target volume, the invalid track format condition will recur.

System action

Operation continues and the remaining tracks, if any, are restored.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine and correct the reason for the invalid track format condition.

ADRY1501W***device_number* ALTERNATE TRACK INFORMATION IN VTOC BE INVALID**

Explanation

An error occurred while the alternate tracks were being scanned to determine the information for updating the VTOC.

System action

Restore processing continues, but the alternate track information in the VTOC not be valid. Error messages (for example, I/O errors or channel errors) will not cause the RESTORE command to terminate if the errors occurred while the alternate tracks were being scanned.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine previous messages to determine the cause of the error, and take the action indicated by the previous messages.

ADRY1524W**ENDING CYLINDER EXCEEDS THE VOLUME LIMITS**

Explanation

The specified ending cylinder is higher than the last cylinder on the volume.

System action

The ending cylinder is set to the last cylinder on the volume and processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the specification was correct for the volume to be restored.

ADRY1525W**ENDING HEAD EXCEEDS THE VOLUME LIMITS**

Explanation

The specified ending head is higher than the last head on a cylinder for this volume.

System action

The ending head is set to the last head on the specified cylinder and processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the specification was correct for the volume to be restored.

ADRY1640I *device_number* TAPE DRIVE IS NOT IN A TAPE LIBRARY

Explanation

The TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified, but the tape drive at the specified device address is not in a tape library.

Note: The TAPEVOLSER parameter is not required, and should not be specified when the tape drive is not in a tape library.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services will attempt to continue. The volsers are ignored. The tape volumes must be mounted by the operator on the specified drive.

Operator response

Mount the tape volumes when required.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY1710I *device_number* I/O ERROR OCCURRED ON DEVICE

Explanation

An I/O error occurred at device address *device_number*. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

Command processing continues. Command processing eventually end.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Make sure the problem is caused by the device. Correct the device problem, and retry the command.

ADRY1711I **SIM INFORMATION: CCUU=*device_number*, *errortype*,*severity*, MT=xxxx-xx,SER=xxxx-xxxxx, REFCODE=xxx-xxxx-xxxx, VOLSER=xxxxxx,ID=xx, C:H = X'cccCCCC:H', BLOCK=xxx xxxxx,REPEATED SIM=xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx**

Explanation

This message contains information from a service information message (SIM). The CCHH or BLOCK fields are printed only when they are applicable to the error type. When other fields are not applicable to the error type, N/A is printed in the variable portion of the message. The DASD model number appears in bits 3-5 of the MT field.

System action

Command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

See *IBM 9340 Direct Access Storage Subsystems Reference* for further information regarding SIMs.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY2500I | TRACK NOT RESTORED DUE TO I/O ERROR DURING DUMP TRACK C:H = X'cccCCCC:H' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An I/O error was encountered in reading the track during DUMP processing.

System action

The track is not written, the operation continues, and the remaining tracks, if any, are restored.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the track is not necessary.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY2765I | <i>device_number</i> INVALID TRACK FORMAT |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A track format condition that is not valid was detected while attempting to write data on the specified track. This usually indicates that data has been written to the track beyond the track capacity. It is generally a user error. Information following the message pertains to the error.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next track.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine which data set contains the specified track. Determine how, when, and where the data on the specified track was originally written, prior to being dumped, in order to find how the invalid track condition occurred. If ADRY1500I was previously issued, this error was also detected during the dump operation.

Begin recovery of the data on the track using your installation's procedures. Then inspect the failing track by specifying the NOPRESERVE parameter.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY2766I | <i>device_number</i> DATA CHECK |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A data check occurred on the specified device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the data check. Rerun the job after the problem is resolved.

ADRY2950I**INVALID FORMAT STRUCTURE**

Explanation

An element of one of the static text structures is incorrect. There is probably a program error.

System action

The request to print a line is ignored. Command processing continues, but no output is printed.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY2951I**OUTPUT COLUMN SPECIFIED OUT OF RANGE**

Explanation

An output column specification is outside the allowed print line width (for example, the specification is beyond column 120). There is probably a program error.

System action

This field and subsequent fields for the same line are ignored. Command processing continues, but no output is printed.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY2952I**EXCESSIVE FIELD LENGTH FOR BD OR PU CONV**

Explanation

A binary-to-decimal or packed-to-unpacked conversion length was specified greater than 15. There is probably a program error.

System action

A default value of 15 is used, and command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY2953I A REDO SUB-STRUCTURE IS NESTED

Explanation

A redo structure cannot be defined within a set of structures to be redone. There is probably a program error.

System action

The current redo operation ends. All structures are treated only once.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY2954I STATIC TEXT ENTRY REQUESTED NOT IN MODULE

Explanation

A request for a specific static text entry in a specified static text module could not be resolved. Either the static text index is incorrect, or the programmer has neglected to enter a message into the static text module. There is probably a program error.

System action

The request is ignored and command processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY2955I INVALID PACKED DECIMAL FIELD

Explanation

A conversion request for packed-to-unpacked decimal encountered a digit that is not in the range of 0 to 9. There is probably a program error.

System action

Conversion stops for the current request. Command processing continues without the packed-to-unpacked conversion.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY3003I FUNCTION TERMINATED. CONDITION CODE IS *nn hh:mm:ss mm/dd/yy*

Explanation

A command has encountered an abnormal ending error condition during processing. The value *nn* is the last condition code (LASTCC) generated during command processing. Messages printed just prior to this message indicate the nature of the error.

Note that the LASTCC value is the highest condition code found in the messages printed during command processing.

hh:mm:ss and *mm/dd/yy* are the hours, minutes and seconds, and month, day, and year, respectively, of the time and date of the message.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command. LASTCC is set to *nn*; MAXCC is set to *nn* if *nn* is greater than the current value of MAXCC.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the cause of the error, and reissue the command.

ADRY3004I FUNCTION TERMINATED. INSUFFICIENT MAIN STORAGE

Explanation

The size of storage is too small.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Increase the storage size and reissue the command.

ADRY3115I**UNABLE TO READ DASD VOLUME LABEL**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was attempting to read the DASD volume label to verify the volume serial number.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Either issue the command again specifying the NOVERIFY parameter, or reinitialize the volume. Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3116I**VERIFICATION FAILED: VOLSER SPECIFIED DOES NOT MATCH
TARGET. TARGET VOLSER=vvvvvv**

Explanation

The VERIFY parameter was specified, but the specified volume serial number does not match the volume serial number vvvvvv found in the volume label of the target volume.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Ensure that the correct volume is specified. Either correct the volume serial number specified in the command, or specify the NOVERIFY parameter.

ADRY3117I**INVALID VOLUME LABEL**

Explanation

The DASD volume does not have a valid volume label for use on an MVS system (containing the VOL1 identifier).

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Ensure that the correct volume is specified.

ADRY3118I **UNABLE TO READ VTOC**

Explanation

An error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was attempting to read the DASD VTOC.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that a valid VTOC pointer exists in the volume label and that a valid VTOC exists on the volume. Either issue the command again specifying the NOVERIFY parameter, or reinitialize the volume.

ADRY3123I ***device_number* INVALID UNIT ADDRESS SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The device numbers specified do not exist in the system I/O configuration.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the value substituted for *device_number* and issue the command again.

ADRY3124I ***device_number* UNABLE TO OPEN VOLUME**

Explanation

The volume that was specified cannot be opened for several possible reasons:

- The device number is not valid.
- There are I/O errors associated with the volume.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine the status of the volume by examining previous messages. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY3145I**NO STORAGE AVAILABLE**

Explanation

Dynamic acquisition of storage for work areas and control blocks failed.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

Increase main storage size.

ADRY3150I**INVALID DEVICE TYPE PARAMETER: xxxx**

Explanation

The specified device type xxxx is not a valid parameter.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the command description to determine the valid device types for the specified command. Correct the parameters, and run the job again.

ADRY3154I***device_number* TAPE LIBRARY NOT SUPPORTED IN 370 MODE**

Explanation

The specified tape drive exists in a tape library. Tape library functions are not supported in 370 mode.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Run the job from a drive that is not in a tape library.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3200I**TOO MANY POSITIONAL PARAMETERS AFTER xxxx**

Explanation

A parameter list has too many specified positional parameters following the characters xxxx.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Remove the excess parameters and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3201I | CONSTANT xxxx EXCEEDS LENGTH LIMIT |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The constant xxxx contains more characters than the maximum permitted by the command syntax.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the constant and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3202I | ABOVE TEXT BYPASSED UNTIL NEXT COMMAND. CONDITION CODE IS 12 |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

There is a syntax error in the command. The remainder of the command is ignored.

Messages printed just prior to this message indicate the nature of the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the syntax error, and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3203I | ITEM xxxx DOES NOT ADHERE TO RESTRICTIONS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An indicated parameter does not conform to required naming conventions. For example, a parameter be misspelled.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the parameter error and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3205I | DELIMITER xxxx IS NOT PROPERLY PRECEDED BY A CONSTANT OR KEYWORD |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A delimiter was found where either a subparameter list or data was expected.

The delimiter is improperly used because either parentheses were improperly positioned, or a positional parameter was missing.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the syntax error, and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3207I | REMAINDER OF COMMAND INPUT STREAM IGNORED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An error has occurred that prohibits further scanning of the command stream. Messages issued just prior to this message indicate the nature of the error.

Note: Condition code (MAXCC) is always set to 16 when this situation is encountered.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the error, and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3208I | LEFT PARENTHESIS MISSING FOLLOWING KEYWORD xxxx |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The keyword `xxxx` is not followed by the opening parenthesis. A left parenthesis must begin the required subparameter list or value associated with the command keyword.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the requirements of the keyword, correct the syntax, and issue the command again.

ADRY3209I**RIGHT PARENTHESIS MISSING AFTER `xxxx`**

Explanation

A closing parenthesis was not found where expected. A subparameter list was possibly not properly delimited.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3210I**INVALID PARENTHESSES FOR SPECIFYING REPEATED SUBPARAMETER LIST**

Explanation

Parentheses that delimit repeated subparameter lists are either missing or not matched.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3211I**KEYWORD `xxxx` IS IMPROPER**

Explanation

The command contains a misspelled, improperly specified, or inapplicable keyword.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3212I | INVALID LEFT PARENTHESIS AFTER xxxx |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

There is an opening parenthesis that appears to delimit the positional parameter xxxx, but the positional parameter specified is not a constant or a list of constants.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ADRY3213I | KEYWORD xxxx APPEARS TOO OFTEN |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|

Explanation

The keyword xxxx appears too often in the command. A parameter list be incorrectly specified.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax by removing the keyword, and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3214I | HEX OR BINARY CONSTANT SPECIFIED IMPROPERLY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A hexadecimal or binary constant is not specified in the correct format: X'hh...hh' or B'bb...bb', respectively.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3216I**ABOVE TEXT BYPASSED UNTIL NEXT COMMAND**

Explanation

Syntax checking of this command found an error. Syntax checking ended. Messages issued just prior to this message indicate the nature of the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3217I**PASSWORD IMPROPER AFTER xxxx**

Explanation

A password, denoted by a slash (/), was encountered where a password is not allowed.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Remove the password from the parameter and issue the command again.

ADRY3218I**TOO MANY REPEATED SUBPARAMETER LISTS APPEAR**

Explanation

More repeated subparameter lists are specified than are allowed for this command.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the command syntax, correct the error, and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| ADRY3219I | VERB NAME xxxx UNKNOWN |
|------------------|-------------------------------|

Explanation

The verb xxxx is not recognized as a command.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Reissue the command with the correct command name.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3220I | IMPROPER NUMERIC DIGIT FOUND IN xxxx |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The constant xxxx contains an invalid character:

- Decimal numbers can only be specified with the symbols 0 through 9
- Hexadecimal numbers can only be specified with the symbols 0 through 9 and A through F
- Binary numbers can only be specified with the symbols 0 and 1

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax error and issue the command again.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3221I | CONSTANT xxxx NOT WITHIN VALUE RANGE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The value of the constant xxxx is outside the range of values allowed for the associated parameter.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the command syntax for allowed values, correct the error, and issue the command again.

ADRY3223I**TOO MANY CONSTANTS IN LIST BEGINNING AT xxxx**

Explanation

The command contains too many specified constants beginning at the characters xxxx.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3225I**REQUIRED (SUB)PARAMETER OF xxxx IS MISSING**

Explanation

A required parameter or subparameter, identified by xxxx, is missing.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Add the missing parameter and issue the command again.

ADRY3226I**INCONSISTENT PARAMETERS INVOLVING xxxx**

Explanation

Some commands contain parameters that are defined as mutually exclusive. (If one parameter is specified, the other parameter is not allowed.)

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

ADRY3234I**TOO FEW RIGHT PARENTHESES FOUND AT END OF COMMAND**

Explanation

The command contains too few specified closing parentheses at the end to properly close the subparameter lists.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax.

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| ADRY3300I | ERROR OPENING <i>name</i> |
|------------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

An error occurred when attempting to open the SYSIN or SYSPRINT data set. See the associated message for the cause of the error.

System action

See the associated message.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

See the associated message.

ADRY3301I **ERROR CLOSING** *name*

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to close the SYSIN or SYSPRINT data set. See the associated message for the cause of the error.

System action

See the associated message.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

See the associated message.

ADRY3302I **ACTION ERROR ON** *name*

Explanation

This informational message identifies what was being processed (SYSIN or SYSPRINT, for example) when the error occurred. See the associated message for an explanation of the error.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3309I **RECORD xxxxx NOT WRITTEN. LENGTH INVALID

Explanation

The record xxxxx was not written for one of the following reasons:

- Record length was greater than LRECL of the output data set.
- Record length was less than the LRECL of the output data set and RECFM was F (fixed).

Note: xxxxx is the first five bytes of the record in hexadecimal format.

System action

DFSMSdds Stand-Alone Services continues processing until four such errors occur. After four errors, the command continues to run, but no further records are written to the output data set.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your software service representative.

ADRY3312I **SYSTEM UNABLE TO OPEN

Explanation

See the associated messages for the cause of the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the job output and contact the IBM Support Center.

Explanation

The system cannot process a logical record whose size is greater than 32,767 bytes.

System action

The function ends. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Specify a LRECL length that is less than 32,767 bytes.

Explanation

The OPEN/CLOSE processing detected an error while either opening or closing a SYSIN or SYSPRINT data set.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the error and issue the command again.

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* does not pertain to this job. The DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services program does not support the format of the dump data set. The dump data set was not created by this product, was created by an incompatible release, was encrypted, is in compressed format, or the volume mounted on the tape drive is mounted in the wrong sequence. This message is issued when the nature of the error or the devices being used or both do not lend themselves to resume processing without respecification of parameters and rerunning the job.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Probable user error. Correct the parameters and rerun the job.

System programmer response

None.

Explanation

The tape on the tape device at address *device_number* does not pertain to this job. The tape volsers have been specified in the wrong sequence. This message is issued when the nature of the error or the devices being used or both do not lend themselves to resume processing without respecification of parameters and rerunning the job.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Probable user error. Correct the parameters and rerun the job.

System programmer response

None.

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* is not compatible with the function specified. A full volume RESTORE is being attempted from a tracks or physical data set DUMP. To perform a full volume RESTORE, the dump data set must be a full volume DUMP. This message is issued when the nature of the error or the devices being used or both do not lend themselves to resume processing without respecification of parameters and rerunning the job.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Probable user error. Correct the parameters and rerun the job.

Note: If a tracks or physical data set DUMP is the correct dump data set, then refer to the RESTORE command STARTTRK and ENDTRK parameters for details on how to specify the range to be restored.

System programmer response

None.

Explanation

The dump data set on the device at address *device_number* is not valid for this job. A RESTORE is being attempted from a logical data set DUMP. This message is issued when the nature of the error or the devices being used or both do not lend themselves to resume processing without respecification of parameters and rerunning the job.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Probable user error. Use a physical dump data set for the RESTORE.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3520I**ATTEMPT TO RESTORE TO WRONG DEVICE**

Explanation

There was an attempt to restore data to a device type other than the type from which it was dumped.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Probable user error. Correct the parameters to reflect the device from which the data was dumped, and rerun the job.

ADRY3521I**OUTPUT DEVICE TOO SMALL FOR INPUT. OUTPUT CYLINDERS =
X'ccccccc' INPUT CYLINDERS = X'ccccccc'**

Explanation

The number of cylinders on the target DASD volume is less than the number of cylinders dumped from the original input volume. The output cylinders is the hexadecimal value for the number of cylinders on the target volume. The input cylinders is the hexadecimal value for the number of cylinders on the volume that was dumped.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Supply an appropriate volume that matches the input for a full volume RESTORE, and rerun the job.

ADRY3522I**STARTING TRACK HIGHER THAN ENDING TRACK**

Explanation

The specified starting track is higher than the specified ending track for the range to be restored.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters so that the start of the range is prior to the end of the range, and rerun the job.

ADRY3523I**STARTING TRACK IS NOT WITHIN THE VOLUME LIMITS**

Explanation

The specified starting track is not within the valid limits of the volume. For example, the starting cylinder is higher than the last cylinder on the volume, or the starting head is higher than the last head on a cylinder for this volume.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters so that the range of tracks to be restored is within the limits of the target volume, and rerun the job.

ADRY3530I**SEQUENCE ERROR ON RESTORE TAPE**

Explanation

The restore tape has a missing, incorrect, or extra record. There was probably an error during DUMP.

System action

The function is terminated.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3531I***device_number* UNEXPECTED UNIT EXCEPTION**

Explanation

An unexpected unit exception occurred. A possible problem exist on the tape, or if the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct tape is mounted, the file specification is correct, and the tape contains valid data.

ADRY3532I***device_number* UNABLE TO LOCATE THE DUMP DATA SET**

Explanation

An error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was trying to locate the dump data set. This could be due to an I/O error that occurred, or if the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the previous messages to determine the cause of the problem.

ADRY3533I***device_number* UNABLE TO VERIFY THE DUMP DATA SET**

Explanation

An error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was trying to verify the dump data set. This could be due to an I/O error that occurred, or if the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the previous messages to determine the cause of the problem.

ADRY3550I**TERMINATING AT OPERATOR REQUEST**

Explanation

The function is terminating because the operator responded to a previous message to end the processing.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3630I**ttttt LIBRARY VOLUME IN USE**

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* is in use. This message is only issued if the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified indicating that DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services should mount the tape volume in the tape library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the tape volume serial number is specified correctly and rerun the job when the volume is not in use.

ADRY3631I**ttttt LIBRARY VOLUME RESERVED**

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* is reserved.

This message is only issued if the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified indicating that DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services should mount the tape volume in the tape library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the tape volume serial number is specified correctly and is not a reserved volume.

ADRY3632I**ttttt VOLUME NOT IN LIBRARY**

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* is not found in the tape library. This message is only issued if the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified indicating that DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services should mount the tape volume in the tape library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the tape volume serial number is specified correctly and rerun the job specifying a tape volume that is in the library.

ADRY3633I***device_number* TAPE DRIVE CANNOT BE ACCESSED IN LIBRARY**

Explanation

The TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified, but the drive is not online or cannot be accessed in the library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the drive is online in the library. Assistance of a hardware service representative be necessary to resolve the cause of the problem.

ADRY3634I***ttttt* LIBRARY VOLUME NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* is not currently available. There are several possible reasons why the volume is not available:

- The volume is queued for demount or being demounted
- The volume is misplaced, has an unreadable label, was ejected or queued for eject, was previously mounted, or is being mounted or queued for mounting by another job
- The volume was mounted from the library manager console using the Stand-Alone Services Setup window, and the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified.

The TAPEVOLSER parameter should not be specified when the tape is mounted from the library manager console using the Stand-Alone Services Setup window.

This message is only issued if the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified indicating that DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services should mount the tape volume in the tape library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

If the volume was mounted from the library manager console using the Stand-Alone Services Setup window, then either: rerun the job without specifying the TAPEVOLSER parameter, or demount the volume using the library manager console Stand-Alone Services Setup window and rerun the job with the TAPEVOLSER parameter to let DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services mount the volume(s).

If the volume was *not* mounted from the library manager console using the Stand-Alone Services Setup window, then verify that the tape volume serial number is specified correctly and rerun the job when the volume is available.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3650I

device_number **LIBRARY ATTACHMENT FACILITY EQUIPMENT CHECK**

Explanation

The Library attachment facility failed. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3651I

device_number **LIBRARY MANAGER OFFLINE**

Explanation

The library manager is not online to the subsystem. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None

System programmer response

Refer to your tape library operator's guide problem determination procedures for information on handling error conditions.

ADRY3652I

device_number **CONTROL UNIT AND LIBRARY MANAGER
INCOMPATIBILITY**

Explanation

The microcode levels of the control unit and library manager are not compatible. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3653I | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY VISION SYSTEM NOT-OPERATIONAL |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The library vision system has failed. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3654I | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY MANAGER EQUIPMENT CHECK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The library manager is not operational. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Refer to your tape library operator's guide problem determination procedures for information on handling error conditions.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3655I | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY EQUIPMENT CHECK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A hardware failure has occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3656I | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY DEVICE FAILURE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A device in the library has failed. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3657I *device_number* **LIBRARY ENVIRONMENTAL ALERT**

Explanation

An environmental alert condition has been detected by the library. Information following the message pertains to the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Refer to your tape library operator's guide problem determination procedures for information on handling environmental alert conditions.

System programmer response

See operator response.

ADRY3658I *ttttt* **LIBRARY VOLUME MANUALLY EJECTED**

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* has been manually ejected.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the tape volume serial number is specified correctly.

ADRY3659I *device_number* **LIBRARY NOT CAPABLE - MANUAL MODE**

Explanation

A request has been made to a library that is in manual mode, but the request requires that the library be in automated mode. Information following the message describes the nature of the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Rerun the job when the library is in automated mode.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3660I | <i>ttttt</i> LIBRARY VOLUME INACCESSIBLE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The tape with volser *ttttt* cannot be accessed by the cartridge accessor. Information following the message pertains to the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Refer to your tape library operator's guide problem determination procedures for information on handling error conditions.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3661I | <i>device_number</i> LIBRARY DRIVE SETUP IN STAND-ALONE MODE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified for a drive that has been setup in Stand-Alone Services mode from the library manager console using the Stand-Alone Services Setup window.

This message is only issued if the TAPEVOLSER parameter was specified indicating that DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services should mount the tape volume in the tape library.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape drive address is specified.

If an incorrect tape drive address was specified, then correct the parameters and rerun the job.

If the correct tape drive address was specified, then do one of the following:

- Rerun the job without specifying the TAPEVOLSER parameter, and mount the volumes from the library manager console Stand-Alone Services Setup window.
- Take the drive out of Stand-Alone Services mode from the library manager console Stand-Alone Services Setup window and rerun the job with the TAPEVOLSER parameter to let DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services mount the volume(s). For this option, the tape volumes must reside in the tape library.

System programmer response

None

ADRY3702I**OPERATOR DID NOT READY DEVICE**

Explanation

When prompted by message ADRY004D to make a device ready, the operator requested that command processing end.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3711I***device_number* CHANNEL CONTROL CHECK**

Explanation

An unrecoverable channel error occurred. Information following the message pertains to the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3717I***device_number* UNRECOGNIZED I/O ERROR TYPE**

Explanation

An I/O error has occurred. However, the error cannot be recognized for the specified device type. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services has performed a retry, but the error still persists. A hardware error is suspected.

System programmer response

Examine the error information. Assistance of a hardware service representative be required to interpret the error information and to aid in correcting the cause of the error.

ADRY3730I***device_number* UNSUPPORTED DEVICE TYPE SENSEID = + 00 xxxxxxxx
xxxxxxxx xxxxxxxx**

Explanation

Either the device type at the specified address could not be determined, or the device type is not supported. The sense ID information from sense ID CCW X'E4' is printed starting at offset +00. If the sense ID CCW is not supported by the device, this information contain zeros. See the appropriate device manual for the format of the sense ID information.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the device is a supported device. Then verify that the device address and type (when required) are specified correctly.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3762I | <i>device_number</i> NO RECORD FOUND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A 'no record found' condition occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If the VERIFY parameter was specified, and other messages indicate that the error occurred while reading the volume label or VTOC, then verify that a valid volume label and VTOC exist on the volume. If not, then rerun the job specifying the NOVERIFY parameter. Otherwise, save the job output and contact your service representative.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3763I | <i>device_number</i> END OF CYLINDER |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An end-of-cylinder condition occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3764I | <i>device_number</i> FILE PROTECTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A file protect condition occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

ADRY3770I *device_number* **UNABLE TO RESERVE DEVICE**

Explanation

The device could not be reserved by DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services because of an I/O error or because the device be reserved on another path or by another system.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the previous messages to determine if an I/O error occurred.

If the device is reserved on another path or by another system, rerun the job when the device is available.

If previous messages indicate an I/O error occurred, examine the error information to determine the cause of the error. Assistance of a hardware service representative be necessary to resolve the cause of the problem.

ADRY3771I *device_number* **UNABLE TO RELEASE DEVICE**

Explanation

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services issued a device reserve to this device at the start of processing and is not able to do a device release.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine previous messages to determine if an I/O error occurred and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3772I *device_number* **UNABLE TO ASSIGN TAPE DRIVE**

Explanation

The tape drive could not be assigned by DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services because of an I/O error or because the drive is assigned elsewhere.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the previous messages to determine the reason the drive could not be assigned.

If message ADRY3830I was issued, the drive be in use on another system. Use another tape drive or rerun the job when the drive is available.

If previous messages indicate an I/O error occurred, examine the error information to determine the cause of the error. Assistance of a hardware service representative be necessary to resolve the cause of the problem.

ADRY3773I *device_number* **UNABLE TO UNASSIGN TAPE DRIVE**

Explanation

The tape drive was not able to be unassigned.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine previous messages to determine if an I/O error occurred and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3815I *device_number* **I/O ERROR RECOVERY UNSUCCESSFUL**

Explanation

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services was unable to recover from an I/O error. The prior message will contain information pertaining to the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3816I***device_number* RETRY LIMIT EXCEEDED**

Explanation

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services has exhausted all of its retries for an I/O error condition.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Examine the error information to determine the cause of the error. Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3818I***device_number* INCORRECT LENGTH**

Explanation

An incorrect length record condition occurred on the specified device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

ADRY3819I***device_number* PROGRAM CHECK**

Explanation

This indicates a probable program error because of an incorrect CCW.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Save the job output. Run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY3820I***device_number* PROTECTION CHECK**

Explanation

A protection check occurred.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Rerun the job.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3822I *device_number* **EQUIPMENT CHECK**

Explanation

An equipment check I/O error occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3823I *device_number* **DATA CHECK**

Explanation

A data check occurred on the specified device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine the cause of the data check. Rerun the job after the problem is resolved.

ADRY3824I *device_number* **COMMAND REJECT**

Explanation

The specified device rejected the CCW. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

ADRY3825I *device_number* **FUNCTION INCOMPATIBLE**

Explanation

A requested function cannot be performed due to the state of the subsystem. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

ADRY3826I *device_number* **FORMAT INCOMPATIBLE**

Explanation

The device is not compatible with the format of the tape.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Load the tape in a drive that is compatible with the tape format.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3827I *device_number* **TENSION LOSS**

Explanation

An error occurred that caused the drive to lose tape tension. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3828I *device_number* **UNLOAD ERROR**

Explanation

The tape drive was unable to unload a cartridge. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3829I *device_number* **OVERRUN**

Explanation

An overrun occurred on the specified device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3830I *device_number* **DRIVE ASSIGNED ELSEWHERE**

Explanation

The tape drive is assigned on another channel path. It be in use on another system. Information following the message pertains to the error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Rerun the job with a different tape drive or when the tape drive is not assigned elsewhere.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3831I | <i>device_number</i> DRIVE OFFLINE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The drive is not online in the subsystem. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Ensure the drive is online in the subsystem and rerun the job.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3832I | <i>device_number</i> BUS OUT CHECK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A bus out check occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ADRY3833I | <i>device_number</i> CONTROL UNIT ERP FAILED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The control unit was unsuccessful in recovering a failure. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3834I***device_number* INTERFACE CONTROL CHECK**

Explanation

An interface control check occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3835I***device_number* CHANNEL PROTOCOL ERROR**

Explanation

A channel protocol error occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Rerun the job. if the problem persists, save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

System programmer response

See operator response.

ADRY3836I***device_number* DATA CONVERTER CHECK**

Explanation

A data converter check occurred on the specified device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3837I***device_number* TAPE LENGTH INCOMPATIBLE**

Explanation

The tape is too long for the drive being used. Probable user error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape is being used, and mount the tape on the proper device.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3838I *device_number* **UNEXPECTED LOAD POINT**

Explanation

An unexpected tape at load point condition occurred on the specified tape unit. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3839I *device_number* **CHANNEL DATA CHECK**

Explanation

A channel data check occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3840I *device_number* **CHAINING CHECK**

Explanation

A chaining check occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3841I *device_number* CHANNEL INTERFACE ERROR

Explanation

A channel interface error occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3842I *device_number* PHYSICAL END OF TAPE

Explanation

The physical end of the tape was reached. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct tape is being used, and that the parameters were specified correctly. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the specified file exists on the tape.

ADRY3843I *device_number* TAPE LENGTH CHECK

Explanation

The tape length in the cartridge is too short. The error occurs when the leader block is replaced. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| ADRY3844I | <i>device_number</i> TAPE VOID |
|------------------|--------------------------------|

Explanation

No data is found on the tape. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the proper tape is mounted, and that the tape contains data. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file specified exists on the tape and contains data.

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ADRY3845I | <i>device_number</i> FILE PROTECTED |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

A write operation was attempted on a tape that is write-protected. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the proper tape is mounted, and make it non-write-protected to write on it.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ADRY3846I | <i>device_number</i> TAPE LENGTH VIOLATION |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A tape was mounted that exceeds the length of an IBM Enhanced Capacity Cartridge System tape. Probable user error. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape is being used.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| ADRY3847I | <i>device_number</i> END OF DATA |
|------------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

An end-of-data condition occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error. There are several possible reasons for this error:

- The volume not have been closed properly when it was written
- If the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape or contain invalid data.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct tape is being used and contains valid data. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file exists on the tape and contains valid data.

ADRY3848I***device_number* RECORD SEQUENCE ERROR**

Explanation

A record sequence error occurred on the tape. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error. This message could indicate a possible media problem. Or if the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape or contain invalid data.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine if a media problem exists. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file exists on the tape and contains valid data.

ADRY3849I***device_number* CONTROL UNIT AND DRIVE INCOMPATIBLE**

Explanation

An incompatibility exists between the control unit and the drive. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3850I***device_number* CONFIGURATION ERROR**

Explanation

A command attempted to use a facility that is not installed in the I/O subsystem. For example: the device not be installed, the device not be compatible with the I/O subsystem, or the library and I/O subsystem not be compatible. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the proper device is being used and that the features exist in the subsystem for the function being performed. Assistance of a hardware service representative be necessary to resolve the problem.

ADRY3851I***device_number* PROTECTION EXCEPTION**

Explanation

An error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was trying to execute a command. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your service representative.

ADRY3852I***device_number* END OF VOLUME**

Explanation

An end of volume condition occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct tape is being used and contains valid data. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file exists on the tape and contains valid data.

ADRY3853I *device_number* **BLOCK NOT FOUND**

Explanation

The device was unable to find a specified block. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct tape is being used and contains valid data. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file exists on the tape and contains valid data.

ADRY3854I *device_number* **READ ERROR**

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while Stand-Alone Services was attempting to read a data block or tape mark. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error. This message could indicate a possible media problem. Or if the FILE parameter was specified, the file not exist on the tape or contain invalid data.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine if a media problem exists. If the FILE parameter was specified, verify that the file exists on the tape and contains valid data.

ADRY3855I *device_number* **VOLUME IS NOT FORMATTED**

Explanation

A read command was issued to a volume that has not been formatted for read-type operations. The tape be blank or be written in a format that the device does not support or does not recognize. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape is mounted and is mounted on a drive that supports the tape.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3856I *device_number* **POSITIONING LOST**

Explanation

An error occurred that caused the tape positioning to be lost. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Save the job output and contact your hardware service representative.

ADRY3857I *device_number* **READ LENGTH ERROR**

Explanation

A read was issued for a length not supported by the device. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape is mounted and is mounted on a drive that supports the tape.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3858I *device_number* **UNSUPPORTED MEDIUM**

Explanation

The device does not support the tape that is mounted. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the correct tape is mounted and is mounted on a drive that supports the tape.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3859I***device_number* MEDIUM LENGTH ERROR**

Explanation

A length error occurred. Information following the message describes the nature of the I/O error.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

Verify that the tape is mounted in a compatible drive.

System programmer response

None.

ADRY3995I**INTERNAL ERROR, DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION FOLLOWS:**

Explanation

An internal error was detected.

System action

Processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Probable program error. Run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the output and contact the IBM Support Center.

ADRY4227I**AN "ELSE" COMMAND APPEARS IMPROPERLY**

Explanation

The command contains an ELSE clause without a corresponding IF statement.

System action

The remainder of the command is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax, and issue the command again.

ADRY4228I**AN "END" COMMAND IS INVALID****Explanation**

An END statement does not have a matching DO statement.

System action

The remainder of the command is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the DO-END sequence and issue the command again.

ADRY4229I**'IF' COMMAND HAS INVALID RELATIONAL EXPRESSION****Explanation**

The IF-THEN-ELSE statement sequence is incorrect.

Only the system variables LASTCC and MAXCC can be specified. All values must be decimal numbers from 0 through 99999.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the requirements of the IF-THEN-ELSE statement sequence and correct the error. Issue the command again.

ADRY4230I**"SET" COMMAND HAS INVALID ASSIGNMENT EXPRESSION****Explanation**

The syntax of a SET statement is not valid. Only the system variables LASTCC and MAXCC can be assigned values. All values must be decimal numbers from 0 through 99999.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Check the syntax requirements of the SET statement and correct the error. Issue the command again.

ADRY4232I**IMPROPER OR MISSING "THEN" KEYWORD**

Explanation

The THEN clause of the IF-THEN-ELSE command sequence is either missing or is misspelled.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the error and issue the command again.

ADRY4236I**INPUT STREAM END-OF-FILE FOUND BEFORE END OF COMMAND**

Explanation

An end-of-file condition was encountered while scanning the command. This could be caused by either incorrect command-continuation syntax or missing records in the input stream.

System action

The function ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Either correct the command syntax, or add the missing records. Issue the command again.

ADRY4237I**TOO MANY LEVELS OF "IF" COMMAND NESTING**

Explanation

More than ten IF statements have been nested.

System action

The remainder of the command stream is ignored. DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services continues with the next command.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Restructure the command stream to avoid the excessive nesting and issue the command again.

Explanation

The indicated module could not be located. This could be due to an error when DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services was created or due to a program error.

System action

Processing ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the data set that was used as input to the BUILDSEA command when the DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services was created. Ensure that the specified module is included and that it is not corrupted. Rerun the BUILDSEA command to create a new Stand-Alone Services program and then rerun the Stand-Alone Services. If the module exists and is not corrupted, then run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, save the output and contact the IBM Support Center.

Explanation

An abnormal end error caused the DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services processor to abort. This situation is usually caused by hardware, program, or system errors. The message appears in the output listing.

Code *nn* indicates the nature of the error.

Code**Meaning****24**

Text processor's print control table is not addressed by the global data table.

28

No virtual storage is available for:

- Page header line
- Argument lists
- Main title line
- Footing lines
- Print control table
- Initialization of message areas
- Automatic (dynamic) storage for a module
- A GETMAIN request
- Open control-block allocation
- Device information table

Note: The system could not issue the message that sufficient storage was not available because the SYSPRINT data set was not open.

32

Request made to process unopened data set.

36

Unable to open the output listing device.

40

A U-macro argument is not valid.

System action

DFSMSdss Stand-Alone Services ends.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Save the job output. Run the AMDSADMP service aid to dump the contents of real storage to tape. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Chapter 5. ADY messages

ADY001I

THE DAE PARAMETER RECORD IN MEMBER *mem* HAS A SYNTAX
ERROR ERROR = *prm: text*

Explanation

While processing a SET DAE operator command, dump analysis and elimination (DAE) encountered an error in a parameter in the ADYSETxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

mem

The parmlib member name.

prm

The parameter in error.

text

One of the following:

A COMMA IS MISSING

An expected comma was not found.

A LEFT PARENTHESIS IS EXPECTED

The value following the keyword was not preceded by a left parentheses, as required.

A RIGHT PARENTHESIS IS EXPECTED

The value following the keyword was not followed by a right parentheses, as required.

DAE= MUST BE THE FIRST KEYWORD

The first text that is not a comment was not DAE=, as required.

NOTIFY COUNT IS NOT VALID (MUST BE 1-9999)

The NOTIFY parameter does not have a value of 1 through 9999 for the number of dumps.

NOTIFY INTERVAL IS NOT VALID (MUST BE 1-9999)

The NOTIFY parameter does not specify a time interval of 1 through 9999 minutes.

EXPIRE VALUE IS NOT VALID (MUST BE 1-180)

The EXPIRE parameter does not specify a valid value of 1 through 180 days.

THIS DATA SET NAME IS NOT VALID

The data set name value provided for the DSN keyword was longer than 20 characters.

THIS IS NOT A VALID KEYWORD

The keyword is not one of the keyword parameters defined for DAE.

THIS KEYWORD VALUE WAS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE

One of the following has occurred:

The SYSMDUMP or SVCDUMP keyword specified one of the following values more than once:

- MATCH
- SUPPRESS
- SUPPRESSALL
- UPDATE
- NOTIFY (for the SVCDUMP keyword)

The GLOBAL or SHARE keyword specified one of the following values more than once:

- DSN
- OPTIONS

THIS IS NOT A VALID KEYWORD VALUE

One of the following has occurred:

The SYSMDUMP or SVCDUMP keyword contained a value other than the following:

- MATCH
- SUPPRESS
- SUPPRESSALL
- UPDATE

The GLOBAL or SHARE keyword contained a value other than the following:

- DSN
- OPTIONS

THE SUPPRESS AND SUPPRESSALL KEYWORD VALUES ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Both SUPPRESS and SUPPRESSALL keyword values were specified with either the SVCDUMP or SYSMDUMP keyword. Only specify one keyword.

THIS RECORD NUMBER IS NOT VALID

The value was not a decimal number of 1 to 4 digits.

System action

The system does not process the SET DAE command.

Operator response

Select a different ADYSETxx parmlib member and enter the SET DAE command.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the ADYSETxx parmlib member. Ask the operator to enter the SET DAE command again.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYSETP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

ADY002I

**THE DAE PARAMETER RECORD IN MEMBER *mem* HAS A SYNTAX
ERROR *text***

Explanation

While processing a SET DAE operator command, dump analysis and elimination (DAE) encountered an error in a parameter in the ADYSETxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

mem

The parmlib member name.

text

One of the following:

AN SVCDUMP OR SYSMDUMP KEYWORD MUST BE USED WITH THE GLOBAL(OPTIONS) KEYWORD

GLOBAL(OPTIONS) was used without specifying an SVCDUMP or an SYSMDUMP keyword or both with value(s) to share with other DAE instances.

GLOBALSTOP INVALID BECAUSE SHARE(DSN) WAS NOT SPECIFIED WHEN DAE WAS STARTED

DAE=STOP,GLOBALSTOP was issued on a system that is not able to share the DAE data set. This environment makes the parameter incorrect. One of the following conditions is causing the problem:

1. DAE is active, but the previous ADYSETxx member did not specify the SHARE(DSN) parameter.
2. DAE is not active. DAE is either stopped, or it was never started.

AN SVCDUMP OR SYSMDUMP KEYWORD SPECIFICATION WAS INCOMPLETE

An SVCDUMP or SYSMDUMP keyword specification does not have at least one value, or a right parenthesis did not follow the value(s) specified.

EITHER THE START OR STOP KEYWORD MUST BE SPECIFIED

The ADYSETxx member did not specify either START or STOP. One of these keywords is required.

GLOBAL(OPTIONS) CANNOT BE SPECIFIED WITHOUT SHARE(OPTIONS)

SHARE(OPTIONS) is required when GLOBAL(OPTIONS) is specified.

SHARE(OPTIONS) CANNOT BE SPECIFIED WITHOUT SHARE(DSN)

SHARE(DSN) is required when SHARE(OPTIONS) is specified.

THE DSN KEYWORD MUST BE USED WITH THE GLOBAL(DSN) KEYWORD

When GLOBAL(DSN) is used, the DSN keyword is required to specify the data set name.

THE GLOBAL KEYWORD CANNOT BE SPECIFIED WITHOUT SHARE(DSN)

SHARE(DSN) is required to use the GLOBAL keyword.

THE NOTIFY KEYWORD IS ONLY VALID FOR SVCDUMP

The ADYSETxx parmlib member contains a NOTIFY keyword on other than the SVCDUMP statement.

THE NOTIFY KEYWORD MUST BE USED WITH THE UPDATE KEYWORD

The ADYSETxx parmlib member does not contain an UPDATE keyword, which is a corequisite.

THE NOTIFY KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE

The ADYSETxx parmlib member contains more than one NOTIFY keyword.

THE EXPIRE KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE

The ADYSETxx parmlib member contains more than one EXPIRE keyword.

THE RECORD COULD NOT BE PARSED

An unexpected error occurred while DAE was parsing the ADYSETxx member.

THE RECORD HAS AN INCORRECT USE OF COMMENT DELIMITERS

DAE allows two types of comment delimiters. An "*" in column 1 of a record indicates that the entire record is a comment. All characters, including other delimiters, are ignored. The second type of comment delimiter allows the combination of "/"* and "*/" to denote the start and end of comment text. A likely cause of this error is that an ending comment delimiter "*/" was not found.

THE {RECORDS|SHARE|GLOBAL|DSN} KEYWORD SPECIFICATION WAS INCOMPLETE

The indicated keyword parameter was specified without a required option enclosed in parentheses.

THE {RECORDS|SVCDUMP|SYSMDUMP|STOP |SHARE|GLOBAL|DSN|GLOBALSTOP} KEYWORD WAS SPECIFIED MORE THAN ONCE

The specified keyword appeared more than once.

THE START AND STOP KEYWORDS NOT BE SPECIFIED IN THE SAME RECORD

The ADYSETxx member specified both START and STOP. Only one can be specified.

THE START KEYWORD SPECIFICATION IS INCOMPLETE

START was specified without a following keyword.

System action

The system does not process the SET DAE command.

Operator response

Select a different ADYSETxx parmlib member and enter the SET DAE command.

System programmer response

Correct the error in the ADYSETxx parmlib member. Request the operator to enter the SET DAE command again.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYSETP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

ADY003I

SET DAE PROCESSING FAILED *text*

Explanation

While processing a SET DAE operator command, dump analysis and elimination (DAE) detected an error.

In the message text:

text

One of the following:

MODULE IEEMB878 COULD NOT BE LOADED

The system could not load a required DAE service.

THERE WAS AN UNEXPECTED ERROR. THE ABEND CODE IS *cde*

The system abnormally ends DAE processing.

In the message text:

cde

The abend code.

THE DAE TRANSACTION PROCESSOR IS NOT ACTIVE

DAE is not available to modify the DAE parameters.

THE GETMAIN FOR THE TRANSACTION FAILED

Storage from the common service area (CSA) needed to process the SET DAE command was not available.

THE POST OF THE DAE TRANSACTION PROCESSOR FAILED

The cross-memory post (XMPOST) to DAE in the DUMPSRV address space failed.

System action

DAE does not process the SET DAE command. DAE cannot be started or stopped.

Operator response

If requested by the system programmer, enter the SET DAE command.

System programmer response

Where the environment makes the parameter incorrect, either provide an ADYSETxx member that specifies the SHARE(DSN) parameter, and start DAE; or find a system where DAE was started with an ADYSETxx member having SHARE(DSN) specified. Then issue the GLOBALSTOP.

For other situations, correct the error in the ADYSETxx parmlib member. Request the operator to issue the correct SET DAE command on the appropriate system.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYSETP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

ADY005E

SET DAE PROCESSING FAILED *text*

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- MODULE ADYMSG COULD NOT BE LOADED
- THE ESTAE COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE) failed to initialize processing for a SET DAE command.

In the message text:

MODULE ADYMSG COULD NOT BE LOADED

The system could not load a required module.

THE ESTAE COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

Recovery initialization failed.

System action

DAE does not process the SET DAE command.

Operator response

If requested by the system programmer, enter the SET DAE command.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYSETP

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADY006E | SET DAE PROCESSING FAILED THE MESSAGE SERVICE IS UNAVAILABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While processing a SET DAE operator command, dump analysis and elimination (DAE) detected an error. DAE could not issue message ADY003I because the DAE message service had not been loaded or had the error.

System action

DAE does not process the SET DAE command.

Operator response

If requested by the system programmer, enter the SET DAE command.

System programmer response

If the error recurs and the program is not in error, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYSETP

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ADY010E | THE DAE START TRANSACTION FAILED <i>text</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The ADYSETxx parmlib member specified in a SET DAE operator command requested that dump analysis and elimination (DAE) stop itself, then start with changed parameters. The start failed.

In the message, *text* is one of the following:

STORAGE WAS NOT FREED FROM PREVIOUS SYMPTOM QUEUES. A NEW QUEUE CANNOT BE BUILT

The cell pools that were obtained for a previous start cannot be deleted. If the number of cell pools that are not freed reaches a threshold, DAE cannot be started until the system is initialized again.

MODULE ADYDFLT COULD NOT BE LOADED

The system could not load a required DAE module.

THE OPEN FOR *dsname* FAILED

The DAE data set could not be opened.

In the message text:

dsname

The data set name.

ALLOCATION FOR *dsname* FAILED RETURN CODE = *return-code* ERROR CODE = *error-code* REASON CODE = *reason-code*

The DAE data set cannot be allocated. The return, error, and reason codes describe the dynamic allocation error; see [Interpreting DYNALLOC return codes](#) and [Interpreting information reason codes from DYNALLOC](#) for an explanation of return and reason codes for SVC 99. These codes are missing if the allocation ended abnormally.

In the message text:

dsname

The data set name.

return-code

The return code.

errc

The error code.

reason-code

The reason code.

I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHILE READING *dsname* SYNAD DATA = *yyy*

An I/O error occurred while reading the DAE data set.

In the message text:

dsname

The data set name.

yyy

The SYNAD data returned from the error. SYNAD is a subparameter of the AMP parameter on the DD statement used to define a data set. See the [SYNADAF](#) macro of the Data Facility Product (DFP) for information about the SYNAD data.

ALLOCATION FOR *dsname* FAILED. THE DATA SET COULD NOT BE FOUND.

The DAE data set cannot be dynamically allocated. A catalog entry cannot be found for the data set.

System action

The system ignores the START transaction. For an abend, the system writes a dump.

Operator response

If requested by the system programmer, enter the SET DAE command. If the message reads **I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHILE READING *dsname* SYNAD DATA = *yyy***, contact Hardware Support.

System programmer response

Depending on the message text, do the following:

STORAGE WAS NOT FREED FROM PREVIOUS SYMPTOM QUEUES. A NEW QUEUE CANNOT BE BUILT

MODULE ADYDFLT COULD NOT BE LOADED

Ensure that system initialization occurred correctly. Check all system libraries for an error.

THE OPEN FOR *dsname* FAILED

ALLOCATION FOR *dsname* FAILED RETURN CODE = *return-code* ERROR CODE = *error-code* REASON CODE = *reason-code*

ALLOCATION FOR *dsname* FAILED. THE DATA SET COULD NOT BE FOUND.

Ensure that the data set was available at system initialization.

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

ADY011E

UPDATING *dsname* HAS TERMINATED [*text*]

Explanation

In the message text:

dsname

The data set name.

text is one of the following:

THE OPEN FAILED

The DAE data set could not be opened.

I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHILE READING THE DATA SET

An I/O error occurred while reading the DAE data set.

I/O ERROR OCCURRED WHILE WRITING TO THE DATA SET SYNAD DATA = *yyy*

An I/O error occurred while writing to the DAE data set.

yyy

The SYNAD data returned from the error. SYNAD is a subparameter of the AMP parameter on the DD statement used to define a data set. See the [SYNADAF](#) macro of the Data Facility Product (DFP) for information about the SYNAD data.

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE) could not update the DAE data set.

System action

DAE does not update the DAE data set. Because temporary records are kept in virtual storage, DAE continues processing. Without UPDATE, DAE writes no permanent records.

When DAE is stopped or started, DAE regresses to its record of dumps from the data set as previously updated.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the error. Restart DAE so that the DAE data set can be updated.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

ADY012I

THE FOLLOWING DAE OPTIONS ARE IN EFFECT: *text*

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- DSN = *dsname*
- GLOBAL = *share-parameters*
- NOTIFY = *options*
- RECORDS = *nnn*
- SHARE = *share-parameters*
- START
- SVCDUMP = *options*
- SYSMDUMP = *options*
- EXPIRE = *nnn*

The system started dump analysis and elimination (DAE) with the listed options. See [IBM-supplied defaults for ADYSETxx](#) for a description of the ADYSETxx parmlib member options.

System action

DAE analyzes the specified dumps according to the indicated options.

Operator response

Verify that the options listed are the options desired. To change options, start DAE with a parmlib member that contains the correct options.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

ADY013I

DAE COULD NOT FREE *nnn* BYTES OF *text* COMMON STORAGE

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- FIXED
- PAGEABLE

Processing for a DAE STOP command could not free cell pool storage occupied by the symptom queue.

In the message text:

nnn

The number of bytes of storage.

FIXED

The cell pool storage was from fixed common storage.

PAGEABLE

The cell pool storage was from pageable common storage.

System action

DAE abandons the cell pool storage from either the fixed system queue area (SQA) or from the pageable common service area (CSA). When the number of cell pools that are not freed reaches a threshold, DAE cannot be started again.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

ADY014E

DAE INITIALIZATION FAILED. *text*

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- THE ESTAE COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

- MODULE ADYMSG COULD NOT BE LOADED
- MODULE ADYIO COULD NOT BE LOADED

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE) could not be initialized because of an unrecoverable problem.

In the message text:

THE ESTAE COULD NOT BE ESTABLISHED

DAE could not establish a recovery environment.

MODULE ADYMSG COULD NOT BE LOADED

The system could not load a required DAE module.

MODULE ADYIO COULD NOT BE LOADED

The system could not load a required DAE module.

System action

DAE will not be available in the system until the system is initialized again.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the problem. To reestablish DAE processing, ask the operator to IPL the system. If DAE is not automatically started during system initialization, the operator should enter a SET DAE command.

If the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

ADY015I

DAE STOP PROCESSING IS COMPLETE

Explanation

The system stopped dump analysis and elimination (DAE), as requested.

System action

DAE is now inactive.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| ADY016E | DATA SET <i>ndsn</i>, DOES NOT MATCH THE CURRENT SHARED DAE DATA SET: <i>odsn</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While processing a SET DAE operator command or while starting the system, dump analysis and elimination (DAE) detected that the data set name specified in the parmlib member did not match the name of the data set currently shared in the sysplex.

In the message text:

ndsn

The new data set name specified with the DSN keyword.

odsn

The data set currently being shared in the sysplex.

System action

The system does not start DAE.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Do one of the following to correct the parmlib member used to start DAE:

- To share data set *ndsn*, specify the correct data set name on the DSN parameter.
- To share data set *odsn*, remove the DSN parameter.
- To change the data set currently being shared in the sysplex, add the GLOBAL(DSN) parameter.

See [Statements/parameters for ADYSETxx](#) for more information about the ADYSETxx parmlib member parameters.

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYTRNS

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

3

Chapter 6. ADYH messages

ADYH001E

DAE is not active in the system

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) found that DAE cannot suppress dumps because it is not active in the system.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Select or create an ADYSETxx parmlib member to be used at IPL. An operator can start DAE with a SET DAE command that specifies an ADYSETxx parmlib member that contains the DAE=START parameter.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

3

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information on configuring DAE see: "Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx see: "Chapter 3. ADYSETxx (dump suppression)" in [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).

For information on how to use the SET command to change the DAE parameters see: "SET Command" in [z/OS MVS System Commands](#).

Explanation

CHECK(IBM DAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) found that DAE is active.

System action

N/A

Operator response

N/A

System programmer response

N/A

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

N/A

¹⁴

START

SVCDUMP = *Svcdump Options*

SYSMDUMP = *Sysmdump Options*

RECORDS = *Records number*

DSN = *Dsn*

Share Options

Global Options

Reference Documentation

N/A

ADYH003I

Neither SUPPRESS nor SUPPRESSALL for *dump type* is specified. Duplicate dumps will not be suppressed. This could negatively impact system performance.

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) found that although DAE is active, dumps will not be suppressed because of configuration settings.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Add either SUPPRESS or SUPPRESSALL for the specified dump type into the appropriate ADYSETxx member. Then issue the SET DAE=xx command.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

N/A

ADYH004I

SUPPRESSALL for *dump type* is not specified. Some duplicate dumps cannot be suppressed.

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) found that although DAE is active, some dumps cannot be suppressed because SUPPRESSALL option is not specified in the configuration. SUPPRESSALL allows more dumps to be eligible for suppression.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Add SUPPRESSALL for the specified dump type into the appropriate ADYSETxx member. Then issue the SET DAE=xx command.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information on configuring DAE see:

"Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [*z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx see:

"Chapter 3. ADYSETxx (dump suppression)" in [*z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*](#).

For information on how to use the SET command to change the DAE parameters see:

"SET Command" in [*z/OS MVS System Commands*](#).

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) determined that DAE's SVCDUMP suppression option is not what is expected.

In the message text:

expected

The expected suppression value.

- SUPPRESSALL - do suppression processing whether or not VRADAE is set
- SUPPRESS - do suppression processing when VRADAE is set only
- NONE - no suppression

actual

The actual suppression value.

- SUPPRESSALL - do suppression processing whether or not VRADAE is set
- SUPPRESS - do suppression processing when VRADAE is set only
- NONE - no suppression

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use an ADYSETxx parmlib member that identifies the desired suppression option for SVCDUMP.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

3

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information on configuring DAE see:

"Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx see:

"Chapter 3. ADYSETxx (dump suppression)" in [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).

For information on how to use the SET command to change the DAE parameters see:

"SET Command" in [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).

ADYH006E

The DAE SYSMDUMP suppression option is expected to be *expected* but is *actual*

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SUPPRESSING) determined that DAE's SYSMDUMP suppression option is not what is expected.

In the message text:

expected

The expected suppression value.

- SUPPRESSALL - do suppression processing whether or not VRADAE is set
- SUPPRESS - do suppression processing when VRADAE is set only
- NONE - no suppression

actual

The actual suppression value.

- SUPPRESSALL - do suppression processing whether or not VRADAE is set
- SUPPRESS - do suppression processing when VRADAE is set only
- NONE - no suppression

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use an ADYSETxx parmlib member that identifies the desired suppression option for SYSMDUMP.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

3

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

For additional information on configuring DAE see, "Planning for DAE dump suppression" in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

For additional information about syntax for ADYSETxx see, ADYSETxx (dump suppression) in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

For information about how to use the SET command to change the DAE parameters, see *z/OS MVS System Commands*.

ADYH011E**This system is in a sysplex but SHARE(DSN) is not in effect.**

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SHARED(SN)) found that this system is in a sysplex but SHARE(DSN) is not in effect. This option is recommended because it specifies DAE to suppress a duplicate of a previous dump from any system when all systems in the sysplex share a common DAE data set.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

For a sysplex, IBM recommends that you use a shared SYS1.PARMLIB to apply the same ADYSETxx parameter values in each system. If your installation does not share a SYS1.PARMLIB, make the ADYSETxx and IEACMDxx members in the SYS1.PARMLIB for each system identical. A shared ADYSETxx or identical ADYSETxx member should specify SHARE(DSN) to share the DAE data set. Here is an example of the ADYSETxx member with SHARE(DSN) specified:

```
DAE=START,RECORDS(400),  
SVCDUMP(MATCH,SUPPRESSALL,UPDATE,NOTIFY(3,30)),  
SYSMDUMP(MATCH,UPDATE),  
SHARE(DSN,OPTIONS),  
DSN(SYS1.DAESHARE)
```

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A See note 1.

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

- For additional information on configuring DAE, see "Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).
- For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx, see [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).
- For information about how to use the **SET** command to change the DAE parameters, see [z/OS MVS System Commands](#).

ADYH012I

This system is in a sysplex but DAE is not active so the SHARE(DSN) option cannot be checked.

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SHARED SN) found that DAE is not active in the system, so the SHARE(DSN) option cannot be checked. When DAE is running, the option will be checked again.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Select or create an ADYSETxx parmlib member to be used at IPL. An operator can start DAE with a SET DAE command that specifies an ADYSETxx parmlib member that contains the DAE=START parameter. A shared ADYSETxx or identical ADYSETxx member should specify SHARE(DSN) to share the DAE data set.

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

- For additional information on configuring DAE, see "Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).
- For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx, see [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).
- For information about how to use the **SET** command to change the DAE parameters, see [z/OS MVS System Commands](#).

ADYH013I

This system is in a sysplex, DAE is running and its SHARE(DSN) option is set as recommended.

Explanation

CHECK(IBMDAE,DAE_SHAREDSDN) found that SHARE(DSN) option is specified in the ADYSETxx member used to start DAE so the DAE data set is shared as IBM recommends.

System action

N/A

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Problem determination

N/A

Source

Dump analysis and elimination (DAE)

Module

ADYHCCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

N/A

Reference Documentation

- For additional information on configuring DAE, see "Planning for DAE dump suppression" in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).
- For additional information on syntax for ADYSETxx, see [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#).
- For information about how to use the **SET** command to change the DAE parameters, see [z/OS MVS System Commands](#).

Chapter 7. AHL messages

AHL001A

INVALID KEYWORD. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U

Explanation

A keyword specified on the START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF) is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to these messages.

Operator response

Respecify all parameters, or reply **U** to request default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

AHL002A

INVALID DELIMITER. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U

Explanation

The START command parameters for the generalized trace facility (GTF) have been punctuated incorrectly.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Respecify all parameters, or reply **U** to request default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

AHL003A

INVALID OPERAND. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U

Explanation

An operand in the START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF) was specified incorrectly.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Respecify all parameters, or reply **U** to request default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL004A | KEYWORD(S) REPEATED. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

In the START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF), a keyword is repeated.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Respecify all parameters, or reply **U** to request default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL005I | GTF TERMINATING. MUST RUN AS SYS TASK FROM CONSOLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) must run as a system task. The program properties table (PPT) indicated that GTF was started as a problem program. This situation was probably caused by starting GTF from the card reader.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

After the system programmer has fixed the PPT, restart GTF from the system console as described in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

System programmer response

Use the SCHEDxx parmlib member to change attributes in the PPT. See [z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference](#) for a description of the PPT bits.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHL006I

GTF ACKNOWLEDGES STOP COMMAND

Explanation

The operator entered the STOP command for the generalized trace facility (GTF).

System action

The system ends GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTMON, AHLGTFI

AHL007I

GTF TERMINATING ON ERROR CONDITION

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) is ending because it has detected an error condition. If message AHL031I has not been issued, then the ending condition is usually a programming logic error and the system write an SVC dump. If message AHL031I has been issued, then either a message with additional information about the error precedes AHL007I or a dump is written.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF, issues other messages, and requests an SVC dump.

Operator response

If message AHL031I has been issued, restart GTF.

System programmer response

If message AHL031I has not been issued, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SVC dump, if available.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTMON

AHL008A

INCORRECT BUF VALUE. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U

Explanation

The value specified for the BUF keyword on the START GTF command is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to the message.

Operator response

Respecify all parameters, or reply **U** to request default values. The allowable value range for the BUF keyword is 10 to 225 (decimal).

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL009A | INCORRECT BLOK VALUE. RESPECIFY PARAMETERS OR REPLY U |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

On the START GTF command, an incorrect value was specified for the BLOK keyword. The value was outside the allowable range of 1 to 99999 (decimal).

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Respond in one of the following ways:

- Respecify all parameters, making sure that the value for BLOK is in the range from 1 to 99999 (decimal).
- Reply **U** to request default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL010I | <i>area</i> AT ADDRESS <i>realaddr</i> IS NOT VALID |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) could not trace a storage area associated with a zHPF channel program, because GTF could not translate the real address of the storage area or could not access the storage area.

In the message text:

area

The storage area being accessed. It can be one of the following:

TCW

Transport control word

TCAH

Transport command area header

DCW

Device command word

DCWCTL

Control data for a device command word

TCAT

Transport command area trailer

TSB

Transport status block

TIDAW

Transport indirect address word

DATA

Input or output data buffers

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record. GTF continues processing.

System programmer response

Check the logrec data set for GTF errors.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTFCXG

AHL013I**GTF ACTIVE FROM A PREVIOUS START COMMAND****Explanation**

The operator entered a START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF), but GTF is already active.

System action

The system ignores the second request to start GTF. The GTF that was previously started remains active.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHL015I**{STAE|ESTAE} REQUEST UNSUCCESSFUL****Explanation**

The recovery environment requested by the generalized trace facility (GTF) was not established.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Ensure that the region size is adequate for GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHL016I

GTF INITIALIZATION UNSUCCESSFUL

Explanation

Initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF) failed. A previous message indicates the exact cause of the problem.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

See the previous message.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHLTMON

AHL018A

GTF UNABLE TO INITIALIZE ON ALL CPUS, REPLY U OR END

Explanation

Initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF) has failed. GTF could not initialize the control register, register 8, of one or more active processors. Continued tracing result in incomplete trace information being collected.

Possibly GTF could not initialize register 8 because the processor was stopped. Refer to message AHL133I for processors that were not initialized.

System action

GTF initialization or completion does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Reply **U** to continue GTF initialization or **END** to begin GTF completion.

System programmer response

If all processors are running, collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTMON

AHL019I

SETEVENT SERVICE FAILED, RETURN CODE =*return-code*

Explanation

Initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF) failed. The return code in the message text gives the reason:

18X

The GTF routine that monitors events to be traced is ending.

20X

A GTF routine was not in the link pack area (LPA). GTF issues message IEA950I to identify the missing module.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

If the return code is 18X and GTF is active and does not end, stop GTF.

System programmer response

Collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTFI.

AHL020I

RSMGR SERVICE FAILED. RETURN CODE =*return-code*

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) attempted to establish a resource manager to monitor the GTF address space, but failed.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code from the resource manager service.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL024I | UNALLOWABLE BUF VALUE. MINIMAL DEFAULT 10 IS ASSIGNED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The BUF parameter on the START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF) is incorrect. The BUF parameter specified a buffer value less than the minimum allowed.

System action

GTF initialization continues with a default value of 10 buffers.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL025I | UNALLOWABLE BUF VALUE. MAXIMUM DEFAULT 255 IS ASSIGNED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The BUF parameter on the START command for the generalized trace facility (GTF) specified a value greater than 255.

System action

GTF initialization continues with a default value of 255 buffers.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL026I | ESTAE REQUEST FOR AHLWTASK UNSUCCESSFUL |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The recovery environment requested by the generalized trace facility (GTF) was not established.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF and issues other messages.

System programmer response

Look at the messages in the job log. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWTASK

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL027I | INSUFFICIENT STORAGE FOR AHLWTASK INITIALIZATION |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF) failed. The system queue area (SQA) is not large enough.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Ensure that there is sufficient SQA storage for GTF. Restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWTASK

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| AHL030I | INSUFFICIENT CSA FOR GTF |
|----------------|---------------------------------|

Explanation

An attempt by the generalized trace facility (GTF) to obtain common storage area (CSA) storage has failed.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

Record this message and contact the system programmer.

System programmer response

Modify the GTF BLOK keyword in the JCL to limit the amount of common storage area (CSA) storage that GTF will use for the collection of trace entries.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

AHL031I

GTF INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

Explanation

Initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF) completed successfully.

System action

GTF continues processing.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTMON

AHL032I

INSUFFICIENT ADDRESS SPACE FOR GTF

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), a GETMAIN instruction for subpool 0-127 failed.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Make the necessary space available to GTF and restart.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

AHL033I

INSUFFICIENT SQA FOR GTF

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), a GETMAIN for buffers in the system queue area (SQA) failed.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Make the necessary space available to GTF and restart.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

AHL034I

GTF BUFFER MANAGER TERMINATING ON ERROR CONDITION

Explanation

During generalized trace facility (GTF) initialization, a GTF recovery routine was invoked for reasons other than alternate CPU recovery (ACR).

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Examine SVC dumps provided by GTF and other problem determination information to determine the reason why the recovery routine was entered.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLBFMGR

AHL035I

GTF TRACE [WRITER] UNABLE TO LOAD *nnnnnnnn*

Explanation

A LOAD instruction issued during generalized trace facility (GTF) processing failed.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

Name of module that could not be loaded.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Determine why the module named in the message text (*nnnnnnnn*) could not be loaded and correct the condition.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

AHL036I

GTF DATA FLOW BLOCKED. FIX {FAILED|ATTEMPTED}

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) has detected an error in a common storage area (CSA) that GTF uses to copy trace data and is attempting to correct it.

Note: GTF completion be indefinitely delayed. If this happens, there will be no impact to the system outside GTF.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

A single occurrence of this message needs no action; however, repeated occurrences indicate a problem. Examine the SVC dump provided and determine why the use count of the GTFBLOKs is not going to zero.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLBFMGR

AHL037I

GTF BUFFER MANAGER UNABLE TO ESTABLISH ESTAE

Explanation

The recovery environment requested by the generalized trace facility (GTF) was not established.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Restart GTF and if the problem recurs, examine the SVC dump and determine why the ESTAE request failed.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLBFMGR

AHL038I

GTF WRITER UNABLE TO OPEN IEFDRER

Explanation

During generalized trace facility (GTF) processing, the system attempted to open a data set, but failed.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Verify that a valid trace data set was specified and restart GTF. If the problem recurs, determine why the data set cannot be opened or try another trace data set.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWWRIT

AHL039I**IEFRDER DD STATEMENT MISSING****Explanation**

The IEFRDER DD statement did not correctly specify a device for the generalized trace facility (GTF) trace data set.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Ensure that a valid IEFRDER DD statement was specified in the GTF procedure when starting GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWWRIT, AHLCWRIT, AHLGTFI

AHL040**NOT A LEGAL FORM OF THE MACRO. CHECK THE MF =****Explanation**

During generalized trace facility (GTF) processing, an incorrect parameter was specified on the MF keyword of the GTRACE macro. L (for the list form) and E (for the execute form) are the only correct parameters.

System action

The system does not expand the macro.

Programmer response

Correct the MF keyword, specifying a valid parameter (L or E). Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

AHL041**LNG = KEYWORD MISSING****Explanation**

The GTRACE macro could not be fully expanded because the LNG keyword is not specified. If the standard form of the GTRACE macro is being used, the LNG keyword must be specified with a valid parameter.

System action

The system partially expands the macro; expansion stops following detection of the omission.

Programmer response

Correct the GTRACE macro, specifying the LNG keyword with a valid parameter. A valid parameter is any decimal integer in the range 1 to 256. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| AHL042 | PAGEIN= KEYWORD MISSPECIFIED |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

In the GTRACE macro, the PAGEIN keyword was specified incorrectly. Valid values are YES and NO.

Programmer response

Change the PAGEIN parameter on the GTRACE macro to a valid value.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| AHL044 | DATA= KEYWORD MISSING |
|---------------|------------------------------|

Explanation

In the GTRACE macro, the DATA keyword is not specified. If the standard form of the GTRACE macro is being used, the DATA keyword must be specified with a valid parameter.

System action

The system partially expands the macro; expansion stops following detection of the error.

Programmer response

Correct the GTRACE macro, specifying the DATA keyword with a valid parameter. Valid parameters are a register number in parentheses or an A-type address constant. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

| | |
|---------------|---|
| AHL045 | MF= E, PARAMETER SPECIFICATION MISSING |
|---------------|---|

Explanation

In the GTRACE macro, the parameter specification for the MF keyword is incomplete. If the execute form of the GTRACE macro is being used, the address of the parameter list must be included as part of the MF operand.

System action

The system does not expand the macro.

System programmer response

Correct the GTRACE macro, specifying the address of the parameter list as part of the MF operand. Specify the address observing the syntax rules governing address specification for an RX-type instruction, or one of the general registers 1-12, previously loaded with the address. For example, if the address of the parameter list is in register 1, MF= (E,(1)) should be specified. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| AHL048 | ID= KEYWORD MISSING |
|---------------|----------------------------|

Explanation

In the GTRACE macro, the ID keyword is not specified. The ID keyword must be specified for either form (standard or execute) of the GTRACE macro.

System action

The system partially expands the macro; expansion stops following detection of the error.

System programmer response

Correct the GTRACE macro, specifying the ID keyword with the appropriate value. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

GTRACE

| | |
|---------------|--|
| AHL052 | INSUFFICIENT KEYWORD PARAMETERS |
|---------------|--|

Explanation

In the HOOK macro, the EID keyword is not specified. This keyword must be included.

System action

The system does not expand the macro.

System programmer response

Correct the HOOK macro, specifying the EID keyword with a valid symbolic value. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

HOOK

| | |
|--------|-----------------------|
| AHL053 | INVALID TYPE= KEYWORD |
|--------|-----------------------|

Explanation

In the HOOK macro, a parameter other than P, BP, BPN, T, or BT is specified for the TYPE keyword.

System action

The system does not expand the macro.

System programmer response

Correct the TYPE keyword, specifying a valid value. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

HOOK

| | |
|--------|----------------------|
| AHL055 | INVALID EID= KEYWORD |
|--------|----------------------|

Explanation

In the HOOK macro, an incorrect value is specified for the EID keyword.

System action

The system does not expand the macro.

System programmer response

Correct the EID keyword, specifying a valid symbolic value. Rerun the job.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

HOOK

| | |
|--------|---------------------|
| AHL057 | ECB KEYWORD MISSING |
|--------|---------------------|

Explanation

In the AHLREAD macro, the ECB keyword is missing.

System programmer response

Code the missing keyword on the macro and recompile.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLREAD

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| AHL058 | DATA AREA KEYWORD MISSING |
|---------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

In the AHLREAD macro, the DATA AREA keyword is missing.

System programmer response

Code the missing DATA AREA keyword on the macro and recompile.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLREAD

| | |
|---------------|--|
| AHL060 | NO NAME OPTION SPECIFIED ON STANDARD FORM |
|---------------|--|

Explanation

On the SETEVENT macro, a full set of options must be specified on standard form of the macro. The name field is missing on this invocation.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| AHL061 | NO MCQE ADDRESS SPECIFIED |
|---------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

The MCQE address returned by SETEVENT service on the first invocation of the SETEVENT macro must be specified on all later invocations of this macro. If this is the first invocation, this address must be zero.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL062**SOME EID TYPE SPECIFIED WITH FREE OR ACTIVAT**

Explanation

On the SETEVENT macro, FREE and ACTIVAT are related on the entire MCQE chain. Therefore, single EIDs or classes of EIDs be specified with these two actions.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL063**NO ACTION SPECIFIED ON STANDARD FORM**

Explanation

On the SETEVENT macro, a full set of options must be specified on the STANDARD form. The ACTION option is missing.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL064**NO EIDAD OR CLASSAD SPECIFIED ON STANDARD FORM**

Explanation

On the SETEVENT macro, a full set of options must be specified on the STANDARD form. Both EIDAD and CLASSAD are missing. At least one of these must be specified.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL065 ACTION OPTION INVALID**Explanation**

On the SETEVENT macro, the contents of the ACTION field is not one of the valid options.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL066 NO ADDRESS SPECIFIED WITH MF (E) OR MF (M)**Explanation**

When the execute form of the SETEVENT macro is used, the address of the parameter list to be completed must be provided. This is missing on this invocation.

System programmer response

Correct the macro and recompile. The macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL067 NO PARAMETER LIST NAME SPECIFIED**Explanation**

When the list form of the SETEVENT macro is used, a name must be included, which the macro uses to name the parameter list. This name was not specified in this case.

System programmer response

Correct this condition and recompile. This macro generates no code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL068

INVALID MACRO FORM SPECIFIED WITH MF KEYWORD

Explanation

The invocation of the SETEVENT macro specified a character other than E (for execute), L (for list), or M (for modify) on the MF keyword.

System action

The system does not expand the macro and the compilation fails.

System programmer response

Recode the macro with the proper form on the MF keyword and recompile.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

SETEVENT

AHL069I

SYS1.PARMLIB SHOULD BE USED IN SYSLIB DD. INPUT IGNORED.

Explanation

The user has not specified SYS1.PARMLIB as input for the SYSLIB DD statement. Input is ignored.

System action

The SYS1.PARMLIB data set will not be used to supply the trace options to the GTF.

Operator response

Trace options can be entered at the console.

System programmer response

Specify SYS1.PARMLIB as input for the SYSLIB DD statement.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL070I

INVALID DEVICE TYPE FOR TRACE DATA SET

Explanation

The trace data set defined by the IEFRDER DD statement in the generalized trace facility (GTF) procedure is allocated with an incorrect device type. It must be allocated to a tape or direct access storage device (DASD).

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Ensure that the trace data set, as defined by the IEFRDER DD statement in the GTF procedure, is allocated to a tape or DASD.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHL071I **LOAD FAILED FOR MODULE *mod*, *yyy* *return-code***

Explanation

During generalized trace facility (GTF) initialization, a LOAD macro issued for the specified module failed.

In the message text:

mod

Name of module that could not be loaded.

yyy

Abend code associated with this message.

return-code

Reason code issued with the abend.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

Restart GTF.

System programmer response

Refer to [z/OS MVS System Codes](#) for an explanation of the abend code and the reason code.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

AHL074A **INCORRECT SADMP VALUE. REENTER ALL PARAMETERS OR REPLY U**

Explanation

The value specified for the SADMP keyword on the START GTF command is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

The correct range for the stand-alone dump keyword is zero to 2048M-400K. Reenter all parameters, or reply **U** to request all default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL075A | INCORRECT SDUMP VALUE. REENTER ALL PARAMETERS OR REPLY U |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The value specified for the SVC dump keyword on the START GTF command is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

The correct range for the SVC dump keyword is zero to the maximum amount specified by the stand-alone dump keyword. Reenter all parameters, or reply **U** to request all default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL076A | INCORRECT ABDUMP VALUE. REENTER ALL PARAMETERS OR REPLY U |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The value specified for the abend dump keyword on the START GTF command is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

The correct range for the SVC dump keyword is zero to the maximum amount specified by the stand-alone dump keyword. Reenter all parameters, or reply **U** to request all default values.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL077A | THE BUF KEYWORD IS NO LONGER VALID, IT WILL BE IGNORED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The BUF keyword is no longer an accepted keyword for the START GTF command.

System action

GTF initialization continues with default values.

Operator response

Use the stand-alone dump, SVC dump, or abend dump keyword instead of BUF. Tell your system programmer that BUF is no longer acceptable, and to replace any BUF keywords for START GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL078A | INCORRECT SIZE VALUE. REENTER ALL PARAMETERS OR REPLY U |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The value specified for the size keyword on the START GTF command is not correct.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

The correct range for the size keyword is 1M to 2046M. Reenter all parameters, or reply U to request all default values. The default value is 4M.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL079I | GTF NO LONGER ACCEPTS 'TIME=NO'. GTF WILL CONTINUE WITH TIME STAMPS IN ALL OUTPUT RECORDS. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

In the EXEC statement of the cataloged procedure for the generalized trace facility (GTF), or in the START command for GTF, TIME=NO was specified in the GTF parameters.

System action

GTF initialization continues. GTF disregards TIME=NO and puts time stamps in all output records.

Operator response

When starting GTF, do not specify TIME=NO.

System programmer response

Remove any TIME=NO specifications from the JCL statements in the cataloged procedures for GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

AHL080I

GTF STORAGE USED FOR GTF DATA: ¹⁵

Explanation

Where *text* is:

```
GTFBLOCK STORAGE cccck BYTES  
GTFBLOCK STORAGE cccck BYTES (BLOK=xxxx)  
PRIVATE STORAGE ppppK BYTES (SIZE=xxxx)  
SADMP HISTORY ssssK BYTES (SADMP=xxxx)  
SDUMP HISTORY vvvvK BYTES (SDUMP=xxxx)  
ABEND DUMP DATA aaaaK BYTES (ABDUMP=xxxx)
```

For holding generalized trace facility (GTF) data, GTF has obtained common storage and storage associated with the GTF address space. GTF will ensure that the specified amount of most recent data appears in a stand-alone dump, an SVC dump, or an ABEND or SNAP dump. These amounts have been specified by the BLOK, SIZE, SADMP, SDUMP, or ABDUMP GTF parameters; or GTF have used defaults.

In the message text:

ccccK

The number of bytes GTF has obtained from common storage.

ppppK

The number of bytes GTF has obtained from the GTF address space.

ssssK

The number of most recent bytes that will appear in a stand-alone dump.

vvvvK

The number of most recent bytes that will appear in an SVC dump.

aaaaK

The number of most recent bytes that will appear in an ABEND or SNAP dump.

xxxx

The specified or default values.

System action

GTF processing continues.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

AHL082I

GTF INTERFACE ERROR WITH TRACE WRITER, RETURN CODE=*return-code*

¹⁵ *text*

Explanation

An error occurred while the generalized trace facility (GTF) was writing trace data to an external data set.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code from the trace writer.

System action

The system issues message AHL007I and ends GTF execution.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLBFMGR

AHL084I

NO DD STATEMENT WAS FOUND FOR A GTF OUTPUT DATA SET.

Explanation

The JCL for the generalized trace facility (GTF) does not contain a usable DD statement for an output GTF data set. The ddname for an output GTF data set must either be IEFRDER or begin with the prefix GTFOUT. The ddname is incorrect or the specified data set is not acceptable to BSAM or the data set is one of the following: DUMMY data set, terminal allocation, SYSIN or SYSOUT data set.

The data organization specified on the DD DCB parameters must satisfy one of the following conditions:

- It is a conventional sequential data set on tape or DASD with DSORG of either PS (physical sequential) or PSU (physical sequential that contains location-dependent information).
- It is a VSAM data set.

System action

The system issues message AHL016I and ends GTF processing.

System programmer response

Ensure that the JCL for GTF contains at least one DD statement for a GTF data set. Restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) has attempted to locate its output data sets by using the information retrieval service of dynamic allocation (SVC 99), but the DYNALLOC macro has failed.

return-code

Return code from the DYNALLOC macro in general register 15.

reason-code

Reason code from the DYNALLOC macro.

System action

The system issues message AHL016I and ends GTF execution.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the return and reason codes specified in the message. See [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide](#) for the DYNALLOC macro return and reason codes.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

Explanation

The attempt by generalized trace facility (GTF) to initialize the trace writer has failed.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code from the trace writer service (in hexadecimal) as follows:

0

Initialization was successful.

8

There were no open data sets.

C

The GETMAIN operation failed.

14

The trace writer service abnormally ended.

System action

GTF will end after it issues message AHL016I.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem or look in logrec for any associated abends. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and report the return code from the trace writer service.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL089I | TOO MANY GTF OUTPUT DATA SETS - DDNAME <i>ddname</i> WILL NOT BE USED. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The JCL for the generalized trace facility (GTF) contains DD statements for more than 16 output data sets, but GTF can use only 16.

In the message text:

ddname

The ddname.

System action

GTF continues, but it will not use the data set with the ddname.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Remove the excess data sets from the JCL for GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI2

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL091I | THE SPECIFIED BLOK VALUE OF <i>value</i> IS TOO SMALL. GTF WILL USE THE MINIMUM VALUE OF 40K. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The specified BLOK value is insufficient for the generalized trace facility (GTF) processing to work.

In the message text:

value

The BLOK value.

System action

GTF continues, but it will use a minimum default value of 40 kilobytes for its BLOK storage.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL092I | THE SPECIFIED SIZE VALUE OF <i>value</i> IS TOO SMALL. GTF WILL USE THE MINIMUM VALUE OF 1M. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The specified SIZE value is insufficient for the generalized trace facility (GTF) processing to work.

In the message text:

value

The SIZE value.

System action

GTF continues, but it will use a minimum default value of 1M for its Buffer size.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSCAN

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL093A | INVALID PFID SPECIFIED -- <i>pfid</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect PCIE function identifier (PFID). A PFID must be from 1 to 8 hexadecimal digits and be in the range of 0-FFFFFFFF.

In the message text:

pfid

The invalid PFID value that was specified (up to 8 hexadecimal digits).

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the PFID and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the PFID in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTPMT

AHL094A

**INCORRECT PFID RANGE STARTING at *pfid_first*, RESPECIFY AS
XXXXXXXX-YYYYYYYY.**

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect PCIE function identifier (PFID) range. The first PFID in the range must be lower than the second PFID in the range.

In the message text:

pfid_first

The first PFID in the range.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the PFID range and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the PFID range in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTPMT

AHL095A

LIMIT ERROR. EXCEEDED 256 PFIDS OR PFID RANGES

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, caused the maximum number of PCIE function identifiers (PFIDs) or PFID ranges to be exceeded. GTF only accepts up to 256 PFIDs or PFID ranges.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, enter all options on the line again, but remove some of the PFIDs or PFID ranges, or consolidate multiple PFIDs or PFID ranges into a single range. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, remove some of the PFIDs or PFID ranges, or consolidate multiple PFIDs or PFID ranges into a single range in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTPMT

AHL100A **SPECIFY TRACE OPTIONS**

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) issues this message to request that you enter trace options.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Enter `REPLY id,'TRACE=option, option,...,option'` to enter the trace options your installation needs.

Module

AHLTSCN

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL101A **SPECIFY TRACE EVENT KEYWORDS- *keywd=,...,keywd=***

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) issues this message to request that you enter the trace event keywords that correspond to the trace options specified in response to message AHL100A. Enter only the trace event keywords that appear in the message text. The keywords and their corresponding trace options are:

ASID=

ASIDP

CCW=

CCWP

IO=

IOP, SYSP

JOBNAME=

JOBNAMEP

PFID=

PFIDP

PI=

PIP, SYSP

SIO=

SIOP, SSCHP, SYSP

SSCH=

SSCHP, SIOP, SYSP

SVC=

SVCP, SYSP

USR=

USRP

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

To complete each keyword in the message text, enter:

R id,'keyword=(value,...,value), ..., keyword=(value,...,value)'

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL102A**CONTINUE TRACE DEFINITION OR REPLY END****Explanation**

The generalized trace facility (GTF) issues this message to allow the operator to continue or end the trace definition.

System action

GTF initialization does not continue until the operator responds to this message.

Operator response

Continue or end the trace definition. To continue the trace definition, enter:

R id,'keyword=(value,...,value), ..., keyword=(value,...,value)'

To end the trace definition, enter:

R id,'END'

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) issues this message to describe the selected trace options, shown as *keywd,keywd,...,keywd*. The keyword(s) correspond to the trace options specified in the response to message AHL100A or in the GTF parmlib member. If prompting is in effect, the keywords also indicate values provided in the parmlib member or in response to messages AHL101A and AHL102A.

In the message text:

keywd

The keyword.

value

The value specified for the keyword.

System action

GTF issues message AHL125A to allow you to accept or respecify the trace options.

Operator response

If the values do not indicate the trace options your installation needs, you can specify the correct options in response to message AHL125A.

Module

AHLT103

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL100A or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member did not specify the TRACE keyword. TRACE is a required keyword.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source. If NOPROMPT is in effect, GTF terminates.

Operator response

If GTF has not terminated, enter `REPLY id,'TRACE=option,option,...,option'` to enter the TRACE keyword. If GTF has terminated, restart GTF and supply the TRACE keyword. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, specify the TRACE keyword on a control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTSCN

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL105A

SYNTAX ERROR. IMPROPER DELIMITER

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL100A, AHL101A, or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, contains incorrect punctuation.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source. If NOPROMPT is in effect, GTF terminates.

Operator response

If GTF has not terminated, reply to this message to correct the punctuation error. If GTF has terminated, restart GTF and supply correct information. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the punctuation error in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTSCN

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL106A

NO OPTIONS SPECIFIED

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) did not detect any TRACE options in the response to message AHL100A or in any control statement provided in the GTF parmlib member. Either a blank separates the TRACE keyword from its options, or no options follow the TRACE keyword.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source. If NOPROMPT is in effect, GTF terminates.

Operator response

If GTF has not terminated, enter `REPLY id,'TRACE=option,option,...,option'` to enter the TRACE options. If GTF has terminated, restart GTF and supply the TRACE options. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, specify the TRACE options on a control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTSCNL

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| AHL107A | SYNTAX ERROR. MISSING COMMA |
|----------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL100A, AHL101A, or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, is missing a required comma.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, supply the missing comma. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, supply the missing comma in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL108A | INVALID OPTION SPECIFIED -- <i>opt</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL100A or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member contained an incorrect option.

In the message text:

opt

The incorrect option.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source. If NOPROMPT is in effect, GTF terminates.

Operator response

If GTF has not terminated, enter `REPLY id,'TRACE=option,option,...,option'` to correct the option. If GTF has terminated, restart GTF and supply the correct options. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, specify the correct option on a control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTSCN

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL109A

INVALID DEVICE SPECIFIED -- *dev*

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect device number in one of the following parameters:

- IO=
- SSCH=
- SIO=
- IO=SSCH=
- IO=SIO=

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the device number and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the device number in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL110A

INVALID EVENT KEYWORD SPECIFIED

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect event keyword.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the event keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, supply the correct keyword in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL111A

UNBALANCED PARENTHESIS IN KEYWORD *keywd*

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, contained an unbalanced parenthesis for keyword *keywd*.

In the message text:

keywd

Keyword containing an unbalanced parenthesis.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, supply the missing parenthesis and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, supply the missing parenthesis in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL112A | UNALLOWABLE KEYWORD FOR THE PROMPTING SEQUENCE -- <i>keywd</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, contained a keyword (*keywd*) that was not specified in the TRACE options used to start the generalized trace facility (GTF).

In the message text:

keywd

Keyword is not allowed for the prompting sequence.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, specify only options noted in message AHL101A and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the error in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL113A | LMT ERROR. EXCEEDED 256 DEVICES FOR IO= |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified more than 256 device numbers for the IO keyword.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the IO keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the IO keyword in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL114A | LMT ERROR. EXCEEDED 256 DEVICES FOR SSCH= |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified more than 256 device numbers for the SSCH or SIO keyword.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the SSCH or SIO keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the SSCH or SIO keyword in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL115A | INVALID INTERRUPT CODE SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect interruption code for the PI keyword.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the interruption code in the PI keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the interruption code in the PI keyword in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL116A | INVALID {SVC USR} NUMBER SPECIFIED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect value for the SVC or USR keyword. If SVC appears in the message text, an SVC number specified in the SVC keyword is greater than 255. If USR (user) appears in the message text, a user event number specified in the USR keyword is less than X'000' or greater than X'FFF'.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the SVC or USR keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the SVC or USR keyword in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL117A**LMT ERROR. EXCEEDED 50 {SVC|USR|PI} NUMBERS**

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified too many prompting values. Depending on the message text, one of the following is true:

SVC

The number of SVCs specified is greater than 50.

USR

The number of USRs specified is greater than 50.

PI

The number of PIs specified is greater than 50.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct the number of prompting values and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the number of prompting values in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL118I**ERROR IN AHLTxxxx yyy [zzzzzzING] DISABLED. TIME=hh.mm.ss
[DUMP ATTEMPT {SUCCESSFUL|UNSUCCESSFUL}]**

Explanation

An error has occurred in the generalized trace facility (GTF) module AHLTxxxx while attempting to gather data for event yyy.

In the message text:

AHLTxxxx

Module in which error occurred.

yyy

Event for which GTF was gathering data when error occurred.

zzzzzzING

Specifies whether it is the tracing or the filtering which has been disabled. If filtering has been disabled, all events of type yyy will be traced.

For module AHLTDIR, the error occurred while attempting to save trace data for ABDUMP/SNAP or SVCDUMP.

In the message text:

zzzzzzING

Indicates ABDUMPing for ABDUMP/SNAP or SDUMPing for SVCDUMP.

yyy

Indicates TRT.

This message also indicates whether or not GTF's attempt to take an SVC dump to record the error was successful.

System programmer response

Stop GTF. Specify EXT mode, DEBUG=YES, and the same trace options specified for GTF. Enter the IPCS GTFTRACE subcommand. The input for GTFTRACE is the trace data set.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTDIR

AHL119I**ERROR IN GTF MODULE AHLWTASK****Explanation**

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), the write to operator (WTO) function encountered an unrecoverable error.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF and issues other messages.

System programmer response

Look at the messages in the job log. Collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Obtain the logrec data set error records. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWTASK

AHL120A**INCORRECT keyword RANGE STARTING at dddd, RESPECIFY AS xxxx-
yyyy**

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL100A, AHL101A, or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect range. The range specified for the IO, SSCH, or IO=SSCH keyword must be in the form xxxx-yyyy or xxxx:yyyy, and xxxx must be less than or equal to yyyy.

In the message text:

keyword

The GTF keyword IO, SSCH, or IO=SSCH.

dddd

The first four characters of the incorrect range parameter.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, correct range values and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the range values in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL121I | TRACE OPTION INPUT INDICATED FROM MEMBER <i>memname</i> of PDS <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The user has indicated that the trace options for the generalized trace facility (GTF) are to be provided by a member of the specified data set.

In the message text:

memname

The name of the member.

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

GTF will receive trace options from the trace option data set specified and not from the system console.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

AHL122I

MEMBER NOT SPECIFIED. TRACE OPTION DATASET IGNORED.

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), a member name was not found on the DD statement for the trace option data set.

System action

The trace option data set is not used to supply trace options to GTF.

Operator response

Trace options must be entered by way of the master console.

System programmer response

Include a valid member name in the trace option data set DD statement.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

AHL123I

MEMBER *memname* NOT FOUND. TRACE OPTION DATASET IGNORED.

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), the member indicated on the DD statement for the trace option data set was not found in that data set.

In the message text:

memname

The name of the member.

System action

The trace option data set will not be used to supply trace options to GTF.

Operator response

Trace options must be entered by way of the master console.

System programmer response

Include a valid member name in the trace option data set DD statement.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

AHL124I

GTF TRACE OPTION DATASET INPUT ERROR

Explanation

During initialization, the generalized trace facility (GTF) found an error in the trace options specified in the trace option data set, the GTF parmlib member.

System action

GTF ignores the trace options specified in the GTF parmlib data set and issues an operator message to describe the error.

Operator response

To correct the error, respond to the message that describes the error and enter trace options through the master console. Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the message in the job stream list to identify the error. Correct the error in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTSCN

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL125A

RESPECIFY TRACE OPTIONS OR REPLY U

Explanation

During initialization, the generalized trace facility (GTF) issues this message to allow you to accept or reject the trace options GTF will use. Message AHL103I lists the trace options GTF will use.

System action

The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until you respond to this message.

Operator response

If the trace options listed in message AHL103I are not correct for your installation, specify the trace options again, beginning with TRACE. If the trace options are correct, reply **U** to continue initialization.

Module

AHLTCTL1

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

During initialization, the generalized trace facility (GTF) detected that at least one qualifier trace option was specified without the option it qualifies. The qualifier options are ASIDP, CCW, CCWP, JOBNAMEP, PCI, and TRC. These options cannot stand alone; they can only qualify other trace options.

System action

GTF ignores all options on the line in the response or control statement that contains the error. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In your reply to this message, enter the trace options again, correcting the problem with the qualifier options. If you are unable to resolve the error, or if the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If you can resolve the error, correct the operator response or GTF control statement that caused the error, then restart GTF. If these actions do not solve the problem, obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module

AHLTSCN

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) detected an I/O error while reading the trace option data set.

In the message text:

text

Describes the error: device number, I/O operation, error condition, and access method used.

System action

The trace options specified on the trace option data set are disregarded.

Operator response

Enter the trace options from the master console.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

Explanation

A generalized trace facility (GTF) module was not found.

In the message text:

mod

The module that could not be loaded.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

System programmer response

Use the linkage editor to put the missing GTF module *mod* into the system. Restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) could not continue initialization because of an input/output error encountered during the loading of a module.

In the message text:

mod

The module that could not be loaded.

System action

GTF abnormally ends.

Operator response

Correct the input/output error. Restart GTF.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), a shortage of virtual storage caused initialization to abnormally end.

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF.

Operator response

Increase the region size and restart GTF.

Note: Make sure that the buffer space is not too large.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLGTFI

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL131I | GTF TRACE OPTION DATASET ERROR DURING OPEN -- <i>nnn</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), an error occurred while the trace option data set was being opened.

In the message text:

nnn

The system completion code.

System action

Trace options will not be supplied to the GTF by the trace option data set.

Operator response

All options must be specified from the master console.

System programmer response

See the system programmer response for completion code *nnn*.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL132I | MC ROUTING FACILITY TERMINATING ON ERROR CONDITION |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The system encountered an unrecoverable error while attempting to handle monitor call processing.

System action

The system attempts to end GTF. The system issues other messages which indicate the exact problem.

Operator response

If GTF is active, and does not end, the operator should stop it.

System programmer response

Look at the messages in the job log. Collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSETEV

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL133I | SETEVENT UNABLE TO INITIALIZE CPU <i>xxx</i> FOR <i>yyyyyyyy</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Initialization of a processor failed.

In the message text:

xxx

The processor that could not be initialized.

yyyyyyyy

Component attempting to initialize the processor.

System action

All other active processors are initialized.

System programmer response

Collect all printed output and output data sets related to the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLSETEV

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL135A | INVALID EVENT SPECIFIED FOR KEYWORD <i>keywd</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member, specified an event that is not valid for the keyword shown in the message.

In the message text:

keywd

The keyword.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In reply to this message, correct the event for the keyword and enter all options on the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the control statement in the GTF parmlib member to specify the correct keyword event, then restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL136I | INVALID RESPONSE TO MSG AHL125A |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During GTF initialization, the operator did not reply **TRACE=option,option,...** or **U** in response to message AHL125A.

System action

The system reissues message AHL125A.

Operator response

Enter correct reply to message AHL125A.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCTL1

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL138I | SIO TRACE OPTION REPLACED BY SSCH TRACE OPTION |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During generalized trace facility (GTF) initialization, GTF received a request to trace start input/output (SIO) events. In MVS/XA, the start subchannel (SSCH) event replaced the SIO event. To maintain compatibility with MVS/370 procedures, GTF accepts the SIO request and treats it as a SSCH trace option request.

System action

GTF initialization continues.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTSCN

AHL140D

RESPECIFY VALUE FOR INVALID PARAMETER *parm*

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL100A, AHL101A, or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, contains a parameter has an incorrect value.

In the message text:

parm

One of the following:

CCWN

The value of CCWN (the number of CCWs traced) is greater than 512.

DATA

The value of DATA (the number of data bytes traced) is greater than 32767.

PCITAB

The value of PCITAB (the size of program controlled interrupt table) is 0 or greater than 9.

System action

GTF does not accept the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

Reply to this message to correct the parameter value. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the parameter value in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

AHL141D

INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED FOR CCW KEYWORD, RESPECIFY PARAMETERS

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), a response to message AHL100A, AHL101A, or AHL102A, or a control statement in the GTF parmlib member, contains an incorrect value. GTF issues this message for misspellings, missing commas, duplicate entries, incorrect parameter values, and the like.

System action

GTF ignores all keywords and values on the response or control statement. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

In reply to this message, correct the error and enter the line again. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL142D | A SPECIFIED JOBNAME IS INVALID, RESPECIFY PARAMETERS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect job name for the JOBNAME parameter. The job name is incorrect because it contains an unacceptable character or too many characters. A valid job name is 1 to 8 characters. The characters must be alphabetic (A to Z), numeric (1 to 9 and 0), or national (#, @, and \$). The first character of the job name must be alphabetic or national.

System action

GTF ignores all the job names that the operator specified in response to message AHL101A or AHL102A. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

If you are entering the control statements through the system console, correct the job name error and respecify the jobnames. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member, specified more than 5 job names for the JOBNAME parameter or more than 5 address space identifiers for the ASID parameter.

System action

GTF ignores all job names or address space identifiers (ASIDs) specified in response to AHL101A or AHL102A. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

If you are entering the control statements through the system console, enter the response again, specifying the correct number of job names or address space identifiers. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Explanation

For the generalized trace facility (GTF), the response to message AHL101A or AHL102A, or the control statements in the GTF parmlib member, specified an incorrect address space identifier for the ASID parameter. The ASID is not valid because of one of the following conditions:

- The ASID value contains a character that is not a valid hexadecimal character.
- The value of the ASID is greater than the largest valid ASID value. The system initialization parameter, MAXUSER, defines the largest valid ASID value.
- The ASID is 0.

System action

GTF ignores all the address space identifiers that the operator specified in response to message AHL101A or AHL102A. The system continues processing, but GTF initialization does not continue until the error is corrected. If the error occurred in the GTF parmlib member, the system issues message AHL124I to identify the error source.

Operator response

If you are entering the control statements through the system console, correct the ASID error and respecify the address space identifiers. If the error is in the GTF parmlib member, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If a GTF control statement caused the error, correct the control statement in the GTF parmlib member and restart GTF.

Module

AHLTPMT

Module

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL145I | ERROR IN JOBNAME OR ASID FILTERING, GTF TERMINATED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred during initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF).

System action

The system abnormally ends GTF and attempts to take an SVC dump.

Operator response

If you wish, start GTF again without JOBNAME filtering or ASID filtering.

System programmer response

Obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTSELF

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL146I | THE EXPECTED CCW AT SCSW-8 WAS NOT FOUND DURING THE CCW SCAN, TRACING WAS FORCED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During tracing of an input/output (I/O) interrupt by the generalized trace facility (GTF), GTF traced from the beginning of the channel program to find the channel command word (CCW) pointed to by SCSW-8 (channel status word). GTF could not find the CCW. This happens if:

- A program controlled interrupt (PCI) disabled interrupt exit (DIE) modified the channel program.
- GTF traced the number of CCWs that the number of CCWs traced (CCWN) specified before finding SCSW-8.

System action

GTF traces the CCW pointed to by SCSW-8. GTF also traces the data that certain fields of the CCW pointed to by SCSW-8 reference. These fields are the data address and count fields. For further information on these fields and the data they reference, see the CCW section in *Principles of Operation*

Usually, when GTF issues this message, GTF cannot trace the entire channel program. GTF cannot tell if the traced CCW (the one pointed to by SCSW-8), is using the command code of a previous CCW. In other words, GTF

cannot tell if the CCW is part of a data chain. Thus, the CCW command code might be incorrect. Because GTF cannot check the CCW command code, the I/O operation might not transfer data.

System programmer response

Obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL147I | ERROR IN RECORD COUNT, THERE BE LOST EVENTS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), a record was detected out of sequence during record formatting. The system places all channel command word (CCW) trace records into sequence. The user should scan the GTF output for a GTF lost event record.

System action

GTF continues processing.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AMDSYS07

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL148I | THE ADDRESS OF THE CHANNEL PROGRAM IS NOT VALID. THE CHANNEL PROGRAM CANNOT BE TRACED. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During tracing of a channel program, GTF encountered one of the following problems with the real address of the beginning of the channel program:

- The generalized trace facility (GTF) could not translate the real address into a valid virtual address.
- GTF translated the real address into a virtual address but could not translate the virtual address back to the same real address.
- The real address is not the address of a doubleword boundary.
- On an end-of-sense-information interrupt, the channel command word (CCW) address (the real address), for non-zHPF channel programs, or the transport control word (TCW) address, for zHPF channel programs, in the subchannel status word (SCSW) is zero.

You can find the real address of the beginning of the channel program either in the operation request block (ORB), the program controlled interrupt (PCI) table, the SCSW, or the I/O supervisor block (IOSB).

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF trace data set as a GTF trace record. GTF writes the contents of the IOSB to the GTF trace data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) work area is present, the system writes the ERP work area to the GTF trace data set. GTF continues processing.

System programmer response

If the condition persists:

- Examine the start subchannel (SSCH) record associated with the missing CCW or TCW chain for an incorrect CCW or TCW.
- Examine the IOSB that GTF wrote to the GTF trace data set.
- Examine the logrec data set for errors in GTF modules.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG, AHLTFCXG

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL149I | CHANNEL PROGRAM NOT COMPLETED WITHIN SPECIFIED XXXXX [CCWS DCWS] |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During initialization of the generalized trace facility (GTF), GTF could not trace the entire channel program.

In the message text:

xxxxx
The value of the number of channel command words (CCWs) or device command words (DCWs) traced (CCWN) keyword specified at GTF initialization time. If CCWN is not specified at GTF initialization time, xxxxx is 50, the default value.

System action

GTF issues this message to the trace data set as a trace record. GTF continues processing. GTF has traced xxxxx CCWs or DCWs, which it writes to the GTF output data set. GTF also writes the input/output supervisor block (IOSB) to the GTF output data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) work area is present, GTF writes the ERP work area to the GTF output data set.

System programmer response

Increase the value of the CCWN keyword if you want to see more of the channel program.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG, AHLTFCXG

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL150I | THE PCI TABLE IS FULL. TRACE USES THE ADDRESS IN IOSB AS THE CHANNEL PROGRAM START. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A program controlled interrupt (PCI) occurred. There is no entry in the PCI table for this interrupt and there is no empty slot to make an entry for this interrupt.

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record.

System programmer response

Increase the size of the PCI table by increasing the value of PCITAB, a CCW keyword.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL151I | THE ADDRESS OF THE CCW IS NOT VALID. THERE IS A BREAK IN THE CCW CHAIN. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) attempted to trace a channel command word (CCW). One of the following is true about the real address of the CCW:

- GTF could not translate the real address into a valid virtual address.
- GTF translated the real address into a virtual address but then could not translate the virtual address back to the same real address.
- The boundary of the storage location containing the real address is not a doubleword boundary.

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record.

GTF places 8 bytes (a doubleword) of zeros in the slot reserved for the CCW. GTF places the incorrect real address in the field that normally contains the CCW address. GTF writes the I/O supervisor block (IOSB) to the GTF output data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) is present, GTF writes the ERP to the GTF output data set. GTF continues processing.

System programmer response

Obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| AHL152I | DATA COULD NOT BE TRACED |
|----------------|---------------------------------|

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) could not trace the data associated with the current channel command word (CCW). This is because GTF could not translate the real address of the data to a virtual address or translate the virtual address back to a real address.

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record.

GTF writes the input/output supervisor block (IOSB) to the GTF output data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) workarea is present, GTF writes the ERP work area to the GTF output data set. GTF continues processing.

System programmer response

This message occurs frequently while GTF traces the I/O activity of a paging data set. If this message occurs frequently for I/O that is not paging I/O, check logrec data set for GTF errors.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL153I | UNABLE TO OBTAIN SENSE INFORMATION ON AN END-OF-SENSE I/O INTERRUPT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The generalized trace facility (GTF) cannot trace the sense information because of one of the following:

- The address of the sense bytes is zero.
- CSW-8 (channel status word) does not point to a sense channel command word (CCW).

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record.

GTF traces the CCW and writes the input/output supervisor block (IOSB) to the GTF output data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) is present, GTF writes it to the GTF output data set. GTF continues processing, but ends this channel program trace.

System programmer response

Obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL154I | ON AN I/O INTERRUPT, THE SCSW CONTAINS AN INVALID ADDRESS. TRACING CONTINUES AS FAR AS POSSIBLE. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The channel command word (CCW) address in the subchannel status word (SCSW) is not valid because of one of the following:

- The generalized trace facility (GTF) could not translate the real address of the last CCW into a valid virtual address.
- GTF translated the real address of the last CCW into a virtual address but could not translate the virtual address back to the same real address.
- The CCW address is not the address of a doubleword.
- The CCW address is zero. This occurs when there is a simulated interrupt after a missing interrupt is detected.

System action

GTF issues this message to the GTF output data set as a trace record. GTF traces the channel program, as long as it finds valid CCWs or until it traces the maximum number of CCWs as specified by the CCWN parameter. GTF writes the IOSB to the GTF output data set. If an error recovery program (ERP) work area is present, GTF writes it to the GTF output data set.

System programmer response

Obtain the SYSOUT output for the job. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTCCWG

AHL155I

GTF TERMINATING - ALL DATA SETS FULL AND NOWRAP IN EFFECT

Explanation

The GTF trace writer ended because NOWRAP was in effect and all data sets were full.

System action

The system terminates the GTF trace external writer.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL901I**BLOCK SIZE *blocksize* IS TOO SMALL. TRACE WRITER WILL NOT USE
DATA SET: *dsname*****Explanation**

The specified block size for a generalized trace facility (GTF) data set is less than the minimum block size of 4096 bytes.

In the message text:

blocksize

The block size.

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

Trace writer initialization will continue if there are other data sets to use; if there are none, the trace writer initialization ends.

System programmer response

Make sure that the data sets you specify for GTF output have a blocksize of at least 4096.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL902I**INSUFFICIENT ADDRESS SPACE FOR TRACE WRITER.****Explanation**

During trace writer initialization, a GETMAIN for subpool 0-127 failed.

System action

Trace writer initialization will be ended.

Operator response

Record the message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Make the necessary address space available and restart.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL903I**TRKCALC UNSUCCESSFUL, *ddname* DD STATEMENT INVALID**

Explanation

During trace writer initialization, an incorrect DD statement caused initialization to fail.

In the message text:

ddname

The incorrect ddname.

System action

Trace writer initialization ends.

Operator response

Record the message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement for the specified *ddname* is valid.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL904I

THE FOLLOWING TRACE DATASETS CONTAIN TRACE DATA:

Explanation

The trace data sets containing valid trace data are indicated by the data set names listed in the message. The data set names correspond to those data sets that contain trace data and have not incurred an I/O error during this trace writer invocation.

System action

The trace writer will end.

System programmer response

Note valid trace data set names for later post-processing.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWRITE

AHL905I

***ddname* DD STATEMENT HAS INVALID DEVICE TYPE**

Explanation

During trace writer initialization, the trace data set defined by a DD statement in the generalized trace facility (GTF) procedure is allocated with an incorrect device type. It must be allocated to a tape or direct access storage device (DASD).

In the message text:

ddname

The incorrect ddname.

System action

Trace writer initialization will continue processing the remaining trace data sets. If none of the trace data sets are valid the trace writer will end; otherwise, the trace writer will continue processing using the valid trace data sets to contain the trace data.

Operator response

Record message and notify system programmer.

System programmer response

Ensure that the trace data set, as defined by the *ddname* DD statement in the GTF procedure, is allocated to a tape or direct access storage device (DASD).

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

| | |
|---------|--|
| AHL906I | THE OUTPUT BLOCK SIZE OF <i>blksize</i> WILL BE USED FOR OUTPUT DATA SETS: <i>dsname1...dsname16</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

This lists the output data sets that will be used by the trace writer and the single block size that will be used for each one.

In the message text:

blksizeK

The output block size.

dsname1...dsname16

The name(s) of the data set(s).

System action

Trace writer initialization continues.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

| | |
|---------|--|
| AHL907I | OPEN RETURN CODE= <i>return-code</i> . TRACE WRITER CANNOT OPEN OUTPUT DATASET <i>dsname</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

During trace writer initialization, the trace writer tried to open the DCB for the output data set, but the OPEN was not successful.

In the message text:

return-code

The OPEN macro return code.

dsname

The data set name.

System action

The trace writer will not use the output data set. If the trace writer can open at least one output data set, it will continue. If the trace writer cannot open any output data set, initialization will end.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that a valid output trace data set is specified in the JCL for GTF, and restart GTF. If this recurs, determine why the data set cannot be opened, or try another data set.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL908I | OUTPUT DATA SETS SPECIFIED ON BOTH DASD AND TAPE. TRACE WRITER WILL USE ONLY DASD. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The JCL for the generalized trace facility (GTF) contains DD statements for multiple output data sets, but some data sets are on direct access devices (DASD) and some are on magnetic tape. This is not supported by the trace writer.

System action

The trace writer will continue and use only the data sets on DASD, ignoring the tape data sets.

System programmer response

Remove either the DASD or the tape allocations from the JCL.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL909I | DEVTYPE UNSUCCESSFUL, <i>ddname</i> DD STATEMENT INVALID |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During trace writer initialization, an incorrect DD statement caused processing of a trace data set to fail.

In the message text:

ddname

The ddname.

System action

Trace writer initialization will continue processing the remaining trace data sets. If none of the trace data sets are valid the trace writer will end; otherwise, the trace writer will continue processing using the valid trace data sets to contain the trace data.

Operator response

Record the message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Ensure that the DD statement for the specified DDNAME is valid.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL910I

I/O ERROR PROCESSING DATA SET *dsname*

Explanation

The trace writer has detected an input/output error while writing to a data set.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

Refer to possible preceding system messages describing the problem.

Trace writer processing will continue as long as there are additional trace data sets still available. If all trace data sets are exhausted, then trace writer processing will end.

Operator response

Record the message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that a valid trace data set has been specified for use and restart GTF. If the problem recurs, examine data set in error, or use alternative data set. The data set in error contains valid trace data; however, the results of post processing this trace data are unpredictable.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWRITE

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AHL911I | I/O ERROR - ABEND CODE <i>abc</i>, RETURN CODE <i>return-code</i>, DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The trace writer has detected an input/output error during OPEN/CLOSE/EOV processing for a data set.

In the message text:

abc

The abend code.

return-code

The return code.

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

Trace writer processing will continue as long as there are additional trace data sets still available. If all trace data sets are exhausted, then trace writer processing will end.

Operator response

Record the message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify that a valid trace data set has been specified for use and restart GTF. If the problem recurs, examine data set in error, or use alternative data set. The data set in error contains valid trace data; however, the results of post processing this trace data are unpredictable.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AHL912I | NOWRAP FORCED BY EXTENDED FORMAT SEQUENTIAL DATA SET <i>dsname</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During trace writer initialization, the trace writer forced NOWRAP because it was writing to an extended format sequential data set, for which wrapping is not supported.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

The trace writer will enforce the NOWRAP option even though it is not specified.

Operator response

Record this message and notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWINIT

AHL920I**TRACE WRITER TERMINATING ON ERROR CONDITION**

Explanation

The trace writer has detected an unrecoverable error during processing and therefore must end.

System action

The trace writer will quiesce all outstanding processing and close all data sets prior to ending.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLWRITE

AHL10049I**Error in synchronous I/O trace record, *errortext***

Explanation

An error was detected in a GTF record for a synchronous I/O channel program.

In the message text:

errortext

A description of the error that was detected. It can be one of the following:

Event type not recognized

The event type in the synchronous I/O GTF record is not recognized. The GTF record is formatted in hexadecimal.

Data type not recognized

The data type for a data record within the synchronous I/O GTF record is not recognized. The GTF record is formatted in hexadecimal.

Invalid data length

The data length in the synchronous I/O GTF record was zero or negative.

System action

The system continues processing.

Source

Generalized trace facility (GTF)

Module

AHLTPMT

Routing code

None

Descriptor code

None

Chapter 8. AIB messages

The following messages are issued by the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

AIB0016I

SYSAIB CTRACE DEFINITION FAILED. RC=*rc*, RSN=*rsn*

Explanation

The system cannot define the SYSAIB component trace.

In the message text:

rc

The return code provided by the CTRACE DEFINE macro.

rsn

The reason code provided by the CTRACE DEFINE macro.

System action

The system runs without the SYSAIB component trace.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Problem determination

For information about the CTRACE return and reason codes, see [*CTRACE macro*](#) in *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN*.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBCTIT

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

AIB0017I

COMPONENT TRACE PARMLIB OPTION *optname* IS NOT VALID

Explanation

The system encountered an incorrect option in the CTIAIBxx parmlib member that had been specified on a prior TRACE CT command.

In the message text:

optname

The specified option that is incorrect.

System action

The system does not start the requested component trace. Processing continues with the next option specified.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the options near the indicated character string for a misspelling or other error. Correct the error in the parmlib member before reissuing the TRACE CT command.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBCTSSM

Routing code

*

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIB0018I | COMPONENT TRACE PARMLIB MEMBER <i>parmlibmem</i> WAS NOT FOUND, COMPONENT DEFAULTS ARE USED |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The system did not find the CTIAIBxx parmlib member.

In the message text:

parmlibmem

The parmlib member that was not found.

System action

The system continues with component trace defaults.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why the indicated CTRACE parmlib member was not found. Ensure that the parmlib member exists and contains the desired options.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBCTIT

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIB0019I | AN ERROR OCCURRED WHILE PROCESSING ARM <i>reason</i> REQUEST, RC=<i>rc</i>, RSN=<i>rsn</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS encountered an error while processing an ARM request.

In the message text:

reason

One of the following values:

REGISTER

Request register with ARM failed.

READY

Request ready with ARM failed.

DEREGISTER

Request deregister with ARM failed.

rc

The return code provided by the IXCARM macro.

rsn

The reason code provided by the IXCARM macro.

System action

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS initialization continues if a register request or a ready request fails. The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS shutdown continues if a deregister request fails. For errors during register and deregister, an ABEND and dump can accompany this message.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2, 10, *

Descriptor code

4

AIB0020E

FAILURE TO CONNECT WITH THE MODEL SERVER: *reason*

Explanation

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS failed to establish a connection to the model server. This could have been the first attempt to connect or a loss of communication after previously having been connected.

In the message text:

reason

One of the following reasons:

AUTHORIZATION ISSUE

An authorization error was encountered.

COMMUNICATION FAILURE

Communication was not established or was disrupted.

System action

The system attempts to reconnect. If the model server is temporarily not operational, periodic attempts will be made to reestablish connectivity.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Ensure that the model server is operational. If the model server will not be operational, consider stopping the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS. If the model server is operational, it is possible that some authentication failure was encountered. Verify that security is properly set up and credentials have not expired.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

3, 7

Explanation

An error occurred while accessing the file system.

In the message text:

reason

One of the following reasons:

UNABLE TO ACCESS THE SPECIFIED DIRECTORY PATH

While attempting to access the configuration file, an error occurred. Check the name of the path provided on the started procedure. Make sure it is mounted and accessible.

UNABLE TO ACCESS FRAMEWORK.JSON FILE

While attempting to access the configuration file, an error occurred. Make sure it is mounted and accessible. Ensure that the required `framework.json` file is available.

UNABLE TO ACCESS AIM.JSON FILE

While attempting to access the configuration file, an error occurred. Make sure it is mounted and accessible. Ensure that the required `aim.json` file is available.

System action

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS terminates.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Ensure that the path provided to the started procedure for AI Base Component for IBM z/OS is mounted and accessible and that the required configuration files are available; then, restart the procedure.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT, AIBTKMRB

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

4

Explanation

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS must use z/OS UNIX System Services (z/OS UNIX) but it is not yet available on this system.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure used to start the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

The system will delay and check again until z/OS UNIX is available.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Ensure that z/OS UNIX is available before starting the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS. This might not be an issue because the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS automatically waits until z/OS UNIX is available. If you determine that this is an issue, consider using automation to start the AI Base Component for IBM z/OS after z/OS UNIX is up and available.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

3, 7

AIB0023I

UNKNOWN ERROR ENCOUNTERED. FUNCTION=*functioncode*,
RC=*resultcode*, **RSN=***reasoncode*, **STATUS=***statuscode*, **DG=***diagcode*

Explanation

The system encountered an unexpected error.

In the message text:

functioncode

The function code.

resultcode

The result code.

reasoncode

The reason code.

statuscode

The status code.

diagcode

The diagnostic code.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS may terminate, depending on where the error was encountered.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Contact IBM Support.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT, AIBTKMRB

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIB0024E

procname IS DELAYING FOR ENF SIGNALING: reason

Explanation

The AI Base Component for IBM z/OS is unable to signal to system components about its availability.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS .

reason

One of the following:

TOO MANY OUTSTANDING ENF SIGNALS

The ENF process table is full. No further requests can be accepted until ENF processes some of the requests already queued.

ENF HAS NOT BEEN INITIALIZED

ENF has not been initialized on the system.

INSUFFICIENT STORAGE AVAILABLE

The system cannot obtain sufficient storage for the request.

System action

The system will delay and try again.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If the condition persists, search for other system processes which may be affecting ENF processing. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

3, 7

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIB0099I | DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION <i>reason</i> <i>diagnostic-data</i> END OF DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

Diagnostic data is present and is written to the log.

In the message text:

reason

One of the following reasons:

(TYPE 1:)

Diagnostic data from message area.

(TYPE 2:)

Diagnostic data from inference response area.

diagnostic-data

One or more lines of diagnostic data.

System action

The system continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Determine if the diagnostic information can help you resolve the issue. If you cannot resolve the issue, contact IBM Support.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT, AIBTKMRB

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

AIB0101I

AI BASE COMPONENT FOR IBM Z/OS IS ALREADY ACTIVE

Explanation

A request to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS was received; however, it is already active.

System action

The system ignores the start request.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

AIB0102I

AI BASE COMPONENT FOR IBM Z/OS MUST BE STARTED AS A STARTED TASK. JOB *jobname* ENDS

Explanation

The named batch job attempted to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS. It must be started as a STARTED task.

In the message text:

jobname

The name of the batch job.

System action

The system ends the job.

Operator response

Enter a START operator command to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

None.

AIB0103I *procname* **INITIALIZATION COMPLETE**

Explanation

Initialization is now complete for AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure that was used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

AIB0104I *procname* **SHUTDOWN IN PROGRESS**

Explanation

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS processing is ending in response to a system command or as a result of a system problem.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure that was used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS starts shutting down.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer if there are error messages accompanying this message.

System programmer response

No action is required if this is a normal ending of AI Base Component for IBM z/OS. If this is an error situation, see the messages associated with the error.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

None.

AIB0105I *procname* **SHUTDOWN IS COMPLETE**

Explanation

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS processing has ended in response to a system command or as a result of a system problem.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure that was used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS ends.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer if there are error messages accompanying this message.

System programmer response

No action is required if this is a normal ending of AI Base Component for IBM z/OS. If this is an error situation, see the messages associated with the error.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIB0106I | A STOP COMMAND FOR AIB INSTANCE <i>procname</i> HAS BEEN ACCEPTED. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS accepted the STOP command and began stop processing.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure that was used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS begins stop processing.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBTKCMD

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

The user security profile is either missing or is incomplete, or the OMVS segment is not defined for this user.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Fix the security profile or define the OMVS segment, then restart AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

7, 11

Explanation

The proc to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS requires a parameter that specifies the path where the configuration files can be found. The path must be specified and must be less than 1023 bytes long. Given that file names must also be appended to the specified path, it must be smaller than the maximum z/OS UNIX System Services path size limit (for example, /framework.json must be added, which would reduce the path to a limit of 1008 bytes).

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Change the procedure to include a PARM or PARMDD parameter that specifies the path, and restart the procedure.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIB0117I *procname* **INITIALIZATION STARTING**

Explanation

Initialization is starting for AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

In the message text:

procname

The name of the procedure that was used to start AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

2, *

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS ends.

System action

The system runs without AI Base Component for IBM z/OS.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBINIT

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

None.

provider

usecase

model

reason

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to perform processing related to the specified model.

In the message text:

provider

The provider of the model that encountered the error.

usecase

The use case of the model that encountered the error.

model

The name of the model that encountered the error.

reason

One of the following reasons:

COMMUNICATION WITH MODEL SERVER IS DISRUPTED

During processing, a communication error was detected. The model provider was notified.

AUTHENTICATION ERROR ENCOUNTERED

An authentication error was encountered. The request was not successful. The model provider was notified, and processing will be suspended until the authentication issue is resolved.

THE MODEL IS NOT DEPLOYED

The model server indicated that the model was not found.

UNEXPECTED ERROR ENCOUNTERED

An unexpected error was encountered. The request may not have been successful. A companion message, AIB0023I, may have been issued which contains additional diagnostic information.

System action

The processing was unsuccessful. The next action may be up to the provider of the model, or if a configuration error was encountered, the system programmer might need to resolve the issue in the AI Framework for IBM z/OS Configuration Workflow in z/OSMF.

Once the issue is resolved, processing can resume.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

The error might be transient or permanent. The owning application (provider) that requested the processing was notified of the error and, if possible, might take corrective action. If the problem is with the configuration, use the AI Framework for IBM z/OS Configuration Workflow to resolve the issue.

Problem determination

Refer to the component documentation.

Source

AI Base Component for IBM z/OS

Module

AIBTKMRB

Routing code

1, 2, 10

Descriptor code

3, 7

AIBH0002I

hzsckname check was entered with an unknown function code of
fncode

Explanation

The check was not coded to recognize the specified function code. The function code was ignored.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIBHCCHK, AIBHMSG

| | |
|------------------|---|
| AIBH0100I | <i>hzsckname</i> check was entered with an unknown entry code of <i>entrycode</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred.

System action

The check is not processed.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Refresh the check. If the problem persists, contact IBM Support with the information provided in this error message.

Module

AIBHCCHK, AIBHMSG

| | |
|------------------|--|
| AIBH0300I | The installed MLz Core version is at a recommended level. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Check successful. Machine Learning for IBM z/OS Core Edition (MLz Core) is at the recommended level.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIBHCCHK, AIBHMSG

| | |
|------------------|---|
| AIBH0301E | The check found that the level of MLz Core is not at the recommended level for AISS 1.2. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The check found that the installed Machine Learning for IBM z/OS Core Edition (MLz Core) is not at the recommended level for AI System Services for IBM z/OS 1.2.

System action

System processing continues.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Consider upgrading to MLz Core 3.2, which is included with AI System Services for z/OS 1.2.

Module

AIBHCCHK, AIBHCMSG

Chapter 9. AIR messages

This chapter contains system messages that begin with the AIR prefix.

AIR001I

PFA INITIALIZATION COMPLETE

Explanation

The Predictive Failure Analysis server is active.

System action

The system continues processing

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR002I

STOP PFA REQUEST RECEIVED

Explanation

The PFA server has received a STOP command.

System action

PFA server terminates normally.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR003I

**PFA UNABLE TO REGISTER ELEMENT *element* WITH ARM. RC=
returncode, RSN= *returncode***

Explanation

PFA is unable to register with ARM.

In the messages text:

element

The element name.

returncode

The IXCARM return code.

returncode

The IXCARM reason code.

System action

PFA initialization continues without Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) support.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the message provided by the operator and determine the cause of the error. For details about installing PFA see the topic about [Installing PFA](#) in [z/OS Problem Management](#).

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR004I

PFA TERMINATING ABNORMALLY, CODE= *termcode*

Explanation

The PFA server has detected an error condition that requires the server be terminated.

In the messages text:

termcode

The internal PFA error code.

System action

The PFA server terminates abnormally.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Collect all related error data and call IBM Support.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR005I | PFA TERMINATING DUE TO FAILURE OF THE <i>task</i>TASK. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A task critical to PFA operation has failed and cannot be reinstated.

In the messages text:

task

The task entry point name

System action

PFA terminates. An ABEND and dump can accompany this message. The Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) will, if possible, restart PFA

Operator response

Capture the dump, if one is issued. Notify your system programmer. If PFA does not restart automatically, use the START command to restart PFA.

System programmer response

Review the dump and LOGREC to identify the original error. Provide this information to IBM Support.

Module

AIRAMETX

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR006I | HZSADDCK MACRO CALL FOR <i>element</i> FAILED. RC= <i>returncode</i>, RSN= <i>returncode</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

PFA is not able to register a required check.

In the messages text:

element

The check name.

returncode

The HZSADDCK return code.

returncode

The HZSADDCK reason code.

System action

PFA terminates. An ABEND and dump can accompany this message. The Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) will, if possible, restart PFA.

Operator response

Capture the dump, if one is issued. Notify your system programmer. If PFA does not restart automatically, use the START command to restart PFA.

System programmer response

Review the dump and LOGREC to identify the original error. Provide this information to IBM Support.

Module

AIRAMCHK

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR007I**PFA FAILED TO READ ini FILE AT /etc/PFA ERRNO= *errno***

Explanation

PFA received an unexpected return code from a z/OS UNIX Systems Service when attempting to read the file.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX errno.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why the service failed.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR008I | PFA FAILED TO GET THE USER LOGON NAME ASSOCIATED WITH PFA. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation:

PFA used the BPX1GLG service to get login information about the user associated with PFA and it failed.

System action:

PFA does not start.

Operator response:

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Determine why the BPX1GLG service failed.

Module:

AIRAMINI

Routing code:

2, 10

Descriptor code:

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR009I | PFA WAS UNABLE TO GET INFORMATION ABOUT THE PFA USER USING THE BPX1GPN SERVICE. ERRNO= <i>errno</i> ERRNOJR= <i>errnojr</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA used the BPX1GPN service to access the User Database by User Name and it failed.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the *errno* and the *errnojr* to determine why BPX1GPN failed.

Problem determination

For *errno* and *errnojr* descriptions, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#).

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR010I | PFA CHECK <i>checkname</i> WAS UNABLE TO OPEN LOG FILE, ERRNO= <i>errno</i> ERRNOJR= <i>errnojr</i> FILENAME= <i>path_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A file critical to PFA operation could not be opened. The file is placed in a directory used to hold data used by the check.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

path_name

The file name.

System action

PFA terminates the check.

Operator response

Use the *errno* and *errnojr* to determine why the file could not be opened using the filename and directory specified.

System programmer response

Use the *errno* and *errnojr* to determine why the file could not be opened using the filename and directory specified.

Problem determination

For *errno* and *errnojr* descriptions, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#).

Module

AIRAMETX

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR011I | HZSADDCK MACRO CALL FOR <i>element</i> FAILED. HEALTH CHECKER NOT ACTIVE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA is not able to register a required check.

System action

PFA waits for IBM Health Checker for z/OS to start.

Operator response

Start IBM Health Checker for z/OS, if desired. Or stop PFA.

System programmer response

Determine why IBM Health Checker for z/OS did not start.

Problem determination

For more information about IBM Health Checker for z/OS, see [*IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide*](#).

Module

AIRAMCHK

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR012I | OMVS NOT INITIALIZED. PFA CANNOT START. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA is not able to start when OMVS has not been initialized.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Start OMVS and then restart PFA.

System programmer response

Determine why OMVS is not initialized.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR013I

PFA CHECK SUMMARY
text

Explanation

Summary of PFA checks is displayed as the result of a request from the user. For more information, see the MODIFY PFA information in "Managing PFA Checks" in [z/OS Problem Management](#).

System action

Processing continues

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR014I

THE PFA ADDRESS SPACE WAS PREVIOUSLY STARTED. ONLY ONE PFA ADDRESS SPACE IS ALLOWED.

Explanation

Multiple PFA address spaces cannot be started.

System action

Subsequent requests to start PFA are not allowed.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR015I

THE KEYWORD *element* WAS FOUND WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED, NOT ALLOWED IN THIS CONTEXT, OR NOT ALLOWED IN THIS POSITION.

Explanation

The keyword is either not supported or not allowed with the other parameters specified.

In the message text:

element

The keyword name.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

Specify valid combinations of keywords on the command and try the command again.

System programmer response

Specify valid combinations of keywords on the command and try the command again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR016I**A CHECK WITH NAME {NAME | GENERIC NAME} *name_or_generic* WAS NOT FOUND.****Explanation**

There are no PFA checks registered with the name or generic name specified.

In the message text:

name_or_generic

The check name or generic name specified.

System action

No checks could be displayed.

Operator response

Specify a check name or generic check name that matches a check registered by PFA and try the request again.

System programmer response

Specify a check name or generic check name that matches a check registered by PFA and try the request again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR017I**PFA STATUS**
*text***Explanation**

Status of PFA checks is displayed as the result of a request from the user. For more information see the MODIFY PFA,DISPLAY information in "Managing PFA Checks" in [z/OS Problem Management](#).

System action

Processing continues

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR018I | PFA CHECK DETAIL <i>text</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Detail of PFA checks is displayed as the result of a request from the user. For more information, see the MODIFY PFA,DISPLAY information in "Managing PFA Checks" in [z/OS Problem Management](#).

System action

Processing continues

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR019I | PFA UNABLE TO DEREGISTER <i>element</i> WITH ARM. RC=<i>returncode</i>, RSN=<i>returncode</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA is unable to deregister with ARM.

In the message text:

element

The element name.

RC=returncode

The IXCARM return code.

RSN=returncode

The IXCARM reason code.

System action

PFA continues to process STOP command. The Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) will, if possible, restart PFA after PFA stops.

Operator response

Cancel PFA or stop PFA until ARM no longer, restarts PFA.

System programmer response

Examine the message provided by the operator and determine the cause of the error.

Problem determination

For the IXARM return and reason codes, see [z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference](#).

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR020I

**THE MODELINT PARAMETER MUST BE AT LEAST FOUR TIMES LARGER
THAN THE COLLECTINT PARAMETER**

Explanation

The MODELINT parameter was too small. The MODELINT parameter must be at least four times larger than the COLLECTINT parameter.

System action

The command is not processed and the check is disabled.

Operator response

Specify a value for the MODELINT parameter that is at least four times larger than the COLLECTINT parameter and try the command again.

System programmer response

Specify valid combinations of keywords on the command and try the command again.

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR021I

**HZSCHECK MACRO CALL FOR *element* FAILED. RC=*return code*,
RSN=*return code*. THE CHECK WAS DELETED.**

Explanation

The call to HZSCHECK failed.

In the message text:

element

The check name.

RC=return code

The HZSCHECK return code.

RSN=return code

The HZSCHECK reason code.

System action

The check was deleted. An ABEND and dump might accompany this message.

Operator response

Capture the dump, if one is issued. Notify your system programmer. In order to restart the check, PFA must be restarted.

System programmer response

Review the dump and LOGREC to identify the original error. Provide this information to your IBM Support representative.

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR022I REQUEST TO INVOKE MODELING FAILED FOR CHECK NAME=*element*
UNIX SIGNAL RECEIVED=*signalvalue* EXIT VALUE=*exitvalue*

Explanation

The process used to perform modeling has failed.

In the message text:

element

The check name.

signalvalue

The signal returned by process used by modeling.

exitvalue

The exit value returned from modeling code.

System action

The modeling did not complete successfully. The modeling will rerun at the next interval.

System programmer response

Review the signal and exit value. The signal value is the standard z/OS UNIX signal value.

| Table 4. Exit values and meaning | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Exit value | Header |
| 0 | Normal exit ran to completion. |
| 1 | Bad time value returned. |
| 2 | JNI calls failed for AIRJCHK. |
| 3 | JNI calls failed for AIRJCART. |
| 4 | Unable to read INI file. |
| 5 | Something is wrong with VERSION in ini file. |
| 6 | Something is wrong with PATH in ini file. |
| 7 | Something is wrong with LIBPATH in ini file. |
| 9 | Unable to read or process a required output. |
| 12 | Unable to start JVM. See the system_name.launcher.log file. |
| 16 | Unexpected JNI failure. |
| 20 | Unsupported Java version in /etc/PFA/ini. Contact your IBM Support representative. |

Problem determination

For details about installing directories for PFA and updating the Java™ path with the correct values see the following topics in *z/OS Problem Management*:

- [Installing PFA](#)
- [Updating the Java path](#)

Module

AIRHLJVM

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR023I

THE *element* CHECK IS DESIGNED TO BE RUN AUTOMATICALLY AT THE COLLECTION INTERVAL. WHEN THE CHECK IS SCHEDULED TO RUN AT OTHER INTERVALS OR RUN USING OTHER INTERFACES, NEW DATA IS NOT COLLECTED WHEN THE CHECK RUNS. THE VALUES USED IN THE COMPARISONS ARE THE VALUES THAT WERE COLLECTED AT THE LAST COLLECTION INTERVAL.

Explanation

The check detected that it is being run either on a set interval or by other interfaces.

In the message text:

element
The check name.

System action

The check will run and use data from the last collection in its comparisons rather than current actual arrival rates.

System programmer response

It is recommended that this check run automatically at the end of a collection rather than on a schedule or manually.

Module

AIRHMEMA

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR024I | THE <i>file name</i> FILE FOR CHECK <i>check_name</i> CONTAINS A ROW THAT HAS A JOB NAME IN THE INCORRECT FORMAT. THE ROW WAS IGNORED. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A row has an incorrect job name and cannot be parsed. The row was ignored.

In the message text:

file name
The file name.

check_name
The check name.

System action

The row was ignored. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the row and issue the command again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR025I

THE *file name* FILE FOR CHECK *check_name* CONTAINS MORE THAN ONE ROW THAT APPLIES TO JOB *jobname* ON SYSTEM *sysname*. THAT ROW WAS IGNORED.

Explanation

Only one row per job is allowed. The most generic form of the excluded job and system name combination was used. A row was ignored.

In the message text:

file name

The file name.

check_name

The check name.

jobname

The job name.

sysname

The system name.

System action

A row was ignored. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the row and issue the command again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR026I

THE *check_name* CHECK DOES NOT SUPPORT THE {INCLUDED_JOBS | EXCLUDED_JOBS} FILE. THE REQUEST WAS IGNORED.

Explanation

Either the file was found in the /config directory or the check was requested to be updated to read the file. The check does not support this type of supervised learning.

In the message text:

check_name

The check name.

System action

The request was ignored. The PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

Delete the file from the directory of the check or do not specify to read the file on the update command.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR027I | THE <i>filename</i> FILE FOR CHECK <i>check_name</i> WAS NOT FOUND OR WAS EMPTY. NO JOBS ARE BEING {INCLUDED EXCLUDED}. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The file for the check was not found or was empty. The path for the file is the pathname directory.

In the message text:

file name

The file name.

check_name

The check name.

System action

The request was processed. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

If desired, create the file in the directory and try the request again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR028I | UPDATE FOR CHECK <i>check_name</i> COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Update command processing completed successfully.

In the message text:

check_name

The check name.

System action

PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR029I UPDATE FOR CHECK *check_name* FAILED.

Explanation

Update command processing failed.

In the message text:

check_name

The check name.

System action

Update command processing failed. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR030I THE *filename* FILE FOR CHECK *check_name* CONTAINS A ROW THAT IS MISSING THE SYSTEM NAME. THE ROW WAS IGNORED.

Explanation

The row has a missing system name and cannot be parsed. The row was ignored.

In the message text:

file name

The file name.

check_name

The check name.

System action

The row was ignored. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the row and issue the command again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR031I

THE *filename* FILE FOR CHECK *check_name* CONTAINS A ROW THAT HAS A SYSTEM NAME IN THE INCORRECT FORMAT. THE ROW WAS IGNORED.

Explanation

The row has an incorrect system name and cannot be parsed. The row was ignored.

In the message text:

file name

The file name.

check_name

The check name.

System action

The row was ignored. PFA processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the row and issue the command again.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR032I**IXCARM SERVICE CALL REQUEST = *request* RETURNED WITH RC = *returncode*, RSN=*reasoncode*.****Explanation**

PFA IXCARM SERVICE CALL REQUEST=READY failed.

In the message text:

request

IXCARM service call request

returncode

The IXCARM return code

System action

PFA ARM element status will remain STARTING.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine the message provided by the operator and determine the cause of the error.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

12

AIR033I**PFA has detected that SMF is not running and has stopped processing the PFA_SMF_ARRIVAL_RATE check. Processing will resume after SMF restarts.****Explanation**

PFA detected that SMF is not running and has stopped processing the check. Previously collected data and previously generated models cannot be used. The collect and model times and counts reinitialized. After SMF restarts, PFA collects data for a period of time to determine the jobs with the highest arrival rates to track. After that time, PFA resumes collecting and modeling data and can perform comparisons.

System action

The check resumes processing after SMF restarts. PFA processing for other checks continues.

System programmer response

None.

Module

AIRHMESA

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

4

AIR034I PFA CHECK *chkname* TERMINATED.

Explanation

A check task within the PFA operation failed and cannot be reinstated.

In the message text:

chkname

The check name.

System action

The PFA check task terminates. PFA continues operations for other checks.

Operator response

Capture the dump, if one is issued. Notify your system programmer. If the PFA check is critical, use the START command to restart PFA.

System programmer response

Review the dump and LOGREC to identify the original error. Provide this information to IBM Support.

Module

AIRAMETX

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR035I PFA CHECK *chkname* WAS NOT ADDED TO THE SYSTEM.

Explanation

The check could not be initialized and was not added to the system.

In the message text:

chkname

The check name.

System action

The PFA check task will not be started for the check and the check will not collect and model data. PFA continues operations for the other checks.

Operator response

See other messages if available. If the PFA check that did not start is critical, stop PFA, and then start PFA.

System programmer response

Review the messages. If the check does not start after you restart PFA, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRAMETX

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|--|
| AIR036I | PFA CHECK PFA_JES_SPOOL_USAGE DETECTED THAT JES2 IS NOT PRIMARY. |
|---------|--|

Explanation

PFA_JES_SPOOL_USAGE only supports JES2 as the primary JES. The check is not initialized

System action

The PFA task cannot start for the check and the check cannot collect and model data. PFA continues operations for the other checks.

Operator response

N/A

System programmer response

N/A

Module

AIRHMEJS

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR037I**PFA CHECK PFA_JES_SPOOL_USAGE DID NOT INITIALIZE DUE TO
IEFSSREQ ERROR WITH RETURN CODE = *termcode* AND EXTENDED
STATUS CODE = *termcode***

Explanation

PFA_JES_SPOOL_USAGE received an error after issuing a call to IEFSSREQ. The check will not initialize.

In the message text:

termcode

The IEFSSREQ return code and the IEFSSREQ extended status code.

System action

The PFA task cannot start the check and the check cannot collect and model data. PFA continues operations for the other checks.

Operator response

If the PFA_JES_SPOOL_USAGE check is critical, stop PFA, and then start PFA.

System programmer response

Review the messages. If the check does not start after you restart PFA, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRHMSSI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR038I**PFA HAS DETECTED THAT DIAGXX HAS *vsm_track***

Explanation

PFA has detected that DIAGxx has the VSM tracking parameters CSA(OFF) or SQA(off). Both are required to be set on in order for PFA to collect and model data for the PFA_COMMON_STORAGE_USAGE check. After you set VSM TRACK CSA(ON) and SQA(ON) in the DIAGxx, the check will automatically start collecting and modeling.

vsm_track

Is displaying the setting of VSM TRACK parameters in DIAGxx.

System action

The PFA_COMMON_STORAGE_USAGE check will start collecting and modeling once VSM TRACK has CSA(ON) and SQA(ON) in the DIAGxx.

Module

AIRHMMON

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR039I

**PFA CHECK *chkname* WAS UNABLE TO WRITE TO FILE WITH FILENAME
path_name BPX1WRT RETURNED ERRNO= *errno* ERNOJR= *errnojr***

Explanation

A file that is critical to PFA operation did not write correctly. Incorrect file contents might cause the predictions not to be valid for the check.

chkname

Displays the check name.

path_name

Displays the file name.

errno

Displays the z/OS UNIX file system errno.

errnojr

Displays the z/OS UNIX file system errnojr.

System action

PFA continues to process the check.

Operator response

Use the *errno* and *errnojr* to determine why the file did not write correctly and correct the error. If the *errno* is 0, the size of the file, after it was written, is not correct.

System programmer response

Use the *errno* and *errnojr* to determine why the file did not write correctly and correct the error. If the *errno* is 0, the size of the file, after it was written, is not correct.

Module

AIRHMCSA

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR040I

**RUNTIME DIAGNOSTICS MUST BE STARTED IN ORDER FOR SOME PFA
COMPARISONS TO BE PERFORMED.**

Explanation

When PFA started, it determined that Runtime Diagnostics address space was not active. Some PFA comparisons will not be performed until the Runtime Diagnostics address space becomes active.

System action

PFA will not perform some comparisons which depend on the Runtime Diagnostics address space being active. Once the Runtime Diagnostics address space becomes active, PFA will perform the comparisons.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR041I | THERE ARE NO PFA CHECKS TO DISPLAY. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

During the processing of the modify command to display check details, PFA found no checks to display.

System action

PFA continues its normal processing.

Module

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR042I | REQUEST TO INVOKE PFA JAVA METHODS FAILED. UNSUPPORTED JAVA VERSION FOUND IN /etc/PFA/ini FILE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An unsupported version of Java is specified in the /etc/PFA/ini file.

System action

- If the failure occurs during JVM validation at the start of PFA, PFA does not start.
- If the failure occurs during normal processing of PFA, PFA will continue processing with errors.

Operator response

Specify a supported version of Java in the /etc/PFA/ini file. Refer to [z/OS Problem Management](#) to see the versions supported.

System programmer response

Specify a supported version of Java in the /etc/PFA/ini file. Refer to [z/OS Problem Management](#) to see the versions supported.

Module

AIRHLJVM

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

AIR043I *funcname: SERVICE servicename FAILED WITH RC:returncode
RS:reasoncode*

Explanation

A service was invoked which could not process the request. This message records this error.

In the message text:

funcname

The name of the function that invoked the service.

servicename

The name of the service that failed.

returncode

The return code from the service that failed.

reasoncode

The reason code from the service that failed.

System action

This failing service, along with the function that invoked that service, govern the action that will be taken. In some cases, an ABEND may be issued because the function cannot continue without the service.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for this problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module

Refer to *funcname* for the detecting module.

Routing code

10

Descriptor code

4

AIR044I

PFA could not find the /etc/PFA directory. PFA did not start.

Explanation:

PFA could not find the /etc/PFA directory.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why the /etc/PFA directory was not created during system installation. Correct the error and restart PFA.

Module:

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

AIR045I

PFA created the /etc/PFA/ini file by copying the *ini_copied_from*. file. Update /etc/PFA/ini so that PFA processing can locate the Java code on your system.

Explanation

During the starting of PFA, PFA did not find the /etc/PFA/ini file. PFA copied an ini file to /etc/PFA.

In the message text:

ini_copied_from

The name of ini file that PFA copied to create the /etc/PFA/ini. PFA copies the ini file from either the check or a sample.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Update /etc/PFA/ini so that PFA processing can locate the Java code on your system.

Module:

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

11

AIR046I

**PFA could not create /etc/PFA/ini by copying the *ini_copied_from* file.
PFA did not start.**

Explanation

PFA was unable to create /etc/PFA/ini by copying an ini file.

In the message text:

ini_copied_from

The name of the ini file that PFA tried to copy to create the /etc/PFA/ini. PFA copies the ini file from either a check or the sample.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Determine why /etc/PFA/ini was not created during PFA start. Correct the error and restart PFA.

Module:

AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

AIR047I

**PFA FOUND THAT THE PATH SPECIFIED IN THE /etc/PFA/ini FILE FOR
PFADIR= *text*. PFA DID NOT START.**

Explanation

During the starting of PFA, PFA found that the path name specified for PFADIR= in the /etc/PFA/ini file is either not defined or not defined correctly.

In the message text:

text

text is one of the following:

IS TOO LONG

The specified path is too long.

DOES NOT EXIST

The specified path does not exist.

DOES NOT START WITH A SLASH

The specified path did not start with /.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct the specification of PFADIR= path in the etc/PFA/ini file or create the appropriate directory specified by PFADIR= depending upon the reason displayed in the message. PFA allows up to 923 characters for the PFADIR= path.

Module:
AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR048I | PFA FOUND THE PATH OF THE HOME DIRECTORY OF THE PFA USER <i>text</i>. PFA DID NOT START. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

During the starting of PFA, PFA found that home directory of the PFA user is either not defined or not defined correctly.

In the message text:

text

text is one of the following:

IS NOT DEFINED

The OMVS segment for the specified path is not defined.

IS TOO LONG

The specified path is too long. PFA allows up to 923 characters for the home directory path.

DOES NOT EXIST

The specified path does not exist.

DOES NOT START WITH A SLASH

The specified path did not start with /.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Correct or specify the path of the home directory depending upon the reason displayed in the message.

Module:
AIRAMINI

Routing code

1,2

Descriptor code

12

AIR049I

**PFA BPX1LST REQUEST TO GET STATUS ABOUT PFA DIRECTORY PATH
WAS NOT SUCCESSFUL.
ERRNO=*errno* ERRNOJR=*errnojr* PFA DID NOT START.**

Explanation

PFA used the BPX1LST service to get the status information about the PFA directory path and it was unsuccessful.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the ERRNO and the ERRNOJR to determine why BPX1LST failed.

Module:

AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR050I

**PFA BPX1RDL REQUEST TO READ PFA DIRECTORY SYMBOLIC LINK
WAS NOT SUCCESSFUL.
ERRNO=*errno* ERRNOJR=*errnojr* PFA DID NOT START.**

Explanation

PFA used the BPX1RDL service to read PFA directory symbolic link about PFA directory and it was unsuccessful.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the ERRNO and the ERRNOJR to determine why BPX1RDL failed.

Module:
AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR051I | PFA BPX1STA REQUEST TO READ PFA DIRECTORY PATH WAS NOT SUCCESSFUL. ERRNO=<i>errno</i> ERRNOJR=<i>errnojr</i> PFA DID NOT START. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA used BPX1STA service to get the PFA directory path (path name or symbolic link) status and it was unsuccessful.

In the message text:

errno
The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr
The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the ERRNO and the ERRNOJR to determine why BPX1STA failed.

Module:
AIRAMINI

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR052I | FAILURE DURING PFA JVM LAUNCH. SEE <i>launcher_log_file</i>, <i>builder_log_file</i> OR <i>cart_log_file</i> IN <i>pathname</i> |
|----------------|--|

FOR MORE INFORMATION.

Explanation

PFA initiated JVM launch and it failed.

In the message text:

launcher_log_file

launcher.log file name.

builder_log_file

builder.log file name.

cart_log_file

cart.log file name.

pathname

The check data directory path.

System action

- If the failure occurs during JVM validation at the start of PFA, PFA does not start.
- If the failure occurs during normal processing of PFA, PFA will continue processing with errors.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Investigate the log files to determine why the failure occurred. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR053I | UNABLE TO INVOKE <i>modname</i> METHODS. VERIFY JAVAPATH= IN /etc/PFA/ini IS SET TO WHERE <i>modname</i> IS INSTALLED FOR THIS RELEASE AND ENSURE THE PFA USER IS AUTHORIZED TO READ THE FILE. SEE <i>launcher_log_file</i>, <i>builder_log_file</i> OR <i>cart_log_file</i> IN <i>pathname</i> FOR MORE INFORMATION. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA failed to read the /etc/PFA/ini file or the very first line of the /etc/PFA/ini file is not VERSION=01010101.

In the message text:

launcher_log_file

launcher.log file name.

builder_log_file

builder.log file name.

cart_log_file

cart.log file name.

pathname

The check data directory path.

System action

- If the failure occurs during JVM validation at the start of PFA, PFA does not start.
- If the failure occurs during normal processing of PFA, PFA will continue processing with errors.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify JAVAPATH= in /etc/PFA/ini is set to where AIRJCHK OR AIRJCART is installed at your installation. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR054I

THE FILE /etc/PFA/ini COULD NOT BE READ OR THE VERSION= IN THE FILE IS NOT CORRECT.

Explanation:

PFA failed to read the /etc/PFA/ini file or the very first line of the /etc/PFA/ini file is not VERSION=-01010101.

System action

- If the failure occurs during JVM validation at the start of PFA, PFA does not start.
- If the failure occurs during normal processing of PFA, PFA will continue processing with errors.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify the ini file exists in /etc/PFA and has the VERSION=01010101 as the very first line.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR055I | PARAMETER OR VALUE FOR <i>parametername</i> IN THE /etc/PFA/ini FILE IS NOT VALID OR JAVA IS NOT INSTALLED AT THE VALUE SPECIFIED. SEE <i>launcher_log_file</i> IN <i>pathname</i> FOR MORE INFORMATION. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

PFA initiated JVM launch and it failed.

In the message text:

launcher_log_file

launcher.log file name.

pathname

The check data directory path.

System action

- If the failure occurs during JVM validation at the start of PFA, PFA does not start.
- If the failure occurs during normal processing of PFA, PFA will continue processing with errors.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify the PATH= and LIBPATH= parameter specifications in file /etc/PFA/ini match the JAVA installation.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR056I | VALIDATION FAILED DURING PFA INITIALIZATION. PFA CANNOT BE STARTED. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation:

PFA validation failed.

System action

PFA did not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

See previous messages to determine the reason for the failure. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR057I | PFA ENCOUNTERED BPX1SPN FAILURE FOR EXECUTABLE <i>pathname</i> WITH ERRNO=<i>errno</i> ERRNOJR=<i>errnojr</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA used the BPX1SPN service to launch the JVM and it failed. PFA uses the PARM path= specified in the PFA procedure as the location of the code to spawn. If it is not specified, PFA uses /usr/lpp/bcp as the default path.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA continues processing with errors.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Verify the install path is /usr/lpp/bcp if the default path is used or specify the install path on the path= PARM of the PFA procedure and restart PFA. Also, use the *errno* and the *errnojr* to determine why BPX1SPN failed. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the IBM Support Center

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR058I | DURING THE START OF PFA, THE OPEN OF <i>pathname</i> FAILED. ERRNO=<i>errno</i> ERRNOJR=<i>errnojr</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A file critical to PFA operation could not be opened.

In the message text:

errno

The z/OS UNIX *errno*.

errnojr

The z/OS UNIX *errnojr*.

System action

PFA does not start.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Use the *errno* and the *errnojr* to determine why the failure occurred. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the IBM Support Center.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR059I | THE <i>filename</i> FILE FOR CHECK <i>checkname</i> CONTAINS A ROW THAT OVERLAPS A JOB NAME AND SYSTEM COMBINATION FOUND IN THE <i>filename</i> FILE FOR JOB <i>jobname</i> ON SYSTEM <i>sysname</i>. THE ROW WAS IGNORED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The job can be either included or excluded, but not both. The row that was read first was used.

In the message text:

filename

The name of the file.

checkname

The name of the check.

jobname

The name of the job.

sysname

The name of the system.

System action

A row was ignored. PFA processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Correct the row and issue the command again.

Module:
AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR060I | THE CHECK <i>checkname</i> CAN HAVE A MAXIMUM NUMBER OF <i>maxtrackedjobs</i> SPECIFIC ADDRESS SPACES FOR THIS SYSTEM TO INCLUDE IN THE INCLUDED_JOBS FILE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The maximum number of specific address spaces to include whose system names match this system must be less than or equal to the maximum number of jobs the check tracks individually.

In the message text:

checkname
The name of the check.

maxtrackedjobs
The maximum number of tracked jobs.

System action

PFA chooses the specific address spaces to track from the list of included jobs based on those with the highest rates at the end of a warm-up period.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

If a specific set of address spaces to track is desired, modify the INCLUDED_JOBS file to contain less than or equal to the maximum number of address spaces to track for this check and restart PFA.

Module:
AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR061I

**THE ADDRESS SPACE *jobname* CANNOT BE INCLUDED FOR CHECK *checkname* ON ANY SYSTEM.
THE INCLUSION OF THAT ADDRESS SPACE HAS BEEN IGNORED.**

Explanation

Some checks internally require some address spaces to be excluded. The exclusion of those address spaces cannot be overridden by using the supervised learning support.

In the message text:

jobname

The name of the job.

checkname

The name of the check.

System action

PFA ignores the attempt to override the inclusion of address spaces it requires to be excluded.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

To avoid this message, remove the specification of the address space in the INCLUDED_JOBS file for the check.

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR062I

**THE *checkname* CHECK DOES NOT SUPPORT
DYNAMICALLY UPDATING INCLUDED JOBS. IF THE INCLUDED_JOBS
FILE HAS CHANGED, RESTART PFA FOR THE CHANGES TO TAKE
EFFECT.**

Explanation

Changes to the INCLUDED_JOBS file can only be processed at the start of PFA for some checks.

In the message text:

checkname

The name of the check.

System action

PFA ignores changes in the INCLUDED_JOBS file until PFA is restarted.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Restart PFA to have the INCLUDED_JOBS files processed for all PFA checks.

Module:
AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR063I | FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE COPYING FILES FROM <i>pathname</i> TO <i>pathname</i>. IF THE CONFIGURATION INFORMATION IS NEEDED, COPY THE FILES MANUALLY AND RESTART PFA. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

When changing from using the home directory of the PFA user to a directory specified by PFADIR= in the /etc/PFA/ini and restarting PFA, PFA attempts to copy the files in the /config directory for each check before it deletes the original directories. If PFA encounters a failure, the original files are not deleted and PFA processing continues.

In the message text:

pathname
The name of the path.

System action

PFA continues processing using the files that were successfully copied.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Copy the files manually, delete the original files, and restart PFA.

Module:
AIRAMMSG

Routing code

1, 2

Descriptor code

3

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR064I | PFA CHECK <i>checkname</i> RECEIVED RELEASE_CODE= <i>releasecode</i> FROM IEAVPSE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA check on being unpaused by the IBM Health Checker for z/OS received the release code.

In the message text:

checkname

The name of the PFA check.

releasecode

The name of the release code for remote checks.

System action

A check is deleted or deactivated. PFA continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Refer to [IBM Health Checker for z/OS Users Guide for Release codes for remote check routines](#).

Module:

AIRAMMSG

Routing code

2, 10

Descriptor code

4

AIR501I

**UNABLE TO OPEN OUTPUT FILE FOR MAPREQ REQUEST FILE NAME =
file_name ERRNO = *errno* ERRNOJR = *errnojr***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to open the z/OS UNIX file used to hold the output.

In the messages text:

file_name

The file name.

errno

The file name being open failed with *errno*.

errnojr

The file name being open failed with *errnojr*.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to open the z/OS UNIX file based on *errno* and *errnojr*.

User response

Correct the name of the z/OS UNIX system file and rerun.

Problem determination

For errno and errnojr descriptions, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#).

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR502I | MAPREQ MACRO WAS INVOKED FROM UNAUTHORIZED CODE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because the requester lacks sufficient authority.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Install the code that invoked the MAPREQ macro in an authorized library.

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR503I | MAPREQ MACRO WILL NOT RUN BECAUSE OF INSUFFICIENT SMS CAPABILITY |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ cannot be processed because the system lacks sufficient Storage Management Subsystem (SMS) capability.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Install a level of SMS code that is needed by the MAPREQ macro.

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|--|
| AIR504I | UNABLE TO CLOSE OUTPUT FILE FOR MAPREQ REQUEST FILE NAME = <i>file_name</i> ERRNO = <i>errno</i> ERRNOJR = <i>errnojr</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ was unable to close the z/OS UNIX file used to hold the output.

In the messages text:

file_name

The file name.

errno

The file name being closed failed with *errno*.

errnojr

The file name being closed failed with *errnojr*.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to close the z/OS UNIX file based on *errno* and *errnojr*.

Problem determination

For *errno* and *errnojr* descriptions, see [*z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes*](#).

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|--|
| AIR505I | MAPREQ MACRO WAS UNABLE TO OPEN THE TRACE FILE SPECIFIED |
|---------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because the trace file specified can not be opened.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Update the JCL for the job that invoked MAPREQ macro to correctly specify the trace file.

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR506I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO ESTABLISH AN ESTAE

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an ESTAE can not be established.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ, if it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMAPR

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR507I

MAPREQ MACRO WAS UNABLE TO ESTABLISH AN ESTAE

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because the trace file specified can not be opened.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ, if it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR508I

**CSVINFO issued by MAPREQ failed RETURN CODE = *return_code*
REASON CODE = *reason_code***

Explanation

CSVINFO request issued by MAPREQ failed.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code from CSVINFO.

reason_code

Reason code from CSVINFO.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to successfully issue CSVINFO using the return code and reason code return by CSVINFO.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

Explanation

CSVINFO request issued by MAPREQ failed with insufficient space to contain list of all modules in LPA.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code from CSVINFO.

reason_code

Reason code from CSVINFO.

System action

Request ends before all modules were extracted from LPA.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to successfully issue CSVINFO, insufficient space to hold all of the modules being extracted by CSVINFO.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned no entries implying that LPA contains no modules.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ, if it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR511I

**MAPREQ MACRO FAILED INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR ALL MODULES
CONTAINED IN LPA**

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned more modules contained in LPA than can be contained in MAPREQ tables.

System action

MAPREQ terminated, only portion of data returned.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ, if it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR512I

**UNABLE TO WRITE TO OUTPUT FILE FOR MAPREQ REQUEST FILE
NAME = *file_name* ERRNO = *errno* ERRNOJR = *errnojr***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to write to the z/OS UNIX file used to hold the output.

In the messages text:

file_name

The file name.

errno

The write to file name failed with errno.

errnojr

The write to file name failed with errnojr.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to write to z/OS UNIX file based on the errno and errnojr.

User response

Correct the name of the z/OS UNIX system file and rerun.

Problem determination

For errno and errnojr descriptions, see [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#).

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR513I

MAPREQ MACRO WAS UNABLE TO ESTABLISH AN ESTAE

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an ESTAE can not be established.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMPVT

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR514I

**UNABLE TO CREATE A COMMON AREA DATA SPACE NEED BY MAPREQ,
DSPSERV RETURN CODE = *return_code* REASON CODE = *reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to create the Common area data space.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code from DSPSERV.

reason_code

Reason code from DSPSERV.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to create a Common area data space based on return code and reason code.

Module

AIRMPVT

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR515I

**UNABLE TO ADD COMMON AREA DATA SPACE NEED BY MAPREQ,
ALESERV, DSPSERV RETURN CODE = *return_code* STOKEN = *stoken***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to add the common area data space to PASN.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code from DSPSERV.

stoken

The DSPSERV STOKEN.

System action

Request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to add a common area data space based on return code and STOKEN.

Module

AIRMPVT

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR516I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS A REQUEST TO EXTRACT INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE = <i>address_space</i> TIMER INTERVAL = <i>timer_interval</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process a request to extract information from an address space within a reasonable amount of time.

In the message text:

- address_space***
The address space id.
- timer_interval***
Timer interval.

System action

Request was terminated.

System programmer response

Determine why MAPREQ was unable to process a request to extract information from an address space.

Module

AIRMLPA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR517I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS A REQUEST TO EXTRACT INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE, ASID = <i>address_space</i> ADDRESS SPACE NOT ACTIVE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process a request to extract information from an address space because the address space is no longer active

In the message text:

- address_space***
The address space id.

System action

Address space was skipped.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Rerun the request with the correct list of address spaces.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR518I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS A REQUEST TO EXTRACT INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE ASID = <i>address_space</i> RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process a request to extract information from an address space. See return code for details.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

return_code

Internal return code.

System action

MAPREQ request was terminated.

Operator response

Notify the job submitter that the job failed.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR519I**MAPREQ SKIPPED REQUESTED ADDRESS SPACE INSUFFICIENT
SPACE FOR ALL MODULES CONTAINED IN ADDRESS SPACE, ASID =
*address_space*****Explanation**

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned more modules contained in address space than can be contained in MAPREQ tables. MAPREQ tries to process next address space.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

System action

MAPREQ skips address space, only portion of data returned.

System programmer response

Rerun the job that invoked MAPREQ, if it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR520I**MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS A REQUEST TO EXTRACT
INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE, ASID= *address_space* BECAUSE
CSVINFO RETURNED NO ENTRIES FOR IT****Explanation**

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned no entries implying that the address space contains no modules.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

System action

MAPREQ skips address space, only portion of data returned.

User response

Reissue MAPREQ request for the address spaces containing executable modules.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR521I

**MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS A REQUEST TO EXTRACT
INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE, ASID = *address_space*,
SYNCHCOMP VALUE = *synchcomp*, SYNCHCODE = *synchcode*,
SYNCHRSN = *synchrsn***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process a request to extract information from an address space. See return code for details.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

synchcomp

SYNCHCOMP value code.

synchcode

SYNCHCODE value.

synchrsn

SYNCHRSN value.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR522I

**MAPREQ FAILED IN CORRECT INFORMATION WAS RETURNED
BY CSVINFO FOR INFORMATION FOR ADDRESS SPACE, ASID =
address_space, MODULE NAME = *module_name*, START ADDRESS =
*invalid_address***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because a invalid address was returned by the CSVINFO for the address space and module.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

module_name

Module name.

invalid_address

Invalid address.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR523I

**MAPREQ MACRO FAILED BECAUSE CSVINFO FOR, ASID =
address_space, RETURN CODE = *return_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned a non-zero return code.

In the message text:

address_space

Address space id.

return_code

CSVINFO return code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR524I**MAPREQ MACRO FAILED BECAUSE ATTACHX FAILED****Explanation**

MAPREQ failed because ATTACHX failed. Unable to create subtask to process modules loaded into private storage.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMRVA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR525I**MAPREQ MACRO FAILED INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR ALL ENTRY
POINTS CONTAINED IN THE NUCLEUS****Explanation**

MAPREQ failed because number of entry points in nucleus can not be contained in MAPREQ tables.

System action

MAPREQ terminated, only portion of data returned.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMNUC

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR526I**MAPREQ MACRO FAILED RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE =
*reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because CSVINFO returned a non-zero return code.

In the message text:

return_code
Return code.
reason_code
Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Rerun the program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Problem determination

For CSVINFO return and reason codes, see [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP](#).

Module

AIRMREQ

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|--|
| AIR550I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO ALLOCATE OUTPUT DATASET FOR BINDER DATA (STARTD) START DIALOG RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i> , REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ was unable to allocate a data set or sysout to hold the information generated by IEWBIND request.

In the message text:

return_code
Return code.
reason_code
Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRBIND

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR551I | MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND START DIALOG (STARTD) RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND START DIALOG (STARTD) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRBIND

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR552I | MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND CREATE WORKAREA (CREATEW) RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND CREATE WORKAREA (CREATEW) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRBIND

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR553I

**MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND RESET
WORKAREA (RESETW) RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE =
*reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND RESET WORKAREA (RESETW) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRBIND

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR554I**MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND DELETE
WORKAREA (DELETETW) RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE
= *reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND DELETE WORKAREA (DELETETW) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRBIND

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR555I**MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND START
DIALOG (STOPD) RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE =
*reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND STOP DIALOG (STOPD) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR556I | MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND GET NAME (GETN) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR557I | MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND GET ENTRY (GETE) RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND GET ENTRY (GETE) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ request terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMREQ

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR558I

**MAPREQ FAILED INCONSTITENT ADDRESSES BETWEEN MODULE
AND CSECT DATASET NAME = *dataset_name*, MEMBER NAME =
member_name module_address csect_address**

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it the addresses extracted using the CSECT data exceeded the address returned by CSVINFO.

In the message text:

dataset_name

Data set containing module.

member_name

Member name for which CSECT data is extracted.

module_address

Address of end of module.

csect_address

Address of end of CSECT.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR559I | MAPREQ FAILED INCONSTITENT ADDRESSES BETWEEN MODULE AND CSECT DATASET NAME = <i>dataset_name</i>, MEMBER NAME = <i>member_name</i> module_address csect_address |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because there was insufficient space to hold the CSECT information.

In the message text:

dataset_name

Data set containing module.

member_name

Member name for which CSECT data is extracted.

module_address

Address of end of module.

csect_address

Address of end of CSECT.

System action

MAPREQ terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTA, AIRMCSTB

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIR560I | MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> PATHNAME = <i>path_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND INCLUDE (INCLUDE) request

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

path_name

Path name.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing specified executable.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTB

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR561I

**MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND RETURN
CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code* DATASET NAME =
dataset_name MEMBER NAME = *member_name***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to execute the IEWBIND INCLUDE (INCLUDE) request.

In the message text:

return_code

Return code.

reason_code

Reason code.

dataset_name

Data set name.

member_name

member name.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing specified executable.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTB

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR562I

MAPREQ FAILED WHEN EXECUTING THE BINDER IEWBIND
INCORRECT ESD TYPE RETURNED, ESD TYPE = *esd_type*

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it received incorrect information from an IEWBIND request.

In the message text:

esd_type

ESD type.

System action

MAPREQ request terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request. If it continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact IBM Support.

Module

AIRMCSTB

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR563I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION PATHNAME
WAS TOO LONG, LENGTH= *pathname_length*, PATHNAME = *path_name*

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process the CSECT information because the path name was too long.

In the message text:

pathname_length

Path name length.

path_name

Path name.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing specified executable.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT or move the CSECT to a path name or filename that is less than 255 characters.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR564I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION WAS TOO LONG CVAFFILT FAILED, VOLSER= *volser*, RETURN CODE= *return_code* CVSTAT= *cvstat*

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process the CSECT information because CVAFFILT failed.

In the message text:

volser

Failing volser.

return_code

Return code.

cvstat

CVSTAT

System action

MAPREQ request terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT or correct the reason that CVAFFILT was unable to process the VTOC.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR565I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION CVAFFILT FAILED, VOLSER= *volser*, RETURN CODE= *return_code* CVSTAT= *cvstat*

Explanation

MAPREQ failed. It was unable to process the CSECT information because CVAFFILT(RESUME) failed.

In the message text:

volser

Failing volser.

return_code

Return code.

cvstat

CVSTAT

System action

MAPREQ request terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT or correct the reason that CVAFFILT was unable to process the VTOC.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR566I

**MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION CVAFFILT
FAILED, VOLSER= *volser*, RETURN CODE= *return_code* CVSTAT= *cvstat***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed. It was unable to process the CSECT information because CVAFFILT (RELEASE) failed.

In the message text:

volser

Failing volser.

return_code

Return code.

cvstat

CVSTAT

System action

MAPREQ request terminates.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT or correct the reason that CVAFFILT was unable to process the VTOC.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR567I

**MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION FAILED,
VOLSER= *volser* DID NOT CONTAIN DATASET FOR MEMBER = *executable***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed. It was unable to process the CSECT information because it was unable to find the data set that contained the module.

In the message text:

volser

Failing volser.

executable

Name of module.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR568I

**MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION FAILED,
DATASET NAME= *dataset_name* VOLSER= *volser* S99ERROR= *S99ERROR*
REASON CODE= *reason_code***

Explanation

MAPREQ failed. It was unable to process the CSECT information because it could not allocate the data set which contained the module.

In the message text:

volser

Failing volser.

S99ERROR

S99ERROR.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|---|
| AIR569I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION DYNALLOC FAILED, S99ERROR=S99ERROR REASON CODE= <i>reason_code</i> PATHNAME= <i>pathname</i> |
|---------|---|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to processes the CSECT information because it was unable to allocate the executable in the z/OS UNIX file system that contained the module.

In the message text:

S99ERROR
S99ERROR.
reason_code
Reason code.
pathname
Path name.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|---------|--|
| AIR570I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT INFORMATION DYNALLOC FAILED, S99ERROR=S99ERROR REASON CODE= <i>reason_code</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ failed because it was unable to process the CSECT information because it was unable to allocate the executable in the z/OS UNIX file system that contained the module.

In the message text:

S99ERROR

S99ERROR.

reason_code

Reason code.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Re-run program that issued the request and avoid requesting information on the failing CSECT.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIR572I | MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO EXTRACT CSECT FOR <i>module_name</i> MODULE USES VIO DATASET |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

MAPREQ unable to extract CSECT information for module specified because module uses VIO data set.

In the message text:

module_name

is the module name.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Use an alternative mean to gather CSECT data.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR573I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS CSECT INFORMATION DUE TO ESD RMODE AND MODULE RMODE CONFLICT, DATASET NAME=*dataset_name*, MEMBER=*member_name*

Explanation

MAPREQ failed to process CSECT information because of the ESD RMODE and module RMODE conflict.

In the message text:

dataset_name

is the data set containing module.

member_name

is the member name for which CSECT data is extracted.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Use an alternative mean to gather CSECT data.

Module

AIRMCSTA

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR574I

MAPREQ WAS UNABLE TO PROCESS CSECT FOR *executable* BECAUSE DATA SET KEY WAS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

MAPREQ is unable to extract CSECT information for the module specified because the data set key is not available.

In the message text:

executable

is the name of the module.

System action

MAPREQ request skips processing this request.

System programmer response

Use an alternative mean to gather CSECT data.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR601I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: NO EXECUTABLE IN PRIVATE WAS SELECTED, BUT SOME OR ALL OR CURRENT WAS ALSO SPECIFIED.

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR602I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: NO EXECUTABLE IN PRIVATE WAS SELECTED, BUT SOME OR CURRENT WAS ALSO SPECIFIED.

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR603I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: NO EXECUTABLE IN PRIVATE WAS SELECTED, BUT SOME WAS ALSO SPECIFIED.

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR604I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: ADDRESS OF EXECUTABLE FOR SOME ADDRESS SPACES WAS SPECIFIED, BUT LIST OF ADDRESS SPACES WAS NOT USABLE (JOBNAME OR ASID).

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR605I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: ADDRESS OF EXECUTABLE FOR SOME ADDRESS SPACES WAS SPECIFIED, BUT LIST OF ADDRESS SPACES WAS NOT USABLE (ASID).

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR606I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTION WAS INCONSISTENT: ADDRESS OF EXECUTABLE FOR SOME ADDRESS SPACES WAS SPECIFIED, BUT LIST OF ADDRESS SPACES WAS NOT USABLE (JOBNAME).

Explanation

MAPREQ can not be processed because an incorrect combination of options was requested.

System action

MAPREQ terminated.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMCST

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR615I**MAPREQ MACRO OPTIONS REQUESTED A DUPLICATE ADDRESS SPACE. JOBNAME = *job_name*****Explanation**

MAPREQ can not process the job name requested because it duplicated an already processed address space.

In the messages text:

job_name

Duplicate job name.

System action

MAPREQ skips processing duplicate address space.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMSET

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR616I**MAPREQ MACRO OPTIONS REQUESTED A JOB NAME WHICH WAS NOT FOUND. JOBNAME = *job_name*****Explanation**

MAPREQ can not process the job name requested because it was not for a currently active address space.

In the messages text:

job_name

Duplicate job name.

System action

MAPREQ skips processing job name request that was not found.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMSET

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR617I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTIONS REQUESTED A DUPLICATE ADDRESS SPACE. ASID = *asid*

Explanation

MAPREQ can not process the job name requested because it duplicated an already processed address space.

In the messages text:

asid

Duplicate address space id.

System action

MAPREQ skips processing the duplicate address space.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMSET

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR618I

MAPREQ MACRO OPTIONS REQUESTED AN ADDRESS SPACE WHICH WAS NOT FOUND. ASID = *asid*

Explanation

MAPREQ can not process the job name requested because it was not for a currently active address space.

In the messages text:

asid

the address space that was not found.

System action

MAPREQ skips processing the job name request that was not found.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMSET

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR619I

**MAPREQ MACRO REQUEST WAS INCONSISTENT BOTH OPTION AND
DATAONLY KEYWORDS WERE SPECIFIED**

Explanation

MAPREQ can not process the request because both the DATAONLY and OPTIONS keyword were specified.

System action

MAPREQ stops processing because of inconsistent keywords.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMREQ

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

AIR620I

MAPREQ MACRO LENGTH OF OUTPUT FILENAME IS ZERO

Explanation

MAPREQ can not process the job name requested because it was not for a currently active address space.

In the messages text:

System action

MAPREQ stops processing the job name request because the output file name length is zero.

System programmer response

Correct request and reissue MAPREQ request.

Module

AIRMREQ

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

4

Chapter 10. AIRH messages

The following messages are IBM Health Checker for z/OS messages that are issued by PFA. The check exception messages are issued both as WTOs and also to the message buffer. The WTO version contains only the message text, while the exception message in the message buffer includes both the text and explanation of the potential problem found, including the severity, and information about what to do to fix the potential problem. For detailed report information, see the topic on [Predictive Failure Analysis checks in z/OS Problem Management](#).

AIRH101E

The common storage usage has been predicted to exceed the capacity.

Explanation

The model of common storage utilization for this LPAR has predicted that usage of common storage will exceed the threshold set by the user before the current model interval ends at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*. The threshold used in the calculations is controlled by the user of predictive failure analysis by modifying the THRESHOLD parameter for this check. See the IBM Health Checker for z/OS report for the PFA_COMMON_STORAGE_USAGE check to determine which storage locations caused the exception and which jobs may have contributed to the problem.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

A list of candidates for the cause of the problem has been produced which may contain the job or address space which is causing common storage to be exhausted. Review the list of candidates and follow your standard diagnostic procedures to determine what actions are needed to prevent common storage exhaustion from occurring. If storage has expanded from SQA to CSA and the exception is in CSA storage, both CSA and SQA have been marked as causing the exception. If storage has expanded from ESQA to ECSA and the exception is in ECSA storage, both ECSA and ESQA have been marked as causing the exception. A list of top users of common storage can be found in the reports for the VSM_CSA_THRESHOLD check and the VSM_SQA_THRESHOLD check.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the common storage shortage.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the common storage shortage.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the common storage shortage.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH102I

No problem with common storage usage is predicted to occur before *nextmodeltime*. The current usage is within the expected range based on the predictions modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The model of common storage usage for this LPAR has predicted that usage of common storage will be below the total common storage capacity plus additional common storage defined by the user threshold until after the end of the current model interval. If storage has expanded from SQA to CSA or from ESQA to ECSA, comparisons are not being performed on the original storage location.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH103I

Comparisons of predictions and arrivals will occur when the check is run after modeling has run and succeeded. Modeling is scheduled for *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future common storage usage. Sufficient data will be collected after a successful model occurs. The first modeling will occur after MODELINT minutes from the start of PFA. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of common storage usage trends and a successful model has occurred, common storage usage predictions will start to be generated.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH110E

The LOGREC entry arrival rate is higher than expected and could cause a system problem by *nextmodeltime*. When the LOGREC entry rate is higher than expected, it can indicate recurring failures on the system

which can eventually lead to system hang. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The model of the LOGREC entry arrival rate has detected that the arrival rate is higher than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually high LOGREC entry rate can indicate a series of recurring failures on the system which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine LOGREC entries to determine the source of the higher than expected entry arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected LOGREC entry arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected LOGREC entry arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high LOGREC entry arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH111I

No problems based on LOGREC entry arrival rate are expected to occur before *nextmodeltime*. The current LOGREC entry arrival rate is within the predicted range modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The LOGREC entry arrival rate for the system is within the normal boundaries for this system.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH112I | Comparisons of predictions and arrivals will occur after data has been collected and modeling has run and succeeded. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL. Modeling is scheduled for <i>nextmodeltime</i>. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future LOGREC arrival rates. Sufficient data will be collected after at least one hour of usable data exists and after a successful model occurs. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of LOGREC arrival rate trends and a successful model has occurred, LOGREC arrival rate predictions will start to be generated.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH132I

Last model of future common storage usage attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH133I

Last model of future LOGREC arrival rate attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIRH152E | The total system message arrival rate is higher than expected and may indicate a damaged system. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The model of the total system message arrival rate has detected that the arrival rate is higher than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually high message arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures on the system which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine message arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH153E

The total system message arrival rate is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the total system message arrival rate has detected that the arrival rate is lower than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually low message arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH154I

No problems based on message arrival rate are occurring. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The current message arrival rate is within the predicted range modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The message arrival rate for the system is within the normal boundaries for this system.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH155I

Comparisons of predictions and arrivals will occur after data has been collected and modeling has run and succeeded. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL. Modeling is scheduled for *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future message arrival rates. Sufficient data will be collected after at least one hour of usable data exists and after a successful model occurs. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of message arrival rate trends and a successful model has occurred, message arrival rate predictions will start to be generated.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH165E | The message arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The model of the tracked persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for each is higher than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually high message arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine message arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH166E

The message arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

For the persistent address spaces that are not being tracked individually, the model of the persistent address spaces when compared to the average arrival rate for the group is higher than expected. An unusually high message arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine message arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH169E | The message arrival rate for one or more non-persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The model of the non-persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for the group is higher than expected. An unusually high message arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine message arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH172I

The check parameters were changed successfully. The check will run after the next collection which is scheduled for *nextcolltime* if enough data has been collected and a successful model has occurred.

Explanation

The check is designed to run after a data collection. It will not run immediately after parameters were changed. The parameters have been changed successfully.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH173I

Last model of future message arrival rates attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIRH174E | The total system SMF arrival rate is higher than expected and may indicate a damaged system. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The model of the total SMF records arrival rate has detected that the arrival rate is higher than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually high SMF arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures on the system which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine SMF arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH175E

The total system SMF arrival rate is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the total system SMF arrival rate has detected that the arrival rate is lower than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually low SMF arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH176I

No problems based on SMF arrival rate are occurring. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The current SMF arrival rate is within the predicted range modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The SMF arrival rate for the system is within the normal boundaries for this system.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH177I | Comparisons of predictions and arrivals will occur after data has been collected and modeling has run and succeeded. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL and SMF is active. Modeling is scheduled for <i>nextmodeltime</i>. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future SMF arrival rates. Sufficient data will be collected after at least one hour of usable data exists and after a successful model occurs. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of SMF arrival rate trends and a successful model has occurred, SMF arrival rate predictions will start to be generated. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL. Data collection is also suspended while SMF is not active. The modeling time will be UNKNOWN when SMF is not active.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH184I | The last model of expected enqueue request rates attempted at <i>lastmodeltime</i> was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at <i>nextmodeltime</i>. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH185I

No problems based on enqueue request rate are occurring. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The current enqueue request rate is within the expected range modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The model of the enqueue request rate when compared to the current enqueue request rate is in the expected range for this LPAR.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH186I

Comparisons of predictions and arrivals will occur after data has been collected and modeling has run and succeeded, and predictions for two time ranges exist. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL. Modeling is scheduled for *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future enqueue request rates. Sufficient data will be collected after at least one hour of usable data exists and after a successful model occurs. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of enqueue request rate trends and a successful model has occurred, enqueue request rate predictions will start to be generated. Comparisons will be made after predictions exist for two time ranges.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH187E

The SMF arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the tracked persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for each is higher than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually high SMF arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine SMF arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH188E | The SMF arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

For the persistent address spaces that are not being tracked individually, the model of the persistent address spaces when compared to the average arrival rate for the group is higher than expected. An unusually high SMF arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine SMF arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH190E

The enqueue request rate for one or more persistent address spaces is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the tracked, persistent address spaces when compared to the request rate for each is lower than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually low enqueue request rate can indicate an impending system hang. The enqueue request rate is the ratio of the requests and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH191E | The SMF arrival rate for one or more non-persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The model of the non-persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for the group is higher than expected. An unusually high SMF arrival rate can indicate a series of recurring failures for the address space which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine SMF arrivals to determine the source of the higher than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH192E | The enqueue request rate for one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The model of the tracked persistent address spaces when compared to the request rate for each is higher than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually high enqueue request rate can indicate a loop in the address space which may be indicative of a damaged system. The enqueue request rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine enqueue requests to determine the source of the higher than expected request rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected enqueue request rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected enqueue request rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high enqueue request rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH194I

Last model of future SMF arrival rates attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH198E | The change in JES spool usage by one or more persistent address spaces is higher than expected. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The change in JES spool usage is higher than expected when compared to the model of the expected change in JES spool usage for one or more persistent address spaces. An unusually high change in the JES spool usage may indicate that the address space is damaged. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The expected change used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

A list of candidates for the cause of the problem has been produced which contains the jobs or address spaces whose change in JES spool usage exceeded expectations. Review the list of candidates and follow your standard diagnostic procedures to determine what actions should be taken.

System programmer response

See the operator response to determine the cause of the JES spool usage problem.

Problem determination

See the operator response to determine the cause of the JES spool usage problem.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the JES spool usage problem.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH199I

Comparisons of the expected change in JES spool usage with the current change in JES spool usage will occur when the check is run after modeling has run and succeeded. Modeling is scheduled for *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to build a model of the change in JES spool usage. Once sufficient data has been collected and a model of the change in JES spool usage trends has been built, comparisons can be made.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH200I

No problem with the change in JES spool usage by persistent address spaces is occurring. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The expected change in usage value used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

Explanation

The model of the change in JES spool usage by persistent address spaces for this LPAR has predicted that the change in JES spool usage is in the expected range for all persistent address spaces.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH201I

Last model of the change in JES spool usage attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH206E

The message arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the tracked persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for each is lower than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually low message arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH207E

The message arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

For the persistent address spaces that are not being tracked individually, the model of the persistent address spaces when compared as a group to the average arrival rate is lower than expected. An unusually low message arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The message arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected message arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH208E

The SMF arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem.

Explanation

The model of the tracked persistent address spaces when compared to the arrival rate for each is lower than expected based on the previous history of each tracked address space. An unusually low SMF arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIRH209E | The SMF arrival rate for one or more persistent address spaces is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

For the persistent address spaces that are not being tracked individually, the model of the persistent address spaces when compared as a group to the average arrival rate is lower than expected. An unusually low SMF arrival rate can indicate an impending system hang. The SMF arrival rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The predictions used in the comparison were modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected arrival rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected SMF arrival rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH210E

The total system enqueue request rate is higher than expected and may indicate a damaged system.

Explanation

The model of the total system enqueue request rate has detected that the request rate is higher than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually high enqueue request rate can indicate a series of recurring failures on the system which can lead to a system hang or may be indicative of a damaged system. The enqueue request rate is the ratio of the enqueue requests and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine enqueue requests to determine the source of the higher than expected request rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected enqueue request rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the higher than expected enqueue request rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the high enqueue request rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AIRH211E | The total system enqueue request rate is lower than expected and may indicate a system problem. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The model of the total system enqueue request rate has detected that the request rate is lower than expected based on the previous history of this system. An unusually low enqueue request rate can indicate an impending system hang. The enqueue request rate is the ratio of the arrivals and the CPU used in the last collection interval. The next model will occur at *nextmodeltime*. The prediction used in the comparison was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

Examine data from Runtime Diagnostics to determine the source of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the lower than expected enqueue request rate.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH222E

The private virtual storage usage for one or more address spaces has been predicted to exceed the capacity by *timeToCompPercent*.

Explanation

The model of private virtual storage utilization has predicted that usage for one or more address spaces on this LPAR will exceed the capacity by *timeToCompPercent*. The prediction was modeled at *lastsuccmodeltime*. The comparison values used in the calculations is controlled by the user of Predictive Failure Analysis by modifying the COMP% parameter for this check. See the IBM Health Checker for z/OS report for the PFA_PRIVATE_STORAGE_EXHAUSTION check to determine which address spaces and which storage locations within those address spaces contributed to this exception.

System action

Subsequent runs of this check will not produce an operator message until new data is available.

Operator response

A list of address spaces causing the exception has been provided in the report. Review the list of address spaces and follow your standard diagnostic procedures to determine what actions are needed to prevent storage exhaustion from occurring.

System programmer response

See operator response to determine the cause of the private virtual storage shortage.

Problem determination

See operator response to determine the cause of the private virtual storage shortage.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

This message should trigger an alert to system programmers / operator to determine the cause of the private virtual storage shortage.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIRH223I | No problem with private virtual storage exhaustion is predicted to occur before <i>nextmodeltime</i>. The current usage is within the expected range based on the predictions modeled at <i>lastsuccmodeltime</i>. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The model of private virtual storage utilization has predicted that usage for one or more address spaces on this LPAR will be below the capacity until after the end of the current model interval. The comparison values used in the calculations is controlled by the user of Predictive Failure Analysis by modifying the COMP% parameter for this check. Setting this value lower will cause this check to be more sensitive and issue exceptions earlier.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH224I

Comparisons of predictions to the current private virtual storage usage will occur after data has been collected and modeling has run and succeeded. Data collection waits until the system has stabilized after IPL. Modeling is scheduled for *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

Sufficient data needs to be collected to issue a prediction of future private virtual storage usage. Sufficient data will be collected after a successful model occurs. The first modeling will occur after MODELINT minutes from the start of PFA. Once enough data has been collected to build a model of private virtual storage usage trends and a successful model has occurred, private virtual storage usage predictions will start to be generated.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH225I

Last model of future private virtual storage usage attempted at *lastmodeltime* was unsuccessful. Modeling is next scheduled to occur at *nextmodeltime*.

Explanation

PFA modeling runs at a frequency of MODELINT minutes. When the last model was attempted, it was unsuccessful. Modeling will run again at the next scheduled model interval.

System action

The check processing continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRHMCHK

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH226I

The MOD% must be greater than or equal to the COLL%. Models of current trends cannot be created unless data is collected for input to the model. Configuration values were not changed. Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Explanation

Collections must occur before modeling can be done. Either increase MOD% to be greater than or equal to COLL% or decrease COLL% to be less than or equal to MOD%.

System action

Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRPAFUT

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH227I

The COMP% must be greater than or equal to the MOD%. Comparisons of current usage to future predictions cannot occur unless the data collected is modeled to create the future predictions. Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Explanation

Modeling must occur before comparisons can be done. Either increase COMP% to be greater than or equal to MOD% or decrease MOD% to be less than or equal to COMP%.

System action

Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRPAFUT

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AIRH228I | The MODELINT parameter must be at least four times larger than the COLLECTINT parameter. Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

Sufficient new data must be collected before a model can occur. Specify a value for the MODELINT parameter that is at least four times larger than the COLLECTINT parameter to ensure sufficient new data is collected between each model.

System action

Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRPAFUT

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

AIRH229I

The *e_higher_parm* parameter must be less than the *e_lower_parm* parameter. Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Explanation

The values for the E_HIGH, E_MED, E_LOW, and E_NONE parameters cannot overlap. The value for E_HIGH must be less than the values for E_MED, E_LOW, and E_NONE unless zero is specified. The value for E_MED must be less than the values for E_LOW and E_NONE unless zero is specified. The value for E_LOW must be less than the value for E_NONE unless zero is specified.

System action

Comparisons will not be performed until the values are corrected.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

Predictive Failure Analysis (SCPFA)

Module

AIRPAFUT

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Automation

None.

Reference Documentation

None.

Chapter 11. AIZ messages

These messages are issued by the z/OS bulk load client for z/OS IBM Z Advanced Workload Analysis Reporter (IBM zAware) and are written to the job log of a batch TSO user. For information about the z/OS bulk load client, see the *IBM z Advanced Workload Analysis Reporter (IBM zAware) Guide*, SC27-2632.

AIZ002I

A FUNCTION PARAMETER IS REQUIRED

Explanation

A function value is a required parameter.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid function value. Valid functions that you can use are INIT, WRITE, or CLEANUP.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ003I

THE BUFFER ADDRESS PARAMETER LENGTH IS *length*, MUST BE *rqdlen*

Explanation

The storage provided for the buffer address is not the expected size.

In the message text:

length

is the size, in bytes, of the provided buffer address storage.

rqdlen

is the required size, in bytes, of the buffer address storage.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the storage of the requested size.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

The storage provided for the buffer length is not the expected size.

In the message text:

length

is the size, in bytes, of the provided buffer length storage.

rqdlen

is the required size, in bytes, of the buffer length storage.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the storage of the requested size.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

The storage provided for the connect token is not the expected size.

In the message text:

length

is the size, in bytes, of the provided connect token storage.

rqdlen

is the required size, in bytes, of the connect token storage.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the storage of the requested size.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

A log stream name is a required input for this function.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid log stream name. You can use a 1-26 character log stream name. See [Using system logger services](#) in *z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide*.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIZ007I | THE LOGSTREAM NAME PARAMETER LENGTH IS <i>length</i>, MUST BE 1 TO 26 |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The provided log stream name is not the correct length.

In the message text:

length
is the length of the provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid log stream name.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ008I | A MODEL LOGSTREAM NAME IS REQUIRED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

A model log stream name is a required input for this function.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid model log stream name. You can use a 1-26 character model log stream name. See [Using system logger services in z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide](#).

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ009I | THE MODEL LOGSTREAM PARAMETER LENGTH IS <i>length</i>, MUST BE 1 TO 26 |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The provided model log stream name is not the correct length.

In the message text:

length

is the length of the provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid model log stream name.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIZ010I | AN UNSUPPORTED FUNCTION, <i>function</i>, WAS REQUESTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An unknown function value was provided.

In the message text:

function

is the user provided function value.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid function value. Valid functions that you can use are INIT, WRITE, or CLEANUP.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIZ011I | THE BUFFER ADDRESS <i>bufaddr</i> DOES NOT REFERENCE A AIZBLKR BUFFER |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The provided buffer address does not reference a buffer created by an AIZBLKR INIT request.

In the message text:

bufaddr

is the user provided buffer address.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the buffer address returned by an AIZBLKR INIT request.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ012I | THE LOGSTREAM NAME <i>lstream</i> IS NOT VALID |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The provided log stream does not conform to the documented log stream name requirements.

In the message text:

lstream

is the user provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid log stream name.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ013I

THE LOGSTREAM *lstream* IS ALREADY DEFINED

Explanation

The provided log stream name is already defined in the LOGR couple data set.

In the message text:

lstream

is the user provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a different log stream name.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ014I

THE MODEL LOGSTREAM NAME *lstream* IS NOT VALID

Explanation

The provided model log stream name does not conform to the documented log stream name requirements.

In the message text:

lstream

is the user provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a valid model log stream name.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ015I

THE MODEL LOGSTREAM *lstream* IS NOT DEFINED

Explanation

The provided model log stream name is not defined in the LOGR couple data set.

In the message text:

lsname

is the user provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Define the model log stream and retry the request.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ016I **SYSTEM LOGGER *service request* FAILED, RC=*retcode* RSN=*rsncode***

Explanation

A system logger operation has failed. Message AIZ017I accompanies this message.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

retcode

is the system logger service return code.

rsncode

is the system logger service reason code.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Collect error data and provide it to your support team.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ017I **SYSTEM LOGGER DIAG1-4: *diag1 diag2 diag3 diag4***

Explanation

This message provides additional system logger failure data when a system logger operation has failed.

In the message text:

diag1

is the contents of Ansa_Diag1 from the service.

diag2

is the contents of Ansa_Diag2 from the service.

diag3

is the contents of Ansa_Diag3 from the service.

diag4

is the contents of Ansa_Diag4 from the service.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Collect error data and provide it to your support team.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ018I

**SYSTEM LOGGER *service request* FAILED, THE SYSTEM LOGGER
ADDRESS SPACE IS UNAVAILABLE**

Explanation

System logger services are not available.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request when system logger services are available.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

A zero buffer address is not acceptable for this request.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the buffer address from an AIZBLKR INIT request.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

A zero buffer length is not acceptable for this request.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the amount of data in the buffer.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Explanation

The provided connect token is not known to system logger. Either the log stream is no longer available or the connect token returned on the AIZBLKR INIT request was not used on subsequent AIZBLR requests.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the connect token returned by the AIZBLKR INIT request. If the problem persists, investigate if some other activity is deleting the log stream.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ022I | SYSTEM LOGGER <i>service request</i> FAILED, LOGSTREAM <i>lname</i> HAS ACTIVE CONNECTIONS |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The system logger operation is not allowed for a log stream with active connections.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

lname

is the user provided log stream name.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request when the log stream has no active connections.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ023I | SYSTEM LOGGER <i>service request</i> FAILED, THE BUFFER LENGTH <i>buflen</i> IS LARGER THAN THE LOGSTREAM MAXBUFSIZE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The system logger operation failed, due to an unacceptable storage length. The buffer length must be from 1 to the MAXBUFSIZE value of the model log stream used to create this log stream.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

buflen

is the user provided buffer length.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the correct buffer length.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ024I

**SYSTEM LOGGER *service request* FAILED, THE BUFFER ADDRESS
bufaddr IS NOT ADDRESSABLE**

Explanation

A system logger operation failed, due to an inaccessible buffer address.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

bufaddr

is the user provided buffer address.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with the buffer address from an AIZBLKR INIT request.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

AIZ025I

SYSTEM LOGGER ZAI SUPPORT IS NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

The logstream was not defined, as the required system logger support is not available.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Request that the enabling PTF be installed and retry the request.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIZ026I | THE BUFFER ADDRESS <i>bufaddr</i> CONTAINS NON-HEXADECIMAL CHARACTERS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The provided buffer address must be a hexadecimal number, consisting only of characters 0-9, a-f, A-F.

In the message text:

bufaddr

is the user provided buffer address.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a hexadecimal value.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AIZ027I | THE BUFFER LENGTH <i>buflen</i> CONTAINS NON-DECIMAL CHARACTERS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The provided buffer length must be a decimal number, consisting only of characters 0-9.

In the message text:

buflen

is the user provided buffer length.

System action

Request is not processed.

System programmer response

Retry the request with a decimal value.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AIZ028I | SYSTEM LOGGER <i>service request</i> DELAYED, SYSTEM LOGGER IS TEMPORARILY UNAVAILABLE |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

System logger is not processing the request, presumably due to the lack of required resources.

In the message text:

service

is the system logger service name.

request

is the system logger service request name.

System action

Processing of the request continues to wait for system logger to complete its processing.

Source

zAware (SCEZA)

Module

AIZBLKR

Chapter 12. AMA messages

AMA100I

AMASPZAP PROCESSING COMPLETED

Explanation

This message occurs when SPZAP processing ends normally. It should be noted, however, that normal ending can occur despite prior failure in the processing of control statements.

System action

The job step ends.

System programmer response

Check the SYSPRINT output to ensure that all control statement operations completed successfully.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA101I

SYSLIB I/O ERROR *ddd, opr, err, access-method*

Explanation

An I/O error occurred when the data set defined in the SYSLIB DD statement was being accessed.

In the message text:

ddd

The device address.

opr

The operation in process.

err

The error type.

access-method

The access method in use.

System action

The job step ends.

System programmer response

If VERIFY and REP control statements were part of the input stream for SPZAP, bypass either the record or control section being inspected and/or modified, and carefully check the printed output to ensure that any modifications were performed correctly. If all the modifications requested have not been performed, rerun the SPZAP program to make the necessary modifications.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA102I

SYSLIB DD SPECIFICATION ERROR

Explanation

The data set defined in the SYSLIB DD statement does not contain the member name or physical record defined in a control statement, or the NAME statement identifies a member of a partitioned data set (PDS) that is not a load module created by the linkage editor.

System action

Subsequent VERIFY, REP, and SETSSI statements are ignored until a successful NAME or CCHHR operation is performed.

System programmer response

Correct the member name or address in the control statement or correct the DSNAME in the SYSLIB DD statement, and rerun the job. If the CONSOLE option is being utilized, the job need not be rerun; the corrected statement can be reentered in response to message AMA116A. If the volume table of contents (VTOC) is being opened for update, make sure that SPZAP resides in SYS.LINKLIB or SYS1.LPALIB with an access code of 1.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

A control section name defined in a control statement cannot be found in the specified member.

System action

All control sections of the load module are dumped. Subsequent VERIFY or REP statements are ignored until a NAME or CCHHR statement is read.

System programmer response

Correct the control section parameter in the control statement, and rerun the job. If the CONSOLE option is being utilized, the job need not be rerun; the corrected statement can be reentered in response to message AMA116A.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

The data contained in the VERIFY statement did not agree with the data at the specified location.

System action

A dump of the text portion of the control section or the entire data record is printed in SYSPRINT listing. Processing continues, but all REP and SETSSI statements that follow the rejected VERIFY statement are ignored until another NAME or CCHHR statement is encountered. However, any VERIFY statements that are detected will be processed.

System programmer response

Check the dump output and correct either the data or offset parameter (whichever was in error in the VERIFY statement), and rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA105I**INVALID CARD OR NO GO SWITCH SET**

Explanation

This message indicates that the requested operation cannot be performed. Either:

- The operation name or one (or more) of the parameters is not valid. For example, a parameter value might contain characters other than valid hexadecimal characters.
- An error occurred on a previous operation preventing the current operation.

System action

If an error occurred processing a NAME or CCHHR statement in an earlier operation, no VERIFY or REP operations will be performed until a NAME, CCHHR, DUMP, DUMPT, ABSDUMP, or ABSDUMPT statement is processed successfully. If the error occurred in a previous VERIFY or REP statement, only REP statements will be bypassed until a NAME or CCHHR statement is performed successfully.

System programmer response

Correct the control statement in error, then rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA106I**[PATCH OVERLAPS - CHECK DUMP | ATTEMPTING TO VER/REP
OUTSIDE LIMITS OF SECTION]**

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred while a VERIFY or REP operation was being performed:

For a data record, the offset specified in the control statement is beyond the end of the record containing the data to be inspected or modified. For example, OFFSET is greater than (KEYLEN + record length).

For a control section, the offset value plus the number of bytes of data specified in the control statement denotes a location that is beyond the limits of the control section. For example: (offset value + number of bytes of data) is greater than the displacement of the last byte of control section.

If the offset specified was defined in the CSECT by a DS (Define Storage) operation in the assembler, this message be issued.

System action

The SPZAP program dumps the data in the control section or data record being modified or inspected, and continues processing subsequent control statements. However, any REP statements pertaining to the same NAME or CCHHR statement will be ignored.

System programmer response

If a REP operation was being performed on a control section when the error occurred, check the offset and data parameters.

If the offset is within the limits of the control section, but the number of bytes specified exceeds the end of the control section, the portion of data that fell within the control section will have been modified before the error was detected. Restore the data to its original form, correct the number of bytes specified in the REP statement, and perform the REP operation again.

If the offset in the REP statement exceeded the limits of the control section, then no data will have been modified. In this case, correct the offset specified in the REP statement and perform the REP operation again.

If a VERIFY operation was being performed on a control section or data record, or if a REP operation was being performed on a data record at the time the error was detected, no data will have been modified. Correct the offset or number of bytes specified in the control statement (whichever was in error), and perform the operation again.

Source

SPZAP. If DFSMS/MVS 1.1 or higher is installed, IGWSPZAP.

Module

AMASPZAP

IGWSPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA107I

DS AREA NOT INCLUDED IN TEXT

Explanation

A VERIFY or REP operation was attempted, and the base value specified in a BASE statement was greater than the offset value specified in a corresponding VERIFY or REP statement.

System action

The SPZAP program dumps the data in the control section being modified or inspected and continues processing. Any subsequent REP statements pertaining to the same NAME statement will be ignored.

System programmer response

Correct either the value in the BASE statement or the offset value given in the VERIFY or REP statement, then rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA108I**SYSIN SPECIFICATION ERROR****Explanation**

The SYSIN DD statement is not included in the JCL.

System action

The job step ends.

System programmer response

Include a SYSIN DD statement in the JCL, then rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA109I**ERROR - ODD NUMBER DIGITS - IGNORED****Explanation**

This message occurs if the patch data, verify data or data offset specified in a VERIFY or REP control statement is not represented as an even number of hexadecimal digits.

System action

If the error results from an incorrect VERIFY statement, any REP statements that follow are ignored until a subsequent NAME, CCHHR, DUMP, DUMPT, ABSDUMP, or ABSDUMPT command is entered. If the error is detected in a REP statement, only that particular statement is ignored.

System programmer response

Make sure that an even number of hexadecimal digits is specified in the offset and data parameters in the VERIFY or REP statement, and rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA110I **NO DIRECTORY SSI - SETSSI IGNORED**

Explanation

A SETSSI statement has been entered for a member which does not contain SSI information in its directory entry.

System action

No SSI information is stored; processing continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

To create the SSI in the directory entry for the member:

- If a member of a load module library, re-link-edit the load module, including a SETSSI control statement.
- If a member of a macro or symbolic library, use the IEBUPDTE utility program, specifying SSI information in the ADD, REPL, CHANGE or REPRO control statement.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA111I **PREVIOUS ERROR - SETSSI IGNORED**

Explanation

Due to an error detected in a previous operation, the SETSSI operation cannot be performed.

System action

The SETSSI operation is not performed, and SPZAP continues processing subsequent control statements.

System programmer response

Correct the previously detected error, and rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA112I**MEMBER NOT FOUND - SETSSI IGNORED****Explanation**

The member to which the SETSSI operation was directed could not be found in the directory of the data set specified by the SYSLIB DD statement. This may also be the case when SETSSI is specified for a CCHHR record.

System action

The SPZAP program continues processing subsequent control statements.

System programmer response

Correct the member name in the NAME statement associated with the SETSSI command, or correct the data set name defined in the SYSLIB DD statement, and rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

This message is written to the SYSPRINT device following the successful completion of a DUMP, DUMPT, ABDUMP or ABDUMPT operation.

System action

The SPZAP program continues processing remaining sequential control statements.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

When SPZAP requested permission to update the volume table of contents (VTOC), the operator replied 'N'.

System action

No modification to the VTOC will be performed. Processing continues with the next control statement, but any subsequent VERIFY or REP operations will be ignored.

System programmer response

If you intend to modify the VTOC, instruct the operator to reply 'Y' when SPZAP requests permission to do so. (See message AMA117D.)

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

An I/O error that could not be corrected occurred when SPZAP attempted to read a control statement from the SYSIN data set.

In the message text:

ddd

The device address.

opr

The operation in process.

err

The error type.

access-method

The access method in use.

System action

Processing ends immediately. Control statements read from the SYSIN data set before the error was encountered will have been processed.

System programmer response

If the error condition is a wrong length record, check the blocksize specified for the SYSIN data set to be sure that it is equal to the actual size of the records in the SYSIN data set. For other error conditions, check the SYSIN DD statement for correct specifications.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

When the console option is being used, this message is issued to the console each time input is required. If any errors occur in the control statements entered, the error message is printed on both SYSPRINT and the console. However, information messages and dumps are printed only on SYSPRINT.

System action

Processing continues.

Operator response

If the programmer wishes to continue processing, enter a valid control statement; if the programmer wishes to end the job, enter REPLY id,'END'.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA117D | REPLY Y OR N TO UPDATE VTOC <i>volser ddd xxxxxxxx</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

SPZAP is being run by xxxxxxxx for the purpose of modifying or inspecting the volume table of contents (VTOC) on volume *volser*, device *ddd*. As a precautionary measure, the program requests permission for this operation.

System action

The program stops processing until the operator enters a response.

Operator response

If the programmer submitting this job is not authorized to perform such an operation, enter REPLY id'N'. As a result of this negative response, SPZAP will issue message AMA114I and ignore all subsequent VERIFY and REP statements. The response REPLY id, 'Y' will, however, allow SPZAP to inspect and modify the VTOC.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

1

Descriptor code

2

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| AMA118I | SYSPRINT DD NOT IN INPUT |
|----------------|---------------------------------|

Explanation

A SYSPRINT DD statement was not included in the SPZAP program JCL statements.

System action

The SPZAP program ends immediately.

System programmer response

Include a SYSPRINT DD statement in the SPZAP program JCL, then rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

7

AMA119I **NO IDR FOR MODULE *mod***

Explanation

SPZAP found that a load module does not include CSECT identification records (IDRs); it has not been processed by a linkage editor containing IDR support.

In the message text:

mod

The name of the load module.

System action

The SPZAP program continues with normal processing.

System programmer response

If IDR maintenance data in the load module is desired, reprocess the module with the linkage editor that has IDR support, then rerun the SPZAP job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

A REP operation was to be performed on a module, but SPZAP found that no space is available in the IDR for maintenance information.

In the message text:

mod

The name of the module.

System action

Message will be followed by either AMA127I or AMA128I.

System programmer response

The indicated module must be reprocessed by the linkage editor so that the module will contain an additional IDR; then rerun the SPZAP job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

SPZAP has modified a data set on a direct access device (DASD) by use of the CCHHR and REP statements. This message is automatically given as security audit information.

In the message text:

jobname

The name of the job which performed the CCHHR update.

volser

The volume serial number of the direct access device containing the modified data set.

cchhr

The device record address of the record that was modified.

dsname

The name of the modified data set.

If SPZAP input is from the system console and both CCHHR and REP statements have been processed, then this message will appear immediately after the next CCHHR, NAME, DUMP, AESDUMP, END, or incorrect statement entered.

System action

Normal processing continues.

Operator response

Save the information as recommended by your installation.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2,9

Descriptor code

3

AMA122I

OLD DATA WAS [hhh|NOT AVAILABLE]

Explanation

A REP or SETSSI operation was performed. In the message text, *hhh* represents the data or system status index (SSI), in hex, prior to the operation.

System action

The SPZAP program will process the next control statement.

System programmer response

If a VERIFY control statement was not used prior to the REP operation, ensure that this is the data to be replaced. Should it become necessary to restore the data or SSI to its former value, this message indicates that value.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA123I

SYSPRINT I/O ERROR ddd,opr,err, access-method

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while SPZAP was writing in the data set defined by the SYSPRINT DD statement.

In the message text:

ddd

The device address.

opr

The operation in process.

err

The error type.

access-method

The access method in use.

System action

The job step ends.

System programmer response

If the REP operation was successful, rerun the job step after making sure that the associated REP and VERIFY control statements have been removed.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2,11

Descriptor code

7

AMA124I

INVALID SYSLIB DCB BLOCKSIZE

Explanation

After an OPEN, the SYSLIB DCB contained zero or a value less than the size of the block just read, in the DCBBLKSZ field.

System action

The SPZAP program ends.

System programmer response

Ensure that the SYSLIB DSCB contains the correct blocksize, or specify the blocksize in the DCB parameter of the SYSLIB DD statement.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

-

AMA125I *mod* IDR COUNT=*nnnn* (MAX=*mmmm*)

Explanation

The IDR record(s) for module (*mod*), which was just updated, contains *nnnn* valid entries and *mmmm-nnnn* empty entries.

System action

None.

System programmer response

If *nnnn=mmmm*, module (*mod*) must be reprocessed by the linkage editor before any further updates. For example, if *mmmm*=19 and *nnnn* =19, additional IDR space (19 entries) can be created by re-link editing the load module (using INCLUDE).

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

-

AMA126I *mod* (IDRs) FILLED -- RE-LINK

Explanation

This message is issued after message AMA125I when the IDR count equals the maximum number of entries. In the message text:

mod

The name of the module.

System action

The system sets a return code.

System programmer response

The module must be reprocessed by the linkage editor before any further updates with IDR maintenance. Additional IDR space can be created by re-link editing the load module (using INCLUDE).

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA127I | UPDATES INHIBITED (NO OVERRIDE) |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued after message AMA120I to indicate inhibition of updates to the module because all IDR entries for that module have been filled.

System action

Processing continues except for rejection of REP and IDR statements for this module.

System programmer response

Re-link edit the module to create a new IDR, or rerun the job with IGNIDRFULL option specified.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA128I | UPDATES ENABLED BY OVERRIDE PARM |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Follows AMA120I to indicate that the normal inhibition on CSECT updates when all IDR entries are filled has been overridden by specification of the IGNIDRFULL parameter.

System action

Normal processing continues, except for omission of IDR maintenance.

System programmer response

Re-link edit the module to create an empty IDR for resumption of IDR maintenance.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA129I**INVALID PARAMETER SPECIFICATION****Explanation**

The SPZAP program was invoked with an incorrect PARM/PARAM specification. At present, the only valid parameter strings are IGNIDRFULL and PRECHECK.

System action

The SPZAP program ends.

System programmer response

Correct or delete the parameter specification and rerun the job.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA130I**SYSLIB DATA SET NOT OPENED**

Explanation

SPZAP was unable to open the SYSLIB data set.

System action

The SPZAP program ends.

System programmer response

Check for absence of SYSLIB DD statement, or other cause of failure to open SYSLIB.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA131I**xxxxxxx INVALID RECORD TYPE ID****Explanation**

While searching for a control record, SPZAP has encountered a record whose ID byte consists of two hexadecimal digits which are both zero or both nonzero.

System action

The erroneous record is dumped and SPZAP ends.

System programmer response

Correct or regenerate the bad records.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

A CHECKSUM statement has been processed. The appearance of CORRECT in the text indicates that the checksum was found to be equal to the value specified in the CHECKSUM statement. The message with *hhhhhhh* appears after a CHECKSUM statement with a blank operand field or after message AMA133I or AMA134I.

System action

The CHECKSUM accumulator is set zero and the next control statement is read.

System programmer response

None for the correct case. For the no-operand case, the printed value can be inserted into the CHECKSUM statement for future runs of the same input sequence.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

The operand of a CHECKSUM statement was valid but was not equal to the checksum.

System action

The system issues message AMA132I, and reads the next control statement. The system ignores all subsequent REP and SETSSI statements until it encounters the next NAME or CCHHR statement. The results of previously processed statements are unaffected by these system actions.

System programmer response

Locate and correct the errors in the preceding control statements or in the computation of the value specified on the CHECKSUM statement. Note that checksum excludes incorrect hexadecimal data and control statements.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA134I

OPERAND ERROR. NO-GO SWITCH SET

Explanation

The operand of a CHECKSUM statement had more than or less than the required eight characters, or contained non-hexadecimal characters.

System action

Message AMA132I is issued and the next control statement is read. REPs and SETSSIs are inhibited until the next NAME or CCHHR statement.

System programmer response

Correct the operand in the CHECKSUM statement.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZIOR

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA135I

NO CORE TO DUMP ALL OF *member*

Explanation

SPZAP processing tried to dump all of the load modules identified in the message text, but there was not enough storage available to build an internal CSECT table. SPZAP tries to dump an entire load module in response to one of the following:

- A DUMP control statement that specifies ALL for the CSECT parameter.
- A DUMP control statement that specifies an incorrect CSECT name.
- A NAME control statement that specifies an incorrect CSECT name.

In the message text:

member

The name of the load module.

System action

The SPZAP program ignores the control statement that caused the dump request. If the control statement was a NAME statement, SPZAP ignores any associated VER or REP statements. SPZAP continues processing any subsequent control statements.

System programmer response

Correct any incorrect CSECT names on the control statements and rerun the job, specifying a larger region size.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

AMA136I

FIRST 32K BYTES OF RECORD DUMPED

Explanation

During ABDUMP processing, SPZAP encountered a record that is at least 32,767 bytes long. SPZAP cannot determine whether the record is exactly 32,767 bytes long or if the record exceeds that length. The dump displays the first 32,767 bytes of the record.

System action

ABSDUMP processing continues.

System programmer response

If you want a dump of the entire record, enter a CCHHR statement for the address of the record and then intentionally fail a VERIFY request on some data in the first 32 kilobytes of the record. The system will issue message AMA104I and dump the entire record.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASZDMP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

Because of a DUMPT statement, SPZAP attempted to load a module to perform op-code translation.

In the message text:

abend_code

The LOAD macro abend code.

reason_code

The reason code.

System action

The SPZAP program processing ends.

Operator response

Tell the system programmer about this error, and the LOAD macro codes.

System programmer response

Use the LOAD macro abend and reason codes to determine the error. Correct the error, and resubmit the SPZAP request.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

Explanation

The user submitting the SPZAP job did not have authority to update the data set specified for SYSLIB. Additional information should be available in the job log.

System action

The update request is skipped and return code 8 is set.

System programmer response

Correct the SYSLIB dsname parameter or obtain the necessary RACF or equivalent authorization.

Source

SPZAP

Module

IGWZAP01

AMA140T

**UNABLE TO COMPLETE OPERATION DUE TO BINDER ERROR,
FUNCTION = *function_name* , RC= *return_code*, RSN= *reason_code***

Explanation

The binder function indicated in the message failed. The return code and reason code of failed function are displayed.

The severity is 16.

System action

Subsequent VERIFY, REP, SETSSI statements are ignored until a successful NAME or CCHHR operation is encountered.

System programmer response

Check for the binder-related problem.

User response

Report any non-user errors.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA142I

A SECTION NAME MUST BE SUPPLIED FOR A PROGRAM OBJECT

Explanation

A control section name is not supplied in a control statement to perform REP on a program object.

The severity is 08.

System action

Subsequent VERIFY, REP, SETSSI statements are ignored until a NAME or CCHHR statement is encountered.

System programmer response

Execute AMBLIST Service Aids or other program to determine control section names in a program object.

User response

Provide correct control section name in the control statement.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA143I

IDRDATA IGNORED

Explanation

This message indicates that the user specified IDRDATA is ignored because the REP operation was not successfully performed.

The severity is 00.

System action

The IDRDATA statement is ignored. The system continues processing.

System programmer response

Check for presence and successful completion of REP statement preceding IDRDATA statement.

User response

Correct the REP statement.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA144I**COMMAND OUT OF PROPER SEQUENCE**

Explanation

This message indicates that the requested operation cannot be performed due to absence of a required operation prior to this operation.

It be received when BASE statement is not immediately preceded by a NAME statement or when BASE statement is invalid for the kind of data set being processed.

The severity is 08.

System action

The statement is ignored.

System programmer response

Check for presence of a required VERIFY, REP, NAME, CCHHR or other statement prior to this statement.

User response

Correct the prior failing statement.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA145I**SETSSI ERROR. NO-GO SWITCH SET**

Explanation

The SSI information in SETSSI statement had more or less than the required eight hex digits.

The severity is 08.

System action

Message AMA125I is issued for the previous successful REP statement. REP, SETSSI, IDRDATA which follow are inhibited until the next NAME or CCHHR statement.

System programmer response

Check the length and the content of SSI information in the SETSSI statement.

User response

Correct the SSI information in the SETSSI statement.

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA148I | MEMBER DOES NOT CONTAIN REQUESTED SECTION |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The CSECT name specified on the previous NAME statement was not found in the requested member.

The severity is 8.

System action

A dump of the entire member is printed. Subsequent VERIFY, REP, and SETSSI statements are ignored until a NAME or CCHHR control statement is encountered.

User response

Check the dump output and change the CSECT name or member name, whichever is appropriate, in the failing control statement.

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA149I | OFFSET TO SECTION IS GREATER THAN SIZE OF BLOCK READ INTO BUFFER |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The offset of the CSECT being dump is beyond the record length of the data set.

The severity is 08.

System action

The program continues processing subsequent control statements.

System programmer response

Dump the specific control section or the entire load module using DUMP(T) statement to verify the load module. Run AMBLIST Service Aid or other utility program to validate the load module.

User response

Correct the control section of the load module.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA150I **SYSLIB CONTAINS NO MEMBERS.**

Explanation

The data set defined in the SYSLIB DD statement is empty.

The severity is 04.

System action

Subsequent statements are ignored until a CCHHR statement is encountered.

System programmer response

Verify that the data set contain members by running IEHLIST program with LISTPDS control statement or other utility programs.

User response

Correct SYSLIB DD statement and resubmit the job.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA151I **MEMBER NOT FOUND IN SYSLIB.**

Explanation

The data set defined in the SYSLIB DD statement does not contain the member name defined in a control statement.

The severity is 04.

System action

Subsequent VERIFY, REP, and SETSSI statements are ignored until a NAME or CCHHR statement is encountered.

System programmer response

Verify that the member does exist in the specified library.

User response

Correct the member name in the control statement or correct the DSNAME in the SYSLIB DD statement, and rerun the job.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA152I **NO TEXT DATA FOR REQUESTED CLASS FOR THIS SECTION.**

Explanation

The program management binder class-name associated with this DUMP or DUMPT request contained no data or did not exist in the selected csects.

System action

Processing continues with the next CSECT, if any.

User response

The default class name for DUMP and DUMPT is B_TEXT. If you did not specify a class name, try B_* to dump all text classes whose names start with B_, or C_* to dump all text classes whose names start with C_.

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA153I | WARNING! MULTI-VOLUME DATASET FOR SYSLIB IS NOT SUPPORTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Only the data from the first volume of the multi-volume non-pdse load module for SYSLIB will be displayed using DUMP(T) or ABSDUMP(T) command.

The severity is 08.

System action

The program continues with normal processing.

System programmer response

Check for number of volumes allocated for the SYSLIB data set.

User response

None

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA154T | BUFFER SPACE NOT AVAILABLE - INCREASE REGION SIZE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The IGWSPZAP or binder was unable to obtain necessary GETMAIN storage.

The severity is 16.

System action

The job or the step specifying the region size is terminated.

System programmer response

Verify that the specified IGWSPZAP REGION value is at least set to the value recommended in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

User response

Increase the region size and resubmit the job.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA155I **IGWSPZAP DOES NOT SUPPORT EXTENDED SEQUENTIAL DATASETS.****Explanation**

The SYSLIB data set cannot be an Extended Sequential data set.

The severity is 12.

System action

The program terminates immediately.

System programmer response

Check SYSLIB data set.

User response

None

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA158I **INVALID CONTINUATION TO A COMMENT****Explanation**

A control statement contained a non-blank value in column 72, but the next record in the SYSIN data set started with the character "**".

The severity is 4.

System action

Processing of this control statement will be terminated and the next control statement will be read.

User response

Change the control statement so that it continues to a valid continuation statement that will complete the parameter that was being continued.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA159I **ABSDUMP/ABSDUMPT NOT SUPPORTED FOR PROGRAM OBJECTS****Explanation**

ABSDUMP and ABDUMPT functions are not supported for Binder program objects.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing of this control statement will be terminated.

User response

Change the control statement to use either DUMP or DUMPT as appropriate.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA160I **PREVIOUS LINE CONTINUED, BUT END-OF-FILE ENCOUNTERED**

Explanation

A control statement contained an non-blank character in column 72, but there were no more records in the SYSIN data set.

The severity is 4.

System action

Processing of this control statement will be terminated and IGWSPZAP will terminate normally.

User response

Change the last statement to remove the non-blank value in column 72. If the statement was to be continued, supply the continued statement and resubmit the job.

Source

IGWSPZAP

Module

IGWZAP01

AMA161I **INVALID HEX DATA, NO GO SWITCH SET**

Explanation

A field containing hexadecimal data on the card either:

1. Started or ended with a comma (",")
2. Contained two successive commas (",,")
3. Contained a character other than 0 through 9 and A through F

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing of this control statement will be terminated.

User response

Change the control statement to supply a valid hexadecimal string.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA162I **HEX DATA IS LONGER THAN MAXIMUM, NO GO SWITCH SET**

Explanation

A field containing hexadecimal data on the control statement exceeded 71 characters, including any embedded commas.

The severity is 8.

System action

Processing of this control statement will be terminated.

User response

Change the control statement to supply a valid hexadecimal string less than 72 characters in length.

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA163I | PREVIOUS GROUP ENDED, ASSOCIATED MESSAGES FOLLOW: |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

A control statement that begins a new group has been encountered (NAME, DUMP, DUMPT, CCHHR, end-of-file, or an invalid statement) and the previous control statement group needs to complete processing. Any messages associated with this processing will be listed following this message. The most common message is AMA125I.

System action

Processing continues normally.

User response

None - this message is simply to indicate that any messages that follow should be associated with the control statement group just ended, not for the control statement this message immediately follows. Message AMA164I will be displayed after the last message for the previous group.

Source

IGWSPZAP

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA164I | END OF MESSAGES FOR PREVIOUS GROUP |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

After the last message is written for the completion of processing of a previous group, this message is displayed. It indicates any messages from this point on refer to the processing of the group whose control statement precedes message AMA163I.

System action

Processing continues normally.

User response

None - this message indicates that any messages that follow are associated with the processing of the control statement group that starts with the statement before message AMA163I.

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA165I

UPDATE PERFORMED ON SIGNED MODULE

Explanation

The target module is signed (PMAR_SIGNED set in the directory attributes). Zapping of such a module results in the fact that the digital signature no longer matches with the module. Thus the module is no longer usable if the digital signature verification (SIGVER) failure is set to cause Contents Supervision to fail the load.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

To continue to use this module, change the SIGVER segment of the RACF PROGRAM class profile that protects this program to specify FAILLOAD(NEVER).

Source

IGWSPZAP

AMA166I

text1 and *text2* ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

This informational message is issued before SPZAP is failed because mutually exclusive options are encountered, for example, PRECHECK specified when SYSIN data is input through a terminal or CONSOLE statement is in the input.

In the message text:

text1

indicates option1, for example PRECHECK

text2

indicates option2, for example TSO or CONSOLE

System action

AMASPZAP fails if you see message AMA167I indicating that PRECHECKING was aborted.

System programmer response

Correct the conditions and rerun SPZAP.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA167I | SYSIN PRECHECKING <i>text</i> <i>text</i> indicates the state of PRECHECKING, for example STARTED COMPLETED FOUND ERRORS SKIPS UPDATES WAS ABORTED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This informational message is issued during SPZAP processing to indicate the state of prechecking, when PRECHECK is specified. SPZAP processes the input data in phases, and issues the message, to chronicle the sequence of events.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA168I | SYSIN PROCESSING <i>text</i> <i>text</i> indicates the state of PROCESSING the SYSIN, such as, STARTED COMPLETED |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This informational message is issued during SPZAP processing to indicate the state of zapping, when PARM=PRECHECK is specified. SPZAP processes the input data in phases, and issues this message to chronicle the sequence of events.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

SPZAP

Module

AMASPZAP

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

5

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA500E | INVALID PARAMETER - <i>input parameter</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The AMATERSE program was invoked with the specified *input parameter* that is not a valid option for invoking AMATERSE. An accompanying message AMA501I is issued to display the valid options.

System action

The AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See the accompanying message AMA501I for valid options. Supply a valid parameter and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMATERSE

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA501I | VALID PARAMETERS ARE: SPACK, PACK, OR UNPACK. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The valid parameters for invoking AMATERSE are displayed. This message is issued with message AMA500E.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMATERSE

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA502E**TWO OR MORE DDNAMES ARE THE SAME:****Explanation**

The AMATERSE program was invoked with the same ddnames allocated to two or more INPUT, OUTPUT, or SYSPRINT data sets. An accompanying message AMA503I is issued to display the ddnames.

System action

The AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Change the duplicate ddnames. The ddname for an INPUT, OUTPUT or SYSPRINT data set should be unique.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMATERSE

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA503I | INPUT DDNAME=<i>inputdd</i>, OUTPUT DDNAME=<i>outputdd</i>, SYSPRINT DDNAME=<i>sysprintdd</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The INPUT ddname *input*, OUTPUT ddname *outputdd* and SYSPRINT ddname *sysprintdd* are displayed. This message is displayed with message AMA502E.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMATERSE

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| AMA504I | RETURN CODE:<i>rc</i> |
|----------------|------------------------------|

Explanation

AMATERSE program ended with return code *rc*.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for the description of AMATERSE return codes.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMATERSE, AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA505E | UNABLE TO OBTAIN NECESSARY WORK STORAGE. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMATERSE program was unable to obtain storage for internal work areas and buffers.

System action

AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Run AMATERSE again with larger region size.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA506I | <i>storarea</i> ATTEMPT TO GET: <i>attemptedlen</i> OBTAINED: <i>obtainedlen</i> AT: <i>startaddr</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is displayed with the AMA505E message to show more details of the failed request for storage.

In the message text:

storarea

The storage where the request failed, which is one of the following area:

WORKSTOR

Buffer for work area

INBUF

Buffer to read records from input data set

OUTBUF

Buffer to write records to output data set

attemptedlen

The storage length requested.

obtained-len

The storage length obtained.

startaddr

The address from which the obtained storage started.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Use the length information to determine the region size.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS/AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA507E **FOR OUTPUT - ONLY SEQUENTIAL DATASETS ARE SUPPORTED.**

Explanation

The specified output data set for OUTPUT DD is not a sequential data set. For the PACK option, the output data set should be sequential.

System action

AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate a sequential output data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA508E**THE LRECL OF THE OUTPUT DATASET MUST BE 1024****Explanation**

The specified output data set has a record length other than 1024. For the PACK option, the record length of the output data set must be 1024.

System action

AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with a record length of 1024 and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA509E**THE RECORD FORMAT OF THE OUTPUT DATASET MUST BE FIXED.**

Explanation

The specified output data set has a record format other than `fixed`. For `PACK` option, the record format of the output data set should be `fixed`.

System action

AMATERSE program ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with the `fixed` record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA510I**THE BLOCK SIZE DID NOT EQUAL THE RECORD LENGTH.**

Explanation

The output data set does not have a `blocked` record format and the block size is not equal to the record length. For the `PACK` option, if the output data set does not have a `blocked` record format, its block size must be equal to the record length.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA511I | THE BLOCK SIZE WAS NOT A MULTIPLE OF THE RECORD LENGTH. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The output data set , but the block size was not a multiple of the record length. For the PACK option, if the output data set has a blocked record format, its block size must be a multiple of the record length.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA512I | A BLOCK SIZE GREATER THAN THE LRECL WAS SPECIFIED, BUT BLOCKING WAS NOT SPECIFIED. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The output data set does not have a blocked record format and the block size was greater than the record length specified. For the PACK option, the output data set should have a blocked record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA513I

**AN EMPTY RECORD WAS FOUND. THE DATASET MAY NOT BE ABLE TO
BE UNPACKED ON OTHER OPERATING SYSTEMS.**

Explanation

The input data set specified for the PACK option has a variable record format. An empty record has been read when AMATERSE is processing the input data set. The data set might not be unpacked on other operating systems.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA514I | THE LRECL IS: <i>lrecl</i> THE OLD BLOCK SIZE WAS: <i>oldblksz</i> THE NEW BLOCK SIZE IS: <i>newblksz</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is displayed with the AMA510I or AMA511I message to provide more information about the output data set.

In the message text:

lrecl

The record length.

oldblksz

The old block size.

newblksz

The new block size.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA515I | THE LRECL IS: <i>lrecl</i> THE BLOCK SIZE IS: <i>blksz</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message is displayed with the AMA512I message to provide more information about the output data set.

In the message text:

The record length.

The block size.

AMATERSE processing continues.

None.

None.

AMATERSE

AMAENCS

N/A

N/A

AMA517E UNABLE TO OPEN INPUT DATASET

During the PACK or UNPACK operation, the AMATERSE program encountered an error while attempting to open the specified input data set.

AMATERSE processing ends.

None.

Check the input data set and rerun AMATERSE.

AMATERSE

AMAENCS, AMADECS

N/A

N/A

AMA518E UNABLE TO OPEN OUTPUT DATASET

During the PACK or UNPACK operation, the AMATERSE program encountered an error while attempting to open the specified output data set.

AMATERSE processing ends.

None.

Check the output data set and rerun AMATERSE.

AMATERSE

AMAENCS, AMADECS

N/A

N/A

AMA519E UNABLE TO OPEN TEMPORARY DATASET

During the PACK or UNPACK operation, the AMATERSE program encountered an error while attempting to open the specified temporary data set.

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the temporary data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA520E **INPUT DATASET SPECIFIED IS EMPTY****Explanation**

There are no records in the input data set specified for the PACK or UNPACK option.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the input data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA521E **INPUT DATASET HAS AN UNSUPPORTED RECORD TYPE**

Explanation

The input data set specified for the PACK or UNPACK option has an unsupported record type. The PACK or UNPACK option only supports data sets with the fixed, Variable or Undefined record type.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the input data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA522E**INPUT DATASET HAS AN UNSUPPORTED DATASET ORGANIZATION****Explanation**

The input data set specified for the PACK option has an unsupported data set organization. The PACK option only supports data sets with the physical sequential (PS) or partitioned (PDS) data set organization.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the input data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA523E**UNABLE TO UNLOAD THE INPUT PDS****Explanation**

The AMATERSE program encountered an error for the PACK operation, while attempting to unload the partitioned input data set to a sequential temporary data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA524E**A TERSED PDS HAD TO BE ON A DIRECT ACCESS DEVICE.****Explanation**

The input data set specified for the PACK option is a partitioned data set (PDS) and the device type of the input data set is not a direct access device (DASD). The PDS input data set specified for the PACK option should be on a DASD.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the PDS input data set on a DASD and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA525E | WHILE TERSING A VBS DATASET A RECORD GREATER THAN 64K WAS FOUND. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While processing a variable record input data set for PACK option, AMATERSE read a record with its length greater than 64K. Record lengths greater than 64K are not supported.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Stop AMATERSE from processing the data set in question and verify other data sets produced by the same process if they have the VBS record format. Avoid using AMATERSE against the VBS data sets because they tend to contain long records that are unsupported by AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA526E | DYNAMIC ALLOCATION: RC:rc EC: ec IC: ic |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The dynamic allocation for temporary data set failed.

In the message text:

rc

The return code.

ec

The error code.

ic

The information code.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide](#) for explanation of the return code, error code and information code.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA527I**INPUT - DDNAME: *ddname* DSNAME: *dsname***

Explanation

The ddname *ddname* and data set name *dsname* of the input data set for the PACK, SPACK or UNPACK option are displayed. For PACK or SPACK, the input data set is the data set to be compressed. For UNPACK, the input data set is the data set compressed by AMATERSE.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA528I **OUTPUT - DDNAME: *ddname* DSNAME: *dsname*****Explanation**

The ddname *ddname* and data set name *dsname* of the output data set for the PACK, SPACK or UNPACK option are displayed. For PACK or SPACK, the output data set is the data set in which the compressed data should be written. For UNPACK, the output data set is the data set in which the restored data should be written.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA529E **THE TEMPORARY SPACE DDNAME, *ddname*, IS NOT ALLOCATED.**

Explanation

An attempt to invoke AMATERSE with the PACK or SPACK option from another program failed, because the temporary data set specified as input ddname in the parameter list is not allocated.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the temporary data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA530E | THE TEMPORARY SPACE DDNAME, <i>ddname</i>, MUST HAVE A RECORD FORMAT OF VBS. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An attempt to invoke AMATERSE with the PACK or SPACK option from another program failed, because the temporary data set specified as input ddname in the parameter list does not have a VBS record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the temporary data set with the VBS record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA531E | THE TEMPORARY SPACE DDNAME, <i>ddname</i>, MUST HAVE A BLOCK SIZE OF 6233. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An attempt to invoke AMATERSE with the PACK or SPACK option from another program failed, because the temporary data set specified as input *ddname* in the parameter list does not have a block size of 6233.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the temporary data set with block size 6233 and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA532E | THE TEMPORARY SPACE DDNAME, <i>ddname</i>, MUST HAVE A LRECL OF <i>lrecl</i>. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An attempt to invoke AMATERSE with the PACK or SPACK option from another program failed, because the temporary data set specified as input *ddname* in the parameter list does not have the correct record length. The LRECL should be equal to eight added to the block size of the original data set that is to be compressed.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the temporary data set with the record length equal to eight added to the block size of the original data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA533E

THE TEMPORARY SPACE DDNAME, *ddname*, MUST BE A SEQUENTIAL DATASET.

Explanation

An attempt to invoke AMATERSE with the PACK or SPACK option from another program failed, because the temporary data set specified as input ddname in the parameter list is not a sequential data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate a sequential temporary data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS, AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA534E

**FOR NONSPANNED RECORDS LRECLS GREATER THAN 32760 NOT
SUPPORTED IN MVS.**

Explanation

An attempt to unpack the output data set failed because a non-spanned record of record length greater than 32760 is found. Record lengths more than 32760 are not supported for non-spanned records.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Discard the packed data set being used. Get a new copy of the packed data set either from other locations or by running AMATERSE PACK again to compress the original data set. Then rerun UNPACK.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA535E

**FOR RECFM=VBS LRECLS GREATER THAN 65535 ARE NOT SUPPORTED
IN MVS.**

Explanation

An attempt to unpack the output data set failed because the data set has a VBS record format and a record of record length greater than 65535 is found. Record lengths greater than 65535 are not supported for a VBS data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Discard the packed data set being used. Get a new copy of the packed data set either from other locations or by running AMATERSE PACK again to compress the original data set. Then rerun UNPACK.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA536I LRECL OF ORIGINAL FILE WAS: *lrecl*

Explanation

The record length *lrecl* of the output data set specified for the UNPACK option is displayed. This message is displayed with message AMA534E and AMA535E.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA537E**OUTPUT FILE HAS FIXED RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD
VARIABLE RECORDS.****Explanation**

The output data set specified for UNPACK has `fixed` record format, but the original packed data set has record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with `variable` record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA538E**OUTPUT FILE HAS FIXED RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD
UNDEFINED RECORDS.****Explanation**

The output data set specified for UNPACK has `fixed` record format, but the original packed data set has `undefined` record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with `undefined` record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA539E | OUTPUT FILE HAS UNDEFINED RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD FIXED RECORDS. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK has undefined record format, but the original packed data set has fixed record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with fixed record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA540E | OUTPUT FILE HAS UNDEFINED RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD VARIABLE RECORDS. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK has undefined record format, but the original packed data set has variable record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA541E

**OUTPUT FILE HAS VARIABLE RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD
FIXED RECORDS.**

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK has `variable` record format, but the original packed data set has `fixed` record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with `fixed` record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA542I

OUTPUT FILE HAS VARIABLE RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD UNDEFINED RECORDS.

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK has variable record format, but the original packed data set has undefined record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA543E

OUTPUT FILE HAS VARIABLE SPANNED RECORDS AND THE ORIGINAL FILE HAD VARIABLE RECORDS.

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK has variable spanned record format, but the original packed data set has variable record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with variable record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA544I **OUTPUT LRECL IS:** *outlrecl* **ORIGINAL LRECL IS:** *origlrecl*

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the record length of the output data set *outlrecl* and the record length of the original packed data set *origlrecl* are displayed. This message is displayed with message AMA546E, AMA547E or AMA548I.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA545I OUTPUT BLOCK SIZE IS: *outblksz* ORIGINAL BLOCK SIZE IS: *origblksz*

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the block size of the output data set *outblkksz* and the block size of the original packed data set *origblkksz* are displayed. This message is displayed with message AMA549I or AMA553I.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA546E**OUTPUT LRECL IS DIFFERENT THAN THE ORIGINAL LRECL.****Explanation**

The record length of the output data set specified for the UNPACK option is not the same as the record length of the original packed data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with the same record length as that of the original packed data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA547E

OUTPUT LRECL IS SMALLER THAN THE LARGEST RECORD OF THE ORIGINAL FILE.

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified original packed data set has undefined record format and the output data set has smaller record length than the largest record in the original packed data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Either allocate the output data set with appropriate record length, or change its record format to undefined.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA548I

OUTPUT LRECL IS LARGER THAN THE LARGEST RECORD OF THE ORIGINAL FILE.

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified output data set has larger record length than the largest record in the original packed data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA549I | OUTPUT BLOCK SIZE IS LARGER THAN THE LARGEST RECORD OF THE ORIGINAL FILE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified output data set has larger block size than the largest record in the original packed data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA550E | OUTPUT BLOCK SIZE SMALLER THAN THE LARGEST RECORD OF THE ORIGINAL FILE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified original packed data set has undefined record format and the output data set has smaller block size than the largest record in the original packed data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with the same record length as that of the original packed data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA551I | SPECIFIED BLOCK SIZE IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF THE LRECL OF THE FILE. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified original packed data set has fixed record format and the output data set has a block size that is not a multiple of the record length of the original packed data.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA552I | SPECIFIED BLOCK SIZE IS SMALLER THAN THE LRECL OF THE OUTPUT FILE. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified output data set has a block size smaller than its record length.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA553I | LRECL SPECIFIED IS GREATER THAN ORIGINAL BLOCK SIZE. USING NEW BLOCK SIZE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified output data set has its record length greater than its block size. The data set is using a new block size. See the AMA545I message for the block size values.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA554E | FILE WAS COMPRESSED USING OPTION OTHER THAN SPACK OR PACK. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the specified input data set is not compressed by AMATERSE PACK or SPACK.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply an input data set compressed by AMATERSE PACK or SPACK.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA555I | THE VALUES ARE: BLKSIZE=<i>blksz</i> LRECL=<i>lrecl</i> PACKTYPE=<i>packtype</i> RECFM=<i>recfm</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The information about the input data set specified for the UNPACK option is displayed.

In the message text:

blksz

The block size.

lrecl

The record length.

packtype

The compression type (PACK or SPACK).

recfm

The record format.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA556I

THE DATA SET IS: *dataset-info* AND HAS CC=*cc*

Explanation

The information about the input data set specified for the UNPACK operation is displayed.

In the message text:

dataset-info

The following keywords about the input data set are displayed:

- *BLOCKED/UNBLOCKED*
- *SPANNED/NON-SPANNED*
- *SEQUENTIAL/PARTITIONED*

cc

The control character.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA557E

FOR INPUT - ONLY SEQUENTIAL DATASETS ARE SUPPORTED AT THIS TIME

Explanation

The input data set specified for the UNPACK option is not a sequential data set. For UNPACK, the input data set must be sequential.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Specify a sequential input data set for UNPACK and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA558E

ORIGINAL UNTERSED DATASET WAS A PDS - SPECIFIED OUTPUT DATASET IS SEQUENTIAL.

Explanation

The output data set specified for the UNPACK option is a sequential data set. However, the original data set compressed with PACK or UNPACK is a partitioned data set. The output data set must have the same characteristics as the original data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set as partitioned and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA559E

ORIGINAL UNTERSED DATASET WAS SEQUENTIAL - OUTPUT DATASET IS PDS.

Explanation

The output data set specified for UNPACK operation is a partitioned data set. However, the original data set compressed with PACK or UNPACK is a sequential data set. The output data set must have the same characteristics as the original data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set as sequential and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA560E **A FBS/FS OR VBS/VS DATASET CANNOT BE A PDS.****Explanation**

The output data set specified for the UNPACK option is spanned and partitioned. A spanned data set cannot be partitioned. This data set cannot be used for UNPACK.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set appropriately and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA561E **OUTPUT DATASET SPECIFIED IS UNSUPPORTED.**

Explanation

The output data set specified for the UNPACK option is not a sequential or partitioned data set.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with the same characteristics as the original packed data set and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA562E**THE LRECL OF THE INPUT DATASET HAS TO BE 1024****Explanation**

The input data set specified for the UNPACK option has a record length other than 1024. For UNPACK, the record length of the input data set must be 1024.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply an input data set with the record length 1024.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA563E**THE RECORD FORMAT OF THE INPUT DATASET HAS TO BE FIXED OR
FIXED BLOCKED****Explanation**

The input data set specified for the UNPACK option has an unsupported record format. For UNPACK, the record format of the input data set must be `fixed` or `fixed blocked`.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply an input packed data set with the correct record format.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA564E**THIS IS NOT A RECOGNIZABLE TERSED DATASET.****Explanation**

The input data set specified for the UNPACK option is not compressed with PACK or SPACK. This message is also displayed with message AMA557E, AMA562E or AMA563E.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See the user response for message AMA557E, AMA562E, or AMA563E if any of them is issued with this message. Otherwise, compress the original data set with the PACK or SPACK option and rerun AMATERSE UNPACK.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA565E

UNABLE TO LOAD THE UNTERSED PDS

Explanation

AMATERSE encountered an error while loading the partitioned data set from the temporary data set. This message is also displayed with message AMA575E, AMA576E, AMA577E, AMA578E or AMA579E.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See the user response for message AMA575E, AMA576E, AMA577E, AMA578E or AMA579E if any of them is issued with this message. Otherwise, increase the region size if you invoke AMATERSE from a JCL job, or allocate the temporary data set with sufficient space if you invoke AMATERSE from another program. Then rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, if the compressed data set has fixed blocked spanned (FBS) record format, and the output data set is not empty and is appended using DISP=MOD, then the output data set will have fixed blocked record format.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Do not append the output data set using DISP=MOD for FBS data set or supply a new output data set.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

For the PACK or UNPACK option, the required storage for buffer areas cannot be obtained.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMABUFRS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA569E | NOT ENOUGH STORAGE FOR DATA STRUCTURES. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

For the UNPACK option, the required storage for data structures cannot be obtained.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA570E | NOT ENOUGH SPACE FOR <i>csect</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

There is not enough storage available for AMATERSE CSECT *csect*, where *csect* is AMAECOD, AMAECOD2, or AMADCOD.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA571E**SEVERE ERROR NUMBER: *errornum***

Explanation

A severe error *errornum* occurred during the SPACK or UNPACK operation.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA572I****** STARTING TERSE *relid time date***

Explanation

This message is displayed when AMATERSE program is invoked.

In the message:

relid

The release ID.

time

The time when AMATERSE is invoked.

date

The date when AMATERSE is invoked.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA573I ***** TERSE COMPLETE *programid time date*

Explanation

This message is displayed when AMATERSE program ends.

In the message:

programid

The program ID.

time

The time when AMATERSE ends.

date

The date when AMATERSE ends.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA574I**FOUND A RECORD LONGER THAN THE LRECL.****Explanation**

For the UNPACK operation, the length of the record to be restored is longer than the record length of the output data set. The issue is most likely due to the AMATERSE generated file being transmitted using a file transfer mode of ASCII.

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Resend the AMATERSE generated file using a file transfer mode of BINARY.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

An attempt to open the temporary data set failed.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

When invoking AMATERSE from another program, check whether the temporary data set is allocated with the characteristics required by AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSL, AMAPDSU

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

The output file is a partitioned data set and an attempt to open the output data set failed.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Make sure that the partitioned data set specified is allocated with the characteristics required by AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSL, AMAPDSU

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA577E**GETMAIN FAILURE FOR REQUIRED WORK AREA****Explanation**

The dynamic storage required for work area could not be obtained.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSL, AMAPDSU

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA578E**INVALID RECORD FORMATS****Explanation**

For the UNPACK option, the record format of the partitioned output data set is not supported. The valid record formats are: `fixed`, `variable`, and `undefined`.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Specify the output partitioned data set with valid record format and rerun AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA579E

STOW FAILURE FOR MEMBER *member* REASON CODE *rc*

Explanation

During the UNPACK operation, the STOW operation failed to process the indicated *member* from the temporary data set to the partitioned output data set.

In the message:

member

The member name.

rc

The reason code.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Allocate the output data set with more directory blocks and rerun AMATERSE. For explanations of the reason codes, see [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#).

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA580E**DIRECTORY TABLE OVERFLOW - INCREASE REGION SIZE**

Explanation

The maximum number of members that can be stored in the directory table has been reached. The utility attempts to get a maximum of 6 MB of below the line storage (due to I/O processing limitations) for the directory table. If the utility gets all 6 MB, it can process a maximum of 82782 members from a PDS data set. The maximum amount of storage it gets is dependent upon a number of factors. This message indicates one of three possibilities. Two are beyond the control of the utility user: either the utility got 6 MB, or the utility got less than 6 MB because of system constraints. In either case, the maximum number of members it could process was exceeded. For details about storage available to an application, refer to the discussions of the REGION parameter in *z/OS MVS JCL Reference*. The third possibility is that the REGION size specified for the job that this utility runs under was too small. For this last case, see the user response.

System action

AMATERSE processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun the job.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSU

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA581E**FIND FAILURE FOR MEMBER *member***

Explanation

The indicated *member* as listed in the directory table is not found in the partitioned input data set.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

If you invoke AMATERSE from a JCL job, increase the region size parameter. If you invoke AMATERSE from another program, allocate the temporary data set with sufficient space. Then try again to invoke AMATERSE.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAPDSU

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA583E | INPUT DEVICE TYPE IS UNSUPPORTED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The type of device specified for the input data set is not supported by Amaterse. If this message is seen for the PACK option, it could also be because the input is a VIO data set.

System action

Amaterse processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply the input data set on an appropriate device.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

Information on the number of bytes processed for the INPUT and OUTPUT data sets.

In the message text:

inpsize

The input data set size in bytes.

outsize

The output data set size in bytes.

ratio

The ratio is the compressed data set size divided by uncompressed size and presented as a percentage (+/- 1%).

System action

AMATERSE processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

The type of device specified for the output data set is not supported by AMATERSE.

System action

Amaterse processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Specify an appropriate device for the output data set.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMADECS, AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA585I **INPUT DATA SET IS AN UNSUPPORTED PROGRAM OBJECT LIBRARY****Explanation**

The type of device specified for the output data set is not supported by AMATERSE.

System action

Amaterse processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply data set with supported data type.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA586I **IN: name FOR: service RETCODE: retcode RSNCODE: rsncode****Explanation**

A problem was seen when a part in AMATERSE received a nonzero retcode from a service it called.

System action

Amaterse processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply data set with supported data type.

Source

AMATERSE

Module

AMAENCS

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA700E

UNABLE TO OPEN SYSPRINT *dataset*, DDNAME: *ddname*

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open specified SYSPRINT data set. In the message text:

dataset

The data set name.

ddname

The DDNAME of SYSPRINT data set.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

See the explanation for return code 28. See the topic about Return codes for the [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) and the SYSPRINT data set format in the topic about JCL statements for [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

User response

Check the SYSPRINT data set characteristics and rerun PDUU. If it fails again, contact system programmer. For the SYSPRINT data set format, see the topic about JCL statements for [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| AMA702E | THE TARGET_SYS NAME IS NOT SPECIFIED |
|---------|--------------------------------------|

Explanation

The TARGET_SYS control statement was not found in the SYSIN data set. This parameter has no default value and must be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply TARGET_SYS control statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. You can check the TARGET_SYS format in the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA703E

**THE TARGET_DSN VALUE FOR THE FILE NAMES ON THE TARGET
SYSTEM IS NOT SPECIFIED**

Explanation

The TARGET_DSN control statement was not found in SYSIN data set. This parameter has no default value and must be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply TARGET_DSN control statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. You can check the format for the TARGET_DSN in the topic [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA704E

THE DIRECTORY ON THE TARGET SYSTEM IS NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

The DIRECTORY control statement was not found in SYSIN data set. This parameter has no default value and must be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply DIRECTORY control statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. You can check the format of the DIRECTORY control statement in the topic [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA705E

THE PMR NUMBER ASSOCIATED WITH SENT FILE IS NOT SPECIFIED

Explanation

The problem management record (PMR) control statement wasn't found in SYSIN data set. The PMR contains information about the hardware or software problem and is necessary to report the problem and track its solution. This parameter has no default value and must be specified in the form xxxxx.yyy.zzz with the variables defined as:

xxxxx

PMR number. For example: 34143

yyy

Branch office. For example: 055

zzz

IBM country code. For example: 724

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply the PMR control statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more details about the PMR control statement, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMA706E | THE PREFIX FOR THE DATASET NAMES OF WORK FILES IS NOT SPECIFIED |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The WORK_DSN control statement wasn't found in SYSIN data set. This parameter has no default value and must be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply WORK_DSN control statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. You can check the format of the WORK_DSN control statement in the topic [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the input data set and rerun PDUU.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA709E**SYSUT1 INPUT DATASET HAS AN UNSUPPORTED DATASET
ORGANIZATION****Explanation**

The input data set specified for transfer has an unsupported data set organization. The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) only supports sequential data sets and members of PDS/PDSE.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the supported data set characteristics and rerun PDUU. For the correct data set formats, see the topic about [Prerequisites and restrictions in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 20 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) and replaces next message “==> SYSUT1 needs to be a sequential data set”.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA710I **WORK DATASET SIZE: *size* MB****Explanation**

Displays the size of the work files. In the message text:

size

Size value in megabytes.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA711I **START ALLOCATION OF WORK FILES**

Explanation

Indicates the beginning of the work file allocation process.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA712E**DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FAILED FOR DATASET, DSNAME: *dsname*****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to dynamically allocate the specified data set. This message is displayed with AMA713I message and messages generated by dynamic allocation to provide more information about the reason of the failure. In the message text:

dsname

The name of dynamically allocated data set.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

Perform the necessary problem determination actions. If those fail, gather the appropriate documentation (job logs, LOGREC, job output) and contact IBM Support.

User response

Check whether allocated data set already exists, if so delete it before invoking PDUU again. Also verify other data set parameters provided in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct values, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#). If you are still unable to run PDUU successfully, clean up allocated temporary data sets, and contact your system programmer.

Problem determination

None

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA713E **DYNAMIC ALLOCATION RC: *rc*, EC: *ec*, IC: *ic***

Explanation

The dynamic allocation of the data set failed. In the message text:

rc

The return code from dynamic allocation (SVC 99) function.

ec

The error code from dynamic allocation (SVC 99) function.

ic

The information code from dynamic allocation (SVC 99) function.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check data set parameters provided in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the SYSIN data set format, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

None

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA714I**START INPUT DATASET PROCESSING****Explanation**

Indicates the beginning of the process of packing, encrypting, and sending data from input data set to the target system.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA715I**COMPRESSION DICTIONARY WAS BUILT AFTER PROCESSING OF
BYTES *bytes***

Explanation

Indicates a successful build of the dictionary and displays the number of bytes from the input data set used to build it. In the message text:

bytes

The number of bytes, read from the input data set, that build a compression dictionary.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA716E | SEVERE ERROR OCCURRED WHILE BUILDING COMPRESSION DICTIONARY |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open specified SYSPRINT data set.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

Perform the necessary problem determination actions. If those fail, gather the appropriate documentation (job logs, LOGREC, job output) and contact the IBM Support.

User response

Check SYSUT1 input data set. If it is correct, contact your system programmer.

Problem determination

See the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA717E

**THE SIZE OF COMPRESSED DATA IN THE BUFFER EXCEEDED
ALLOWABLE LIMIT**

Explanation

The size of buffer allocated for the compression data is insufficient to hold compressed data obtained after processing a recent part of the input data.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

Perform the necessary problem determination actions. If those fail, gather the appropriate documentation (job logs, LOGREC, job output) and contact the IBM Support.

User response

Check SYSUT1 input data set. If it is correct, contact your system programmer. For the SYSUT1 data set format, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA718I **SYSUT1 FILE PROCESSING COMPLETED****Explanation**

This message indicates that SYSUT1 file processing ends normally

System action

PDUU processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA719I **SYSUT1 INPUT DATASET SPECIFIED IS EMPTY. NOTHING WAS SENT****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open specified SYSPRINT data set.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

There are no records in the input data set specified for transfer.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA720I**START FLUSHING BUFFERS****Explanation**

Indicates the start of sending the last part of processed data to the target system.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA721I | FLUSH A/B WORK , FILE NUMBER: <i>number</i>, NUMBER OF RECORDS: <i>records</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Indicates sending of last A/B work file to the target system. In the message text:

number

The ordinal number of the corresponding work file

records

Number of records in this work file.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| AMA722E | FTP FUNCTION FAILED |
|----------------|----------------------------|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to invoke current FTP function. This message is displayed with AMA723I message to provide more information about the failed FTP function.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check FTP session parameters provided in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct values, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA723I | <i>MsgPrefix FtpReqst RESULT: result, STATUS: status, IE: ie, CEC: cec, SCMD: scmd, FTP_MESSAGES: ftp_messages</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The message is displayed with AMA722E to provide more information about failed FTP function. In the message text:

- MsgPrefix**
Name FTP function described in message
- FtpReqst**
FTP request name
- results**
Request result
- status**
Status code
- ie**
Interface error code

cec

Client error code

scmd

Subcommand code

ftp_messages

Messages from the FTP request

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

Check the ftp_messages to determine if the error resides on the server side. For example, if message '530-Maximum user limit exceeded' appears, contact IBM support for assistance.

If necessary, perform problem determination actions. This includes checking the network communications and proxy configuration. If those fail, gather the appropriate documentation (job logs, LOGREC, job output) and contact the IBM Support.

User response

Check ftp_messages and SYSUT1 input data set. For the SYSUT1 data set format, see the topic about JCL statements for [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#). If the ftp_messages indicate a server side error or you experience trouble with correct SYSUT1 input, contact your system programmer for assistance.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA724E**UNABLE TO OPEN A|B WORK FILE, FILE NUMBER: *number*****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open work file. In the message text:

number

Number of the work file.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check file parameters in the SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the data set format, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA725I**PROCESSING COMPLETED****Explanation**

This message occurs when the Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) processing ends successfully.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA726E CONTROL RECORD DATASET NOT CREATED**Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open the data set for the control record. Control record was not written, which means the sent data set cannot be restored on receiving side.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

Perform the necessary problem determination actions. If those fail, gather the appropriate documentation (job logs, LOGREC, job output) and contact the IBM Support.

User response

Check the SYSUT1 input data set and rerun PDUU. If you encounter this problem again, contact your system programmer. For the SYSUT1 format, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA727I DATA WAS ENCRYPTED WITH 192-BIT TRIPLE DES WITH THE 24 BYTE KEY SUPPLIED

Explanation

This message indicates the encryption of data was successful and displays the encryption method that was used.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA728I**ELAPSED TIME: *sec* SECONDS****Explanation**

This message displays the time spent on data processing and sending. In the message text:

sec

The number of seconds elapsed from start processing.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA729I | NUMBER OF RECORDS READ FROM SYSUT1: <i>recnum</i>, TOTAL BYTES: <i>bytes</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

This message displays the number of records and the total number of bytes read from the SYSUT1 data set. In the message text:

recnum

The number of records.

bytes

The number of bytes.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA730I**TOTAL BYTES COMPRESSED DATA TRANSMITTED = *bytes***

Explanation

This message displays the total number of bytes compressed and transmitted to the target system. In the message text:

bytes

The number of bytes.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA731I**EFFECTIVE THROUGHPUT = *thrput* BYTES/SECOND**

Explanation

This message displays the throughput value FTP channel used to transmit the data. In the message text:

thrput

The throughput value.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA732I **START *number type* FTP SESSION****Explanation**

This message indicates the beginning of FTP or HTTPS session. In the message text:

number

The order number of starting FTP or HTTPS session.

type

The type of session, FTP or HTTPS session.

System action

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA733I **SEND FILE A|B *filenumber*****Explanation**

This message is displayed when corresponding work file is sent. In the message text:

filenumber

The number of the work file to send.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA734I **UNABLE TO OPEN SYSIN DATASET****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open the specified SYSIN data set.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA735I**SYSIN STATEMENTS:****Explanation**

This message indicates the start of reading and interpreting data from SYSIN data set. All SYSIN statements except PASSWORD get printed to corresponding SYSPRINT data set

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA736E | THE LENGTH OF ACCOUNT INFORMATION SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 64 |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The ACCOUNT is too long.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct ACCOUNT parameter in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU.

Problem determination

Return code 8 is issued.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA737E | INCORRECT SYSIN CONTROL STATEMENT, EQUAL SIGN OMITTED: <i>statement</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. No equal sign was found in the control statement.

statement

The incorrect control statement.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

None.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA738E

**THE LENGTH OF USERID SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 64
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. USERID name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct USERID in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA739E

**THE LENGTH OF PASSWORD SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 64
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. PASSWORD is too long

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct password in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA740E

**THE LENGTH OF TARGET SYSTEM NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1
AND 256 CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. TARGET_SYS name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct TARGET_SYS statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA741E

**THE LENGTH OF TARGET_DSN SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 50
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. TARGET_DSN name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct TARGET_DSN statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA742E**THE LENGTH OF DIRECTORY NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1
AND 32 CHARACTERS****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. Directory name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct DIRECTORY statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the DIRECTORY data set format, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA743E

**THE LENGTH OF WORK DATASET PREFIX NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT
BETWEEN 1 AND 40 CHARACTERS**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. WORK_DSN prefix name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct WORK_DSN statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct WORK_DSN statement in SYSIN, see the topic about JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA744E

WORK DATASET NAME HAS INCORRECT CHARACTERS

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. Invalid characters were found in WORK_DSN name.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct WORK_DSN in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct WORK_DSN statement in SYSIN, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA745E

THE LENGTH OF DATACLAS NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. DataClas name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct DATACLAS statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct DATACLAS statement in SYSIN, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 28. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA746E**THE LENGTH OF STORCLAS NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 8 CHARACTERS****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The STORCLAS name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct STORCLAS statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct STORCLAS statement in SYSIN, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The value specified for the *parameter* is invalid.

In the message text:

parameter

The parameter that has characters other than numbers in it.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the *parameter* statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct values for the *parameter* statement in SYSIN, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The specified *parameter* value is not within allowable numerical interval.

In the message text:

parameter

The parameter that has an incorrect numeric value.

lowValue

The minimum numeric value for the *parameter*.

highValue

The maximum numeric value for the *parameter*.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the *parameter* statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA749E**SEVERE ERROR OCCURRED WHILE WRITING TO WORK FILES****Explanation**

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while writing to one of the work files.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check PDUU job output and SYSIN control statements then rerun PDUU. If problem occurs again contact your system programmer. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA750E | INCORRECT NUMERICS IN WORK_DSN_SIZE CONTROL STATEMENT |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The specified WORK_DSN_SIZE parameter contains invalid numeric characters.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the CC_FTP statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA751E

THE WORK DATASET SIZE IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 9999

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. Specified WORK_DSN_SIZE parameter is not within allowable numerical interval. PDUU work files must have at least 1 MG but no more than 9999 MG.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the WORK_DSN_SIZE statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA752E

KEEP_WORK OPERAND WAS NOT RECOGNIZED

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The KEEP_WORK operand must either have a Y value specified or not be specified at all.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct KEEP_WORK statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA753I | THE LENGTH OF PARAMETER <i>parameter</i> IS NOT BETWEEN <i>lowValue</i> AND <i>highValue</i> CHARACTERS |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. *parameter* is either too long or too short.

In the message text:

parameter

The parameter that is either too long or too short.

lowValue

The minimum numeric value for the *parameter*.

highValue

The maximum numeric value for the *parameter*.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct *parameter* statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA754E | CRYPTOGRAPHIC ASSIST IS NOT AVAILABLE ON THIS PROCESSOR |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

This message indicates that this processor cannot execute crypto instructions, so that cryptographic function of Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) is unavailable on this processor.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Exclude CIPHER_KEY parameter from the SYSIN if it is affordable by your security policy and rerun PDUU, For more information about the CIPHER_KEY parameter, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA755E

192 BIT TRIPLE DES IS NOT AVAILABLE ON THIS PROCESSOR

Explanation

This message indicates that this processor cannot perform 192 bit triple DES encryption, so that cryptographic function of PDUU is unavailable on this processor.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Exclude CIPHER_KEY parameter and rerun PDUU.

- For more information about the CIPHER_KEY parameter, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.
- For more information and for Triple DES encryption see *z/OS Cryptographic Services ICSF Application Programmer's Guide* and *z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA756E

THE PMR SPECIFIED IS NOT 13 CHARACTERS IN LENGTH

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The specified PMR parameter has an invalid length.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the PMR statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information about the PMR statement, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA757E

INCORRECT CHARACTERS IN PMR CONTROL STATEMENT

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN dataset. Specified PMR parameter contains invalid characters

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct PMR statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information about the SYSIN statement, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA758E **ERROR IN SYSIN STATEMENT. UNRECOGNIZED VERB: *verb***

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The specified verb is unknown for PDUU.

verb

The verb that PDUU failed to interpret

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct statement with illegal verb in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For more information about the SYSIN statement, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA759E **UNABLE TO OPEN FTPCMDS DATASET**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open the specified FTPCMDS data set.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check FTPCMDS data set and rerun PDUU. For more information, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 12 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA760I *module* ENDED ABNORMALLY. SYSTEM COMPLETION CODE = *scode*,
REASON CODE = *reasc*

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while executing *module* and ended abnormally. This message displays completion and reason codes accompanying the abnormal end.

In the message text:

module

The PDUU module that ended abnormally.

scode

The completion code describing the reason for the abnormal end.

reasc

The reason code describing the nature of the error. A value of 0 indicates PDUU could not tell the reason code due to the SDWA not being active.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

If the error recurs, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Look at the messages in the job log for more information, check correctness of the parameters passed in the SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. If the abend recurs, notify the system programmer. For correct parameters, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 99 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA761E

UNABLE TO OBTAIN NECESSARY STORAGE

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) was unable to obtain storage for the internal work areas and buffers.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the region size parameter in the JCL and rerun PDUU. For more information about the region size see [z/OS MVS JCL Reference](#).

In USE_HTTPS=Y mode, lower the values for the number of sessions or size of each session, with the CC_HTTPS or WORK_SIZE parameters, to reduce the amount of storage needed to successfully complete the processing. When adjusting these parameters, make sure the total file size can be divided into 99,999 parts or less.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 12. See the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| AMA762I | UNABLE TO OPEN DEBUG DATASET |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while attempting to open specified DEBUG data set.

System action

PDUU processing continues but no data will be printed to the DEBUG data set.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check the DEBUG data set characteristics and rerun PDUU. See the topic about [the DEBUG DD statement](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA763I

THE LENGTH OF MGMTCLAS NAME SPECIFIED IS NOT BETWEEN 1 AND 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. MgmtClas name is too long.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct MGMTCLAS statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct MGMTCLAS statement in SYSIN, see the topic about JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA764I

**WAITING FOR COMPLETION OF FTP THREAD: nnn REMOTE
FILE: ...suffix**

Explanation

AMAPDUPL has prepared the next file for transfer and is waiting for the FTP thread nnn to complete transfer of the previous file with resulting suffix. In the DEBUG DD, FTP messages indicating transfer rate may be shown depending on values set in the FTP.DATA PROGRESS parameter.

System action

PDUU processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Use the DEBUG dd to show in progress transfer rates for the FTP session. If the resulting messages indicate the transfer is significantly delayed, consult your network administrator to determine the reason for the delay, or if the PDUU files can be sent on a faster connection. When DEBUG output is directed to SYSOUT, refresh the job log to get the latest messages.

In the message text:,*nnn* is the thread that is waiting for completion. Work data set *Annn* or *Bnnn* is currently being sent, and the other will be sent when the previous data set transfer completes. The remote file that is being created looks like *Fnnnnn* where *n* is a number.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA770I

**THE LENGTH OF SYSIN CONTROL STATEMENT EXCEEDS ALLOWABLE
LIMIT**

Explanation

The total length of the multiple record statement is more than the maximum allowable statement length.

System action

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) stops reading the SYSIN data set and ends processing.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Look for error statement in the PDUU job listing. Fix it and rerun the job.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL, MTFTPR

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA771I

**ERROR IN SYSIN STATEMENT. THE LENGTH OF VERB SPECIFIED
EXCEEDS ALLOWABLE LIMIT.**

Explanation

The length of the verb specified in the SYSIN control statement is longer than the maximum possible length.

System action

PDUU execution continues.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Use the correct verb for the desired function and rerun PDUU.

Source

Problem documentation upload utility (PDUU)

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA772I

**THE NUMBER OF FILES TRANSFERRED TO THE TARGET SYSTEM
EXCEEDS THE LIMIT**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility PDUU can not complete the transmission of the entire input data set. Based upon the WORK_DSN_SIZE specified, the number of work files needed to transmit the data exceeds the 999 file number limit.

System action

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) execution ended.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Increase the maximum size of the work files by specifying a larger value for the WORK_DSN_SIZE control statement when rerunning PDUU.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA773I **AMATERSE INVOCATION FAILED, PROCESSING OPTION = *optionName***

Explanation

In the message text:

optionName

The name of the Amaterse processing option specified via PARM keyword.

Attempt to invoke Amaterse utility with specified *optionName* failed.

System action

MTFTPR processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check job output for error messages describing the situation and try to fix the problem.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

MTFTPR

AMA774I **UNABLE TO *actionName datasetType* DATASET WITH AMATERSE**

Explanation

In the message text:

actionName

The name of Amaterse processing_action - PACK or UNPACK.

datasetType

The type of dataset processing with Amaterse - INPUT or OUTPUT.

Amaterse failed to process specified data set.

System action

MTFTPR processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Check job output for Amaterse messages describing the situation and try to fix the problem..

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

MTFTPR

AMA775I

**UNABLE TO DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATE PARTITIONED DATASET FOR
AMATERSE**

Explanation

MTFTPR can not dynamically allocate partitioned output data set for Amaterse and can not unpack received data set packed with Amaterse.

System action

MTFTPR processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Specify partitioned output data set for Amaterse by using SYSUT2 optional DD statement.

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

MTFTPR

AMA776I

parameter **MUST BE SPECIFIED WITH A VALUE OF 'Y'**

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data set. The value specified for the *parameter* can only be 'Y' or *parameter* can be omitted.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the *parameter* statement in SYSIN data set and rerun PDUU. For the correct values for the *parameter* statement in SYSIN, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Routing code

N/A

Descriptor code

N/A

AMA779I

parameter1 **AND** *parameter2* **NOT SPECIFIED, ONE IS REQUIRED**

Explanation

parameter1 and *parameter2* statements were not found in the SYSIN data.

One of *parameter1* or *parameter2* is required for PDUU operation.

For example: PMR or CASE supplies data associated with the hardware or software problem, and is necessary to report the problem and track its solution. These parameters have no default value and either PMR, or CASE, must be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply *parameter1* or *parameter1* in the SYSIN input and rerun PDUU. For more details about those statements, see the topic about [JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA780I

THE CASE SPECIFIED IS NOT 11 CHARACTERS

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data. The specified CASE parameter has an invalid length.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct the CASE statement in the SYSIN data and rerun PDUU. For more information about the CASE statement, see the topic about [JCL statements for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) in *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 8 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA781I | INCORRECT CHARACTERS IN CASE CONTROL STATEMENT |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The Problem Documentation Upload Utility (PDUU) encountered an error while reading and interpreting SYSIN data. The value specified for the CASE parameter contains incorrect characters.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

User response

Correct CASE statement in the SYSIN data and rerun PDUU. For more information about the SYSIN statement, see the topic about JCL statements for z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

None.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMA782I | <i>parameter1 AND parameter2 BOTH SPECIFIED, SPECIFY ONLY ONE</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

parameter1 and *parameter2* statements were both found in the SYSIN data.

Only one of *parameter1* or *parameter2* is allowed for PDUU operation.

For example: Both PMR and CASE statements were found in the SYSIN data. PMR and CASE statements are mutually exclusive. Specify either PMR or CASE.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

Operator response:
,

System programmer response

None.

User response

Supply either a *parameter1* or *parameter2* statement in the SYSIN input and rerun PDUU. For more details about those statements, see the topic about JCL statements for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMA783I | HWTH service THREAD: thread RETCODE: retcode REASON: rsncode SERVID: serviceinfo X: reasonText |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Information about the HTTP Enablement Toolkit service is given to aid in problem diagnosis. This will appear in DEBUG if return code is 0, and SYSPRINT if return code is nonzero.

In the message text:

- *service* - A description of the toolkit service that was performed by PDUU.
- *thread* - The PDUU thread that issued the service.
- *retcode* - The return code for the service.
- *rsncode* - The reason code for the service.
- *serviceinfo* - Service information returned by the toolkit.
- *reasonText* - When reason text is supplied, it is added after AMA783I beginning with 'X:' to describe the return code.

System action

PDUU processing continues on successful calls to the toolkit and PDUU processing ends on failures.

Operator response:
,

System programmer response

None.

User response

On failures, see [The z/OS HTTP/HTTPS protocol enabler in *z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages*](#) and the linked service return and reason code descriptions to determine why the toolkit service failed.

Problem determination

On failures, this message is accompanied by return code 36 documented in the topic about Return codes for the [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA785I **BPX1SDD Failed RETVAL: *retval* RETCODE: *retcode* REASON: *rsncode***

Explanation

Service BPX1SDD failed with the stated returned codes. PDUU needs to successfully call BPX1SDD when USE_HTTPS=Y.

In the message text:

- *retval* - Return value from the BPX1SDD service.
- *retcode* - Return code from the BPX1SDD service.
- *rsncode* - Reason code from the BPX1SDD service.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#) for information on the failing return and reason codes on the failing return and reason codes.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 71 documented in the topic about Return codes for the [z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Explanation

A subtask of AMAPDUPL performing processing for a USE_HTTPS-Y session abended.

In the message text:

- *thread* - The number of the thread that failed.
- *service* - The service the thread was performing at the time of failure.
- *retcode* - The PDUU return code at the time of failure.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

See accompanying messages to determine the cause of the failure.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 98 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA788I

exitType* EXIT. THREAD: *thread* STATUS: *statusCode* VERSION: *versionCode* REASON: *reason* Z: *headerName=headerValue* Y: *bodyContents

Explanation

A response header or body exit received control and is recording status. This message is followed by the header or body contents when available. This can be helpful when debugging problems.

In the message text:

- *exitType* - RESPONSE HEADER or RESPONSE BODY.
- *thread* - The number of the thread.
- *statusCode* - HTTP Status code (for example; 200, 404).
- *versionCode* - The HTTP version of the request.
- *reason* - The reason text accompanying the status code.
- *headerName=headerValue* - When *exitType* is RESPONSE HEADER, headers are provided following AMA788I prefixed with 'Z:'
- *bodyContents* - When *exitType* is RESPONSE BODY, the contents of the response body are provided prefixed with 'Y:'. Blank lines are omitted from the output.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

On failures, use the provided HTTP status information, headers, and body contents to determine the cause of the failure for the request. You might need to set HTTPS_DEBUG and HTTPS_DEBUGDD to further aid problem determination.

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA789I *parameter1 MUST BE SPECIFIED WHEN parameter2 IS SPECIFIED*

Explanation

When *parameter1* is specified, *parameter2* must also be specified.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

Operator response:

`

System programmer response

None.

User response

Specify *parameter2* or omit *parameter1* in the SYSIN input and rerun PDUU. For more details about those statements, see the topic about JCL statements for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Problem determination

This message is accompanied by return code 16 documented in the topic about [Return codes for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility](#) for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#).

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

AMA790I

THE CIPHER SUITE SPECIFIED FOR SSL_4CIPHER CONTAINS *parm1* CHARACTERS, WHICH IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF 4.

Explanation

The number of characters specified as the value for SSL_4CIPHER must be a multiple of 4.

System action

PDUU processing ends.

System programmer response

None.

User response

The SSL_4CIPHER input expects a string of characters whose count is a multiple of 4, as the specification of the 4-character cipher suite value. More details are in the topic about JCL statements for the z/OS Problem Documentation Upload Utility in [*z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Problem determination

While the actual values are not validated, the length of the data can be determined by PDUU, and is reported via this message. Correct the number of characters supplied before making another attempt to use PDUU.

Source

PDUU

Module

AMAPDUPL

Chapter 13. AMB messages

AMB101I

ESD CONTAINS INVALID DATA

Explanation

A list service aid encountered either an incorrect ESD type or an incorrect ESDID.

System action

If the LISTOBJ function of AMBLIST is being used, the incorrect control statement is printed and processing continues. Otherwise, processing ends for this operation.

System programmer response

Recompile the modules, and rerun the job. If the problem occurred during processing of LISTOBJ, run the LISTIDR function of AMBLIST to determine which compiler processed the module. If the problem occurred during processing of LISTLOAD, run the LISTIDR function of AMBLIST to determine which linkage editor produced the load module.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB102I

INVALID [LOAD/OBJECT] RECORD

Explanation

A list service aid detected an undefined record type in the load/object records. For object records, byte positions do not contain any of the following types: ESD, SYM, TXT, RLD, or END. For load module records, the hexadecimal code in the first byte of the record is incorrect or undefined.

System action

If the record in question is from an object module, it will be printed. Processing will continue. If the record in question is from a load module, processing will end for the current control statement and resume with the next.

System programmer response

List the load module using the IEBTPCH data utility specifying PRINT TOTCONV=XE to determine the nature of the faulty record. If it has been incorrectly modified, restore it to its correct format.

Run the list service aid program to obtain IDR listings for the module and for all programs which have modified it.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKOBJ

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| AMB103I | RLD POINTER INVALID |
|----------------|----------------------------|

Explanation

A list service aid encountered an incorrect R or P pointer in the relocation dictionary (RLD).

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Link-edit the program again and rerun the job.

Run the LISTOBJ function to determine which linkage editor or language translator produced the bad R or P pointer. Run LISTIDR for IDR data, showing if SPZAP has been run for the module, when and what translators were used, and other user supplied data.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB104I | TABLE OVERFLOW, ENLARGE REGION SIZE AND RERUN |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The list service aids table capacities were exceeded because the partition size was insufficient.

System action

The operation ends; processing continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Enlarge the partition size, and rerun the job.

Run the IEBTPCH utility program specifying PRINT TOTCONV=XE to list the module being processed by the list service aid.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB105I***ddname* DOES NOT DEFINE LOAD MODULE LIBRARY**

Explanation

The name specified by the DDN parameter on a list service aid control statement or by the default DDNAME on the SYSLIB DD statement is not the name of a load module library.

In the message text:

ddname

The name in error.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Make sure that the library referenced by the list service aid control statement or by the SYSLIB DD statement contains load modules, or change the control statements indicating the proper library type. Rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB106I**MODULE IS NOT EDITABLE, NO XREF PROVIDED**

Explanation

When the associated module was link edited, the not editable attribute of the linkage editor was specified. The module, therefore, does not contain the CESD, and no XREF can be provided.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Recreate the load module from its associated object module. Do not specify the not editable attribute. Rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB107I

I/O ERROR ON READ

Explanation

An I/O error that could not be corrected was encountered while a list service aid was reading input.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Be sure the data set is defined correctly in the control statement.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB108I**MEMBER NOT FOUND****Explanation**

The member name or alias name specified by the MEMBER parameter on a list service aid control statement was not found in the indicated library.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

List the directory of the referenced library using the LISTPDS function of the IEHLIST utility. Rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB109I**I/O ERROR READING PDS DIRECTORY****Explanation**

An I/O error that could not be corrected occurred while list service aids was reading the directory of a partitioned data set (PDS).

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB110I**DDNAME DOES NOT DEFINE OBJECT MODULE DATA SET**

Explanation

A list service aid attempted to process as an object module, a data set or member defined by the DDN parameter or by the operands on the LISTOBJ control statement. However, the data set or member is not an object module.

System action

The operation ends; processing continues with the next operation.

System programmer response

Make sure that the module to be processed is an object module. Rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB111I *dsname* **CANNOT BE OPENED**

Explanation

The specified data set cannot be opened. The DD statement defining that data set be missing.

In the message text:

dsname

The name of the data set.

System action

Processing ends if *ddname* is SYSIN or SYSOUT; otherwise, processing continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Make sure that the JCL for the step includes a DD statement that properly defines the data set. Run the LISTVTOC function of the IEHLIST utility to obtain a list of the volume table of contents of the volume containing the data set.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB112I**LOAD MODULE DOES NOT CONTAIN CSECT IDENTIFICATION**

Explanation

The load module specified on the LISTIDR control section does not contain any CSECT identification records.

System action

No IDR listings are produced. Processing continues with the next operation.

System programmer response

Link-edit the load module again using a linkage editor which contains IDR support, and rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKIDR

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB113I**IDR INFORMATION IS INCOMPLETE**

Explanation

The last CSECT identification record found in this load module is not marked with an “end of IDR data” flag.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Make sure that no IDR data has been lost. Re-link edit the module using a linkage editor which contains IDR support, and rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKIDR

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB114I**THE CSECT NAME ASSOCIATED WITH AN IDR ENTRY CANNOT BE FOUND****Explanation**

The ESD ID on an IDR data entry did not match any ID in the CESD of the load module being processed.

System action

Processing of this IDR entry ends. Processing continues with the next IDR in the program.

System programmer response

Make sure that the IDR data for this load module has not been altered. If it has been altered, correct it and rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKIDR

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB115I**BUFFER SPACE NOT AVAILABLE - INCREASE REGION SIZE****Explanation**

A list service aid buffer space was exceeded because the region size was insufficient.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Enlarge the partition size and rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| AMB117I | INVALID DIRECTORY BLOCK |
|----------------|--------------------------------|

Explanation

A list service aid encountered a directory block that was not 256 bytes long.

System action

The operation ends; processing continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Examine the DD statement for the data set currently being processed and make certain that a member name was not specified in the DD statement. If one was, correct the DD statement and resubmit the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB119I | INVALID LOAD MODULE: NO CESD RECORDS FOUND, LOAD MODULE MARKED EDITABLE |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The load module specified on the LISTDIR control statement does not contain any CESD records, but was marked editable.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Re-create the load module from its associated object module. Rerun the LISTDIR.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKIDR

AMB120I**EXPECTED CONTINUATION CARD NOT FOUND**

Explanation

A list service aid control statement indicated continuation (a comma was found after the last operand); however, it is not followed with proper continuation.

System action

Processing ends for this operation.

System programmer response

Check all list service aid control statements for valid continuation statements. Rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB121I**INVALID CONTROL STATEMENT**

Explanation

A list service aid control statement is incorrect because it contains an incorrect operation, an embedded blank, or it begins in column 1.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Make sure the list service aid control statements are specified correctly. Then rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB122I | INVALID OPERAND NEAR CARD COLUMN INDICATED BY \$ |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error has occurred in a list service aid control statement near the statement column location indicated by the \$.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Make sure the list service aid control statements are specified correctly. Then rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB123I | CLOSE QUOTE OR PAREN NOT FOUND, OR KEYWORD VALUE EXCEEDS COL 71 |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Quotation mark or closing parenthesis is missing on a list service aid control statement, or the value for a keyword runs past column 71.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with next control statement.

System programmer response

Check the list service aid control statements for unbalanced quotation marks and parentheses or for operands that run past column 71. Resubmit the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB124I | NUMBER OF MEMBER NAMES EXCEEDS 32 NEAR COLUMN INDICATED BY \$ |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The number of member names specified on a list service aid control statement exceeds the limit, 32. The column where this error was detected is flagged by a \$.

System action

The extra member names are ignored, and processing continues.

System programmer response

Use two or more list service aid control statements to list the member names.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB125I | IMPROPER OPERAND NEAR COLUMN INDICATED BY \$ |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An incorrect operand has been detected in the list service aid control statement. Its location is indicated by \$.

System action

The operand is ignored. Processing continues.

System programmer response

Make sure the list service aid control statements are specified correctly; then rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|--|
| AMB126I | IMPROPER OPTION NEAR COLUMN INDICATED BY \$ LOCATION |
|---------|--|

Explanation

An option specified in the list service aid control statement is not valid; its location is indicated by \$.

System action

The default value was assumed; processing continues.

System programmer response

Check the validity of the options specified on the list service aid control statement. Correct the errors and rerun the job.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKCTL

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMB127I | RELOC OPERAND INVALID WHEN MAPPING NUCLEUS - OPERAND IGNORED |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The RELOC operand is not compatible with mapping of a nucleus.

System action

Processing continues without relocation.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB128I**NUCLEUS NOT MARKED SCTR - STANDARD XREF PROVIDED**

Explanation

The nucleus is not marked SCTR.

System action

Processing continues as if the nucleus was not intended for use as a nucleus.

System programmer response

If the program being mapped is not intended for use as a nucleus, no programmer response is necessary. If the program is intended for use as a nucleus, the program must be reprocessed by the linkage editor using the SCTR option. Then rerun the list service aid program to obtain the correct nucleus map.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

-

AMB129I**IMPROPER CESD SEQUENCE IN NUCLEUS - STANDARD XREF PROVIDED**

Explanation

IEAANIPO and IEAQFX00 are not the first two CSECTs in the composite external symbol dictionary (CESD). This is a normal message for MVS/XA Version 2 and higher systems.

System action

The DAT-on nucleus is processed as if it were a standard load module. The DAT-off part of the nucleus is not mapped.

System programmer response

This is a normal message for MVS/XA Version 2 and higher systems. The NUCMAP verb in IPCS will map the entire nucleus. AMBLIST no longer supports mapping of IPL IEANUC01. This message is expected.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

Routing code

Note 11

Descriptor code

| | |
|----------------|--|
| - | |
| AMB130I | NUCLEUS REQUESTED FOR OUTPUT=XREF IS NOT THE NUCLEUS THAT WAS IPL |

Explanation

The nucleus is not the nucleus that was loaded.

System action

Processing continues.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKXRF

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB131I | Load module does not contain any CESD records |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The load module specified on the LISTIDR control statement does not contain any CESD records. Possibly, the not editable attribute of the linkage editor was specified, the module, therefore does not contain IDR records.

System action

Processing ends for this operation and continues with the next control statement.

System programmer response

Recreate the load module from its associated object modules without the not editable attribute. Return the LISTDIR.

Source

List service aids

Module

HMBLKIDR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB132I | BINDER START DIALOG ERROR. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder START DIALOG function.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB133I | INTERNAL LOGIC ERROR. LISTIDR REQUEST CANNOT BE PROCESSED. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected an internal logic error.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

System programmer response

Search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBIDR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB134I | DIRECTORY SERVICES ERROR. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to obtain directory entries for a program object.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated DIRECTORY SERVICES return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB135I | INVALID HMBIPARM VERSION NUMBER |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An incorrect version of the AMBLIST input parameter list is detected.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 12.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

AMB136I **INVALID PDSE PROGRAM LIBRARY: *library_name***

Explanation

An unexpected internal error occurred while attempting to obtain directory entries. The indicated library is expected to be a program object.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

System programmer response

Search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Report this problem to your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

AMB137I **BINDER CREATE FAILED. RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code***

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder CREATE WORKMOD function, with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB138I | ISITMGD MACRO ERROR. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the macro ISITMGD - IS IT Managed, with the indicated ISITMGD return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for meaning of return and reason codes.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB139I | BINDER INCLUDE FAILED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder INCLUDE function with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See Binder return codes in *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and Binder API reason codes in [numeric sequence](#) in *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB140I | PDSE MEMBER NAME LONGER THAN 64 CHARACTERS: <i>member_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Member name or alias name exceeds the 64 bytes limitation for a program object. Up to 64 characters member name or alias name was printed.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

If the member name is too long, shorten the name specified and rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB141I | BINDER GETE FAILED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETESD function with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB142I | USER DATA ENCOUNTERED IN PDSE MEMBER: <i>member_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While processing a program object, AMBLIST encountered user data in the indicated PDSE member name.

System action

The member is not processed. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

Make sure member name is a program object. Rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB143I | BINDER GETN FAILED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETNAMES function with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

AMB144I**PDSE MEMBER NOT FOUND: *member_name***

Explanation

The PDSE member name or PDSE alias name specified by the member parameter on the AMBLIST control statement was not found in the indicated library.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

To verify the member name, list the directory of the referenced library using the LISTPDS function of IEHLIST utility.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

AMB145I**NO CSECT NAMES FOR THIS PROGRAM OBJECT: *program_object_name*.
RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code***

Explanation

While processing the zap data for this LISTIDR control statement, no CSECT names were found for the indicated module.

System action

Processing of the current operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

Make sure that the indicated program object contains some ESDs. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBIDR

HMBLBXRF

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure in DIRECTORY SERVICES, specifically, there are no members in the directory. No program objects were found in the name specified by the DDN parameter on the AMBLIST control statement or by the default ddname on the SYSLIB DD statement.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is DESERV return code.)

User response

Make sure that the PDSE library referenced by AMBLIST control statement or by the SYSLIB DD statement contains program objects, or change the control statement indicating the proper library type. Rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

Explanation

The AMBLIST OUTPUT= or MEMBER= parameters cannot be specified with the MODLIB parameter on the LISTIDR control statement.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

If MODLIB is intended, remove the OUTPUT= or MEMBER= parameters. Rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBPAR

Explanation

While processing the zap data, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes.

Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM, HMBLBIDR

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB150I | BINDER GETD FAILED FOR SYMBOL DATA. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While processing the symbol data, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function with the indicated binder return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB151I | BINDER GETD FAILED FOR BINDER DATA. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function while reading the binder data, which contains the binder ID, Version/Modification level, Date, Time bound...

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM, HMBLBIDR, HMBLBXRF

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB152I | BINDER GETD FAILED FOR ESD DATA. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function while reading the ESD data.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB153I | BINDER GETD FAILED FOR TRANSLATION DATA. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While processing the translation data, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM, HMBLBIDR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB154I | BINDER GETD FAILED FOR RLD DATA. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function while reading the RLD data.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB155I

BINDER GETD FAILED FOR IDENTITY DATA. RETURN CODE =
return_code, **REASON CODE =** *reason_code*

Explanation

While processing the Identity/User data, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [*z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference*](#) and [*z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities*](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM, HMBLBIDR

AMB156I

BINDER GETD FAILED FOR TEXT DATA. RETURN CODE = *return_code*,
REASON CODE = *reason_code*

Explanation

While processing the Text, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [*z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference*](#) and [*z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities*](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB157I | BINDER DELTEW FAILED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder DELETE WORKMOD function, with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB158I | BUFFER IN ERROR EXCEEDS 16K BYTES LIMIT. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

While processing the return ESD or RLD buffer from the binder GETESD or GETDATA function call, an incorrect value is encountered. In an attempt to dump the buffer in error, the requested buffer size exceeds the 16K bytes limitation.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB159I

BINDER GETE FAILED FOR PSEUDO REGISTER DATA. RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code*

Explanation

While processing the Pseudo Register data, either numerical or alphabetical cross-reference, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETESD function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM, HMBLBXRF

AMB160I

INTERNAL LOGIC ERROR. INVALID AMBLIST INPUT PARAMETER LIST FOR *module_id*

Explanation

An unexpected internal error occurred. An incorrect parameter list has been passed to the indicated module. This member will not be processed.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 12.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the module name and the output from the failing job.

User response

Report this message to your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

AMB161I

BINDER GETE FAILED FOR CONTROL SECTION OR LABEL DEFINITION DATA. RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code*

Explanation

While processing the ESD numerical cross-reference data, and in reading the control section or label definition associated with this ESD, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETESD function, with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See *z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference* and *z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities* for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBXRF, HMBLGETR

AMB162I

BINDER GETE FAILED, SYMBOL NOT FOUND. RETURN CODE = *return_code*, REASON CODE = *reason_code*

Explanation

While processing the ESD/RLD Numerical/Alphabetical Xref, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETESD function with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

Possibly in retrieving all ESD/RLDs associated with the binder input, SYMBOL, was not found.

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the module name.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBXRF, HMBLGETR

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB163I | BINDER FAILED WHILE PROCESSING RLDS. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While processing the RLD numerical/alphabetical cross-reference data, AMBLIST has detected a failure in either the binder GETESD or GETDATA function, with the indicated return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

Use the IGWSPZAP program to zap the module_id to find out which binder GET function reported the error. See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBXRF

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB164I | BINDER RESETW FAILED. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder RESET WORKMOD function, with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB165I | LONG NAME FOUND AND IGNORED NAME: <i>member_name</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

Either a primary or alias name longer than that is supported on this level of DFSMS system has been encountered and ignored by DIRECTORY SERVICES. This is most likely an PDSE program object library where some were created on a DFSMS 1.3 or later system that contains long primary or alias name.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

Make sure the length of the listed member name (primary or alias) is within limit on this level of DFSMS system, and this is a version one program object.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB166I | PDS MEMBER NAME LONGER THAN 8 CHARACTERS: <i>load_module_name</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

Member name or alias name exceeds the 8 bytes limitation for a PDS load module. Up to 8 characters member name or alias name is printed.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

If the member name is too long, shorten the name specified and rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB167I | INSUFFICIENT STORAGE TO PROCESS THIS PDSE PROGRAM LIBRARY - INCREASE REGION SIZE FOR <i>module_id</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The AMBLIST PDSE buffer space was exceeded because the region size was insufficient.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

Verify that the specified AMBLIST REGION value is at least set to the value recommended in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids. Increase the region size and rerun the job.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL, HMBLBLDM, HMBLBIDR, HMBLBXRF

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| AMB168I | AMBLIST LOGIC ERROR |
|----------------|----------------------------|

Explanation

While processing the text data, a possible logic error is encountered, either in the BINDER GETD function call or AMBLIST. Since one of the two components has encountered more text data than the actual section length.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the module name and the output from the failing job.

User response

Contact your system programmer.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB169I **INVALID ESD TYPE. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.**

Explanation

An ESD record was found that did not contain a valid ESD type. A dump of the ESD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the ESD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the ESD entry in error, and verify the ESD type. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB170I **INVALID ESD STATUS. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.**

Explanation

An ESD record was found that did not contain a valid ESD status. A dump of the ESD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the ESD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the ESD entry in error, and verify the ESD status. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB171I

INVALID ESD AUTOCALL. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.

Explanation

An ESD record was found that did not contain a valid ESD autocall. A dump of the ESD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the ESD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the ESD entry in error, and verify the ESD autocall. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB172I

INVALID ESD AMODE. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.

Explanation

An ESD record was found that did not contain a valid ESD AMODE. A dump of the ESD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the ESD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the ESD entry in error, and verify the ESD AMODE. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB173I

INVALID ESD ALIGNMENT. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.

Explanation

An ESD record was found that did not contain a valid ESD alignment. A dump of the ESD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the ESD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the ESD entry in error, and verify the ESD alignment. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB174I | INVALID RLD ADCON DIRECTION. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An RLD record was found that did not contain a valid RLD adcon direction. A dump of the RLD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the RLD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the RLD entry in error, and verify the RLD adcon direction. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB175I | INVALID RLD TYPE. DUMP OF RLD ENTRY FOLLOWS. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

An RLD record was found that did not contain a valid RLD type. A dump of the RLD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the RLD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the RLD entry in error, and verify the RLD type. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB176I**INVALID RLD ADCON LENGTH. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.****Explanation**

An RLD record was found that did not contain a valid RLD adcon length. A dump of the RLD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the RLD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the RLD entry in error, and verify the RLD adcon length. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB177I**INVALID RLD ADCON BOUNDARY. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.****Explanation**

An RLD record was found that did not contain a valid RLD adcon boundary. A dump of the RLD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the RLD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the RLD entry in error, and verify the RLD adcon boundary. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

AMB178I**INVALID RLD ADCON STATUS. DUMP OF ESD ENTRY FOLLOWS.**

Explanation

An RLD record was found that did not contain a valid RLD adcon status. A dump of the RLD entry in error follows the message.

System action

Processing of the RLD operation terminates. Processing continues with the next operation. (The AMBLIST return code is 4.)

User response

Examine the output dump of the RLD entry in error, and verify the RLD adcon status. Rerun the job after appropriate correction.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBLDM

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMB179I | BINDER ENDD ERROR. RETURN CODE = <i>return_code</i>, REASON CODE = <i>reason_code</i> |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder END DIALOG function, with the indicated program management return and reason codes.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is the indicated binder return code.)

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the return and reason code.

User response

See [z/OS MVS Program Management: User's Guide and Reference](#) and [z/OS MVS Program Management: Advanced Facilities](#) for the meaning of return and reason codes. Take appropriate action as indicated in the above reference.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLKCTL

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| AMB181I | GOFF HEADER RECORD EXPECTED. |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

The first record in a GOFF module is not a module header record.

System action

Formatting of the object module terminates.

User response

The object module is invalid. Recreate the object module or obtain a new copy.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBOBJ

AMB182I **INVALID RDW LENGTH.**

Explanation

For a recfm V or VB GOFF object module, the length of the returned data was less than that in the record descriptor word (RDW).

System action

Formatting of the object module terminates.

User response

The object module is invalid. Recreate the object module or obtain a new copy.

Source

Binder

Module

HMBLBOBJ

AMB183I **GOFF CONTINUATION RECORD EXPECTED.**

Explanation

The symbol name (ESD name or entry point name) on the last record was incomplete, but the current record is not a continuation record.

System action

Formatting of the object module terminates.

User response

The object module is invalid. Recreate the object module or obtain a new copy.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBOBJ

AMB185I**GOFF CONTINUATION RECORD NOT EXPECTED.****Explanation**

The current record indicates that a continuation record is expected, but all the data (according to the data length field) has been processed.

System action

Formatting of the object module terminates.

User response

The object module is invalid. Recreate the object module or obtain a new copy.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBOBJ

AMB186I**INVALID TEXT TYPE IN GOFF RECORD.****Explanation**

The text record style field in a GOFF TEXT record contains an invalid value.

System action

Formatting of the object module terminates.

User response

The object module is invalid. Recreate the object module or obtain a new copy.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBOBJ

AMB187I**GETD FAILED OBTAINING PART INITIALIZER DATA.****Explanation**

While processing part initializer data, AMBLIST has detected a failure from the binder GETDATA function.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with next operation.

System programmer response

If the problem recurs and the program is not in error, search problem data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

User response

An error was encountered while AMBLIST was calling the binder GETD function.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLBDM

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMB188I | INSUFFICIENT STORAGE BELOW 16 MEG LINE TO PROCESS THIS PROGRAM OBJECT. |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The storage space available to AMBLIST has been exceeded. This is an AMBLIST temporary restriction.

System action

Processing terminates for this operation and continues with the next control statement. (The AMBLIST return code is 8.)

User response

None.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBLGETR

AMBU Messages

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| AMBU2001 | Usage: amblist file... |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|

Explanation

This message shows the correct format of the amblist command. It can be displayed by entering the AMBLIST command without any arguments.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| AMBU2002 | Unknown option %s. |
|-----------------|---------------------------|

Explanation

The indicated option is not a valid `amblist` option. To see the valid `amblist` options, enter the `amblist` command without any arguments, or look up the command description in [z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference](#).

User response

Enter the `AMBLIST` command again and specify a valid option.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AMBU2003 | Amblist processing errors for one or more files. %s return code is %d. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

The `AMBLIST` service aid utility, which is called by the `amblist` command, has ended with the indicated return code. Normally, another error message accompanies this message.

User response

If necessary, correct the errors indicated by the accompanying messages. Enter the `amblist` command again.

Search and correct any errors indicated by any `AMB`-prefixed messages that were written to `STDOUT` by the `AMBLIST` service aid utility.

Export the environment variable `_BPXK_JOBLOG` to ensure that all messages, including those from the binder, are written. For example:

```
export _BPXK_JOBLOG=2
```

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| AMBU2004 | Either a UNIX pathname or MVS data set names can be specified, but not both. |
|-----------------|---|

Explanation

Both a UNIX path name and an MVS data set name were specified as files. The `amblist` command allows one or more data set names to be specified as files, in which case they are concatenated in the order specified.

The `amblist` command also allows a UNIX path name to be specified, in which case it must be the only file specified.

User response

Enter the `amblist` command again and specify either a single UNIX path name, or one or more data set names.

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AMBU2009 | Unable to open the file %s, ERRNO=%d, ERRNOJR=%X hex: %s. |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

The `amblist` command was not able to open the specified file. The file is always a path name. This error can be caused by incorrectly typing the name of the file.

The `ERRNO` (error code) and `ERRNOJR` (reason code) identify the problem, and the text immediately following the colon (:) is the text for that error code.

User response

Enter the `amblist` command again with the correctly specified file.

If the reason for the error is not obvious, see the `ERRNOJR` (reason code) explanation in [z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes](#).

Export the environment variable `_BPXK_JOBLOG` to ensure that all messages, including those from the binder, are written. For example:

```
export _BPXK_JOBLOG=2
```

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AMBU2010 | Unable to allocate to the data definition name %s, the file %s, RC=%d (%X hex). |
|-----------------|--|

Explanation

Dynamic allocation or concatenation failed for the specified data definition name (DDname) and the specified file. The file can be either a path name or a data set name. This error can be caused by incorrect spelling or formatting of the file name. This messages is usually preceded by an IKJ-prefixed message from dynamic allocation.

If the file is a data set, it must be preceded by the characters. Unless single quotation marks surround the name, the data set name will be prefixed by the login userid.

When entering a data set name in the shell, it might be necessary to use escape characters (such as double quotation marks) surrounding the whole name. An example of an MVS data set specification is:

```
"// 'sys1.linklib'"
```

User response

According to the preceding IKJ-prefixed messages, enter the `amblist` command with the correctly specified file.

- If there are no IKJ-prefixed messages or the reason is not obvious, decode the dynamic allocation return code shown in this message both in decimal and hexadecimal.
- Otherwise, decode the hexadecimal return code into the dynamic allocation error reason code and information reason code, and see the reason code information in [*z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*](#).

To decode the return code shown in this message, see the `BPXWDYN` return codes section for `BPXWDYN`: A text interface to dynamic allocation and dynamic output in [*z/OS Using REXX and z/OS UNIX System Services*](#).

Export the environment variable `_BPXK_JOBLOG` to ensure that all messages, including those from the binder, are written. For example:

```
export _BPXK_JOBLOG=2
```

Source

AMBLIST

Module

HMBUCMD

Chapter 14. AMD messages

Note: Other SADMP Messages

Stand-alone dump also issues messages in the output listing of the assembly of the AMDSADMP macro and on the 3480 or 3490 magnetic tape display. See [MNOTES from the AMDSADMP macro in z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for more information.

AMD001A

SPECIFY OUTPUT DEVICE ADDRESS (*nnn*)

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program requires the device number of the dump output device.

In the message text:

nnn

A sequence number, which starts at 1 and is increased each time a DASD dump data set becomes full.

System action

The stand-alone program waits for a response. When the system issues AMD001A for the first time, the sequence number displayed in the message is 1. If the DASD dump data set becomes full, the system reissues AMD001A and increments the sequence number by 1.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Specify the device address of a tape volume.

Prepare and ready the tape volume to be used. Insert a file protect ring or disable the file protection so that the dump can be written successfully.

- Specify the device number of a DASD.

Note: When specifying a DASD device, if DDSPROMPT=YES was specified on the AMDSADMP macro, then SADMP additionally prompts you for a dump data set to use. If DDSPROMPT=NO was specified, then SADMP does not prompt for a dump data set and assumes that the data set SYS1.SADMP is to be used for the dump.

The dump data set to be used during the dump must be initialized with the AMDSADDD REXX utility.

- Use the default device number and/or data set by giving a null reply.

If the default device is a DASD and you also specified a dump data set name on the OUTPUT= keyword of the AMDSADMP macro, then the SADMP program will attempt to use the specified dump data set on the specified device. If a default dump data set name was not provided on the OUTPUT= keyword and DDSPROMPT=YES was specified, the SADMP program additionally prompts the operator for a dump data set to use. If DDSPROMPT=NO was specified, the SADMP program will continue by assuming the dump data set name on the default device is SYS1.SADMP.

When specifying the device, you can optionally precede the device number with a slash(/).

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAODP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD002A**DUMP DATA SET=**

Explanation

For a DASD output device, the stand-alone dump program prompts for a DASD dump data set. This message is only issued if DDSPROMPT=YES was specified on the AMDSADMP macro. However, regardless of the DDSPROMPT= value, if the operator indicates to use the default device and dump data set name (by providing a null response to message AMD001A) this message will not be issued as the SADMP program will attempt to use the default data set on the default device.

System action

The stand-alone dump program waits for a response.

Operator response

Specify the data set name that is to be used to contain the dump data. The dump data set name must:

- reside on the DASD output device indicated in response to message AMD001A.
- contain the text 'SADMP' as part of, or as an entire data set qualifier.
- be allocated and initialized with the AMDSADDD REXX utility.

Note: Do not specify quotation marks around the dump data set name as SADMP assumes the dump data set is fully qualified.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAODP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD004A**END OF REEL. MOUNT AN ADDITIONAL OUTPUT TAPE.**

Explanation

While writing to tape, the stand-alone dump program detected an end-of-volume condition.

System action

The stand-alone dump program marks and unloads the tape volume. The dump program stops processing until the operator mounts a tape volume.

Operator response

Mount another tape volume.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABRA, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD005I

text

Explanation

Where *text* is:

```
DUMPING OF
{REAL STORAGE NOW IN PROGRESS.}
{PAGE FRAME TABLE COMPLETED.}
{REAL STORAGE FOR MINIMAL ASIDS COMPLETED.}
{REAL STORAGE FOR SUMMARY ASIDS COMPLETED.}
{REAL STORAGE FOR SWAPPED-IN ASIDS COMPLETED.}
{IN-USE REAL STORAGE COMPLETED.}
{REAL STORAGE SUSPENDED.}
{REAL STORAGE RESUMED.}
{AVAILABLE REAL STORAGE COMPLETED.}
{REAL STORAGE COMPLETED.}
```

In the message text:

REAL STORAGE NOW IN PROGRESS

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program has started the dumping of central storage.

PAGE FRAME TABLE COMPLETED

Indicates that the stand-alone dump program has completed dumping of the page frame table.

REAL STORAGE FOR MINIMAL ASIDS COMPLETED

Indicates that the real storage of ASIDs 1 through 4 and common storage has been dumped.

REAL STORAGE FOR SUMMARY ASIDS COMPLETED

Indicates that the real storage for a set of selected system address spaces (like consoles and catalog) and the current primary, secondary, and home spaces of the actively executing work on all of the processors has been dumped.

REAL STORAGE FOR ALL ASIDS COMPLETED

Indicates that the real storage of the ASIDs has been dumped. This includes all the address spaces that were not dumped as minimal or summary ASIDs.

IN-USE REAL STORAGE COMPLETED

Indicates that all other allocated storage in the system has been dumped.

REAL STORAGE SUSPENDED

Indicates that the SADMP program has dumped critical real storage and will yield control to virtual dumping phase.

REAL STORAGE RESUMED

The SADMP program has successfully dumped the requested virtual storage and will continue with dumping of the real storage that has not already been dumped.

AVAILABLE REAL STORAGE COMPLETED

The SADMP program has successfully dumped the remaining available real storage that was not dumped during any of the previous real phases.

REAL STORAGE COMPLETED

The SADMP program has successfully dumped central storage. This is the final message issued during the real storage dump phase.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSARDM, AMDSARDX

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD010I**PROCESSING ASID=*asid* ASCB=*address* JOBNAME=*jobname*****Explanation**

The stand-alone dump program will attempt to dump selected paged out data. The system issues this message for each address space that is dumped.

In the message text:

asid

The address space.

jobname

The name of the job. If both ASCB fields (ASCBJBNI and ASCBJBNS) are zero or the first character of the job name is not A through Z, [, \$, #, or *, the system contains a job name of *UNKNOWN.

address

The address of the address space control block (ASCB).

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues to dump the address space.

This message appears in the message log, but does not appear on the operator console.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAMDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|--------|
| AMD011A | TITLE= |
|---------|--------|

Explanation

The message requests a dump title.

System action

The stand-alone dump program waits for the operator to enter a dump title.

Operator response

Enter a dump title of up to 100 characters, or press the ENTER key (EOB) on the system console to indicate no dump title.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATTL

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|--|
| AMD012D | REPLY I (IGNORE), or READY <i>dev</i> AND REPLY G (GO); REPLY= |
|---------|--|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program attempted to obtain paged out data from a device, but found the device in a not ready state.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the device that needs to be readied.

System action

The stand-alone dump program waits for the operator to enter a reply.

Operator response

If the specified device does not exist or is not attached to the system, reply I. Processing will ignore data indicated to exist on that device.

If the specified device is attached to the system, verify that the volume mounted is the same volume mounted when the system failed. Then ready the device and reply G. Processing will use selected data from the device.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADER

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD014A

INTERVENTION REQUIRED ON DEVICE *dev*

Explanation

A device is not ready.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The stand-alone dump program waits for the device to become ready.

Operator response

Ready the device. If the device cannot be readied, perform a system restart of stand-alone dump and, if possible, specify another output device by its device number.

If the device is a 2305 Model 2 direct access device (supported pre-MVS/ESA SP 5.2), make sure that the intervention required condition has been satisfied by doing the following:

1. Ready the device
2. Activating the STOP function on the device
3. Activating the START function

If stand-alone dump cannot be restarted, reIPL stand-alone dump. To restart or the reIPL stand-alone dump, see [*z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#).

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADER, AMDSABRA, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD015I **DEVICE *dev* NOT OPERATIONAL**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program attempted an I/O operation. The device is not operational.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not use the device for I/O.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADER, AMDSASIO

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD018I **CONTROL BLOCK ERROR--*text* *yyy*, ASID=*asid*, ADDR=*address***

Explanation

text is one of the following:

- INVALID
- LOOP IN

The stand-alone dump program found a control block in the specified address space in error or unavailable.

In the message text:

yyy

The control block.

asid

The address space identifier.

address

The address of the control block.

INVALID

One of the following exists:

- The control block did not pass the validity check.
- The pointer to the control block was zero.
- The control block could not be obtained from the stand-alone dump work file or the system paging devices because:
 - An I/O error occurred on the device; in this case, message AMD033I also appears.
 - I/O failed to initiate.
 - The operator replied I to message AMD012D for a device on which intervention was required.
 - The virtual address is not defined on external storage.
 - An incorrect or unavailable control block was required to page in the control block; in this case, message AMD018I precedes this message.

LOOP IN

The control block is on a chain that is too long.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log. Use the diagnostic information in this message to help determine the cause of the operating system failure.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAGTF, AMDSAVCK

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD019A | OUTPUT TAPE FILE PROTECTED. {INSERT RING DISABLE FILE PROTECT} |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The mounted tape is file protected, and cannot be used.

System action

The stand-alone dump program either:

- Unloads the tape and prompts for a new one.
- Waits for the operator to disable the file protect for the mounted tape.

Operator response

Either mount a tape that has a file protect ring, or disable the file protect on the mounted tape.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMD022I | ERROR DUMPING {PAGE, ASID=<i>asid</i>, ADDR=<i>address</i> DURING SWAP-IN, ASID=<i>asid</i>} |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

An error occurred when the stand-alone dump program tried to write a dump record to the output device or tried to initialize an address space.

- If PAGE appears in the message text, either the page could not be written to the output device, a SADMP program error occurred, or the page could not be brought in from a system paging device.
- If DURING SWAP-IN appears in the message text, the address space with the specified address space identifier (ASID) cannot be initialized, because of one of the following:
 - The address space was not fully initialized by the operating system
 - The address space was being swapped in by the operating system. During the swap-in of an address space, there is a period of time in which stand-alone dump cannot access the address space.

In the message text:

asid

The ASID of the address space being initialized.

address

The address of the ASID.

System action

The system continues processing.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSASIN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD025I

GTF DUMP BYPASSED

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program could not dump the generalized trace facility (GTF) trace because of control block errors.

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues processing with the next address space. No GTF trace is dumped.

System programmer response

See message AMD018I.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAGTF

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD029D

REPLY W TO WAIT AFTER NEXT FULL SCREEN, ELSE REPLY N; REPLY=

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program issues this message when the operator console screen fills with messages.

System action

The stand-alone dump program stops running to give the operator time to read and record any necessary messages. Processing does not continue until the operator replies to the message.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer if error messages appear. Then reply to this message:

REPLY=W or press the ENTER key

Reply W or press the ENTER key to indicate end of block. This tells the stand-alone dump program to clear the screen and continue processing. When the screen is filled again, the dump program reissues message AMD029D.

Use this reply to provide the time needed to copy the stand-alone dump messages.

REPLY=N

Reply N to tell the stand-alone dump program to clear the screen and continue processing. Processing continues uninterrupted from that point, no matter how many times the screen fills. Once N is entered, SADMP does not issue AMD029D again unless the number of output devices used in the stand-alone dump

exceeds the number of lines on the console. If this occurs, AMD104I causes AMD029D to be reissued, allowing the operator to record all the SADMP volumes used during the stand-alone dump.

System programmer response

If you want the stand-alone dump messages before you format the dump, ask the operator to reply W and copy all error messages.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSACON

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| AMD031I | TERMINAL ERROR ON OUTPUT DEVICE |
|---------|---------------------------------|

Explanation

The error described by message AMD033I ends processing by the stand-alone dump program.

System action

Stand-alone dump issues message AMD098A, which prompts the operator to perform an restart of the SADMP program.

Operator response

See message AMD098A for the operator response.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABRA, AMDSADER, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD032I | UNCORRECTABLE ERROR ON OUTPUT VOLUME--TAPE MARK NOT WRITTEN |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program could not write a tape mark on the dump output tape volume because of an I/O error.

System action

If an end-of-reel condition caused the I/O error, the stand-alone dump program issues message AMD004A. If an end-of-reel condition did not cause the I/O error, the stand-alone dump program either issues message AMD056I and ends processing or issues message AMD098A to prompt the operator to perform a restart of the SADMP program.

Operator response

If message AMD098A was issued, see the operator response for message AMD098A.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATER, AMDSAIOI, AMDSASIO

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD033I**I/O ERROR ON dev CMD = cmd STATUS = stat COND = err**

Explanation

During processing of a stand-alone dump, a permanent I/O error occurred.

In the message text:

dev

The device number of the device on which the error occurred.

CMD=cmd

The channel command that was being run.

STATUS=stat

The status bits, if applicable, or NONE, if not applicable.

COND=err

The type of error for which the stand-alone dump program was attempting recovery; it is one of the following:

- For channel path errors:
 - CHAINING CHECK
 - CHANNEL CONTROL CHECK
 - CHANNEL DATA CHECK
 - INCORRECT LENGTH
 - INTERFACE CONTROL CHECK
 - PCI

- CHANNEL PROGRAM CHECK
- CHANNEL PROTECTION CHECK
- For device or control unit errors:
 - ATTENTION
 - BUSY
 - CONTROL UNIT END
 - STATUS MODIFIER
 - UNIT EXCEPTION
- For direct access device errors:
 - BUFFERED LOG FULL
 - BUS OUT PARITY
 - COMMAND REJECT
 - DATA CHECK
 - END OF CYLINDER
 - ENVIRONMENTAL DATA PRESENT
 - EQU CK
 - FILE PROTECTED
 - INTERVENTION REQUIRED
 - INVALID TRACK FORMAT
 - MISSING ADDR MARKER
 - NO RECORD FOUND
 - OPERATION INCOMPLETE
 - DEFERRED ACCESS
 - PERM ERROR
 - SEEK CK
 - TRACK COND CK
- For 3990 Storage Control errors:
 - OPERATION TERMINATED
 - SUBSYSTEM PROCESSING ERROR
 - CACHING TERMINATED
 - NON-RETENTIVE ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED
 - TRACK FORMAT INCORRECT
 - CACHING REINITIATED
 - NON-VOLATILE STORAGE TERMINATED
 - VOLUME IS FAILED DUPLEX
 - VOLUME STATUS INDEFINITE
- For type device errors:
 - BUS OUT PARITY
 - COMMAND REJECT
 - DATA CHECK
 - DATA CONVERTER CK
 - EQU CK
 - FILE PROTECTED

- INTERVENTION REQUIRED
- LOAD POINT
- NOT CAPABLE
- DEFERRED ACCESS
- PE ID BURST CK
- For paging storage device errors:
 - BASE DEVICE UNAVAILABLE
 - DISABLED INTERFACE
 - MICROCODE LOGIC ERROR
 - STORAGE DIRECTOR COMMUNICATION FAILED
 - SUBSYSTEM STORAGE AVAILABILITY THRESHOLD CROSSED
 - SUBSYSTEM STORAGE EQUIPMENT CHECK
 - SUBSYSTEM STORAGE MUST BE INITIALIZED
 - SUBSYSTEM STORAGE IS UNUSABLE
 - TRACK FORMAT NOT SUPPORTED FOR PAGING
 - WRITE INHIBITED
- For 3480 Magnetic Tape Subsystem errors:
 - BACKWARD AT BEGINNING OF
 - TAPE
 - BLOCK ID SEQUENCING
 - CONTROL UNIT ERROR
 - CONTROL UNIT ERP FAILED
 - DATA CHECK READ
 - DATA CHECK (READ OPPOSITE)
 - DATA SECURITY ERASE FAILURE
 - DEFERRED CONDITION CODE 3 -
 - DEVICE IS NOT OPERATIONAL
 - DEGRADED MODE ERRORS
 - DEMARK DATA BUFFER
 - DRIVE ASSIGNED ELSEWHERE
 - DRIVE EQUIPMENT CHECK
 - DRIVE NOT ONLINE
 - DRIVE PATCH LOAD FAILURE
 - DRIVE RESET BY OPERATOR
 - FORMAT INCOMPATIBLE – 3480-2 XF FORMAT
 - FUNCTION INCOMPATIBLE
 - LOCATE BLOCK UNSUCCESSFUL
 - LOAD ASSISTANCE
 - LOAD DISPLAY TIMEOUT
 - LOAD FAILURE
 - LOG AND RETRY
 - MANUAL UNLOAD
 - NOT READY

- PATH EQUIPMENT CHECK
- PERMANENT EQUIPMENT CHECK
- PHYSICAL END OF TAPE
- READ BUFFERED LOG (EOV)
- READ BUFFERED LOG (OVERFLOW)
- TAPE DRIVE/CONTROL UNIT INCOMPATIBLE
- TAPE LENGTH INCOMPATIBLE
- TAPE LENGTH VIOLATION
- TAPE LENGTH ERROR
- TAPE VOID
- VOLUME REMOVED BY OPERATOR
- WRITE DATA CHECK
- WRITE ID MARK CHECK
- For 3490 magnetic tape subsystem errors:
 - DATA STREAMING ERROR
 - CHECK ONE ERROR
 - RESETTING EVENT
 - GLOBAL COMMAND INTERCEPT
 - CHANNEL INTERFACE RECOVERY (TEMPORARY) ERROR
 - CHANNEL INTERFACE RECOVERY (PERMANENT) ERROR
 - CHANNEL PROTOCOL ERROR
 - ATTENTION INTERCEPT ERROR
 - FUNCTION INCOMPATIBLE
- For magnetic tape devices:
 - LOST SENSE DATA
 - DRIVE ASSIGNED ELSEWHERE
 - ALLEGIANCE RESET
 - COMMAND REJECT
 - CONFIGURATION ERROR
 - PROTECTION EXCEPTION
 - WRITE PROTECTED
 - WRITE LENGTH ERROR
 - READ-ONLY FORMAT
 - BEGINNING OF PARTITION
 - END OF PARTITION
 - END OF DATA ENCOUNTERED
 - BLOCK NOT FOUND
 - READY THE DEVICE
 - READY THE LOADER
 - WRITE ERROR DETECTED
 - ERASE ERROR DETECTED
 - FORMATTING ERROR DETECTED
 - READ ERROR DETECTED

- UNSUPPORTED FORMAT
- VOLUME IS NOT FORMATTED
- POSITIONING LOST
- READ LENGTH ERROR
- UNSUPPORTED MEDIUM
- MEDIUM LENGTH ERROR
- MEDIUM MANUALLY UNLOADED
- RELOAD THE TAPE
- UNLOAD THE TAPE
- EQUIPMENT CHECK
- BUS OUT CHECK
- CHANNEL PROTOCOL ERROR
- INTERFACE ERROR
- OVERRUN
- HALT SIGNAL
- DEVICE FENCED
- DEVICE-PATH FENCED
- MEDIA INFORMATION MESSAGE
- I/O SUBSYSTEM SIM
- DEVICE SIM

Note: If an error occurs such that message AMD033I is required and the 3590 message code in sense byte 6 does not apply to any of the above conditions, then message AMD033I is issued with COND=DEVICE MESSAGE CODE IS IN SENSE BYTE 6.

- For special errors:
 - ERROR IN ERROR RECOVERY - While attempting to recover from the error indicated by the status and sense bytes, a second error occurred from which recovery was impossible.
 - ERROR ON SENSE COMMAND - An error occurred while the system was reading the sense bytes.
 - UNKNOWN - The error indicated by the status and sense bytes is unexpected. No recovery exists.
 - UNUSED - The stand-alone dump program generated an incorrect message.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not complete the I/O operation successfully. The dump program also issue message AMD034I. If the I/O error is a permanent error on the output device, stand-alone dump issues message AMD098A.

Operator response

If the error is WRITE INHIBITED and message AMD014A follows, turn the write inhibit switch of the device to the write position. If message AMD098A is issued, see the operator response for AMD098A.

For all other errors, fix the problem, if possible.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADER, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80, AMDSADIOI, AMDSABRA

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD034I**SENSE = *sens***

Explanation

This message shows up to 32 sense bytes for the error described in message AMD033I. If the device in error has less sense information, the extra bytes are not displayed.

In the message text:

sens

The sense information.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not complete the I/O operation successfully. If the I/O error is a permanent error on the output device, stand-alone dump issues message AMD098A.

Operator response

If the error is WRITE INHIBITED and message AMD014A follows, turn the write inhibit switch of the device to the write position. If message AMD098A is issued, see the operator response for AMD098A.

For all other errors, fix the problem, if possible.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABRA, AMDSADER, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80, AMDSAIOI

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD035I***ddname* FILE CANNOT BE OPENED**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program could not open the data set specified on a DD statement for the following reasons:

- The system has probably improperly allocated the data set.
- The data set is in error.

System action

The stand-alone dump program stops initializing the volume.

System programmer response

Check the availability of the data set that the DD statement requires.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD, AMDSAOSG

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD042I

GETMAIN FAILED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component cannot obtain enough virtual storage to generate a stand-alone dump program.

System action

The stand-alone dump component does not initialize a residence volume.

System programmer response

Rerun the stand-alone dump initialization job with an increased region size.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD043I

AMDSABLD PROCESSING SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component successfully generated a stand-alone dump program.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

| | |
|---------|--|
| AMD045A | TAPE LABEL= <i>volser</i> REPLY 'USE' or 'UNLOAD'. |
|---------|--|

Explanation

The output tape, mounted in response to a request by the stand-alone dump component, has a label. Stand-alone dump is requesting the disposition of the tape.

In the message text:

volser

The volume serial number.

System action

The stand-alone dump component waits for the reply.

Operator response

Do one of the following:

- Reply USE to write over the label.
- Reply UNLOAD to dismount the tape without writing on it. The system will prompt for another tape.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATER

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD046I | A SEGMENT OF AMDSAPGE WHICH NOT CROSS A PAGE BOUNDARY EXCEEDS 4K IN LENGTH. |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component found an internal error.

System action

The stand-alone dump component returns a condition code of 4. The stand-alone dump component did not initialize a residence volume.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD047A

TAPE DATASET IS PASSWORD PROTECTED. MOUNT ANOTHER TAPE.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component read the tape label. The data set security character indicates that security procedures unavailable to stand-alone dump must be invoked.

System action

Because stand-alone dump does not have the ability to verify the password, it unloads the tape and prompts for another.

Operator response

Mount another tape.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATER

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD048I

INVALID DEVICE NUMBER *devn* REASON CODE=*return-code*

Explanation

The device number of the dump output device specified by the caller is in error. The device number has one of the following errors:

- It contains incorrect characters
- It is the console
- It is the IPL device
- Its device cannot be reached by stand-alone dump (SADMP)

In the message text:

devn

The device number specified on the AMDSADMP OUTPUT keyword or specified by the operator.

return-code

The associated hex reason code

The associated reason hex codes are:

| Reason Code | Explanation |
|-------------|--|
| 10 | The device number specified is syntactically incorrect. |
| 20 | The device number specified is the SADMP IPL or console device, or the device number specified is not connected to the system. |
| 30 | The device number specified is an unsupported output device type. |
| 40 | The output DASD device number specified has a corrupted volume label. |
| 50 | The output DASD device number specified failed on the first attempt to perform a write I/O operation. |

System action

The SADMP program continues by issuing AMD001A to prompt the operator again to specify a new device number.

Operator response

Specify a valid device number in response to system message AMD001A. Typical actions for the specific hex reason code in AMD048I are given as follows:

| Reason Code | Response |
|-------------|---|
| 10 | Correct the specification of the device number. Reply to AMD001A with a valid device number. |
| 20 | Verify that the device is not the SADMP IPL or console device. Verify that the device is connected to the system that SADMP is running on. Reply to AMD001A with a different SADMP supported tape or DASD device. |

30

Verify that the device number is a supported tape or DASD device. Reply to AMD001A with a different SADMP supported tape or DASD device.

40

Reply to AMD001A with a different SADMP supported tape or DASD device.

50

Verify that the output DASD device is not write protected. If it is, disable the write protection and reply to message AMD001A with the same device number. Otherwise, reply to message AMD001A with a different SADMP supported tape or DASD device.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD, AMDSAODP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD049I **SYNTAX ERROR IN REPLY TO AMDSADMP MESSAGE**

Explanation

The system cannot process the reply to the stand-alone dump message. The syntax of the reply contains errors.

System action

The system issues another message to prompt for another reply.

Operator response

See the prompting message.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD, AMDSATER, AMDSARDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD050A **ERROR READING LABEL. MOUNT ANOTHER TAPE.**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component cannot read the tape label. Therefore, it cannot determine the content of the tape.

In the message text:

dev

The device address.

System action

To avoid destroying possibly valuable data, the system rejects the tape.

Operator response

Try another tape or tape drive.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSATER

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD051A

MOUNT ANOTHER TAPE.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component has unloaded the previous output tape and is waiting for another.

System action

The system waits for another tape.

Operator response

Mount another tape on the device.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABRA, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD052I***csect* CSECT NOT FOUND**

Explanation

While generating a stand-alone dump program, the input does not contain a control section.

In the message text:

csect

The control section.

System action

The system returns a condition code of 4. The stand-alone dump component does not initialize a residence volume.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD053I***ddname* AT UNEXPECTED END OF FILE.**

Explanation

While generating a stand-alone dump program, the input data set reached end-of-file before the system read an end record.

In the message text:

ddname

The ddname of the input data set.

System action

The system returns a condition code of 4. The stand-alone dump component does not initialize a residence volume.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Check the content of the data set. It should contain complete object or load module text. If not, correct the problem.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD054I RELOCATION TABLE TOO LONG**Explanation**

While generating a stand-alone dump program, an internal error occurred.

System action

The system returns a condition code of 4. The stand-alone dump component does not initialize a residence volume.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD055I

AMDSADMP TERMINATED BY OPERATOR REQUEST

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program stopped short of a complete dump because the operator caused an external interrupt.

Operator response

None. The output tape or dump data set contain valuable information, however, the dump will be incomplete.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD056I

DUMPING OF AUXILIARY STORAGE COMPLETED.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program finished the dump.

System action

The system issues AMD104I listing each volume used in the stand-alone dump.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD057I

COMPLETED SPECIFIC DUMPING FOR *xxx*.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program contains logic to locate and dump specific storage for certain components.

In the message text:

xxx

The component that is dumped.

System action

This message appears in the message log, but does not appear on the operator console.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAGTF, AMDSAMDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD058I

PAGING DEVICE *dev* UCB INVALID. REASON CODE=*rc*.

Explanation

While attempting to access virtual storage currently paged out, the stand-alone dump program obtained a unit control block (UCB) address that could not be resolved into a working device.

In the message text:

dev

The device number. The number be meaningless if the UCB failed validity checking.

return-code

The return code, as follows:

4

Failed acronym validity test

8

Subchannel ID format incorrect

12

Subchannel not operational

16

Subchannel valid flag in SCHIB not on

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues dumping accessible virtual storage. No data is dumped from the paging device represented by the incorrect UCB.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAUCB

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD059D | ENTER 'DUMP' OR 'SET' OR 'ADDSUMM' WITH OPTIONS, 'LIST' OR 'END'. |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program is prompting the operator.

System action

The stand-alone dump program waits for a response.

Operator response

The operator should respond with one of the following options:

1. DUMP *dto*

Where dump tailoring options *dto* specify storage to be dumped. The response must be contained on a single line. After it is entered, the operator is prompted again and enter another line.

2. SET MINASID(*minimum*)

Where *minimum* is either all address spaces, ALL, or physically swapped-in address spaces, PHYSIN.

- Specify ALL to diagnose hangs, enabled waits, and performance problems. If ALL is specified, the minimum dump includes certain system-related storage ranges in all address spaces. This dump provides enough first-failure data to debug most system problems. Because of the large amount of data dumped, the time for the dump be excessive.
- Specify PHYSIN to diagnose coded waits, loops, and spin loops. If PHYSIN is specified, the minimum dump includes storage in address spaces that are physically swapped-in. This dump takes less time. Because of the storage not in the dump, the dump not contain enough first-failure data to diagnose the system problem. If this is the case, recreate the system problem, and request MINASID with ALL.

When in doubt, ALL is the better choice.

3. ADDSUMM *ato*

Where summary address space tailoring options *ato* specify additional address spaces to be dumped during the summary phase. The response must be contained on a single line. After it is entered, the operator is prompted again and enter another line.

4. LIST

The stand-alone dump program writes on the console all the dump options and summary address spaces accumulated up to now (message AMD067I). Prompting continues.

5. END

The stand-alone dump program stops prompting the operator and begins dump processing. The operator can no longer respond with dump options.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT

Routing code

—

Descriptor code

—

AMD060I ERROR IN INPUT TEXT INDICATED BY '*': text

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program considers the text above the asterisk (*) to be in error.

In the message text:

text

The incorrect text.

System action

The stand-alone dump program ignores the text above the asterisk.

Operator response

Message AMD065A allows you to correct the error.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT, AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD062I AMDSADMP RESIDENCE VOLUME INITIALIZATION COMPLETED.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program has been generated and placed onto the residence volume. It is ready to be IPLed.

Note: This message is only issued during a one-step generation of stand-alone dump.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAOSG

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD063I **DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FAILURE ON FILE *fffffff* - RETURN CODE *xxxx***

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component failed to initialize a residence volume. The system could not allocate a necessary data set.

In the message text:

fffffff

The ddname of the data set.

xxxx

The dynamic allocation reason code. The explanation of reason codes from Dynamic Allocation can be found in [*z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide*](#).

System action

The stand-alone dump component failed to generate a stand-alone dump program.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAOSG

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD064I**ERROR RETURN CODE *return-code* FROM *module-name*.**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump component failed to initialize a residence volume. A load module issued a return code indicating an error.

In the message text:

return-code

The return code issued by the load module.

module-name

The load module.

System action

The stand-alone dump component failed to generate a stand-alone dump program.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAOSG

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

AMD065A**ENTER TEXT TO BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE TEXT IN ERROR.**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program considers the text above the asterisk (*) to be in error. Responding to this message with "" will be treated as a null response in order that a null response can be entered from the system console.

System action

The stand-alone dump program ignores the text above the asterisk.

Operator response

Enter the text that you want to substitute for the text in error. The substitution text be any length up to a full line, or null.

The text entered replaces only the text above the asterisk. This means that the stand-alone dump program retains the text without an asterisk beneath it. The response is inserted in place of the text with an asterisk beneath it.

For example, if the following appears in the message text:

```
...IN ASODL (...
      *****
```

Enter the substitution text,

```
ASID
```

The result is as follows:

```
...IN ASID(...
```

For a null response, the dump program inserts no text. The text without an asterisk beneath it becomes joined together.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD066I **AMDSADMP ERROR, CODE=*ssee*, PSW=*psw* COMPDATA(AMDSA00*n*)**

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- The stand-alone dump program (SADMP) detected an error.
- System restart - *ss* is X'1C' and *ee* X'13'. If system restart was performed after the original SADMP completed, then AMDSA000 is displayed in the message text.

In the message text:

ss

The stand-alone dump SVC number of the CSECT in error.

ee

The reason code associated with the error.

psw

The program status word (PSW) at the time of error.

AMDSA000

The stand-alone dump program was not able to take a dump for this error because the output device is unusable or has not yet been initialized.

AMDSA001 - AMDSA005

The stand-alone dump program dumped all the storage that it used to the output device.

System action

Depending on the cause of this message, one of the following occurs:

- If SADMP detected an error and if the message text contains:
 - AMDSA000, then the system could not take a dump because the device was bad. The system enters stand-alone wait state X'4Fssee'.
 - AMDSA001 - AMDSA005, then SADMP takes as many as five self-dumps to the output device and attempts to continue. If the error persists, the system enters stand-alone dump wait state X'4F0D02', which means that SADMP requested more than five self-dumps.
- If a system restart occurred, SADMP attempts to take a self-dump, and the system reloads an enabled wait PSW with reason code X'3E0000', indicating that SADMP is waiting for an external or console I/O interrupt.

Operator response

Depending on the cause of this message, do the following:

- If SADMP detected an error and if:
 - AMDSA000 is issued in the message text, record the PSW of the target CPU on which SADMP was executing. Also, record all messages that are still available at the console.
 - Wait state X'4F0D02' is loaded (meaning that SADMP requested more than five self-dumps), attempt a system restart using a different output device.
- If a system restart occurred, select a console to use for the restarted SADMP.

In all instances where the system enters a wait state, attempt a system restart, specifying a different output device.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center for an explanation of the *ss* and *ee* variables in the message text.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAAUD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD067I**CURRENT DUMP OPTIONS: *list***

Explanation

After the operator replied LIST to message AMD059D, the stand-alone dump program writes, on the console, a list of all the dump options used.

In the message text:

list

The list of dump options.

System action

The stand-alone dump program reissues message AMD059D.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD068I | MVS VIRTUAL STORAGE CANNOT BE DUMPED. {INVALID <i>cb</i> NO STORAGE FOR SGT} |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program determined that virtual storage could not be dumped because a control block was incorrect or because contiguous storage for a segment table could not be found.

In the message text:

INVALID *cb*

Indicates which control block is incorrect.

NO STORAGE FOR SGT

The system could not find storage for the segment table.

System action

The SADMP program ends.

Operator response

Ensure that a STORE STATUS function is performed before or as part of the IPL of the SADMP program. Also ensure that the operating system is fully initialized. Both of these are necessary to dump virtual storage.

Try to reIPL the SADMP program, if possible. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for information on running the SADMP. If the problem persists, notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the problem persists, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD069I**TAPE *dev* CANNOT BE ASSIGNED TO STAND-ALONE DUMP**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program cannot use the assigned tape device for the dump output volume. The device is currently assigned to another system.

In the message text:

dev

The device number.

System action

If the stand-alone dump program is initializing the output volume, it will request another tape device by reissuing message AMD001A.

Operator response

Reply to message AMD001A with the device number of a tape device that is not already assigned to another system.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD070I**WARNING - ASID *asid* WAS BEING SWAPPED IN BY MVS**

Explanation

When a stand-alone dump was requested, the address space identified in the message was being swapped in by the operating system. The swap in had not been completed. Stand-alone dump be unable to dump some or all of this address space.

In the message text:

asid

The address space identifier.

System action

The stand-alone dump continues dumping.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log. Although an incomplete swap in can occur normally, it can also indicate an operating system error.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSASIN, AMDSASIX

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD071I

ERROR IN EXTENDED STORAGE *text*

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program could not read a page from expanded (extended) storage, even though system control blocks show that the page was on expanded storage.

In the message text:

E-FRAME=*fffffff*

fffffff is the address of the expanded storage frame that could not be read.

DATA ERROR

The page-in operation returned a condition code of 1.

BLOCK NOT AVAILABLE

The page-in operation returned a condition code of 3.

ESTE=*eeeeeeee*, **UNEXPECTED ERROR**

An error occurred in a system control block or in stand-alone dump processing. *eeeeeeee* is the address of the extended storage table entry (ESTE) that stand-alone dump was using when the error occurred.

See message AMD075I for a summary of expanded storage errors by address space and by system.

Note: This message appears only in the stand-alone dump message log written for the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand. It does not appear on a console while stand-alone dump runs.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAXSM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD072I**EXTENDED STORAGE UNUSABLE - INVALID EST**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program cannot dump any pages from expanded (extended) storage. The pointer to the expanded storage table (EST) is nonzero, but it does not point to a valid EST.

The error is probably in a system control block.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not dump from expanded storage.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD073I**MVS AUXILIARY STORAGE UNUSABLE - INVALID ASMT**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program cannot dump pages from auxiliary storage, because the auxiliary storage management vector table (ASMT) is incorrect.

The error is probably in a system control block.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not dump pages from auxiliary storage.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD074I**MVS {PAGE|SWAP} DATASETS UNUSABLE - INVALID {PART|SART}**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program cannot dump pages from page or swap data sets, because the auxiliary storage management (ASM) paging activity reference table (PART) or swap activity reference table (SART) is not valid.

The error is probably in a system control block.

System action

The stand-alone dump program does not dump from the page or swap data sets.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD075I **EXTENDED STORAGE ERROR SUMMARY, {ASID=*asid*|ALL ADDRESS SPACES}** ¹⁶

Explanation

Where *text* is:

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>ssssssss</i> | SUCCESSFUL PAGE-IN OPERATIONS |
| <i>dddddddd</i> | DATA ERRORS |
| <i>bbbbbbbb</i> | BLOCKS NOT AVAILABLE |
| <i>uuuuuuuu</i> | UNEXPECTED ERRORS |

While using expanded (extended) storage, the stand-alone dump program detected at least one error.

In the message text:

ssssssss

The number of page-in operations that set condition code 0.

dddddddd

The number of page-in operations that set condition code 1.

bbbbbbbb

The number of page-in operations that set condition code 3.

uuuuuuuu

The number of times the page-in operation did not run because of a system control block error or an internal error in the stand-alone dump program.

ASID=*asid*

The error occurred while stand-alone dump was trying to read a page of data for an address space. The statistics in the message are totals for that address space.

ALL ADDRESS SPACES

An error occurred for at least one address space. The statistics are totals for all address spaces.

The error is probably in an MVS control block.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

¹⁶ *text*

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAAID

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD076I PROCESSING DATA SPACE *dddddddd*, OWNED BY ASID *asid*.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program is attempting to dump data for a data space.

In the message text:

dddddddd

The data space.

asid

The address space identifier (ASID) for the address space that owns the data space.

System action

The stand-alone dump program issues this message for each data space to be dumped. The dump program continues to dump the specified data space.

This message appears in the message log, but does not appear on the operator console.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAUDS

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD078I ERROR LOCATING *datatype* RC = *return-code*, REASON = *reason-code*.

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program received an unexpected return code.

In the message text:

datatype
The type of data to be extracted.

return-code
The return code.

reason-code
The associated reason code.

System action

Stand-alone dump processing continues, but one of the following can occur:

- The stand-alone dump program does not attempt to dump any data spaces.
- The stand-alone dump program does not attempt to dump any more data spaces for the address space currently being processed.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source
Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module
AMDSAPGE, AMDSARDS, AMDSAUDS

Routing code
-

Descriptor code
-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD079I | ERROR DUMPING DATA SPACE PAGE <i>address</i>, RC = <i>return-code</i>, REASON = <i>reason-code</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program received an unexpected return code. The previous AMD076I message identifies the data space being processed.

In the message text:

address
The virtual storage address of the data space page.

datatype
The type of data to be extracted.

return-code
The return code.

reason-code
The associated reason code.

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues processing storage in the data space, starting with the next referenced page.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADSD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD080I | A TOTAL OF <i>number</i> AMD079I MESSAGES HAVE BEEN SUPPRESSED |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program received one or more unexpected return codes. For each unexpected code, the dump program issued an AMD079I message to indicate the error and the code, and an accompanying AMD076I message indicated the data space being processed. One or more of the AMD079I messages were suppressed to decrease the number of messages displayed.

AMD080I appear many times during the processing of one data space; the last AMD080I message issued represents the total number of AMD079I messages that were suppressed during the processing for that data space.

In the message text:

number

The number of messages suppressed.

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues processing until all of the pages in the requested data space have been processed. As more messages are suppressed, message AMD080I appears less frequently.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

When using IPCS to format the dump, specify the VERBEXIT SADMPMSG subcommand to see the stand-alone dump message log.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADSD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMD081I | ASID <i>asid</i> NOT DUMPED, PHYSICALLY SWAPPED-OUT (JOBNAME=<i>jobname</i>). |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program detected that an address space was physically swapped-out at the time of the dump. This address space was not requested by either the dump specifications used to generate the stand-alone dump program, or the dump options specified for the stand-alone dump.

In the message text:

asid

The address space identifier.

jobname

The job associated with the address space.

System action

The stand-alone dump program stops processing the current address space, and begins processing the next address space.

This message appears in the message log, but does not appear on the operator console.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAMDM

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

MINASID=PHYSIN was specified either:

- At dump program generation time, on the stand-alone dump macro.
- In response to the prompt following message AMD059D, by SET.

This specification causes certain system-related storage ranges to be dumped only for address spaces that are physically swapped-in at the time of the dump. The system-related storage in the physically swapped-out address spaces be needed to diagnose the system problem that resulted in taking the stand-alone dump.

By choosing the PHYSIN option, first-failure data capture might be sacrificed for improved system availability. If there is not enough data in the dump to diagnose the system problem, recreate the problem and dump with a MINASID specification of ALL.

System action

The stand-alone dump program continues.

Operator response

If you do not want a MINASID specification of PHYSIN, enter SET MINASID(ALL) at the prompt that follows message AMD059D. Remember that a specification of ALL is probably necessary to diagnose hangs, enabled waits, and performance problems; PHYSIN should suffice for coded waits, loops, and spin loops.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD083I

AMDSADMP: STAND-ALONE DUMP {INITIALIZED|RESTARTED}.
SCHSET: s IPLDEV: dddd LOADPARM: pppppppp

Explanation

This message indicates the current status of the stand-alone dump (SADMP) program.

In the message text:

INITIALIZED

The SADMP program has been IPLed.

RESTARTED

The SADMP program has been restarted.

s

The subchannel set of the SADMP IPL device and the default subchannel set for output devices.

dddd

The device number of the SADMP IPL device.

pppppppp

The load parameter for the IPL of SADMP.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD085I**STORE STATUS DATA IS MISSING OR INVALID FOR PROCESSOR *cpuid*****Explanation**

The system wrote a dump, but the STORE STATUS for a central processor is missing or incorrect. The dump written by the system not have the correct central processor status needed to diagnose the problem.

In the message text:

cpuid

The identifier of the central processor that has just been IPLed.

System action

The SADMP program dumps the central processor status record for processor *cpuid* using the data that was found in the area reserved for the STORE STATUS function. The SADMP program continues to dump central storage but not be able to dump any virtual storage. IPCS not be able to display virtual storage.

Operator response

Determine if the STORE STATUS function was performed for the processor on which the SADMP program was IPLed. Ensure that the STORE STATUS function is performed only once after MVS has been stopped, and only for the processor that will be IPLed using SADMP. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) and [z/OS Problem Management](#) for information on running the SADMP program and the STORE STATUS function.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSACPU

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD086I | ALL OF STORAGE CONTAINED BINARY ZEROES. THERE IS NO DATA TO DUMP. |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program checked for nonzero storage to dump and found that all of central storage was cleared to binary zeroes prior to the loading of the SADMP program.

Note: The following areas in storage are overlaid as part of the IPL for the SADMP program:

- The IPL bootstrap channel command words (CCW)
- The IPL subchannel identifier (ID)
- The processor store status area

The SADMP program does not consider these areas when determining if there is any nonzero data to be dumped.

System action

The SADMP program ends by loading wait state code X'3E', reason code X'0100'.

Operator response

Determine if the LOAD option was requested without the CLEAR option on the STORE STATUS function. The SADMP program should be IPLed by using a LOAD option that does not clear storage if a dump of storage is desired. If the SADMP program has been IPLed to verify that storage was intentionally cleared to zeroes, this message indicates that the storage has been successfully cleared. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) and [z/OS Problem Management](#) for information on running the SADMP program and the STORE STATUS function.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD086I | ALL OF STORAGE CONTAINED BINARY ZEROES. THERE IS NO DATA TO DUMP. |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program checked for nonzero storage to dump and found that all of central storage below 2G was cleared to binary zeroes prior to the loading of the SADMP program.

Note: The following areas in storage are overlaid as part of the IPL for the SADMP program:

- The IPL bootstrap channel command words (CCW)
- The IPL subchannel identifier (ID)
- The processor store status area

The SADMP program does not consider these areas or central storage above 2G when determining if there is any nonzero data to be dumped.

System action

The SADMP program ends by loading wait state code X'3E', reason code X'0100'.

Operator response

Determine if the LOAD option was requested without the CLEAR option on the STORE STATUS function. The SADMP program should be IPLed by using a LOAD option that does not clear storage if a dump of storage is desired. If the SADMP program has been IPLed to verify that storage was intentionally cleared to zeroes, this message indicates that the storage has been successfully cleared. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) and [z/OS Problem Management](#) for information about running the SADMP program and the STORE STATUS function.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD087I | DUMP OF A PREVIOUS STAND-ALONE DUMP PROGRAM NOW {IN PROGRESS COMPLETE} |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program checked for the existence of a previous initial program load (IPL) of the SADMP program and has detected data that was used by the previous dump.

In the message text:

IN PROGRESS

The SADMP program has started dumping the storage that was being used by the previous IPL of the SADMP program.

COMPLETE

The SADMP has finished dumping the storage that was being used by the previous IPL of the SADMP program.

System action

If *status* is **IN PROGRESS**, the SADMP program dumps the storage that was in-use by the previous dump.

If *status* is **COMPLETE** the SADMP program issues message AMD088D to give the operator the choice of ending the dump or attempting to continue dumping.

Operator response

Determine if the LOAD option was requested on the STORE STATUS function more than once for the SADMP program. If the SADMP program is IPLed into a system where it has been running, only the storage being used by the previous SADMP program will be dumped. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) and [z/OS Problem Management](#) for information on running the SADMP program and the STORE STATUS function.

If additional storage is needed to diagnose a problem with the system being dumped, reply **U** to message AMD088D to dump central storage.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSARDM, AMDSARDX.

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD088D | REPLY 'T' TO TERMINATE, OR 'U' TO CONTINUE DUMPING REPLY= |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program has dumped storage that was being used by a previous IPL of the SADMP program. The operator can either end the dump now or dump the remainder of central storage.

System action

The SADMP program prompts the operator for a reply. If the operator replies **T**, the SADMP program ends by issuing message AMD104I and loading wait state code X'4F', reason code X'1E20'. If the operator replies **U**, the SADMP program attempts to continue dumping.

Operator response

Reply **T** if you want to stop the dump. Reply **U** if additional data be needed in order to diagnose a problem with MVS or with the SADMP program.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSARDM, AMDSARDX

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD089I**DUMP TERMINATED DUE TO *reason***

Explanation

reason is one of the following:

- OPERATOR REQUEST
- EXTERNAL KEY

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program has loaded a wait state code due to *reason*, which is one of the following:

OPERATOR REQUEST

The operator replied **T** to message AMD088D. The system loads the normal completion wait state code, X'410000'.

EXTERNAL KEY

The operator pressed the external interruption key on the system console during the dump. The system loads wait state code X'4F1E12'.

System action

The SADMP program loads wait state code.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD090I**UNABLE TO CONTINUE USING THE SYSTEM CONSOLE**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program used the system console to communicate with the operator, but the SADMP program is unable to continue to use the system console in that way.

System action

The SADMP program continues but communicates with the operator through SADMP wait state codes rather than through the console.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD091I *dev volser dsname IS NOT USABLE; DATA SET IS NOT FOUND.*

Explanation

A direct access storage device (DASD) was specified, but a search of the volume table of contents (VTOC) did not locate the predefined dump data set.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

System action

The dump program issues message AMD001A to prompt the operator for an output device.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. When the output data set is properly allocated, specify one of the following in response to message AMD001A:

- The device number of a DASD that contains an allocated dump data set
- The device number of a tape device

System programmer response

Verify the definition of the output dump data set. AMDSADDD is the utility that defines the dump output data set.

See [*z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids*](#) for more information about the AMDSADDD utility.

This message be issued as a result of the dump data set being migrated or moved to a different volume. The necessary steps should be taken to insure that the SADMP dump data sets are not placed into a migrated state or moved to a different volume. Furthermore, the dump data sets must also be exempt from any space management processing that will release unused space.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD092I | <i>dev volser dsname</i> IS NOT USABLE; DATA SET IS NOT VALID. REASON CODE= <i>reason-code</i> |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The predefined dump data set on the specified device failed validity checking.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

reason-code

The associated hexadecimal reason code.

01

Data set contains only one track. The dump data set must be a single extended data set that is allocated in cylinders.

02

Data set is compressed. SADMP program cannot dump to a compressed data set.

03

Incorrect block size. The following block sizes are valid:

- A BLKSIZE of 20800 for a 3380 or 9345 DASD.
- A BLKSIZE of 24960 for a 3390 DASD.

04

Incorrect record length. SADMP data set should be allocated with LRECL=4160.

05

I/O error when reading the data set. Unable to read the first record in the output dump data set.

06

DSNAME mismatch. The *dsname* you specified does not match the *dsname* in the dump group record.

07

Volume serial number mismatch. The volume serial number in the data set label does not match the volume serial number in the dump group record.

08

Device number mismatch. The device number you specified does not match the device number in the dump group record. If the data set has been moved to another device with a different device number, use AMDSADDD CLEAR to fix the data set. If the data set has multiple volumes, specify the device number of the first volume.

09

Incorrect volume count. The number of volumes spanned by the data set is either 0 or greater than 32. SADMP supports up to 32 volumes.

0A

Dump group header mismatch. The dump group header on the first volume does not match the dump group header on the subsequent volumes.

0B

Unusable dump group record. The dump data set does not contain a valid dump group record on one or more of the volumes.

System action

The dump program issues message AMD001A to prompt the operator for an output device.

Operator response

Specify one of the following in response to message AMD001A:

- The device number of a DASD that contains a predefined and initialized output dump data set
- The device number of a tape device

System programmer response

Verify the definition of the output dump data set. AMDSADDD is the utility that defines the output dump data set.

See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for more information about the AMDSADDD utility.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD093I

dev volser dsname IS VALID, HOWEVER, IT ALREADY CONTAIN DATA FROM A PREVIOUS DUMP. THE INSTALLATION CHOSE TO NEVER REUSE THE DUMP DATA SET.

Explanation

The predefined output dump data set on the specified device passed validity checks, however, the first record in the data set does not match the record written by the stand-alone dump utility, AMDSADDD. Since REUSEDSE=NEVER was specified on the AMDSADMP macro, stand-alone dump rejects the use of the dump data set.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

System action

The dump program issues message AMD001A to prompt the operator for an output device.

Operator response

Specify one of the following in response to message AMD001A:

- The device number of a DASD that contains a predefined and initialized output dump data set
- The device number of a tape device

System programmer response

After you view or copy the dump, clear the output data set each time a dump is written to DASD. Use the AMDSADDD utility to clear the dump output data set. See *z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids* for information about the AMDSADDD utility.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|---------|---|
| AMD094I | dev volser dsname IS VALID, HOWEVER, IT ALREADY CONTAIN DATA FROM A PREVIOUS DUMP. THE INSTALLATION CHOSE TO ALWAYS REUSE THE DUMP DATA SET. |
|---------|---|

Explanation

The predefined output dump data set passed validity checks, however, the first record in the data set does not match the record written by the stand-alone dump REXX utility, AMDSADDD. Since REUSEDSE=ALWAYS was specified on the AMDSADMP macro, stand-alone dump reuses the output dump data set.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

System action

The dump program reuses the data set and continues dumping.

System programmer response

Note that the output data set was reused. The existing data in the dump data set has been lost.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD095I {REAL|AUX} DUMP *xx*% COMPLETED. TOTAL MEGABYTES DUMPED: *yy*

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program is in progress. The system issues this message when any of the following occur:

- 30 seconds have elapsed since the previous message was issued.
- The SADMP program has dumped 30 megabytes since the previous message was issued SADMP only uses the 30 megabyte limit when the TOD clock on the processor is not operational.
- The SADMP program has written 70 buffers to the output device since the previous message was issued.

In the message text:

xx

For aux dump phase, the percentage of address space processed versus the total number of address spaces in the system being dumped. For real dump phase, the percentage of installed real storage in the system being dumped.

yy

The total number of megabytes dumped.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSASIO

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD096A

dev volser dsname IS VALID, HOWEVER, IT ALREADY CONTAIN DATA FROM A PREVIOUS DUMP. mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm:ss TITLE:title of the previous dump REPLY 'R' TO REUSE OR 'U' TO USE ANOTHER DATA SET.

Explanation

The predefined output dump data set passed validity checks, however, the first record in the data set does not match the record written by the stand-alone dump utility, AMDSADDD.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

System action

If the operator replies 'R', SADMP reuses the output dump data set and continues dumping. If the operator replies 'U', SADMP issues message AMD001A to prompt for an output device.

Operator response

Reply 'R' if the output dump data set should be reused. Note that the existing data in the dump data set will be lost.

Reply 'U' if the output dump data set on the specified output device should not be reused.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD098A

REPLY 'R' TO RESTART THE DUMP OR 'T' TO TERMINATE

Explanation

A permanent error has occurred on the output device. The operator is prompted to either restart the dump from the beginning with no loss of data, or to end the dump.

Note: Because this message is issued as a result of a permanent I/O error on the output device, take a restarted dump on a different output device.

System action

If the operator replies 'R', the SADMP program restarts. Message AMD083I will be issued, followed by message AMD001A.

If the operator replies 'T', the SADMP program ends and loads wait state code X'4F', with reason code X'ss01' or X'ssF1'.

Operator response

Reply 'R' to restart the SADMP program with no loss of data. Reply 'T' to end the dump. If 'T' is specified, the operator can still perform a manual restart of the SADMP program. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for more information about restarting the SADMP program.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABRA, AMDSADER, AMDSAIOI, AMDSASIO, AMDSATER, AMDSAT80

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMD099I | <i>dev volser dsname</i> IS FULL. TO CONTINUE DUMPING, SPECIFY ANOTHER OUTPUT DEVICE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

The dumping program has filled the output DASD dump data set.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

System action

The system issues AMD001A to request an output device to continue the dump.

Operator response

Reply to AMD001A with an output device to continue the dump. The additional output device can be any SADMP supported DASD or tape device. If continuing to a DASD device, you cannot use a dump data set that had been previously used during the taking of this dump.

System programmer response

To avoid this message, use a larger number of cylinders when predefining or reallocating the output dump data set using the AMDSADDD REXX utility.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAEDR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|--|
| AMD100I | PAGING DEVICE <i>dev volser</i> CANNOT BE USED. IT IS AN OUTPUT DEVICE. |
|----------------|--|

Explanation

While attempting to access virtual storage currently paged out, the SADMP program found that a paging device is the current output device.

In the message text:

dev

The paging device number.

volser

The paging device volume serial number.

System action

Because stand-alone dump cannot operate if the output dump data set resides on the paging device, the SADMP program continues dumping accessible virtual storage. No further data is dumped from this paging device.

Operator response

To get a complete dump, you can restart the SADMP program with the output directed to a device that is not a paging device.

System programmer response

Ensure that the stand-alone dump DASD output data sets used for dumping are not on any devices which contain paging or swapping data sets used by the system.

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

AMDSAUCB

—

—

Explanation

In the message text:

The device number of the output data set.

If the output device is a DASD, the volume serial number of the output device. If the output device is a tape, then blanks.

If the output device is DASD, the output dump data set name. If the output device is tape, this field is blank.

The block size of the output data set.

Sense id byte 0.

The control unit type (sense id bytes 1 and 2).

The control unit model (sense id byte 3).

The device type (sense id bytes 4 and 5).

The device model (sense id byte 6).

Note: For output devices that do not support the sense id command, stand-alone dump will display '3803' for the *cutype* and '3420' for the *devtype*. All other sense id data fields are zero.

The SADMP program continues.

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD102I **FINAL DUMP OPTIONS: *list***

Explanation

This message provides a list of the dump options being used.

In the message text:

list
The list of dump options.

System action

The SADMP program continues. This message appears in the message log, but does not appear on the operator console.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPMT

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD103I ***dev volser dsname* WAS ALREADY USED FOR THIS DUMP AS DATA SET (*nnn*).**

Explanation

The operator has attempted to use a dump data set that was already used during the process of taking this dump

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The DASD volume serial number.

dsname

The output dump data set name.

nnn

The sequence number of the data set.

System action

The system reissues AMD001A to request an output device to continue the dump.

Operator response

Reply to AMD001A with an output device to continue the dump.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD104I

STAND-ALONE DUMP PROCESSING COMPLETED *text*

Explanation

Stand-alone dump processing has completed. *text* represents one line of data displayed for each output device and/or dump data set used during this dump:

```
      DEVICE VOLUME USED  DATA SET NAME
nnn  dev  volser amt  dsname
```

In the message text:

nnn

The sequence number of the data set.

dev

The output device number.

volser

If the output device is a DASD, the volume serial number. If the output device is a tape, *TAPE* appears.

amt

If the output device is a DASD, the percentage of space in the data set which was used for this dump. If the output device is a tape, the number of tape volumes used.

dsname

If the output device is a DASD, the output dump data set name. If the output device is a tape, N/A appears.

Operator response

If the output device is a tape, save the tape. If the output device is a DASD, notify the system programmer. Record this information for use by the system programmer.

System programmer response

If the dump is contained on one device and/or dump data set, copy the dump to another data set. If the output device is a DASD, use the REXX utility AMDSADDD to clear the output dump data set.

If the dump is contained on more than one device and/or dump data set, use this information to assist in copying multiple dump data sets into one dump data set for IPCS viewing. See [z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids](#) for more information about copying multiple output data sets.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD105I**DEVICE *dev*: WAITING FOR CONTROL UNIT TO RECOVER**

Explanation

Stand-alone dump attempted input/output to a DASD whose control unit is in an extended busy condition. This busy condition might last for several minutes.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

System action

The system will queue and periodically retry the I/O to device *dev* until the control unit accepts the request. The system issues AMD105I periodically while the busy condition persists.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSADER

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD106I**MODESET FAILURE. [message_text]**

Explanation

Stand-alone dump (SADMP) detected an error while trying to issue the MODESET command to a 3590 tape drive.

In the message text:

message_text

Additional message text defined as follows:

DEVICE FEATURES COULD NOT BE DETERMINED

SADMP attempts to reset all of the tape drive's control pages to their default values in order to insure that a previous user has not left the drive in an incompatible state for SADMP. This message text is used to indicate that the I/O to reset the device's control pages to their default values has failed.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET ON

The user has requested that data compaction be used during SADMP processing (via the COMPACT= option of the AMDSADMP macro). This message text indicates that the I/O done to explicitly set the data compaction feature on has failed. Depending on the tape drive's default setting for data compaction, SADMP not use data compaction during the dumping process.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET OFF

The user has requested that data compaction not be used during SADMP processing (via the COMPACT= option of the AMDSADMP macro). This message text indicates that the I/O done to explicitly set the data compaction feature off has failed. Depending on the tape drive's default setting for data compaction, SADMP use data compaction during the dumping process.

System action

The system action depends on the message text:

DEVICE FEATURES COULD NOT BE DETERMINED

SADMP issues message AMD001A to prompt the operator for a new output device. This action is taken because the device features might be in a state that would cause unpredictable results during SADMP processing.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET ON

SADMP continues processing using the specified tape device.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET OFF

SADMP continues processing using the specified tape device.

Operator response

The operator response depends on the message text:

DEVICE FEATURES COULD NOT BE DETERMINED

Reply to message AMD001A with another valid tape or DASD device.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET ON

To insure data compaction is used, perform a system restart of the SADMP program and select another valid tape device.

DATA COMPACTION NOT BE SET OFF

To insure data compaction is not used, perform a system restart of the SADMP program and select another valid tape device.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD107I | <i>dev volser dsname INCORRECT DUMP DATA SET NAME. reason</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

The DASD dump data set name, specified in response to message AMD002A or specified on the OUTPUT= keyword on the AMDSADMP macro, is incorrect. reason further explains the condition.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsname

The output data set name.

reason

Additional message text that explains the condition. reason is one of the following:

TEXT 'SADMP' WAS NOT FOUND

The text 'SADMP' must appear as part of, or as an entire data set qualifier.

NAME WAS NOT SPECIFIED.

The operator did not specify a dump data set name in response to message AMD002A.

Note: If this reason is indicated, *dsname* in message AMD107I is blank.

System action

The system reissues AMD001A to request an output device.

Operator response

Reply to AMD001A with an output device.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAODP

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD108I

**DUMPING OF AUXILIARY STORAGE FOR {MINIMAL|SUMMARY|
SWAPPED- IN|SWAPPED-OUT} ASIDS COMPLETED.**

Explanation

AMD108I is issued when specific portions of paged-out storage is dumped by the stand-alone dump program.

When MINIMAL appears in the message text, it indicates that the first pass through the MVS address space vector table is complete, and address spaces 1 to 4 designated as minimal address spaces have been successfully dumped.

When SUMMARY appears in the message text, it indicates that the second pass through the MVS address space vector table is complete, and address spaces designated as summary address spaces have been successfully dumped.

When SWAPPED-IN appears in the message text, it indicates that the third pass through the MVS address space vector table is complete, and logically swapped-in address spaces have been successfully dumped.

When SWAPPED-OUT appears in the message text, it indicates that the last pass through the MVS address space vector table is complete, and logically swapped-out address spaces have been successfully dumped.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAAID

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

The stand-alone dump (SADMP) program was unable to access entries in the page frame table while dumping real storage. Real storage will be dumped in sequential order.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSARDM, AMDSARDX

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

The dumping program has filled the output DASD dump data set.

In the message text:

dev

The output device number.

volser

The output device volume serial number.

dsn

The output data set name.

System action

SADMP continues writing to other devices.

Operator response

None required. AMD110I provide a warning that all volumes become filled, or it only indicate that the volume in question was able to accept data faster than others under current circumstances.

System programmer response

To avoid this message, use a larger number of cylinders when predefining or reallocating the output dump data set using the AMDSADDD REXX utility.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAEDR

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD111I

DUMP GROUP DATA SET CANNOT BE OPENED.

Explanation

One or more volumes of a multi-volume output data set could not be successfully opened.

System action

Open processing is terminated for the data set.

Operator response

Specify a new output data set.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIDD

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD112I

UNSUPPORTED RLD ENTRY.

Explanation

While generating a stand-alone dump program, the input contains a type of the RLD entry which is not supported by AMDSABLD.

System action

The system returns a condition code of 4. The stand-alone dump component does not initialize a residence volume.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Attempt to generate a stand-alone dump program again. If all parameters are correct, but the problem recurs, search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSABLD

Routing code

11

Descriptor code

7

| | |
|---------|--|
| AMD113I | IPLDEV: <i>dddd</i> LOADP: <i>pppppppp</i> AUTOIPL REQUESTED BY [MVS SADMP LOADPARM] |
|---------|--|

Explanation

Stand-alone Dump is about to initiate a re-IPL of MVS from device *dddd* with load parameter *pppppppp*.

System action

Stand-alone Dump proceeds to initiate the re-IPL.

Operator response

None required.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

| | |
|---------|--|
| AMD114I | AMDSADMP INITIATED BY MVS, WAIT STATE CODE = <i>aaaaaaaa</i> |
|---------|--|

Explanation

MVS initiated this Stand-alone Dump, in lieu of loading wait state *aaaaaaaa*.

System action

Stand-alone Dump continues processing.

Operator response

None required.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD115I | SADMP for <i>Product_name Product_version.Product_release.Product_modification-Product_development_level</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

This message displays the current level of the stand-alone dump program (SADMP).

In the message text:

Product_name

Name of the product.

Product_version

Version of the product.

Product_release

Release of the product.

Product_modification

Modification of the product.

Product_development_level

Development level of the product.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|---|
| AMD116I | Dump of <i>Product_name Product_version.Product_release.Product_modification - Product_deveopment_level - text</i> |
|----------------|---|

Explanation

This message displays information about the current level of the system being dumped. When the level of system being dumped differs from the level of stand-alone dump program, "Level differs from SADMP level" will be appended.

In the message text:

- Product_name**
Name of the product.
- Product_version**
Version of the product.
- Product_release**
Release of the product.
- Product_modification**
Modification of the product.
- Product_development_level**
Development level of the product.
- text**
Level differs from SADMP level.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD121I **STORAGE CLASS MEMORY DEVICE UCB INVALID. RETURN CODE=rc.**

Explanation

While attempting to access virtual storage currently paged out to the Storage Class Memory device, the stand-alone dump program obtained a unit control block (UCB) address for the device that could not be resolved into a working device.

In the message text:

- rc**
 - Explanation**
- 4**
Failed device validity test.

8

Subchannel ID format incorrect.

12

Subchannel not operational.

System action

Stand-alone dump continues dumping accessible virtual storage. No data will be dumped from the Storage Class Memory device represented by the incorrect UCB.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

This is most likely a result of a hardware problem with the Storage Class Memory device. Contact the IBM support center.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAUCB

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD122I

STORAGE CLASS MEMORY I/O ERROR. ¹⁷

Explanation

During processing of a stand-alone dump, an I/O error has occurred when either reading from the Storage Class Memory device or writing to the main storage address. The I/O error may be the result of an exception condition recognized at the Storage Class Memory device.

In the message text:

error_text

The type of error that has occurred. It can be one of the following:

READ FROM SCM

Error occurred when reading the page from the Storage Class Memory device.

WRITE TO STORAGE

Error occurred when writing the page to the main storage address.

failing_unit_address

Address of the unit experiencing the error.

eqc

Exception qualifier code.

¹⁷ FAILED TO *error_text* ADDRESS *failing_unit_address* EQC *eqc*

System action

Stand-alone dump is unable to either read or write the requested page. The page is not dumped, and stand-alone dump processing continues to collect and dump the data it can successfully process.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

This is most likely a result of an I/O error and may be the result of an exception condition recognized at the Storage Class Memory device. Contact the IBM support center.

Source

Stand-alone dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAIOI

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD123I**A TOTAL OF xxxxxxxx AMD122I MESSAGES HAVE BEEN SUPPRESSED**

Explanation

The stand-alone dump program experienced more than five unexpected errors while reading pages from the Storage Class Memory device. For the first five errors, the dump program issued an AMD122I message to indicate the error and display related information. For the subsequent errors, the dump program will only count the number of times that the error was experienced. Message AMD123I is issued to display the total number of AMD122I messages that were suppressed during the processing of the stand-alone dump program.

In the message text:

xxxxxxx

The number of AMD122I messages suppressed.

System action

Stand-alone dump continues to dump the collected data.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

This is most likely a result of an I/O error and may be the result of an exception condition recognized at the Storage Class Memory device. Contact the IBM support center.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAPGE

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD124I

**DUMPING FROM STORAGE CLASS MEMORY DEVICE HAS BEEN
TERMINATED.**

Explanation

In an attempt to dump data from the Storage Class Memory device, one of the following unrecoverable errors has occurred. As a result, stand-alone dump can no longer dump data from this device.

- Device validity check failed.
- Subchannel is busy.
- Subchannel is not operational.

System action

Stand-alone dump continues dumping accessible storage. No data will be dumped from the Storage Class Memory device.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

This is most likely a result of a hardware problem with the Storage Class Memory device. Contact the IBM support center.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAASM, AMDSASIO

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

Stand-alone dump program has been generated but not written on the DASD. You must run an ICKDSF job to write the IPL text to complete stand-alone dump residence volume initialization.

Note: This message is only issued during a one-stage generation JCL of stand-alone dump specifying a DASD device as the stand-alone dump residence volume.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAOSG

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Explanation

An error occurred while saving or restoring storage contents or storage keys from the Dump-Save Area during a List-Directed Dump. Some storage or storage keys in the dump may not be the original contents of the storage or storage keys at the time that the dump was initiated.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

This is most likely a result of a problem in the machine (or the virtual machine control program, if running in virtual machine). Contact the IBM support center.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN, AMDSARDX

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD127I**SADMP IPL device is write inhibited**

Explanation

For a List-Directed Dump, the device from which SADMP was IPLed is write inhibited. This prevents SADMP from saving the contents of some storage pages before using them, so that those pages in the dump may contain SADMP code or work areas instead of the original contents of the storage at the time that the dump was initiated.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

AMD128I**List-Directed Dump. Validated Boot: *type***

Explanation

Indicates that a list-directed IPL of SADMP was done. If this message is not present, a channel command word (CCW) IPL of SADMP was done.

In the message text:

type

One of the following values:

Audit

Indicates that the "Secure Boot" option was not identified when doing the IPL.

Enforce

Indicates that the "Secure Boot" option was identified when doing the IPL.

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| AMD129I | <i>xxxxxxxxx yyyy description</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|

Explanation

During a List-directed IPL of SADMP when the "Secure Boot" option was not identified, problems were detected which would have caused the IPL to fail if the "Secure Boot" option had been identified.

In the message text:

xxxxxxxxx

Secure-IPL Code Loading Attributes Facility (SCLAF) error details.

yyyyy

IPL-information Error Indicators (IIEI).

description

One of the following reasons:

Machine loader detected error(s)
Signature verification failed
Module was not signed

System action

The SADMP program continues.

Operator response

Record any messages from the machine loader which appear on the System Console (Operating System Messages).

System programmer response

Regenerate the stand-alone dump program to correct any problems.

Source

Stand-alone Dump (SADMP)

Module

AMDSAICN

Routing code

-

Descriptor code

-

Chapter 15. AMS messages

AMS001D

REPLY “S” FOR A SCHEDULED IPL OR “U” FOR AN UNSCHEDULED IPL.

Explanation

This message is displayed when a system IPL is performed.

System action

The system waits a maximum of one hour for an operator response, and then continues processing.

Operator response

Reply **S** if the outage was scheduled or **U** if it was unscheduled. If you reply **U**, the system displays message AMS002D.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS002D

ENTER THE REASON FOR THE SYSTEM OUTAGE.

Explanation

The system displays this message after the operator replied **U** in response to message AMS001D.

System action

The system waits for a maximum of one hour for an operator response, and then continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a brief description of 45 characters or less describing the cause of the system outage. The response will be recorded in the Info/Management database.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS003D

ENTER REASON FOR CANCELLING JOB *jjj*.

Explanation

The operator cancelled job *jjj*; the availability of this application is being tracked.

System action

The system waits a maximum of one hour for an operator response, and then continues processing.

Operator response

Enter a description of the reason why the operator cancelled the application. The description cannot exceed 45 characters; it will be recorded in the Info/Management data base.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS004D **INVALID RESPONSE - REPLY "S" OR "U".**

Explanation

The reply to message AMS001D is not correct.

System action

The system reissues message AMS001D.

Operator response

You can only enter **S** for a scheduled outage or **U** for an unscheduled outage.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS009E **WORK DATA SET IS FULL.**

Explanation

AMSCOL issues this message when a record cannot be written because there is no space available. The system suspends the recording of abnormal endings until the situation is cleared.

System action

The system abnormally ends the collector; the collector will not be automatically restarted.

Operator response

Run either AMSSIN or AMSDIN to obtain the records in the data set and free the space occupied by them.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS010I **ALERT CREATED FOR xxxxxxxx.¹⁸**

Explanation

A record was written into Info/Management for xxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxx is one of the following:

- STALL for a system stall condition.
- IPL for a system IPL.
- The name of an application that is being tracked.
- the date *mm/dd/yy*
- the time *hh:mm*

¹⁸ ON *mm/dd/yy* AT *hh:mm*
ON SYSTEM *sysid*.

- the System Management Facilities (SMF) system ID *sysid*

System action

The system continues processing.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS018I *procname* IS ALREADY ACTIVE - START REJECTED

Explanation

A start command was issued for the collector when the collector was already active on the system. If the currently active collector completed initialization, *procname* will contain the name of the procedure that started it.

System action

The system ends the started task.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

AMS019I WORK DATA SET IS OVER 80 PERCENT FULL

Explanation

This message is issued from AMSCOL when it has detected that less than 20 percent free space is left in the work data set

System action

Processing continues

Operator response

Run either AMSSIN or AMSDIN to obtain the records on the data set and to free the space occupied by them.

Source

System Availability Management (SAM)

Chapter 16. ANT messages

This section contains DFSMS system data mover (SDM) messages (all begin with ANT) and error return codes, and includes extended remote copy (XRC), peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), FlashCopy, concurrent copy, and snapshot functions. SDM messages that begin with ANTP are PPRC messages, and are listed in “PPRC ANT messages (ANTP)” on page 1161. Messages that begin with ANTF are FlashCopy messages, and are listed in “Enterprise storage server FlashCopy messages (ANTF)” on page 1061.

The SDM messages in this section are organized according to the numerical portion of the message.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA5018W | QUICKCOPY IS NOT AVAILABLE BECAUSE DEVICE(<i>device_nbr</i>) IS OFFLINE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An XADDPAIR command for primary device *device_nbr* has been issued with the QUICKCOPY parameter. Because the device is offline, XRC is unable to determine which tracks need to be copied in order for the volume pair to become synchronized.

System action

XADDPAIR is executed using the FULLCOPY option.

System programmer response

A FULLCOPY has been executed instead of the QUICKCOPY. If QUICKCOPY is desired for future XADDPAIRs, vary the device online before issuing the command.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA5107E | XADDPAIR FAILED FOR VOLUME PAIR(<i>primary_volume,secondary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command for the volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (where the volume is indicated by *volume-serial/device-number*) in session *session_id* failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. If *secondary_volume* is XRCUTL/UTIL, this was an attempt to add a utility volume. Otherwise, it was an attempt to add a data volume pair.

An asterisk (*) in place of the first digit of device numbers in the message indicates that the failing command is issued using a 4-digit device number, and the device is not in the configuration or cannot be found in the XRC control blocks.

System action

If this was an attempt to add a new data volume pair to the session, the volume pair has not been added. If this was an attempt to re-add an existing data volume pair to the session, the volume pair remained in the state it was in before the XADDPAIR attempt. XRC activity continues on other volume pairs in the session.

If this was an attempt to add a new utility volume to the session, the volume has not been added. If this was an attempt to re-add an existing utility volume to the session, the state of the volume and its associated storage control sessions might vary, so further investigation is required, as described in the "System programmer response".

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Also look for any preceding error messages that might provide additional diagnostic information.

For failures involving data volume pairs, or Utility volumes for Standard Single Readers, correct the error and re-issue the XADDPAIR command.

For failures involving utility volumes for Enhanced Multiple Readers: Before re-issuing the XADDPAIR command, use the XQUERY command with the STO DETAIL keywords to determine the state of the storage control sessions in the Enhanced Reader group. If some of the sessions in the group are active, use the F ANTAS000,SUSSESS command to suspend these active sessions, and then re-issue the XADDPAIR command. In addition, if an attempt to change auxiliary session configuration failed, also use the F ANTAS000,LISTSESS ALL command to determine whether extraneous storage control sessions need to be cleaned up.

If errors persist after these actions, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center for additional problem determination assistance.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA5122E | XADDPAIR SUSPENDED FAILED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command was received for XRC session *session_id*. The reason that the command failed is indicated by the return code and reason code.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The function has requested that all suspended volumes be added back to the session. Correct the error and reissue the command. If the problem persists, Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, issue a MODIFY command to dump the ANTAS*nnn* address space and provide pertinent system log information to the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTA5411E | XADDPAIR SUSPENDED COMMAND FAILED FOR XRC SESSION (<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred while XRC attempted to process the XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command for the XRC session *session_id*. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTA5500E

command FAILED FOR PAIR(*pdevnum/pvolser,sdevnum/svolser*) FOR SESSION(*session1*), DEVICE(*bad_volser/bad_device*) IS A *device_type* IN SESSION(*session2*)

Explanation

The device denoted by volser *bad_volser* with device *bad_device* for the pair with primary device *pdevnum* volser primary *pvolser* secondary device *sdevnum* secondary volser *svolser* with a *device_type* of PRIMARY, SECONDARY, or SWAP is already in XRC *session2*, and therefore cannot be added to *session1*.

Note: Swap VOLSERs are denoted as *SWAP* (excluding swap utilities) and any unavailable VOLSER is denoted as *OFFL*.

In the message text:

command

The XRC command issued.

PAIR(*pdevnum/pvolser,sdevnum/svolser*) FOR SESSION(*session1*)

Information for the primary device pair that the command was unable to add to XRC session *session1*.

pdevnum/pvolser

The primary device number and volser for the device pair.

sdevnum/svolser

The secondary device number and volser for the device pair.

session1

The session name for the XRC session the command tried to add the device pair to.

DEVICE(*bad_volser/bad_device*) IS A *device_type* IN SESSION(*session2*)

Information about the device causing the command to fail because the device already exists in XRC session *session2*:

bad_device

The device name for the device that already exists in XRC session *session2*.

bad_volser

The volume serial number for the device that already exists in *session2*.

device_type

The device type, PRIMARY, SECONDARY, SWAP, or SWAP-UTILITY, of the device that already exists in *session2*.

session2

The XRC session where the device type already exists.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device *bad_device* is already managed as a primary volume, secondary volume, or a swap volume in another XRC session. To use the device in the new session, it must be removed from the other XRC session:

- If the *bad_device* is incorrectly associated as *device_type* with the pair or triplet, XDELPAIR the primary device associated with the *bad_device* on *session2*, and then XADDPAIR it to *session1*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

**command FAILED FOR TRIPLET(*pvolser/pdevnum,svolser/sdevnum,swapvol/swapdev*) FOR SESSION(*session1*),
DEVICE(*bad_volser/bad_device*) IS A *device_type* IN SESSION(*session2*)**

Explanation

The device denoted by volser *bad_volser* with device *bad_device* for the triplet with primary volser *pvolser* primary device *pdevnum*, secondary volser *svolser* secondary device *sdevnum*, swap volser *swapvol* swap device *swapdev* with a *device_type* of PRIMARY, SECONDARY, or SWAP is already in XRC session2, and therefore cannot be added to *session1*.

Note that swap VOLSERs are denoted as *SWAP* (excluding swap utilities) and any unavailable VOLSER is denoted as *OFFL*.

In the message text:

command

The XRC command issued.

TRIPLET(*pvolser/pdevnum,svolser/sdevnum,swapvol/swapdev*) FOR SESSION(*session1*)

Information for the primary device triplet that the command was unable to add to XRC session *session1*.

pvolser/pdevnum

The primary device number and volser for the device triplet.

svolser/sdevnum

The secondary device number and volser for the device triplet.

swapdev/swapvol

The swap device number and volser for the device triplet.

session1

The session name for the XRC session the command tried to add the device triplet to.

DEVICE(*bad_volser/bad_device*) IS A *device_type* IN SESSION(*session2*)

Information about the device causing the command to fail because the device already exists in XRC session *session2*:

bad_device

The device name for the device that already exists in XRC session *session2*.

bad_volser

The volume serial number for the device that already exists in *session2*.

device_type

The device type, PRIMARY, SECONDARY, SWAP, or SWAP-UTILITY, of the device that already exists in *session2*.

session2

The XRC session where the device type already exists.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device is already managed as a primary volume, secondary volume, or a swap volume in another XRC session. To use the device in the new session, it must be removed from the other XRC session:

- If the *bad_device* is incorrectly associated as *device_type* with the triplet, XDELPAIR the primary device associated with the *bad_device* or *bad_volser* on *session2*, and then use GDPS to XADDPAIR it to *session1*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTA8004I**XADDPAIR COMPLETE, VOLUME PAIR (*primary_volume*,
secondary_volume) ADDED TO SESSION(*session_id*),
SCSESSION(*storage_control_session*)**

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command has completed successfully. The volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) is added to session *session_id* with the primary storage control session of *storage_control_session*. If an SCSESSION value was not specified, the default *storage_control_session* value of "--" is assigned. Use the XQUERY command to determine the status of the volume pair.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTA8005I**XADDPAIR UTILITY VOLUME *volser* IS *state* FOR SESSION(*session*),
SCSESSION(*scsession*)**

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command completed successfully. The XRC utility volume *volser* is added to the session *session* with the primary storage control session of *scsession*. If the primary storage control session was not specified, *scsession* will indicate "--". *state* indicates that the utility volume was added as a FIXED or FLOATING utility device, depending on the setting of the XSET UTILITY parameter.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTA8122W**VOLUME PAIR(*primary_volume,secondary_volume*) WILL NOT BE
ASSOCIATED WITH SCSESSION(*storage_control_session*)**

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command specified an SCSESSION value that is not the one currently assigned to the volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib). The data mover performs the resynchronization of the volume pair using the assigned SCSESSION value. See the ANTA8101I or ANTA8004I message for this volume pair for the currently assigned SCSESSION value.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None required. If you want to change the SCSESSION value currently assigned to the volume pair, you must issue an XDELPAIR command to remove the volume pair from its current SCSESSION, then issue an XADDPAIR command to assign it the wanted SCSESSION value.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA8124I | XADDPAIR SUSPENDED COMPLETED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

In XRC session *session_id*, an XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command was issued. The command has completed its processing.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command has added all volumes back to the session, and scheduled the volumes for volume initialization.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA8126I | XADDPAIR SUSPENDED COMPLETED - NO SUSPENDED VOLUMES IN SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command was received for XRC session *session_id*. There are no suspended volumes in the session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The function has requested that all suspended volumes be added back to the session. The session has no suspended volumes. Issue the XQUERY command to determine the status of all volumes in the XRC session. The suspended volume count should be zero. If it is not zero, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, issue a MODIFY command to dump the ANTASnnn address space and provide pertinent system log information to the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTA8157I | XRC SESSION(<i>sessname</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) AUXILIARY SCID(<i>scid</i>) IS NOW ASSOCIATED WITH SCSESSION(<i>scsn</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The identified SSID is now associated with the indicated SCSN.

System action

XRC reads updates from the indicated SSID using the indicated SCID.

System programmer response

If the additional SCID is expected, no action required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA8156I | XRC SESSION(<i>sessname</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCSESSION(<i>scsn</i>) SCID(<i>scid</i>) IS NOW USING <i>scsnmode</i> MODE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The identified *ssid*, *scsn*, *scid* within XRC session *sessname* is now in the indicated *scsnmode*. The possible values for *scsnmode* are:

- SINGLE
- ENHANCED

System action

XRC reads updates from the indicated SSID using the indicated *scsnmode*.

System programmer response

If the mode change is expected, no action required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTA8162I | XRC SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCID(<i>scid</i>) CREATED IN <i>mode</i> MODE FOR SESSION(<i>session</i>), SCSESSION(<i>scsn</i>) USING VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The identified SCID was created using the reader mode indicated by *scsnmode*. The specified volume is indicated by volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib.

The *scsnmode* can be one of the following values:

SINGLE

Indicates the enhanced multiple reader function is not being used. This mode is selected when AllowEnhancedReader(NO) is specified in the PARMLIB, or when the storage control does not support the enhanced multiple reader function.

ENHANCED

Indicates the enhanced multiple reader function is being used. This mode is selected when AllowEnhancedReader(YES) is specified in PARMLIB, and the storage control session supports the enhanced multiple reader function.

System action

XRC reads updates from the indicated SSID using the indicated SCID.

System programmer response

- If the selected mode is as expected, no action is required.
- If the selected mode is not as expected because of incorrect PARMLIB settings, update the settings and apply the change.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTA8163I | XRC SSID(ssid) AUXILIARY SCID(scid) CREATED FOR SESSION(session), SCSESSION(scsn) USING VOLUME(volume) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The identified auxiliary SCID was created. The specified volume is indicated by volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib.

System action

XRC reads updates from the indicated SSID using the indicated SCID.

System programmer response

If an auxiliary session is as expected, no action is required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTA8165E | XRC SESSION(sessid) ENHANCED READER CONVERSION INCOMPLETE, XADDPAIR SUSPENDED REJECTED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command with SUSPENDED option was issued to an XRC session with the AllowEnhancedReader(YES) parameter set. SCIDs that are on at least one storage control that supports the enhanced multiple reader function, have not been converted to the enhanced mode.

System action

The XADDPAIR command is rejected. Suspended volumes remain suspended.

System programmer response

- If AllowEnhancedReader(YES) is the wanted setting, follow the procedure in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) to convert the volume configuration to enhanced multiple reader mode, and issue the XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command again.
- If AllowEnhancedReader(NO) is the wanted state, change PARMLIB, activate the state through the XSET command, and issue the XADDPAIR command again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTA8101I**XADDPAIR COMPLETE FOR VOLUME****PAIR(primary_volume,secondary_volume) FOR SESSION(session_id)
WITH ERRORLEVEL(error_level), SCSESSION(storage_control_session)**

Explanation

The XADDPAIR command has completed successfully. The volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) is added to session *session_id* with the ERRORLEVEL indicated by *error_level* and primary storage control session of *storage_control_session*. If an SCSESSION value was not specified, the default *storage_control_session* value of "--" is assigned. Use the XQUERY command to determine the status of the volume pair.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTB0001E**XRC ADDRESS SPACE COULD NOT BE CREATED**

Explanation

In response to an XSTART command or automatic XRC restart operation, the creation of a new XRC address space has failed.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

Determine the number of active address spaces. If the address space limit for the installation has been reached, you must increase the limit to support XRC. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and generate an SVC dump of the ANTAS000 address space.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTB5010E**SDM CONTROL INITIALIZATION FAILURE. RC=return_code
REAS=reason_code**

Explanation

The SDM control address space initialization has failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

SDM functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See “SDM and XRC return codes” on page 1451 for an explanation of the return codes. Based on the error, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an SDM error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTB8002I | OFFLINE DEVICE DISCOVERY COMPLETE; RC= x REAS= y |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

Discovery of offline devices has completed.

x

Is the return code from the IOSOFLD service.

y

Is the reason code, as follows:

RC=0 REAS= y

Offline devices successfully processed.

y

Number of devices processed (in decimal).

RC=04 REAS=01

There were no offline devices to process.

RC=04 REAS=02

Some offline devices were not processed.

RC=08

Authorization or environmental problem.

RC=0C

Insufficient virtual storage

RC=14

System Error.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTB8006W**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) CONTROL DATA SET NOT ONE CYL OR NOT ON A CYL BOUNDARY****Explanation**

The control data set for session *session_id* is not one cylinder or does not start on a cylinder boundary.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Suspend XRC session, purge any coupled/clustered sessions, delete, reallocate the control dataset to be one cylinder in size, and restart the session or reference Advanced Copy Services on how to re-allocate existing control data sets.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTB8009W**XRC SESSION(*session-id*) JOURNAL DATA SETS NOT EXTENDED
FORMAT SEQUENTIAL. TOTALBUFFERS(*total-bufs*) LIMITED TO 25000****Explanation**

The data set organization of the journal data sets does not allow XRC data buffers to reside above the 2 GB storage bar. The value *total-bufs* specified for the TOTALBUFFERS parameter in parmlib is limited to 25000.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

To take advantage of the large number of XRC data buffers that are available, journal data sets must all be allocated as extended format sequential. See the topic on [specifying XRC journal, control, and state data sets in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for instructions on how to allocate extended format sequential journal data sets, and copy data from the old format journal data sets to the new extended format sequential journal data sets.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTB8075I**ANTAS000 INITIALIZATION STARTED****Explanation**

Initialization of the SDM control function started. SDM functions are inactive until SDM initialization is completed. Message ANTB8076I is issued when SDM initialization is complete.

System action

SDM functions are inactive.

System programmer response

If SDM initialization starts but never completes, an initialization error has occurred. Search problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an SDM error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTB8076I | ANTAS000 INITIALIZATION COMPLETED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The SDM control function has completed its initialization and is ready to accept commands. This message is preceded by message ANTB8075I. This message is issued when SDM completes its initialization after a system IPL or after the ANTAS000 address space is ended and restarted.

System action

SDM functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5400E | XCOUPLE <i>option</i> FAILED FOR XRC <i>entity(name)</i> MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XCOUPLE command with *option* option failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* for master session *msession_id* with master high-level qualifier of *mhlq*. If the values of *msession_id* or *mhlq* cannot be determined (for example, for XCOUPLE DELETE when the session is not coupled), the items with asterisks (*) indicate that the values are not known.

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on [page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC5402E

**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) DETECTED ERROR IN
MSESSION(*msession_id*), RC=*return_code* REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

The XRC logical session that is specified by *session_id* detected an error in the master session *msession_id*. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

ANTC5403E

**XRC *entity(name)* DETECTED SHUTDOWN ERROR IN
MSESSION(*msession_id*), RC=*return_code* REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The XRC logical session specified by *session_id* detected an error while XRC attempted to shut down coupling to master session *msession_id*. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC5405E | XRC MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED, RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An error occurred while XRC attempted to coordinate the processing of command *command*, and it was not possible to determine which XRC session was responsible for the error. The master session *msession_id* level command is not processed. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5406E | XRC MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED, ERROR IN SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred while XRC attempted to coordinate processing of command *command*, and it was possible to determine that XRC session *session_id* was responsible for the error. The master session level command for *msession_id* is not processed for the XRC session *session_id*. This message appears on the system from which the command originated. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC5407E**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) ENCOUNTERED ERROR PROCESSING
command COMMAND FOR MSESSION(*msession_id*), RC=*return_code*
REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

The XRC logical session that is specified by *session_id* detected an error while XRC attempted to process a master session level command for the master session *msession_id*. This message appears on the system where the XRC session is running. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC5408W**XRC *entity(name)*MSESSION(*msession_id*) INFORMATION NOT
REMOVED FROM DATA SET *dstype*, RC=*return_code* REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

While processing an XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command, the XCOUPLE-related information for XRC session *session_id* in master session *msession_id* could not be removed from the data set *data setname*.

If the MASTER data set is indicated, the XRC session is now able to process independently of the master session, but other XRC sessions that are associated with the master session cannot be aware that the session should no longer be associated with the master session.

If the STATE data set is indicated, other XRC sessions can now operate without requiring that this session be active. This XRC session cannot operate until the associated STATE data set indicates that the session is not part of an XCOUPLE session.

The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate why the information in the data set could not be removed.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the MASTER data set is indicated in the message, to ensure other sessions are not affected, follow the procedure for "Removing Extraneous Session Information from the MASTER Data Set" in *z/OS DFSMS Advanced*

Copy Services. If the STATE data set is indicated in the message, follow the procedure in “Removing Extraneous Session Information from the STATE Data Set,” z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services to permit this XRC session to operate correctly. See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC5409W | XRC MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) command COMMAND CANCELED BY SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The command *command* sent to the coupled session *session_id* by the master session *msession_id* was canceled. This message can be issued as a result of an error occurring for this session or another session associated with the master session *msession_id*. To determine which session encountered an error, issue the XQUERY *msession_id* MASTER command. The XQUERY report indicates a volume status of ERR for the sessions that encountered an error. This message can also be issued if one of the coupled sessions in the master session has the last active volume pair in the session suspended by either command or error, and if the last volume pair for the session was deleted by the XDELPAIR command. In this case, the XQUERY report indicates a volume status of AVS or NOV.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the XQUERY report indicates a volume status of ERR, see the system log on the system which was processing the sessions that encountered the error for additional error messages.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5410E | XCOUPLE RELEASE COMMAND FAILED FOR XRC MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred while XRC attempted to process the XCOUPLE RELEASE command for the master session *msession_id* whose master high-level qualifier is *mhlq*. This message appears on the system where the command was entered. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC5412E | UNABLE TO START CLUSTER MANAGER FOR MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During startup, the XRC control address space could not start the ANTCLNNN address space to manage cluster communication with the specified master session and master high level qualifier.

System action

If sessions were previously coupled from this system while the cluster manager was active, the system reports a COUPLING_TIMEOUT condition for this cluster in the associated master session.

System programmer response

See [Return and Reason Codes for the ASCRE macro in z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and issue command F ANTAS000,CREFRESH to reinitiate cluster setup processing.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC5415E | CLUSTER ERROR FOR MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Cluster Manager address space (ANTCLNNN) detected a condition that renders it unable to maintain a clustered session with the specified master session ID and master high level qualifier

System action

If sessions were previously coupled from this system while the cluster manager was active, the system reports a COUPLING_TIMEOUT condition for this cluster in the associated master session.

System programmer response

See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes” on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and issue command F ANTAS000,CREFRESH to reinitiate cluster setup processing.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5419W | CLUSTER MONITORING DISABLED FOR SYSTEM(<i>cluster_id</i>) MSESSION(<i>master_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>master_hlq</i>), RC=<i>retcode</i> REAS=<i>reason</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC Cluster Manager address space (ANTCLNNN) could not access the Cluster Monitor Data Set.

System action

XRC Cluster Monitor address space stops recording monitor data.

System programmer response

Restore access to Cluster Monitor Data Set, then issue F ANTCLNNN,STARTMON command to resume monitor data recording.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5420W | CLUSTERING FOR SYSTEM(<i>cluster_id</i>) MSESSION(<i>master_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>master_hlq</i>) CANNOT BE <i>change_requested</i> RC=<i>retcode</i> REAS=<i>reason</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC Control Address space (ANTAS000) could not disable or enable clustering, because of existing coupled XRC sessions. The *change_requested* field might be either ENABLE or DISABLE depending on the type of change requested.

System action

Cluster status remains unchanged.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return, which describes the specific condition impeding the status change. Check the ANTGIN00 parmlib member for incorrect ClusterMSession and MHLQ values. If they correctly reflect the wanted configuration, issue XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE commands for all XRC sessions previously coupled through the cluster, or coupled to the master session currently specified in ClusterMSession. Then issue command F ANTAS000,CREFRESH to reinitiate cluster setup processing

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5421E | UNABLE TO TERMINATE CLUSTER(CNAME) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

During F ANTAS000,CREFRESH processing for a request to disable clustering, the cluster address space (ANTCLnnn) did not terminate within the expected time.

System action

The cluster address space might still be active.

System programmer response

If the ANTCLnnn address space terminates itself after this message, no further action is required. If it remains active, you can use the CANCEL command to deactivate it.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC5422W | CLUSTER MONITORING DISABLED FOR SESSION(<i>sessionid</i>) CLUSTER(<i>clusterid</i>) MSESSION(<i>msessionid</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred and caused the cluster *clusterid* to stop collecting monitor data for the XRC session *sessionid*. The cluster *clusterid* associated with the master session *msessionid* with high level qualifier *mhlq* is no longer combining the XRC session monitor data with the accumulated cluster monitor data. Refer to the return code *rc* and reason code *reas* to determine the cause of the error. The individual XRC session's monitor data continues to be collected for the XRC session in the XRC session's state data set.

System action

Cluster monitoring for the indicated session is no longer active. XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Based on the return and reason codes, the indicated XRC session can no longer be active, and restarting the XRC session reactivates cluster monitoring for the XRC session when XRC session is recoupled through the indicated cluster session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTC8400I | XCOUPLE ADD COMPLETE FOR XRC <i>entity(name)</i> , NOW COUPLED TO MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>) CLUSTER(<i>cluster_id</i>) |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The XCOUPLE command with ADD was successful for XRC session *session_id*. If there is no cluster active the session is now coupled to the master session *msession_id* with the high-level qualifier of *mhlq*. If there is a cluster active the session is now coupled to the cluster specified with *cluster_id*. Session consistency, error handling, and processing of XSUSPEND and XEND commands are now subject to coupled processing as described under the XCOUPLE command. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for command authorization details.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTC8401I | XCOUPLE DELETE COMPLETE FOR XRC <i>entity(name)</i> IN MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>) CLUSTER(<i>cluster_id</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The XCOUPLE command with DELETE has completed for XRC session *session_id*. To determine whether the command was successfully completed, search the system log for any ANTC error messages that indicate a failure to remove coupled information from either the session's state data set or the master session's associated master data set. If no error messages were issued for this command, the XCOUPLE DELETE command was successful, and the session is now uncoupled from the master session *msession_id* with the high-level qualifier of *mhlq*. Session consistency, error handling, and processing of XSUSPEND and XEND commands are now restored to normal operation. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) information.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I. If an error message was received processing this command, look at the description and suggested recovery action provided with the return code and reason code specified on the error message. If an XCOUPLE function should have occurred and has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dump of the associated ANTAS*nnn* address space. You can obtain the dump by issuing MODIFY ANTAS*nnn*,DUMP.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTC8402W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) COUPLED TO MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) DETECTED <i>condition</i> CONDITION IN <i>session_type</i> (<i>session_id_2</i>), SUSPENDING ALL VOLUMES |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session *session_id*, which is coupled to master session *msession_id*, has detected the *condition* condition in session *session_id_2* that is coupled to the same master session. XRC has suspended all volumes in XRC session *session_id* to maintain a consistent set of volumes. The master session *msession_id* enters the HOLD status to indicate that a recovery operation can be required. The HOLD status is described in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

If *condition* is HOLD_STATUS, one of the sessions coupled to the master session *msession_id* has detected an error and placed the master session *msession_id* in HOLD_status to protect the consistency of the sessions.

If *condition* is ALL_VOLUMES_SUSPENDED, coupled session *session_id_2* detected an error and suspended all of the volumes in session *session_id2*. See the previous message issued by session *session_id* for the error that was detected.

If *condition* is COUPLING_TIMEOUT, session *session_id_2* did not update the master data set for the master session *msession_id* within a given time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) to determine the necessary actions to take for the particular condition encountered.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTC8403I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) PROCESSING <i>command</i> COMMAND REQUESTED BY MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

This is an acknowledgment message issued by the XRC session *session_id* after receiving the request from the master session *msession_id* to process the *command* command.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command was accepted, and this message was not displayed on the system console log for the designated session, look for an ANTC54nnE message for the session that indicates which specific error occurred.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTC8404I | MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) HAS SENT <i>command</i> COMMAND TO COUPLED SESSIONS |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The master session *msession_id* has issued the request to XRC coupled sessions to process the *command* command.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Look for message ANTC8403I from each coupled session that indicates acknowledgment of the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC8406I | COUPLED XRC <i>entity(name)</i> INTERLOCKED WITH MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The coupled XRC session *session_id* is interlocked with the master session *msession_id* whose master high-level qualifier is *mhlq*. A session is in interlock status when its consistency time is before the master journal time, and its journal time is after the master journal time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

XRC issues this message after an XCOUPLE ADD command or after adding volumes to the suspended coupled session. If this message has not been displayed at the system console log for the designated session, look for an ANTC54nnE message for the session that indicates which specific error can have occurred.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC8407I | COUPLED XRC <i>entity(session_id)</i> NOT INTERLOCKED WITH MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), INTERLOCK DELAY(<i>delay_time</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The coupled XRC session *session_id* has not interlocked with the master session *msession_id* whose master high-level qualifier is *mhlq*. A session is in interlock status when its consistency time is before or equal to the master journal time, and its journal time is after or equal to the master journal time.

See message “ANTQ8247I” on page 1253 for the explanation of the interlock delay *delay_time*.

Note: The *delay_time* rolls to 00:00:00.000000 after 23 hours, 59 minutes, and 59.999999 seconds, thus the timestamp will be inaccurate.

The reason for issuing this message can be:

- The session does not meet the interlock criteria, and the session has at least one non-suspended volume pair in the session. This session or another coupled session in the master session has detected a delay in mainline data mover processing that might cause the non-interlocked state.
- An interlocked session associated with the master session is not active. If you previously ended or suspended all coupled sessions in a master session, when you restart these sessions, you receive this message after you add volumes to each restarted session if all coupled interlocked sessions in the master session have not been restarted.
- Some existing interlocked or non-interlocked sessions are idle (not receiving any write updates). Updates must be made to at least one primary volume in every session for interlock to occur.
- XRC sessions started before IPLing application systems will notice that XRC does not become interlocked until after timestamped writes occur on the application system. Non-timestamped writes can be observed with a timestamp of NO_TIME_AVAILABLE or a timestamp before January 1st, 2000 in XQUERY message “ANTQ8231I” on page 1245.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Do one of the following:

- In cases where updates are occurring to all sessions, XRC can self-correct this state. However, if the situation persists, look for message “ANTX8117I” on page 1404 for this session, or one of the other coupled sessions in the master session, indicating the particular delay that have caused this session to become non-interlocked.
- Remove coupled sessions that are no longer needed from the master session by issuing the XCOUPLE PURGE for inactive sessions and XCOUPLE DELETE for active sessions.
- Make updates to a primary volume in each IDLE session.

Note: If the entity is CLUSTER, then primary volumes in idle sessions in other clusters also need to be updated.

- Use the following JCL as an example to create enough updates in the IDLE sessions to get the sessions interlocked.

Note: This needs to be from a timestamped LPAR with a common time reference (that is, NOT an SDM/GDPS LPAR).

```
//STEP0001 EXEC PGM=IEBDG
//*****
/* XRC "DUMMY IO" TO GET INTERLOCKED */
/* CREATE A DATASET WITH 15000 RECORDS AND THEN DELETE IT. */
/* SET VOLSER TO A PRIMARY VOLUME. */
/* SET DSN AS NEEDED FOR YOUR ENVIRONMENT. */
//*****
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//DDSAM DD DISP=(NEW,DELETE),UNIT=(SYSDA,1),
// VOL=SER=volser,
// DSN=IBMUSER.DUMMY1,
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=125,BLKSIZE=125),
// SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//SYSIN DD *
DSD OUTPUT=(DDSAM)
FD NAME=IX,LENGTH=6,STARTLOC=1,FORMAT=ZD,INDEX=1
FD NAME=FN,LENGTH=22,STARTLOC=7,
```

```

        PICTURE=22, 'THIS. IS. A. INTERLOCKING'
        FD      NAME=F1,FORMAT=AL,LENGTH=97,STARTLOC=29
        CREATE  QUANTITY=15000,NAME=(IX,FN,F1)
        END
        /*

```

ANTC8408I **SESSIONTYPE MIGRATE NOT ALLOWED FOR COUPLED XRC**
SESSION(*session_id*), SESSIONTYPE XRC USED

Explanation

The SESSIONTYPE of MIGRATE was specified on an XSTART command for the coupled XRC session *session_id*. The SESSIONTYPE of MIGRATE cannot be specified for a coupled XRC session. The SESSIONTYPE of XRC was used instead.

System action

XRC functions are active. Session continues in coupled XRC mode.

System programmer response

To switch to MIGRATE mode, the session must first be removed from participating in a coupled session. Issue an XCOUPLE DELETE command, suspend the session using the XSUSPEND command, and restart the session using the XSTART SESSIONTYPE(MIGRATE) command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC8409I **CLUSTERING FOR CLUSTER(*cname*) CURRENTLY DISABLED**

Explanation

Clustering for the specified cluster name is now disabled.

System action

XRC sessions on this system are no longer using the cluster for communicating coupling status.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC8410I **XCOUPLE PURGE COMPLETE FOR XRC *entity(name)* IN MSESSION**
(*msession_id*) MHLQ(*mhlq*) CLUSTER(*cluster_id*)

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The XCOUPLE command with PURGE has completed for XRC session *session_id*. To determine if the command was successfully completed, search the system log for any ANTC error messages that indicate a failure to remove coupled information from either the session's state data set or the msession's associated master data set. If no error messages were issued for this command, the XCOUPLE PURGE command was successful, and the session is now uncoupled from the master session *msession_id* with the high-level qualifier of *mhlq*. If there is a cluster active the session is instead uncoupled from the cluster specified with *cluster_id*. Session consistency, error handling, and processing of XSUSPEND and XEND commands are now restored to normal operation.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message reports the completion of the XCOUPLE PURGE request. If an error occurs while processing the XCOUPLE request, an ANTC message is issued indicating that the particular error occurred. See this message for actions to take to allow the XCOUPLE function to complete successfully. If an XCOUPLE function should have occurred but has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dump of the associated ANTAS*nnn* address space. You can obtain the dump by issuing MODIFY ANTAS*nnn*,DUMP.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTC8411I | XCOUPLE RELEASE COMPLETE FOR MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>) CLUSTER(<i>cluster_id</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XCOUPLE command with RELEASE was successful. The master session *msession_id* with high-level qualifier of *mhlq* is no longer in HOLD status and is now free to continue advancing the consistency time for the coupled XRC sessions in the master session. If there is a cluster active the *cluster_id* will be displayed. The session status of all coupled sessions changes to NON-INTERLOCKED, and the volume status for all volumes in the sessions changes to AVS (see messages ANTQ8246I and ANTQ8304I for information related to these statuses).

For coupled sessions that are not active and for coupled sessions that are not in COUPLE_FAILED status, the release function is effective immediately on seeing this message.

For coupled sessions that are in COUPLE_FAILED status, the release function is effective when the XCOUPLE ADD command is issued for each session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message reports the successful release of the master session from a HOLD status. If an error occurs while processing the XCOUPLE RELEASE request, message ANTC5410E can have been issued to indicate the particular error that occurred. See this message for actions to take to allow the XCOUPLE RELEASE function to complete successfully. If an XCOUPLE RELEASE function should have occurred but has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dump of the associated ANTAS*nnn* address space. You can obtain the dump by issuing MODIFY ANTAS*nnn*,DUMP.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC8412W**command CANCEL REQUESTED BY COUPLED XRC SESSION(*session_id*)
FOR MSESSION(*msession_id*) WITH MHLQ(*mhlq*)**

Explanation

The XRC coupled session *session_id*, which is coupled with other sessions in the session *msession_id* with high-level qualifier of *mhlq*, has sent a request to the other coupled sessions in this master session to request that the *command* command be canceled. See message ANTC5409W for the return and reason codes that indicate why the command was canceled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The session either received a command (such as XSUSPEND CANCEL or XEND CANCEL) to cancel a pending command, or the session detected an error which caused the session to cancel a pending command. See the “Description and Suggested Recovery Action” topic of the return and reason codes issued with message ANTC5409W to determine any actions you need to take.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC8413W**command CANCEL RECEIVED BY COUPLED XRC SESSION(*session_id*)
FOR MSESSION(*msession_id*) WITH MHLQ(*mhlq*)**

Explanation

The XRC coupled session *session_id*, which is coupled with other sessions in the master session *msession_id* with master high-level qualifier of *mhlq*, has received a request by another coupled session in this master session to request that the *command* command be canceled. See message ANTC5409W for the return and reason codes that indicate why the command was canceled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The session received a command to cancel a pending command for one of the following reasons:

- The other session detected an error which caused that session to cancel a pending command and to request that the other sessions in the master session also cancel the pending command.
- Another coupled session received a cancel command, such as XSUSPEND CANCEL or XEND CANCEL.

See the “Description and Suggested Recovery Action” topic of the return and reason codes issued with message ANTC5409W to determine any actions you need to take.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTC8414W**COUPLED XRC *entity(name)* NOT INTERLOCKED WITH
MSESSION(*msession_id*) MHLQ(*mhlq*)**

Explanation

In the message text:

entity

This indicates what kind of XRC entity the message refers to. The valid values are:

SESSION

The message refers to an XRC session.

CLUSTER

The message refers to an XRC cluster.

The previously interlocked XRC session *session_id* coupled to master session *msession_id*, whose master high-level qualifier is *mhlq*, encountered a condition that made the session non-interlocked. The following conditions can cause a session to become non-interlocked:

- An XCOUPLE RELEASE command was issued.
- An XSUSPEND command caused all of the volume pairs in the session to be suspended.
- The session was restarted after a master XSUSPEND session command.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message is issued whenever the status of a coupled session changes from interlocked to non-interlocked.
To achieve interlocked status:

- If the session is suspended, start the XRC session by issuing an XSTART command, and issue an XADDPAIR command to add a volume pair to the XRC session.
- If the session is active, issue an XADDPAIR command to add a volume pair to the XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

ANTC8415I CLUSTER MONITORING NOW ENABLED FOR CLUSTER(*cluster_id*)
MSESSION(*msession_id*) MHLQ(*mhlq*)

Explanation

The performance monitor function is now enabled for the specified cluster, which is coupled to the specified master session.

System action

Performance data is recorded, if requested.

System programmer response

If system action matches the intended configuration, no further action is required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC8417I | CLUSTERING NOW ENABLED FOR MSESSION(<i>msession_id</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During startup, the XRC control address space has successfully enabled clustering for the specified master session and master high level qualifier.

System action

The cluster is added to the specified master session, and the ANTCLNNN address space is started.

System programmer response

If system action matches an intended configuration change, no further action is required. If not, check the ClusterMSession value in the ANTGIN00 parmlib member. Correct any error and issue command F ANTAS000,CREFRESH to reinitiate cluster setup processing.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC8418I | CLUSTERING FOR CLUSTER(<i>cname</i>) NOW DISABLED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Clustering for the specified cluster name is now disabled.

System action

XRC sessions on this system are no longer using the cluster for communicating coupling status.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTC8419W | CLUSTER MONITORING CONDITION FOR SESSION(<i>sessionid</i>) CLUSTER(<i>clusterid</i>) MSESSION(<i>msessionid</i>) MHLQ(<i>mhlq</i>), RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC cluster processing for cluster *clusterid* associated with master session *msessionid* with high level qualifier of *mhlq* detected the condition for XRC session *sessionid* indicated by the return code *rc* and reason code *reas*. Refer to the return code *rc* and reason code *reas* to determine the condition which occurred for the indicated XRC session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. The description for the return code indicates any actions that need to be taken for the condition.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTD8103I | XDELPAIR(option) COMPLETE FOR VOLUME PAIR(primary_volume,secondary_volume) FOR SESSION(session_id) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(timestamp) AND STATUS status |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An XDELPAIR command was issued with the option *option*. The volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parm.lib) is successfully removed from session *session_id*. The volume is consistent up to the reported time *timestamp*. The status of the volume pair is given by *status* at the time the pair was removed from the session. If the volume pair never reached duplex state or the primary volume is a utility volume, the consistency time is reported as "NO_TIME_AVAILABLE". The status is the same as reported by an XQUERY report.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message reports the completion of the XDELPAIR requested by the user. Any error that occurred while deleting the volume pair was reported by a previous error message. After a volume pair has been deleted it can be placed back into the XRC session by a subsequent XADDPAIR command. If the command is accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or at the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTE8008I | XRC SESSION(session_id) INACTIVE DUE TO ERROR. CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(timestamp) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error occurred which caused the XRC session *session_id* to end. All volumes except suspended volumes in the session are consistent up to the reported time of *timestamp*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See previous XRC messages to determine the cause of the error. The previous messages also contain the consistency time for suspended volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTE8105I | XEND(<i>option</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT TARGET CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XEND command with option *option* has been accepted for the session *session_id*. The command completes the processing of updates to the XRC secondary volumes through the target consistency time of *timestamp*. Successful completion of the command is reported by message ANTE8106I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTE8106I | XEND(<i>option</i>) COMPLETE FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>). SESSION NOW INACTIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The session *session_id* was successfully ended by the option requested by *option*. All secondary volumes are consistent up to the reported time *timestamp*. The session is inactive and is no longer maintaining a record of storage control updates.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

This message reports the completion of the XEND function requested by the user. If an error occurs while processing the XEND request, it was reported by a previous error message. If an XEND function should have occurred and has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command

DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. You can force a session to end by canceling the ANTAS*nnn* address space and deleting the state data set associated with the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Enterprise storage server FlashCopy messages (ANTF)

ANTF0001I *command_name* **COMMAND** *ending_status* **FOR DEVICE** *device_number*,
COMPLETION CODE: *hh*

Explanation

The ending status of the FlashCopy command is presented. The status is determined by conditions encountered during execution. Descriptions of the various commands are below:

command_name

The name of the FlashCopy command.

ending_status

- **COMPLETED**—The command is successfully completed.
- **UNSUCCESSFUL**—An error was encountered. Other messages can contain specific error information. Correct the error and reissue the command.

device_number

The device number specified in the FlashCopy command. This can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair in a FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request
- "" if the device number is missing or incorrectly specified in the command

hh

The highest completion code found during execution.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Check the console messages for a previous ANTF*nnnn*I message that explains the failure, and take action based on this previous message.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0003I **MISSING OR INVALID OPERAND. TYPE=***type*

Explanation

The parsing routine has found an operand in error. The operand is identified in the *type* field.

type

The specific operand type in error:

- **DEVN**—Device number
- **SDEVN**—Source device number

- TDEVN—Target device number
- DDSW—Deleted data set withdraw
- XTNTLST—Extents lists provided for establish or withdraw
- MODE—Background copy or not
- ONLINTGT—Target device online OK
- SOURCE—Source device for FB or inband request
- TARGET—Target device for FB or inband request
- REMOTE—Request is for a remote secondary of a PPRC pair
- INCRMNT—Perform change recording
- TGTPPRIM—Target PPRC primary device OK
- OPENDVC—The request is for FB devices
- SSID—Storage Subsystem ID
- QRYSSID—Open or remote QUERY subsystem
- SRCSER—Serial number of source ESS
- SRCCA—Source device CCA
- SRCLUN—Source device LUN
- SRCLSS—Source device LSS number
- TGTSER—Serial number of target ESS
- TGTCCA—Target device CCA
- TGTLUN—Target device LUN
- TGTLSS—Target device LSS number
- QRYSER—Serial number of QUERY device ESS
- QRYCCA—Query device CCA
- QRYLUN—Query device LUN
- QRYLSS—Query device LSS number

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for the command syntax rules. Ensure that the missing or incorrect operands are properly entered, that the required number of characters are given, and that hex values are in the correct format.

Note: The parsing routines only validate the operands syntactically. The storage control can reject syntactically correct commands if the operands cannot be resolved for the function requested.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0008I *command_name* **COMMAND FAILED TSO COMMAND PROCESSING**

Explanation

A missing or incorrect value was specified with the *command_name* command, or there are other TSO command processing errors.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See *z/OS TSO/E Messages* for an explanation of the related IKJxxxxx messages. Correct the error and reenter the command. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0009I | USER <i>userid</i> IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE THE ESFC <i>command_name</i> COMMAND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Enterprise Storage Subsystem FlashCopy *command_name* command was issued by user *userid*, and RACF (or the product providing resource control) has determined that this user is not authorized to use this command. If *userid* is UNKNOWN, a batch job invoked the *command_name* command, and the job card did not specify a user ID.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for command authorization details. If *userid* is UNKNOWN, specify an authorized user ID on the job card and resubmit the batch job.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0010I | <i>command_name</i> COMMAND FOR DEVICE <i>device_number</i> FAILED WHILE PROCESSING STORAGE CONTROL DATA |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy *command_name* command for the device *device_number* failed while attempting to obtain data from the storage control. *device_number* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair in a FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command has failed.

System programmer response

This command can have failed because it was issued to the wrong device or to the wrong storage control. Verify that the device is a FlashCopy-capable device and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0011I | ESFC <i>command_name</i> COMMAND HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED AS A TSO AUTHORIZED COMMAND |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy *command_name* command is not an authorized TSO command. The command name must be added to the appropriate IKJTSOxx parmlib member under the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for command authorization details.

The system administrator must:

1. Update the IKJTSOxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB, specifying the *command_name* command with the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.
2. Issue the TSO command PARMLIB UPDATE(xx) to activate the new IKJTSOxx member.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0012I | THE FACILITY CLASS PROFILE CORRESPONDING TO COMMAND(FC_<i>command_name</i>) HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The facility class profile corresponding to the (*command_name*) command has not been defined.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Define the corresponding facility class profile and permit the user to it.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0030I | SUBSYSTEM NOT VALID FOR FLASHCOPY <i>command_name</i> COMMAND TO DEVICE <i>device_number</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy *command_name* command specified device *device_number* is in a storage subsystem that does not support FlashCopy. *device_number* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair in a FlashCopy remote request

- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the device. Verify that the device is in an ESS and that the FlashCopy feature is enabled, and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0031I | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVICE <i>device_number</i> NOT IN ACTIVE FLASHCOPY |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command was issued and the source and target devices are not in an active FlashCopy relationship. *device_number* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair in a FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the devices. Verify that the devices are in a FlashCopy relationship, and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0082I | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW SOURCE DEVICE <i>sdevn</i> NOT IN SUBSYSTEM OF TARGET DEVICE <i>tdevn</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command was issued and the source device *sdevn* is not in the same subsystem as the target device *tdevn*. *sdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

tdevn can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the subsystem identifier (SSID), the subsystem serial number (SERIAL), and the logical subsystem identifier (LSS) of both the source and target devices. Confirm that the correct device numbers are being used, and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0083I | FLASHCOPY NOT ACTIVE FROM SOURCE DEVICE <i>sdevn</i> TO TARGET DEVICE <i>tdevn</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command was issued and the source device *sdevn* is not the source device in an active FlashCopy relationship with the target device *tdevn*. *sdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of the secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

tdevn can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the source device and target device are correct. Use the FCQUERY command to determine if the source device is in an active FlashCopy relationship with the target device. Reenter the command after correcting any errors. This command can fail because the source and target devices are in active FlashCopy relationships, but not with each other. Check to make sure that the source and target devices are not reversed.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ANTF0090I | <i>fcquery_format_message</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|

Explanation

An FCQUERY Formatted request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *fcquery_format_message*.

The first line of this report is a control line which consists of the following:

```
timestamp job_number ANTF0090I FCQUERY Formatted
connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

The second, header line of this report is a text line which consists of the following:

```
DEVN SSID LSS CCA CU SERIAL STATUS
```

The data under this second line header represents the following information:

DEVN

Contains the DEVN value or dashes ("----").

SSID

Contains the subsystem ID for the device.

LSS

Contains the ESS logical subsystem number or dashes if the DEVN is not in an ESS.

CCA

Contains the subsystem device address.

CU

Contains the subsystem type number (3990, 2105, and so forth).

SERIAL

Contains the subsystem serial number.

STATUS

Contains the current status of the device:

XRC.....

Device is in XRC pair.

PPRC....

Device is in PPRC pair.

CC.....

Device is in CC session.

FC.....

Device is in FlashCopy (no background copy if on the third line of the report).

FC..xxx%

Device is in FlashCopy (background copy active). This appears only on the third line of the report.

SIMPLEX.

Device is not in ESS or not in any copy status.

The third line of the report contains information about one device. If the device is not in an ESS, or is not in a FlashCopy relationship, this line contains available device and subsystem information. If the DEVN identifies the source volume while in a FlashCopy relationship, the DEVN status field has the device number specified in the FCQUERY DEVN parameter. If the DEVN identifies the target volume while in a FlashCopy relationship, the DEVN status field contains dashes ("----").

The optional fourth line of the report contains information about the second device if the FCQUERY DEVN identifies a device while in a FlashCopy relationship. If the DEVN identifies a source device, the DEVN status field in this line contains dashes ("----"). If the DEVN identifies a target device, the DEVN status field in this line contains the device number in the DEVN parameter.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

An FCQUERY Unformatted request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *fcquery_unformatted_message* parameter; it consists of the following lines:

- Line 1:

```
timestamp job_number ANTF0091I FCQUERY  
Unformatted connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

- Line 2:

```
device_number,ssid,lss,cca,cu,serial,status
```

- Line 3 (Optional line—if DEVN is in FlashCopy)

```
device_number,ssid,lss,cca,cu,serial,status
```

where:

DEVN

Contains the DEVN value or dashes ("----").

SSID

Contains the Subsystem ID for the device.

LSS

Contains the ESS Logical Subsystem number or dashes if the DEVN is not in an ESS.

CCA

Contains the subsystem device address.

CU

Contains the subsystem type number (3990, 2105, ...).

SERIAL

Contains the subsystem serial number.

STATUS

Contains the current status of the device:

XRC.....

Device is in XRC pair.

PPRC....

Device is in PPRC pair.

CC.....

Device is in CC session.

FC.....

Device is in FlashCopy (no background copy if on the third line of the report).

FC..xxx%

Device is in FlashCopy (background copy active). This appears only on the third line of the report.

SIMPLEX.

Device is not in ESS or not in any copy status.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0100I | FLASHCOPY OPERATION ERROR. MSG FRMT = <i>f</i>, MSG NMBR = <i>n</i>, REAS: <i>rs</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The ESS subsystem detected an internal error while processing the FlashCopy request. The request was not completed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This is generally an error caused by existing conditions or states in the subsystem. If the problem recurs, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. An unformatted GTF I/O trace on the specified device while the problem recurs might be required for further diagnosis.

Note: The reasons for the internal error can be correctable by the user. The following list has some of these reasons and a description of the error and possible corrective actions:

MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: 56

The FlashCopy request specified a volume that has pinned data. Correct the pinned data situation and resubmit the FlashCopy request.

MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: 60

The target device for a FlashCopy request is in a path grouped status. This implies the device is online to a host system (not necessarily to the host issuing this FlashCopy request). Either ensure that the target device is offline to all systems or specify the ONLINTGT(YES) parameter.

MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: 82

The subsystem has insufficient resources or too many FlashCopy relationships to complete this FlashCopy request. Resubmit the request when the condition is corrected or relieved.

MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: 84

The FlashCopy request specified devices that are not in the same ESS logical subsystem or the devices are not the same size and format.

MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: BB

The FlashCopy FCWITHDR request specified DDSW(YES) for a source device which is in an existing full-volume FlashCopy relationship.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0200I | AOM DETECTED I/O ERROR. MSG FRMT = <i>f</i>, MSG NMBR = <i>n</i>, REAS: <i>rs</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request from FlashCopy processing. The message format *f*, the message number *n*, and the reason *rs* are taken from the sense bytes obtained after the error.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This message can be received because of a parameter error that would normally result in an ANTF003I message, however, the microcode is at a lower level that does not report the necessary information to determine the parameter that is in error. Verify that all parameters specified are correct for the request being attempted. If all parameters are correct, this is an internal error. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0201I | NO UCB FOUND FOR DEVICE NUMBER SPECIFIED IN INPUT |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

FlashCopy processing attempted to locate the UCB for the device, but the UCB could not be found.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Check the device number specified in the FlashCopy command to ensure that it is a valid device as defined to the host system. Resubmit the FlashCopy command with a valid device number.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0202I | CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS FAILED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

FlashCopy processing attempted to read device information from the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0207I | ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATIONS MGR. REQUEST FAILED RTN: 04 REAS: rs |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request from FlashCopy processing.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This is an internal error. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Additional information about AOM return and reason codes can be found in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) information.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0208I | ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATIONS MGR. OPERATION FAILED RTN: 08 |
| | REAS: rs |

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request from FlashCopy processing.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This is an internal error. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Additional information about AOM return and reason codes can be found in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) information.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0209I | ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATIONS MGR. INTERNAL ERROR RTN: 12 REAS: |
| | rs |

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request from FlashCopy processing.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This is an internal error. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Additional information about AOM return and reason codes can be found in the [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) information.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0211I**CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ CONFIGURATION DATA FAILED**

Explanation

FlashCopy processing attempted to read device configuration information from the subsystem for the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0212I**CHANNEL PROGRAM: SENSE SUBSYSTEM STATUS FAILED**

Explanation

FlashCopy processing attempted to read subsystem status information about the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0213I**UNIT IS ALIAS DEVICE, SPECIFIED OPERATION NOT ALLOWED**

Explanation

FlashCopy processing detected the specified device is a Parallel Access Volume (PAV) alias device. FlashCopy requests can only be issued to the PAV base device or non-PAV devices.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the device specified is the correct device, and resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0214I**UNIT IS NOT A VALID DEVICE TYPE FOR SPECIFIED OPERATION**

Explanation

FlashCopy processing detected the specified device is not a direct access storage device (DASD). FlashCopy requests can only be issued to DASD devices in ESS subsystems.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the device specified is the correct device, and resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0301E**FLASHCOPY DEVN DEVICE NOT IN SAME CLUSTER AS OPEN DEVICE**

Explanation

The FlashCopy request specified OPENDVCS(YES). The DEVN device is not in the same subsystem cluster as the Open device identified in the request. The DEVN device is used only as an access device to the subsystem cluster that contains the Open (Fixed Block) device. The Open Device must be in the same cluster as the DEVN device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the DEVN device is in the same subsystem cluster as the Open device identified in the FlashCopy request. Reissue the corrected request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0302E**FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED ON SUBSYSTEM MICROCODE (LIC)
LEVEL**

Explanation

The Advanced Copy Services request specified a function that is not supported by host software on the subsystem identified in the request. The specified subsystem microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode level required for the function.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Determine the microcode level (LIC) of the subsystem identified in the request. Ensure that the microcode is at the required level. After making changes or corrections, resubmit the Advanced Copy Services request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0303E**UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT FLASHCOPY OPERATIONS**

Explanation

A FlashCopy request was made to the subsystem, but the subsystem reports that the FlashCopy function is inactive or not installed for this unit. One of the following conditions exists on the storage subsystem:

- Source or target devices are not properly specified
- Source and target devices are on different subsystems
- Requested FlashCopy LIC for requested function is not installed on the subsystem

System action

Request has failed.

System programmer response

Issue the DEVSERV command to determine the status of the above conditions and correct those conditions. If the LIC is not at a valid functional level, upgrade to the correct level. After conditions have been corrected, reissue the command.

Source

FlashCopy.

ANTF0304E**OPENDVCS DOES NOT SUPPORT KEYWORD *kkkkk***

Explanation

The OPENDVCS(YES) function has been specified with keyword *kkkkk*. These options are mutually exclusive. The request failed.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

OPENDVCS(YES) is mutually exclusive with the SDEVN, TDEVN, ONLINGT, and EXTENTS parameters. Select the wanted option and remove the option that is mutually exclusive. Reissue the command.

Source

FlashCopy.

ANTF0309E**PPRC SECONDARY REQUIRED FOR REMOTE REQUEST**

Explanation

A remote FlashCopy request was specified but the primary FlashCopy volume is not a PPRC secondary volume. The request is rejected.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

A remote FlashCopy request must be directed to a PPRC secondary volume. The specified primary FlashCopy volume is not a PPRC secondary volume. Reissue the command directing the request to a PPRC secondary volume.

Source

FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0310E | TARGET OF REMOTE REQUEST NOT FOUND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A remote FlashCopy request was specified but the target was not found. The request is rejected. Probable causes are:

- The target device was specified incorrectly
- The target device is not in the same subsystem as the primary

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

Reissue the command directing the request to a valid PPRC secondary volume.

Source

FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| ANTF0311E | REMOTE REQUEST SSID INVALID |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

A remote FlashCopy request was specified with an SSID that has incompatible options. The command failed.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

If the remote FlashCopy request is for zSeries volumes, the SSID must be smaller than X'10'. If the remote FlashCopy request is for Open devices (OPENDVCS(YES) is specified) the SSID must be equal to or greater than X'10'. Reissue the command with the correct specification.

Source

FlashCopy.

ANTF0312E**PERSISTENT RELATIONSHIP ALREADY EXISTS**

Explanation

A persistent FlashCopy request was made for a volume relationship that already exists. The request is rejected.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

A volume can only be in a single persistent relationship. This request is for a volume that is already in a relationship. The volume specified can be incorrect. If the volume is correct, remove the existing relationship before reissuing the command.

Source

FlashCopy.

ANTF0330I**FLASHCOPY *command* SOURCE DEVICE *sdevn* NOT IN SUBSYSTEM OF
TARGET DEVICE *tdevn***

Explanation

The FlashCopy command was specified with a source device *sdevn* and the target device *tdevn* that do not meet the logical subsystem requirement. *sdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

tdevn can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

The FlashCopy command *command* was issued in an environment that does not have accessibility to FlashCopy Version 2 functions. FlashCopy Version 1 requires that the source and target devices must exist in the same logical subsystem (lss). If the FlashCopy command was issued in an environment that does have accessibility to FlashCopy Version 2 or greater functions, the source and target devices must exist on the same storage control, any lss within the storage control.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the source and target devices. Verify that the devices are in the appropriate logical subsystem (LSS) as indicated in the Explanation topic. Verify that *sdevn* and *tdevn* are the correct device numbers and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0331I

FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVICE *sdevn* NOT IN ACTIVE FLASHCOPY WITH DEVICE *tdevn*

Explanation

The source device *sdevn* and target device *tdevn* specified on the FLASHCOPY FCWITHDR command are in FlashCopy relationships in the same Enterprise Storage Server® (ESS) logical subsystem, but the devices are not in a FlashCopy relationship with each other. *sdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

tdevn can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the source and target devices. Ensure that the devices are in FlashCopy relationships and the channel connection addresses (CCAs) of each device is the source/target of the other device. Verify that the *sdevn* and *tdevn* are the correct device numbers and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0332I

THE FLASHCOPY FCESTABL command SOURCE or TARGET *srctgt* DEVICE *devn* IS IN AN ACTIVE FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP

Explanation

The FLASHCOPY FCESTABL command SOURCE or TARGET *srctgt* device *devn* is in an active FlashCopy relationship. *devn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD source in a FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the source and target devices specified in the FLASHCOPY FCESTABL command. The devices cannot be in a FlashCopy relationship with any other devices when the FlashCopy FCESTABL command is issued. Verify that *devn* is the correct device number and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0335I

**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW SOURCE DEVICE *sdevn* NOT ACTIVE
FLASHCOPY SOURCE DEVICE**

Explanation

The FLASHCOPY FCWITHDR command specified a source device *sdevn*, and the source device is not in a FlashCopy relationship. *sdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the source device. The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command target device must identify the source device in a FlashCopy relationship. Verify that the source and target devices specified on the FCWITHDR command are correct, and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0336I

**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW TARGET DEVICE *tdevn* NOT ACTIVE
FLASHCOPY TARGET DEVICE**

Explanation

The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command specified a target device *tdevn* and the target device is the source device in a FlashCopy relationship. *tdevn* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to determine the status of the target device. The FlashCopy FCWITHDR command target device must identify the target device in a FlashCopy relationship. Verify that the source and target devices specified on the FCWITHDR command are correct, and reenter the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0340E

FLASHCOPY DEVICE IN UNDETERMINED STATUS

Explanation

A FlashCopy request detected that the target device is in CE mode or the device status is not known. This could be the result of FlashCopy Establish request that was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the TARGET device cannot be used as the FlashCopy target because of one of the following conditions:

- The target serial number is not the same as the PPRC secondary device serial number.
- The target lss is not valid for the PPRC secondary subsystem.
- The target cca or lun is not valid for the PPRC secondary subsystem.
- If the Target device is a CKD device, the SSID ssid is not the same as the PPRC secondary device ssid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This error is returned from the ESS subsystem when the device is in CE mode, or the status is not known to the ESS. If this is the result of an establish request with the REMOTE(YES) keyword, make sure that the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy TARGET device information. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Establish request. Call hardware support if the condition cannot be cleared.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0341E | FLASHCOPY DEVICE HAS PINNED DATA |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy request specified a device that has pinned data status.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

The pinned data status must be cleared before the FlashCopy request can be completed. Use the DEVSERV command to obtain information about the device. Call hardware support if the condition cannot be cleared.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0342E | FLASHCOPY TARGET IN PATH GROUP - ONLINE TARGET NOT ALLOWED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected an active path group connection between the target device and a host system, and the ONLINTGT(YES) keyword was not specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

The active path group connection to the target device is detected in the ESS subsystem. This indicates the target device can possibly be online to some host system. The online status of the device must be checked from every host system with access to the target device. If the target device is offline to all attached host systems and the path group connection is still active, the ONLINTGT(YES) keyword can be added to the FlashCopy Establish request. Host system console command VARY OFFLINE can also reset the path group connection.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0350E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH - FLASHCOPY ALREADY ACTIVE OR NO RESOURCES |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that a specified device is in a FlashCopy relationship, or the internal ESS subsystem processing detected insufficient resources to complete the Establish of the FlashCopy relationship.

This message can also be issued if one or both of the specified devices specified in a FlashCopy Version 2 Establish request are in an active FlashCopy Version 1 relationship.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

The possible causes of this error are that one or both of the devices specified in a FlashCopy Version 2 Establish requests are in an active FlashCopy Version 1 relationship, or that another FlashCopy Establish for one or both of the specified devices completed just before this FlashCopy Establish was requested. Use the FCQUERY request to determine the status of the requested devices. If the devices are not in a FlashCopy relationship, this FlashCopy Establish request can be retried at a later time, when ESS resources can be available.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0351E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH - ESS BATTERY NOT AVAILABLE OR INSTALLED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that the ESS subsystem battery feature was inactive or not installed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

The ESS subsystem battery feature must be installed and active before FlashCopy can be used. Call the service representative to correct the problem.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0352E | FLASHCOPY VOLUMES NOT IN SAME LSS OR DIFFERENT SIZE/FORMAT |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that the devices were not in the same Logical Subsystem, or the source device has more cylinders than the target device, or the devices have different formats.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY command to make sure the source and target devices are in the same LSS. Use the ESS configuration information or DEVSERV QD, *dddd* command to make sure the source and target devices have the same format, and the target device has the same number of cylinders, or more, as the source device. After making any needed corrections or changes, reissue the FlashCopy request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0353E | FLASHCOPY TARGET DEVICE IN CONFLICT WITH COPY SERVICES STATUS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that the specified target device is an XRC Primary volume, a PPRC device (primary or secondary), or a Concurrent Copy source volume.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FCQUERY to determine which copy service is active on the target device (XRC, or PPRC). Make any necessary changes or corrections and reissue the FlashCopy Establish request. If running with appropriate levels of software and microcode support, the target of the FCESTABL command can be the primary of a PPRC pair when TGTPPRIM(YES) is specified.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0354E | FLASHCOPY FEATURE NOT INSTALLED OR ACTIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that the FlashCopy feature was not installed or not active.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure the ESS subsystem has the FlashCopy feature installed and active. It can be necessary to call customer service or a service representative to resolve the problem.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0355E**FLASHCOPY TARGET IN USE BY OTHER COPY OPERATION**

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected that the target device is active in another copy operation.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

The ESS subsystem returns this error when the specified target device is in use by another outboard copy operation (such as TDMF). Verify that the target device is correctly specified and not in use by another outboard copy operation, and reissue the FlashCopy command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0360E**FLASHCOPY REQUEST RESOURCE SHORTAGE OR HARDWARE
CONDITIONS**

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request detected insufficient resources to complete the establish of the FlashCopy relationship or the internal ESS subsystem processing encountered an error.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This error is typically seen when a large number of FlashCopy requests are issued in a short amount of time. Use the FCQUERY request to determine the status of the requested devices and other devices on the subsystem. If many devices are in FlashCopy relationships, the FlashCopy Establish request can be retried at a later time, when ESS resources can be available. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0400E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH *devtype* DEVN *devn* NOT ALLOWED WITH
FLASHCOPY VERSION 1 ACTIVE**

Explanation

An FlashCopy establish request specified a SOURCE or TARGET device with a device number of *devn*. The device is currently active in a FlashCopy Version 1 relationship, and your request which failed was issued from an environment which supports FlashCopy Version 2.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the source and target devices. After the FlashCopy Version 1 request has completed for the indicated device, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0401E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH PARAMETERS EXTENTS, XTNTLST AND XXTNTLST ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request included EXTENTS and XTNTLST, EXTENTS and XXTNTLST, or XTNTLST and XXTNTLST keywords. Only one of these keywords can be specified at a time in a command.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Change the FlashCopy establish request as required and resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0402E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH PARAMETERS EXTENTS AND MODE(NOCOPY2COPY) ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with MODE(NOCOPY2COPY) and EXTENTS. EXTENTS is not allowed with MODE(NOCOPY2COPY).

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

If MODE(NOCOPY2COPY) is specified in the FlashCopy Establish request, ensure the EXTENTS is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0403E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH PARAMETERS <i>parameter1</i> AND <i>parameter2</i> ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FCESTABL request was issued with mutually exclusive parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*. Specifying these parameters on the same request is not allowed.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for proper TSO syntax for the FCESTABL command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0404E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW PARAMETERS <i>parameter1</i> AND <i>parameter2</i> ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FCWITHDR request was issued with mutually exclusive parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*. Specifying these parameters on the same request is not allowed.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for proper TSO syntax for the FCWITHDR command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0405E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW <i>parm</i> PARAMETER NOT SUPPORTED FOR DEVICE <i>devn</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy withdraw request specified the parameter *parm*, but the parameter is not supported for the device *devn*.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the device. The device cannot be associated with an ESS storage subsystem that supports the parameter. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* to determine parameters which can be specified on the request. Modify the request appropriately, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0406E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW PARAMETERS ARE MISSING OR INCONSISTENT |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy withdraw request specified parameters that conflict with other parameters, or the required parameters are missing. The following list contains all the sets of parameters that are valid with the FlashCopy withdraw request. Related parameters are listed first, with optional parameters in brackets following the related parameters.

For FlashCopy Version 1 devices, the parameters are:

- SDEVN, TDEVN (cannot be the same device)
- TDEVN

For FlashCopy Version 2 devices, the optional parameters are:

- SDEVN, TDEVN [XTNTLST, DDSW(NO)] (can be the same device with XTNTLST)
- SDEVN, DDSW(YES) [XTNTLST, TDEVN] (TDEVN is ignored if specified)
- TDEVN [XTNTLST, DDSW(NO)]

Any other combination causes the FlashCopy withdraw request to fail with this error message.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Modify the request to ensure all the parameters specified on the FlashCopy withdraw request are consistent as described above. After any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0407E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH SOURCE <i>srcdev</i> AND TARGET <i>tgtdev</i> DEVICES HAVE INCOMPATIBLE TRACK SIZES/FORMATS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed. The size or format of the source device *srcdev* is not compatible with the track size or format of the target device *tgtdev*, or the volume capacity of target device *tgtdev* is not equal to or greater than the source device *srcdev*.

srcdev can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

tgtdev can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Modify the request to ensure the source and target device track size and format are the same, and device size of the target must be equal to or larger than the source. After making any corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0408E | FLASHCOPY TSO <i>cmdname</i> <i>parmname</i> HAS MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE NUMBER OF EXTENTS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy TSO command *cmdname* was issued with parameter *parmname* specified. The number of source extents specified exceeds the maximum number of source extents allowed in a TSO FlashCopy request. The maximum number of source extents allowed is 32.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reduce the number of source extents specified for the FCESTABL or FCWITHDR TSO command. After making any changes or corrections, reissue the FlashCopy command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0409E | FLASHCOPY <i>reqtype</i> INVALID - SOURCE AND TARGET DEVICES NUMBERS MUST BE DIFFERENT |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy request *reqtype* is invalid. For a FlashCopy establish or withdraw request, if you do not specify the source and target extents on the request, the default is to process all source device tracks. However, this message was issued because you provided identical source and target device numbers on the request, and you did not meet the following conditions:

- For the FlashCopy establish request, the XTNTLST parameter must be specified.
- For the FlashCopy withdraw request, one of the following conditions must be met:
 - The XTNTLST parameter must be specified.
 - The DDSW(YES) parameter must be specified (with or without the XTNTLST parameter).

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Modify the request to either satisfy the conditions that allow the source and target device numbers to be the same, or change the source and target numbers to be different. Resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request failed for a device specified on the request because storage subsystem resources were not available to complete the request.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

This message is issued when the storage subsystem determines that resources are not sufficient to complete the Establish request. Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the source and target devices specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of FlashCopy query output. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed for a device specified on the request. The maximum number of active FlashCopy relationships has been reached for the device.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the current status of the source and target devices specified on the Flashcopy establish request. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of FlashCopy query output. Resubmit the FlashCopy establish request when the FlashCopy output for the device indicates that the maximum number of active relationships for the device are no longer being used. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request failed for a source track because the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships has been reached for one or more tracks contained within the extents specified on the request.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the source device specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output. The FlashCopy query output does not provide information about a track basis, but you can be able to make this determination based on the extents you specified on the establish request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0413E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH SOURCE TRACK IS AN ACTIVE TARGET TRACK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed because one or more source tracks contained within the extents specified was found to already be a target track in a FlashCopy relationship.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the source device specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output. The FlashCopy query output does not provide information about a track basis, but you can be able to make this determination based on the extents you specified on the establish request. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0414E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH TARGET TRACK IS AN ACTIVE TARGET TRACK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed because one or more target tracks contained within the extents specified was found to already be a target track in a FlashCopy relationship. This could be the result of an attempt to issue an establish specifying devices (source and target) already in an existing relationship. For example, an establish with INCREMENTAL(YES) can have been specified, but the full volume relationship was not initially established as an incremental relationship.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the target device specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output. The FlashCopy query output does not provide information about a track basis, but you can be able to make this determination based on the extents you specified on the establish request. This message can also be received in the case of an establish request which is completed by the ESS after missing interrupt handler processing has been initiated. Resubmit the request. If the intention is to use Incremental FlashCopy, then the original

relationship must be withdrawn and established with INCREMENTAL(YES). If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0415E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH TARGET TRACK IS AN ACTIVE SOURCE TRACK**

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed because one or more target tracks contained within the extents specified was found to already be a source track in a FlashCopy relationship.

System action

FlashCopy Establish request not processed.

System programmer response

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the target device specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output. The FlashCopy query output does not provide information about a track basis, but you can be able to make this determination based on the extents you specified on the establish request. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0416E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW MAXIMUM DEVICE RELATIONSHIPS ARE ACTIVE**

Explanation

A FlashCopy withdraw request failed because the maximum number of active FlashCopy relationships has been reached for a device specified on the request. The withdraw request caused existing relationships to be split, and as a result, the maximum number of relationships for the device was reached.

System action

FlashCopy withdraw request not completed.

System programmer response

The FlashCopy withdraw request could not be completed successfully, and as a result some of the extents specified on the request can have been withdrawn and some will not have been withdrawn. IBM cannot ensure the integrity of the data copied for the extents that were withdrawn because they can be associated with the extents that could not be withdrawn. You will need to withdraw all extents for the affected device and submit a FlashCopy establish request to reestablish FlashCopy relationships needed. Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the current status of source and target devices specified on the FlashCopy withdraw request. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

The FlashCopy request *reqtype* contained an invalid extent specification for device *devn*.

exttype1 and *exttype2* indicate the extent type of SOURCE or TARGET.

extnum1 and *extnum2* indicate the position number of the extent in error as specified on the request. An extent consists of the beginning track and ending track identifiers specified on the request (also called an extent range). For example, the first source extent specified on the request has the position number of '1', the second source extent specified has the position number of = '2', etc. The first target extent specified on the request has the position number of '1', the second target extent specified has the position number of '2', and so forth.

The device number *devn* indicated in this message references the source device number specified on the request unless the invalid extent specified was only found on the target device, in which case *devn* indicates the target device number, or dashes (--) if a device number is not available. If the invalid extent specification is found on a single device, either source or target device, *exttype2* and *extnum2* contains dashes (--).

The following function codes (*fc*) indicate the particular invalid specification that was found for the extent or extents:

01

You already specified this extent as a source extent for this request. You have already specified an extent range which includes this extent.

02

You already specified this extent as a target extent for this request. You have already specified an extent range which includes this extent.

03

The extent specification is not 8 characters long.

04

The extent specification contains non-hexadecimal characters.

05

The extent specification is incomplete. Both beginning and ending track identifiers must be specified for an extent

06

The extent specification is beyond the range of the device.

07

The extent specification is beyond the range of the number of tracks per cylinder.

08

The beginning track identifier is greater than the ending track identifier for the extent.

09

The number of source and target tracks is not equal for the specified extents.

10

The number of source and target extents is not equal.

System action

FlashCopy request not processed.

System programmer response

Make the appropriate changes to the specified request, and resubmit the request. Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the current status of the device. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0418E | FLASHCOPY <i>reqtype</i> KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> FUNCTION NOT AVAILABLE FOR DEVN <i>devn</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy request *reqtype* contained an invalid keyword *keyword* which is not supported for device number *devn*.

System action

FlashCopy request not processed.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for requirements needed for the request. The problem could be that the device is associated with a storage subsystem that does not support the function needed by the specified keyword. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0419E | FLASHCOPY <i>reqtype</i> FULL VOLUME SOURCE <i>devn1</i> LARGER THAN TARGET <i>devn2</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The full volume FlashCopy request *reqtype* specified a source device *devn1* containing more tracks than the target device *devn2*. *devn1* can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD secondary of a PPRC pair and source in the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request

devn2 can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-cca* of the CKD target of the FlashCopy remote request
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block target device in the FlashCopy OPEN request

System action

FlashCopy request not processed.

System programmer response

For full volume FlashCopy requests, you must ensure that the number of tracks on the target device is equal to or greater than the number of tracks on the source device. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for additional requirements needed for the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

An FCQUERY request was issued for formatted information. This is a block message showing FlashCopy information for an ESS subsystem which supports advanced FlashCopy features.

The first line of this report is a control line which consists of the following information:

timestamp job_number ANTF0420I FCQUERY FORMATTED VERSION - *n connect_message_number* C

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

The second line is the header line of this report, and consists of the following header:

```
DEVN SSID LSS CCA CU SERIAL ACT MAX XC PC CC RV SE SEQNUM
```

The data under this second line represents the following information:

- *devn* is the DEVN (device name) specified on the FlashCopy query request.
- *ssid* is the subsystem ID for the device.
- *lss* is logical subsystem number.
- *cca* is the subsystem device address.
- *cu* is the subsystem type number.
- *serial* is the subsystem serial number.
- *act* is the current number of FlashCopy relationships that the device has. This value is indicated in decimal format.
- *max* is the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships that the device can have. This value is indicated in decimal format.
- *xc* is either 'S' indicating that the device is an XRC source volume, or is 'N' indicating that the device is not an XRC source volume.
- *pc* is either 'P' indicating that the device is a PPRC primary volume, is 'S' indicating that the device is a PPRC secondary volume, or is 'N' for neither.
- *cc* is either 'S' indicating that the device is a concurrent copy source volume, or is 'N' indicating that the device is not a concurrent copy source volume.
- *rv* is either 'Y' indicating that the FlashCopy relationship is in a revertible state, or is 'N' indicating that the FlashCopy relationship is not in a revertible state.
- *se* is a 2 character field, the first character indicates the track space efficient characteristic of the queried device, the second character indicates the track space efficient properties of the full volume FlashCopy target(s) associated with the queried devices.
- *seqnum* is the FlashCopy sequence number. The *rv* and *seqnum* values are used to determine required recovery action when the volume is in a Global Mirror session.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

Explanation

An FCQUERY TSO command was issued with the SHOWRELS keyword, requesting FlashCopy relationship table information.

The first line of this report is a control line that consists of the following:

```
timestamp job_number ANTF0421I FCQUERY
Relationship - 1 connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

The formatted display is:

```
DEVN SSID LSS CCA CU      SERIAL      ACT  MAX XC PC
CC RV SE  SEQNUM
devn ssid lss  cca cyty serialnumber  act max  xc pc
cc rv se  sequence
RELATIONSHIP DETAIL STARTING TRACK: aaaaaaaa
DEVICE LONG BUSY FOR CG: bbb  WRITE INHIBITED: ccc
DEVICE IN SAFEGUARDED COPY RELATIONSHIP: www
-----
PARTNER      SOURCE      TARGET      S F C C P C T S F P R S R W
LSS CCA SSID START      START      O V O A R R W E L M A G R P
-----
dd  ee ffff gggggggg hhhhhhhh i j k l m n o p q r s t u v
NO. OF TRACKS: numtrks
TRACKS TO COPY: trks2cpy
ESTABL: yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss
LAST INCR:  yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss
```

The information displayed is as follows:

- *devn* is the DEVN (device name) specified on the FlashCopy query request.
- *ssid* is the subsystem ID for the device.
- *lss* is logical subsystem number.
- *ca* is the subsystem device address.
- *cuty* is the subsystem type number.
- *serialnumber* is the subsystem serial number.
- *act* is the current number of FlashCopy relationships that the device has. This value is indicated in decimal format. Safeguarded copy relationships and safeguarded copy recovery relationships are included in this number. Safeguarded copy is considered a single relationships for this value, regardless of the number of consistency groups that have been captured.
- *max* is the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships that the device can have. This value is indicated in decimal format.
- *xc* is one of the following values:
 - S**
Indicates that the device is an XRC source volume.
 - N**
Indicates that the device is not an XRC source volume.
- *pc* is one of the following values:
 - P**
Indicates that the device is a PPRC primary volume.
 - S**
Indicates that the device is a PPRC secondary volume.
 - N**
Indicates the device is not a PPRC volume.
- *cc* is one of the following values:

S

Indicates that the device is a concurrent copy source volume.

N

Indicates that the device is not a concurrent copy source volume.

- *rv* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that the FlashCopy relationship is in a revertible state.

N

Indicates that the FlashCopy relationship is not in a revertible state.

- *se* is a 2 character field. The first character indicates that the track space efficient characteristic of the queried device, the second character indicates the track space efficient properties of the full volume FlashCopy target(s) associated with the queried device. Possible values for the first character in this field are:

N

The queried volume is not a track space efficient volume.

Y

The queried device is a track space efficient volume.

–

For a fixed block (OPENDVCS(YES)) or inband (REMOTE(YES)) request, the query is issued using an access volume, so the track space efficient status of that volume does not apply and a dash (-) is displayed.

Possible values for the second character in this field are:

N

The volume is not in a full volume relationship with a track space efficient target and this volume is not a track space efficient volume.

Y

The volume is in a full volume relationship with one or more track space efficient targets.

F

The volume is in a full volume relationship with one or more track space efficient targets and at least one of those relationships is in a failed state.

I

The volume is in a full volume relationship with one or more track space efficient targets and at least one of those relationships caused this volume to be write inhibited.

B

The volume is in a full volume relationship with one or more track space efficient targets, at least one of those relationships caused this volume to be write inhibited, and at least one of those relationships is in a failed state.

- *sequence* is the FlashCopy sequence number. The *rv* and *sequence* values are used to determine required recovery action when the volume is in a Global Mirror session.
- *aaaaaaaa* is starting track address for the query, as specified in the STARTADDR keyword of the query command, or 00000000 if the STARTADDR keyword was omitted.
- *bbb* is one of the following values:

YES

Indicates that the device is in a long busy state because of a FlashCopy Establish command being issued with ACTION(FREEZE) for consistency group processing and that the FlashCopy Withdraw command with ACTION(THAW) has not yet been issued to the LSS.

NO

Indicates that the device is not in a long busy because of FlashCopy consistency group processing.

- *ccc* is one of the following values:

YES

Indicates that the device is write-inhibited because it is a source of a track space efficient FlashCopy relationship and the repository the target is associated with is out of space.

NO

Indicates that the device is not write-inhibited because of a track space efficient repository out of space condition.

- *www* is the status of the safeguarded relationship for the queried volume and contains one of the following values:

NO

Indicates that there is no SGC relationship.

YES

Volume is in a Safeguarded Copy Relationship.

- *dd* is partner LSS for the relationship. If this is a source relationship, the partner LSS is the target LSS for the relationship. If this is a target relationship, the partner LSS is the source LSS of the relationship. If this is a safe guarded copy relationship, the LSS display dashes '----'
- *ee* is partner channel connection address (CCA) for the relationship. If this is a source relationship, the partner CCA is the target CCA of the relationship. If this is a target relationship, the partner CCA is the source CCA of the relationship. If this is a safe guarded copy relationship, the LSS display dashes '----'
- *ffff* is the subsystem ID for the LSS of the partner device in the relationship. If this is a target relationship, this is the SSID for the source device. If this is a source relationship, this is the SSID for the target device. If this is a SGC relationship, the SSID will display as dashes '----'.
- *gggggggg* is starting track address for the relationship on the source.
- *hhhhhhhh* is starting track address for the relationship on the target.
- *i* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that this is a source relationship.

N

Indicates that this is a target relationship.

- *j* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that this is a full volume relationship.

N

Indicates that this is not a full volume relationship.

- *k* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that this is a COPY relationship.

N

Indicates that this is a NOCOPY relationship.

- *l* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that the background copy is currently active for this relationship.

N

Indicates that the background copy is not currently active for this relationship.

- *m* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that this is a persistent relationship.

N

Indicates this is not a persistent relationship.

- *n* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that version 1 change recording is active for this relationship (incremental).

- 2**
Indicates that version 2 change recording is active for this relationship (incremental).
- N**
Indicates that change recording is not active for this relationship.
- *o* is one of the following values:
 - Y**
Indicates that the target of the relationship is writable.
 - N**
Indicates that the target is write-inhibited.
- *p* is one of the following values:
 - N**
Indicates that the target of this relationship is not a track space efficient volume.
 - F**
Indicates that the target of this relationship is track space efficient and the relationship is failed if the repository becomes full.
 - I**
Indicates that the target of this relationship is track space efficient and the source becomes write-inhibited if the repository becomes full.
- *q* is one of the following values:
 - Y**
Indicates that the relationship is currently in a failed state.
 - N**
Indicates that the relationship is not currently in a failed state.
- *r* represents the Preserve Mirror state of the relationship. *r* one of the following values:
 - N**
Indicates that the relationship was not established as a Preserve Mirror operation because Preserve Mirror was not requested or Preserve Mirror Preferred was specified but could not be accomplished.
 - P**
Indicates that the relationship was established as a Preserve Mirror operation because of a Preserve Mirror Preferred request.
 - R**
Indicates that the relationship was established as a Preserve Mirror operation because of a Preserve Mirror Required request.
 - S**
Indicates that this is a remote relationship established between two PPRC secondary devices as part of a Preserve Mirror operation or the PM relationship type cannot be determined because of a conflict in the source and/or target PPRC copy status.
- *s* is one of the following values:
 - Y**
Indicates that the relationship is a SGC Active Consistency Group Reservation.
 - N**
Indicates that the relationship is not a SGC Active Consistency Group Reservation.
- *t* represents the SGC state of the relationship entry and is one of the following values:
 - Y**
Indicates that this is a SGC relationship. When this field is 'Y', the target LSS, CCA, and SSID values display dashes '----' because the target of the SGC relationship is not known to the host nor addressable in traditional manners. Also, when this field is 'Y', the source start track address and the target start track address is all zeros.
 - N**
Indicates that this is not a SGC relationship.

- *u* represents the SGC recovery relationship state of the relationship entry and is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that this is a SGC recovery relationship and the target start track address is all zeros.

N

Indicates that this volume is not in a SGC recovery relationship.

- *v* is one of the following values:

Y

Indicates that the relationship is in a withdraw pending state.

N

Indicates that the relationship is not currently in a withdraw pending state.

- *numtrks* is the number of contiguous tracks in this relationship.
- *trks2cpy* is the number of tracks yet to be copied for the relationship.
- ESTABL displays control unit time stamp when the relationship was first established.
- LAST INCR displays the control unit time stamp when the last increment was taken, if change recording was active.

The data for each relationship spans three lines. The second and third lines are indented to differentiate from the start of a new relationship table entry.

If there are no relationships to be displayed, the results of the FCQUERY displays the first five lines. Instead of relationship detail information after the first dashed line, the following message is displayed:

```
NO RELATIONSHIPS FOUND FOR SPECIFIED DEVICE OR STARTING ADDRESS
```

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0425I

FCQUERY UNFORMATTED VERSION - *n*

Explanation

An FCQUERY request was issued for unformatted information. This is a block message showing FlashCopy information for an ESS subsystem that supports advanced FlashCopy features.

The first line of this message consists of the following message:

timestamp job_number ANTF0425I FCQUERY UNFORMATTED VERSION - *n connect_message_number* C

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

The second line consists of the following information:

```
devn,ssid,lss,cca,cu,serial,act,max,xc,pc,cc,rv,seqnum
```

Where:

- *devn* is the DEVN (device name) specified on the FlashCopy query request. This field is reported as REMT if the request was issued with REMOTE(YES), and is reported as OPEN if the request was issued with OPENDVCS(YES).

- *ssid* is the subsystem ID for the device.
- *lss* is logical subsystem number.
- *cca* is the subsystem device address.
- *cu* is the subsystem type number.
- *serial* is the subsystem serial number.
- *act* is the current number of FlashCopy relationships that the device has. This value is indicated in decimal format.
- *max* is the maximum number of FlashCopy relationships that the device can have. This value is indicated in decimal format.
- *xc* is an 'S' indicating that the device is an XRC source volume, 'N' indicating that the device is not an XRC source volume, or '-' if the volume is a fixed block device.
- *pc* is 'P' indicating that the device is a PPRC primary volume, 'S' indicating that the device is a PPRC secondary volume, 'N' for neither, or '-' if the volume is a fixed block device.
- *cc* is 'S' indicating that the device is a concurrent copy source volume, 'N' indicating that the device is not a concurrent copy source volume, or '-' if the volume is a fixed block device.
- *rv* is either 'Y' indicating that the FlashCopy relationship is in a revertible state, or is 'N' indicating that the FlashCopy relationship is not in a revertible state.
- *seqnum* is the FlashCopy sequence number. The *rv* and *seqnum* values are used to determine required recovery action when the volume is in a Global Mirror session.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of FlashCopy query output.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0430E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH REMOTE DEVN DEVICE <i>devn</i> NOT PPRC PRIMARY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword, but the DEVN device *devn* is not a PPRC Primary volume in an active PPRC pair.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC QUERY request (CQUERY or PQUERY) to determine the status of the DEVN device. Ensure that the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary device, and the PPRC QUERY Secondary device information matches the FlashCopy Establish REMOTE SOURCE device information. Verify that the FlashCopy SOURCE and TARGET devices are correctly specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device is not the PPRC Secondary volume for the PPRC Primary DEVN device. The FlashCopy Establish DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device. Any one of the following conditions can cause this error:

- The Source *serial* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *lss* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *cca/lun* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *cca* specified is an alias.
- If the Source device is a CKD device, the SSID *ssid* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC QUERY request (CQUERY or PQUERY) to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, ensure that the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device information. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The REMOTE or OPEN FlashCopy SOURCE device subsystem *serial* is not the same as the TARGET device subsystem *serial*. The FlashCopy Establish request REMOTE or OPEN SOURCE device must be in the same subsystem as the TARGET device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy REMOTE or OPEN SOURCE device subsystem *serial* is the same as the FlashCopy REMOTE or OPEN TARGET device subsystem *serial*. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the DEVN keyword. The SDEVN or TDEVN keyword, or both, have also been entered in the same request. DEVN cannot be specified if the SDEVN or TDEVN keywords are specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Establish request does not contain the DEVN keyword in combination with the SDEVN/TDEVN keywords. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0434E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH DEVN SPECIFIED WITHOUT REMOTE OR OPENDVCS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the DEVN keyword. The REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was not specified. The DEVN keyword requires the REMOTE(YES) keyword or the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword to be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure that when the FlashCopy establish request specifies the DEVN keyword, the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword is specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0435E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH MISSING KEYWORD DEVN WITH REMOTE OR OPENDVCS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword specified, but the DEVN keyword was not specified. If the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword is specified, the DEVN keyword is also required, with the DEVN related keywords.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure that when the FlashCopy Establish request specifies the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword, the DEVN keyword is also specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0436E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH DEVN SPECIFIED BUT SOURCE OR TARGET KEYWORDS ARE MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the DEVN keyword. The SOURCE or TARGET keyword, or both, were not specified. The DEVN keyword requires that both the SOURCE and TARGET keywords also be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Establish request containing the DEVN keyword also specifies the SOURCE and TARGET keywords. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0437E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH MISSING KEYWORD SSID WITH REMOTE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. When a FlashCopy Establish of REMOTE devices is required, the SSID for the SOURCE device must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Establish request specifies the SSID keyword with the *ssid* of the SOURCE device if a FlashCopy Establish of REMOTE devices is required. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0438E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH SSID SPECIFIED BUT REMOTE MISSING |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the SSID keyword but the REMOTE(YES) keyword was omitted. The SSID keyword can only be specified with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. If a FlashCopy Establish of REMOTE devices is required, both the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Establish request specifies the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the SSID keyword with the *ssid* of the SOURCE device if a FlashCopy Establish of REMOTE CKD devices is required. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0439E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH REMOTE AND SSID SPECIFIED WITH OPENDVCS(YES) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was also specified. The REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords indicate the FlashCopy Establish is for remote CKD devices. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates that the FlashCopy Establish is for remote Open System Devices. The specified keywords are mutually exclusive.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Establish request specifies the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords if a FlashCopy Establish of REMOTE CKD devices is required. The SSID keyword cannot be specified in FlashCopy Establish requests for remote Open System devices. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0440E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH REMOTE UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE TO SECONDARY SUBSYSTEM |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. When the request was sent to the Secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of the following conditions, or other conditions, can cause this error.

- The PPRC paths from the Primary subsystem to the Secondary subsystem are inoperative.
- The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication adapters are failing.
- The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the Primary subsystem.
- The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode conditions that prevent communication with the Primary subsystem.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE (PPRC Secondary) subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary subsystem. If not, correct the communications problems between the Primary and Secondary subsystems. The PPRC Query and Establish Paths commands can be used to restore communications. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish REMOTE request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0441E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH REMOTE OR OPEN TARGET DEVICE INVALID**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) OR OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The REMOTE OR OPEN FlashCopy TARGET device cannot be used as the FlashCopy target. An error occurred while attempting to access the REMOTE OR OPEN target device. Any one of the following conditions can cause this error.

- The target *serial* number is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device serial number.
- The target *lss* is not valid for the PPRC Secondary subsystem
- The target *cca* or *lun* is not valid for the PPRC Secondary subsystem
- If the target device is a CKD device, the SSID *ssid* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device *ssid*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC Query command to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, make sure that the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE or OPEN FlashCopy SOURCE device information. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0442E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH INCREMENTAL MODE MUST BE COPY**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the INCREMENTAL(YES) keyword. The MODE parameter must be COPY. Any other MODE parameter is invalid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If INCREMENTAL(YES) is specified in the FlashCopy Establish request, ensure that the MODE keyword has the COPY parameter specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0443E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH EXTENTS, XTNTLST OR XXTNTLST INVALID
WITH REMOTE, OPENDVCS, OR INCREMENTAL****Explanation**

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the REMOTE(YES), INCREMENTAL(YES), or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. When one of these keywords is specified, the FlashCopy Establish applies to the entire volume. Extent specifications with the FlashCopy Establish REMOTE(YES), INCREMENTAL(YES), or OPENDVCS(YES) are not allowed.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

If REMOTE(YES), OPENDVCS(YES), or INCREMENTAL(YES) is specified in the FlashCopy Establish request, ensure the EXTENTS, XTNTLST, and XXTNTLST keywords are omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0444E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH OPEN SOURCE DEVICE SERIAL DOES NOT
MATCH DEVN SERIAL****Explanation**

The FlashCopy Establish request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The OPEN FlashCopy SOURCE device subsystem serial is not the same as the access device (DEVN) subsystem serial. The FlashCopy Establish request OPEN SOURCE device must be in the same subsystem as the DEVN device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy OPEN SOURCE device subsystem serial is the same as the access device specified by DEVN subsystem serial. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Establish request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0445E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH - TARGET IS CKD OR IN AN INVALID STATE****Explanation**

A FlashCopy establish request failed because OPENDVCS(YES) was specified and the target device was found to be in an invalid state. The invalid state could be:

- The device is in a "not ready" state
- The device is a CKD device
- The device is not configured or not installed

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the target device information was specified. Either correct the specified target device information, or ensure the target device is in a ready state. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0446E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH DEVICE <i>devn</i> HAS AN EXISTING FLASHCOPY RELATIONSHIP |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed because Version 1 change recording was requested (MODE(ASYNC) or Version 2 change recording is disabled or not installed, and *devn* already is the source for a relationship with change recording active with a different target. Only one relationship with Version 1 change recording is allowed for a volume. This could also be the result of an attempt to do an establish with change recording, but the full volume relationship was not initially established with change recording.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the target device information was specified. Either correct the specified target device information, or ensure the target device is in a ready state. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0447E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH DEVICE <i>device-number</i> IS IN AN INVALID STATE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy establish request issued to device number *device-number* failed because the current state of the existing FlashCopy relationship does not allow the establish to complete.

The following hexadecimal RSN codes xx will give a general indication of what caused the error:

RSN code

Explanation

00

Reason not specified see below for possible reasons the request could not be completed

01

Establish FlashCopy specified starting a new changerecording relation and a change recording relation already exists between the two specified volumes.

02

Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 1, Restore and Change Recording Type 1 was NOT active for the specified source and target.

- 03** Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 2, Restore (and Change Recording Type 2 was NOT active for the specified source and target.
- 04** For Establish FlashCopy, no relationship was found for the restore, FlashCopy increment, or the fast reverse restore request.
- 05** Establish FlashCopy change recording type mismatch. Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 1 and a Change Recording Type 2 relationship exists for the specified source and target volume OR Establish FlashCopy specified Start/Continue Change Recording Type 2 and a Change Recording Type 1 relationship exists for the specified source and target volume.
- 06** Establish FlashCopy specified Revertible and the relationship was already in a revertible state and its sequence number is NOT equal to the sequence number specified.
- 07** Establish FlashCopy specified Revertible and the specified source and target volumes will reverse the original relationship.
- 08** Establish FlashCopy specified Fast Reverse Restore and the relationship is NOT reversed by the specified parameters.
- 09** Establish FlashCopy specified Restore and not Fast Reverse Restore or specified Revertible AND a previous Establish FlashCopy specified Fast Reverse Restore for the relationship.
- 0A** Establish FlashCopy specified Restore or Revertible AND the relationship is in a failed state due to out of space condition on a space efficient target volume or the volume is fenced.
- 0E** An error has occurred on the Remote Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Control Unit or Global Mirror Subordinated Control Unit.
- 0F** The Establish FlashCopy specified target volume is a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Primary Volume and the volume is waiting to release space.
- 11** Establish FlashCopy specified a source or target volume that is in an existing relationship and that relationship is in a revertible state.
- 12** Establish FlashCopy specified a source volume that is the target of an existing incremental relationship and the incremental copy has not completed for the other relationship.
- 14** Establish FlashCopy specified a source volume that is the target volume of an existing relationship and the existing relationship for the volume is in the failed state
- 26** A FlashCopy Establish command was not successful because Global Mirror is forcing a consistency group which prevents the use of FlashCopy.

If the RSN insert is not present or is zero some possible reasons the request could not be completed are:

- The request was to reverse an existing FlashCopy relationship, but change recording is not active for the specified relationship.
- The request was to do an establish with change recording, but the full volume relationship was not initially established with change recording.
- The request is attempting to create more than one relationship with Version 1 change recording.

- The request is attempting to restore a relationship that was created with Version 2 change recording but Version 2 change recording has been disabled by the MULTINCRFLC=NO setting in the DEVSUPxx member PARMLIB.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the FlashCopy state of the existing relationship is correct and resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0448E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH BOTH SDEVN AND TDEVN ARE REQUIRED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request failed because either the SDEVN or the TDEVN parameter is not specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that both the SDEVN and TDEVN parameters are correct and resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0449E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH SOURCE <i>devn</i> CHANGE RECORDING MECHANISM ALREADY ACTIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy establish request was issued with the INCREMENTAL(YES) keyword. The change recording mechanism is already active for the specified source device. This might be because the specified source is a PPRC primary device established with the INCRESYNC(START) keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If INCREMENTAL(YES) is required for the relationship and the device is a PPRC primary device, issue a PPRC establish pair command with the INCRESYNC(STOP) keyword and reissue the FlashCopy Establish command. If INCREMENTAL(YES) is not required, reissue the request without INCREMENTAL(YES) or with INCREMENTAL(NO).

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0450E

**FLASHCOPY QUERY OR REMOTE KEYWORD SPECIFIED BUT DEVN
DEVICE *dddd* NOT A PPRC PRIMARY VOLUME**

Explanation

Use the FlashCopy query request to determine the status of the source device specified on the FlashCopy establish request. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for examples of FlashCopy query output. If the intention is to use incremental FlashCopy, the original relationship must be withdrawn, then established with INCREMENTAL(YES). If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Query request specifies a PPRC Primary volume as the DEVN device. Use the FlashCopy Query request without the REMOTE(YES) keyword, or use the PPRC Query request to verify the status of the DEVN device. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0451E

**FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE KEYWORD SPECIFIED BUT QRYDVC
KEYWORD MISSING**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword specified but the QRYDVC keyword was not specified. When the REMOTE(YES) keyword is specified, the QRYDVC keyword and parameters must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Query request specifies the QRYDVC keyword when the REMOTE(YES) keyword is specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0452E

**FLASHCOPY QUERY QRYDVC KEYWORD SPECIFIED BUT REMOTE OR
OPENDVCS KEYWORD MISSING**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the QRYDVC keyword and parameters specified. When the QRYDVC keyword and parameters are specified, the REMOTE(YES) keyword or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and parameters must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Query request specifies the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword when the QRYDVC keyword and parameters are specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0453E | FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE SPECIFIED BUT QRYSSID MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. If a FlashCopy Query of a REMOTE CKD device is wanted, the QRYSSID for the SOURCE device must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy Query request specifies the QRYSSID keyword if a FlashCopy Query of a REMOTE CKD device is required. The QRYSSID must have the ssid of the QRYDVC device. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0454E | FLASHCOPY QRYSSID SPECIFIED BUT REMOTE KEYWORD MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the QRYSSID keyword specified but the REMOTE(YES) keyword was omitted. If a FlashCopy Query of a REMOTE CKD device is required, both the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the QRYSSID keyword must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Query request specifies the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the QRYSSID keyword when a FlashCopy Query of a REMOTE CKD device is required. The QRYSSID must specify the ssid of the QRYDVC device. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0455E | FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE AND SSID SPECIFIED WITH OPENDVCS(YES) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was also specified. The REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords indicate the FlashCopy Query is for remote CKD devices. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates the FlashCopy Query is for remote Open System devices. The specified keywords are mutually exclusive.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy Query request specifies the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the SSID keyword if a FlashCopy Query of REMOTE CKD devices is required. The SSID keyword must not be specified if the request is for REMOTE Open System devices. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0456E | FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE TO SECONDARY SUBSYSTEM |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. When the request was sent to the Secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of the following conditions, or other conditions, can cause this error.

- The PPRC paths from the Primary subsystem to the Secondary subsystem are inoperative.
- The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication adapters are failing.
- The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the Primary subsystem.
- The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode conditions that prevent communication with the Primary subsystem.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE (PPRC Secondary) subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary subsystem. If not, correct the communications problems between the Primary and Secondary subsystems. The PPRC Query and Establish Paths commands can be used to restore communications. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query REMOTE request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0457E | FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE DEVICE INVALID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. The request returned an error that occurred while attempting to access the REMOTE QRYDVC. Any of the following conditions can cause this error.

- The target *serial* number is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device.
- The target *lss* is not valid for the PPRC Secondary subsystem
- The target *cca* or *lun* is not valid for the PPRC Secondary subsystem
- If the target device is a CKD device, the SSID *ssid* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device *ssid*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the REMOTE QRYDVC parameters identify the REMOTE device correctly. Use the PPRC Query command to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, make sure that the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy QRYDVC device information. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0458E | FLASHCOPY QUERY QRYDVC SERIAL NOT EQUAL TO DEVN DEVICE SERIAL |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The OPEN FlashCopy QRYDVC device subsystem serial is not the same as the access device (DEVN) subsystem serial. The FlashCopy Query request QRYDVC device must be in the same subsystem as the DEVN device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy OPEN QRYDVC device subsystem serial is the same as the access device specified by DEVN subsystem serial. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0459E | FLASHCOPY QUERY REMOTE QRYDVC NOT PPRC SECONDARY |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Query request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy QRYDVC device is not the PPRC Secondary volume for the PPRC Primary DEVN device. The FlashCopy Query DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the REMOTE FlashCopy QRYDVC device. Any one of the following conditions can cause this error:

- The query device serial is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device
- The query device *lss* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device
- The query device *cca/lun* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device
- The query device *cca* specified is an alias
- If the query device is a CKD device, the SSID *ssid* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC CQUERY command to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, make sure the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy QRYDVC device information. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Query request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0460E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE DEVN DEVICE <i>devn</i> NOT PPRC PRIMARY |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword, but the DEVN device *devn* is not a PPRC Primary volume in an active PPRC pair.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC QUERY request (CQUERY or PQUERY) to determine the status of the DEVN device. Ensure that the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary device, and the PPRC QUERY Secondary device information matches the FlashCopy Withdraw REMOTE SOURCE device information. Verify that the FlashCopy SOURCE and TARGET devices are correctly specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0461E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE SOURCE DEVICE NOT PPRC SECONDARY |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device is not the PPRC Secondary volume for the PPRC Primary DEVN device. The FlashCopy Withdraw DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device. Any one of the following conditions can cause this error:

- The Source *serial* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *lss* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *cca/lun* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.
- The Source *cca* is specified as an alias.
- If the Source device is a CKD device, the SSID *ssid* is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device for the DEVN PPRC Primary device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use the PPRC QUERY request (CQUERY or PQUERY) to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, ensure that the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device information. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0462E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE TARGET OR OPEN DEVICE NOT IN SAME SUBSYSTEM AS SOURCE DEVICE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The REMOTE or OPEN FlashCopy SOURCE device subsystem serial is not the same as the TARGET device subsystem serial. The FlashCopy Withdraw request SOURCE device must be in the same REMOTE or OPEN subsystem as the TARGET device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy REMOTE or OPEN SOURCE device serial is the same as the FlashCopy REMOTE or OPEN TARGET device serial. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0463E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVN NOT ALLOWED WITH SDEVN OR TDEVN |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the DEVN keyword. The SDEVN or TDEVN keyword, or both, have also been entered in the same request. DEVN cannot be specified if the SDEVN or TDEVN keywords are specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Withdraw request does not contain the DEVN keyword in combination with the SDEVN/TDEVN keywords. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0464E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVN SPECIFIED WITHOUT REMOTE, OPENDVCS, OR THAW. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the DEVN keyword. The REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was not specified. The DEVN keyword requires the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword to be specified.

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the DEVN keyword. The REMOTE(YES), OPENDVCS(YES), or ACTION(THAW) keyword was not specified. The DEVN keyword requires the REMOTE(YES), OPENDVCS(YES), or ACTION(THAW) keyword to be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword when the DEVN keyword is specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Make sure the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the REMOTE(YES), OPENDVCS(YES), or ACTION(THAW) keyword when the DEVN keyword is specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0465E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW MISSING KEYWORD DEVN WITH REMOTE OR OPENDVCS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) or the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword specified, but the DEVN keyword was not specified. When the REMOTE(YES) or the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword is specified, the DEVN keyword and its related keywords must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure that when the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword, the DEVN keyword is also specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0466E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVN SPECIFIED BUT SOURCE OR TARGET KEYWORDS ARE MISSING |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the DEVN keyword. The SOURCE or TARGET keyword, or both, were not specified. The DEVN keyword requires that both the SOURCE and TARGET keywords also be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Withdraw request also specifies the SOURCE and TARGET keywords when the DEVN keyword is specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0467E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE SPECIFIED BUT SSID MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. When a FlashCopy Withdraw of REMOTE CKD devices is required, the SSID for the SOURCE device must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the SSID keyword with the *ssid* of the SOURCE device if a FlashCopy Withdraw of REMOTE CKD devices is required. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0468E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW SSID SPECIFIED BUT REMOTE MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the SSID keyword but the REMOTE(YES) keyword was omitted. If a FlashCopy Withdraw of CKD devices is required, both the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords must be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the SSID keyword with the *ssid* of the SOURCE device if a FlashCopy Withdraw of REMOTE CKD devices is required. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0469E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE AND SSID SPECIFIED WITH OPENDVCS(YES) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was also specified. The REMOTE(YES) and SSID keywords indicate the FlashCopy Withdraw is for remote CKD devices. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates the FlashCopy Withdraw is for remote Open System devices. The specified keywords are mutually exclusive.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Make sure the FlashCopy Withdraw request specifies the REMOTE(YES) keyword and the SSID keyword if a FlashCopy Withdraw of REMOTE CKD devices is required. The SSID keyword must not be specified if the request is for REMOTE Open System devices. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0470E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DDSW NOT VALID WITH OPENDVCS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the DDSW(YES) keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword was also supplied. The DDSW(YES) keyword and parameter is not allowed with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and parameter are required on the FlashCopy Withdraw request, make sure the DDSW(YES) keyword and parameter are not specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0471E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW REMOTE UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE WITH SECONDARY SUBSYSTEM |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. When the request was sent to the Secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of the following conditions, or other conditions, can cause this error.

- The PPRC paths from the Primary subsystem to the Secondary subsystem are inoperative.
- The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication adapters are failing.
- The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the Primary subsystem.
- The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode conditions that prevent communication with the Primary subsystem.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE (PPRC Secondary) subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary subsystem. If not, correct the communications problems between the Primary and Secondary subsystems. The PPRC Query and Establish Paths commands can be used to restore communications. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw REMOTE request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0472E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW TARGET DEVICE INVALID**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) or OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The REMOTE or OPEN FlashCopy TARGET device cannot be accessed as the FlashCopy Withdraw target. An error occurred while attempting to access the REMOTE target device. Any of the following conditions can cause this error.

- The target *serial* number is not the same as the Source serial number (not the same as the PPRC Secondary device if REMOTE(YES) was specified).
- The target *lss* is not valid (for the PPRC Secondary subsystem if REMOTE(YES) was specified).
- The target *cca* or *lun* is not valid (for the PPRC Secondary subsystem if REMOTE(YES) was specified).
- If REMOTE(YES) was specified and the Target device is a CKD device, the SSID ssid is not the same as the PPRC Secondary device ssid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If REMOTE(YES) was specified and OPENDVCS(YES) was not specified, use the PPRC CQUERY command to determine the status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC Primary volume, make sure the PPRC Secondary device information is the same as the REMOTE FlashCopy SOURCE device information. If OPENDVCS(YES) was specified and REMOTE(YES) was not specified, use PPRC CQUERY with OPENDVCS(YES) to query the source device and the target device. Verify that the target is valid for the source device specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0473E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW EXTENTS, XTNTLST OR XXTNTLST INVALID
WITH REMOTE, OPENDVCS, OR INCREMENTAL**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES), or the INCREMENTAL(YES), or the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. When one of these keywords is specified, the FlashCopy Withdraw applies to the entire volume. Extent specifications with the FlashCopy Establish REMOTE(YES), INCREMENTAL(YES), or OPENDVCS(YES) are not allowed.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

If REMOTE(YES), OPENDVCS(YES), or INCREMENTAL(YES) is specified in the FlashCopy Withdraw request, ensure the EXTENTS, XTNTLST, and XXTNTLST keywords are omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0474E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DDSW INVALID WITH REMOTE**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request was issued with the REMOTE(YES) keyword. The DDSW keyword is not allowed with REMOTE(YES).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If REMOTE(YES) is specified in the FlashCopy Withdraw request, ensure that the DDSW keyword is omitted. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0475E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW OPEN SOURCE DEVICE SERIAL NOT EQUAL
DEVN DEVICE SERIAL**

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the serial number for the FlashCopy source that does not match the serial number for the device specified in the DEVN parameter. When OPENDVCS(YES) is specified, the access device specified in the DEVN parameter must be in the same cluster as the fixed block source device for the FlashCopy Withdraw.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the source specified is correct, and if so, verify that the correct access device was specified in the DEVN parameter. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0476E**FLASHCOPY REQUEST FAILED - DEVICE IN A SOFT FENCE STATE**

Explanation

The FlashCopy operation requested cannot be completed due to the device specified being in a Soft Fence state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that correct device was specified for the request. If the intended device was specified correctly an unfence operation must be performed on the device before the FlashCopy command is accepted.

Source

FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0480E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW PARTIAL EXTENTS FROM SPECIFIED RELATIONSHIP IS INVALID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified tracks in the following relationships:

- In a full volume Incremental relationship
- In a full volume relationship with a track space efficient target
- In a remote, full volume, preserve mirror relationship

The XTNTLIST parameter did not specify a single, full volume extent. The FlashCopy Withdraw can include a single, full volume extent in the XTNTLIST parameter. If the XTNTLIST keyword is omitted, the withdraw is a full volume request.

System action

FlashCopy Withdraw request is rejected.

System programmer response

Check the FlashCopy Withdraw request for a valid combination of the relationship and a full volume extent. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0481E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DDSW PARTIAL EXTENTS FROM FULL VOLUME RELATIONSHIP IS INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the source devices and DDSW(YES) to a device that is in a full volume relationship. The XTNTLIST parameter did not specify a single, full volume extent. A FlashCopy Withdraw of a full volume FlashCopy relationship can include a single, full volume extent in the XTNTLIST parameter or omit the XTNTLIST keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Check the FlashCopy Withdraw request for a valid combination of Incremental relationship and a full volume extent. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy Withdraw request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0482E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVICE IN AN INVALID STATE,RSN=xx**

Explanation

The state of an existing FlashCopy relationship does not allow the specified withdraw operation.

System action

The request is rejected.

If RSN=xx is present the following hexadecimal RSN codes will give a general indication of what caused the error:

RSN code

Explanation

00

Reason not specified

11

Withdraw FlashCopy specified Revert or Commit AND the relationship is in a failed state.

12

Withdraw FlashCopy specified Revert or Commit AND the relationship does not exist for the specified volumes.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for proper TSO syntax for the FCWITHDR command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0483E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW DEVICE NOT IN A REVERTIBLE STATE**

Explanation

A FCWITHDR command was issued with ACTION(REVERT) or ACTION(COMMIT), but the relationship was not in a revertible state.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

ANTF0490E**FLASHCOPY VOLUME(S) OFFLINE OR INACCESSIBLE**

Explanation

The FlashCopy request specified a source or target device that is offline or not accessible.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Check the devices specified in the FlashCopy request and verify that they are available to the host and to the control unit. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the FlashCopy request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0491E | FlashCopy <i>request-type</i> command failed for device <i>device-info</i>. Specified target is <i>space efficient</i>. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

- A FlashCopy Establish command was issued for source device *device-info* without the keyword SETGTOK(FAILREL) or SETGTOK(SWI), and the specified target device is a track space efficient volume.
- A FlashCopy Establish command was issued for source device *device-info* with background copy requested (MODE(COPY) or MODE(NOCOPYTOCOPY)) and the specified target device is a track space efficient volume.
- A FlashCopy Establish command was issued requesting Preserve Mirror required and that the specified target device is a track space efficient volume.
- A FlashCopy Withdraw command was issued for device *device-info* with DDSW(YES), resulting in an attempt to start a background copy for source relationships and the target device is a track space efficient volume.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship to a track space efficient target volume, issue the command again with SETGTOK(FAILREL) or SETGTOK(SWI) specified.

If an establish with MODE(COPY) was specified or implied, issue the command again with MODE(NOCOPY).

If a withdraw with DDSW(YES) was specified. Verify that a withdraw without background copy of the source relationships is acceptable and issue the withdraw with DDSW(NO).

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0492E | FlashCopy Establish command failed for device <i>device-info</i>. Specified target is space efficient and extents specified. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish command was issued for source device *device-info* and extents were specified. The target volume is a track space efficient volume and either SETGTOK(FAILREL) or SETGTOK(SWI) was also specified. Only full volume relationships can have a track space efficient volume as the target.

System action

FlashCopy Establish command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship to a track space efficient target volume, issue the command again as a full volume request. If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship with extents, issue the command again with a non track space efficient volume as the target devices.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0493E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH ATTEMPTED TO REVERSE RELATIONSHIP FOR DEVICE DEVICE-INFO AND INITIAL COPY IS INCOMPLETE. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish command was issued to an existing incremental relationship, reversing the source and target volumes. The initial copy for the original relationship has not completed. The *device-info* is for the specified source volume, which is the original target volume of the relationship.

System action

FlashCopy Establish command fails.

System programmer response

Wait until the initial copy completes and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0494E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH FAILED, SOURCE OR TARGET IS SPACE EFFICIENT AND REPOSITORY IS OUT OF SPACE OR OFFLINE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish command was issued with a track space efficient volume as either the source or the target. The repository for the track space efficient volume is currently out of space or offline, so the establish request cannot be completed.

System action

FlashCopy Establish command fails.

System programmer response

Space must be made available in the repository for the track space efficient volumes. Existing relationships need to be withdrawn, or volumes with too much physical storage consumed need to be initialized to free repository space. When repository space has been made available, or the repository is brought online, issue the FlashCopy Establish request again.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0495I | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>, VOLUME RESIZE IS IN PROGRESS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy Establish command cannot complete because the volume is in the process of being re-sized. Devices are restricted from participating in a copy services relationship when being re-sized.

System action

FlashCopy Establish command fails.

System programmer response

Wait until the volume resize is completed, and issue the failing command again.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0496E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUESTED, BUT TGTPPRIM(YES) NOT SPECIFIED. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as either a Preserve Mirror Required or Preserve Mirror Preferred option, but the keyword TGTPPRIM(YES) that indicates the target can be a PPRC primary was not specified.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, reissue the command with TGTPPRIM(YES).

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0497E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT THE SOURCE DEVICE IS NOT A PPRC PRIMARY. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, and the specified target device is a PPRC primary device, but the specified primary device is not a PPRC primary device.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0498E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT THE REMOTE VOLUMES ARE NOT IN THE SAME SFI. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the secondary volume to the specified source volume and the secondary volume to the specified target volume are not in the same Storage Facility Image (SFI).

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0499E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT THE SOURCE IS NOT FULL DUPLEX. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the PPRC pair of the specified source volume is not in a full duplex state.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0500E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT THE TARGET IS NOT FULL DUPLEX. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but PPRC pair of the specified target volume is not in a full duplex state.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0501E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT SECONDARY CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT HAVE THE FEATURE INSTALLED. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the secondary control unit does not have the microcode installed that supports IBM Remote Pair FlashCopy (preserve mirror operations).

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0502E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, BUT A MIRRORED RELATIONSHIP ALREADY EXISTS AT THE SECONDARY. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the inband FlashCopy command failed at the secondary control unit because a preserve mirror relationship already existed. This can occur when the background copy for a previous (non-persistent) mirrored relationship completed at the local site and the relationship no longer exists; however, the background copy has not yet completed at the remote site, so the relationship still exists.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0503E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device-info*.
FLASHCOPY TARGET IS A PPRC PRIMARY DEVICE IN A GLOBAL
MIRROR SESSION OR THE TARGET'S SECONDARY IS CASCADED.****Explanation**

The FCESTABL command entered specified a target device that is either of the following two devices:

- A PPRC-XD primary device in a Global Mirror session
- A PPRC primary device whose secondary is a cascaded PPRC-XD device with PRES MIR(REQUIRED) specified

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

The FlashCopy needs to be done to a different target that is not a Global Mirror primary. The target device must be specified, or it must be removed from the Global Mirror session before the FlashCopy Establish is reissued.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0504E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device-info*. COMMAND ISSUED TO PPRC SECONDARY FOR MIRRORRED
RELATIONSHIP.****Explanation**

The FWITHDRW command entered specified a device that is a PPRC secondary device, and the relationship that exists is a mirrored relationship established with PRES MIR(REQUIRED) or PRES MIR(PREFERRED). The mirrored relationship is not allowed.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Mirrored relationships can only be withdrawn from the local (or PPRC primary) to the secondary through in-band from the primary control unit.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0505E**FLASHCOPY QUERY PARAMETERS *parameter1* AND *parameter2* ARE
MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.****Explanation**

The FCQUERY command entered specified 2 parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*, that are mutually exclusive.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the query.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0506E | FLASHCOPY <i>command</i> FAILURE OCCURRED AT REMOTE. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A Flashcopy Establish or Withdraw with PRESERVEMIRROR(REQ) or PRESERVEMIRROR(PREF). The resulting in-band request to establish or withdraw a relationship between the remote devices encountered an error. A previous message indicates the error that occurred at the remote.

System action

FlashCopy command fails and in most cases the target PPRC pair is suspended.

System programmer response

See the previous message issue that, indicates the cause of the failure at the remote. Correct the command syntax and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0507E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR REQUIRED SPECIFIED, AND THE TARGET PAIR HAS INCREMENTAL RESYNC ACTIVE OR HAS CASCADED RECOVERY OPERATIONS IN PROGRESS. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FCESTABL command was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the target PPRC primary device that was specified does not allow the operation to complete because either:

- The target is in the process of a PPRC cascading failover/failback recovery operation or
- The target volume is a PPRC primary device that was established with incremental resync started.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a FlashCopy relationship as a Preserve Mirror operation, correct the configuration issue and reissue the command.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0508E | FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW COMMAND FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i> COMPLETED AT LOCAL BUT UNABLE TO SEND TO REMOTE. EXISTING RELATIONSHIP IS PRESERVE MIRROR. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FCWITHDR command was involved an existing Preserve Mirror relationship. The command was completed for the local relationship but could not be sent to the remote.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

If possible, you might withdraw the remote relationship.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0509E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. EXISTING INCREMENTAL RELATIONSHIP WAS NOT ESTABLISHED AS A PRESERVE MIRROR RELATIONSHIP. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The FCESTABL command entered specified an increment was to be taken on an existing incremental relationship with PRESMIR(REQUIRED). The existing relationship is not a preserve mirror relationship, so the remote relationship does not exist, therefore an increment cannot be taken at the remote.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Increments with PRESEMIR(REQUIRED) can only be taken on existing incremental preserve mirror relationships. The existing relationship must be withdrawn and the relationship established as a preserve mirror relationship, or use PRESMIR(PREFERRED).

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0510E | FLASHCOPY <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. RESOURCE GROUP POLICY HAS BEEN VIOLATED, RSN=<i>xx</i>. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

For the FlashCopy command issued to device, a resource group violation was detected. For an explanation of the given reason code, see "Reason codes for resource group violations for IBM Z and S/390® hosts" at [IBM DS8700](http://www.ibm.com/docs/en/ds8700) in IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/ds8700).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Take the action advised in the reason code documentation.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0511E | FLASHCOPY <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. AN I/O CONFIGURATION CHANGE HAS OCCURRED. <i>reason</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The FlashCopy command issued to device has failed due to an I/O configuration change that occurred while processing the command. The reason is blank unless z/OS is running as a guest under VM. The possible values for the reason code are:

Blank

Not running as a guest under VM

Reason=01

Source LSS/UA mismatch

Reason=02

Target LSS/UA mismatch

Reason=03

CUISSID mismatch

Reason=04

Subchannel ID mismatch.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Re-try the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0512E | FLASHCOPY <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. SECONDARY CONTROL UNIT DOES NOT HAVE A REQUIRED FEATURE INSTALLED. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish Incremental request was entered as a remote or Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the secondary control unit does not have the microcode installed that supports version 2 incremental FlashCopy.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Ensure the correct microcode level is on the secondary control unit or disable version 2 incremental FlashCopy on the primary control unit.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0513E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device*.
AMBIGUOUS SETTINGS WITH A PRESERVE MIRROR REQUEST AND A
MULTI-TARGET ENVIRONMENT.****Explanation**

A FlashCopy Establish with Preserve Mirror was issued to devices in a Multi-Target PPRC configuration. This requires that the pair set characteristics command (PSETCHAR) be issued, indicating only one leg on the source and target to be used for Preserve Mirror.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Issue a set characteristic for only one leg of the source and the target pairs in the Multi-Target PPRC configuration and re-issue the FlashCopy Establish command.

ANTF0514E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device*.
PRESERVE MIRROR PREFERRED INVALID IN A MULTI-TARGET PPRC
ENVIRONMENT.****Explanation**

A FlashCopy Establish with Preserve Mirror Preferred was issued to devices in a Multi-Target PPRC configuration. The Multi-Target PPRC configuration only supports the Preserve Mirror Required option.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Re-issue the FlashCopy Establish command with the Preserve Mirror Required option.

ANTF0516E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device*.
A STORE CLOUD OR RETRIEVE CLOUD DATA OPERATION IS IN
PROGRESS FOR THE TARGET VOLUME****Explanation**

The FlashCopy command issued to device *device* failed because a cloud storage operation was in progress while the command was processed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Try the request again.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0518E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR GLOBAL MIRROR FORCE CONSISTENCY GROUP IN PROGRESS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request was entered as a remote or Preserve Mirror Required operation, but it was not successful at the secondary control unit because Global Mirror is forcing a consistency group.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Retry the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0519E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. PRESERVE MIRROR PREFERRED NOT SUPPORTED. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Establish FlashCopy specified PPRC Remote Pair FlashCopy Preferred parameter and the DS8000 Disk Controller no longer supports PPRC Remote Pair FlashCopy Preferred. The command is rejected.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

System programmer response

Resubmit the command with PRESERVEMIRROR(REQUIRED) or PRESERVEMIRROR(NO).

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0520E | FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. INCREMENTAL IS NOT SUPPORTED WITH SGC. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy Establish request was issued as a preserve mirror required operation but it was not successful because FlashCopy with incremental is not supported when the target device is in a Safeguarded Copy relationship.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0521E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device*. SGC
RESERVATION ACTIVE ON TARGET VOL.****Explanation**

A FlashCopy Establish request was issued as a preserve mirror required operation, but it was not successful because a Safeguarded Reservation was active on the secondary device.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0522E**FLASHCOPY ESTABLISH COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE *device*.
REMOTE PAIR FLASHCOPY FAILURE.****Explanation**

A FlashCopy Establish request was issued as a preserve mirror required operation but there is a condition at the secondary device that prevents FlashCopy Establish from being successful.

System action

FlashCopy command fails.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

ANTF0560E**FLASHCOPY WITHDRAW RELEASE ALLOCATED TARGET SPACE FAILED****Explanation**

The FlashCopy WITHDRAW command completed successfully but the release allocated target space failed due to a condition detected in the Space Efficient Repository or Space Efficient Extent Pool.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

To release the allocated target space you can reinitialize the target volume using the INIT command.

ANTF0601I**SGCQUERY Formatted - 1****Explanation**

An SGCQUERY TSO command was issued, requesting the state of Safeguarded Copy relationships for a volume and the available recovery points (Consistency groups).

The results of an SGCQUERY will be displayed as:

```

ANTF0601I SGCQUERY Formatted -1
DEVN SSID LSS CCA CU      SERIAL      BV ACT  MAX SEQNUM
devn ssid lss cca cyty serialnumber bv act max sequence
SAFEGUARDED COPY RELATIONSHIP STATUS: aaaaaaaa
RECOVERY/RESTORE COPY RELATIONSHIP STATUS: bbbbbbbb
RELATIONSHIP TYPE: cccccc
CURRENT CONTROL UNIT TIME: yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss
-----
CG      SEQUENCE CONSISTENCY GROUP      NUMBER OF
STATE   NUMBER   TIME STAMP              TRACKS
-----
Cg_state cg_seqno yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss    numtrks

```

The information displayed is as follows:

ssid

Is the DEVN (z/OS device number) that was specified on the SGCQUERY request.

lss

Is the subsystem ID for the queried device.

cca

Is the subsystem device address.

cuty

Is the subsystem serial number.

bv

Backup Volume Status will contain one of the following values:

Y

Backup volume is configured. LSS CCA must match the LSS and CCA of the device DEVN in order to get this status.

N

Backup volume is not configured. LSS CCA must match the LSS and CCA of the device DEVN in order to get this status.

U

Backup volume status is unknown. If the LSS CCA does not match the LSS and CCA of the device DEVN the status will be unknown.

act

Is the current number of Safeguarded Copy consistency groups, or recovery points, that is the backup volume. This value is indicated in decimal format.

max

Is the maximum number of Safeguarded Copy consistency groups, or recovery points, that can exist on a backup volume. This value is indicated in decimal format.

sequence

Is the most recent sequence number that is associated with the safeguarded copy relationship

aaaaaaaa

Is the state of the Safeguarded Copy relationship and will contain one of the following values:

NONE

Indicates that there is no SGC relationship.

SCANNING

Indicates that there is a reservation active and the destage scan is in progress.

RESERVED

Indicates that there is a reservation active and the scan is complete. This reservation is ready to be checked in.

LongBUSY

Indicates that a check-in is in progress. When complete, a command will be issued to thaw the long busy.

CAPTURED

Indicates that there is an existing SGC relationship with at least one consistency group that has been successfully captured and there are no reservations or check-ins in progress.

bbbbbbbb

Is the status of the recovery relationship for this safeguarded source volume, and will contain one of the following values:

NONE

Indicates that there is no recovery relationship for this SGC volume.

ACTIVE

Indicates that there is a recovery relationship for this SGC volume.

FAILED

Indicates that recovery relationship is in a failed state.

cccccc

Is the relationship type and will contain one of the following values:

NONE

Indicates that the volume is not in the SGC relationship.

SAFEGUARDED COPY

Indicates that the volume is in a SGC relationship.

UNKNOWN

Indicates that relationship data could not be accessed.

FAILED

Safeguarded Copy relationships, No Time available will be displayed.

The following status messages will be displayed on a single line for each SGC consistency group that resides on the backup volume.

Cg_state

The state of the recovery point being reported on this line and will contain one of the following values:

SCANNING

Indicates that there is a reservation active and the destage scan is in progress

RESERVED

Indicates that there is a reservation active and the scan is complete. This reservation is ready to be checked in.

LongBUSY

Indicates that a check-in is in progress. When complete, a command will be issued to thaw the long busy.

CAPTURED

Indicates that there is an existing SGC relationship with at least one consistency group that has been successfully captured and there are no reservations or check-ins in progress.

INVALID

Indicates that a consistency group was not successfully captured, however a reservation was successfully obtained.

Cg_seqno

Is the sequence number set by management software for this consistency group recovery point.

CONSISTENCY GROUP TIMESTAMP

Is the storage control unit timestamp at the time the reservation was made when the state is SCANNING or RSEERVED and it is the storage control unit timestamp at the time the reservation was checked in when the state is LongBUSY, CAPTURED, or INVALID.

numtrks

Is the count of the tracks which have been stored on the backup volume for this consistency group. When the number of tracks is not available, ' - - - - - ' (dashes) will be displayed.

If there is no SGC consistency groups to display, the summary information is displayed. The query will display the following text:

```
NO SAFEGUARDED COPY RELATIONSHIPS FOUND
```

Note that the header message will be echoed to the console but the body of the query will only be displayed in TSO.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0614E | SGCQUERY COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>devn</i>. INVALID LSS. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The LSS specified in the SGCQUERY TSO command was invalid.

System action

The SGCQUERY command fails.

System programmer response

Correct LSS.

Source

FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTF0615E | SGCQUERY COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>devn</i>. INVALID CCA. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The CCA specified in the SGCQUERY TSO command was invalid.

System action

The SGCQUERY command fails.

System programmer response

Correct CCA.

Source

FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0616E | SGCQUERY COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>devn</i>. DEVN AND LSS NOT IN SAME CLUSTER. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The device specified by DEVN must be in the same cluster as the device specified by LSS and CCA.

System action

The SGCQUERY command fails.

System programmer response

Correct the command syntax and reissue the query.

Source

FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTF0617E | UNEXPECTED ANTRQST RETURN CODE <i>return</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reason</i> RECEIVED FOR request REQUEST |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred during a TSO SGCQUERY command.

System action

The SGCQUERY command fails.

System programmer response

Look up the return and reason codes given in MVS System Messages for any possible actions.

Source

FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| ANTF8804I | <i>command</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that FlashCopy has recorded this TSO command into the system log. The command in the message is the TSO command as entered by the user. Any parameters specified through TSO prompts after the command was entered are not reflected in the command echo. This message can be truncated if it is more than 126 characters in length.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive this service message, issue MODIFY ANTAS000 ,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

FlashCopy.

ANTI1000I

Explanation

This message displCAPTUREDays if a parmlib syntax error is detected. It shows the category and its parameters.

System programmer response

Correct the syntax errors and reinvoke parameter library support.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTI1001E

Explanation

This message accompanies ANTI1000I and displays the error that was found by the RMM/TSO parsing routines.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Make the needed corrections and reinvoke parameter library support.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTI1002E

DATA SET x...x NOT FOUND

Explanation

Parameter library support was invoked using library x...x, but the partitioned data set was not found.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify the correct library name.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1003E

MEMBER x...x NOT FOUND IN DATA SET y...y

Explanation

Parameter library support was invoked using library y...y, but member x...x was not found.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify the correct member name.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1004E**CATEGORY x...x NOT DEFINED****Explanation**

Parameter library support does not recognize category x...x.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify a category that has been defined.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1005E**CATEGORY x...x PARSE ERROR. KEYWORD y...y MISSING****Explanation**

Category x...x requires keyword parameter y...y, but it is missing.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Add keyword parameter y...y to the category.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1006E**DATA SET x...x NOT y...y****Explanation**

Parameter library data set x...x does not meet the required specifications. y...y describes what these specifications are.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify a library that has the required specification.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1007E**ERROR(S) FOUND IN MEMBER x...x OF DATA SET y...y**

Explanation

Parameter library support was invoked and errors were found.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Fix the errors and reinvoke parameter library support.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTI1009E | LAST RECORD IN MEMBER <i>x...x</i> OF DATA SET <i>y...y</i> ENDS WITH A CONTINUATION CHARACTER |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The last record in a data set member has a continuation character, meaning that another line must follow.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Remove the continuation character or add the missing line.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTI1011E | CATEGORY <i>x...x</i> PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD <i>y...y</i> IS NOT BETWEEN <i>a...a</i> AND <i>b...b</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Keyword *y...y* has a value that is not in the range of *a...a* to *b...b*.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify a correct value.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTI1015E | CATEGORY <i>x...x</i> PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD <i>y...y</i> IS INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Keyword *y...y* has a set of valid values, but the specified one is not valid.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify a valid value.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTI1016E **FLAG NAME x...x IS INVALID**

Explanation

Name x...x is not known to XRC. This message is issued if a FLAG command uses a name that XRC does not recognize.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Specify a valid flag name

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1018E **CATEGORY x...x HAS NO PARAMETERS**

Explanation

There are no parameters that are associated with category x...x. This is usually caused by a missing continuation character after the category name.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Add parameters to the category.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1020I **PARAMETERS FOUND IN MEMBER x...x OF DATA SET y...y HAVE BEEN
z...z**

Explanation

All of the parameters in member x...x of data set y...y that were checked are valid and z...z are verified or applied.

Note: DATA SET y...y may be followed by a "+" that indicates that this data set is part of a concatenation. Refer to message IEE252I for the actual data set that contains MEMBER x...x.

System action

Information only.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTI1021E

PARAMETER IS NOT IN A CATEGORY

Explanation

A keyword parameter was found that does not belong to a category. Message ANTI1000I is issued in front of this message which shows the invalid parameter. This is usually caused by the previous line not having a continuation character.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Correct the parameter name.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1023I

MEMBER x...x IN DATA SET y...y HAS NO PARAMETERS

Explanation

Member x...x is empty or consists entirely of comments.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Add some parameters.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1024E

BLANK LINE(S) NOT ALLOWED

Explanation

Blank lines are not allowed in a parmlib member or data set.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Remove the blank line or lines.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1025E**VALUE FOR x...x IS MISSING**

Explanation

A keyword parameter must have a value.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Add a value to keyword parameter x...x.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTI1026I**VALUE FOR x...x NOT APPLIED**

Explanation

Keyword parameter x...x cannot be applied unless it resides in a specified location. For example, keyword HLQ cannot be applied unless it is found in member ANTGIN00 in data set SYS1.PARMLIB at XSTART time.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Place the parameter in the correct location.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1027E**ERROR(S) ENCOUNTERED IN ACCESSING MEMBER x...x OF DATA SET
y...y**

Explanation

Extended remote copy (XRC) is unable to access member x...x. For example, data set y...y is allocated for exclusive use by another program, and it prevents XRC from allocating y...y.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Correct the problems specified in previous messages and reinvoke parmlib support.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

Unable to access data set *x...x*. As a result, extended remote copy cannot check data set organization.

System action

Parameters are not accepted.

System programmer response

Correct the errors specified in previous messages and reinvoke parmlib support.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

Address space ANTAS000 encountered an error processing the XRC parmlib parameters found in the member *membername* of data set *dsname*. The error is described by the return code *rc* and reason code *reas*. The XRC parmlib parameters that were checked for errors are only those that apply to the STARTUP and NAMES parameters.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

Correct the error(s) for the STARTUP and NAMES parameters specified in the member *membername*. Defaults for these parameters are applied. This member and its parameters are also accessed when you issue the XRC XSTART command to start an XRC session. The XSTART command will fail if these errors still exist in the member.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

During XRC XSTART processing, the XRC parmlib parameter *parm* was found to not contain the appropriate number of values. Message ANTI1007E indicates the data set name and member in which the parameter in error was found.

System action

XSTART command is failed.

System programmer response

Correct the parameter in error, and resubmit the XSTART command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1033E**PARAMETERS *parm1* REQUIRE PARAMETER *parm2***

Explanation

If the parameters specified by *parms1* are specified, *parm2* is a required parameter.

System action

PARMLIB values are not applied. If this occurs during an XSTART operation, XSTART fails and the session is not started. If this occurs during an XSET operation, the new values are not applied.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and issue the XSTART command again if needed.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1036E**RANGE VALUE *value1:value2* FOR KEYWORD *keyword* IS INVALID**

Explanation

The range specified by *value1* and *value2* is not valid for the given keyword.

System action

PARMLIB values are not applied. If this occurs during an XSTART operation, XSTART fails and the session is not started. If this occurs during an XSET operation, the new values are not applied.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and issue the XSTART command again if needed.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI1037E**VALUE FOR *parameter* MUST CONTAIN *description***

Explanation

The value of the specified parameter in PARMLIB is incorrect. The description field indicates what is wrong with the parameter. Some examples of *description* are:

- SINGLE DIGIT HEX NUMBERS
- AT LEAST ONE NON-ZERO HEX NUMBER
- 6 ASCENDING HEX NUMBERS OR DISABLED
- A '%'

System action

PARMLIB values are not applied. If this occurs during an XSTART operation, XSTART fails and the session is not started. If this occurs during an XSET operation, the new values are not applied.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and issue the XSTART command again if needed.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTI1038E | PARAMETER(S) <i>parm1</i> REQUIRED FOR MODE (mode) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

If mode is specified, *parm1* is a required parameter.

System action

PARMLIB values are not applied. If this occurs during an XSTART operation, XSTART fails and the session is not started. If this occurs during an XSET operation, the new values are not applied.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and issue the XSTART command again if needed.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTI1040I | KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> AND VALUE <i>value</i> ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY THIS RELEASE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A keyword and value was specified, but either the keyword and/or value is not applicable for this z/OS release.

System action

The system does not perform the function requested in the display keyword.

System programmer response

If you want the requested function, you must upgrade your z/OS release to the supported level.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTI1041E | PARAMETER <i>parameter1</i> REQUIRES A <i>parameter2</i> VALUE <i>description</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The value of the specified parameter *parameter1* in parmlib is incompatible with the value of parameter *parameter2*. The description field indicated why the parameters are incompatible. Some examples of *description* are:

GREATER THAN 0

The value for *parameter2* must be greater than 0 to be compatible with *parameter1*.

System action

When this condition is encountered during processing of an XSTART command, the command fails and the session is not started. When it is encountered during processing of an XSET command, the command fails and XRC parameters of the active session are not updated.

System programmer response

Correct the PARMLIB values and resubmit the command.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

ANTI1042I **PARAMETER** *parameter1* **VALUE** *value* **LIMITED TO** *new-value*

Explanation

The value of the specified parameter *parameter1* in parmlib is greater than the allowed limit and has been changed to *new-value*.

System action

The new value for the parameter that is shown in the message is used instead of the value found in parmlib.

System programmer response

No action is needed if the new value *new-value* is acceptable. Otherwise, change the value in parmlib to a value that is supported by this maintenance level.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTI5013E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED VOLUME INITIALIZATION ERROR FOR VOLUME(<i>volume</i>), RC= <i>return_code</i> REAS= <i>reason_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error during volume synchronization or resynchronization. The error was encountered for volume *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) in session *session_id*. The volume synchronization or resynchronization function ends with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. The pair associated with volume *volser* is suspended from session *session_id*.

System action

The volume pair is suspended because of the error. Activity continues on other volume pairs.

System programmer response

See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes”](#) on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error, and add the volume pair again to continue synchronization or resynchronization. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI8023I

***function* INITIALIZATION STARTED FOR XRC VOLUME
PAIR(*primary_volume,secondary_volume*)**

Explanation

Volume synchronization or resynchronization of volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) has started. XRC attempts to vary the secondary volume serial number given by *secondary_volume* offline from the system that the XRC data mover is running on. Do not access the secondary volume during the copy process.

The secondary volume is varied online after volume synchronization or resynchronization has completed.

function identifies the type of initialization that is performed. The functions are described below:

FULL

Indicates that the entire volume is initialized.

RESYNC

Indicates that only tracks changed on the primary volume since the pair became suspended are initialized. All tracks which were not copied are copied to the secondary volume if the volume pair did not reach the duplex state when the volume pair was suspended.

QUICK

Indicates that only tracks on the primary volume that are allocated at the time the initialization starts are initialized. See [*z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services*](#) for additional information about this value.

Note: The XRC initialization function can end abnormally as a result of the secondary volume not being online. In this case, the secondary volume needs to be varied online before issuing the XADDPAIR command specifying the secondary volume serial number.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

XRC controls the rate at which the volume initialization progresses, based on application activity. Some volume initializations take longer than others.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI8024I

**XRC VOLUME PAIR (*primary_volume,secondary_volume*) IN DUPLEX
STATUS AT TIME OF *data_mover_host_time***

Explanation

The XRC volume synchronization or resynchronization function has completed for the specified *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) at the data mover host system time of *data_mover_host_time*. The volume status has changed from copy pending state to duplex state.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTD8025I

**XDELPAIR COMPLETE FOR VOLUME PAIR
(*primary_volume,secondary_volume*) FOR SESSION(*session_id*), WITH
CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(*timestamp*) AND STATUS OF *status***

Explanation

The volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) is successfully removed from session *session_id*. The volume is consistent up to the reported time *timestamp*. The current XRC volume pair status is indicated by *status*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the XDELPAIR has not been explicitly entered by a user, this message can result from an error reported by a previous message. View the system log for message ANTX0511E to determine why the volume pair has been deleted, correct the error, and enter an XADDPAIR for the deleted volume pair to place the volume back into the XRC session. If the command is accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or at the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

ANTI8026I

**FULLCOPY SELECTED FOR VOLUME INITIALIZATION OF XRC VOLUME
PAIR(*volume_pair*), FUNC=*function* REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

An XADDPAIR command for the volume pair *volume_pair* (which is in the format of *source_volume,target_volume*, where the values are volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) was issued with the QUICKCOPY option. The volume initialization of the pair is being done using the FULLCOPY option because an error occurred attempting to use the QUICKCOPY option. The following indicates the *function* that encountered the error and its associated *reason_code* which indicates the particular error that occurred for the function:

***function* = 1**

The attempt to reserve the *source_volume* of the volume pair encountered an error. The *reason_code* indicates either the return code from the RESERVE macro (in the format of 000000xx where xx is the return code), or indicates the abnormal termination code from the RESERVE macro (in the format of xxxx0000 where xxxx is the abend code).

function = 2

Attempting to determine the unallocated space on the *source_volume* of the volume pair, the CVAFDSM service encountered an error. The *reason_code* indicates the CVAFDSM request error (in the format of yyyy00xx where xx is the return code from CVAFDSM and yyyy is the value from field CVSTAT).

function = 3

The attempt to release the *source_volume* of the volume pair encountered an error. The *reason_code* indicates either the return code from the DEQ macro (in the format of 000000xx where xx is the return code), or indicates the abnormal termination code from the DEQ macro (in the format of xxxx0000 where xxxx is the abend code).

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The volume initialization of the pair is performed using the FULLCOPY option. No action is required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI8027I
PRIMARY VOLSER *volser1* HAS CHANGED TO *volser2* ON DEVICE *device*

Explanation

XRC has detected a volume label change for the XRC primary volume *volser1* at device address *device*. The new volume label is now *volser2*.

Note: A new volume label *volser2* is the current volume label and may not be the volume label that is currently in the MVS configuration as shown by the display units command. Although not necessary to successful XRC execution, to make the volume label match the MVS configuration, a vary offline and vary online of the device can be executed to refresh the MVS configuration.

System action

XRC functions for the primary volume are now active using the volume label of *volser2*.

System programmer response

If you suspend the primary volume (using the volume label of *volser2*) or the session, you must first vary all devices having the volume label of *volser2* offline to MVS, and then vary the XRC primary volume with the volume label of *volser2* online to MVS before adding the volume to the session again or restarting the session, respectively.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTI8029I
SWAP VOLSER *volser1* HAS CHANGED TO *volser2* ON DEVICE *dddd*

Explanation

XRC has detected a volume label change for the XRC swap utility volume *volser1* at device address *dddd*. The new volume label is now *volser2*.

Note: A new volume label *volser2* is the current volume label and may not be the volume label that is currently in the MVS configuration as shown by the display units command. Although not necessary to successful XRC

execution, to make the volume label match the MVS configuration, a vary offline and vary online of the device can be executed to refresh the MVS configuration.

System action

XRC functions for the swap volume have now changed to the new volume label of *volser2*.

System programmer response

Verify that you intended the swap volume to change volume serial number from *volser1* to *volser2*. The primary volume may be online or offline during both XSTART and XADDPAIR.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTI8047I | PRIMARY DEVICE <i>device1</i> HAS MOVED TO <i>device2</i> FOR VOLSER <i>volser</i> SSID <i>ssid</i> ON <i>cu_serial_no</i>:<i>lss</i>:<i>cca</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has detected a device number change for XRC primary volume *volser* previously at device number *device1*. The new device number is now *device2* with storage subsystem identifier *ssid*, control unit serial number *cu_serial_no*, logical subsystem *lss*, and channel connection address *cca*.

System action

XRC functions for the primary volume are now active using the device number of *device2*.

System programmer response

Verify that you intended primary volume *volser* on device *device1* to move to device *device2*. The volume may be online or offline during both XSTART and XADDPAIR.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTI8121I | VOLUME INITIALIZATION RESTARTED FOR XRC VOLUME PAIR (<i>primary_volume</i>,<i>secondary_volume</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Volume synchronization or resynchronization of volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) has been automatically restarted. This message follows a suspension of the volume pair because of a recoverable error.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

A delimited parameter was entered for an ANT address space MODIFY command, and the ending delimiter is missing.

System action

The command is rejected. SDM operations continue.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and reissue the command as needed.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

Explanation

This message indicates that XRC has recorded this TSO command into the system log.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive this service message, issue MODIFY ANTAS000,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

This message indicates that XRC has recorded this ANTRQST invocation into the system log.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive this service message, issue MODIFY ANTAS000,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

SDM is creating the list of cataloged working space data sets that DFSMSdss uses for snapshot operations. The names of these data sets must meet the naming convention specified in [z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration](#).

System action

Snapshot operations that require use of working space data sets are delayed until message ANTM6001I is issued.

System programmer response

If any DFSMSdss jobs have received message ADR736E with return code 1805, resubmit the job after message ANTM6001I is issued.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6001I | wscnt SNAPSHOT WORKING SPACE DATA SETS REFRESHED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

SDM has finished creating the list of working space data sets to be used for snapshot requests. *wscnt* represents the number of working space data sets that SDM was able to find in the catalog.

System action

Operations continue for snapshot operations requiring working space data sets.

System programmer response

If any DFSMSdss jobs have received message ADR736E with return code 1805, resubmit the job after message ANTM6001I is issued.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

Module

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTM6002W | ERROR REFRESHING SNAPSHOT WORKING SPACE DATA SETS - RC=rc REAS=reas |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

SDM has encountered an error while creating the list of working space data sets that are used for snapshot requests.

System action

DFSMSdss jobs that use snapshot can receive message ADR736E until this error is corrected. See the associated return and reason code reported with ADR736E to determine if this is the cause of the error.

System programmer response

See the action in the indicated return and reason codes. If the return code is 08 with reason code 00, a WSDS catalog entry was found however the data set is inaccessible. If the data sets resided on an IBM RVA device or StorageTek SVA device, which is no longer available, then delete the snapshot data sets' catalog entries.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTM6003E | SNAPSHOT READ ERROR ON DEVICE= <i>device</i> VOLSER= <i>volser</i> RC= <i>retcode</i> REAS= <i>reascde</i> CSW= <i>cswdata</i> SENSE= <i>sense</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

SDM has encountered an error when reading from a snapshot working-space data set on device *device* with serial number *volser*. If the *cswdata* and the *sense* fields contain asterisks, the problem is an internal data mover error. The return and reason code indicate the specific error and the action to be taken.

System action

The snapshot request failed. An SDM error record has been written to SYS1.LOGREC.

System programmer response

Take action based on the return code, reason code, and sense information.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTM6004I | FLASHCOPY WORKING SPACE DATA SETS BEING REFRESHED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Using FlashCopy as the point in time mechanism, SDM is creating the list of cataloged data sets of working space that DFSMSdss uses for Virtual Concurrent Copy (VCC). The names of these data sets must meet the naming convention specified in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

System action

VCC operations requiring working space data sets may be delayed until message ANTM6005I is issued.

System programmer response

If any DFSMSdss jobs have received message ADR736E with return code 1805, resubmit the job after message ANTM6005I is issued.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTM6005I | wscnt USABLE FLASHCOPY WORKING SPACE DATA SETS DISCOVERED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

SDM has finished creating the list of cataloged working space data sets that DFSMSdss uses for Virtual Concurrent Copy (VCC) operations using FlashCopy as the point in time mechanism. *wscnt* represents the number of working space data sets that SDM was able to find in the catalog.

System action

VCC operations continue.

System programmer response

If any DFSMSdss jobs have received message ADR736E with return code 1805, resubmit the job.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6006W | ERROR REFRESHING FLASHCOPY WORKING SPACE DATA SETS – RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

SDM has encountered an error while creating the list of working space data sets that are used for Virtual Concurrent Copy (VCC) operations using FlashCopy as the point in time mechanism.

System action

DFSMSdss jobs that use VCC with FlashCopy as the point in time mechanism might receive message ADR736E until this error is corrected. Refer to the associated return and reason code reported with ADR736E to determine if this is the source of the error. Operations may continue successfully on working space data sets which are not affected by this error.

System programmer response

Refer to the action for the indicated return and reason code.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6007E | ERROR PROCESSING FLASHCOPY WORKING SPACE DATA SET: <i>dsname</i> - RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

SDM has encountered an error while validating the availability of *dsname* for use as a working space data set.

System action

DFSMSdss jobs that use VCC with FlashCopy as the point in time mechanism might receive message ADR736E until this error is corrected. See the associated return and reason code reported with ADR736E to determine if this is the source of the error. Operations can continue successfully on working space data sets that are not affected by this error.

System programmer response

See the action for the indicated return and reason code.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6013E | ERROR READING FROM VCC WORKING SPACE ON DEVICE=<i>device</i> VOLSER=<i>volser</i> RC=<i>retcode</i> REAS=<i>reascode</i> CSW=<i>cswdata</i> SENSE=<i>sense</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

SDM has encountered an error when reading from a FlashCopy working space data set on device *device* with serial number *volser*. If the *cswwdata* and *sense* fields contain asterisks, the problem is an internal data mover error. The return and reason code indicate the specific error and action to be taken.

System action

The VCC operation fails. An error record may be written to SYS1.LOGREC.

System programmer response

Take action based on the return code, reason code, and sense information.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6015I **WORKING SPACE DATASET *wsdsname* HAS BEEN RELEASED**

Explanation

In response to a RELEASEWS command, ANTMMAIN has released serialization on the named working space data set. This allows other operations on the data set to be performed.

System action

VCC operations continue, but this data set is not used for working space. If insufficient space is available in other working space data sets, jobs using VCC might fail. The data set remains unused until the MODIFY ANTMMAIN,REFRESHWS command is issued to re-enable usage, the ANTMMAIN address space is restarted, or an IPL is performed on the system.

System programmer response

If message ADR736E occurs with a return code indicating insufficient space is available, allocate additional working space data sets or restore access to the data set that was released. Then use the REFRESHWS modify command to enable the data sets for use by ANTMMAIN.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6016I **WORKING SPACE DATA SET *wsdsname* RELEASE IS DEFERRED**

Explanation

Release of the specified working space data set was requested by the RELEASEWS command, but the data set is in use. The release operation is deferred until all jobs using the data set for VCC operations have ended.

System action

VCC operations continue, but this data set is not used for working space allocations to new jobs. If insufficient space is available in other working space data sets, jobs using VCC might fail. The data set remains unused until the MODIFY ANTMMAIN,REFRESHWS command is used to re-enable usage, the ANTMMAIN address space is restarted, or an IPL is performed on the system.

After all current jobs using the data set have ended, the data set is released and message ANTM6015I is displayed.

System programmer response

If message ADR736E occurs with a return code indicating insufficient space is available, allocate additional working space data sets, or restore access to the data set that was released. Then use the REFRESHWS modify command to enable the data sets for use by ANTMAIN.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6017I | WORKING SPACE DATA SET LLQ llq WAS NOT FOUND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Release of the specified working space data set was requested by the RELEASEWS command, but the data set was not discovered by ANTMAIN.

System action

VCC operations continue.

System programmer response

Check the RELEASEWS command input. If necessary, reissue the command with a correct LLQ value.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6018W | ERROR RELEASING WORKING SPACE DATA SET <i>dsname</i> RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Release of the specified working space data set was not successful.

System action

VCC operations continue.

System programmer response

See the return and reason code description for actions to take.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTM6020I | LISTWS <i>filtertype</i> OUTPUT - <i>nnn</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

filtertype indicates which the filter option was used to generate the report. The valid values are listed in the documentation for MODIFY ANTMAIN,LISTWS in the Advanced Copy Services book. *nnn* indicates the current version of the query, and can be used to match automation to message levels.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6021I **COMPATIBLE WITH VOLUMES** (*volser, volser...*)

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

This message appears only when the LISTWS command input specified a list of volume serials to match to. This message indicates that the remainder of the report shows only working space data sets on volumes compatible with the listed VOLSERs. If more than (insert a number here) VOLSERs were requested for filtering, this line might appear multiple times.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6022I **WSDS PREFIX** *prefix*

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

This message shows the high level qualifiers of the data sets used on this system.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6023I **NAME STATUS JOBS RC DS CYL FREE CYL FLAGS**

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6024I **---**

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTM6025I *nnnnnnnn ssssss jjjj rcrc dddddddd aaaaaaaa ffffffff*

Explanation

This is a query output header message.

In the message text:

nnnnnnnn

Low level qualifier of the data set name (not including DATA for VSAM data sets).

ssssss

The status of this data set.

- INUSE data set is in use by at least one job.
- INUSE* data set is in use by at least one job, and is pending for release as requested by the RELEASEWS command.
- FREE data set is not in use by any job.
- REL data set has been released by RELEASEWS and is not available for use until the REFRESHWS command has been used.
- ERROR an error has occurred on this data set. See the rcrc and reas columns for information relating to the error.

jjjj

The number of jobs using this data set.

rcrc

The return code describing the error encountered with the data set, or 0 if no errors were encountered.

dddddddd

The number of cylinders allocated for the data set. A value of "NOTAVAIL" indicates that the number of cylinders has not been determined.

aaaaaaaa

The number of cylinders in the data set currently available for use by VCC operations. A value of "NOTAVAIL" indicates that the number of cylinders has not been determined.

fffffff

8 hexadecimal digits of internal debugging information.

System action

VCC operations continue. Additional messages are displayed to the console and syslog.

System programmer response

If the status shows ERROR, see the return and reason code for actions to make the data set usable.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

Explanation

The LISTWS command encountered an error.

System action

VCC operations continue.

System programmer response

See documentation for the return and reason codes.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

Explanation

No working space data sets met the requested LISTWS specification.

System action

VCC operations continue.

System programmer response

If a list was expected, investigate working space data set allocation, and correct if necessary.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

Explanation

The message is a response to the F ANTMMAIN,PETINFO command, and displays information about the System Data Mover (SDM) pause element token table.

In the message text:

aaaaa

Indicates the number of entries currently in use.

bbbbbb

Indicates the maximum number of entries allowed in the table.

cccc

Indicates the high water mark for table usage.

yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss

Indicates the local date and time when the HWM was reached.

System action

System processing continues.

System programmer response

If HWM indicates that the table entry demand is reaching the table limit, you can increase the size of the table. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for instructions on modifying PET table size.

Source

DFSMS System Data Mover.

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| ANTM6998E | PET TABLE IS INVALID |
|------------------|-----------------------------|

Explanation

The message is a response to the F ANTMMAIN,PETINFO command, and indicates that a problem exists with the SDM pause element token table.

System action

Failures are observed when you run DFSMSdss with Concurrent Copy, Fast Replication, or extended-format data sets, including in applications that use the ANTRQST application programming interface.

System programmer response

Issue a F ANTMMAIN,DUMP command to capture a diagnostic dump. Cancel the ANTMMAIN address space. It should automatically restart and reallocate the table. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, report the problem to the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMS System Data Mover.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTM6999E | PET TABLE INITIALIZATION FAILED, RC=return_code |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During ANTMMAIN address space startup, an error occurred when creating the SDM pause element token table.

System action

Failures are observed when you run DFSMSdss with Concurrent Copy, Fast Replication, or extended-format data sets, including in applications that use the ANTRQST application programming interface.

System programmer response

If return_code is 6307, there might be insufficient ECSA available to allocate the table. Either increase the system ECSA, or reduce the size of the table. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for instructions on modifying PET table size. After all system ECSA issues have been resolved, the ANTMMAIN address space must be refreshed (by executing a CANCEL command to ANTMMAIN). If the return_code 6307 continues to be observed and all storage issues have been resolved report the problem to the IBM Support Center. For other errors, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, report the problem to the IBM Support Center.

Source

DFSMS System Data Mover.

PPRC ANT messages (ANTP)

ANTP0001I

***command_name* COMMAND *ending_status* FOR DEVICE *device_number*.
COMPLETION CODE: *hh***

Explanation

The ending status of the PPRC command is presented. The status is determined by conditions encountered during execution.

command_name

The name of the PPRC command.

ending_status

- COMPLETED – The command is successfully completed.
- UNSUCCESSFUL – An error is encountered. Other messages can contain specific error information. A likely cause of this error is that the command was issued either to the wrong path, or to a device that is not valid. Correct the error and reissue the command.

device_number

The device number of the volume specified in the PPRC command. This can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request
- "" if the device number is missing or incorrectly specified in the command

hh

The highest completion code found during execution.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Check the console messages for a previous ANTPnnnnI message that explains the failure, and take action based on this previous message.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0003I

MISSING OR INVALID OPERAND. TYPE = *type*

Explanation

The parsing routine has found an operand in error. The operand is identified in the *type* field.

type

The specific operand type in error:

- DEVN – the device number
- PLSS – the primary logical storage subsystem (LSS) number
- PSSID – the primary SSID
- PSERIAL – the primary serial number
- PCCA – the primary CCA
- SLSS – the secondary LSS number
- SSSID – the secondary SSID

- SSERIAL – the secondary serial number
- SCCA – the secondary CCA
- SAID – a LINK address
- LINK@ – a LINK address (ESCON or FCP)
- OLDVOL – the old volume label
- NEWVOL – the new volume label
- MODE – the MODE option
- PACE – the PACE value
- SWWNN – the secondary World Wide Node Name
- PWWNN – the primary World Wide Node Name
- OLSS – fixed block device LSS number
- OSSID – fixed block device SSID
- OSERIAL – fixed block device serial number
- OLUN – fixed block device LUN

System action

None.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for the command syntax rules. Ensure that the missing or incorrect operands are properly entered, the required number of characters are given, and that hex values are in the correct format.

Note: The parsing routines only validate the operands syntactically. The storage control can reject syntactically correct operands if the operands cannot be resolved for the function requested. Also, the hardware can reject commands without identifying the specific failing operand. This condition is covered by the ANTP0200I message.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0004E *xx ERROR ON LINK linkaddress – linkerror*

Explanation

An error was encountered while attempting to establish a PPRC path with the specified link address. The error is described by a two-digit error code and corresponding link error text.

xx

linkerror

02

INITIALIZATION FAILED

03

TIMEOUT

04

NO RESOURCES AVAILABLE AT PRIM

05

NO RESOURCES AVAILABLE AT SEC

06

SERIAL# MISMATCH

| | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| 07 | SEC SSID MISMATCH |
| 08 | ESCON LINK FAILURE |
| 09 | ESTABLISH FAILED |
| 0A | PATH ACTIVE TO HOST |
| 0B | PATH TO SAME CLUSTER |
| 10 | CONFIGURATION ERROR |
| 14 | FCP LINK DOWN |
| 15 | FCP RETRY EXCEED |
| 16 | FCP SEC ADAPTER NOT PPRC CAPABLE |
| 17 | FCP SEC ADAPTER NOT AVAILABLE |
| 18 | FCP PRIMARY LOGIN EXCEEDED |
| 19 | FCP SECONDARY LOGIN EXCEEDED |
| 1A | PRIMARY FIBER CHANNEL NOT CONFIG |
| 1B | FIBRE DEGRADED |
| 1C | FIBRE REMOVED |

System action

The specified path is not established. If no other paths were successfully established by this command, and no volume pairs were previously established for the LSS pair, all path definitions associated with the LSS pair is deleted. Otherwise, for the ESS and similar storage subsystems, the path definition will be retained by the subsystem which can automatically establish the path at a future time when the error condition has been resolved.

System programmer response

02 INITIALIZATION FAILED

Verify that the physical link, including ESCD ports, is correct for the connection you are attempting. Verify the integrity of the fiber-optic links between the requested source and the destination.

03 TIMEOUT

Verify the physical link at the primary storage control. Determine if non-PPRC system activity has degraded link response times during the establish time.

04 NO RESOURCES AVAILABLE AT PRIM

Verify that the primary storage control does not already have the maximum number of logical paths already established. Verify the configuration and remove any unnecessary channel paths.

05 NO RESOURCES AVAILABLE AT SEC

Verify that the recovery site storage control does not already have the maximum number of logical paths already established. Verify the configuration and remove any unnecessary channel paths.

06 SERIAL# MISMATCH

Verify the serial number of the recovery site storage control.

07 SEC SSID MISMATCH

Verify that the path is available and is properly defined.

08 ESCON LINK FAILURE

Verify that the ESCON Link is online.

09 ESTABLISH FAILED**0A PATH ACTIVE TO HOST**

The system adapter has already established a link to the system server on this path.

0B PATH TO SAME CLUSTER

There is already an established path from this primary cluster to the secondary cluster.

10 CONFIGURATION ERROR

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

14 FCP LINK DOWN

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

15 FCP RETRY EXCEED

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

16 FCP SEC ADAPTER NOT PPRC CAPABLE

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

17 FCP SEC ADAPTER NOT AVAILABLE

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

18 FCP PRIMARY LOGIN EXCEEDED

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

19 FCP SECONDARY LOGIN EXCEEDED

Correct the error for the link address and reissue the command.

1A PRIMARY FIBER CHANNEL NOT CONFIG

Do the primary fiber channel configuration and reissue the command.

1B FIBRE DEGRADED

Determine the reason for the high failure rate on the Fibre Channel connection.

1C FIBRE REMOVED

Determine the reason for the high failure rate on the Fibre Channel connection.

If a link shows "STATUS NOT RECOGNIZED", note the error code and contact the storage subsystem vendor for assistance in diagnosing the problem.

Source

Peer to Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0007I**CSUSPEND OPERATION REJECTED- QUIESCE OPTION HAS BEEN
DISABLED****Explanation**

The QUIESCE option of the CSUSPEND command has been disabled by APAR OW15247 or APAR OW15248. The suspend function was not performed and the PPRC pair specified in the CSUSPEND command remains in the duplex state.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See APAR OW15247 or APAR OW15248 for instructions about enabling the QUIESCE option of the CSUSPEND command. If the QUIESCE option is enabled, do not issue a CSUSPEND command with the QUIESCE option to a volume with active SPOOL, PAGE, or CATALOG data sets, or to an active SYSRES volume. Doing so can cause any attached system to enter a deadlock condition, and can require a storage control IML to correct the condition. See the GROUP command, which can provide the wanted function.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0008I | <i>command_name</i> COMMAND FAILED TSO COMMAND PROCESSING |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A missing or incorrect value was specified with the *command_name* command, or there were other TSO command processing errors.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See *z/OS TSO/E Messages* for an explanation of the related IKJxxxxx messages. Correct the error and reenter the command. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0009I | USER <i>userid</i> IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE THE PPRC <i>command_name</i> COMMAND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *command_name* command was issued by user *userid*, and RACF (or the product providing resource control) has determined that this user is not authorized to use this command. If *userid* is "UNKNOWN", a batch job was used to invoke the *cmdname* command, and the JOB card did not specify a user ID.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for command authorization details. If *userid* is "UNKNOWN", specify an authorized user ID on the JOB card and resubmit the batch job.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0010I | <i>command_name</i> COMMAND FOR DEVICE <i>device_number</i> FAILED WHILE PROCESSING STORAGE CONTROL DATA |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC command given by *command_name* for the device given by *device_number* failed while attempting to obtain data from the storage control.

System action

The command has failed.

System programmer response

This command can have failed because it was issued to the wrong device or to the wrong storage control. Verify that the device is a PPRC volume and reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0011I | PPRC <i>command_name</i> COMMAND HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED AS A TSO AUTHORIZED COMMAND |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *command_name* command is not an authorized TSO command. The command name must be added to the appropriate IKJTSOxx parmlib member under the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for command authorization details.

The system administrator must:

1. Update the IKJTSOxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB, specifying the *command_name* command with the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.
2. Issue the TSO command PARMLIB UPDATE(xx) to activate the new IKJTSOxx member.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0012I | <i>command_name</i> COMMAND <i>ending_status</i> FOR DEVICE <i>device_number</i> PRIMARY SSID <i>primary_ssid</i> SECONDARY SSID <i>secondary_ssid</i>. COMPLETION CODE: <i>hh</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The ending status of the CGROUP FREEZE or CGROUP RUN command is presented. The status is determined by conditions encountered during execution. The various fields reported are as follows:

command_name

CGROUP FREEZE or CGROUP RUN

ending_status

- COMPLETED – The command is successfully completed.
- UNSUCCESSFUL – An error is encountered. Other messages contain the specific error information.

device_number

The device number of the volume specified in the PPRC command. This can be:

- z/OS device number
- *Serial_number-lss-lun* of a Fixed Block device in an OPEN device request
- "" if the device number is missing or incorrectly specified in the command

primary_ssid

The source site storage subsystem identifier.

secondary_ssid

The recovery site storage subsystem identifier.

hh

The highest completion code encountered during execution of the function.

System action

None.

System programmer response

If the command failed, check the console messages for a previous ANTPnnnnI message that explains the failure and take action based on this previous message.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTP0014I | PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND OPTION (<i>option</i>) NOT ALLOWED WITH <i>keyword</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The following keyword combinations cannot be specified with the CESTPAIR command:

OPTION(XD) and CRIT(YES),

OPTION(XD) and MODE(NOCOPY) when ACTION(FAILOVER) or ACTION(FAILBACK) is also specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reissue the CESTPAIR command with a valid keyword combination. For more information about the CESTPAIR command, see [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC)

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTP0015I | PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND OPTION(<i>option</i>) NOT AVAILABLE FOR DEVICE <i>devn</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

A PPRC CESTPAIR command specified `OPTION(option)`. Either the device *devn* is not in an ESS subsystem, or the specified feature is not installed or active in the ESS subsystem.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the device *devn* is in an ESS subsystem. Ensure the requested feature is installed and active in the ESS. Make any necessary changes to the option or device specification, and reissue the CESTPAIR command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0020I | THE FACILITY CLASS PROFILE CORRESPONDING TO COMMAND(PPRC_command-name) HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation:

The facility class profile corresponding to the (command_name) command has not been defined.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Define the corresponding facility class profile and permit the user to it.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0090I | <i>cquery_format_volume_message</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A CQUERY FORMAT VOLUME request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *cquery_format_volume_message*.

The first line of this report is a control line that consists of the following:

```
timestamp job_number ANTP0090I CQUERY
FORMATTED LVL 4 connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The *C* is written to the console only.

The second line of this report is a text line that consists of the following:

```
VOLUME REPORT
```

The rest of the report is described in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

System action

None.

System programmer response

If you cannot understand the status returned from a CQUERY command to a primary volume, examine the LOGREC at the secondary subsystem to help diagnose the cause of the condition. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide any associated SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0091I***cquery_unformat_volume_message***

Explanation

A CQUERY UNFORMAT VOLUME request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *cquery_unformat_volume_message* and consists of the following lines:

- Line 1

```
timestamp job_number ANTP0091I CQUERY
UNFORMATTED LVL 2 connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

- Line 2

```
VOLUME REPORT
```

- Line 3

```
device_number,level,device_state,path_status,
```

- Line 4

```
primary_control_unit_subsystem_identifier(SSID),
primary_device_channel_connection_address(CCA),
primary_control_unit_serial_number,
secondary_control_unit_subsystem_identifier(SSID),
secondary_device_channel_connection_address(CCA),
secondary_control_unit_serial_number,
critical_state_status,
cgroup_longbusy_installed,
```

- Line 5

```
number_of_paths_established,
path_#1_said/dest,
path_#1_status_code,
path_#2_said/dest,
path_#2_status_code,
path_#3_said/dest,
path_#3_status_code,
path_#4_said/dest,
path_#4_status_code,
```

- Line 6 (if *number_of_paths_established* in line 5 is greater than 4)

```
path_#5_said/dest,
path_#5_status_code,
path_#6_said/dest,
path_#6_status_code,
path_#7_said/dest,
path_#7_status_code,
path_#8_said/dest,
path_#8_status_code,
```

- Line 7 (or line 6 if *number_of_paths_established* in line 5 is less than 5)

For 3990 and RVA storage control device information, the following four fields are displayed:

```
first_cylinder_out_of_synch,  
last_cylinder_out_of_synch,  
percent_of_copy_completed,  
secondary_suspended_timestamp,
```

For 2105 storage control device information, the following four fields are displayed:

```
number_of_tracks_out_of_synch,  
total_number_of_tracks_on_the_volume,  
percent_of_copy_completed,  
secondary_suspended_timestamp,
```

For output examples of the fields, see the chapter titled *Managing Peer to Peer Remote Copy Operations* in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

Note:

1. For 3990 and RVA devices, the first_cylinder_out_of_synch, and last_cylinder_out_of_synch are 5 bytes long.
 2. For 2105 devices, the number_of_tracks_out_of_synch, and total_number_of_tracks_on_the_volume fields are 5 bytes long when the status of the device is SIMPLEX or DUPLEX. For all other statuses, these fields are 7 bytes long.
- Line 8-9 (or lines 7-8 if *number_of_paths_established* in line 5 is less than 5)

For 2105 storage control device information, the following five fields are displayed:

```
primary_wwnn,  
secondary1_wwnn,  
secondary2_wwnn,  
secondary3_wwnn,  
secondary4_wwnn
```

System action

None.

System programmer response

If you are unable to understand the status returned from a CQUERY command to a primary volume, examine the LOGREC at the secondary subsystem to help diagnose the cause of the condition. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide any associated SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0095I *cquery_format_paths_message*

Explanation

A CQUERY FORMAT PATHS request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *cquery_format_paths_message*.

The first line of this report is a control line that consists of the following:

```
timestamp job_number ANTP0095I CQUERY FORMATTED  
LVL 2 connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written to the console only.

The second line of this report is a text line that consists of the following:

```
PATHS REPORT
```

The rest of the report is described in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0096I *cquery_unformat_paths_message*

Explanation

A CQUERY UNFORMAT PATHS request has been made. This is a block message defined by the *cquery_unformat_paths_message* field, and consists of the following lines:

- Line 1

```
timestamp job_number ANTP0096I CQUERY
UNFORMATTED LVL 2 connect_message_number C
```

Note: The *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The *C* is written to the console only.

- Line 2

```
PATHS REPORT
```

- Line 3

```
prim_ctl_unit_ser_num,
prim_ctl_unit_subsys_ident(SSID)
prim_ctl_unit_type
```

- Line 4

```
first_secondary_ctl_unit_ser_num,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_subsys_ident(SSID),
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_status_code
```

- Line 4a (optional line displayed only if the value of *first_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established* in line 4 is greater than 4)

```
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_status_code,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_said/dest,
first_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_status_code
```

- Line 5

```
second_secondary_ctl_unit_ser_num,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_subsys_ident(SSID),
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established,
```

```
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_status_code
```

- Line 5a (optional line displayed only if the value of *second_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established* in line 5 is greater than 4)

```
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_status_code,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_said/dest,
second_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_status_code
```

- Line 6

```
third_secondary_ctl_unit_ser_num,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_subsys_ident(SSID),
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_status_code,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_status_code,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_status_code,,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_status_code
```

- Line 6a (optional line displayed only if the value of *third_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established* in line 5 is greater than 4)

```
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_status_code,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_status_code,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_status_code,,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_said/dest,
third_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_status_code
```

- Line 7

```
fourth_secondary_ctl_unit_ser_num,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_subsys_ident(SSID),
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#1_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#2_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#3_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#4_status_code
```

- Line 7a (optional line displayed only if the value of *fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_num_paths_established* in line 5 is greater than 4)

```
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#5_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#6_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#7_status_code,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_said/dest,
fourth_sec'y_ctl_unit_path_#8_status_code
```

- Line 8-9 (or lines 7-8 if *number_of_paths_established* in line 5 is less than 5)

For 2105 storage control device information, the following fields are displayed:

```
primary_wwnn,  
secondary1_wwnn,  
secondary2_wwnn,  
secondary3_wwnn,  
secondary4_wwnn
```

- See the chapter titled *Managing Peer to Peer Remote Copy Operations* in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about these fields.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0100I **DUPLEX OPERATION ERROR. MSG FRMT = 0, MSG NMBR = F, REAS: hh**

Explanation

The storage control has detected an error in the subsystem involving a duplex volume operation. The message format and number from the sense information appear.

hh

The reason code from byte 8 of the sense information.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See the appropriate storage hardware reference documentation for sense Format 0 Message F, reason code *hh*. Correct the error and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0101I **ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- NVS SPACE NOT AVAIL. FOR BITMAP**

Explanation

Insufficient nonvolatile storage space is available for the application site storage control to create the changed track bitmap for the volume pair.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See the appropriate storage hardware operations documentation for pinned data procedures. Correct the condition and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0102I**ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- DEVICES NOT IN SUSPEND MODE**

Explanation

The CESTPAIR MODE(RESYNC) command failed to establish the PPRC volume pair. The MODE(RESYNC) parameter is not valid unless the following conditions are met:

- The specified primary and secondary devices are in SUSPEND state
- The device specification of the primary and secondary devices matches that of the primary and secondary devices of an already established PPRC volume pair in SUSPEND state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the CQUERY command to verify the status of each device and determine whether the specified primary and secondary devices correspond to the same volume pair specification. Then, determine which of the following actions to perform next:

- If the volume pair is active (PENDING or DUPLEX state), no action is required.
- If the primary and secondary devices are in SIMPLEX state, reissue the CESTPAIR command with MODE(COPY) or MODE(NOCOPY).
- If the device specification of the specified primary and secondary devices does not match that of the primary and secondary device of an established PPRC volume pair in SUSPEND state, reissue the CESTPAIR command with the correct device specification and with MODE(RESYNC).

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0103I**ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- DEVICES NOT IN SIMPLEX MODE**

Explanation

The primary and secondary volumes specified with the CESTPAIR MODE(COPY) or MODE(NOCOPY) command cannot be established when either of the following conditions exist:

- The specified primary and secondary devices are not in SIMPLEX state.
- The primary device is in SUSPEND state but the secondary device is in SIMPLEX state.
- The primary device or secondary device, or both, are in SUSPEND state but the devices are not part of the same PPRC volume pair.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the CQUERY command to verify the status of each device. Determine whether the specified primary device and secondary device correspond to the same volume pair specification. Then determine which of the following actions to perform next:

- If the volume pair is active (PENDING or DUPLEX state), no action is required.
- If the device specification of the specified primary and secondary devices matches that of the primary and secondary device of an established PPRC volume pair in SUSPEND state, reissue the CESTPAIR command with MODE(RESYNC).
- If one or both devices are already part of a PPRC volume pair with a different device, select a new device and reissue the CESTPAIR command with the corrected device specification and MODE(COPY) or MODE(NOCOPY) parameter.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0104I**PPRC FUNCTION FAILED- CONTROL UNIT DETECTED ERROR**

Explanation

An attempt to establish, suspend, or terminate a PPRC pair resulted in communication error between the primary and secondary control units. Possible causes for CKD are:

- The secondary device is busy.
- The secondary device is reserved.
- The secondary is participating in a concurrent copy session or an XRC session that is not suspended.

Possible causes for FB are:

- The LUN is long busy.
- The LUN is not installed.
- The LUN is waiting for a Start Unit command, with Format Failed status.
- The LUN is active on another interface.
- The LUN is in a hardware failure state.
- The LUN is performing a Write Same or Format Unit.
- The secondary performed a Release Space (initiated by an establish PPRC pair or Establish FlashCopy pair) and the release space of the secondary/target volume is not complete.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Quiesce activity on the target secondary device. The target secondary device cannot be actively used or be a member of a duplex pair.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0105I**ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- PINNED DATA ON SUSPENDED VOLUME**

Explanation

The storage control detects pinned data for a volume and halts the command. A CESTPAIR command was issued to a suspended volume that contains pinned data.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See the appropriate storage hardware operations documentation for pinned data procedures. Correct the condition and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0106I ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- SECONDARY ADDRESS INCORRECT

Explanation

The storage control cannot resolve the secondary (target) volume's channel connection address (CCA) from the operand given in the command. The CCA secondary address provided on the command is not a valid CCA address for this PPRC pair.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the DEVSERV command to obtain the target CCA address for the secondary of this PPRC pair, and reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0107I SUSPEND OPERATION REJECTED- SUSPEND STATE EXISTED

Explanation

An attempt to suspend a PPRC copy has been made to a pair that is already suspended.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the CQUERY command to verify the PPRC volume or path status.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0108I ATTEMPTED A DUPLEX OPERATION ON A SIMPLEX VOLUME

Explanation

A PPRC operation (CDELPAIR, CSUSPEND, or CRECOVER) has been directed to a volume that is not a member of a PPRC pair.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the DEVSERV command to determine the volume status.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0109I | SUSPEND PRIMARY FAILED- DUPLEX OR PPRC PENDING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A suspend operation is attempted to a volume that has a pending duplex or PPRC operation.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the CQUERY command to verify that the volume is in pending status. Reissue the command when the device is no longer in pending status.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0110I | ESTAB. DUPLEX PAIR FAILED- CE MODE OR UNDETERMINED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

While attempting to establish a PPRC pair, the storage control is in CE mode or the "FC" state (Sense Format F, Message C).

System action

None.

System programmer response

Take the storage control out of CE mode or correct the FC condition, and then reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0111I | TERMINATE PAIR FAILED- DASD FAST WRITE PENDING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The storage control is unable to end a pair while DASD fast write (DFW) is pending.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the DEVSERV command to determine the DASD fast write condition. Reissue the command when the DFW pending condition clears.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

Module

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0112I | ESTAB. PAIR FAILED- SUBSYSTEM INSTALLING MICROCODE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Because a microcode install operation is in progress, the storage control is unable to initiate the operation.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Permit the microcode install operation to complete, and then reissue the command.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0113I | ESTAB. PATHS FAILED- WOULD EXCEED UNITS/PATHS LIMITS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The command failed because the maximum number of storage control connections or the number of paths to a specific storage control has been reached.

System action

None.

System programmer response

To determine the established storage controls and paths for the secondary volume, issue the CQUERY command with the PATHS option.

You can also collect path information with ICKDSF (release 16 or above) with the ANALYZE command, specifying the NOSCAN and NODRIVE keywords.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0114I | COPY OPERATION UNABLE TO COMPLETE- ABNORMAL CONDITION |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An abnormal condition in either storage subsystem prohibits the completion of the CESTPAIR or CESTPATH copy operation.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Verify the path status by issuing the CQUERY command with the PATHS option. Also, look for any SIM messages that indicate a problem with the storage control or device. Correct the problem and retry the copy operation.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0115I | NO MATCH IN CU FOR SPECIFIED PRIMARY OR SECONDARY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The storage control cannot resolve the operands in the command input to match a subsystem ID or serial number.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Verify that the command input correctly identifies the information for the primary volume and the storage control for the secondary volume. This message can occur if a CESTPAIR command is issued before a path has been established from the specified primary storage control to the specified secondary storage control. For CKD devices, check the configuration charts, system log, and SYS1.LOGREC. Also, for CKD devices, the DEVSERV and CQUERY commands can also help with this verification.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0116I | CONDITIONS AT SECONDARY CU PROHIBIT PROPER OPERATION |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A condition that prohibits initiation of the operation at the secondary volume's storage control has been detected. One of the following conditions exists on the storage control:

- DASD fast write is not active for the device
- Cache is not available for the subsystem
- Cache is not active for the device
- Nonvolatile storage space not available for the subsystem
- Primary and secondary device geometries are incompatible
- LIC support for requested function is not installed
- Subsystem support for requested function is not installed
- Target device does not exist on the subsystem

System action

Request failed.

System programmer response

Issue the DEVSERV command to determine the status of the above conditions and correct those conditions. After conditions have been corrected, reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0117I**FAILED TO ESTAB. ONE OR MORE PATHS TO SECONDARY**

Explanation

The storage control cannot establish all the paths specified in the CESTPATH command. However, one or more paths have been established.

System action

The command is partially successful.

System programmer response

To determine the pathing status, issue a CQUERY command, with the PATHS option, to the primary device.

See the data returned with the CQUERY command to determine the action required for status other than "established".

You can also collect path information with ICKDSF (release 16 or above) with the ANALYZE command, specifying the NOSCAN and NODRIVE keywords.

Note: CQUERY PATHS displays only outbound path information. It does not display information about inbound paths. If you attempt to establish an outbound path, and it is already established inbound, the CESTPATH command fails with ANTP0117I, but the inbound path does not appear in output of a CQUERY PATHS command directed to your local storage subsystem.

When checking path status for your local storage subsystem, issue the CQUERY PATHS command not only to the local subsystem, but also to all remote storage subsystems to which your local subsystem is connected. This allows you to see any established paths that are inbound to your local subsystem.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0118I**ESTABLISH PAIR FAILED- A VOLUME HAS PINNED DATA**

Explanation

Either the primary or secondary volume has pinned data, preventing establishment of the pair.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See the appropriate storage hardware operations documentation for pinned data recovery procedures. Correct the condition and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

Explanation

The PPRC pair has been suspended. Since the volume is established with the CRIT(YES) option, no writes are permitted to the suspended volume.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Determine the reason why the volume is suspended. Look for an IEA49xx message on the system console, containing the reason code. Correct the condition and reestablish or delete the PPRC pair by issuing the CESTPAIR or CDELPAIR command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

Explanation

The state (simplex, duplex, pending, or suspend) of the pair is in conflict with the attempted PPRC command.

System action

None.

System programmer response

To determine the specific PPRC state, issue the CQUERY command to the primary or secondary device.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

Explanation

The CDELPATH command has been issued while the PPRC volumes are still active.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Verify status (with the CQUERY command), and ensure that you are specifying the correct PPRC device. Then issue the CDELPAIR command to end the PPRC pair, and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0122I**PRIMARY CU TIMED OUT ATTEMPTING TO COMMUNICATE WITH
SECONDARY****Explanation**

The primary storage control (CU) timed out while attempting to communicate with the secondary storage control.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Correct the communication problem between the primary storage control and secondary storage control, and then retry the PPRC command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0123E**ESTABLISH PAIR FAILED- SECONDARY DEVICE HAS ACTIVE PATH
GROUP****Explanation**

A PPRC Establish Pair request was made to an ESS subsystem, but the ESS reported that the secondary device has a path group connection to some host. A host system can have the secondary device online.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Confirm that the secondary device is not online to any host system attached to the ESS device. Use the DEVSERV command to query the path status of the device from all host systems. Use the VARY OFFLINE command to remove the path group connection. Optionally, if the secondary device is not being accessed by any host system, the ONLINSEC(YES) keyword can be used to complete the Establish pair. Ensure that the secondary device is correctly specified. Reissue the Establish pair command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0124E**ESTABLISH PAIR FAILED - SYNC/ASYNCH STATE CHANGE INVALID****Explanation**

A PPRC CESTPAIR command was issued to devices in a PPRC pair state that does not support a conversion to the requested state. This can occur when a PPRC pair is in an active synchronous state and the CESTPAIR request changes the PPRC pair to an asynchronous state. To make this conversion, the active PPRC pair must first be suspended.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the PPRC devices are in the correct state by using the CQUERY command. Suspend the pair, if necessary, make any required changes to the CESTPAIR specification, and reissue the CESTPAIR command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0125E | ESTAB. PAIR FAILED - DIFFERENT FORMAT/SIZE OR SEC TOO SMALL |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A PPRC CESTPAIR command specified a secondary device that has a different track format, different track size, or fewer tracks than the primary device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Modify the request to ensure the primary and secondary device track size and format are the same, and the device size of the secondary is equal to or larger than the primary. For CKD, or MVS attached devices, you can use DEVSERV commands to verify device type and size of the primary and secondary devices. After making any corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0126I | PPRC REQUEST FAILED - DEVICE IN A SOFT FENCE STATE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC operation requested cannot be completed due to the device specified being in a Soft Fence state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct device was specified for the request. If the intended device was specified correctly, an unfence operation must be performed on the device before the PPRC request is accepted. If the request was an establish path or a Freeze operation the request can be issued to another unfenced device in the same LSS.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0130E | ESTAB. PATH FAILED - FCP NOT ALLOWED ON FICON® ADAPTER |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Path request attempted to create an FCP link on a FICON adapter. Fibre Channel adapters can be configured for FICON communications or FCP communications, but not both communication protocols. PPRC paths require FCP adapters.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Confirm the FCP LINK address(es) are correct. See the storage subsystem Fibre Channel adapter configuration information from both the primary and secondary subsystems to ensure the Fibre Channel adapter numbers are correct. After making any changes or corrections, re-issue the Establish paths request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0131E | ESTAB. PATH – SAME SOURCE AND TARGET FCP ADAPTER INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Path request specified an FCP path (LINK) address for the secondary subsystem that is the same FCP path address as the primary subsystem. The combination of the primary subsystem WWNN and Fibre Channel adapter in the first two bytes of the path (LINK) address creates a unique WWPN for this Fibre Channel adapter. The same WWPN was created when the secondary subsystem WWNN and Fibre Channel adapter in the last two bytes of the path (LINK) address were combined. A Fibre Channel adapter can be a PPRC source or a PPRC target, but not both.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the path (LINK) address(es) have the correct Fibre Channel adapter numbers. After making any changes or corrections, re-issue the Establish paths request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0132E | ESTAB. PATH FAILED – ESCON ADAPTER OR FCP ADAPTER INVALID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Path request path (LINK) addresses contained invalid identifiers for either ESCON or FCP adapters. PPRC Establish Path requests must specify all ESCON adapter identifiers or all FCP adapter identifiers.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the path (LINK) address(es) have the correct adapter numbers.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0133E | PPRC REQUEST FAILED - PATH PROTOCOL MISMATCH |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A PPRC request specified FCP paths or WWNNs on the request, but the secondary LSS is connected to the specified primary LSS using ESCON paths. Or the PPRC request specified ESCON paths or storage control serial numbers, but the secondary LSS is connected to the specified primary LSS using FCP paths. The request must be issued using the same protocol existing for the PPRC path when establishing new paths or deleting existing paths.

If you are trying to switch your path(s) in an LSS to LSS association from ESCON to FCP or vice versa and do not want to delete your PPRC pairs, you can use the procedure below. If you do not need to preserve your PPRC pairs, you can simply delete the pairs and existing paths and then establish new paths in the other protocol.

1. Issue a CGROUP FREEZE command to the primary LSS. This removes all of the ESCON paths and suspend all the PPRC pairs in the LSS to LSS association.
2. Issue a CGROUP RUN command to allow Host application I/O to the primary volumes to resume.
3. Issue the CESTPATH command using the applicable required parameters to re-establish the PPRC paths.
4. Issue the CESTPAIR command with the MODE(RESYNC) option to re-establish the PPRC pairs.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

If you are issuing an establish path request to simply change which link addresses are to be used between the two LSSs without intending to change protocol, reissue the establish path request using the same protocol as used by the existing paths. If you are issuing a delete path request for existing paths, reissue the delete path request using the same protocol as used by the existing paths.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0134E | ESTAB. PATH FAILED – FCP ADAPTER CONNECTION TYPE INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Path request specified FCP paths, but the primary subsystem Fibre Channel adapter is not connected point-to-point to another storage subsystem, or is not connected to a Fibre Fabric Switch. PPRC source FCP adapters must be directly connected to another subsystem, or must be connected to a Fibre Fabric Switch. Any other FCP adapter connection type is invalid.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Establish Path request has the correct FCP adapters specified.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0135E | SECONDARY DEVICE ADDRESS INVALID – NOT CONFIGURED OR INSTALLED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Path request failed because a specified secondary device could not be found on the secondary storage subsystem.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the secondary device address, and resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0136E PPRC REQUEST FAILED — PRIMARY SERIALNO OR WWNN NOT VALID

Explanation

A PPRC request specified an invalid storage subsystem serial number (SERIALNO) or World Wide Node Name (WWNN).

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the SERIALNO or WWNN specified on the request, and resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0160E ESTAB. PAIR - INVALID CASCADE COMBINATION, XD TO SYNC

Explanation

A PPRC establish pair command specified OPTION(XD) and a secondary device that is the primary of a Metro Mirror Pair. In a cascading environment, the combination of PPRC-XD to synchronous PPRC is not supported, because the intermediate volume B, a fuzzy copy, cannot be the source for a consistent copy at the tertiary volume.

System action

The request is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that OPTION(XD) is required for the pair being established, and that the secondary device specified is the correct device. If so, the cascaded pair must either be deleted or it might be an extended distance (XD) pair. Correct the command or the configuration and reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0200I AOM DETECTED I/O ERROR. MSG FRMT = *f*, MSG NMBR = *n*, REAS: *rs*

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request from PPRC processing. The message format *f*, the message number *n*, and the reason *rs* are taken from the sense bytes obtained after the error.

f

The first digit (Format) of sense byte 7.

n

The second digit (Message) of sense byte 7.

rs

The reason code from byte 8 of the sense information.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This message can be received because of a parameter error that would normally result in an ANTF003I message, however, the microcode is at a lower level that does not report the necessary information to determine the parameter that is in error. Verify that all parameters specified are correct for the request being attempted. If all parameters are correct, this is an internal error. If this error recurs, research the problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0201I | NO UCB FOUND FOR DEVICE NUMBER SPECIFIED IN INPUT |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

PPRC processing attempted to locate the UCB for the device, but the UCB could not be found.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Check the device number specified in the FlashCopy command to make sure it is a valid device as defined to the host system. Resubmit the FlashCopy command with a valid device number.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0202I | CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS FAILED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

PPRC processing attempted to read device information from the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0203I**UNIT DOES NOT SUPPORT PPRC OPERATIONS**

Explanation

A PPRC command has been issued to a storage control that does not support the PPRC feature.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the command to a storage control with the PPRC Licensed Internal Code installed.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0204I**VOLUME LABEL IN INPUT DOES NOT MATCH THAT ON VOLUME**

Explanation

A CRECOVER command has found a mismatch between the label appearing in the command input and the label on the volume.

System action

The CRECOVER operation completes, and a return code of 4 is posted.

System programmer response

Verify the volume label using ICKDSF or other utility programs.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0205I**CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ VOLUME LABEL FAILED**

Explanation

A CRECOVER operation has failed to read a volume label.

System action

The CRECOVER operation completes, and a return code of 4 is posted.

System programmer response

See the IOS/DASD ERP messages issued to the system console. Take the appropriate action and verify the volume label using ICKDSF or similar program.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0206I**CHANNEL PROGRAM: WRITE VOLUME LABEL FAILED**

Explanation

A CRECOVER operation has failed to write a volume label.

System action

The CRECOVER operation on the volume completes; however, the volume label is not written. A return code of 4 is posted.

System programmer response

See the IOS/DASD ERP messages issued to the system console. Take the appropriate action and relabel the volume using ICKDSF or similar program.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0207I**ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATION MGR. REQUEST FAILED RTN: 04 REAS: *rs***

Explanation

The Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) detected an error while handling an I/O request.

System action

The command is rejected

System programmer response

This is an internal error. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. See [*z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis*](#) for a full explanation of AOM return and reason codes and the actions to take.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0208I**ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATION MGR. OPERATION FAILED RTN: 08
REAS: *hh***

Explanation

While processing a request, the asynchronous operations manager (AOM) has detected an error. The AOM internal return code is 8, and the internal reason code appears.

hh

The reason code from AOM

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for a full explanation of AOM return and reason codes and the actions to take.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0209I | ASYNCHRONOUS OPERATION MGR. OPERATION FAILED RTN: 12 REAS: hh |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

While processing a request, the asynchronous operations manager (AOM) has detected an error. The AOM internal return code is 12, and the internal reason code appears.

hh

The reason code from AOM

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) for a full explanation of AOM return and reason codes and the actions to take.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0210I | CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ CYLINDER BITMAP FAILED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A channel program failed while attempting to read an out-of-sync cylinder bitmap during a CQUERY operation.

System action

The program displays all CQUERY information accumulated before the error, and sets a return code of 4 for the whole CQUERY operation.

System programmer response

See the IOS/DASD ERP messages issued to the system console. Take the appropriate action and retry the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0211I | CHANNEL PROGRAM: READ CONFIGURATION DATA FAILED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

PPRC processing attempted to read device configuration information from the subsystem for the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0212I**CHANNEL PROGRAM: SENSE SUBSYSTEM STATUS FAILED**

Explanation

PPRC processing attempted to read subsystem status information about the specified device. The channel program for this request received a unit check.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Multiple conditions can cause this error. The device is defined to the host but cannot respond to the I/O request. Use the DEVSERV commands to check path and device status from the system console. Correct the conditions and resubmit the command. If this error recurs, research problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0213I**UNIT IS ALIAS DEVICE, SPECIFIED OPERATION NOT ALLOWED**

Explanation

PPRC processing detected the specified device is a Parallel Access Volume (PAV) alias device. FlashCopy requests can only be issued to the PAV base device or non-PAV devices.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the device specified is the correct device and resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0214I**UNIT IS NOT A VALID DEVICE TYPE FOR SPECIFIED OPERATION**

Explanation

PPRC processing detected the specified device is not a direct access storage device (DASD). FlashCopy requests can only be issued to DASD devices in ESS subsystems.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the device specified is the correct device, and resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0215E**PPRC DEVN DEVICE NOT IN SAME CLUSTER AS SPECIFIED LSS**

Explanation

A PPRC request specified OPENDVCS(YES) or REDIRECT(YES). The DEVN device is not in the same subsystem cluster as the primary LSS or the query LSS. For this type of request the DEVN device is used only as an access device to the subsystem cluster that contains the device the request should be executed on. The specified primary LSS or the query LSS must be in the same cluster as the DEVN device.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure that the DEVN device is in the same subsystem cluster as the Open device identified in the PPRC request. Reissue the corrected request.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0216E**FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED ON SUBSYSTEM**

Explanation

The Advanced Copy Services request specified a function that is not supported by host software on the subsystem identified in the request. The specified subsystem microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode level required for the function.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Determine the microcode level (LIC) of the subsystem identified in the request. Insure the microcode is at the required level. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the Advanced Copy Services request.

Source

ESS Advanced Copy Services

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| ANTP0217E | CHANNEL PROGRAM TIMED OUT |
|------------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

WAITTIME expired during execution of a channel program.

System action

SDM aborts the request and returns control back to the program if it is a synchronous request or posts the ECB if it is an asynchronous request.

System programmer response

Determine if the WAITTIME is too short for the requested action, if there is another application delaying the I/O of the DEVN device, or if there is a problem with the DEVN device. Resubmit the request when the problem is corrected.

Source

ESS Advanced Copy Services

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0225E | PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE DEVICE-INFO. SPECIFIED SECONDARY IS SPACE EFFICIENT. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A PPRC CESTPAIR command was issued for primary device device-info without the keyword SETGTOK(YES), and the specified secondary device is a track space efficient volume.

System action

The CESTPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

If the intent is to establish a PPRC pair to a track space efficient secondary volume, issue the command again with SETGTOK(YES) specified.

Source

Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0226I | PPRC CESTPAIR FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>, VOLUME RESIZE IS IN PROGRESS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC Establish Pair command cannot complete because the volume is in the process of being resized. Devices are restricted from participating in a copy services relationship when being resized.

System action

The CESTPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Wait until the volume resize has completed, and issue the CESTPAIR command again.

Source

ESS FlashCopy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0227E | PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>, SPECIFIED SECONDARY IS SOURCE TO A SPACE EFFICIENT RELATIONSHIP. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A PPRC CESTPAIR command was issued for primary device *device-info* with MODE(COPY) and the specified secondary is already the source of a FlashCopy relationship whose target is a track space efficient volume. The PPRC copy process results in all tracks being updated on the secondary device (FlashCopy source) and a full copy to the track space efficient target.

System action

CESTPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

The FlashCopy relationship must be withdrawn before the PPRC establish pair command is completed.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0228E | PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. RESTRICTED VOLUME TYPE COMBINATION, RSN= <i>reason</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The CESTPAIR command failed because the combination of the volume types that were specified cannot participate in a Copy Services relationship. RSN describes the reason for the error.

System action

The CESTPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Use the reason code to understand the problem, then make the correction. See [“ANTRQST return codes and reason codes”](#) on page 1520.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0230E | ESTABLISH PATH <i>primary/secondary</i> WORLD WIDE NODE NAME INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CESTPATH contains a WWNN for the primary or secondary subsystem that is invalid. An invalid WWNN can be caused by any of the following conditions:

- The input character string is more than 13 characters long, but is not exactly 16 characters in length. (A string of 13 characters is treated as an invalid serial number value.)
- The input character string is 16 characters in length, but not all hexadecimal characters.
- The input character string is 16 characters in length, but the first 10 characters are not '5005076300'.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Establish Path request has the correct WWNN values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0231E | ESTABLISH PATH WITH WWNN AND SERIAL NUMBER INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC TSO command CESTPATH contains a WWNN for one of the storage subsystems and a serial number for the other storage subsystem. The primary and secondary storage subsystems must both be identified with a WWNN for FCP communications, or must both be identified with a serial number for ESCON communications.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Establish Path request has the correct WWNN values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0232E | ESTABLISH PATH SUBSYSTEM TYPES INCOMPATIBLE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CESTPATH contains a Logical Subsystem (LSS) identifier that is not compatible with the other LSS identifier. One LSS contains CKD devices, and the other LSS contains FB (Fixed Block) devices.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Establish Path request has the correct LSS values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0233E**PPRC FEATURE NOT INSTALLED OR ACTIVE**

Explanation

The PPRC request detected that the PPRC feature was not installed or not active.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Ensure the storage subsystem has the PPRC feature installed and that it is active. It might be necessary to call customer service or a service representative to resolve the problem.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0234E**DELETE PATH *primary/secondary* WORLD WIDE NODE NAME INVALID**

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CDELPATH contains a WWNN for the primary or secondary subsystem that is invalid. An invalid WWNN can be caused by any of the following conditions:

- The input character string is more than 13 characters long, but is not exactly 16 characters in length. (A string of 13 characters is treated as an invalid serial number value.)
- The input character string is 16 characters in length, but not all hexadecimal characters.
- The input character string is 16 characters in length, but the first 10 characters are not '5005076300'.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Delete Path request has the correct WWNN values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0235E**DELETE PATH WITH WWNN AND SERIAL NUMBER INVALID**

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CDELPATH contains a WWNN for one of the storage subsystems and a serial number for the other storage subsystem. The primary and secondary storage subsystems must both be identified with a WWNN for FCP communications, or must both be identified with a serial number for ESCON communications.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Delete Path request has the correct WWNN values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0236E | DELETE PATH SUBSYSTEM TYPES INCOMPATIBLE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CDELPATH contains a Logical Subsystem (LSS) identifier that is not compatible with the other LSS identifier. One LSS contains CKD devices, and the other LSS contains FB (Fixed Block) devices.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Delete Path request has the correct LSS values for the primary and secondary storage subsystems. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0237E | DELETE PATH FIBER CHANNEL PATHS NOT SUPPORTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC TSO Command CDELPATH request specified a primary subsystem WWNN, but the storage subsystem with the DEVN device does not support Fibre Channel paths.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the Delete Path request identifies the correct storage subsystem. Verify the storage subsystem has FCP adapters installed and configured, with the related FCP support microcode. After any changes or corrections, re-issue the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0238E | OPENDVCS(YES) AND ID PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CRECOVER request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and the ID keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates this is a fixed block device, but the ID keyword applies only to CKD, or MVS attached, devices. Specifying OPENDVCS(YES) and ID is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If OPENDVCS(YES) is specified in the CRECOVER request, ensure that an MVS volser (ID) specification is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0239E | OPENDVCS(YES) SPECIFIED, PRIMARY IS CKD OR IN AN INVALID STATE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword. The Primary device, which is specified in the PRIM keyword, was found to be in an invalid state. The invalid state could be:

- The device is in a 'not ready' state.
- The device is a CKD device.
- The device is not configured or not installed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the primary device information specified. Either correct the specified device information, or ensure the device is in a ready state. Resubmit the request. If the request continues to fail, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0240E | OPENDVCS(YES) AND ONLINSEC(YES) PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and the ONLINSEC(YES) keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates this is a fixed block device, and the ONLINSEC(YES) keyword applies only to CKD, or MVS attached, devices. Specifying both OPENDVCS(YES) and ONLINSEC(YES) is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If OPENDVCS(YES) is specified in the request, ensure that ONLINSEC(NO) is specified or ONLINSEC is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0241E

OPENDVCS(YES) AND CRIT(YES) PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The PPRC request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and the CRIT(YES) keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates this is a fixed block device, and the CRIT(YES) keyword applies only to CKD, or MVS attached, devices. Specifying both OPENDVCS(YES) and CRIT(YES) is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If OPENDVCS(YES) is specified in the request, ensure that CRIT(NO) is specified or CRIT is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0242E

OPENDVCS(YES) AND MSGREQ(YES) PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The PPRC request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and the MSGREQ(YES) keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates this is a fixed block device, and the MSGREQ(YES) keyword applies only to CKD, or MVS attached, devices. Specifying both OPENDVCS(YES) and MSGREQ(YES) is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If OPENDVCS(YES) is specified in the request, ensure that MSGREQ(NO) is specified or MSGREQ is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP0243E

OPENDVCS(YES) AND PACE PARAMETERS ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The PPRC request was issued with the OPENDVCS(YES) keyword and the PACE keyword. The OPENDVCS(YES) keyword indicates this is a fixed block device, and the PACE keyword applies only to CKD, or MVS attached, devices. Specifying both OPENDVCS(YES) and PACE is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If OPENDVCS(YES) is specified in the request, ensure that PACE is omitted. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0244E | CESTPAIR PARAMETERS <i>parameter1</i> AND <i>parameter2</i> ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with mutually exclusive parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*. Specifying these parameters on the same request is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for proper TSO syntax for the CESTPAIR command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0250E | FAILOVER OPERATION REJECTED, INCORRECT STATE EXISTS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with ACTION(FAILOVER). The volume where the command was issued is not in the correct state. The volume must be a PPRC secondary device in full duplex, suspended, or pending-xd state, or a Cascading PPRC volume whose secondary state is full duplex, duplex pending, or suspended.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the command was issued to the correct device and reissue if necessary.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0251E | FAILOVER OPERATION REJECTED DUE TO PAIR MISMATCH |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with ACTION(FAILOVER). The command failed because of one of the following conditions:

- The volume specified as primary is not currently a PPRC secondary volume or Cascading PPRC volume

- The storage control contains stored information identifying the associated primary volume for the secondary where the command is being issued. The information identifying the secondary volume identified in the command parameter fields is not the same information that is currently stored for the primary volume.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the command was issued to the correct device and reissue if necessary.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0252E | FAILBACK OPERATION REJECTED, INCORRECT STATE EXISTS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with ACTION(FAILBACK). The volume where the command was issued is not in the correct state. The volume must be a PPRC primary device in suspended state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the command was issued to the correct device and reissue if necessary.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0253E | FAILBACK OPERATION REJECTED DUE TO PAIR MISMATCH |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with ACTION(FAILBACK). The storage control contains stored information identifying the associated secondary volume for the primary where the command is being issued. The information identifying the secondary volume identified in the command parameter fields is not the same information that is currently stored for the primary volume.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the command was issued to the correct device and reissue if necessary.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0254E | FAILOVER OR FAILBACK OPERATION REJECTED, STATE ALREADY EXISTS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC CESTPAIR request was issued with ACTION(FAILBACK). The volume where the command was issued is already in the requested state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the command was issued to the correct device and reissue if necessary.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0255E | PPRC ESTABLISH PAIR PRIMARY DEVICE <i>devn</i> CHANGE RECORDING MECHANISM ALREADY ACTIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A PPRC Establish request was issued with the INCRASYNC(START) keyword. The change recording mechanism is already active for the specified source device. This might be because the specified primary is a FlashCopy source, established with the INCREMENTAL(YES) keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If the incremental resync change recording mechanism is required for the PPRC pair and the device is a FlashCopy source, issue a FlashCopy Withdraw command for the incremental relationship and reissue the Establish Pair command. If the incremental resync change recording mechanism is not required for the PPRC pair, reissue the request without INCRASYNC(START).

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0256E | PPRC ESTABLISH MODE(INCRES) DEVICE <i>devn</i>, INVALID CONFIGURATION |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A PPRC Establish request was issued with the MODE(INCRES) keyword. The specified primary device is not connected to the specified secondary device through a common secondary or primary. This means that the specified primary device does not have a secondary that is also the primary to the specified secondary.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the specification of primary and secondary devices is correct, and represents the A and C volumes of a cascaded (A-B-C) PPRC relationship. If you intend to override the cascaded PPRC relationship validation, issue

the command again with the FORCE(YES) keyword. Note that this copies only a subset of the tracks changed on the A volume.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0257E | PPRC ESTABLISH MODE(INCRES) DEVICE <i>devn</i>, CHANGE RECORDING NOT ACTIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A PPRC Establish request was issued with the MODE(INCRES) keyword. The specified primary device does not have the incremental resync change recording mechanism active.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the specified primary and secondary devices are correct. If the specified primary and secondary devices are the devices that you want to connect, a full copy is required to establish the pair. Reissue the request without the MODE(INCRES) keyword.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0258E | CQUERY COULD NOT DETERMINE SECONDARY WWNN, USE SWWNN KEYWORD |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC LINKINFO Query could not determine the secondary world wide node name. The system issues this message if:

- The device specified by keyword SDEVN is the secondary of an established PPRC pair.
- The exception to this rule is if the secondary device is also the primary device of another PPRC pair (cascading).
- The device was unable to return a secondary world wide node name matching the specified secondary device number.

System action

The system continues processing

System programmer response

Use the SWWNN keyword to specify the secondary world wide node name.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0259I | CQUERY FORMATTED LVL 1 <i>connect_message_number</i> CLINKINFO REPORT<i>text</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message displays information about a CQUERY LINKINFO request.
Note that the *connect_message_number* is written to SYSLOG only. The C is written only to the console.
The report displayed in *text* is described in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

System action

The system continues processing

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC)

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTP0271E | CQUERY COMMAND KEYWORD OPTION <i>keyword1</i> REQUIRES KEYWORD <i>keyword2</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CQUERY requires the use of *keyword2* when *keyword1* is specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use *keyword2* along with *keyword1* and resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTP0272E | CQUERY PARAMETERS <i>parameter1</i> AND <i>parameter2</i> ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC CQUERY request was issued with mutually exclusive parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*.
Specifying these parameters on the same request is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See [CQUERY - querying status](#) in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for proper TSO syntax for the CQUERY command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTP0273E | PPRC <i>request</i> ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR OBTAINING STORAGE, RC= <i>rc</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The PPRC command displayed failed while attempting to obtain storage.

System action

The command fails.

System programmer response

Look for the explanation of the STORAGE return code displayed in RC=*rc* in [z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Guide](#).

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0274E | PPRC <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. RESOURCE GROUP POLICY HAS BEEN VIOLATED, RSN= <i>xx</i>. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

For the PPRC command issued to the MVS device number, a resource group violation was detected. For an explanation of the given reason code refer to: "Understanding reason codes for IBM Z and S/390 hosts" at [IBM DS8700 in IBM Documentation \(www.ibm.com/docs/en/ds8870\)](#).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Take the action advised in the reason code documentation.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0275E | <i>command</i> FAILED - A MULTI-TARGET OPERATION COULD NOT BE COMPLETED, RSN = <i>xx</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The command *command* could not be completed as a multi-target operation. The command failed with reason *xx*.

Reason *xx* may be one of the following:

01

Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair is establishing a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and the Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target Microcode EC is not active on all CEC's of the Primary Control Unit.

02

Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair is establishing a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and one or more of the Secondary Control Units do not have the Microcode EC active that supports Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target.

03

An Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command would have resulted in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary with more active secondary relationships than are supported by the installed microcode.

04

An Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command during recovery steps (e.g., FAILOVER) would have resulted in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary with more secondary relationships than are supported by the microcode during recovery.

05

The addressed device was a secondary of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and the Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command attempted to make it a primary of another Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship.

0A

The addressed device is the primary of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and a cascaded Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy device. The Establish command issued specified ACTION(FAILOVER), which is not supported in a Multi-Target configuration.

0D

The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target Internal Relationship between the partner secondaries cannot be created because more than 16 LSS associations have been established for the partner secondary volume executing the command.

0E

The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target Internal Relationship between the partner secondaries cannot be created because more than 4 volume relationships are associated with the volume executing the command.

0F

The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target Internal Relationship cannot be created because Out-of-Sync Track Bitmap (OSS) Bitmaps are not available.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Take the following action based on the reason code:

01

Ensure that the Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target Microcode is intalled/active on all CEC's of the Primary Control Unit.

02

Ensure that the Microcode EC supporting Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target is properly installed/active on all of the Secondary Control Units.

03

Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy query command and remove any extra relationships. If it does not appear that there are more relationships than should be supported, verify that the microcode level installed supports the number of relationships wanted.

04

Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy query command and remove any extra relationships. If it does not appear that there are more relationships than should be supported, verify that the microcode level installed supports the number of relationships wanted.

05

Cascaded Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationships are not supported by the microcode. Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy query command and remove any extra relationships. If it does not appear that there are more relationships than should be supported, verify that the microcode level installed supports the number of relationships wanted.

0A

Re-issue the Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair command with ACTION(MTFAILOVER).

0D

Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy query command and remove any extra secondary LSS associations. If it does not appear that there are more secondary associations than should be supported, verify that the microcode level installed supports the number of relationships wanted.

OE

Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy query command to all of the secondaries associated with this primary. Remove any extraneous MTIR relationships. If it does not appear that there are more relationships than should be supported, verify that the microcode level installed supports the number of relationships wanted.

OF

Contact your hardware representative for diagnostic assistance.

For any reasons not listed above, contact your hardware representative for the reason that the command failed.

ANTP0276E

***command* COMMAND FAILED - MULTI-TARGET FEATURE EITHER NOT INSTALLED OR NOT ACTIVE**

Explanation

The command as issued requires Multi-Target PPRC function. Either the microcode level does not support this function or it has been disabled in the software.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all Control Units. Ensure Multi-Target PPRC is enabled in PARMLIB.

ANTP0277E

PSETCHAR COMMAND FAILED - REQUIRED PARAMETER MISSING

Explanation

A required parameter is missing for the PSETCHAR command issued.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Specify all required parameters.

ANTP0278E

PPRC CESTPAIR COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE DEVICE-INFO. RESTRICTED VOLUME TYPE COMBINATION, RSN=xx

Explanation

FCESTABL command failed because the combination of the volume types specified are restricted from participating in a Copy Services relationship with the installed level of microcode.

Reason code xx indicates the reason for the error:

01

Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair specified a restricted volume type combination. The specified secondary volume is an Extent Space Efficient volume.

03

Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair specified a restricted volume type combination. The specified primary volume is an Extent Space Efficient volume.

System action

CESTPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Refer to the reason code description in the explanation.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0279E | PPRC <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device</i>. A STORE CLOUD OR RETRIEVE CLOUD DATA OPERATION IS IN PROGRESS FOR SPECIFIED PRIMARY OR SECONDARY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The PPRC command issued to the MVS device *device* failed because a cloud storage operation was in progress while the command was being processed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Try the request again.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0280I | CQUERY UNFORMAT IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH MULTI-TARGET PPRC |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

ENABLE(PPRCMT) is specified in the DEVSUPxx member of PARMLIB. CQUERY UNFORMAT IS NOT COMPATIBLE WITH MULTI-TARGET PPRC. Additional relationships may exist that are not included in the query results. The UNFORMAT report is replaced by the FORMAT=PQMP2 on the ANTRQST PQUERY request.

System action

Incomplete query results may be returned.

System programmer response

Obtain information on a Multi-target PPRC environment with the FORMAT=PQMP2 option on the ANTRQST PQUERY request or issue a TSO CQUERY FORMAT query.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP0281E | ANTP0281E PPRC FUNCTION FAILED - CONTROL UNIT DETECTED ERROR, RSN=xx SENSE=<i>sense</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An attempt to establish, suspend, or terminate a PPRC pair resulted in a communication error between the primary and secondary control units. The command failed with RSN xx.

Reason code xx indicates the reason for the error:

- 00** No additional information is available.
- 01** The secondary volume is long busy.
- 02** The secondary volume is reserved.
- 03** The volume cannot become a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy secondary because it is either in a Concurrent Copy or XRC session.
- 05** The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary volume is waiting for a Release Space operation to complete.
- 06** The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy secondary volume is waiting for a Release Space operation to complete.
- 07** The secondary volume has a primary relationship which is waiting for a Release Space operation to complete.
- 0B** Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command issued and the volume cannot become a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary due to preexisting Copy Services relationships.
- 0C** Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command issued and the volume cannot become a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy secondary due to preexisting Copy Services relationships. Conditions that result in this RSN include Establishing a PPRC Pair with PPRC/XRC Incremental Resynch enabled and the XRC session on the PPRC secondary is not in the suspended state.
- 0E** Unexpected error received from secondary volume on a Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair, Suspend Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair, or Terminate Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair command.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Take appropriate action to correct the condition identified by the RSN defined above. For any reasons not listed above, contact your hardware representative to identify the reason that the command failed. SENSE=xxxxxx is provided for IBM support if needed in message ANTP0281E.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP0282E | ANTP0282E COPY OPERATION UNABLE TO COMPLETE - ABNORMAL CONDITION, RSN=xx SENSE=sense |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An abnormal condition in either storage subsystem prohibits the completion of the Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy operation.

Reason code xx indicates the reason for the error:

- 00** No additional information is available.

- 01** Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy paths to the specified secondary do not exist.
- 02** The fibre channel link is not operational.
- 03** The secondary adapter is not operational.
- 04** The secondary adapter is not operational.
- 05** Feature not installed for secondary volume.
- 06** Primary LSS specified on an in-band command that is not configured.
- 07** Unexpected reason code from secondary volume.
- 08** Unexpected error code from secondary volume.
- 0A** Unexpected error occurred.

System action

Command processing ends.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

Take appropriate action to correct the condition identified by the RSN defined above. Issue a PPRC query command to determine the volume status. Issue a PPRC query command with the PATHS parameter to obtain the path status information. Make sure at least one path is available before reissuing the command. Correct the problem and retry the copy operation. For any reasons not listed above, contact your hardware representative to identify the reason that the command failed. SENSE=xxxxxx is provided for IBM support if needed in message ANTP0282E.

ANTP0301E

ACCESS VOLUME AND OPEN DEVICE ARE INCOMPATIBLE

Explanation

A PPRC OPENDVCS(YES) command has been issued. The data mover is unable to address the Open device number specified using the access volume specified. Probable causes are:

- The Open device is not in the same cluster as the utility device
- The Open device number is invalid

System action

PPRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP0302E**REQUEST FAILED DUE TO INCOMPATIBLE DEVICE SPECIFICATION**

Explanation

The DEVN and cca specified are incompatible. The request is not accepted. Probable causes are:

- The device (cca) is not in the same cluster as the specified DEVN
- The DEVN number is invalid

System action

PPRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reissue the command.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

ANTP7000I - ANTP7099I

Explanation

These messages are reserved for RQUERY command output to either a data set through ANTRQST or to the TSO user through the RQUERY command. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for details.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7100E**GLOBAL MIRROR SUPPORT NOT INSTALLED ON REQUESTED STORAGE CONTROL**

Explanation

A Global Mirror request (RSESSION, RVOLUME, RQUERY) was issued to a storage control that does not have the feature installed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the request was issued to the correct device. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7101E

**UNEXPECTED I/O ERROR RECEIVED FROM STORAGE CONTROL FOR
command REQUEST**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION, RVOLUME, or RQUERY request command was issued and the storage control returned an unrecognized error code.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the command was issued properly. See any other messages (ANTP7129E, ANTP7130E, or ANTP7131E) that can have been issued with diagnostic data. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request. If problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7102E

**INVALID VALUE SPECIFIED FOR PARAMETER *parameter* FOR *command*
REQUEST**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION, RVOLUME, or RQUERY request *command* was issued with an invalid value specified for the parameter *parameter*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the value specified is a valid value (for example, if the parameter that failed is a serial number, verify that the serial number is valid). If necessary, see *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for proper TSO syntax for the issued command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7103E

**PARAMETERS *parameter1* AND *parameter2* ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE
FOR *command* REQUEST**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION, RVOLUME, or RQUERY request was issued with mutually exclusive parameters, *parameter1* and *parameter2*. Specifying these parameters on the same request is not allowed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for proper TSO syntax for the issued command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Note: The "Master" keyword is deprecated and hence would be pointing to its alternative "Manager" keyword in all message responses.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7104E | REQUIRED KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> MISSING FOR command REQUEST |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror command was issued without required keyword, *keyword*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for proper TSO syntax for the issued command. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7105E | UNEXPECTED ANTRQST RETURN CODE <i>retc</i> AND REASON CODE <i>reac</i> RECEIVED FOR command REQUEST |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror command was issued and received an unexpected return code *retc* and reason code *reac* from the ANTRQST API invocation.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for return and reason code explanations.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7106E | RSESSION MSSERIAL SPECIFIED DOES NOT MATCH SERIAL OF VOLSER STORAGE CONTROL |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was issued with a storage control serial number that does not match the serial number of the storage control where the volume specified in the VOLSER parameter resides.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the serial number specified and the volser specified are for the intended storage control. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7107E | RSESSION SPECIFIED ONLY ONE OR TWO PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was issued with at least one, but not all three performance parameters (CGINTERVAL, CGDRAIN, COORDINTERVAL). Either all performance parameters must be specified or none of the performance parameters can be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the performance parameters specified are correct, specifying either none of the parameters or all of the parameters. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7108E | RSESSION UNDEFINE ISSUED TO LSS WITH VOLUMES ACTIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION UNDEFINE request was issued to an LSS that has volumes in a Global Mirror session.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Before issuing an RSESSION UNDEFINE to an LSS, volumes that have been joined to the session must be removed. After removing all volumes from the session, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7109E | GLOBAL MIRROR SESSION ALREADY DEFINED TO LSS OR MAX SESSIONS REACHED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION DEFINE request was issued to an LSS that already has the specified session defined, or the maximum number of Global Mirror sessions has been reached for the specified LSS.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the request was issued to the correct LSS, or UNDEFINE any unwanted sessions defined to the requested LSS (see hardware documentation for the current allowed maximum number of sessions per LSS). After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7110E RSESSION SNBR SPECIFIED IS INVALID

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was issued with a session number that is invalid. For ACTION(DEFINE) the SNBR specified is zero. For ACTION(UNDEFINE), the session number does not match a currently defined session number on the LSS where the command was issued.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the session number specified is correct. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7111E RSESSION LSSTYPE DOES NOT MATCH THE LSS IN THE COMMAND

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was issued with an LSSTYPE that does not match the LSS type of the LSS specified by the LSSNBR parameter. One of the following occurred:

- The LSS is CKD, but LSSTYPE(FB) was specified
- The LSS is FB, but LSSTYPE(CKD) was specified
- The LSS number specified does not match the LSS number where the I/O was executed

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct LSS number and LSS types match. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7112E**RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO CONFLICT**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was rejected by the storage control because of a conflict between the state and the parameters specified. This could be caused by one of the following:

- MANAGER(YES) was specified but the command was issued to a subordinate
- MANAGER(NO) was specified but the command was issued to the manager
- LSSTYPE(FB) was specified but the LSS specified is CKD
- The LIC does not support this function

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct parameters are specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7113E**RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO STORAGE CONTROL
STORAGE ERROR**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was rejected by the storage control because nonvolatile structures could not be updated or accessed because of failure, or because the storage control is in single cluster mode.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the controller is not in single cluster mode. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7114E**RSESSION PAUSE/STOP FAILED, CONSISTENT DATA COULD NOT BE
FORMED**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION PAUSE or STOP request could not complete without compromising a consistent copy of the data so the request failed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Use RQUERY to determine the status of the Global Mirror session and the last consistency group that was formed. Take necessary recovery action, if the session is not in a unrecoverable state. If necessary, contact your service representative.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7115E | RSESSION REQUEST SPECIFIED INVALID CONFIGURATION INFORMATION |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request was rejected because of one of the following:

- The specified session ID did not match the existing session ID for the specified manager serial number
- Duplicate serial number information was supplied in the SBINFO
- Invalid information was supplied in the SBINFO
- Manager information was supplied in the SBINFO
- The manager serial number does not match the serial number of the storage control the command is executed on

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7116E | RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED, NO PATHS OR ESCON PATHS DETECTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION START or RESUME request was rejected by the storage control because of either no paths or ESCON paths detected between the manager and at least one subordinate.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify FCP paths are established between the manager ssid(s) specified and the subordinate ssid(s) specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7117E**RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO INVALID STATE**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION START or RESUME request was rejected by the storage control because of a configuration mismatch between the command and the actual configuration on the controller. This can be the result of one of the following:

- A different Manager was already running on this controller, and the controller does not support multiple Global Mirror sessions
- The parameters specified did not match the existing session, and the existing session was not paused
- The existing session is processing a pause or stop request
- The resume was issued to an LSS other than the one on which the session was initially started
- For a resume, the session is not in a paused state

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the controller is not in single cluster mode. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7118E**RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED, MAXIMUM SESSIONS CONFIGURED ON CONTROLLER**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION START request was rejected by the storage control because the maximum number of active sessions has been reached on the manager or for one of the subordinates specified on the request.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct Global Mirror session is specified, and that you are not starting more sessions than are supported for the manager or subordinates specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7119E**RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED DUE TO CONFIGURATION MISMATCH**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION PAUSE or STOP request was rejected by the storage control because of a configuration mismatch between the command and the actual configuration on the controller. This can be the result of one of the following:

- The specified configuration does not exist
- The request was issued to a different LSS than the one where the session was initially started
- The command passed initial validation, however, the topology must be identical to the topology specified on the initial start request

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct configuration was specified on the request. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7120E | RSESSION COMMAND FAILED, COMMUNICATION PATHS FAILURE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request failed because communication paths between the manager and at least one subordinate are not functioning, or communications cannot be established between the manager and at least one of the subordinates.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that FCP paths are established between the manager ssid(s) specified and the subordinate ssid(s) specified. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7121E | RSESSION COMMAND REJECTED, SERIAL NUMBER OR LSS INFORMATION MISMATCH |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION request failed because serial number specified, or the LSS/SSID information specified does not match the storage control where the command was issued.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7122E | ACCESS DEVICE NOT IN SAME CLUSTER AS FIXED BLOCK LSS FOR <i>command</i> REQUEST |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RSESSION, RVOLUME, or RQUERY command *command* for a fixed block device or LSS failed because the access device is not in the same cluster as the LSS the command was targeting.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7123E | INVALID DEVICE RANGE OR LIST SPECIFIED FOR RVOLUME REQUEST |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command failed because the volume list or the volume range was rejected by the controller. For device ranges, the range must be specified in ascending order (the first device in a range is smaller than the second device in a range).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that all devices specified are valid, and ranges are specified in ascending order. After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7124E | RVOLUME SNBR SPECIFIED IS INVALID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command was rejected by the storage control, indicating that the session ID specified was not valid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7125E**RVOLUME LSSNBR SPECIFIED IS INVALID**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command was rejected by the storage control, indicating that the LSS number specified was not valid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7126E**RVOLUME ESSSERIAL SPECIFIED IS INVALID**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command was rejected by the storage control, indicating that the storage control serial number specified was not valid.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7127E**RVOLUME DEVICE IN DIFFERENT SESSION OR INVALID PATHS**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command was rejected by the storage control, indicating that a device specified in the volume list or the volume range is already associated with different Global Mirror session, or a device specified is the primary of a PPRC pair that was established using ESCON paths.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7128E**RVOLUME SESSION NUMBER MISMATCH**

Explanation

The Global Mirror RVOLUME command was rejected by the storage control, indicating that the session ID specified is not defined to the LSS.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

After making any changes or corrections, resubmit the request.

Source

Peer-To-Peer Remote Copy (PPRC).

ANTP7129E***device_number, serial_number, failing_CCW_command_code,
failing_CCW_position, CCW_data_area, full_error_description***

Explanation

The Global Mirror function encountered an I/O error. The message text provides the following information:

device_number

The device number to which the I/O is directed.

serial_number

The volume serial number, if available, of the device that encountered the I/O error.

failing_CCW_command_code

The channel command word (CCW) code that encounters the I/O error.

failing_CCW_position

The position in the channel program chain on which the error occurs. If the error occurs at the first CCW in the chain (a Define Extent), the path to the storage control or device can have been dropped. This can indicate an operations error because of the storage path being removed.

CCW_data_area

The parameter list data area of the failing CCW.

full_error_description

A brief description of the cause of the I/O error based on the sense data. The descriptions are as follows:

- **NONVOLATILE_STORAGE_NOT_AVAILABLE**

This indicates that nonvolatile storage has been altered. Issue the DEVSERV MVS operator command to determine the status of nonvolatile storage. Do not disable nonvolatile storage for storage controls that have an active session. Correct the problem re-enabling nonvolatile storage and reissuing the command.

- **INVALID_COMMAND**

This is due to issuing a command to a storage control that does not have that command capability.

- **INVALID_COMMAND_SEQUENCE**

This is either due to an internal error or because a command has been issued to a storage control that does not have that command capability.

- CCW_COUNT_LESS_THAN_REQUIRED

This is due to an internal error.

- INVALID_PARAMETER

This is either due to an internal error or because a command has been issued to a storage control that does not have that command capability.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If the problem is an environmental or hardware error, correct the error and resubmit the request. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7130E | <i>device_number, abbreviated_error_description, failing_CCW_command_code, failing_CCW_position, IOS_completion_code, subchannel_status, sense_data, serial_number, full_error_description</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

When the Global Mirror function encounters an I/O error, the message text provides the following information:

device_number

The device number to which the I/O is directed.

abbreviated_error_description

A short error code describing the type of error based on the sense information. The valid codes are:

BOC

Bus out parity check

CMD

Command reject

COR

Correctable data check

DCK

Data check

ENV

Environmental data present

EOC

End of cylinder

EQC

Equipment check

FPR

File protect

IMP

Imprecise ending

ITF

Invalid track format

LOG

First error log

M23

MR23 record

MTO

Message to operator

OVR

Overrun

PRM

Permanent error

RIW

Request inhibit write

VIO

Intent violation

WRI

Write inhibited

WRO

Write operation

Unknown

failing_CCW_command_code

The channel command word (CCW) code that encounters the I/O error.

failing_CCW_position

The position in the channel program chain on which the error occurs. If the error occurs at the first CCW in the chain (a Define Extent), the path to the storage control or device can have been dropped. This can indicate an operations error because of the storage path being removed.

IOS_completion_code

The return code from IOS.

subchannel_status

The channel status word status field received from the subchannel.

sense_data

The sense information returned from the operation. See the storage control reference documentation for interpretation of the sense data.

serial_number

The volume serial number of the device that encountered the I/O error.

full_error_description

A brief description of the cause of the I/O error based on the sense data. See message ANTP7029E for an explanation of these descriptions.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If the problem is an environmental or hardware error, correct the error and resubmit the request. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7131E | <i>device_number, serial_number, SERVRETC_from_AOM, SERVREAS_from_AOM, SERVFRC_from_AOM, SERVABCO_from_AOM</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Global Mirror has detected an error when requesting a service from the Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) function. The message provides the device number to which the I/O is directed, the volume serial number of the device that encounters the I/O error, the return code (SERVRETC_from_AOM), the reason code (SERVREAS_from_AOM), the functional code (SERVFRC_from_AOM), and the abend code (SERVABCO_from_AOM) received from AOM. If the device is offline or unavailable, the volume serial number is reported as "*****".

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

If the problem is an environmental or hardware error, correct the error and resubmit the request. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

ESS Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7132E | GLOBAL MIRROR <i>command</i> COMMAND FAILED FOR DEVICE <i>device-info</i>. RESOURCE GROUP POLICY HAS BEEN VIOLATED, RSN=xx. |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

For the Global Mirror command issued to device-info, a resource group violation was detected. For an explanation of the given reason code refer to: "Understanding reason codes for IBM Z and S/390 hosts" at IBM DS8700 in IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/ds8870).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Take the action advised in the reason code documentation.

Source

ESS Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7133E | GLOBAL MIRROR COMMAND COMMAND FAILED - DEVICE IN A SOFT FENCE STATE. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The Global Mirror operation requested cannot be completed due to the device specified being in a Soft Fence state.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify that correct device was specified for the request. If the intended device was specified correctly, an unfence operation must be performed on the device before the FlashCopy command is accepted.

Source

ESS Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7134E | GLOBAL MIRROR COMMAND FAILED - INSUFFICIENT STORAGE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Insufficient storage available to execute the command.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

If the problem persists, contact IBM technical support.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7135E | GLOBAL MIRROR RVOLUME COMMAND FAILED - MULTI-TARGET NOT SUPPORTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The RVOLUME command specified MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE. Either the microcode level does not support this function or it has been disabled in the software.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all Control Units. Ensure Multi-Target PPRC is enabled in PARMLIB.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7137E | GLOBAL MIRROR RVOLUME COMMAND FAILED - JOIN/REMOVE OPERATION COULD NOT BE COMPLETED, RSN = xx |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The request to JOIN or REMOVE volumes from the specified session with reason xx.

Reason xx may be one of the following:

01

A request to JOIN volumes to a session was made using the VOLLIST or VOLRANGE parameter, and a session exists that was populated with the Multi-Target MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter.

02

A request to JOIN volumes to a session was made using the Multi-Target MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and a session exists that was populated with the VOLLIST or VOLRANGE parameter.

03

A request to REMOVE volumes from a session was made using the Multi-Target MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and the session is not Multi-Target.

04

A request to REMOVE volumes from a session was made using the Multi-Target MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and the secondary control volume information specified does not match the secondary control volume information for the session number specified.

05

A request to JOIN volumes to a session was made using the VOLLIST or VOLRANGE parameter, and one or more of the volumes you have specified is in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Take the following action based on the reason code:

01

If you want to establish a non Multi-Target session, you must first remove the Multi-Target sessions.

02

If you want to establish a Multi-Target session, you must first remove the non Multi-Target sessions.

03

Verify that you are running to the right device and that the session you specified is Multi-Target.

04

Use the RQUERY command to obtain the secondary control volume information that was used on the original RVOLUME JOIN.

05

If you want to establish a non Multi-Target session, you must first ensure that the volumes you are specifying are not in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship. Use the CQUERY command to determine the relationship of the volumes you are attempting to join to a session. For Multi-Target PPRC configurations, the MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter must be used, identifying which relationships to be used in the Global Mirror session.

ANTP7138E

**GLOBAL MIRROR RVOLUME COMMAND FAILED - MTVOLLIST OR
MTVOLRANGE INVALID**

Explanation

The format of the MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE keyword input is not correct.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Specify MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE in the correct format.

ANTP7139E

RVOLUME VOLUME IS NOT CONFIGURED OR IS IN AN INVALID STATE

Explanation

The volumes specified in the RVOLUME command is not configured or is not in the correct state.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Verify the correct volume was specified. Verify the state of the volume and wait until the volume is in the correct state then resubmit the request.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7140E | RVOLUME VOLUME ALREADY BELONGS TO MULTIPLE GLOBAL MIRROR SESSIONS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The volume specified in the JOIN command already belongs to multiple global mirror sessions.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Verify the correct volume was specified. Verify the state of the volume and wait until the volume is in the correct state, then resubmit the request.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTP7141E | RVOLUME VOLUME ALREADY BELONGS TO GLOBAL MIRROR SESSION WITH SAME SECONDARY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The volume specified in the JOIN command volume already belongs to global mirror session with same secondary.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Verify the correct volume was specified. Verify the state of the volume and wait until the volume is in the correct state, then resubmit the request.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTP7142E | RVOLUME VOLUME ALREADY BELONGS TO GLOBAL MIRROR SESSION AND VOLUME IS PPRC SECONDARY |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The volume specified in the JOIN command volume already belongs to global mirror session and the volume is a PPRC secondary volume.

System action

Command processing ends.

System programmer response

Verify the correct volume was specified. Verify the state of the volume and wait until the volume is in the correct state, then resubmit the request.

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| ANTP8802I | <i>command</i> |
|------------------|----------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that PPRC has recorded this TSO command into the system log. The command in the message is the TSO command as entered by the user. Any parameters specified through TSO prompts after the command was entered are not reflected in the command echo.

System action

PPRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive service messages of this type, issue MODIFY ANTAS000 ,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| ANTP8803I | <i>command</i> |
|------------------|----------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that PPRC has recorded this ANTRQST command into the system log.

System action

PPRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive service messages of this type, issue MODIFY ANTAS000 ,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC).

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| ANTP8804I | <i>command</i> |
|------------------|----------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that a FlashCopy command has been recorded into the system log.

System action

FlashCopy functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive service messages of this type, issue MODIFY ANTAS000 ,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| ANTP8807I | <i>command</i> |
|------------------|----------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that a Global Mirror command has been recorded into the system log.

System action

Global Mirror functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive service messages of this type, issue MODIFY ANTAS000,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Global Mirror

| | |
|-----------|----------------|
| ANTP8809I | <i>command</i> |
|-----------|----------------|

Explanation

This message indicates that a Concurrent Copy or Virtual Concurrent Copy command has been recorded into the system log.

System action

Concurrent Copy or Virtual Concurrent Copy functions are active.

System programmer response

No action is required. If you do not want to receive service messages of this type, issue MODIFY ANTAS000,NOSYSLOG ON from the operator console.

Source

Concurrent Copy or Virtual Concurrent Copy

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTQ5006E | XQUERY FAILED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The XQUERY command for session *session_id* has failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return codes. You can have specified an incorrect master session high-level qualifier on the XQUERY command. Correct the error and reenter the command. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information. Based on the return and reason codes, XRC cannot be processing normally. In this case, end and restart the XRC session. If the session fails to end properly, cancel the ANTAS000 and ANTAS*nnn*

address spaces. After you cancel these address spaces, ANTAS000 automatically restarts. When message ANTB8001I is received, restart XRC operations by entering an XSTART command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ANTQ5016W | NO CS-TYPE CHANNEL EXTENDERS |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

An XQUERY EXTENDER or XQUERY EXTENDER DETAIL command has been issued. None of the storage controls are connected through a "Cisco type" Channel Extender, one that provides performance statistics.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter. See message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8125I | XRECOVER CHECK ENDED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) WITH HLQ(<i>hlq</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides sub-header information for the ANTQ8226I message of the XRECOVER_CHECK report.

session_id
The XRC session that the XRECOVER command was issued to.

hlq
The high level qualifier for the XRC session that the XRECOVER command was issued to.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8200I | XQUERY STARTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ASNAME(<i>addrspace_name</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A TSO user or the system data mover issued an XQUERY command for session *session_id*. *addrspace_name* identifies the name of the address space where the session that is identified by *session_id* is being processed.

When *addrspace_name* is ANTAS000, the report displays default environment values plus any overrides from the ANTGIN00 parmlib member.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8201I | XQUERY <i>report_type</i> REPORT COMPLETE FOR SESSION (<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued upon completion of all XQUERY reports. The message concludes the XQUERY report for the session *session_id*. The *report_type* identifies the type of report given.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8202I | XQUERY <i>report_type</i> REPORT - <i>level_number</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An XQUERY command has been issued. The type of report requested is shown as *report_type*. The *level_number* gives the level of the report. Different *report_types* have different *level_numbers*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| ANTQ8203I | <i>header_line</i> |
|------------------|---------------------------|

Explanation

The *header_line* is a standard header line for various reports. It provides separation between the header and detail information.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8204I | NO VOLUMES MEET REQUESTED SPECIFICATION |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A qualification was requested for a volume list report. There are no volumes which meet the requested qualifications.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

An XQUERY command was issued with specified options and no volumes in the session met the criteria. Issue an XQUERY VOLUME(ALL) command to obtain complete volume status.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8205I | <i>number_volumes</i> OF <i>total_volumes</i> VOLUMES MEET REQUESTED SPECIFICATION |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A qualification request was made for a volume list report. *number_volumes* is the number of volumes that met the qualifications. *total_volumes* reports the total number of valid volumes in the list that the user requested to be considered.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8206I | <i>number_volumes</i> VOLUME(S) MEET REQUESTED SPECIFICATION |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message specifies the number of volumes that meet the selection criteria specified on the XQUERY command. Volumes which are not part of an XRC session are not included in the reported volume count.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted with a specified criteria and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8208I **MONITOR INTERVAL STATISTICS AS OF *timestamp* UTC**

Explanation

This message is one of a set generated in response to an XQUERY VOLUME PACE command. It is displayed if the session contains volumes associated with storage subsystems that are write pacing capable. For these volumes, the displayed statistics are taken from a recently completed XRC monitor interval. This message displays the completion *timestamp* (yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss) of that interval.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8209I **NO SECONDARY VOLUMES MEET REQUESTED SPECIFICATION**

Explanation

This message is part of a XQUERY FLASHCOPY report. It indicates that none of the secondary volumes are in a FlashCopy relationship.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8211I **PRIM SEC ERROR SYNCH**

Explanation

This message provides the XQUERY command volume report header information. It is associated with messages ANTQ8212I and ANTQ8213I. The details of the fields are provided in message ANTQ213I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8212I | VOL VOL LEVEL % STA CMD OP -----TIMESTAMP----- |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the XQUERY command volume report header information. This header message is associated with ANTQ8211I and ANTQ8213I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTQ8213I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8213I | <i>prim_vol sec_vol errorlevel synch_ % sta cmd op timestamp</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header lines produced by messages ANTQ8211I and ANTQ8212I for the XQUERY command requesting a volume report.

prim_vol –

The primary volume serial being reported.

sec_vol –

The secondary volume serial being reported.

errorlevel –

The error level for the primary and secondary volume pair. For each volume pair reported, the error level is either explicitly specified on a previous XADDPAIR command, or defaulted from the XSTART command for the session. The valid values in this field are:

- VOLUME – Volume-level recovery
- SESSION – Session-level recovery
- (*group_name*) – Group-level recovery
- (blank) – No error level for the volume (such as a utility volume)

synch_ % –

Provides the approximate percentage of the volume pair that has completed synchronization or resynchronization. For example, a volume pair that is reported with *synch_ %* of 80% means that 80% of the data on the secondary volume is synchronized with the primary volume at the reported session consistency time. Thus, 20% of the data must be copied to place the volume pair in a fully synchronized state.

This field can contain any of the following:

- *nn* – Where *nn* ranges from 00 to 99. This is the approximate percentage of the volume pair that is synchronized. If *nn* is 00, the volume synchronization process cannot yet have started. If the percentage does not change as expected on subsequent XQUERY commands, it can be because the storage control has exceeded its internal threshold value and has temporarily stopped the copy activity. When the activity level again falls below the threshold value (default of X'500'), the storage control resumes processing the volume copy.
- ** – A sync percentage cannot be determined because of one of the following conditions:
 - There was a prior suspension before the volume pair reached duplex
 - None of the volume pairs in this session were updated since the pair reached duplex
 - A previously canceled session was restarted and the consistency time for previously duplex volume pairs (which are now suspended because of a restart of the session) cannot be determined.
- (blank) – The volume pair is in duplex or seqcheck state. The volume pair is completely synchronized and consistent as of the reported session consistency time.
- "--" – The field is not applicable to this volume pair.

sta –

The current status information associated with the volume pair. The valid status states are:

- cpy – The conditions that can pause volume synchronization or resynchronization are met according to the values of HaltThreshold and HaltAnyInit for the session. When the residual count is below the HaltThreshold value, the volume synchronization or resynchronization resumes for the volume, and the volume status is changed to CPY. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for the explanations of HaltThreshold and HaltAnyInit.
- CPY – Copy. Volume pair being synchronized or re-synchronized.
- DUP – Duplex. Volume pair in duplex state at time of report.
- NIS – Not in session. Volume pair is not part of the session.
- pnd – The conditions that can pause pending volume synchronization or resynchronization are met according to the values of HaltThreshold and HaltAnyInit for the session. When the residual count is below the HaltThreshold value, the pending volume synchronization or resynchronization resumes for the volume, and the volume status is changed to PND. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for the explanations of HaltThreshold and HaltAnyInit.
- PND – Pending. Volume pair waiting to be synchronized or re-synchronized.
- RCV – Recovered. Volume pair has been successfully recovered.
- RST – Restarted. Volume pair is scheduled for resynchronization because of a recoverable error.
- SUS – Suspended. Volume pair is suspended.
- SEQ – Seqcheck. Volume pair can be inconsistent relative to other volume pairs on different storage controls.
- UTL – Utility volume. Volume is used as a path to the storage control.
- * – Blocked. An asterisk appended to the value in the *sta* field indicates that the specified primary volume is currently being blocked. Request a detail volume report for additional information about the blocking status.

cmd –

The latest pending command issued for the volume pair. The pending command is not executed until the time specified in the *timestamp* field is reached. This field can contain any of the following:

- (blank) – No pending command for the volume pair.
- DEL – Pending XDELPAIR command for the volume pair.
- SUS – Pending XSUSPEND command for the volume pair.

op –

The keyword option selected when the *cmd* was issued for this volume pair. This field can contain any of the following:

- (blank) – No pending time for the volume pair.
- AT – Pending ATTIME time for the volume pair.
- DR – Pending DRAIN time for the volume pair.
- IM – Pending IMMEDIATE time for the volume pair.

timestamp –

The time associated with the volume pair. The interpretation of the *timestamp* field is based upon a combination of the status and command fields described below. The timestamp is always a universal time, coordinated (UTC) format associated with the application systems connected to the primary storage controls. The field is not a data mover system timestamp. The *timestamp* field can be any of the following:

- (blank) – There are no outstanding commands pending for the volume pair. If the volume pair is in DUP state, the volume pair is consistent up to the session-specified timestamp reported in message ANTQ8231I.
- (*timestamp*) – The timestamp reported is given in UTC format. If the volume pair has a status of SUS, the data on the suspended volume pair is consistent up to the time reported. If the volume pair has a pending command (indicated by a command in the *cmd* field), the timestamp reported is the target time for the pending command.
- NO_TIME_AVAILABLE – A consistency time for this suspended volume pair cannot be determined because of one of the following reasons:
 - There was a prior suspension before the volume pair reached duplex
 - None of the volume pairs in this session has been updated since the pair reached duplex
 - A previously canceled session was restarted and the consistency time for previously duplex volume pairs (which are now suspended because of restart of the session) cannot be determined.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The information reported by the XQUERY command is provided for the volumes requested by the command. It is point-in-time information based on the volume status at the time the command processes the volume. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8214I **NO ACTIVE VOLUMES**

Explanation

There are no active volumes in the session. The presence of this message indicates that there is no ANTQ8235I message issued for the XQUERY report.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The information reported by the XQUERY command is provided for the volumes requested by the command. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8216I | PRIM SEC ERROR SYNCH RES THD SC SC |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY command volume detail report. It is associated with messages ANTQ8217I and ANTQ8218I. The details of the message are provided in message ANTQ8218I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8217I | VOL VOL LEVEL % STA CMD OP CNT CNT SSID SN ID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY command volume detail report. It is associated with messages ANTQ8216I and ANTQ8218I. The details of the message are provided in message ANTQ8218I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8218I | <i>prim_vol sec_vol errorlevel synch_ % sta cmd op residual_cnt threshold_cnt pssid pscsn pscid</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header lines produced by messages ANTQ8216I and ANTQ8217I for the XQUERY command requesting a volume detail report.

See message ANTQ8213I for an explanation of the *prim_vol*, *sec_vol*, *errorlevel*, *synch_*%, *sta*, *cmd*, and *op* fields.

For D/T2107 storage subsystems, device residual count values greater than 'FFFF'x are reported as FFFF in the *res_cnt* field.

residual_cnt –
The number of updated records for this device that the data mover has yet to read from the primary storage control for this volume. The residual count can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete.

threshold_cnt –
The current blocking threshold count or write pacing level for the primary volume. If this field is blank, the device blocking LIC is not installed on the primary storage control. If this field is zero, the volume was added to the session with the DONOTBLOCK keyword specified. *threshold_cnt* can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete. For a write pacing-enabled volume, *threshold_cnt* displays the write pacing residual count, followed by a colon (:) and the pacing level indicator (1-F).

If the status of the volume is either SUS (suspended) or PND (pending), *threshold_cnt* is the value that is applied when volume initialization begins, assuming that the session's WrtPacingResidualCnt and Write Pacing Level or DeviceBlockingThreshold remain unchanged.

pssid –
The storage subsystem identifier for the primary volume.

pscsn –
The logical session name of the primary storage control session.

pscid –
The storage control session identifier for the primary volume. The storage control session identifier can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|---------------|--------------|
| ANTQ8219I | PRIM SEC | SC SC RES THD | RES WRT PACE |
|-----------|----------|---------------|--------------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the XQUERY VOLUME_PACE report. Message ANTQ8218I provides details for each volume.

See message ANTQ8213I for an explanation of the *prim_vol*, *sec_vol*, and *sta* fields.

The above fields can display asterisks if the data mover has not yet completed a monitor interval, or if storage control information could not be determined.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|----|----|-----|-----|------|------|----|
| ANTQ8220I | VOL | VOL | STA | SSID | SN | ID | CNT | CNT | RATE | RATE | MS |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|----|----|-----|-----|------|------|----|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY command volume detail report. It is associated with messages ANTQ8216I and ANTQ8218I. The details of the message are provided in message ANTQ8218I.

See message ANTQ8218I for an explanation of the *ssid*, *sc sn*, *sc id*, *res cnt*, and *thd cnt* fields.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| ANTQ8221I | <i>prim_vol</i> | <i>sec_vol</i> | <i>sta</i> | <i>pssid</i> | <i>pscsn</i> | <i>pscid</i> | <i>residual_cnt</i> | <i>threshold_cnt</i> | <i>res_rate</i> | <i>wrt_rate</i> | <i>pace_ms</i> |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header lines produced by messages ANTQ8216I and ANTQ8217I for the XQUERY command requesting a volume detail report.

See message ANTQ8213I for an explanation of the *prim_vol*, *sec_vol*, and *sta* fields.

residual_cnt –

The number of updated records for this device that the data mover has yet to read from the primary storage control for this volume. The residual count can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete.

threshold_cnt –

The current blocking threshold count or write pacing level for the primary volume. If this field is blank, the device blocking LIC is not installed on the primary storage control. If this field is zero, the volume was added to the session with the DONOTBLOCK keyword specified. *threshold_cnt* can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete. For a write pacing-enabled volume, *threshold_cnt* displays the write pacing residual count, followed by an at sign (@) and the pacing level indicator (1-F).

If the status of the volume is either SUS (suspended) or PND (pending), *threshold_cnt* is the value that is applied when volume initialization begins, assuming that the session's WrtPacingResidualCnt and Write Pacing Level or DeviceBlockingThreshold remain unchanged. For volumes in SUS or PND status whose pacing or blocking attributes are changed once volume copy starts, a plus sign (+) precedes the *threshold_cnt* field. To determine the actual values that are in effect, use an XQUERY volume detail report on the volume in question.

res_rate

The number of record sets created per second for this volume during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in hexadecimal, for volumes on controllers that support the Write Pacing function. Volumes on other controllers that are not write pacing capable display blanks in this field.

wrt_rate

The number of write channel programs completed per second for this volume during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in hexadecimal, for volumes on controllers that support the Write Pacing function. Volumes on other controllers that are not write pacing capable display blanks in this field.

pace_ms

PACE MS indicates the average pacing milliseconds injected per write channel program during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in decimal, for volumes that have Write Pacing enabled. Other volumes display blanks in this field.

Note that write pacing delay is injected per recordset, and a write channel program may create several recordsets, the displayed value might be higher than the nominal per-recordset pacing value for the WPn level assigned to the volume.

pssid –

The storage subsystem identifier for the primary volume.

pscsn –

The logical session name of the primary storage control session.

pscid –

The storage control session identifier for the primary volume. The storage control session identifier can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8222I
PRIM SEC ERROR XRC
Explanation

This message provides the XRC command volume report header information. It is associated with messages ANTQ8223I and ANTQ8224I. The details of the fields are provided in message ANTQ8224I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

This message provides the XRC command volume report header information. The details of the fields are provided in message ANTQ8224I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

This message provides mirroring volume status details.

prim_vol –

The primary volume serial being reported.

sec_vol –

The secondary volume serial being reported.

errorlevel –

The error level for the primary and secondary volume pair. For each volume pair reported, the error level is either explicitly specified on a previous XADDPAIR command, or defaulted from the XSTART command for the session. The valid values in this field are:

- VOLUME – Volume-level recovery
- SESSION – Session-level recovery
- (*group_name*) – Group-level recovery
- (blank) – No error level for the volume (such as a utility volume)

xrc_cyls –

Primary volume size (cylinders) for duplex volumes. The total number of cylinders are scaled and followed by a "K" (1,000) for volumes greater than 999,999 cylinders and an "M" (1,000,000) for volumes greater than 999,999 cylinders. Volumes with less than 1,000 cylinders are displayed normally. This value might be followed by a question mark (?) if device status cannot be retrieved from the primary storage subsystem.

sta –

The current status information associated with the volume pair. The valid status states are:

- CPY – Copy. Volume pair being synchronized or re-synchronized.
- DUP – Duplex. Volume pair in duplex state at time of report. If followed by a question mark (?), volume pair did not complete the checking and can be rechecked by issuing the XQUERY again.
- PND – Pending. Volume pair waiting to be synchronized or re-synchronized.
- RCV – Recovered. Volume pair has been successfully recovered.
- RST – Restarted. Volume pair is scheduled for resynchronization because of a recoverable error.
- SUS – Suspended. Volume pair is suspended by command. If followed by an asterisk (*), volume pair is suspended because of errors.

- SEQ – Seqcheck. Volume pair can be inconsistent relative to other volume pairs on different storage controls.
- UTL – Utility volume. Volume is used as a path to the storage control.

timestamp –

Always specified the UTC time stamp to which the data on the secondary volume is consistent.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The information reported by the XQUERY command is provided for the volumes requested by the command. It is point-in-time information based on the volume status at the time the command processes the volume. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8225I | SESSION MASTER CLUSTER NAME(<i>session_id</i>) HLQ MHLQ (<i>qualifier-value</i>) <i>session-type</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides sub-header information for the ANTT0099I message of the XRECOVER_CHECK report.

SESSION

Indicates this message is for the XRC session being recovered.

MASTER

Indicates this message is for the master session associated with the XRC session being recovered.

CLUSTER

Indicates this message is for the cluster session associated with the XRC session being recovered.

NAME(*session_id*)

The name of the XRC session, master session or cluster session being reported.

HLQ

High level qualifier of the XRC session being recovered.

MHLQ

High level qualifier of the cluster or master session associated with the XRC session being recovered.

qualifier-value

The high level qualifier of the XRC session, cluster session or master session being reported.

sessiontype

Type of XRC session (XRC or MIGRATE). This is included only if the first word of the message text is SESSION.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8226I | <i>session_id</i> timestamp delta * |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header lines produced by message ANTQ8276I for the XRECOVER CHECK report.

session_id

The name of XRC session, master session, cluster session, or data set that produced the timestamp being reported.

timestamp

The current date and time of the data set being reported. The format is *yyyy.ddd hh:mm:ss.pppppp*

delta

The time delta between the State data set of the XRC session being recovered and the data set being reported. The format is *hh:mm:ss.pppppp*.

If the time delta between the XRC State data set and the data set being reported is greater than the value for DEADSESSIONDELAY in the ANTGIN00 member of PARMLIB plus 15 seconds, an asterisk (*) is displayed at the end of this message indicating that this is the reason for the XRECOVER CHECK failure. Message ANTQ8227I reports the value for DEADSESSIONDELAY plus 15 seconds.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ANTQ8227I | DEADSESSIONDELAY+15(value) |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides additional summary information for the XRECOVER CHECK report. *value* is the value for DEADSESSIONDELAY in the ANTGIN00 member of PARMLIB plus 15 (seconds).

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8228I | SESSION VOLUMES=session_volume_count COUPLED VOLUMES=coupled_volume_count * |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides additional summary information for the XRECOVER CHECK report.

session_volume_count

The volume count from the current XRC session.

coupled_volume_count

The number of volumes expected to be recovered. This count comes from the cluster or master data set.

Indicates that the reason for the XRECOVER CHECK failure is that the *session_volume_count* and *coupled_volume_count* are different. The * is omitted, otherwise.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8231I**DATA CONSISTENT(timestamp) system_status**

Explanation

This message provides the summary information for the XQUERY command for the summary and volume reports.

timestamp reports the consistency time for volumes in the XRC session at the time the report is given. *timestamp* specifies the universal time, coordinated from the application system. XRC generates this time from the updates received from the application system. Data on the secondary volumes was consistent up to this timestamp. This timestamp is not changed if the application system is not performing updates to any primary volumes managed by XRC.

The reported timestamp does not apply to volumes in either a pending or a suspended state. Volumes in a pending state are currently processing a synchronization function and do not become consistent until the copy operation has completed. Volumes that are in a suspended state have their consistency time reported in a separate message.

system_status is reported as follows:

- DELAY(*hh:mm:ss.hh*) – This is the current delay between the last application I/O to a primary storage control and the update made by the data mover to a secondary target volume. DELAY(*hh:mm:ss.hh*) provides an approximation of the time delay between the primary and secondary volumes. This is reported in hours, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of a second.
- IDLE(*hh:mm:ss.t*) – This status is reported when all updates have been applied to the secondary volumes and all primary storage controls have no pending updates. This field is reported in hours, minutes, seconds, and tenths of a second, and wraps to zero after 18 hours, 59 minutes, and 59 seconds. Updates to unsuspended volumes reset the idle indication. An XDELPAIR or XSUSPEND command with an ATTIME or DRAIN option specified also resets the idle time.
- ***** – This status is reported when the XQUERY function is unable to determine the status of the primary storage controls. This can occur if the primary storage controls are accessible.
- (blank) – This field is not applicable for an XRECOVER report and is reported as blanks when issued during an XRECOVER.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8232I**SESSIONTYPE(session_type) ERRORLEVEL(error_level) HLQ(hlq)**

Explanation

This message provides additional summary information for the XQUERY command for the summary and volume reports. The SESSIONTYPE field reports the *session_type* specified on the last XSTART command for this session.

The ERRORLEVEL field reports the error level currently in effect for the session. All volumes in the session that were not assigned an error level with the XADDPAIR command receive this error level assignment. The HLQ field reports the high-level-qualifier *hlq* in effect for the session, as was specified on the XSTART command.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8233I **DEFAULT TIMEOUT(*timeout*)**

Explanation

This message provides the summary information for the XQUERY command. It is issued for the summary and volume reports. The default timeout *timeout* field specifies the session timeout interval. This value is assigned to storage controls when their session is initialized. The time value is given in hours, minutes, and seconds. If the default timeout is used for each storage control, this field is reported as STORAGE_CONTROL_DEFAULT.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8234I **PND *cmdlevel* CMD = *command keyword*(*timestamp*)**

Explanation

This message provides the summary information for the XQUERY command. It is issued for the summary and volume reports. *cmdlevel* indicates that either the MASTER or SESSION command *command keyword* is pending. *command* can be either XSUSPEND or XEND. *keyword* specifies the option associated with the command. It can be either ATTIME or DRAIN. *timestamp* is a universal time coordinated (UTC). The pending command is executed when this time is reached.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID displayed by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8235I **TOTAL=tttt DUP=dddd UTL=uuuu SUS=ssss PND=pppp SEQ=cccc**

Explanation

This message provides a status summary as part of the XQUERY summary, volume, storage control, and configuration reports. The reported fields are as follows:

- *tttt* – The total number of volumes reported
- *dddd* – The number of volumes in duplex state
- *uuuu* – The number of utility volumes that are not in any other state
- *ssss* – The number of volumes in suspended state
- *pppp* – The number of volumes in pending state
- *cccc* – The number of volumes in seqchk state

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8236I **PND XSUSPEND TIMEOUT(*timeout*)**

Explanation

This message summarizes the timeout interval for the pending XSUSPEND command. It is only issued for a pending XSUSPEND(session) command. The *timeout* interval is used for all storage controls when the XRC session is suspended. It is given in hours, minutes, and seconds. If the default timeout is used for each storage control, this field is reported as STORAGE_CONTROL_DEFAULT.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8237I**TOTAL=tttt DUP=dddd PND=pppp SUS=ssss**

Explanation

This message is provided as part of the XQUERY volume report that is issued by the XRECOVER command. It provides a status summary of all the volumes in the XRC session. The reported fields are:

- *tttt* – The total number of volumes reported
- *dddd* – The number of recovered duplex volumes
- *pppp* – The number of volumes in pending state
- *ssss* – The number of volumes in suspended state

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8238I**TOTAL=tttt DUP=dddd CPY=iiii PND=pppp SUS=ssss SEQ=cccc
UTL=uuuu**

Explanation

This message, part of an XQUERY report, provides a status summary of all volumes in the XRC session. The report fields are as follows:

- *tttt* – The total number of volumes reported
- *dddd* – The number of volumes in duplex state
- *iiii* – The number of volumes in initial copy or resynchronization state
- *pppp* – The number of volumes in pending state
- *ssss* – The number of volumes in suspended state, which include the volumes in RST state
- *cccc* – The number of volumes in seqchk state
- *uuuu* – The number of XRC utility (XRCUTL) volumes

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

There are conditions when volumes are being added, deleted, or suspended when the numbers reported by this message cannot agree with the number of volumes reported by the accompanying volume or configuration report. In this case, reissue the command after the transitory change has occurred to verify that the total number is consistent. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8239I **TOTAL=tttt DUP=dddd CPY=iiii PND=pppp SUS=ssss**

Explanation

This message is provided as part of the XQUERY report that is issued by the XRECOVER command. It provides a status summary of all the volumes in the XRC session. The report fields are as follows:

- *tttt* – The total number of volumes reported
- *dddd* – The number of volumes in duplex state
- *iiii* – The number of volumes in initial copy or resynchronization state
- *pppp* – The number of volumes in pending state
- *ssss* – The number of volumes in suspended state

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8240I **DATA EXPOSURE(delta_time)**

Explanation

The value for *delta_time* provides an approximation of the time difference (potentially unrecoverable data) between data written to the primary volumes and data secured on the journal data set. If the *delta_time* is zero, all data written to primary volumes for the session has been secured on the journal data set. *delta_time* is NO_TIME_AVAILABLE or ***** until a session receives a time reference from a primary application update.

Note: This message appears only for SESSIONTYPE(XRC) sessions, for a session which has at least one volume pair in DUP (duplex) status.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8241I **SC SC S RES UTIL** **CURRENT**

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8242I and detail message ANTQ8243I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8243I detail message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| ANTQ8242I | SSID SN ID T CNT VOL | TIMEOUT | --STORAGE CONTROL TIME-- |
|-----------|----------------------|---------|--------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8241I and detail message ANTQ8243I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8243I detail message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | |
|-----------|---|----------------------|
| ANTQ8243I | ssid scsn scid status residual_count utility_volume timeout | storage_control_time |
|-----------|---|----------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the report details for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control report. It is associated with header messages ANTQ8241I and ANTQ8242I. The report shows the status of the storage control sessions within an XRC session.

ssid –

Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified storage control session.

scsn –

Identifies the storage control session name assigned by the user.

scid –

Identifies the session ID assigned by the storage control to the storage control session. If it cannot be determined it is reported as "***".

status –

Provides the status of the storage control session when the command was issued. Optimal performance is indicated when the field is blank (session is active). The status can be one of the following:

- (blank) – Active
- **B** – One or more devices on this primary storage control has exceeded the maximum number of record sets that are allowed for a storage control session.
- **D** – One or more devices on this primary storage control is being blocked.
- **E** – I/O error obtaining status from the storage control
- **L** – Long busy condition
- **N** – Storage control session is not found
- **Q** – Quiesced
- **R** – Utility device is reserved by this system
- **S** – Suspended session
- **T** – Storage control session has timed out
- **U** – Unable to determine utility volume for the storage control
- **&** – Utility device is reserved by another system
- **1** – Record update I/O has 1 storage control path blocked
- **2** – Record update I/O has 2 storage control paths blocked
- **3** – Record update I/O has 3 storage control paths blocked
- **4** – Record update I/O has 4 storage control paths blocked

residual_count –

Specifies the number of pending record updates in the storage control at the time the command was issued. It indicates how many records exist in the storage control buffers for the XRC session.

utility_volume –

Identifies the volume serial number of the volume being used by the data mover as a utility device path for the storage control identified by the storage subsystem ID. This field can be "*****" if the utility volume is either offline or cannot be determined. If this is a temporary condition (caused by a concurrent XDLP/PAIR or XSUSPEND command), reissue the command to report a new utility volume, if one exists. For a session using Enhanced Multi-Reader, multiple instances of ANTQ8243I can appear in the STORAGECONTROL DETAIL report for the same SSID and SC SN values, one for each storage control session in the enhanced multi-reader group. In that report, an indicator of the multi-reader state appears between the RES CNT and UTIL VOL columns. In the STORAGECONTROL (without DETAIL) report, a single ANTQ8243I appears for the primary session of the enhanced multi-reader group, without the additional indicator column.

The volume serial number can have one of the following characters in front of the serial number:

- An asterisk (*) indicates that the storage control session *scsn* for the storage subsystem *ssid* has the fixed utility device of *utility_volume*.
- An 's' indicates that XRC has detected that the *utility_volume* was previously a fixed utility device but the current storage control status indicates that the device is now a floating utility device.
- An 'h' indicates that XRC has detected that the *utility_volume* was previously a floating utility device but the current storage control status indicates that the device is now a fixed utility device.
- A 'p' indicates that this line in the XQUERY output describes the primary storage control session ID of the enhanced multi-reader session group. The significance of a primary storage control session is that it might not be deleted from the XRC session until all associated auxiliary storage control session IDs have been deleted.
- An 'a' indicates that this line in the XQUERY output describes an auxiliary storage control session ID of an enhanced multi-reader session group. Auxiliary session IDs might be added and deleted as needed, although volumes in the enhanced multi-reader group are suspended.
- A blank indicates that both the software and the storage control have the same floating utility volume setting.

timeout –

Specifies the current timeout interval for the storage control. For a quiesced storage control, it is the time remaining before the storage control ends the active session.

storage_control_time –

Specifies the timestamp of the current record being processed by the storage control.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8245I
NO STORAGE CONTROL SESSIONS

Explanation

There are no storage control sessions active.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The XQUERY report has provided the requested information. If the command has been accepted and neither this message nor a message providing storage control information has been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8246I
MSESSION(*msession_id*) MHLQ(*mhlq*) COUPLED(*status*)

Explanation

The XRC coupled session associated with the master session *msession_id* with the master high-level qualifier of *mhlq* has the coupled status of *status*. *msession_id* identifies the master session name. *mhlq* identifies the master session high level qualifier name. These fields can be ***** if the master session is either offline or cannot be determined. The following provides an explanation of each status:

Status:**Explanation:****INTERLOCKED**

Session can be recovered to a consistent time with other coupled sessions.

NON-INTERLOCKED

Session cannot be recovered to a consistent time with other coupled sessions.

COUPLE_FAILED

Previously coupled local session is no longer actively coupled with master session.

HOLD

Master session is protected from actions which would cause the master recoverable time to be jeopardized. This status is entered for one of the following reasons:

- An error was detected for ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) interlocked session.

- The first XRECOVER command for a coupled session associated with the master session was started.
- The condition indicated on message ANTC8402I was detected for a coupled session.
- The first session was started after all coupled sessions were made inactive because of a system IPL or the address spaces were canceled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8247I **MASTER SESSION INTERLOCK DELAY(*timestamp*)**

Explanation

This message indicates that the coupled XRC session indicated on message ANTC8200I is not currently interlocked with the other coupled sessions associated with the master session indicated on message ANTC8246I. The *timestamp* represents the amount of time that this local session requires to be interlocked with the other coupled interlocked local sessions. If the *timestamp* is within 10 seconds (ahead or behind) of the master journal timestamp, the coupled data mover sessions will attempt to achieve interlock status by temporarily halting updates on the sessions that are ahead. Updates will be resumed when interlock status is achieved.

The timestamp value will have one of the following definitions:

+aa:aa:aa.aaaaaa

The consistency time of this session is ahead of the master journal time for other coupled sessions, which would prevent it from being recovered to a consistent time with those sessions. The time shown is the difference between the session consistency time and the master journal time.

-bb:bb:bb.bbbbbb

The journal time of this session is behind the master journal time for other coupled sessions, which would prevent it from being recovered to a consistent time with those sessions. The time shown is the difference between the session journal time and the master journal time.

Note: The timestamp rolls to 00:00:00.000000 after 23 hours, 59 minutes, and 59.999999 seconds, and thus the timestamp will be inaccurate.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message is issued for a non-interlocked session if all of the following are true:

- Timestamped updates have been made to at least one active volume in the session and the updates have been journaled (that is, the session has a journal time).
- At least one update has been applied for the session to secondary volumes (that is, a session consistency time exists).
- The session does not indicate the volume status of AVS, ERR, or SYM on message ANTC8304I.

You might need to take special steps to achieve interlock status for this session. In order for a session to become interlocked, both of the following conditions must be met (issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine these conditions):

- No interlocked session associated with the master session must have a session status of END, SUS, or UNK.
- If the master session is in HOLD status, refer to the topic "What to do if the master session is in coupled HOLD Status" in *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services*.

Refer to the system programmers response of [“ANTC8407I” on page 1052](#) for additional actions.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| ANTQ8251I | NAME VALUE NAME VALUE |
|------------------|------------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY ENVIRONMENT(PARM) reports. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8253I detail message.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

Place the parameter in the correct location.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8252I | NAME STATUS NAME STATUS NAME STATUS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY ENVIRONMENT(FLAG) report. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8254I detail message.

System action

Information only.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8253I | <i>name value name value</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|

Explanation

name is the name of the PARMLIB entry and *value* is the current value associated with the name. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for more information about PARMLIB entries and a detailed explanation for the PARMLIB entry name and the possible values.

The XQUERY ENV(PARM) report includes the values for SecondaryDeviceRange, SecondaryVolserPattern, NumberReaderTasks and WorkloadWritePacing.

If there are no secondary device ranges, the value for SecondaryDeviceRange displays '(none)'. If there are any secondary device ranges, the value displays '(below)'. In this case the list of secondary device ranges is displayed below the other parameter values.

If there are no secondary VOLSER patterns, the value for SecondaryVolserPattern displays '(none)'. If there is only one secondary VOLSER pattern, the value displays the pattern. If there are multiple secondary VOLSER patterns, the value shows '(below)'. In this case, the list of secondary VOLSER patterns is displayed below the other parameter values.

The default pattern for NumberReaderTasks is '*',0'. However, if multiple patterns are specified for NumberReaderTasks, the value shows '(below)', in which case the list of reader task patterns is displayed below the other parameter values.

The value of WorkloadWritePacing is 'DISABLED' , if the parameter is set to 'DISABLED' in the PARMLIB or if it was never specified. If values were specified in the PARMLIB, the method of showing '(below)' and an additional line at the bottom is used; similar to the method used for NumberReaderTasks or SecondaryDeviceRange.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about PARMLIB entries.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8254I | <i>name status name status name status</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

name is the name of a flag, and *status* is the status of the flag (ON or OFF).

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for more information about ENVIRONMENTAL FLAGS.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8255I | <i>ssid scsn scid status lss serial_ number lic_level features</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the report details for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control features report. It is associated with header messages ANTQ8256I and ANTQ8257I. The report shows the status of the storage control sessions within an XRC session.

- ssid –**
Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified storage control session.
- scsn –**
Identifies the storage control session name assigned by the user.

scid –

Identifies the session ID assigned by the storage control to the storage control session. If it cannot be determined it is reported as "***".

status –

Provides the status of the storage control session when the command was issued. Optimal performance is indicated when the field is blank (session is active). The status can be one of the following:

- (blank) – Active
- **B** – One or more devices on this primary storage control has exceeded the maximum number of record sets that are allowed for a storage control session.
- **D** – One or more devices on this primary storage control is being blocked.
- **E** – I/O error obtaining status from the storage control
- **L** – Long busy condition
- **N** – Storage control session is not found
- **Q** – Quiesced
- **R** – Utility device is reserved by this system
- **S** – Suspended session
- **T** – Storage control session has timed out
- **U** – Unable to determine utility volume for the storage control
- **&** – Utility device is reserved by another system
- **1** – Record update I/O has 1 storage control path blocked
- **2** – Record update I/O has 2 storage control paths blocked
- **3** – Record update I/O has 3 storage control paths blocked
- **4** – Record update I/O has 4 storage control paths blocked

lss –

Identifies the logical subsystem the session ID is contained in.

serial_number –

Specifies the serial number of the storage control.

lic_level –

Specifies the licensed internal code (microcode) level.

features –

Specifies capability and enablement status of selected functions.

'_'

= microcode not capable

'Y'

= function enabled

'N'

= function disabled

FU

Fixed Utility (microcode and software function)

D

Device Blocking

W

Write Pacing

SL

Suspend On Long Busy (microcode and software function)

ER

Enhanced Reader Support

- First position - hardware microcode capable ('-' or 'Y' only).
- Second position - AllowEnhancedReader is ON/OFF ('Y'/'N', respectively).

EX

Extended manufacturer

- '-' = Standard IBM channel connection
- 'ED' = IBM Extended Distance FICON channel
- 'CN' = Brocade CNT channel extender
- 'CS' = Cisco channel extender

IR

Incremental resync

- The status indicator is for microcode capability only ('-' or 'Y' only)
-

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8256I | SC SC S SERIAL LIC FEATURES |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control features report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8257I and detail message ANTQ8255I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8255I detail message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8257I | SSID SN ID T LSS NUMBER LEVEL FU D W SL ER IR EX |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control features report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8256I and detail message ANTQ8255I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8255I detail message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8258I XQUERY EXTENDER REPORT

Explanation

An XQUERY EXTENDER command has been issued. The level_number gives the level of the report. After the above message two headings appear:

```
----- LOCAL ----- REMOTE -----  
SSID WWNN TIMOT PKTRT BYTRT RTT WWNN  
TIMOT PKTRT BYTRT RTT
```

Then one or more of the following lines appear:

```
1111 2222 33333 44444 55555 666 7777 88888  
99999 AAAAA BBB
```

where:

1111

The Storage Control Subsystem Identifier associated with a path through a Channel Extender.

2222

A number found in a following list (see below) that gives the World Wide Node Name of the local (attached to the processor) Channel Extender.

3333

Number of TCP retransmit timeouts.

4444

Number of packets retransmitted by TCP.

55555

Number of bytes retransmitted by TCP.

666

Round Trip Time in milliseconds for the FCIP interface.

7777

A number found in a following list (see below) that gives the World Wide Node Name of the remote (attached to the storage control) Channel Extender.

88888

Number of TCP retransmit timeouts.

99999

Number of packets retransmitted by TCP.

AAAAA

Number of bytes retransmitted by TCP.

BBB

Round Trip Time in milliseconds for the FCIP interfae.

Then a list of complete World Wide Note Names is given:

ln - aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh

rn - ii:jj:kk:ll:mm:nn:oo:pp

where:

ln

the number of a local WWNN from the previous list

aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh

complete local World Wide Node Name

rn

the number of a remote WWNN from the previous list

ii:jj:kk:ll:mm:nn:oo:pp

complete remote World Wide Node Name

Statistics are hexadecimal except for RTT which is decimal. If the value is larger than X'FFFFFF' (1,048,575) it will be shown as FFFFFF.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8259I

XQUERY EXTENDER_DETAIL REPORT - level_number

Explanation

An XQUERY EXTENDER DETAIL command has been issued. The level_number gives the level of the report. After the above message the following line appears:

SSID ssss DVCNO ddddd CHPID (nn,...mm)

where:

sss

The Storage Control Subsystem Identifier associated with a path through a Channel Extender.

dddd

The device number used to access ssss (nn,...mm)

Then the following line appears:

LOCAL WWNN aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh FCIP ID pp

where:

aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh

Complete local World Wide Node Name.

pp

FCIP Tunnel ID

Next, the local statistics are shown:

BFRALF

Number of buffer allocation failures.

BYTRNT

Number of bytes retransmitted.

BYTRVD

Number of bytes received.

BYTSNT

Number of bytes transmitted.

IPFGMT

Number of IP fragments received.

IURCVD

Number of IUs received.

IUSENT

Number of IUs transmitted.

OOOBYT

Number of Out of Order bytes.

OOOPKT

Number of Out of Order TCP packets.

PKTERR

Number of packets with TCP checksum errors.

PKTRNT

Number of packets retransmitted by TCP.

RRSFST

Number of Read Record command IUs accelerated.

RRSNRM

Number of Read Record command IUs not accelerated.

RTT

Measured Round Trip Time in milliseconds.

RXAFTR

Number of bytes received after compression.

RXBFOR

Number of bytes received before compression.

RXCPSN

Received compression ration RXBFOR / RXAFTR.

TIMOUT

Number of TCP retransmit timeouts.

TXAFTR

Number of bytes transmitted after compression.

TXBFOR

Number of bytes transmitted before compression.

TXCPSN

Transmitted compression ratio TXBFOR / TXAFTR.

Next are the remote statistics:

REMOTE WWNN aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh FICP ID pp

where:

aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:gg:hh

Complete remote World Wide Node Name.

pp

FCIP Tunnel ID.

and:

BFRALF

Number of buffer allocation failures.

BYTRNT

Number of bytes retransmitted.

BYTRVD

Number of bytes received.

BYTSNT

Number of bytes transmitted.

IPFGMT

Number of IP fragments received.

IURCVD

Number of IUs received.

IUSENT

Number of IUs transmitted.

OOOBYT

Number of Out of Order bytes.

OOOPKT

Number of Out of Order TCP packets.

PKTERR

Number of packets with TCP checksum errors.

PKTRNT

Number of packets retransmitted by TCP.

RRSFST

Number of Read Record command IUs accelerated.

RRSNRM

Number of Read Record command IUs not accelerated.

RTT

Measured Round Trip Time in milliseconds.

RXAFTR

Number of bytes received after compression.

RXBFOR

Number of bytes received before compression.

RXCPSN

Received compression ration $RXBFOR / RXAFTR$.

TIMOUT

Number of TCP retransmit timeouts.

TXAFTR

Number of bytes transmitted after compression.

TXBFOR

Number of bytes transmitted before compression.

TXCPSN

Transmitted compression ration $TXBFOR / TXAFTR$.

Statistics are hexadecimal except for RTT and compression ratios which are decimal.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| ANTQ8260I | PAV=aaaa |
|------------------|-----------------|

Explanation

This message, part of an XQUERY report, provides information about the use of Parallel Access Volume (PAV) aliases for Enhanced Multiple Readers in the XRC session. The report fields are as follows:

aaaa - The number of readers that use Parallel Access Volume (PAV) aliases as XRC utility devices.

When Enhanced Multiple Readers are not used, or when each reader has a unique XRCUTL volume assigned, the PAV count is zero. When Enhanced Multiple Readers are used, the PAV count is equal to the number of readers that use Parallel Access Volume (PAV) aliases as utility devices. Note that the PAV count is not included in the TOTAL volume count in the ANTQ8238I message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

There are conditions when volumes are being added, deleted, or suspended when the numbers reported by this message cannot agree with the number of volumes reported by the accompanying volume or configuration report. In this case, reissue the command after the transitory change has occurred to verify that the total number is consistent. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8261I | HLQ(<i>hlq</i>) SCTRAP(<i>sctrap</i>) TIMEOUT(<i>timeout_value</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides information for the output of the XQUERY command for a "set" report. This message reports the following values:

hlq –

Reports either the high-level-qualifier(*hlq*) that was issued on the XSTART command or the default HLQ if none was specified. The HLQ is used by the data mover to allocate the journal, state, and control data sets.

sctrap –

Specifies whether or not a storage control LIC dump should be forced by the software if an LIC-related error occurs. YES generates an LIC dump (if required) on error. NO does not generate an LIC dump on error. This function is only valid for storage controls that support the option to dump the LIC.

timeout_value –

Reports the timeout interval presently being used for storage controls. The value is assigned to storage controls as they are added to the XRC session. It is specified in hours, minutes, and seconds. It can be reported as STORAGE_CONTROL_DEFAULT if this is the assigned default.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8262I

**SYNCH(synch) SCSYNCH(prim_sc_synch,sec_sc_synch)
PRIORITY(priority) SUPRDUMP(suprdump)**

Explanation

This message provides information for the output of the XQUERY command for a "set" report. This message reports the following values:

synch –

Specifies the maximum number of concurrent synchronization or resynchronization tasks that can execute per XRC session. This allows the XADDPAIR function to be paced to minimize the processor resources used by the function.

prim_sc_synch –

Specifies the maximum number of concurrent synchronization or resynchronization tasks that can execute per XRC session against a primary storage control. This allows the XADDPAIR function to be paced to minimize the processor and path resources used by the function.

sec_sc_synch –

Specifies the maximum number of concurrent synchronization or resynchronization tasks that can execute per XRC session against a secondary storage control. This allows the XADDPAIR function to be paced to minimize the processor and path resources used by the function.

priority –

Specifies the type of priority to be used by the XADDPAIR function. The options are:

- FIFO – Add volumes in order received on command.
- LOAD – Defer adding volume if primary storage control load is too heavy. If the residual count for a primary storage control indicates the storage control is overloaded with activity, no additional work is started on the storage control. When the activity level has dropped to a lower level, the work is started.
- SIZE – Add volumes based on their total number of cylinders, from largest to smallest.

suprdump –

Specifies whether or not a software dump is forced if a software-related error occurs. OFF generates a software dump (if required) on error. ON does not generate a software dump on error.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8263I | SCBUFFERS(<i>sc_buffers</i>) PAGEFIX(<i>page_fix</i>) PACE(<i>pace</i>) COPY(<i>copy_type</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides information for the output of the XQUERY command for a "set" report. This message reports the following values:

***sc_buffers* –**

Specifies the maximum number of virtual buffers that the data mover can allocate per primary storage control in the session. Based on system activity, the data mover can use fewer buffers. Each virtual buffer requires 60K of virtual storage.

***page_fix* –**

Specifies the number of megabytes of permanently page-fixed storage that the data mover can use. The more storage that is page-fixed, the less processor cycles are used by the data mover. Any storage used above this limit is page-fixed and page-freed as required.

***pace* –**

Specifies the number of tracks read or written as part of synchronization or resynchronization. It is used to pace the data mover impact on the storage control and primary volume resources.

***copy_type* –**

Specifies the type of volume initialization that is performed for volume pairs for which no copy type was specified on the XADDPAIR command. The possible values are:

FULL

Indicates that the complete volume is copied during volume initialization.

QUICK

Indicates that only allocated space at the time the copy starts is copied during volume initialization.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8264I | RFREQUENCY(<i>reset_frequency</i>) RTRACKS(<i>reset_tracks</i>) UTILITY(<i>type</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides information for the output of the XQUERY command for a SET report. This message reports the following values:

reset_frequency –

Specifies the minimum time, since the last storage control session bitmap was reset, before it is again eligible to be reset. When this value is zero, XRC does not use elapsed time to determine when to reset the storage control session volume bitmap.

reset_tracks –

Specifies the number of changed tracks on a primary volume, since the last reset, before the storage control session bitmap is again eligible for the next reset. When this value is zero, XRC does not use the number of changed tracks to determine when to reset the storage control session volume bitmap.

type

Specifies the type of XRC utility device to be used the first time XRC encounters the secondary volser of XRCUTL on an XADDPAIR command, after the XSET UTILITY command has been issued. The values of type are as follows:

FLOAT

The XRC utility device for a session is randomly selected by the storage control.

FIX

The XRC utility device for a session is to be a specific device (fixed).

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8270I | TIME DURATION <i>ss.th</i> seconds |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message is shown at the end of the XQUERY EXTENDER report. The statistics provided by the Channel Extender are accumulative, so two sets are gathered and the difference is displayed (except for RTT which is the average for the two). *ss.th* is the value from the parmlib MonitorWakeup parameter.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| ANTQ8271I | -----ORIGINAL----- |
|------------------|---------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the XQUERY command volume report header information. This header message is associated with ANTQ8272I and ANTQ8273I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTQ8273I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8272I | PRIMARY SECONDARY STA CON -----TIMESTAMP----- |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the XQUERY command volume report header information. This header message is associated with ANTQ8273I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTQ8273I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8273I | <i>primary_vol secondary_vol sta con timestamp</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header line produced with message ANTQ8272I. The following describes the XQUERY output reported for the XADVANCE function:

- *primary_vol* – The original volume serial number of the primary source volume.
- *secondary_vol* – The original volume serial number of the secondary target volume.
- *sta* – The current status information that is associated with the volume pair. The valid status states are:
 - DUP – The volume pair is in duplex state, successfully recovered.
 - PND – The pending volume pair is being synchronized or re-synchronized.
 - SUS – The volume pair is suspended.
- *con* – Gives the status of the secondary volume after the XADVANCE operation. YES means that all journal data was successfully applied (if necessary) to the secondary volume, and this volume is consistent to the session consistency time shown in message ANTQ8231I. NO means that this volume is not consistent with the consistency time shown in message ANTQ8231I.
- *timestamp* – The time associated with the volume pair. The interpretation of the timestamp field is based upon a combination of fields described below. The timestamp is always in universal time, coordinated (UTC) format associated with the application systems connected to the primary storage controls. The field is not a data mover system timestamp. The *timestamp* field can be any of the following:
 - (blank) – If the value under STA is DUP, a blank *timestamp* indicates that the volume pair has been advanced to the session timestamp reported by message ANTQ8231I. If the value under STA is something other than

DUP, a blank *timestamp* indicates that the volume pair did not complete volume initialization and no known timestamp for the volume pair is available.

- *timestamp* – The timestamp reported is given in UTC format. If the volume pair has a status of SUS, the data on the suspended volume pair is consistent up to the time reported.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The information reported by this XQUERY report is provided for the volumes requested by the XQUERY command for the XADVANCE operation. It is point-in-time information based on the volume status at the time the command or operation processes the volume. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY output. If the XQUERY output has been accepted and this message has not been issued either at the system console log or at the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|
| ANTQ8274I | PRIMARY | SECONDARY | STA | CON | CLP | -----TIMESTAMP----- |
|-----------|---------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the XQUERY command volume report header information. This header message is associated with ANTT0099I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTT0099I.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| ANTQ8275I | <i>primary_vol</i> | <i>secondary_vol</i> | <i>sta</i> | <i>con</i> | <i>clp</i> | <i>timestamp</i> |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the header lines produced by message ANTT0099I for the XQUERY command for an XRECOVER command.

- *primary_vol* – The original volume serial number of the primary source volume.
- *secondary_vol* – The original volume serial number of the secondary target volume.
- *sta* – The current status information associated with the volume pair. The valid status states are:
 - DUP – The volume pair is in duplex state, successfully recovered.
 - PND – The pending volume pair is being synchronized or re-synchronized.
 - SUS – The volume pair is suspended.
- *con* – The status of the secondary volume after the XRECOVER operation. YES means that this volume is consistent with the session consistency time shown in message ANTT0099I. If the session consistency time is NO_TIME_AVAILABLE, all CON=YES volumes are consistent. NO_TIME_AVAILABLE indicates that the XRC session had not received a time reference from the application system when the XRC session was active. NO means that this volume is not consistent with the consistency time shown in message ANTT0099I.

- *clp*– The status of the secondary volume after the XRECOVER operation. YES means that the secondary volume serial number has been changed to be the same as the primary volume serial number. NO means that the secondary volume serial number has not been changed.
- *timestamp* – The time associated with the volume pair. The interpretation of the timestamp field is based upon a combination of fields described below. The timestamp is always in universal time, coordinated (UTC) format that is associated with the application systems connected to the primary storage controls. The field is not a data mover system timestamp. The *timestamp* field can be any of the following:
 - (blank) – If the value under STA is DUP, the volume pair has been advanced to the session timestamp reported by ANTQ8231I. If the value under STA is something other than DUP, the volume pair did not complete initialization and no known timestamp for the volume pair is available.
 - *timestamp* – The timestamp reported is given in universal time coordinated (UTC) format. If the volume pair has a status of SUS, the data on the suspended volume pair is consistent up to the time reported.

System programmer response

The information reported by this XQUERY report is provided for the volumes requested by the XQUERY command for the XRECOVER operation. It is a point-in-time information based on the volume status at the time the command or operation processes the volume. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY output. If the XQUERY output has not been issued on the system console log or by the user ID at the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | |
|------------------|--|------------------------|
| ANTQ8276I | SOURCE ----- TIMESTAMP ----- | -----DELTA----- |
|------------------|--|------------------------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the XRECOVER CHECK report. This header message is associated with ANTQ8225I, ANTQ8226I, ANTQ8227I, and ANTQ8228I.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8280I | BEGIN END BACKGROUND COPY CONFLICT FROM SECONDARY SOURCE VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) TO SECONDARY TARGET VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) BECAUSE <i>reason</i> FOR XRC SESSION <i>session-id</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy operation between a secondary source volume and a secondary target volume cannot be completed because of an outstanding FlashCopy. When the condition is detected, the message begins with BEGIN. If the condition is resolved, the message begins with END. If the condition has a performance impact, the target volume pair is suspended and message ANTX8181E is issued instead of message ANTQ8280I with END.

volser/dvcnbr

Are the FlashCopy secondary source and target volumes.

session-id

is the session ID of the XRC session.

reason

Is the reason for the conflict.

System action

The FlashCopy command is not executed between the secondary source and target volumes.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8281I -----PRIMARY----- -----SECONDARY-----

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY configuration report. This header message is associated with ANTQ8282I, ANTQ8283I, and ANTQ8284I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTQ8283I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|--------|------|----------|--------|
| ANTQ8282I | SSID SN ID | DVCN CCA | VOLSER | SSID | DVCN CCA | VOLSER |
|-----------|------------|----------|--------|------|----------|--------|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY configuration report. This header message is associated with messages ANTQ8281I, ANTQ8283I, and ANTQ8284I. The details of the fields are provided by message ANTQ8283I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANT08283I *pssid pscsn pscid pdvcn pcca pvolser ssid sdvcn scca svolser*

Explanation

This message provides the output associated with the XQUERY configuration report header information. This report is associated with messages ANTQ8281I, ANTQ8282I, and ANTQ8284I. The reported fields are:

- *pssid* – Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified device on the primary control.
- *pscsn* – Identifies the primary storage control session name. If the name was omitted, it is reported as "--".
- *pscid* – Identifies the primary storage control session identifier. If it cannot be determined, it is reported as "***".
- *pdvcn* – Identifies the primary device number.
- *pcca* – Identifies the channel connection address of the primary volume.
- *pvolser* – Identifies the primary volume serial number.
- *ssid* – Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified device on the secondary storage control.
- *sdvcn* – Identifies the secondary device number.
- *scca* – Identifies the channel connection address of the secondary volume.
- *svolser* – Identifies the secondary volume serial number.

If a requested volume is not in the session, all fields except *svolser* are blank.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

ANTQ8284I **SC SC**

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY configuration report. This header message is associated with ANTQ8281I, ANTQ8282I, and ANTQ8283I. The details of the fields are provided by ANTQ8283I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8285I **NO STORAGE CONTROLS MEET REQUESTED SPECIFICATION**

Explanation

There are no storage controls that meet the specifications requested by the XQUERY report.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8286I | -----PRIMARY----- ----SWAP----- |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY SWAP report. This header message is associated with messages ANTQ8284I, ANTQ8287I, and ANTQ8288I. The details of the fields are provided by message ANTQ8288I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8287I | SSID SN ID DVCN CCA VOLSER SSID DVCN STA SWP% AGE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message provides the header information for an XQUERY SWAP report. This header message is associated with messages ANTQ8284I, ANTQ8286I, and ANTQ8288I. The details of the fields are provided by message ANTQ8288I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8288I | pssid psn pssid pdvcn pcca volser sssid sdvcn volstatus swap% age |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message displays both SWP% and AGE when STA is DUP or SUS. When a volume is suspended, the AGE indicates how long ago the swap was written since the last write on the primary. Note that the AGE rolls to 00:00:00 after 23 hours, 59 minutes, and 59 seconds. It provides the output associated with the XQUERY configuration report header information. This report is associated with messages ANTQ8282I, and ANTQ8284I. The reported fields are:

pssid

Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified device on the primary control.

pscsn

Identifies the primary storage control session name. If the name was omitted, it is reported as --.

pscid

Identifies the primary storage control session identifier. If it cannot be determined, it is reported as **.

pdvcn

Identifies the primary device number.

pcca

Identifies the channel connection address of the primary volume.

pvolser

Identifies the primary volume serial number.

sssid

Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified device on the swap storage control. A value of zeros (0000) indicates that the subsystem ID cannot be determined.

sdvcn

Identifies the swap device number.

sta

Volume pair status.

swap%

Percentage of volume which will be copied to the remote site on a HyperSwap. Shown when volume is DUP or SUS only. Shown as "****" if status is not DUP, SUS, or available.

age

Elapsed time, minutes: seconds, since the last bitmap toggle. Shown when volume is DUP or SUS only. Shown as "****" if status is not DUP, SUS, or available. When the enhanced multi-reader function is active, an additional character is appended to the *pscid* field. A lowercase *p* is appended for a primary session, and a lowercase *a* is appended for an auxiliary session. For example, a *pscid* value of 02*p* indicates that session ID 02 is a primary session.

When the enhanced multi-reader function is active, an additional character is appended to the *pscid* field. A lowercase *p* is appended for a primary session, and a lowercase *a* is appended for an auxiliary session. For example, a *pscid* value of 02*p* indicates that session ID 02 is a primary session.

Note: If the status is DUP and the swap% and age are both asterisks ***, then the swaps are either unavailable or there was an I/O error trying to access the swaps.

System action

XRC functions are active.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8290I **XRC OPERATING MODE(modename)**

Explanation

The XRC session this report pertains to has one or more special operating modes active. This message might be repeated if more modes are activated than those that fit in a line. See XSTART command in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for a description of the possible values for *modename* and the meanings.

System action

XRC functions are active.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8300I **XQUERY STARTED FOR MSESSION(msession_id) MHLQ(mhlq)**

Explanation

The XQUERY command that was issued with the MASTER keyword for the session that is indicated by *msession_id* with a high-level qualifier of *mhlq*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8301I | XQUERY MASTER REPORT COMPLETE FOR MSESSION (<i>msession_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XQUERY command that was issued with the MASTER keyword has completed for the session indicated by master session *msession_id*. Reference the associated message ANTT0099I to determine the high-level qualifier for this master session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8302I | SESSION T STA VOL INT CMD JOURNAL DELTA RCV/ADV DELTA |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XQUERY master report header first line.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Extended remote copy (XRC).

.....

The XQUERY master report header second line.

XRC functions are active.

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Extended remote copy (XRC).

```
sessionid sessiontype sessionstatus volumestatus initstatus
commandstatus journaldeltatime recoverydeltatime
```

The data in the message is explained as follows:

Session ID name. This message presents the data for each session using the following order method:

Interlock status (descending, Y then N)

Session status in the following order: ACT, END, RCV, ARV, SUS, UNK

Journal delta (ascending)

Type of the current session. Possible session type values are:

Session is a cluster

Status of the current session. The following definitions describe the possible session status values:

Session is active.

Session has initiated recovery processing.

Session is ended.

Session has completed recovery processing, including clipping all eligible secondaries to their respective primary volume serials.

SUS

Session is suspended.

UNK

Status of session is unknown. The master data set has not been updated within the CTIMEOUT interval.

volumestatus

Status of the current volume. The following definitions describe the possible volume status values:

(blank)

Session has at least one active volume or session is inactive.

AVS

All volumes in session are suspended by command or an error event not affecting the coupled session operation.

ERR

For ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) sessions, all volumes in this session or all volumes in all sessions in a cluster session are suspended due to an error that affects the coupled operation.

SYM

For ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) sessions, one of the following situations caused all volumes in the session or all volumes in all sessions in a cluster session to be suspended:

- An error or errors occurred on a coupled session or a session in a cluster session that affects coupled operations (sympathetic suspend). Refer to previous XRC messages, particularly ANTC8402W, to determine the errors that occurred.
- A dump was requested for a coupled session that forced a delay in coupled processing. If an error occurred in a coupled session, causing the dump to be requested, the session in error can show either a *volumestatus* of ERR or SYM.

NOV

Session is coupled but has no volumes.

initstatus

Recoverability status.

Y

Session can be recovered to a consistent time with other sessions.

N

Session cannot be recovered to a consistent time with other sessions.

commandstatus

Current command status.

PND

Session-level master command is pending for this session.

CAN

Session-level master command has been canceled for this session by command or by error.

(blank)

No session-level master command is pending.

journaldeltatime

The time difference between the latest journaled data on this session and the master journal time. A delta of 00:00:00.000000 indicates that this session is the pacesetter for determining the master journal time. A divergence in journal times with little divergence of recovery/advance times can indicate a significantly slower primary or journal performance than other sessions. You can reduce the window of nonrecoverable data across the coupled sessions by addressing bottlenecks during that session or by balancing the workload across sessions.

=00:00:00.000000

Session journal time is same as master journal time. This indicates that this session is the pacesetter for the master journal/recoverable time.

+aa:aa:aa.aaaaaa

Session journal time is greater than the master journal time. This is the most common case for all active, interlocked sessions except for the pacesetter.

-bb:bb:bb.bbbbbbb

Session journal time is less than the master journal time.

(blank)

Session has established no journal time, or journal time cannot be determined. This occurs for the following reasons:

- There are no volumes in session (*volumestatus* is NOV).
- There have never been any updates to volumes in session.
- The master session recoverable time indicates NO_TIME_AVAILABLE on message ANTQ8308I. In this case, there are no interlocked sessions.
- The session is inactive (*sessionstatus* is neither ACT nor UNK).

recoverydeltatime

The time difference between the consistency time on this session and the master recoverable time; it indicates the amount of data that will need to be applied during recovery processing. This applies only to interlocked sessions, which can be recovered to that common recoverable time. A large recovery/advance delta can indicate a significantly slower secondary performance than other sessions. You can reduce the amount of data needed to be applied during recovery processing to bring the coupled sessions to a consistent state by addressing bottlenecks on that session or by balancing the workload across sessions. If a master command has been executed, the delta will appear as zeros, because recovery or advance processing does not apply updates past the command time.

=00:00:00.000000

All data necessary to bring the session to a consistent time with other coupled sessions has been applied.

+aa:aa:aa.aaaaaa

Amount of data to be applied during recovery processing to bring this session to a consistent time with other coupled sessions. This will not apply to non-interlocked sessions. If the session is idle, this value indicates the amount of time the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command will increase the session consistency time to indicate that the session is in a consistent state with the master session.

(blank)

Session is not interlocked and therefore is not recoverable to the master recoverable time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8305I

**TOTAL=totalsessions ACT=activesessions SUS=suspendedsessions
END=inactivesessions ARV=attemptedrecoverysessions
RCV=recoveredsessions UNK=unknownstatussessions**

Explanation

XQUERY MASTER report summary line indicating the following totals:

- *totalsessions* is the total number of coupled XRC sessions in the report.
- *activesessions* is the number of currently active coupled sessions in the master session.
- *suspendedsessions* is the number of currently suspended coupled XRC sessions.
- *inactivesessions* is the number of currently inactive coupled XRC sessions.
- *attemptedrecoverysessions* is the number of coupled XRC sessions for which a recovery was attempted and not completed.
- *recoveredsessions* is the number of successfully recovered coupled XRC sessions.
- *unknownstatussessions* is the number of coupled XRC sessions for which the status was not known.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8306I **MSESSION STATUS=*masterstatus***

Explanation

This message is issued on the XQUERY MASTER report. The master session indicated on message ANTQ8300I has one of the following statuses:

HOLD

The master session is protected from actions which would cause the master recoverable time to be jeopardized. In this mode, either an error has occurred in one of the coupled sessions, or recovery processing has been initiated on at least one of the sessions. New sessions cannot be coupled nor can any volume pairs be added to existing coupled sessions while the master session is in this mode.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8308I **MSESSION RECOVERABLE TIME(*timestamp*)**

Explanation

The timestamp *timestamp* indicates the minimum of the session journal times for all interlocked coupled sessions and the pending master command time. XRC coupled sessions can be recovered or advanced to this time. The *recoverydeltatime* indicated on message ANTQ8304I, which is issued for each interlocked session

in the XQUERY MASTER report, is calculated using this master session recoverable time. A *timestamp* of NO_TIME_AVAILABLE indicates that a time does not exist for which XRC coupled sessions can be recovered or advanced.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8309I | INTERLOCKED=<i>interlocked</i> NON-INTERLOCKED=<i>non-interlocked</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued on the XQUERY MASTER report to indicate the number of interlocked (*interlocked*) sessions and the number of non-interlocked (*non-interlocked*) sessions.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8310I | PND MASTER CMD=<i>command</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|

Explanation

This message is issued on the XQUERY MASTER report when the command *command* is pending against the master session indicated on message ANTT0099I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command was accepted and this message was not displayed on either the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8350I**XSTATUS STARTED FOR CLUSTER(*cluster_id*) MSESSION(*msession_id*)
MHLQ(*mhlq*)****Explanation**

The XSTATUS command issued with the CLUSTER keyword on the clustering-enabled system identified by cluster. The cluster is associated with the master session identified by *msession_id* with a high-level qualifier of *mhlq*.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8351I**XSTATUS *report_type* REPORT - *level_number*****Explanation**

Either a TSO user or the system data mover has issued an XSTATUS command for a *report_type* report. The *level_number* specifies the support level of the report.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8352I**XSTATUS CLUSTER REPORT COMPLETE FOR MSESSION(*msession_id*)****Explanation**

The XSTATUS command issued with the CLUSTER keyword is completed for the session indicated by master session *msession_id*.

System action

None.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

The XSTATUS CLUSTER report header first line.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output. If the command is accepted but this message does not exist at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8354I

*sessionid sessiontype sessionstatus volumestatus initstatus
journaldeltatime recoverydeltatime*

Explanation

The data in the message is explained as follows:

sessionid

Session ID name. This message presents the data for each session using the following order method:

1st order

Interlock status (descending, Y then N)

2nd order

Session status in the following order: ACT, END, RCV, ARV, SUS, UNK

3rd order

Journal delta (ascending)

sessiontype

The type of session. Possible session type values are:

(blank)

XRC session

sessionstatus

Status of the current session. The following definitions describe the possible session status values:

ACT

Session is active.

ARV

Session has initiated recovery processing.

END

Session is ended.

RCV

Session has completed recovery processing, including clipping all eligible secondaries to their respective primary volume serials.

SUS

Session is suspended.

UNK

Status of session is unknown. The master data set has not been updated within the CTIMEOUT interval.

volumestatus

Status of the current volume. The following definitions describe the possible volume status values:

(blank)

Session has at least one active volume or session is inactive.

AVS

All volumes in session are suspended by command or an error event not affecting the coupled session operation.

ERR

For ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) sessions, all volumes in this session or all volumes in all sessions in a cluster session are suspended due to an error that affects the coupled operation.

SYM

For ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) sessions, one of the following situations caused all volumes in the session or all volumes in all sessions in a cluster session to be suspended:

- An error or errors occurred on a coupled session or a session in a cluster session that affects coupled operations (sympathetic suspend). Refer to previous XRC messages, particularly ANTC8402W, to determine the errors that occurred.
- A dump was requested for a coupled session that forced a delay in coupled processing. If an error occurred in a coupled session, causing the dump to be requested, the session in error can show either a *volumestatus* of ERR or SYM.

NOV

Session is coupled but has no volumes.

initstatus

Recoverability status.

Y

Session can be recovered to a consistent time with other sessions.

N

Session cannot be recovered to a consistent time with other sessions.

commandstatus

Current command status.

PND

Session-level master command is pending for this session.

CAN

Session-level master command has been canceled for this session by command or by error.

(blank)

No session-level master command is pending.

journaldeltatime

The time difference between the latest journaled data on this session and the master journal time. A delta of 00:00:00.000000 indicates that this session is the pacesetter for determining the master journal time. A divergence in journal times with little divergence of recovery/advance times can indicate a significantly slower primary or journal performance than other sessions. You can reduce the window of nonrecoverable data across the coupled sessions by addressing bottlenecks during that session or by balancing the workload across sessions.

=00:00:00.000000

Session journal time is same as master journal time. This indicates that this session is the pacesetter for the master journal/recoverable time.

+aa:aa:aa.aaaaaa

Session journal time is greater than the master journal time. This is the most common case for all active, interlocked sessions except for the pacesetter.

-bb:bb:bb.bbbbbb

Session journal time is less than the master journal time.

(blank)

Session has established no journal time, or journal time cannot be determined. This occurs for the following reasons:

- There are no volumes in session (*volumestatus* is NOV).
- There have never been any updates to volumes in session.
- The master session recoverable time indicates NO_TIME_AVAILABLE on message ANTQ8308I. In this case, there are no interlocked sessions.
- The session is inactive (*sessionstatus* is neither ACT nor UNK).

recoverydeltatime

The time difference between the consistency time on this session and the master recoverable time; it indicates the amount of data that will need to be applied during recovery processing. This applies only to interlocked sessions, which can be recovered to that common recoverable time. A large recovery/advance delta can indicate a significantly slower secondary performance than other sessions. You can reduce the amount of data needed to be applied during recovery processing to bring the coupled sessions to a consistent state by addressing bottlenecks on that session or by balancing the workload across sessions. If a master command has been executed, the delta will appear as zeros, because recovery or advance processing does not apply updates past the command time.

=00:00:00.000000

All data necessary to bring the session to a consistent time with other coupled sessions has been applied.

+aa:aa:aa.aaaaaa

Amount of data to be applied during recovery processing to bring this session to a consistent time with other coupled sessions. This will not apply to non-interlocked sessions. If the session is idle, this value indicates the amount of time the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command will increase the session consistency time to indicate that the session is in a consistent state with the master session.

(blank)

Session is not interlocked and therefore is not recoverable to the master recoverable time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output. If the command is accepted but this message does not exist at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8357I

MSESSION(*master_id*) MHLQ(*mhlq*) STATE(*cluster_state*)

Explanation

The XSTATUS CLUSTER report line indicating information for the cluster session is in message ANTQ8350I. The *master_id* indicates the master session ID to which the cluster session is coupled, the *mhlq* indicates the master high level qualifier used to access the cluster data set, and the *cluster_state* indicates the state of the cluster session.

The following are the possible *cluster_state* values:

ACTIVE

The cluster session is active.

DISABLED

Disable the use of cluster session to couple sessions to a master session.

INACTIVE

The cluster session address space is not currently available to process cluster session functions. Issue the MVS MODIFY operation of CREFRESH to activate cluster session.

UNINITIALIZED

The cluster session is not set up for this LPAR.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS CLUSTER command output.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8360I | XSTATUS STARTED FOR SYSTEM(system_name) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSTATUS command was issued with the ADDRSPACE parameter on the system *system_name*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS ADDRSPACE command output.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8362I | SNAME ANAME ASID TYP CLUSTER MSESSION |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSTATUS ADDRSPACE report header first line.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for examples of XSTATUS ADDRSPACE command output.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8363I | sessionid addressspacename asid sessiontype clustername mastersessionname |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The data in the message is explained as follows:

sessionid

The name of the XRC session or cluster session.

addressspacename

The address space name associated with the XRC session or cluster session.

asid

The address space identifier associated with the XRC session or cluster session.

sessiontype

The type of session. Possible session type values are:

CL

Cluster session

XRC

XRC session

clustername

The name of the cluster session in which an XRC session is coupled to a master session.

mastersessionname

The name of the master session to which XRC sessions in the cluster session are coupled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XSTATUS ADDRSPACE command output. If the command is accepted but this message does not exist at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8364I**CL=clustersessions XRC=xrcsessions GM=gmsessions**

Explanation

The XSTATUS ADDRSPACE summary line indicates the following totals:

- *clustersessions* is the total number of cluster sessions in the report.
- *xrcsessions* is the total number of XRC sessions in the report.
- *gmsessions* is the total number of global mirror sessions in the report.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for examples of XSTATUS ADDRSPACE command output. If the command is accepted but this message does not exist at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTQ8370I **T LIC FEATURES**

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control xfeatures report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8371I and detail message ANTQ8372I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8372I detail message.

System action

N/A

System programmer response

N/A

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

ANTQ8371I **SSID Y LEVEL FU D W SL ER IR EX WP FC**

Explanation

This message provides the header information for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control features report. It is associated with header message ANTQ8370I and detail message ANTQ8372I. The explanation is provided with the ANTQ8372I detail message.

System action

N/A

System programmer response

N/A

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

ANTQ8372I ***ssid util-type lic-level features***

Explanation

This message provides the report details for the output of the XQUERY command for a storage control xfeatures report. It is associated with header messages ANTQ8370I and ANTQ8371I. The report shows the status of the storage control sessions within an XRC session.

ssid
Identifies the storage subsystem ID associated with the specified storage control session.

util-type
Identifies the type of utility: U for standard utility or S for swap utility

lic-level
Specifies the licensed internal code (microcode) level.

features

Specifies capability and enablement status of selected functions. For hardware features:

'-'

Not installed

'C'

Capable

'Y'

Installed and enabled.

For software features:

*

XRC is not managing the devices.

FU

Fixed Utility (microcode and software function)

D

Device Blocking

W

Write Pacing

SL

Suspend On Long Busy (microcode and software function)

ER

Enhanced Reader Support:

- First position - hardware microcode capable ('-' or 'Y' only).
- Second position - AllowEnhancedReader is ON/OFF ('Y'/'N', respectively).

IR

Incremental resync

- The status indicator is for microcode capability only ('-' or 'Y' only)

EX

Extended manufacturer

- '-' = Standard IBM channel connection
- 'ED' = IBM Extended Distance FICON channel
- 'CN' = Brocade CNT channel extender
- 'CS' = Cisco channel extender

WP

Workload Based Write Pacing:

- First position - available on the storage controller.
- Second position - enabled in the XRC parmlib parameters.

FC

Remote Pair FlashCopy:

- First position - available on the storage controller.
- Second position - enabled in the XRC parmlib parameters.

System action

N/A

System programmer response

N/A

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8373I | WLM PACING WLM1(<i>u</i>) WLM2(<i>v</i>) WLM3(<i>w</i>) WLM4(<i>x</i>) WLM5(<i>y</i>) WLM6(<i>z</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This is an informational line on a XQUERY report. The values of *u,v,w,x,y,z* are single digit hex numbers representing the 6 values specified on the WorkloadWritePacing parameter in PARMLIB.

System action

The PARMLIB settings in effect for the XRC session represented in the query are reported.

System programmer response

If the values are correct, no action is necessary. If the values are incorrect, update the PARMLIB values and activate by using XSUSPEND TIMEOUT and XSTART, or XSET PARMLIB commands.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8374I | <i>imp_level</i>threshold_cntwp res_rate wrt_rate pace_ms |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This is a detail line for XQUERY VOLUME PACE. All of the following values are for the portion of the writes that correspond to the importance level as shown by *imp_level*.

This message provides the output associated with the command requesting a volume detail report.

imp_level –

When this field is of the form WLM*n*, this is the application system WLM importance level pertaining to the data on this line. When this field is NONWLM, the data on this line is for I/O's which did not have an assigned WLM importance level.

threshold_cnt –

The current blocking threshold count or write pacing level for the primary volume. If this field is blank, the device blocking LIC is not installed on the primary storage control. If this field is zero, the volume was added to the session with the DONOTBLOCK keyword specified. *threshold_cnt* can display asterisks if there was either an I/O error while retrieving storage control information, or I/O required more than the allotted time to complete. For a write pacing-enabled volume, *threshold_cnt* displays the write pacing residual count, followed by an at sign (@) and the pacing level indicator (1-F).

If the status of the volume is either SUS (suspended) or PND (pending), *threshold_cnt* is the value that will be applied when volume initialization begins, assuming that the session's WrtPacingResidualCnt and Write Pacing Level or DeviceBlockingThreshold remain unchanged. For volumes in SUS or PND status whose pacing or blocking attributes will be changed once volume copy starts, a plus sign (+) will precede the *threshold_cnt* field. To determine the actual values that will be in effect, use an XQUERY volume detail report on the volume in question.

wp

The maximum Write Pacing Level applied to paced writes at this importance level. When *imp_level* is a WLM*n* value, corresponds to the value of WorkloadWritePacing for that importance level. When *imp_level* is NONWLM, corresponds to the DVCBLOCK value specified for the volume on XADDPAIR or XSET.

res_rate

The number of record sets created per second for this volume during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in hexadecimal, for volumes on controllers that support the Write Pacing function. Volumes on other controllers that are not write pacing capable display blanks in this field.

wrt_rate

The number of write channel programs completed per second for this volume during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in hexadecimal, for volumes on controllers that support the Write Pacing function. Volumes on other controllers that are not write pacing capable display blanks in this field.

pace_ms

PACE MS indicates the average pacing milliseconds injected per write channel program during the monitor interval. The value is displayed in decimal, for volumes that have Write Pacing enabled. Other volumes display blanks in this field.

Note that write pacing delay is injected per recordset, and a write channel program may create several recordsets, the displayed value can (and likely will) be higher than the nominal per-recordset pacing value for the WPN level assigned to the volume.

System action

XRC functions are active. The amount of write pacing in the report interval is reported.

System programmer response

N/A

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8375I | UTL=util_vols SUTL=sutil_vols |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|

Explanation

Indicates the number of single reader and/or primary readers for both the primaries, denoted by *util_vols*, and the swaps, denoted by *sutil_vols*.

System action

XRC remains active.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| ANTQ8377I | CLUSTER(cluster_id) |
|------------------|----------------------------|

Explanation

The cluster associated with the master session will be displayed as part of the XQUERY CONFIGURATION report's output if a cluster is active. The message will be absent from XQUERY CONFIGURATION reports when clustering is disabled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

Programmer response

See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for examples of XQUERY command output. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTQ8376I | XRC SESSION(<i>sessid</i>) WORKLOAD BASED WRITE PACING (ENABLED DISABLED UPDATED) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Workload based write pacing for the XRC session is enabled, disabled, or updated as a result of the presence or absence of the WorkloadWritePacing parameter in PARMLIB.

System action

XRC is active and write pacing mode is enabled or disabled.

System programmer response

None required. To make a change to workload base write pacing for the XRC session, update the WorkloadWritePacing parameter in PARMLIB and active the change by using either XSUSPEND TIMEOUT/XSTART or XSET PARMLIB.

Note: XSUSPEND TIMEOUT/XSTART is required to enable or disable workload based write pacing.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8700I | SECVOL DEVCN RLNS MIR EXT C |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

This is a header line for the XQUERY FLASHCOPY report.

SECVOL

Secondary volume number

DEVCN

Device number

RLNS

Count of relationships

MIR

The secondary is in a mirrored FlashCopy relationship.

EXT

The secondary is in an external (not mirrored) FlashCopy relationship.

C

The secondary is Cascading FlashCopy capable.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| ANTQ8701I | SECVOL DEVCN RLNS MIR EXT C |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

This is a detail line for the XQUERY FLASHCOPY report. The values for the SECVOL, DEVCN, RLNS, and C columns are the secondary volume, device number, number of FlashCopy relationships, and Cascading FlashCopy capability. The value in column C is followed by an * (asterisk) if the secondary device is in an Incremental FlashCopy relationship. The potential values for the MIR and EXT columns are:

The device is not in a FlashCopy relationship.

SRC

The device is the source of one or more FlashCopy relationships.

TGT

The device is the target of one or more FlashCopy relationships.

BTH

The device is the source of one or more FlashCopy relationships and the target of one or more FlashCopy relationships.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTQ8702I | TOTAL=<i>total</i> MIRROR=<i>mirror</i> EXTERNAL=<i>external</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message, part of an XQUERY FLASHCOPY report, provides summary information. The report fields are as follows:

total

Total number of FlashCopy relationships on the secondary volumes.

mirror

Total number of FlashCopy relationships on the secondary volumes that were mirrored by XRC.

external

Total number of FlashCopy relationships on the secondary volumes that include an external device (not part of the XRC session).

Note: Mirrored FlashCopies are counted twice, because the source and target are both indicated as being in a FlashCopy relationship.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR5028E | XRECOVER SESSION(<i>session_name</i>) VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) FOUND THE SECONDARY DEVICE AT SSID(<i>ssid</i>) CCA(<i>cca</i>), DIFFERENT DEVICE REQUIRED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRECOVER command was issued with the TERTIARY parameter for the specified *session_name*; however the secondary *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) was found at the specified *ssid* and *cca*, which is the same device as the secondary in effect when XRC suspended or ended.

System action

XRECOVER processing stops.

System programmer response

If a tertiary device is requested, vary the secondary device offline, and vary online a different device with the same volume serial and different SSID and CCA. If a tertiary device is not requested, remove the TERTIARY parameter from the XRECOVER command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR5029E | UNSUPPORTED PARAMETER <i>parameter</i> FOUND FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A PARMLIB parameter was specified for the session *session_id* but is not supported on this release or PTF level.

System action

The XRECOVER or XADVANCE operation fails.

System programmer response

Perform the XRECOVER or XADVANCE operation on a system where the parameter is supported.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR5102E | <i>command</i> FAILED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) WITH HLQ (<i>hlq</i>), RC = <i>return_code</i> REAS = <i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The command *command* for session *session_id* using the high-level-qualifier of *hlq* has failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. This message is issued during XRC recovery processing.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Then perform the action indicated by the return code and reason code. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8102I | <i>command</i> COMPLETED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT RECOVERED CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The recovery command *command* has completed successfully for session *session_id*. The recovered consistency_group time reported is the time *timestamp* for a coupled or non-coupled session that is suspended or ended by command. All volumes in duplex status are consistent up to the specified timestamp. Each remaining volume is consistent up to the consistency time that is reported by previous messages.

However, for a coupled session that was not ended or suspended by an XRC command, the recovered consistency_group time reported is the timestamp for the last known update for the session when the following conditions exist:

- session status is non-interlocked
- no updates were occurring when the session ended (session was idle)

Note: If the above conditions exist, the consistency time reported can be earlier than the Master Recovery Time or the last session consistency time indicated in an XQUERY report.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

If the XRECOVER command has completed when you receive this message, you can begin installation procedures to complete recovery. If the XADVANCE command has completed, all volumes in the session are at a consistent time, and normal XRC operations can be continued. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID that is specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8108I | <i>command</i> STARTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT STARTING CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>), HLQ (<i>hlq</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The command *command* has started for session *session_id* using the high-level qualifier of *hlq*. The starting consistency_group time reported is the consistency time indicated in the ANTE8106I or ANTV8110I message for a coupled or non-coupled session that is suspended or ended by command. All volumes in duplex status are consistent up to the indicated time given by *timestamp*. If possible, the *command* function attempts to recover data from the journal data sets to bring volumes to a later consistency time.

However, for a coupled session that was not ended or suspended by an XRC command, the starting consistency_group time reported is the timestamp for the last known update for the session when the following conditions exist:

- session status is non-interlocked
- no updates were occurring when the session ended (session was idle)

Note: If the above conditions exist, the consistency time reported can be earlier than the Master Recovery Time or the last session consistency time indicated in an XQUERY report.

If the session is a coupled session, message ANTR8405I will also be issued.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If you receive this message, XRC has begun to apply updates from the journal data sets to the secondary volumes. If the command is XRECOVER, the secondary volumes are clipped as part of the recovery process. If the command is XADVANCE, the volumes are not clipped. If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID that is specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8133I | <i>command</i> FOR TERTIARY VOLUMES USING HLQ <i>hlq</i> AND MHLQ <i>mhlq</i> ASSUMED FOR SESSION <i>session_id</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The command shown was issued specifying the ONLINE or TERTIARY parameter for XRC session *session_id*. The HLQ (*hlq*) value was used to locate the state, journal, and control data sets for XRC sessions. The MHLQ (*mhlq*) value was used to locate the master data set. If the ONLINE parameter was specified, XRC bypassed verification of the secondary volume location and used whichever secondary volume was online, whether or not it was the original secondary. If the TERTIARY parameter was specified, XRC verified that the online secondary volume is at a different SSID and/or CCA than the original secondary. Refer to the prior accompanying message ANTL8801I to determine if the ONLINE or TERTIARY parameter was specified on the XRECOVER command.

System action

XRECOVER processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8178W**SESSION(*session_id*) VOLUME PAIR(*privol,secvol*) NOT DUPLEXED.
DATA MAY BE INCOMPLETE.****Explanation**

XRECOVER or XADVANCE for the specified *session_id* has encountered a volume pair (*privol,secvol*) (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) that was in CPY or PND status at the time when mirroring was interrupted.

System action

Processing continues, but the data on the specified secondary volume may be incomplete and/or inconsistent with other secondary volumes. Also, for XRECOVER, the secondary's volume serial number will not be clipped.

System programmer response

If it's unexpected for the session to contain a non-duplex volume at the time when mirroring is interrupted to produce a tertiary copy, you might need to recreate the copy at a time when all volumes are in duplex.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8340I***session_id* LAST UPDATED CONTROL DATASET AT *ts*****Explanation**

An XRECOVER command has been issued for *session_id*. *ts* indicates the time that the session's control data set was last updated.

System action

XRECOVER processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8341I***session_id* WAS *session_status*****Explanation**

An XRECOVER command has been issued for *session_id*. *session_status* indicates the last recorded session status. Possible values are SUSPENDED, ENDED, ACTIVE, and ACTIVE_AVS.

System action

XRECOVER processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8342I *session_id* JOURNAL TIME *ts* FROM *source*

Explanation

An XRECOVER command has been issued for *session_id*. *ts* is the journal recovery time to be used by the session, and *source* is the source of recovery time.

System action

XRECOVER processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8343I *session_id* WAS COUPLED/NOT_COUPLED AND INTERLOCKED/
NOT_INTERLOCKED; RECOVER TIME SOURCE *origin*

Explanation

An XRECOVER command has been issued for *session_id*. The session is in the indicated coupling state. *origin* is for use by IBM Support if there are XRECOVER problems.

System action

XRECOVER processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8405I *command* STARTED FOR COUPLED XRC SESSION(*session_id*) IN
MSESSION(*msession_id*)

Explanation

The *command* command is being processed by the XRC session *session_id* which is coupled to the master session *msession_id*. Upon completion of the command by the session (and upon completion of the command by other sessions in the master session), all the secondary volumes will be consistent with the same time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

When you receive this message, XRC has begun to apply updates from the journal data sets to the secondary volumes. If you issued the XRECOVER command, the secondary volumes are clipped as part of the recovery

process. If XRC has accepted the command and this message has not been displayed either on the system console log or by the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTR8801I **OK request RET_CODE return_code [REASON CODE rsn_code].**

Explanation

The query or LEVEL request has completed successfully:

- For a query request, the return code indicates whether the query size was:
 - The right size to contain all of the returned query information
 - Too small to contain all of the returned query information. If the query size is too small, the reason code displays how large the query size must be to contain all of the returned query information.
- For a LEVEL request, the return code will contain the level of the specified ILK and no reason code will be displayed.

System action

The request completes.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTM8809I **command_echo_data**

Explanation

This message echoes command or ANTRQST API invocation information.

System action

The command and/or API request is processed.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTR8810I **OK request {SUCCESSFUL|ACCEPTED}.**

Explanation

The specified request has either completed successfully or been accepted for processing.

In the message text:

request

The request completed is either a query or LEVEL request, as displayed.

SUCCESSFUL

The request has completed successfully

ACCEPTED

Indicates that the system issues a message to the operator console indicating the results of the request.

System action

The request completes.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8811E **ERROR: *request* RETURN_CODE *return_code* [REASON CODE *rsn_code*].**

Explanation

The system encountered an error while the request was processing. See the System programmer response for information on how to correct the error and then reissue the request.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

- Check the REXX variable RESULT for detail information of the error. The ANTRQST and ANTRQSTL return and reason codes are documented in [z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services](#).
- Check the operator console messages for any accompanying ANTxxxxxI or ANTxxxxxE messages that explain the failure and resolve the error based on this information.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8814E **ERROR: INOUT PARAMETER NAME IS MISSING**

Explanation

A call was made to REXX interface ANTTREXX and the required parameter identifying the request type was missing.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters passed to ANTTREXX in the compound input variable and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8815E **ERROR: *request* KEYWORD *keyword* VALUE *value* IS TOO HIGH**

Explanation

The value specified for the indicated keyword is not within the allowed range.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the value for the specified keyword and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8816E | ERROR: REQUEST TYPE <i>request-type</i> IS INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The indicated request type is not a valid request type.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Specify a valid request type and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8817E | ERROR: IRXEXCOM FETCH FAILED FOR REXX VARIABLE <i>variable-name</i> – SHVRET CODE <i>shvret_byte</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A REXX FETCH failed for shared variable *variable-name*. The shared variable return code is *shvret_byte*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

This is typically because of an invalid variable name. If you cannot resolve the problem, see return codes in [z/OS TSO/E REXX Reference](#).

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8818E | ERROR: IRXEXCOM FETCH FAILED FOR REXX VARIABLE <i>variable-name</i> – IRXEXCOM RETURN CODE <i>IRXEXCOM_RC</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A REXX FETCH call to REXX interface IRXEXCOM failed for variable *variable-name*. The IRXEXCOM return code is *IRXEXCOM_RC*.

System programmer response

This is typically because of an invalid variable name. If you cannot resolve the problem, see return codes in [z/OS TSO/E REXX Reference](#).

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8819E | IRXEXCOM SET FAILED FOR REXX VARIABLE <i>variable-name</i> – SHVRET CODE <i>shvret_byte</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A REXX SET failed for shared variable *variable-name*. The shared variable return code is *shvret_byte*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

This is typically because of an invalid variable name. If you cannot resolve the problem, see return codes in [z/OS TSO/E REXX Reference](#).

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8820E | IRXEXCOM SET FAILED FOR REXX VARIABLE <i>variable-name</i> – IRXEXCOM RETURN CODE <i>IRXEXCOM_RC</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A REXX SET call to REXX interface IRXEXCOM failed for variable *variable-name*. The IRXEXCOM return code is *IRXEXCOM_RC*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

This is typically because of an invalid variable name. If you cannot resolve the problem, see return codes in [z/OS TSO/E REXX Reference](#).

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8822E | ERROR: <i>variable-name.0</i> VALUE <i>value</i> CONTAINS MORE THAN 8 DIGITS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Compound variable *variable-name.0* passed to ANTTREXX contains more than 8 digits. The value in *variable-name.0* must be between 1 and 8 digits.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8823E

ERROR: *variable-name.0* VALUE *value* IS NOT A VALID DECIMAL NUMBER

Explanation

Compound variable *variable-name.0* passed to ANTTREXX is not a valid decimal number. The value in *variable-name.0* must be a valid decimal number between 1 and 99 999 999.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8824E

ERROR: *variable-name.0* VALUE *value* CANNOT BE ZERO

Explanation

Compound variable *variable-name.0* passed to ANTTREXX is zero. The value in *variable-name.0* must be a valid decimal number between 1 and 99 999 999.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8825E

ERROR: *variable-name.index* VALUE IS ALL BLANKS

Explanation

A value passed to ANTTREXX in the compound variable *variable-name* at the specified index is all blanks.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8826E**ERROR: *variable-name.index* VALUE *input* HAS NO LEFT PARENTHESIS**

Explanation

An input passed to ANTTREXX in the compound variable *variable-name* at index *index* does not contain a left parenthesis. Input passed to ANTTREXX must contain a keyword followed by the keyword value in parenthesis. If no value is specified for the keyword, empty parentheses should be specified. For example:

```
SDEVN(1A00) or SRCEXTNA()
```

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8827E**ERROR: *variable-name.index* VALUE *input* HAS TOO MANY CHARACTERS**

Explanation

A keyword and its value *input* passed to ANTTREXX in the compound variable *variable-name* at index *index* are greater than 32 characters. The combination of each keyword and its value passed to ANTTREXX must be 32 characters or less.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input passed to ANTTREXX and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8828E**ERROR: *request* KEYWORD NAME *keyword* IS INVALID**

Explanation

The input keyword is not valid for the request entered. Check the syntax for the request type specified for valid keywords.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy, Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8829E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORD NAME *keyword* SPECIFIED TOO MANY TIMES

Explanation

The input keyword was specified for more than the number of times allowed. Check the syntax for the request type and keyword specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8830E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORD *keyword1* REQUIRES KEYWORD *keyword2* OR *keyword3*

Explanation

For a request *request*, when *keyword1* is specified, you must also specify *keyword2* or *keyword3*:

- Keyword SDEVN requires either SRCEXTN or SRCEXTNA.
- Keyword TDEVN requires either TGTEXTN or TGTEXTNA.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8831E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORD *keyword* VALUE IS MISSING

Explanation

Keyword *keyword* was entered in the format keyword() for a request *request*. This means that no value is specified. However, this keyword requires a value to be specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8832E | <i>request</i> KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> VALUE <i>value</i> HAS TOO MANY CHARACTERS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

For a request *request*, the value specified, *value*, for *keyword* is too long. Check the syntax for the request entered for valid values.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8833E | ERROR: <i>request</i> KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> VALUE <i>value</i> IS NOT A VALID numerical value |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

For a request *request*, the value specified, *value*, is not a valid numerical value for *keyword*. Check the syntax for the request entered for valid values. Verify that only decimal or hexadecimal numbers are entered as appropriate.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8834E | ERROR: <i>request</i> REQUIRED KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> IS MISSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A required keyword for the request is missing.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8835E

ERROR: KEYWORD QRYSIZE VALUE MUST BE NON-ZERO

Explanation

The value specified for the QRYSIZE keyword must be a non-zero value.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8836E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORDS *keyword1*, *keyword2* AND *keyword3* ARE ALL MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The specified keywords *keyword1*, *keyword2* and *keyword3* cannot be specified on the same *request*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8837E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORDS *keyword1* AND *keyword2* ARE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Explanation

The specified keywords *keyword1* and *keyword2* cannot be specified on the same request.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8838E**ERROR: KEYWORD *keyword* VALUE *value* IS MISSING RIGHT PARENTHESIS****Explanation**

The syntax for the combination of a keyword its value is: keyword(value) or keyword(). The right parenthesis is missing.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8839E**ERROR: REXX VARIABLE *variable* IS NOT DEFINED****Explanation**

The REXX variable input to ANTTREXX is not defined.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8840E**REXX VARIABLE *variable* CONTAINS ALL BLANKS****Explanation**

The REXX variable input to ANTTREXX contains all blanks.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8841E**ERROR: *request* KEYWORD DEVN REQUIRES KEYWORDS SRCSERIAL, SRCLESS, SRCDVC, TGTSERIAL, TGTLESS, AND TGTDVC**

Explanation

When the DEVN keyword is specified for a *request*, all of the following keywords must also be specified:

- SRCDVC
- SRCLSS
- SRCSERIAL
- TGTDVC
- GTLSS
- GTSERIAL

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8842E | ERROR: <i>request</i> KEYWORDS <i>keyword1</i>, <i>keyword2</i>, <i>keyword3</i> AND <i>keyword4</i> ARE ALL MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The specified keywords *keyword1*, *keyword2*, *keyword3* and *keyword4* cannot be specified on the same *request*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8843E | ERROR: XSCSTATS KEYWORD ETYPE=SINGLE REQUIRES KEYWORD <i>SCSESSION</i> AND <i>SSID</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

For an XSCSTATS request with ETYPE specified as SINGLE, you must also specify SCSESSION and SSID.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8844E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORDS *keyword1* REQUIRES KEYWORDS *keyword2* AND *keyword3*

Explanation

For a specified request with keyword *keyword1* specified, you must also specify *keyword2* and *keyword3*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8845E

ERROR: *request* KEYWORD TGTUCB(NO) REQUIRES KEYWORDS SDEVN, TGTSERIAL, TGTLSS, AND TGTDVC

Explanation

When TGTUCB(NO) is specified for a *request*, all of the following keywords must also be specified:

- SDEVN
- TGTSERIAL
- TGTLSS
- TGTDVC

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

ANTR8846E

ERROR: UNABLE TO OBTAIN STORAGE FOR QRYINFO

Explanation

The storage obtain for the QRYINFO area failed. The amount of storage attempted to obtain was that specified in the QRYSIZE keyword.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Check for any abend codes that might have occurred, indicating the type of storage obtain error, correct the input, and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8847E | ERROR: KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> MUST CONTAIN A VALUE BETWEEN <i>value1</i> AND <i>value2</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The specified keyword *keyword1* must contain a value with in the range from *value1* to *value2*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the value specified on the request and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8848E | ERROR: KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> HAS TOO FEW PARAMETERS |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The specified *keyword1* has too few parameters specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8849E | ERROR: KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> HAS TOO MANY PARAMETERS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The specified *keyword1* has too many parameters specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8850E

**ERROR: XSET KEYWORD *SSID* REQUIRES KEYWORD *TIMEOUT*,
REFRESH OR *SUSL*BUSY**

Explanation

For an XSET request, when SSID is specified, you must also specify TIMEOUT, REFRESH, or SUSLBUSY.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8851E

**ERROR: *request* REQUIRES KEYWORD *keyword1*, *keyword2*, *keyword3*
OR *keyword4*.**

Explanation

For a specified *request*, you must also specify either *keyword1*, *keyword2*, *keyword3* or *keyword4*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8852E

ERROR: BOTH KEYWORDS SCSYNCHP AND SCSYNCHS ARE REQUIRED.

Explanation

For the specified XSET request, you must specify both SCSYNCHP and SCSYNCHS.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8853E**ERROR: KEYWORDS PMEMBER, PACTION AND PDSNAME ARE ALL REQUIRED.****Explanation**

For the specified XSET request, you must specify PMEMBER, PACTION, and PDSNAME.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8854E**ERROR: *request* REQUIRES KEYWORD *keyword1*, *keyword2* OR *keyword3*.****Explanation**

For a specified *request*, you must also specify either *keyword1*, *keyword2* or *keyword3*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8855E**ERROR: *request* KEYWORD *keyword1* REQUIRES KEYWORD *keyword2*****Explanation**

For a specified *request* with keyword *keyword1* specified, you must also specify *keyword2*.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

ANTR8856E**ERROR: *request* KEYWORD *keyword* VALUE *value* IS INVALID**

Explanation

The value of *value* is invalid for a specified request with keyword *keyword* specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8857E | ERROR: <i>request</i> REQUIRES KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> OR <i>keyword2</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

For a specified *request*, *keyword1* or *keyword2* must also be specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTR8858E | ERROR: <i>request</i> REQUIRES KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> AND <i>keyword2</i> OR <i>keyword3</i> AND <i>keyword4</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

For a specified *request*, *keyword1* and *keyword2* or *keyword3* and *keyword4* must be specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8859E | ERROR: <i>request</i> REQUIRES KEYWORDS <i>keyword1</i> AND <i>keyword2</i> OR KEYWORD <i>keyword3</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

For a specified *request*, both *keyword1* and *keyword2* or keyword *keyword3* must be specified.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8860E | ERROR: PQUERY KEYWORD OPENDVCS(YES) REQUIRES KEYWORDS QRYSERIAL, QRYLSS AND QRYDVC |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An ANTRQST macro was specified with REQUEST=PQUERY and parameter OPENDVCS(YES), but was missing one or more of the parameters required with OPENDVCS(YES): QRYSERIAL, QRYLSS, and QRYDVC.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8861E | ERROR: KEYWORD XSET SUPPORTS ONLY ONE CHANGE PER REQUEST |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An extended remote copy (XRC) TSO command, XSET, was issued with more than one change parameter. You can only specify one change parameter on a single XSET invocation.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request. Do not combine keywords except as specified in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| ANTR8862E | ERROR: INTERNAL ERROR |
|------------------|------------------------------|

Explanation

For a specified keyword, the system encountered an internal error.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Check the input and reissue the request. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the error. If the error persists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

z/OS Global Mirror (XRC)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTR8863E | ERROR: KEYWORD TGTXRCPRI(YES) CANNOT BE COMBINED WITH TGTEXTNA OR SRCEXTNA |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Keyword value of TGTXRCPRI(YES) is not valid with full volume relationships.

System action

Command processing fails.

System programmer response

Correct the input and reissue the request.

Source

ESS FlashCopy, Peer-to-peer remote copy (PPRC), Global Mirror, or z/OS Global Mirror (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTS5100E | XRC ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING XSTART COMMAND FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), WITH HLQ (<i>hlq</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSTART command for session *session_id* using the high-level qualifier of *hlq* has failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

The XSTART command has encountered an error condition during processing. See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes” on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error, and reenter the command if necessary. Sometimes the command continues to process when the error condition is corrected. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center. After collecting this information, it can be possible to restart XRC by canceling the ANTAS000 and ANTAS*nnn* address spaces. After you cancel these address spaces, ANTAS000 automatically restarts. When message ANTB8001I is received, start XRC operations by entering an XSTART command.

The ANTS5100E message can also be received as a result of an internal XSTART command, which was caused by a MODIFY ANTAS*nnn*,RESTART command. The ANTAS*nnn* address space had not yet ended. Reissue the XSTART command after the ANTAS*nnn* address space has ended.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTS5110E | XRC RESTART FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) FAILED FOR STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i>, REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSTART command for session *session_id* attempted restart processing of record updates for the storage control specified by *ssid*, and the restart operation has failed for the reason indicated by *reason_code*. If multiple SCSESSIONs exist for the storage control, this message can be issued for each session, based on the scope of the error.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command. System processing continues for other storage controls. The volumes associated with the failing storage control require a full-volume synchronization when the volumes are added to the XRC session by an XADDPAIR command. This message is issued if the storage control timeout was reached before the session was restarted.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTS5170W | XRC SESSION <i>session_id</i> HAS <i>pp</i> POTENTIAL READERS AND MAXTOTALREADERTASKS VALUE <i>nn</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During XSTART restart or XSET PARMLIB, the number of MaxTotalReaderTasks *nn* was less than the potential number of storage control sessions *pp* in the XRC session. This value is determined by the information obtained from existing storage control sessions and the NumberReaderTasks value present in the PARMLIB.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

Determine the MaxTotalReaderTasks value needed for the wanted NumberReaderTasks based on a combination of prior XQUERY STORAGECONTROL reports and the current NumberReaderTasks parameter, and update PARMLIB if necessary. If converting from single mode to enhanced reader with the intent to merge multiple SCSESSIONs into one enhanced session, this warning may be ignored.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTS8100I | XSTART COMPLETE FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) WITH SESSIONTYPE (<i>session_type</i>), ERRORLEVEL (<i>error_level</i>), HLQ (<i>hlq</i>). SESSION NOW <i>state</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSTART command for the XRC session *session_id* has completed successfully. Either a new session has been started or a previously suspended session is now restarted. The SESSIONTYPE indicated by *session_type*, ERRORLEVEL indicated by *error_level*, and the high-level-qualifier indicated by *hlq* are those specified or defaulted from the XSTART command. The session status is active. The *state* variable indicates ACTIVE for a new session or RESTARTED for a restart of a suspended session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

You can issue XADDPAIR commands to resynchronize or add volumes to the session. If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0009I | USER <i>userid</i> IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE THE XRC <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command was issued by user *userid*, and RACF (or the product providing resource control) has determined that this user is not authorized to use this command. If *userid* is "UNKNOWN", a batch job was used to invoke the *cmdname* command, and the JOB card did not specify a user ID.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for command authorization details. If *userid* is "UNKNOWN", specify an authorized user ID on the JOB card and resubmit the batch job.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0010I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED SESSIONTYPE KEYWORD IS NOT SPECIFIED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The SESSIONTYPE keyword is not specified on the *cmdname* command. This is a required keyword that must be specified as SESSIONTYPE(XRC) or SESSIONTYPE(MIGRATE).

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying SESSIONTYPE(XRC) or SESSIONTYPE(MIGRATE). If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0011I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED VOLUME KEYWORD IS NOT SPECIFIED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The VOLUME keyword is not specified on the *cmdname* command. The VOLUME keyword is a required parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the VOLUME keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0012I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. INVALID OR NO PRIMARY VOLUME SPECIFIED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

One of the following has occurred for the *cmdname* command:

- No primary volume is specified
- The volume specified is invalid

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the proper primary volume with the VOLUME keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0013I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. INVALID OR NO SECONDARY VOLUME SPECIFIED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

One of the following has occurred for the *cmdname* command:

- No secondary volume is specified
- The volume specified is invalid

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the proper secondary volume with the VOLUME keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0014I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. ERRORLEVEL KEYWORD INVALID VALUE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The optional ERRORLEVEL keyword is specified with an invalid value on the *cmdname* command.

System action

Command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command either without the ERRORLEVEL keyword or with a valid ERRORLEVEL value. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0015I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED ERRORLEVEL KEYWORD VALUE INVALID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The ERRORLEVEL keyword is specified with an invalid value.

System action

Command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command specifying a valid value for the ERRORLEVEL keyword. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0016I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. RESERVED SESSION_ID |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is specified with the reserved session identifier of *ALL*.

System action

Command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying a session identifier other than *ALL*. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0017I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED SESSION_ID KEYWORD VALUE IS MISSING OR INCORRECT |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is specified with a missing or invalid session. The SESSION_ID keyword is required for the command.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the SESSION_ID keyword with a valid value. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0018I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED ERRORLEVEL KEYWORD IS NOT SPECIFIED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The ERRORLEVEL keyword is not specified on the *cmdname* command. The ERRORLEVEL keyword is a required parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the ERRORLEVEL keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0019I

***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED SESSIONTYPE
KEYWORD VALUE IS MISSING OR INCORRECT**

Explanation

A missing or incorrect value for the SESSIONTYPE keyword is specified on the *cmdname* command. Only the values "XRC" or "MIGRATE" are acceptable.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying the SESSIONTYPE parameter as SESSIONTYPE(XRC) or SESSIONTYPE(MIGRATE). If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0020I

***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. VOLUME KEYWORD HAS
EXCEEDED THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF 50 PAIRS**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is entered with the VOLUME keyword containing more parameters than the command supports. Only 50 volume pairs (100 volumes) per command are supported.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Enter multiple *cmdname* commands to enable XRC to process more than 50 volume pairs. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0021I

***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. VOLUME KEYWORD HAS
EXCEEDED THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF 100 VOLUMES**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is entered with the VOLUME keyword containing more parameters than the command supports. Only 100 volumes per command are supported.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Enter multiple *cmdname* commands to enable XRC to process more than 100 volumes. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0022A**XEND REQUEST ISSUED. CONTINUE REQUEST? (YES/NO)**

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that you want the XEND command to continue. The XEND command ends an XRC session. The command requires a confirmation because ending a session ends all XRC processing.

System action

The command is canceled unless YES is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a YES response. Any other response cancels the command. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XEND command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before running the EXEC. You can also reissue the command with the NOVERIFY keyword to bypass this confirmation.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0023I**YES TO CONTINUE REQUEST, OTHERWISE REQUEST IS CANCELED**

Explanation

This message provides additional detail for messages ANTT0022A, ANTT0025A, and ANTT0028A.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Respond to the accompanying ANTT0022A, ANTT0025A, or ANTT0028A message.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0024I**XEND REQUEST CANCELED**

Explanation

The XEND command is canceled because of a non-YES response to the ANTT0022A prompt message.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

To end the session, reenter the XEND command and respond YES to the ANTT0022A prompt message. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XEND command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the response on the stack before running the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0025A**XDELPAIR REQUEST ISSUED. CONTINUE REQUEST? (YES/NO)**

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that you want the XDELPAIR command to continue. The XDELPAIR command deletes the volume pair or pairs associated with the specified primary volume or volumes from an XRC session.

System action

The command is canceled unless YES is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a YES response. Any other response cancels the command. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XDELPAIR command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before running the EXEC. You can also reissue the command with the NOVERIFY keyword to bypass this confirmation.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0026I**XDELPAIR REQUEST CANCELED**

Explanation

The XDELPAIR command is canceled because of a non-YES response to the ANTT0025A prompt message.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

To delete the volume or volumes, reenter the XDELPAIR command and respond YES to the ANTT0025A prompt message. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XDELPAIR command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the response on the stack before running the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0027I**XRC *cmdname* COMMAND HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED AS A TSO
AUTHORIZED COMMAND**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is not an authorized TSO command. The command name must be added to the appropriate IKJTSOxx parmlib member under the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Contact your system administrator if authorization is required. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for command authorization details.

The system administrator must:

1. Update the IKJTSOxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB, specifying the *cmdname* command with the AUTHCMD NAMES parameter.
2. Issue the TSO command PARMLIB UPDATE(xx) to activate the new IKJTSOxx member.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0028A | XSUSPEND REQUEST ISSUED. CONTINUE REQUEST? (YES/NO) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that you want the XSUSPEND command to continue. The XSUSPEND command suspends the specified volume or volumes, or the XRC session. The command requires a confirmation to place either the specified volumes or XRC session in a suspended state.

System action

The command is canceled unless YES is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a YES response. Any other response cancels the command. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XSUSPEND command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before running the EXEC. You can also reissue the command with the NOVERIFY keyword to bypass this confirmation.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| ANTT0029I | XSUSPEND REQUEST CANCELED |
|------------------|----------------------------------|

Explanation

The XSUSPEND command is canceled because of a non-YES response to the ANTT0028A prompt message.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

To suspend volumes or the XRC session, reenter the XSUSPEND command and respond YES to the ANTT0028A prompt message. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XSUSPEND command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the response on the stack before running the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0030I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. MEMBER NAME IS NOT ALLOWED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed due to a command parse error. The function does not support a member name being specified.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reenter the command. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0031I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. <i>keyword1</i> KEYWORD REQUIRES <i>keyword2</i> KEYWORD |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed due to a command parse error. The *keyword1* keyword must be specified with the *keyword2* keyword.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reenter the command. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0032I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. KEYWORD <i>keyword1</i> MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE WITH KEYWORD <i>keyword2</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is specified with keywords *keyword1* and *keyword2*, which are mutually exclusive. Select only one of the keywords.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, selecting the desired keyword option. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0033I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD
keyword HAS AN INVALID FORMAT**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a command parse error. The format specified for the keyword *keyword* is invalid.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reenter the command. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0034I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD
keyword HAS AN INVALID NUMERICAL VALUE**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a command parse error. The value specified for keyword *keyword* is specified with an invalid value. For example, this error is issued if an invalid ATTIME value is specified on the XDELPAIR, XEND, or XSUSPEND command. The ATTIME parameters must fall into the following ranges:

- Year – Between the current year and 2041
- Day – Between 1 and 365 (366 if the year is a valid leap year)
- Hours – Between 0 and 23
- Minutes – Between 0 and 59
- Seconds – Between 0 and 59
- Other values – Must be valid decimal digits (0–9)

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reenter the command. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0035I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD
keyword IS INVALID**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a command parse error. A required value for keyword *keyword* is either not specified or was specified with an incorrect value.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Correct the error and reenter the command. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0036I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> IS NOT BETWEEN <i>value1</i> AND <i>value2</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The value specified for the *keyword* keyword for the *cmdname* command is out of range. Valid values must be between *value1* and *value2*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, selecting a proper value within the specified range. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0037I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. AT LEAST ONE KEYWORD MUST BE ENTERED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because at least one keyword must be specified with the command.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command with the desired keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0038I | XSUSPEND COMMAND PARSE ERROR. KEYWORD TIMEOUT OR KEYWORD CANCEL MUST BE ENTERED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSUSPEND command failed because of a command parse error. You must specify either the TIMEOUT or the CANCEL keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command with the desired keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0039I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. THE VALUE FOR KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> IS AN INVALID HEXADECIMAL NUMBER |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. The value specified for the keyword given by *keyword* is not a valid hexadecimal number.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command specifying a proper hexadecimal value. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0040I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. <i>keyword1</i> KEYWORD REQUIRES <i>keyword2</i> KEYWORD OR <i>keyword3</i> KEYWORD |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. When *keyword1* is specified, *keyword2* or *keyword3* must also be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command specifying a proper hexadecimal value. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0041I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. *keyword* KEYWORD HAS
EXCEEDED THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF *number* VALUES****Explanation**

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. The number of values supplied in a list to the keyword *keyword* has exceeded the maximum number of values allowed in the list. The value in *number* is the maximum number of values allowed in the list.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Specify the correct number of values in the list, then reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0042W**XADDPAIR SUSPENDED COMMAND PARSE ERROR. ADDITIONAL
KEYWORDS WILL BE IGNORED****Explanation**

The XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command only accepts the keyword MSGROUTEID. Another keyword, or other keywords, have been entered and XRC has ignored them.

System action

The command is accepted.

System programmer response

One or more messages will follow that give information about the resulting action.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0043I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. *keyword* KEYWORD IS REQUIRED****Explanation**

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. The *keyword* KEYWORD is required with the command.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Provide the required keyword and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0047I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. RESERVED SESSION_ID
SPECIFIED FOR MSESSION KEYWORD****Explanation**

The *cmdname* command is specified with the reserved identifier of ALL on the MSESSION keyword.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying a session identifier other than ALL on the MSESSION keyword. If the command was issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0048I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. REQUIRED MSESSION KEYWORD
VALUE IS MISSING OR INCORRECT****Explanation**

The *cmdname* command is specified with a missing or invalid session for the MSESSION keyword. A valid session is required on the MSESSION keyword for this command.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, specifying a valid session for the MSESSION keyword. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0049I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. MULTIPLE MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE
KEYWORDS SPECIFIED, *keywords*****Explanation**

More than one of the mutually exclusive *keywords* for the command were specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command, selecting the desired keyword option. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0050A**XCOUPLE *option* REQUEST ISSUED. CONTINUE REQUEST? (YES/NO)**

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that you want the XCOUPLE command with the *option* option to continue. The command requires a confirmation.

System action

The command is canceled unless YES is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a YES response. Any other response cancels the command. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before running the EXEC. You can also reissue the command with the NOVERIFY keyword to bypass this confirmation.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0051I**XCOUPLE *option* REQUEST CANCELED**

Explanation

The XCOUPLE command with *option* option is canceled because of a non-YES response to the ANTT0050A prompt message.

System action

The command is canceled.

System programmer response

Reenter the XCOUPLE *option* command and respond YES to the ANTT0050A prompt message. Abbreviations of YES are not acceptable. If you are issuing the XCOUPLE command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the response on the stack before running the EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTT0052I***cmdname* COMMAND PARSE ERROR. *keyword1* KEYWORD REQUIRES
keyword2 KEYWORD**

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. When *keyword1* is specified, *keyword2* must also be specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command specifying *keyword2*. If the command has been issued from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, correct the error and rerun the CLIST or REXX EXEC.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0053I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR, <i>keyword</i> VALUE IS <i>error-description</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed due to a command parse error with the keyword *keyword*. The error is described by *error-description*.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the command again using the correct value.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTT0060I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND PARSE ERROR. <i>keyword</i> MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE WITH SPECIFIED KEYWORDS. |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command failed because of a parsing error. The *keyword* specified is mutually exclusive with the other keywords specified.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command specifying valid keyword combinations.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0090E | XRC IS NOT OPERATIONAL. PLEASE RETRY THE <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND LATER |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command has not been accepted because XRC is not operational when the command is entered.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter the command after XRC is operational. To determine if XRC is operational, review the system log for message ANTB8001I. If this error continues after you receive message ANTB8001I or if message ANTB8001I is not received, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS nnn address space that corresponds to the session experiencing the problem. (See the note at beginning of ANT messages.) If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, you must also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0091E | <i>cmdname</i> ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR ATTEMPTING TO SEND REQUEST TO XRC, RC = <i>return_code</i>, REAS = <i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is not accepted. The return code given by *return_code* and the reason code given by *reason_code* provide explanations for the error.

The following are the return codes and associated reason codes issued with this message:

Return Code

Explanation

8

Request failed to be processed.

Reason Code

Explanation

4

Parameter list cannot be built.

99

A major error occurs while attempting to process the request.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

This is an internal error. Search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide any system log and SYS1.LOGREC information that is available.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTT0099I | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND ACCEPTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The *cmdname* command is accepted.

System action

The command is accepted.

System programmer response

Additional XRC messages normally follow this message. If no additional XRC messages are received at the system console log or the user ID specified with the MSGROUTEID parameter on the command, the command can still be queued in the XRC control function awaiting processing.

If ANTAS nnn is in the process of ending or reinitializing, it is possible that no other messages are issued.

To determine if XRC is operational, issue a DISPLAY A,ANTAS nnn command and verify that the system processor time is incrementing for the address space. If the processor time is not increasing or if additional processing for the command is not indicated, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTU2000E | UNABLE TO CREATE <i>address_space_name</i> ADDRESS SPACE. ASCRE RC= <i>return_code</i> REAS= <i>reason_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The MVS address space create service (ASCRE) has failed to create the *address_space_name* address space for XRC. ASCRE fails with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the return and reason codes. If necessary, increase the installation limit on the number of address spaces allowed in the system. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTU2001E | UNABLE TO ADD RESOURCE MANAGER. RESMGR RC= <i>return_code</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The MVS resource manager service (RESMGR) has failed to create a resource manager for XRC. RESMGR fails with return code *return_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the return code. If necessary, increase the system limit on resource managers. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the

ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2002E | UNABLE TO RESERVE LINKAGE INDEX. LXRES ABEND=<i>abend_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has called the MVS linkage index service (LXRES) which abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. You might need to increase the number of slots in the system function table reserved for linkage indexes. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2003E | UNABLE TO CREATE ENTRY TABLE. ETCRE ABEND=<i>abend_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has called the MVS entry table create service (ETCRE) which abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2004E | UNABLE TO CONNECT ENTRY TABLE. ETCON ABEND=<i>abend_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has called the MVS entry table connect service (ETCON) but abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2005E | UNABLE TO SET AUTHORIZATION. AXRES ABEND=<i>abend_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has called the MVS reserve authorization service (AXRES) which abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2006E | UNABLE TO GET SMS STATUS. SSREQ ABEND=<i>abend_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has called the SMS status service (SSREQ) which abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

XRC has called the MVS add resource manager service (RESMGR) which abnormally ends with code *abend_code*.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

The system data mover has previously detected a fatal error condition that prevents further processing and is now terminating its address space.

System action

The system data mover issues a cancel system command to terminate its address space.

If a command was being processed for the session at the time of cancel, the control address space will not process another command for the session for up to 10 minutes.

System programmer response

Look for preceding messages that identify the fatal error, correct the condition, and restart the XRC session.

If subsequent commands issued to the session appear to hang, recycle the control address space by issuing the command CANCEL ANTAS000.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

The system data mover XRECOVER function has detected a hang condition that has prevented further processing and the control address space will begin termination of the XRECOVER address space. The control address space is capturing a system DUMP of the XRECOVER address space.

System action

The system data mover issues a DUMP system command to capture a system DUMP of the XRECOVER address space.

System programmer response

The system DUMP will be used for analysis of the XRECOVER hang condition. This message will be followed by ANTU2010I message when termination of the XRECOVER address space begins.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2010I | XRECOVER INITIATING CANCEL FOR <i>address_space_name</i> ASID <i>address_space_identifier</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The system data mover XRECOVER function has detected a hang condition that has prevented further processing and the control address space is now terminating the XRECOVER address space.

System action

The system data mover issues a cancel system command to terminate the XRECOVER address space.

System programmer response

Look for preceding ANTU2009I message that is followed by a system DUMP for analysis of the XRECOVER hang.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| ANTU2100I | MSGID <i>msgid</i> DETECTED |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

Explanation

XRC has detected that message *msgid* is to be issued and that a dump should be taken of the address space. Messages ANTU2101I through ANTU2105I will be issued before the dump being taken.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2101I | GPR0-3 <i>GPR0 GPR1 GPR2 GPR3</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has detected that the message indicated in message ANTU2100I is to be issued, and that a dump is to be taken of the address space. GPR0 through GPR3 are the general purpose registers 0 through 3 at the time of this detection.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTU2102I**GPR4-7 GRP4 GPR5 GPR6 GPR7**

Explanation

XRC has detected that the message indicated in message ANTU2100I is to be issued, and that a dump is to be taken of the address space. GPR4 through GPR7 are the general purpose registers 4 through 7 at the time of this detection.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTU2103I**GPR8-11 GRP8 GPR9 GPR10 GPR11**

Explanation

XRC has detected that the message indicated in message ANTU2100I is to be issued, and that a dump is to be taken of the address space. GPR8 through GPR11 are the general purpose registers 8 through 11 at the time of this detection.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTU2104I**GPR12-15 GRP12 GPR13 GPR14 GPR15**

Explanation

XRC has detected that the message indicated in message ANTU2100I is to be issued, and that a dump is to be taken of the address space. GPR12 through GPR15 are the general purpose registers 12 through 15 at the time of this detection.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTU2105I**DUMP BEING TAKEN FOR MSGID *msgid***

Explanation

XRC has detected that the message *msgid* is to be issued, and that a dump is being taken of the address space.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTU2200I**FQE COMPLETE**

Explanation

This message is issued when the job has completed without error.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend FlashCopy (ZSF)

ANTU2201E**FQE ERROR. RC=*return_code*, REAS=*reason_code*,
DIAG=*diagnostic_information***

Explanation

An error occurred during the Zero Suspend FlashCopy job.

The following return codes *return_code* will give a general indication of what caused the error:

00

All requested functions completed without error.

04

An error occurred while executing a function that is not essential to the FlashCopy process. If FlashCopy withdraw, freeze, and/or establish processing was requested, it has completed successfully.

08

An error was detected in the program input, either in the parameter string or in the copy control statements. GDPS users: Check the parameter string specified on the FCOSUSPEND statement. If correct, contact GDPS support for assistance. JCL users: Check the PARM string specified on the EXEC statement. If correct, and the 'D' option was specified, and an ANTUXFQO data set was available, look for entries in the volume validation table with STATUS value other than zeros. Correct the input error or invalid condition and resubmit.

12(0C)

An error was detected while creating the program execution environment. If caused by installation restriction, remove the restriction and resubmit.

16(10)

An error was detected while attempting to withdraw existing FlashCopy relationships, as requested by the 'W' option.

20(14)

An error was detected while attempting to perform pre-freeze establish of FlashCopy relationships, as requested by the 'P' option. An attempt was then made to withdraw any relationships that were created.

24(18)

An error was detected while attempting to withdraw FlashCopy relationships created by pre-freeze establish, as requested by the 'P' option.

28(1C)

An error was detected while attempting to freeze and establish FlashCopy relationships on X-type volumes, as requested by the 'F' option. An attempt was then made to thaw any frozen volumes and withdraw any relationships that were created.

32(20)

An error was detected while attempting to freeze and establish FlashCopy relationships on X-type volumes, as requested by the 'E' option. An attempt was then made to thaw any frozen volumes and withdraw any relationships that were created.

40(28)

The program was either not invoked in an APF-authorized environment, or the authorization check failed for FACILITY class profile STGADMIN.ANT.ESFC.COMMANDS or STGADMIN.ANT.ESFC.FCQUERY.

44(2C)

An error was detected while trying to coordinate multiple ANTUXFQE instances.

48(30)

A task abend occurred in the ANTUXFQE load module.

52(34)

The program was unable to open the ANTUXFQO dataset, which is required if options D, C, V1, or V2 are specified, or if program caller does not provide a message area.

The following reason codes (*reason_code*) will explain, in greater detail, the cause of the non-zero return code:

2x

Parameter String Errors

20

No PARM string was specified

21

An invalid parameter list pointer was passed to ANTUXFQE in register 1.

22

An invalid PARM string pointer was passed to ANTUXFQE in the parameter list.

23

An invalid character was specified in the PARM string.

24

An invalid value was specified for Z in the PARM string.

25

An invalid value was specified for Q in the PARM string.

- 26** The PARM string contained Z, but no value was specified.
- 27** The PARM string contained Q, but no value was specified.
- 28** Mutually exclusive options M and S were specified in the PARM string.
- 29** Mutually exclusive options R and S were specified in the PARM string.
- 2A** The PARM string contained R, but not contain F or E, or M only.
- 2B** Mutually exclusive options X and W were specified in the PARM string.
- 2C** The PARM string contained Y, but no value was specified.
- 2D** An invalid value was specified for Y in the PARM string.
- 3x**
Parameter String Errors
- 30** ANTUXFQI data set is empty.
- 31** Unable to open ANTUXFQI data set.
- 32** Unable to reopen ANTUXFQI data set.
- 33** Unable to reread ANTUXFQI data set.
- 34** Invalid data area length passed to ANTUXFQE.
- 35** Invalid data record length passed to ANTUXFQE.
- 36** Invalid data area length passed to ANTUXFQE (data_area_too-small).
- 37** Invalid data area pointer was passed to ANTUXFQE in the parameter list.
- 4x**
Parameter String Errors
- 40** ANTUXFQI data set contains record with invalid syntax.
- 41** No SERIAL statements found. At least one is required.
- 42** No volume pair statements found. At least one is required.
- 43** No JID statement found. Required when option M or S is specified.
- 44** Invalid JID value. Must be eight alphanumeric characters.
- 45** Too many PID statements. Limit is 64.

- 46** Invalid PID value. Must be eight alphanumeric characters.
- 47** Duplicate value specified in JID or PID statement.
- 48** No PID statement found. Required when option M or S is specified.
- 49** Unexpected JID statement.
- 4A** Unexpected PID statement.
- 4B** Too many SERIAL statements. Limit is 64.
- 4C** Too many X-type volumes. Limit is 64.
- 4D** Too many LSS. Limit is 512.
- 4E** Too many volume pair statements. Limit is 32768.
- 5x**
Parameter String Errors
- 50** No UCB found for device.
- 51** UCBLOOK failed for device.
- 52** Unable to read configuration data for device.
- 53** Unable to read device characteristics.
- 54** Unable to sense subsystem status for device.
- 55** Target device is smaller than source device.
- 56** Device resides on storage subsystem with unexpected serial number.
- 57** Source and target devices reside on different storage subsystems.
- 58** Existing FlashCopy relationship status for source and target is inconsistent.
- 59** Unable to obtain FlashCopy relationship information for device.
- 5A** Device is not enabled for Advanced FlashCopy function.
- 5B** Unexpected FlashCopy relationship found on device.
- 5C** Existing FlashCopy relationship does not match expected type.
- 5D** Expected FlashCopy relationship is missing.

- 5E**
Source and Target are same device.
- 5F**
Too many volumes per LSS.
- 6x**
Parameter String Errors
- 60**
DSPSERV CREATE failed.
- 61**
ALESERV ADD failed in ANTUXFQE.
- 62**
ALESERV ADD failed in ANTASFQE.
- 63**
Attempt to create address space ANTASFQE failed..
- 64**
ASEXIT failed.
- 65**
ALESERV failed.
- 66**
ALESERV DELETE failed.
- 67**
DSPSERV DELETE failed.
- 68**
Invalid parameter pointer passed to ANTUXFQA.
- 69**
Invalid parameter length passed to ANTUXFQA.
- 6A**
Invalid eyecatcher in parameter passed to ANTUXFQA.
- 6B**
Incorrect parameter version passed to ANTUXFQA.
- 6C**
ANTASFQE unable to acquire virtual storage.
- 6D**
ANTASFQE unable to acquire virtual storage for record array.
- 6E**
Unable to create ESTAEX.
- 7x**
Parameter String Errors
- 70**
I/O error.
- 71**
Freeze time limit exceeded.
- 72**
ATTACH failed.
- 73**
Attached task ABEND.
- 74**
Operator replied Cancel to ANTU2220D WTOR.

75

ANTASFQE address space has abnormally terminated.

8x

Parameter String Errors

80

ANTUXFQE instance already active for this job ID (JID).

81

Master ANTUXFQE instance already active for the indicated partner ID (PID).

82

Wait limit expired for startup of the indicated partner ANTUXFQE instance.

83

Indicated ANTUXFQE partner instance no longer active.

84

Wait limit expired for checkpoint of the indicated ANTUXFQE partner instance.

0x

Parameter String Errors

00

ABEND occurred in ANTUXFQ0 CSECT.

0E

ABEND occurred in ANTUXFQE CSECT.

| Table 5. Diagnostic information and the reason codes associated with that information | |
|---|---|
| Reason Code | Diagnostic information |
| 00,0E | DIAG = <i>sdwacmpc,sdwarc</i> (from system diagnostic work area) |
| 23 | DIAG = <i>invalid_parm_character</i> |
| 24 | DIAG = <i>invalid_Z_value</i> |
| 25 | DIAG = <i>invalid_Q_value</i> |
| 40,44,46,47 | DIAG = <i>input_data_record</i> |
| 50 | DIAG = <i>device_number,NO_UCB</i> |
| 51 | DIAG = <i>device_number,UCBLOOK_return_code,UCBLOOK_reason_code</i> |
| 52-54,59 | DIAG = <i>device_number,aom_service_rc,aom_service_reas</i> DIAG = <i>device_number,aom_service_rc,aom_service_reas,aom_service_frc</i> DIAG = <i>device_number,aom_service_rc,aom_service_reas,sense(7:8)</i> |
| 55,57,58,5E | DIAG = <i>source_device_number,target_device_number</i> |
| 56 | DIAG = <i>device_number,serial_number</i> |
| 5A-5D,5F | DIAG = <i>device_number</i> |
| 60-67,6C-6E | DIAG = <i>service_return_code,service_reason_code</i> |
| 6B | DIAG = <i>bad_asparm_version</i> |

| Table 5. Diagnostic information and the reason codes associated with that information (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Reason Code | Diagnostic information |
| 70 | DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,TARGET ONLINE (device part of host path group) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,FC ACTIVE (target device is already a target) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,FC ACTIVE-S (target device is already a source) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,I/O TIMEOUT (execution time limit exceeded) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,TARGET SIZE (target too small for source) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> ,UNKNOWN TARGET (target LSS/CCA not configured) DIAG= <i>device_number</i> , <i>aom_service_rc</i> , <i>aom_service_reas</i> DIAG= <i>device_number</i> , <i>aom_service_rc</i> , <i>aom_service_reas</i> , <i>aom_service_frc</i> DIAG= <i>device_number</i> , <i>aom_service_rc</i> , <i>aom_service_reas</i> , <i>sense(7:8)</i> |
| 71 | DIAG= <i>freeze_cap</i> , <i>number_of_tasks_still_in_progress</i> |
| 72 | DIAG= <i>attach_return_code</i> , <i>attached_task_count</i> |
| 73 | DIAG= <i>attach_ecb</i> |

System action

FlashCopy Requests not processed.

System programmer response

Make the appropriate changes to the ZSF job based on the information given and resubmit.

Source

Zero Suspend FlashCopy (ZSF).

ANTU2202I *job_id* BACKGROUND COPY *nnn*% COMPLETE

Explanation

This message appears only when option C is used. It is displayed at an interval based on the Q parameter and shows status on the completion of the background copy. The value *nnn* will represent a percent of completeness from 0 to 100.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2203I *job_id* BACKGROUND COPY FINISHED

Explanation

This message appears only when option "C" is used. It is displayed only after all volumes have completed their copy.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2204I**VOLUME VALIDATION BEGINS FOR *job_id***

Explanation

This message indicates that the program has begun reading the volume pair statements specified in the ANTUXFQI data set.

System action

ZSF begins to process the device list.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend FlashCopy (ZSF)

ANTU2205I**VOLUME VALIDATION SUCCESSFUL. PAIR COUNT=*nnnnn***

Explanation

This message indicates that the program has finished reading the volume pair statements specified in the ANTUXFQI data set, and that there was no issue in validating the volumes, where *nnnnn* is the number of pairs specified.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend FlashCopy (ZSF).

ANTU2206E**VOLUME VALIDATION FAILED. ERROR COUNT=*nnnnn***

Explanation

This message indicates that the program has finished reading the volume pair statements specified in the ANTUXFQI data set, and that there were *nnnn* devices on which an error occurred.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

Refer to the ANTU2201E message which will provide information on the device that caused validation to fail.

Source

Zero Suspend FlashCopy (ZSF).

ANTU2207I**MONITORING BACKGROUND COPY**

Explanation

This is an informational message that is written to the specified ANTUXFQO dataset. This message simply confirms that the "C" option has been specified and that copy progress is being monitored.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2208I**FLASHCOPY STATUS AS OF *hh:mm:ss* SSID *xxxx* HAS *nnn* COPY
RELATIONSHIPS *xx*% COMPLETE**

Explanation

This is an informational message that is written to the specified ANTUXFQO dataset. This message is repeated periodically per the "Q=nn" specification, where *hh:mm:ss* is the time when the message is reissued, *xxxx* is the SSID, *nnn* is the number of copy relationships, and *xx* is the percentage of completion of the copies.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2210I***job_id* MASS PROCESSING BEGINS**

Explanation

This message is issued after successful startup of the ANTASFQE address space.

System action

ZSF begins to process the device list.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flash Copy (ZSF).

ANTU2211I***job_id* DP=*pp*, LIMIT=*nn*, OPTIONS = *xxxxxxxxxx***

Explanation

This message indicates the address space dispatching priority *pp*, the limit on the freeze duration *nn* (in seconds), and the processing options in effect, *xxxxxxxxxx*.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2212I *job_id* VOLUME FREEZE BEGINS

Explanation

This message marks the start of the period during which write activity is suspended on XRC infrastructure (X-type) volumes.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2213I *job_id* VOLUME FREEZE ENDS

Explanation

This message marks the start of the period during which write activity is suspended on XRC infrastructure (X-type) volumes.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2214I *job_id* MAX PTASK TIME=*ss.hh* SEC,SSID=*nnnn*

Explanation

This message indicates the maximum elapsed time *ss.hh* (in seconds) to perform the preparatory FlashCopy establish on any one LSS, along with the SSID (*nnnn*) of that LSS.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2214I *job_id* MAX ETASK TIME=*ss.hh* SEC,SSID=*nnnn*

Explanation

This message indicates the maximum elapsed time *ss.hh* (in seconds) to perform FlashCopy establish on any one LSS, along with the SSID (*nnnn*) of that LSS.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2216I *job_id* MASS PROCESSING ENDS

Explanation

This message indicates that the requested processing has completed without fatal error.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2217A *job_id* ZSF COMPLETE. INITIATE XRC RECOVERY

Explanation

This message is issued when Freeze and Establish have successfully completed, to indicate that FlashCopy targets are ready to be processed by XRECOVER.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Zero Suspend Flashcopy (ZSF).

ANTU2218I FLASHCOPY STATUS AS OF *hh:mm:ss* ALL VOLUMES COMPLETE

Explanation

This is an informational message that is written to the specified ANTUXFQO dataset. This message is written to the dataset once after all volumes have completed their copy task, and only if option "C" is specified.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2218I *job_id* WAITING FOR *device_number* COPY COMPLETION

Explanation

This message indicates that ANTASFQE is waiting for a background FlashCopy task to complete for the indicated C-type volume before proceeding with the requested NoCopy to Copy conversion.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2219I *job_id* PRE-CONVERSION COPY COMPLETE

Explanation

This message indicates that background FlashCopy tasks for all C-type volumes have completed, and that NoCopy to Copy conversion will proceed.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

ANTU2221I FQE COORDINATION BEGINS FOR *job_id*

Explanation

This in as an informational message that is written to the specified ANTUXFQO dataset. This message is written to the dataset only if the "M" or "MR" options are specified to indicate that this is a master job.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTU2222I | MAX <i>t</i> WITHDRAW TIME= <i>sss.hh</i> SEC, SSID= <i>nnnn</i> , DEV= <i>xxxx</i> |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

This message shows the maximum elapsed time (*sss.hh*) to perform FlashCopy Withdraw within any one LSS, along with the SSID (*nnnn*) of that LSS and the number of the device (*xxxx*). *t* is the type of Withdraw and will be 'I' for initial withdraw 'P' for preparatory withdraw or 'E' for the withdraw done in the event of an error.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

None.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTU2500E | ABEND OCCURRED IN MODULE <i>mod_name</i> AT OFFSET <i>offset</i> , ABEND CODE= <i>abend_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The system data mover detected an abend with abend code *abend_code* at offset *offset* in module *mod_name*.

System action

Abending function is inactive.

System programmer response

See the appropriate MVS system codes information for an explanation of the abend code. Provide the system log, the XRC dump generated when the abend occurred, and pertinent abend information from SYS1.LOGREC. The system log includes messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2512E issued when the abend occurred.

If the abend occurs in an XRC data mover address space (ANTAS001-n), and the session is not responding to commands, it might be necessary to cancel the address space. If a command for the session is in progress, it might also be necessary to cancel ANTAS000 (or wait for the command timeout), in order to proceed with restarting the session. If the abend occurs in an XRC cluster address space (ANTCL001-n), it might be necessary to restart the cluster.

If the abend is received for a DFSMSdss operation such as concurrent copy, Virtual Concurrent Copy, or extended format data set processing, correct the error associated with the ADRxxxx messages. Rerun the failing DFSMSdss job.

If the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), DFSMSdss Concurrent Copy, or DFSMSdss extended format data set processing.

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| ANTU2501E | PSW AT TIME OF ABEND = <i>psw</i> |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|

Explanation

XRC detected the abend at PSW *psw*. This message is preceded by message ANTU2500E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2502E | GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTERS AT TIME OF ABEND ARE AS FOLLOWS: |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of the general purpose registers at the time of the abend are specified immediately following this message in messages ANTU2503E through ANTU2506E. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E and ANTU2501E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2503E | GPR0–3 <i>gpr0 gpr1 gpr2 gpr3</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of general purpose registers 0 through 3 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2502E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2504E | GPR4–7 <i>gpr4 gpr5 gpr6 gpr7</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of general purpose registers 4 through 7 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2503E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2505E | GPR8–11 <i>gpr8 gpr9 gpr10 gpr11</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of general purpose registers 8 through 11 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2504E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2506E | GPR12–15 <i>gpr12 gpr13 gpr14 gpr15</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of general purpose registers 12 through 15 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2505E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2507E | ACCESS REGISTERS AT TIME OF ABEND ARE AS FOLLOWS: |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of the access registers at the time of the abend are specified in messages ANTU2508E through ANTU2511E immediately following this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2506E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2508E **AR0–3 ar0 ar1 ar2 ar3**

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of access registers 0 through 3 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2507E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2509E **AR4–7 ar4 ar5 ar6 ar7**

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of access registers 4 through 7 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2508E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2510E **AR8–11 ar8 ar9 ar10 ar11**

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of access registers 8 through 11 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2509E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2511E **AR12–15 *ar12 ar13 ar14 ar15***

Explanation

XRC detected an abend. The contents of access registers 12 through 15 at the time of the abend are specified in this message. This message is preceded by messages ANTU2500E through ANTU2510E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2512E ***abending module identifier***

Explanation

XRC detected an abend in the module identifier *abending module identifier*. This message is preceded by message ANTU2500E.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See message ANTU2500E.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC), concurrent copy, or a striping function.

ANTU2513I ***information HAS BEEN COPIED TO DATA SET dataset_name***

Explanation

The command information specified by *information* has been successfully written to the data set specified by *dataset_name*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been issued at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2514W | UNABLE TO COPY <i>information</i> TO DATA SET <i>dataset_name</i> RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The request, indicated by *information*, for output to data set *dataset_name* has failed. The return code given by *return_code* and reason code given by *reason_code* indicate the reason for the failure.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on [page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTU2515I | <i>xquery_type</i> HAS BEEN RETURNED TO THE API FOR <i>session_id</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An XRC request was submitted via the ANTRQST application programming interface (API). XQUERY output for the request was returned in the MESSAGES area.

In the message text:

xquery_type

Indicates the type of XQUERY output being returned.

session_id

The session name for the XRC session or Master session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for an explanation of *xquery_type* output being returned to the API.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTU2529E | <i>xquery_type</i> UNABLE TO PROTECT AGAINST STORAGE CLEAN UP ERRORS FOR <i>session_id</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The CC function will complete but will be unable to protect against potential storage clean up errors.

System action

CC function is active.

System programmer response

Re- IPL to allocate storage clean up table.

Source

Concurrent Copy (CC). KEYWORDS: CONCOPY/K

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTV5109E | XRC ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING XSUSPEND FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error while attempting to process an XSUSPEND command for the session *session_id*. This message does not necessarily mean that the function has failed to complete. The return code given by *return_code* and the reason code given by *reason_code* indicate the nature of the error.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command. After this error, issue CANCEL ANTAS*nnn* and issue the XSTART command to restart the session. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center.

Based on the return and reason codes, the cleanup of this session can have not completed normally. After collecting any diagnostic information, cancel the ANTAS*nnn* address space before you start a new XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTV5111E | XRC ERROR SUSPENDING VOLUME PAIR(<i>primary_volume</i>,<i>secondary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The suspension of the volume pair *primary_volume*,*secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parm1ib) in session *session_id* failed with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center if an XRC error is indicated in the system log.

Based on the return and reason codes, the suspension of this volume pair can not have completed normally. Though the volume pair is no longer being copied, it can not be possible to add this volume pair to the XRC session in the future without first suspending the ANTASnnn address space and restarting the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTV8107I | SUSPEND COMPLETE FOR VOLUME PAIR(primary_volume,secondary_volume) FOR SESSION(session_id) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(timestamp) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) has been suspended from the XRC session indicated by *session_id*. The secondary volume is consistent up to the time indicated by *timestamp*. Data is no longer being copied for this pair.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See the previous XRC message to determine why the volume pair was suspended. To re-enable XRC functions for the volume pair, correct the error and issue an XADDPAIR command to resynchronize the volume pair in the session.

This message will also be issued if an error is encountered for a volume pair during XADVANCE or XRECOVER processing even though the volume pair was in a suspended state when the XADVANCE function started.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTV8109I | XSUSPEND(option) COMPLETE FOR VOLUME PAIR(primary_volume,secondary_volume) FOR SESSION(session_id) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(timestamp) AND STATUS status |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) is suspended for session *session_id* with option *option*. All data on the secondary volume is consistent up to the

consistency time *timestamp* reported. The status of the volume pair is given by *status* at the time the pair was suspended.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the XSUSPEND command has not been explicitly entered by a user, this message can result from an error reported by a previous message. View the system log for previous error messages to determine why the volume pair has been suspended, correct the error, and enter the XADDPAIR command for the suspended volume pair to place the volume pair back into the XRC session. If the command is accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTV8110I | XSUSPEND(option) COMPLETE FOR SESSION(session_id) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(timestamp), TIMEOUT(timeout). SESSION NOW SUSPENDED |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session *session_id* has been suspended by option *option*. The session is suspended. All secondary volumes are consistent up to the reported consistency time of *timestamp*. The timeout interval for the storage controls is *timeout*.

System action

XRC functions are suspended.

System programmer response

The session can be suspended by an explicit XSUSPEND command or by an error detected by the data mover. The session can be restarted by an XSTART command followed by XADDPAIR commands for the suspended volume pairs.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTV8135I | SUSPEND COMPLETE FOR SSID(ssid) SCID(scid) UTILITY VOLUME(volser) FOR SESSION(session) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The XRC utility volume, indicated by *volser* and associated with the storage control session indicated by *ssid* and *scid*, has been suspended in the indicated XRC session.

System action

Depending on storage control type, the storage control session is either suspended or terminated. The associated reader task of the data mover is ended, and updates are no longer retrieved from the primary storage control cache.

System programmer response

See previous XRC messages to determine the reason for the storage control session suspension. When the cause of the suspension is resolved, issue the XADDPAIR command for the utility volume to restart the reader task and reactivate the storage control session.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5000E | <i>device_number, serial_number, failing_CCW_command_code, failing_CCW_position, CCW_data_area, full_error_description</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XRC function encountered an I/O error. The message text provides the following information:

- *device_number* – The device number to which the I/O is directed. If the device is associated with a utility volume, the error can be a storage control error.
- *serial_number* – The volume serial number, if available, of the device that encountered the I/O error.
- *failing_CCW_command_code* – The channel command word (CCW) code that encounters the I/O error.
- *failing_CCW_position* – The position in the channel program chain on which the error occurs. If the error occurs at the first CCW in the chain (a Define Extent), the path to the storage control or device can have been dropped. This can indicate an operations error because of the storage path being removed.
- *CCW_data_area* – The parameter list data area of the failing CCW.
- *full_error_description* – A brief description of the cause of the I/O error based on the sense data. The descriptions are as follows:
 - **STORAGE_CONTROL_SESSION_NUMBER_NOT_ACTIVE** – This indicates a dropped XRC session resulting from an error that ended the storage control session. The error can occur when the update-handling capability of XRC is exceeded by the update rate to the storage control. In this case, examine the number and configuration of volumes managed by XRC to determine the cause of the high update rate to the storage control. If this error persists, the XRC environment can require reconfiguration. This error can also occur if the timeout interval has expired.
 - **STORAGE_CONTROL_SESSION_NUMBER_NOT_ACTIVE_ON_PATH_xx** – This indicates that the path group ID used by XRC in sending requests to a storage control is physically unavailable. xx indicates the channel path ID associated with the path group ID that is physically unavailable. Ensure that *device_number* is online (or at least one other device associated with this channel path), and then vary the channel path xx offline and then vary the channel path back online. This will make available the path group ID needed by XRC. Issue the MVS MODIFY command of PATHS to list the channel paths currently associated with the device number *device_number*.
 - **NONVOLATILE_STORAGE_NOT_AVAILABLE** – This indicates that nonvolatile storage has been altered. Issue the DEVSERV MVS operator command to determine the status of nonvolatile storage. Do not disable nonvolatile storage for storage controls that have an active XRC session. Correct the problem by re-enabling nonvolatile storage and issuing the XADDPAIR command to add the volume or volumes behind the affected storage control to the XRC session.
 - **CACHE_NOT_AVAILABLE** – This indicates that cache has been disabled. Issue the DEVSERV MVS operator command to determine the status of cache storage. Cache storage should not be disabled for storage controls that have an active XRC session. Correct the problem by re-enabling cache for the storage control and issuing the XADDPAIR command to add the volume or volumes behind the affected storage control to the XRC session.

- **TOO_MANY_STORAGE_CONTROL_SESSION_NUMBERS** – This indicates that either the maximum number of XRC sessions on the storage control (from multiple MVS hosts) has been exceeded or that the maximum number of concurrent copy and remote copy sessions on the storage control has been exceeded. The LISTSESS diagnostic command can be used to determine which sessions are active on a storage control. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for a description of the LISTSESS command. Reduce the number of active sessions on the affected storage control and issue the XADDPAIR command to add the volume or volumes behind the affected storage control to the XRC session.
- **DEVICE_NOT_PART_OF_ANY_XRC_SESSION** – This indicates a dropped XRC session resulting from an operations error that produced a reset notification. This error can also indicate that an error has occurred in the storage control cache or that the cache is disabled, causing any knowledge of this device as part of an XRC session to be lost. Issue the DEVSERV MVS operator command to determine the status of cache storage. Correct the problem by re-enabling cache for the storage control and issuing the XADDPAIR command to add the volume or volumes behind the affected storage control to the XRC session.
- **PATH_GROUP_NOT_ESTABLISHED** – This indicates a dropped XRC session resulting from an operations error that produced a reset notification. This error can also indicate that an error has occurred in the storage control cache or that the cache is disabled, causing any knowledge of this device as part of an XRC session to be lost. Issue the DEVSERV MVS operator command to determine the status of cache storage. Correct the problem by re-enabling cache for the storage control and issuing the XADDPAIR command to add the volume or volumes behind the affected storage control to the XRC session.
- **XRC_SESSION_ALREADY_ACTIVE_FOR_DEVICE** – This indicates that another MVS system already has an active XRC session on the specified device, or that the device is active in a session that has been suspended. Only one XRC session can be active per device.
- **XRC_SESSION/DEVICE_SUSPENDED** – This indicates that an XRC session or device is suspended on an ESS storage control unit. The error can occur on a session level when the update-handling capability of XRC is exceeded by the update rate to the storage control. Examine the number and configuration of volumes managed by XRC to determine the cause of the high update rate to the storage control. If this error persists, the XRC environment can require reconfiguration. This error can also occur if the timeout interval has expired. This error message can occur by command, at device or volume level.
- **INVALID_COMMAND** – This is due to issuing an XRC command to a storage control that does not have XRC capability.
- **INVALID_COMMAND_SEQUENCE** – This is either due to an internal error or because an XRC command has been issued to a storage control that does not have XRC capability.
- **CCW_COUNT_LESS_THAN_REQUIRED** – This is due to an internal error.
- **INVALID_PARAMETER** – This is either due to an internal error or because an XRC command has been issued to a storage control that does not have XRC capability.
- **STORAGE_CONTROL_SESSION_NUMBER_ZERO_OR_ALREADY_USED** – This is due to an internal error.
- **STORAGE_CONTROL_CACHE_ALREADY_BEING_READ** – This is due to an internal error.
- **TARGET_CANNOT_BECOME_SOURCE** – This is a FlashCopy I/O error. The FlashCopy target cannot become the FlashCopy source.
- **TARGET_CANNOT_BECOME_ANOTHER_TARGET** – This is a FlashCopy I/O error. The FlashCopy target cannot become another FlashCopy target.
- **SOURCE_CANNOT_BECOME_TARGET** – This is a FlashCopy I/O error. The FlashCopy source cannot become a FlashCopy target.
- **OUTSTANDING_FLASHCOPY_ON_SECONDARY_SOURCE_OR_TARGET_DEVICE** – This is a FlashCopy I/O error.

System action

The XRC action taken is based upon the ERRORLEVEL specified on the XSTART command, as follows:

- If ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) is specified, XRC suspends all active volumes on any I/O error. Correct the error and restart the XRC session. The session is suspended only if the volume is in a duplex state at the time of the error. Errors before a volume reaching duplex state do not affect the session.

- If ERRORLEVEL(VOLUME) is specified, the scope of the error determines the action taken. If the error occurs for a single primary or secondary volume, only the affected volume pair is removed from the session. If the error impacts a storage control, all volume pairs using that storage control are removed from the session. Certain errors have the potential to end the XRC session.
- If ERRORLEVEL(*group_name*) is specified, XRC suspends all volumes that belong to the specified group. Correct the error and add the volume pairs back into the session.

System programmer response

If the problem is an environmental or hardware error, then correct the error and restart the session or volumes. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. In addition, provide any SYS1.LOGREC information indicating the I/O error encountered. For some errors, a GTF trace can be required to determine the cause of the problem.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5001E | <i>device_number, abbreviated_error_description, failing_CCW_command_code, failing_CCW_position, IOS_completion_code, subchannel_status, sense_data, serial_number, full_error_description</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

When the XRC function encounters an I/O error, the message text provides the following information:

- *device_number* – The device to which the I/O is directed. If the device is associated with a primary XRC volume, then the error can be a storage control error.
- *abbreviated_error_description* – A short error code describing the type of error based on the sense information. The valid codes are:

Code

Description

BOC

Bus out parity check

CMD

Command reject

COR

Correctable data check

DCK

Data check

ENV

Environmental data present

EOC

End of cylinder

EQC

Equipment check

FPR

File protect

IMP

Imprecise ending

ITF

Invalid track format

LOG

First error log

M23

MR23 record

MTO

Message to operator

NRF

No record found

OVR

Overrun

PRM

Permanent error

RIW

Request inhibit write

VIO

Intent violation

WRI

Write inhibited

WRO

Write operation

Unknown

- *failing_CCW_command_code* – The CCW command code that encounters the I/O error. If the error has occurred at the first CCW in the chain (a Define Extent), the path to the storage control or device can be dropped. This potential operations error is due to the removal of the storage path.
- *failing_CCW_position* – The position in the channel program chain on which the error occurs. If the error occurs at the first CCW in the chain (a Define Extent), the path to the storage control or device can have been dropped. This can indicate an operations error because of the storage path being removed.
- *IOS_completion_code* – The return code from IOS.
- *subchannel_status* – The channel status word status field received from the subchannel.
- *sense_data* – The sense information returned from the operation. See the storage control reference documentation for interpretation of the sense data.
- *serial_number* – The volume serial number of the device on which the I/O operation fails.
- *full_error_description* – A brief description of the cause of the I/O error based on the sense data. See the ANT5000E message for an explanation of these descriptions.

System action

The XRC action taken is based upon the type of error and the ERRORLEVEL specified on the XSTART command as follows:

- If ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) is selected, XRC will suspend all active volumes in the session on any I/O error. Correct the error and restart the XRC session. The session is suspended only if the volume is in a duplex state at the time of the error. Errors before a volume reaching duplex state do not affect the session. If the session is a coupled, interlocked session, the error also causes volumes to be suspended in all other sessions coupled to the same master session.
- If ERRORLEVEL(VOLUME) is selected, the scope of the error determines the action taken. If the error occurs for a single primary or secondary volume, only the affected volume pair will be removed from the session. If the error impacts a storage control, all volume pairs using that storage control will be removed from the session. Certain errors have the potential to end the XRC session.

- If `ERRORLEVEL(group_name)` is specified, XRC suspends all volumes that belong to the specified group. Correct the error and add the volume pairs back into the session.

System programmer response

If the problem is an environmental or hardware error, correct the error and restart the failing XRC function. If the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS`nnn` address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command `DISPLAY A,ANTAS*`. In addition, provide any SYS1.LOGREC information indicating the I/O error encountered.

In any case, XRC processing for the impacted volume or volumes has ended. Correct the error and restart the session or volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5002E | <i>device_number, serial_number, SERVRETC_from_AOM, SERVREAS_from_AOM, SERVFRFC_from_AOM, SERVABCO_from_AOM</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has detected an error when requesting a service from the Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM) function. The message provides the device number to which the I/O is directed (if the device is associated with a primary XRC volume, the error can be a storage control error), the volume serial number of the device that encounters the I/O error, the return code *SERVRETC_from_AOM*, the reason code *SERVREAS_from_AOM*, the functional code *SERVFRFC_from_AOM*, and the abend code *SERVABCO_from_AOM* received from AOM. If the device is offline or unavailable, the volume serial number is reported as "*****".

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis](#) in the AOM Service Return and Reason Codes topic for an explanation of the codes returned by AOM. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS`nnn` address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command `DISPLAY A,ANTAS*`. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5009W | UNABLE TO RECOVER A SUSPENDED STORAGE CONTROL SESSION NUMBER |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC detects a suspended storage control session that cannot be recovered. XRC continues normal operations.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

A storage control session is suspended whenever a system reset is issued to the storage control with an active session. This message is a warning that a suspended session exists that cannot be properly recovered. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for procedures to determine which sessions are currently suspended and how to recover those sessions. Failure of those actions to correct the problem indicates that the storage control session is permanently suspended until the storage control is re-IMLed.

This is probably a hardware error. Before reporting the problem, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and associated SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5011E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR WHILE PROCESSING <i>voltype</i> VOLUME(<i>volume</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error while processing volume *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) for the volume type specified with *voltype*, in session *session_id*. *voltype* can be PRIMARY, SECONDARY, or RECOVERY. The processing ends with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are active. If the *voltype* is RECOVERY, the recovery function ends. If the *voltype* is PRIMARY or SECONDARY, the volume remains suspended. The session remains active.

System programmer response

XRC can issue this message during a session restart or recovery process if the volume is offline. See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Based on the error, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| ANTX5014E | SYNADAF message |
|------------------|------------------------|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an I/O error. The output from the SYNADAF macro is provided with this message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets](#) for a description of the SYNADAF macro and its associated output. Correct the error. If the error persists, search problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000

and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX5017I | XRC SESSION(<i>sessionid</i>) HAS <i>number</i> VOLUMES WITH SERIAL NUMBER <i>volser</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

An action has been requested involving volume *volser* for XRC session *sessionid*. However, there are *number* volumes in the XRC session with the same volume serial.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the command again using a device number rather than a volume serial.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX5019I | XRC SESSION(<i>sessionid</i>) HAS <i>number</i> PRIMARY VOLUMES WITH DEVICE NUMBER <i>devn</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

An action has been requested involving a volume with 4-digit device number *devn* for XRC session *sessionid*. However, there are *number* primary volumes in the XRC session with the same 4-digit device number.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Issue the command again using a 5-digit device number.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX5020E | ERROR DETECTED FOR DEVICE <i>device_number</i> UNDER CONTROLLER SESSION <i>session_number</i> FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), REAS= <i>reason_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

An error is detected for device *device_number* running under XRC session *session_id*. The XRC session has been active under storage control session *session_number*. The reason code for the error is given by *reason_code*, as follows:

| Reason | Description |
|--------|-------------|
|--------|-------------|

- 3 The number of entries in the cache has exceeded the supported limit. The current limit is 16K entries.
- 4 The subsystem storage cache is overcommitted. The XRC session is canceled.
- 5 The storage control has encountered an internal error. The XRC session is canceled.

System action

XRC functions for volumes under this storage control are ended.

System programmer response

This error can occur as a result of several configuration problems, as follows:

- Verify that the journal and control data sets are set up correctly. See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for additional details.
- Verify that secondary volume I/O activity can be supported by the configuration. Verify that the secondary volumes are attached to storage controls with sufficient NVS, and that DASD fast write is active.
- Verify that the storage control cache size is adequate to support the primary volume update rate.
- Verify that the host configuration can support the XRC activity. You might need to allocate more expanded storage to support the XRC work load.

If all configuration conditions appear to be correct, search problem reporting data bases for a solution for the problem. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, also provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5101E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING <i>cmdname</i> (<i>option</i>) FOR VOLUME PAIR(<i>primary_volume</i>,<i>secondary_volume</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error while attempting to process the command specified by *cmdname* using option *option* for volume pair *primary_volume* (volume- *serial/device-number*) and *secondary_volume* (volume- *serial/device-number*) in session *session_id*. The command processing ended with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. The status of the volume pair is unknown.

An asterisk (*) in place of the first digit of device numbers in the message indicates that the failing command is issued using a 4-digit device number, and the device is not in the configuration or cannot be found in the XRC control blocks.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to

the IBM Support Center. Based on the return and reason codes, the processing of this volume might have not completed normally. Though the volume is no longer being copied, it can not be possible to add this volume to the XRC session in the future without first suspending the active session and restarting the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5103E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) XDELP AIR ERROR REMOVING XRC SESSION FROM SWAP VOLUME(<i>swapdev</i>) SCID(<i>sid</i>) ASSOCIATED WITH PRIMARY VOLUME(<i>volser</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error while attempting to process the command *cmdname* with option *option* for session *session_id*. This message does not necessarily mean that the function has failed to complete. The return code given by *return_code* and the reason code given by *reason_code* indicate the nature of the error.

System action

XRC functions can be active or inactive based on the command.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command. This message can be the result of an internally-generated XRC command. In this case, perform the tasks indicated by the return and reason codes. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center. Based on the return and reason codes, the cleanup of this session can have not completed normally. After collecting any diagnostic information, cancel the ANTASnnn address space before you start a new XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5104E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING VOLUME(<i>error_volume</i>) IN VOLUME PAIR (<i>primary_volume</i>,<i>secondary_volume</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error for volume *error_volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) while processing the volume pair *primary_volume*,*secondary_volume* (volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the parmlib setting) in session *session_id*. The processing for the volume pair ended with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. The volume pair is suspended from the session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center.

Based on the return and reason codes, the processing of this volume pair can have not completed normally. You can add back the suspended volume pair into the XRC session after you have corrected the error. If this is not possible, you can be forced to suspend the active session or cancel the ANTAS nnn address space and restart the session before you add the volume. Based on the error, the volume pair can require a full synchronization.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5105E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR, RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error in session *session_id*. The processing ended with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC session is suspended.

System programmer response

Follow the specific actions recommended by the return and reason codes. Usually, you can correct the error and restart the session. If this message is accompanied by message ANTS5100E, see the error codes within the ANTS5100E message instead of the error codes issued by this message. See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes” on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center. Based on the return and reason codes, any of the following can be true:

- The session can have been suspended.
- The session can have been restarted by command.
- Some volume pairs can require a complete synchronization.
- XRC can not be processing normally.

If this is not a restart, gather diagnostic information and then cancel ANTAS nnn if you wish to restart the XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5106E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) DETECTED A <i>error_type</i> ERROR, REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC software for session *session_id* has detected an environmental error. The *error_type* field specifies the likely cause. The reason that is indicated by *reason_code* provides the reason for the error.

For some of the errors (as indicated below), diagnostic information for the error is placed in SYS1.LOGREC. If a X'9C4' abend is produced with this message, the reason code *reason_code* is the same as reported in Register 15 for a X'9C4' abend code.

error_type can be one of the following:

- SOFTWARE – If the XRCTRAP function is set to ON, XRC generates a dump to the SYS1.DUMP data set to capture relevant debugging information. For these errors the system log contains relevant diagnostics.

- LIC – The storage control can have generated a diagnostic state save. If a state save was not generated, you should ensure that the SCTRAP function is active. This is done by issuing the system console command MODIFY ANTAS000,SCTRAP ON. For these errors, the system log contains relevant diagnostics.
- HARDWARE – Relevant diagnostics are provided in the system log and in SYS1.LOGREC.
- STATE_DATASET – An error occurs when XRC is writing to the state data set. Relevant diagnostics, with associated IEC or IOS error messages, are provided in SYS1.LOGREC and in the system log.
- CONTROL_DATASET – An error occurs when XRC is writing to the control data set. Relevant diagnostics, with associated IEC or IOS error messages, are provided in SYS1.LOGREC and in the system log.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes” on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the reason codes. Correct the error. Provide all information generated for the particular error type, the system log, and SVC dump of the ANTASnnn address space. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center.

Based on the return and reason codes, the XRC session or a set of volumes behind one or more storage controls can have been suspended. Correct the problem which caused the failure. You can add the volumes back into the session. If this fails, you might need to suspend the XRC session, restart the session, and after a successful restart, add the volumes back into the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX5108E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING <i>cmdname(option)</i> FOR VOLUME LIST (<i>first_volume_in_list</i>,...,<i>last_volume_in_list</i>), RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The XRC session *session_id* has encountered an error while attempting to process the command specified by *cmdname* using option *option* for a list of volumes. The failing volume list is identified by *first_volume_in_list* and *last_volume_in_list*. The return code is given by *return_code* and the reason code by *reason_code*. This message can be preceded by ANTX5101E messages that identify the reason the error has occurred for one of the volumes in the list. The volume list is not processed.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This error occurs when an XDELPAIR or XSUSPEND command is issued and one of the volumes in the list fails to process. See previous ANTX5101E messages for the reason the failure occurred. See [“Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes” on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

Correct the error and reenter the command. If the problem persists, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dump of the ANTASnnn address space. You can obtain the dump by issuing MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP. If an XRC error is indicated in the system log, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5112E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i>, RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has encountered an error while processing the storage control identified by *ssid*, in session *session_id*. The processing ended with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*. If multiple SCSESSIONs exist for the storage control, this message can be issued for each session, based on the scope of the error.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide pertinent SYS1.LOGREC information to the IBM Support Center if an XRC error is indicated in the system log.

Based on the return and reason codes, the processing of volumes behind the specified storage control can not be processing normally. After gathering diagnostic information, suspend and restart the XRC session. If the session fails to suspend properly, cancel the ANTAS*nnn* address space. When you receive message ANTB8001I, restart XRC operations by entering an XSTART command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5113W | PENDING ACTION FOR <i>cmdname(option)</i> CANCELED FOR VOLUME PAIR(<i>primary_volume,secondary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The pending action for *cmdname* option *option* has been canceled for the volume pair *primary_volume, secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) in session *session_id*. This message is issued when an error occurs that causes XRC not to be able to process the command at the specified time.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See the previous XRC message to determine the reason the pending action has been canceled. To re-enable XRC functions for the volume pair, correct the error and issue an XADDPAIR command to resynchronize the volume pair in the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5114W | PENDING ACTION FOR <i>cmdname(option)</i> CANCELED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The pending action for *cmdname* option *option* has been canceled for the session *session_id*. This message is issued when an error occurs that causes XRC not to be able to process the command at the specified time. It can also occur if the last volume pair in the session has been either deleted or suspended by an XRC command or an XRC error.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See the previous XRC message to determine the reason the pending action has been canceled. If you want to issue the XEND or XSUSPEND command, reissue the command with the IMMEDIATE option. If the command was canceled as a result of a master cancel command, reference the [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) "Extended Remote Copy TSO Command Descriptions," to determine the action to take.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5115E | XSET (option(value)) FAILED FOR SESSION(session_id) RC = return_code REAS = reason_code |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET keyword *option* with value *value* has been specified for session *session_id*. The value specified is invalid. The reason for the error is identified by the specified return code and reason code.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

As a result of the error, the function requested by the XSET command is not performed. The most likely cause is that an invalid value has been specified for the option. Correct the error and reissue the command. If you issued the command and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5116E | XSET FAILED FOR SESSION(session_id), RC = return_code REAS = reason_code |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSET command has failed for session *session_id* with return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return code. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5117E | XRC VOLUME INITIALIZATION ENCOUNTERED A PHYSICAL VOLUME ERROR ON VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) at CCCCCCH OF <i>cccCCCCCH</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XRC volume synchronization or resynchronization function has encountered a physical I/O error while initializing volume *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) at the CCHH specified by *cchh*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Run the ICKDSF utility program to analyze the error at the specified CCHH on the volume experiencing the error. You might need to issue an XDELPAIR command to remove the volume from the session before running ICKDSF. Correct the error and issue the XADDPAIR command to add the volume pair to the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5118E | ERROR DETECTED FOR DEVICE <i>device_number</i> UNDER STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>), REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error is detected for device *device_number* running under XRC session *session_id*. The XRC session has been active under storage control session *session_number*. The reason code for the error is given by *reason_code*, as follows:

Reason

Description

3

The number of entries in the cache has exceeded the supported limit, which is 16K entries. The data mover has not read from the storage control for at least the timeout interval specified. The storage control session has been canceled; all XRC volume pairs associated with this storage control must be reinitialized. XRC will automatically initiate a request to dump the ANTAS*nnn* address space.

5

The storage control has encountered an internal error. The XRC session is canceled.

System action

XRC functions for volumes under this storage control are ended.

System programmer response

This error can occur as a result of several configuration problems, as follows:

- Verify that the journal and control data sets are set up correctly. See *z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services* for additional details.
- Verify that secondary volume I/O activity can be supported by the configuration. Verify that the secondary volumes are attached to storage controls with sufficient NVS, and that DASD fast write is active.
- Verify that the storage control cache size is adequate to support the primary volume update rate.
- Verify that the host configuration can support the XRC activity. You might need to allocate more expanded storage to support the XRC work load.

If all configuration conditions appear to be correct, search problem reporting data bases for a solution for the problem. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the console log and a dump of the ANTASnnn address space at the time when the error occurs.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5119E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR PROCESSING STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i> SESSION <i>session_number</i>, RC=<i>return_code</i>, REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message might occur when an operation suspends an XRC storage control session ID. Or it might reflect an error condition.

The XRC session identified by *session_id* has encountered an error while it processed the storage control session specified by *ssid* in session *session_number*. The processing ended with the specified return code and reason code. If multiple storage control sessions exist for the storage control, you might receive a message for each session that is based on the scope of the error. All volume pairs having primary devices on the indicated storage control will be suspended.

Following an error that suspends all volumes, reader activity pauses while device suspension is completed. During this period, storage control sessions with significant residual counts might be suspended by either the system data mover or the storage subsystem. The completion of these suspensions might take several minutes after the ANTX8120I for "all volumes suspended" message. Message ANTX5119E with RC=647 and message ANTV8107I for the associated XRCUTL volume accompany the suspensions.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message might be the result of an event that suspends XRC volumes. The MODIFY SUSSESS and XSWAP PREPARE functions are two examples of operations that might result in this message. Determine whether there is an event that causes an expected session suspension. If not, see ["Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes" on page 1452](#) for an explanation of the return and reason codes.

Based on the return and reason codes, volumes that are attached to the specified storage control can not be processing normally. Gather diagnostic information; if volume pairs were suspended, add the suspended volume pairs back into the XRC session after you have corrected the error. If this is not possible, you can be forced to suspend the active session or cancel the particular ANTASnnn address space, restart the session, and reissue the XADDPAIR command for all volumes that are associated with the reported session. This will require a full-volume synchronization of these volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX5120W**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) STATUS FOR STORAGE CONTROL *ssid*,
SESSION *session_number* CANNOT BE DETERMINED**

Explanation

XRC has not been able to reestablish the session specified by *session_number* on storage control *ssid* and in XRC session *session_id*. If multiple storage control sessions exist for the storage control, you can receive a message for each session based on the state of the storage control.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This condition can or can not be a problem. The data mover is currently unable to communicate with the storage control and cannot determine if the specified session is active or not. This condition can be due to a loss of a path from the data mover system to the specified storage control. If this is the case, restore the path to resolve the situation and allow data mover activity on the storage control to continue normally. If paths are active and this message has been received, a GTF trace of data mover I/O to the storage control can be required to diagnose the problem. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, provide the GTF trace, SYSLOG, and any associated LOGREC information to IBM for problem diagnosis.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX5121E**XSET TIMEOUT(*value*) SSID(*ssid*) SCSESSION(*session*) FAILED FOR
SESSION(*session_id*), RC=*return_code*, REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

An XSET command with the specified **TIMEOUT**, **SSID**, and **SCSESSION** values has failed for session *session_id*. See the specified return code and reason code for additional information.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

As a result of the error, the function requested by the XSET command is not performed. The most likely cause is that an invalid value has been specified for the option. Correct the error and reissue the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX5123W**I/O REQUEST FOR DEVICE *device_number* HAS TIMED OUT, FUNC=
*function_code***

Explanation

I/O for device *device_number* did not complete in the allotted time. This message can result when a storage control session has a large enough number of updated records in cache that it cannot process a read or a write I/O without affecting the application, or if there are no paths available to the device. If XRC is running in a channel extender environment, this error can indicate that an extended line-outage condition has occurred.

The I/O can be a read or a write command, either from primary volumes or to secondary volumes. The reason for the error, by *function_code*, is as follows:

| <i>function_code</i> | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | Creating a storage control session |
| 2 | Adding a volume to a storage control session during volume initialization, or changing device blocking threshold. |
| 3 | Reading tracks during volume synchronization |
| 4 | Writing tracks during volume synchronization |
| 5 | Reading updated records from a storage control session |
| 6 | Writing updated records to a secondary volume |
| 7 | Removing a volume from a storage control session |
| 8 | Ending a storage control session |
| 9 | Retrieving storage control session information |
| 10 | Suspending a volume |
| 11 – 15 | Retrieving storage control session information |
| 17 | Retrieving storage control session information |
| 18 | Retrieving storage control session bitmap for a device |
| 20 | Adding a volume to a storage control session during volume resynchronization |
| 21 | Changing device blocking threshold. |
| 22 | I/O timeout retrieving write pacing information |

System action

The operation that is doing the I/O is failed. If the I/O is associated with data movement, XRC can suspend volumes as a result. XQUERY report data fields can also contain asterisks for data that could not be retrieved from the storage control.

System programmer response

Use the DEVSERV command to determine and correct the cause of the delay to XRC I/O operations.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Explanation

I/O for device *device_number* on storage control *ssid* storage control session *session_number* did not complete in the allotted time. This message can result when a storage control session has a large enough number of updated records in cache that it cannot process a read or a write I/O without affecting the application. If XRC is running in a channel extender environment, this error can indicate that an extended line-outage condition has occurred. The I/O can be a read or a write command, either from primary volumes or to secondary volumes. The reason for the error, by *function_code*, is as follows:

function_code

Description

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1 | Creating a storage control session |
| 2 | Adding a volume to a storage control session |
| 3 | Reading tracks during volume synchronization |
| 4 | Writing tracks during volume synchronization |
| 5 | Reading updated records from a storage control session |
| 6 | Writing updated records to a secondary volume |
| 7 | Removing a volume from a storage control session |
| 8 | Ending a storage control session |
| 9 | Retrieving storage control session information |
| 10 | Suspending a volume |
| 11 – 15 | Retrieving storage control session information |
| 16 | Changing device blocking threshold |
| 17 | Retrieving storage control session information |

System action

The operation that is doing the I/O is failed. If the I/O is associated with data movement, XRC can suspend volumes as a result. XQUERY report data fields can also contain asterisks for data that could not be retrieved from the storage control.

System programmer response

Use the DEVSERV command to determine and correct the cause of the delay to XRC I/O operations. If *function_code* is **8**, it can be necessary to use the TERMSESS operation to end storage control session *session_number*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5125E | XSET(option1(value1) option2(value2)) FAILED FOR SESSION(session_id), RC=return_code REAS=reason_code |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET keywords *option1* and *option2* with values *value1* and *value2*, respectively, have been specified for session *session_id*. The values that are specified are invalid. The reason for the error is identified by the specified return code and reason code.

System action

Correct the parameters and re-execute the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5126E | XSET DVCBLOCK(setting) VOLUME(volume) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR FOR SESSION(session_name), RC=return_code, REAS=reason_code |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSET command was issued for *volume* (*volume-serial/device-number*) specifying the DVCBLOCK parameter setting of *setting*. The indicated device blocking setting was not applied to the specified volume in session *session_name* because an error was encountered processing the request. The return code *return_code* and reason code *reason_code* indicate the error that occurred.

An asterisk (*) in place of the first digit of device numbers in the message indicates that the failing command is issued using a 4-digit device number, and the device is not in the configuration or cannot be found in the XRC control blocks.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the error that was encountered. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5127E | XSET REFRESHP SSID(ssid) FAILED FOR SESSION(session_id), RC=return_code, REAS=reason_code |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The data mover was unable to refresh the attributes of the specified storage controller.

System action

Storage controller attribute information remains unchanged. The data mover will continue processing any additional controllers requested on the command.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and retry the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5129E | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ERROR ASSOCIATING SWAP VOLUME(<i>swapdev</i>) SCSESSION(<i>sid</i>) WITH PRIMARY VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) SCSESSION(<i>sid</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The primary volume, *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib), cannot be associated with swap device number, *swapdev*, because the scid of the primary is not available for the *swapdev*.

System action

Determine which SCID is required using XQUERY VOLUME(*volser*) SWAP, and then use this in the command F ANTAS000, LISTDVCS *swapdev* scid to determine if you can terminate that session. If not, you will need to delete the volume and re-add so that SDM will register an unused SCID from the primary to the *swapdev*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5130W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) XDELPAIR ERROR REMOVING XRC SESSION FROM SWAP VOLUME(<i>swapdev</i>) SCID(<i>sid</i>) ASSOCIATED WITH PRIMARY VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC was unable to remove the indicated swap volume associated with primary volume *volume* (*volume-serial*, *device-number*, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) from the indicated physical storage controller session ID. This may cause impact to applications or prevent the volume from being used for XRC or other copy services, depending on the status of the volume. The *swapdev* is specified by a string with the following format:

nnn

where *nnn* is the device number of the volume.

An *rc* value of 4086 indicates the primary volume is either not connected or not in the configuration.

A *reas* value of 4086 indicates the swap volume is either not connected or not in the configuration.

System action

XRC functions are active. The XDELPAIR command succeeds and the primary and secondary volume pair is removed from the XRC session, but the swap XRC session(s) remains activated for the swap volume.

System programmer response

Since the swap sessions will not be cleaned up automatically, the F ANTAS000,TERMSESS command(s) will need to be issued for each of the affected sessions. In addition, if this warning was issued as a result of an XEND after an unsuccessful transition from mode normal to mode HYPER-PPRC, all of the sessions in an ER group (as observed with an F ANTAS000,LISTSESS command) may need to be manually terminated on the swap device even though only a subset of swap utilities were added.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5131W | XSWAP OPERATION ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) MAY REQUIRE FULL RESYNCHRONIZATION FOR <i>nnnnn</i> VOLUMES |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

If a HyperSwap was performed, some volumes in the XRC session might require full resynchronization.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Determine if the HyperSwap operation should proceed despite the effects of having to fully resynchronize some volumes. This action might be predetermined and embedded in the Geographically Dispersed Parallel Sysplex® (GDPS) setup. For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5132W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ENCOUNTERED AN ERROR REPLICATING A BITMAP OPERATION FROM PRIMARY VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) TO SWAP VOLUME(<i>swapdev</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A bitmap operation, which is triggered by reaching the threshold specified by the ChangedTracks or DelayTime parameter, was unable to be mirrored from primary volume *volume* (*volume-serial*, *device-number*, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) to the swap volume.

System action

XRC functions are active.If a HyperSwap operation occurred, one or more volumes require full resynchronization from the swap volume to the remote volume.

System programmer response

Using information pertaining to the reported return code, determine and perform the actions necessary to restore the ability to mirror bitmap operations. If incremental resynchronization is required by local operations, refrain from using the HyperSwap function if possible until the problem is corrected.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5133E | XSWAP operation OPERATION ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) DETECTED ERROR FOR STORAGE CONTROL(<i>ssid</i>) SCSESSION(<i>sid</i>), RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reass</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A GDPS function resulted in this operation being performed. The XSWAP operation detected an error. Refer to the return code description and for more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

System action

The GDPS operation reports an error.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5134E | XSWAP operation OPERATION ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) DETECTED ERROR FOR primary, secondary, or swap VOLUME(<i>volume</i>), RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A GDPS function resulted in this operation being performed. The XSWAP operation detected an error. Refer to the return code description and for more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704. The volume *volume* is indicated by *volume-serial*, *device-number*, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib.

System action

GDPS operation reports an error.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5135W | XSWAP PERFORM ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) FAILED TO SWAP VOLUMES FOR <i>nnnnn</i> STORAGE CONTROL SESSIONS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A GDPS function resulted in this operation being performed. The XSWAP operation detected an error. Refer to the return code description and for more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

System action

The XRC session state does not change.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5136E | <i>cmdname</i> KEYWORD <i>keyword</i> ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) DETECTED ERROR FOR DEVN(<i>devnum</i>), RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XRC command had an error with using a device number as input.

System action

The command fails.

System programmer response

Refer to the return code description.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5138W | ALLOWENHANCEDREADER(NO) IN EFFECT FOR XRC SESSION(<i>sessid</i>) WITH SCSESSION IN ENHANCED MODE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The current value of the AllowEnhancedReader parameter is NO, the former value was YES, and at least one SCSESSION in enhanced multiple reader mode existed. The effect of this parameter change will turn off the enhanced multiple reader function.

System action

XSTART completes successfully.

System programmer response

If the change of AllowEnhancedReader from YES to NO is correct, follow the procedure in [*z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services*](#) for the enhanced multiple reader disablement before continuing with volume resynchronization through the XADDPAIR command. If the parameter change is incorrect, issue the XSUSPEND command with TIMEOUT parameter, update the PARMLIB, and issue XSTART command again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5139E | XSWAP PERFORM FAILED FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) BECAUSE XRC IS NOT SUSPENDED RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A GDPS function resulted in this operation being attempted. The XSWAP operation detected an error. Refer to the return code description and for more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

System action

The XSWAP operation is not performed.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5140E | XSET UTILITY(FLOAT) FAILED BECAUSE FLOATING UTILITIES NOT ALLOWED FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session is in a condition that does not allow floating utilities to be used.

System action

XRC functions remain active, and the UTILITY parameter is not updated.

System programmer response

If multiple parameters were specified on the command, reissue the command without the FLOAT parameter.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5141E | XRC SESSION(<i>sessname</i>) CANNOT ASSOCIATE SWAP DEVICE(<i>swapdev</i>) WITH PRIMARY DEVICE(<i>pdevnum</i>) DUE TO SCIDS(<i>scid_list</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

sessname

The name of the XRC session.

swapdev

The device number of the swap device.

pdevnum

The device number of the primary device.

scid_list

A comma separated list of storage control session ID's.

When the XADDPAIR command is processing in an XRC-IR configuration (MODE set to HYPER-PPRC), an error was encountered trying to assign storage control session ID's (SCID's) to the swap volume matching the SCID's in use on the primary volume. The SCID's listed in the message are the session numbers that were not available for use on the swap volume.

System action

See message ANTA5107E for the reason why the XADDPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Determine whether the conflicting SCID's can be removed from the swap volume without impacting other copy services. It is likely that no impact will result from removal because the swap volume is usually the target of a PPRC relationship or a utility volume containing no user data. But determining the status of the session is recommended. If the conflicting SCID's can be removed safely, use the MODIFY TERMSESS command to terminate the SCID's and make them available for use by XRC. After the SCID's are made available to XRC, reissue the XADDPAIR command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5142E | XRC SESS(<i>sessname</i>) CANNOT ASSOCIATE PDEVNUM(<i>pdevnum</i>) SSID(<i>primssid</i>) WITH SWAPDEV(<i>swapdev</i>) SSID(<i>swapssid</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

sessname

The name of the XRC session.

swapdev

The device number of the swap device.

pdevnum

The device number of the primary device.

primssid

The subsystem ID (SSID) of the primary device.

swapssid

The SSID of the swap device.

During the XADDPAIR command processing in an XRC-IR configuration (MODE set to HYPER-PPRC), an unsupported configuration was encountered. Another primary SSID is already associated with the SSID of the swap device input to this command. See message ANTX5143E for more information.

System action

See message ANTA5107E for the reason why the XADDPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Two different primary SSID's cannot be associated with the same swap SSID. A 1:1 configuration of primary to swap SSID's is required. Determine the correct configuration. If the existing volume pair is in error, delete it using XDELPAIR. Reissue the XADDPAIR commands with correct volumes specified.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5143E | DIFFERENT PRIMARY SSID(<i>primssid</i>) IS ALREADY ASSOCIATED WITH SWAP SSID(<i>swapssid</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

primssid

The subsystem ID (SSID) of the primary device that is already associated with the swap device specified on the XADDPAIR command.

swapssid

The SSID of the swap device.

During the XADDPAIR command processing in an XRC-IR configuration (MODE set to HYPER-PPRC), an unsupported configuration was encountered. Another primary SSID is already associated with the SSID of the swap device input to this command.

System action

See message ANTA5107E for the reason why the XADDPAIR command fails.

System programmer response

Two different primary SSID's cannot be associated with the same swap SSID. A 1:1 configuration of primary to swap SSID's is required. Determine the correct configuration. If the existing volume pair is in error, delete it using XDELPAIR. Reissue the XADDPAIR commands with correct volumes specified.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5144W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) HAS UNAVAILABLE DEVICES ON SWAP SSID (<i>ssid</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has detected that some or all of the SWAP volumes associated with *ssid* are not attached to the SDM system, and are now unavailable to XRC.

Note: Only one message per SWAP *ssid* for the duration of an active data mover will be displayed.

System action

All XRC functions for the swap volumes for the *ssid* will not act on the swap volumes.

System programmer response

Reattach the SWAP volumes to the SDM system. Suspend and restart the datamover, then issue the XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command to resync the volumes. A successful reattach of all swap devices will result in a ANTX5145I message, indicating that all swap devices have been rediscovered by XRC. Attention: Until SWAP volumes are reattached, do not issue any commands that would change the status of the swap volumes.

Commands that change the status of the swaps are XDELPAIR, XADDPAIR of new volumes, and changes to the number of active readers. Failure to follow these instructions may result in inconsistencies between the primary and swap sessions, and may require deletion of all XRC volumes in an *ssid* and a full volume resynchronization of all affected volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5145I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) SWAP SSID (<i>ssid</i>) NOW HAS ALL DEVICES AVAILABLE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has detected that the SWAP volumes associated with *ssid* have been reattached to the SDM system, and are now available to XRC.

System action

All XRC functions for the swap volumes are now available.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX5146E**XSET *parameter(value)* SSID(*ssid*) SCSESSION(*session*) SCID(*scid*)
FAILED FOR SESSION(*session_id*), RC=*return_code*, REAS=*reason_code***

Explanation

An XSET command with the specified *parameter* (TIMEOUT or SUSLBUSY with SSID, SCSESSION, and SCID values) has failed for session *session_id*. See the specified return code and reason code for additional information.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

As a result of the error, the function requested by the XSET command is not performed. The most likely cause is that an invalid value has been specified for the option. Correct the error and reissue the command.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

ANTX5150E**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) HAS STALLED, REASON=*reason***

Explanation

The XRC session identified by *session_id* has stopped moving data, for the reason indicated.

Reason

Description

- 1** Data mover is waiting for currently allocated buffers to become available, and wait limit has been exceeded.
- 2** Data mover is waiting for newly allocated buffers to become available, and wait limit has been exceeded.

System action

The XRC data mover address space is dumped, and then cancelled. An additional dump might also be produced with title COMPON=VSM,COMPID=SC1CH,ISSUER=IGVGVRGN,
ABEND=C78.

System programmer response

Look into SYSLOG for preceding ANTX8117I messages to determine the source of delay.

- If delay is detected at journal or secondary data set, look for problems with the secondary disk subsystem. Delay at journal might also be a symptom of journal data sets being allocated with an insufficient number of cylinders.
- If delay is detected at buffers, the cause might be that ReaderPacingWindow, ReadPacingLimit, and MaxTracksRead parmlib values are too high relative to the TotalBuffers value and the number of readers in the session.
- If the root cause of the delay is not apparent, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the SYSLOG and ISSUER=ANTXBEAR SVC dump.

Following this error, you can restart the XRC session and add suspended volumes again according to normal operating procedures.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5151E | <i>cmdname</i> COMMAND OPTION(<i>option</i>) IS NO LONGER SUPPORTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The indicated XRC command no longer supports the indicated option.

System action

The command is not processed.

System programmer response

Remove the command option or replace it with a supported option, and reissue the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5171W | WORKLOAD BASED WRITE PACING IS NOT ENABLED FOR XRC SESSION(<i>sessid</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During the processing of a XSET PARMLIB command for an XRC session, the WorkloadWritePacing parameter was found in PARMLIB. The parameter was not present when the session was previously started with the XSTART command.

System action

The XSET PARMLIB command succeeds, but PARMLIB parameter WorkloadWritePacing is not applied to the session.

System programmer response

To enable workload based write pacing, shut down the session using XSUSPEND TIMEOUT, then restart the session using XSTART. If workload based write pacing is not desired, remove the parameter from the PARMLIB member and reissue the XSET PARMLIB command.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5172W | CHANGE TO WORKLOADWRITEPACING(DISABLED) FAILED BECAUSE XRC SESSION(<i>sessid</i>) IS ACTIVE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During the processing of a XSET PARMLIB command for an XRC session, the WorkloadWritePacing parameter was found in PARMLIB with value DISABLED. This function cannot be disabled while the XRC session is active.

System action

The XSET PARMLIB command succeeds, but PARMLIB parameter WorkloadWritePacing is not applied to the session.

System programmer response

If the desired effect is to disable the function, the session must be suspended with XSUSPEND TIMEOUT, WorkloadWritePacing(DISABLED) specified in the PARMLIB, then restarted with XSTART.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5173W | XRC SSID(ssid) SCSESSION(scsession) IN SESSION(sessid) USING VOLUME(volser/devnum) NOT WORKLOAD BASED WRITE PACING CAPABLE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The WorkloadWritePacing parameter found in PARMLIB is enabled for XRC session denoted by *sessid*, but during an XADDPAIR or an XSET it was found that the volume denoted by *volser/device*, is not on a controller that is capable of workload based write pacing. This message will only be issued for a primary utility volume.

System action

The XADDPAIR command succeeds, but the volume will not participate in workload based write pacing. Instead, it will either participate in blocking, no blocking, or write pacing at the volume level as specified with the DVCBLOCK keyword on XADDPAIR.

System programmer response

If the desired effect is to participate in workload based write pacing, then move the contents of the volume onto a controller that is capable of workload based write pacing.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5174W | XRC VOLUME(volser/devnum) IN SESSION(sessid) CONVERTED FROM DVCBLOCK(dvcblock1) TO DVCBLOCK(dvcblock2) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The WorkloadWritePacing parameter found in PARMLIB is enabled for XRC session, denoted by *sessid*, and during an XADDPAIR or XSET, to maintain compatibility with workload based write pacing. The volume denoted by *volser/device* was automatically converted from *dvcblock1* to *dvcblock2*, and WrtPacingResidualCnt will be used as the threshold instead of DeviceBlockingThreshld. The typical scenario is where *dvcblock1* is ON and *dvcblock2* is WPdescretionary where descretionary is the sixth level defined in WLM.

System action

The XADDPAIR or XSET command succeeds, but the volume will not use DVCBLOCK(*dvcblock1*). Instead, the volume will participate in workload based write pacing on z/OS systems enabled with WorkloadWritePacing, and volume level DVCBLOCK(*dvcblock2*) on other application systems like z/VM or Linux on IBM Z.

Note: WrtPacingResidualCnt will be used as the threshold instead of DeviceBlockingThreshold. This results in XRC using DVCBLOCK(*dvcblock2*) for the specified *volser/device* until explicitly updated using either an XSET or XADDPAIR.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

ANTX5175W

**ENHANCED READER UTILITY DEVICE *device-number* IN SESSION
session-id OFFLINE STATE DETECTED**

Explanation

An XRC utility device with device number *device-number* was originally added online. XRC has detected that the volume has been varied offline.

System action

The volume is placed in F-SYS state.

System programmer response

To vary the device back online, you must do one of the following:

- Issue XDEL for the device, vary it online, then issue XADD to add it back into the session.
- Issue XSUSPEND TIMEOUT, vary the device back online, then issue XSTART.

Source

Extended Remote Copy (XRC).

ANTX5404E

**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) *cmdname* COMMAND FAILED, COUPLED TO
MSESSION(*msession_id*)**

Explanation

The XRC command *cmdname* is not allowed because the XRC session *session_id* is in a coupled state to master session *msession_id*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Either use the master session name, or issue XCOUPLE DELETE to remove the session from the master session and reissue the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX5700W

**XRC SESSION(*sessionid*) SCSESSION(*scsession*) VOLUME(*volumes*)
RPFC DISABLED – SSID(*ssid*) INCAPABLE**

Explanation

The RemotePairFlashCopy parameter was specified in PARMLIB and the function is enabled for the XRC session, *sessionid*. However, during processing of an XADDPAIR operation, volumes were encountered that are not attached to a controller that is capable of Remote Pair FlashCopy. The volumes, *volumes*, are indicated by:

- *volser/device-number*
- *primary-volser/primary-device-number,swap-volser/swap-device-number*, for mode(hyper-pprc).

The devices that are not capable of Remote Pair FlashCopy are listed by SSID.
This message is not issued for auxiliary utility volumes.

System action

The XADDPAIR command succeeds, but the volume does not participate in Remote Pair FlashCopy.

System programmer response

If the desired effect is for the volumes to participate in Remote Pair FlashCopy, then move the contents of the primary or swap volume onto a controller that is capable of Remote Pair FlashCopy.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5701E | FLASHCOPY <i>location type</i> VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) IN SESSION(<i>session-id</i>) <i>reason</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy has been performed between a primary source volume and a primary target volume. However, the corresponding FlashCopy between the secondary source volume and the secondary target volume cannot be performed.

location

Is PRIMARY or SECONDARY.

type

Is the type of volume, either SOURCE or TARGET.

volser/dvcnbr

Is the FlashCopy source or target volume.

session-id

is the session ID of the XRC session.

reason

is the reason for the error.

System action

A FlashCopy command is not executed between the secondary source and target volumes.

System programmer response

Try the FlashCopy command again when the primary source and target volumes are in duplex.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5702E | FLASHCOPY SECONDARY TARGET VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) IN SESSION(<i>session-id</i>) ON DIFFERENT CONTROLLER THAN SECONDARY SOURCE VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy has been performed between a primary source volume and a primary target volume. However, the corresponding FlashCopy between the secondary source volume and the secondary target volume cannot be performed.

volser/dvcnbr

Are the FlashCopy secondary target and source volumes.

session-id

is the session ID of the XRC session.

System action

A FlashCopy command is not executed between the secondary source and target volumes.

System programmer response

Try the FlashCopy command again with the secondary source and target volumes in the same controller.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX5703W | FLASHCOPY <i>fc_copy location type</i>VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) IN SESSION(<i>session-id</i>) reason |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A FlashCopy has been performed between a primary source volume and a primary target volume. However, the corresponding FlashCopy between the secondary source volume and the secondary target volume cannot be performed.

fc_type

is ESTABLISH or WITHDRAW.

location

Is PRIMARY or SECONDARY.

type

Is the type of volume, either SOURCE or TARGET.

volser/dvcnbr

Are the FlashCopy source and target volumes.

session-id

is the session ID of the XRC session.

reason

Is the reason for the warning.

System action

A FlashCopy command is not executed between the secondary source and target volumes.

System programmer response

Re-issue the FlashCopy command:

- For reason IS A UTILITY VOLUME, select a different primary target.
- For reason NOT CURRENTLY IN DUPLEX, issue the FlashCopy command when the primary target volume pair are in duplex.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX5704I | XRC SESSION(<i>session-id</i>) SCSESSION(<i>scsession</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) SUSPEND ON LONG BUSY <i>status</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

During the processing of an XADDPAIR or XSTART operation for a suspended session, the volume indicated by *volser/dvcnbr* was found to have a different value for the suspend on long busy setting than what was specified in PARMLIB parameter SuspendOnLongBusy. To match the value in PARMLIB, the suspend on long busy setting is either ENABLED or DISABLED for the storage control session *scsession* in XRC session *session-id* with SSID *ssid*. If the storage control microcode supports the suspend on long busy function, enabling it causes the microcode to automatically suspend the storage control session, rather than raising extended long busy when sidefile limits are exceeded. If the storage control microcode does not support the suspend on long busy function, enabling it causes the data mover to suspend a storage control session as soon as it detects an extended long busy condition due to sidefile limits being exceeded. Storage control sessions that do not support suspension are terminated.

System action

The XADDPAIR or XSTART command succeeds with the suspend on long busy function enabled or disabled.

System programmer response

If the desired effect is different from what the message indicates, issue an XSET command using keyword SUSLBUSY to enable or disable the suspend on long busy function.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8030W | XRC ENCOUNTERED USER DATA WITH NO TIMESTAMP ON VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) AT CCCCCCCH OF <i>cccCCCCCH</i>. THE NUMBER OF TRACKS WITH NO TIMESTAMP = <i>tracks</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

User data updates without timestamps have been made to the primary XRC volume *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib). The CCHH being updated is *cchh*. The number of tracks updated is *tracks*. XRC places the non-timestamped updates on the secondary volume. Be aware that, without a timestamp on the record, applications that do dependent record updates on multiple volumes attached to different storage controls can experience temporary data out-of-synchronization situations.

This message is first issued when X'101' (decimal 257) non-timestamped updates are processed for a volume. Subsequent occurrences of the message are controlled by the value of XRC PARMLIB setting NoTimeStampCount. For information on NoTimeStampCount, see the section on administering your extended remote copy environment in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message is issued periodically if a significant number of non-timestamped updates are made. The message can be issued if:

- Application systems making updates to XRC-managed volumes do not provide timestamp support. Timestamp support can be missing from non-MVS systems.
- Application programs making updates to XRC-managed volumes bypass the standard MVS IOS interfaces to perform their I/O operation. In this case, change the application programs to provide timestamp support.
- A system paging volume is being managed by the XRC data mover. The paging subsystem uses certain functions that bypass normal I/O timestamping, which then causes the ANTX8030W message to be issued for

volumes containing system paging data sets. All data has been properly applied to the secondary volumes, and this message can be ignored.

- Concurrent Copy processing for the volume or data sets on the volume starts or stops at the same time an update is being recorded by XRC. This would be most likely to occur when many data sets on a volume are processed by Concurrent Copy.
- SUPPRESSTIMESTAMP parameter in ANTGIN00 parmlib member is defined as YES.
- Updates are made to XRC-managed volumes during IPL, before the ANTAS000 address space has completed initialization. Updates made during IPL are normally not timestamped to protect the system from incorrect timestamp values that may be present before Server Time Protocol (STP) synchronization, and do not normally represent an error or indicate inconsistent data.

If SUPPRESSTIMESTAMP parameter in ANTGIN00 parmlib member is not defined as YES and all data updates are correctly timestamped and the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and a GTF trace of related system and XRC activity to the volume or volumes that encounter the error.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8032W | ALL XRC JOURNALS FULL, WAITING FOR SECONDARY UPDATES TO FREE JOURNAL SPACE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC journal data sets are full. Processing of additional primary updates cannot occur until journal space is released. This condition can occur as a result of peak load processing.

System action

Primary updates are not journaled until the full journal condition is relieved and message ANTX8033I is received.

System programmer response

This message means that updates to secondary volumes have fallen behind updates to primary volumes. If ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) is specified, all XRC volume pairs can have become suspended from the session. If ERRORLEVEL(VOLUME) or ERRORLEVEL(*group_name*) is specified, one or more sets of volumes can have become suspended.

This error can be due to a configuration problem where secondary processing cannot keep up with primary processing. In this case, verify that the journal data sets are large enough. If necessary, increase the size of the existing journal data sets, make them striped, or allocate more journal data sets. Ensure that secondary volumes are properly configured to minimize channel path and device contention, and are attached to storage controls with fast write active.

See [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for additional details. If all configuration conditions appear to be correct, search problem reporting data bases for a solution for the problem. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8033I | XRC JOURNAL FULL CONDITION RELIEVED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The condition detected by ANT8032I has been alleviated. Normal XRC copy operations continue.

System action

XRC copy operations continue.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8034W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) COULD NOT DELETE STATE DATA SET MEMBER <i>membername</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC attempted to delete the state data set member *membername* for the session *session_id*, but the member was not deleted.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Delete the specified member from the associated state data set for the specified session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8035I | <i>device_number</i> STORAGE CONTROL STATE SAVE REQUESTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC has detected that a storage control diagnostic state save should be taken. *device_number* is the device that will be used to send the request to the storage control. The state save will not actually be taken unless flag SCTRAP is on.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8036I | <i>device_number</i> STORAGE CONTROL STATE SAVE <i>status</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

XRC detected that a storage control diagnostic state save was requested via device *device_number*. If fewer than 5 digits were specified for the device number when the request was issued, the command is issued to the device that is currently logically in subchannel set 0. If a HyperSwap has occurred, this could be the device that was physically defined in an alternate subchannel set.

SCHEDULED

The storage control diagnostic state save has been sent to storage control.

SUPPRESSED

The storage control diagnostic state save request was not sent because a previous state save was requested within a 24 hour period.

NOT_ALLOWED

The storage control diagnostic state save was not sent because either the SCTRAP or the SCTRAP2 values were set to NO.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the status indicates SUPPRESSED, you can reset the timestamp for the appropriate storage control by specifying either RESET or RESET2 on the MVS MODIFY command. If the status indicates NOT_ALLOWED, you can change the value of SCTRAP or SCTRAP2 by specifying YES on the appropriate MVS MODIFY command. See Appendix A in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for details on the use of these MVS MODIFY command options.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTX8037W | <i>device_number</i> NON-DISRUPTIVE STATE SAVE result |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

A non-disruptive storage control diagnostic state save was requested; result indicates the status of the request, as follows:

NOT AVAILABLE

Non-Disruptive State Save is not supported by the storage control associated with *device_number*.

SCHEDULED

A Non-Disruptive State Save request was accepted by the storage control.

FAILED reason

The Non-Disruptive State Save request failed for the reason indicated. A standard state save may be attempted instead.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

ANTX8040W**ABNORMAL TIMESTAMP JUMP SESSION(*sid*) ADDRSPACE(ANTAS*nnn*)
SSID(*ssid*) CCA(*cca*) CCCCCCCH(*ccccccch*) PREVIOUS(*prev_timestamp*)
CURRENT(*curr_timestamp*) TIF(*TIF*)**

Explanation

XRC has detected an invalid jump between the timestamps of the previous and current recordsets; either the time has jumped forward more than one year, or the time has gone backwards.

sid

is the XRC session name, ANTAS*nnn* the XRC address space.

ssid* and *cca

are the SSID & CCA of the device being updated.

ccccccch

is the disk address of the record being updated.

prev_timestamp

is the time (in STCK format) from the previous record and *curr_timestamp* is the time (in STCK format) of the current record.

TIF

is the Track Information Field and is for use by IBM Support.

For a backward jump, a 9C4-40 abend and suspension of the XRC session will result.

For a forward time jump, a 9C4-E0 abend and suspension of the XRC session may result.

System action

XRC processing may be suspended.

System programmer response

Contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log, LOGREC, and any SVC dumps of the ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that were active. In addition, identify any state saves that were taken on the affected storage controllers.

If the forward timestamp jump is expected, the IBM Support Center can provide a bypass so that the session does not suspend when such a jump is detected.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8050I**XRC SESSION(*session_id*) NOT ACTIVE. ISSUE XSTART COMMAND**

Explanation

An extended remote copy (XRC) command has been issued for session *session_id*, but the session is not active.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

Enter an XSTART command to start an XRC session and reenter this command. If an XRC session is currently ending, wait for the session to end and then issue the XSTART command. If the session fails to end within five minutes, issue MODIFY ANTAS*nnn*,DUMP and then cancel the ANTAS*nnn* address space. If the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS*nnn* address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8051I**NO ACTIVE XRC SESSIONS. ISSUE XSTART COMMAND**

Explanation

The XQUERY or XEND command has been entered with the reserved session name *ALL*. There are no active XRC sessions.

System action

XRC functions are inactive.

System programmer response

Enter the XSTART command to start an XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8052I**UCB PINNED BY ANT COMPONENT DF117**

Explanation

The device defined by the UCB is currently in use by the system data mover function.

System action

XRC or concurrent copy function is active.

System programmer response

The device is active as a primary volume or a secondary volume in an XRC session. To reconfigure the volume for an XRC session:

- Issue an XDELPAIR command for the volume (or for the corresponding primary volume if this is a secondary volume) to remove the device from the session.
- Complete the reconfiguration.
- Issue the XADDPAIR command, with the default copy option, to return the volume pair to XRC control.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8054W**XRC STATE DATA SET FULL FOR SESSION(*sessionid*). MONITORD
DISABLED**

Explanation

XRC attempts to write XRC monitor data to the state data set for session *sessionid*, but a data set full condition was detected for the state data set. The gathering of XRC monitor data has been disabled. The setting for the console command CTFLG MONITORD is set to OFF.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Allocate another named state data set, which is larger than your current state data set, and reissue the appropriate XSUSPEND commands to suspend your sessions. Copy your current state data set to the new state data set. Rename the current state data set to another unique name, then rename the new state data set to the old state data set name. Issue the XSTART command and appropriate XADD commands to resume your session. To ensure that you have allocated sufficient space for XRC monitor data, issue the console command FANTAS001,CTFLG MONITOR ON. If XRC processing is successful with the new state data set, you can delete the old state data set.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8060I**MANAGED BY XRC SESSION(*session*)**

Explanation

The device that the system is trying to delete is currently managed by XRC session. You cannot delete a device that is managed by an XRC session from the I/O configuration.

In the message text:

session

The session name for the XRC session managing the device being deleted.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device is managed as a primary volume, secondary volume, or a swap volume in an XRC session. To either delete or move the device, you must remove it from the XRC session by doing one of the following:

- To free all the devices from a session for reconfiguration without removing the XRC configuration on the control units, issue the XSUSPEND TIMEOUT command, and then restart when reconfigured. For example, you might want to do this in order to move to different device numbers or LPARs.
- To delete a primary, secondary, or swap volume remove the pair or triplet from XRC using the XDELPAIR command for the corresponding primary volume.
- To delete all the swap volumes associated with an XRC session do the following:
 1. Change the MODE from HYPER-PPRC to NORMAL.
 2. Issue the XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command for the volume pair to remove the swap volumes from the XRC session using GDPS.
- To delete all the volumes in an XRC configuration, issue an XEND command.
- To free all the devices from a session for reconfiguration without removing the XRC configuration on the control units, issue the XSUSPEND TIMEOUT command.
- Retry the reconfiguration.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8061E**SDM UNABLE TO PROTECT AGAINST DYNAMIC I/O CONFIGURATION
RC=*rc* REAS=*reas***

Explanation

A function necessary to enable SDM to protect primaries, secondaries, and swaps against dynamic I/O configuration changes has failed. Therefore, SDM is unable to protect against dynamic deletes of devices in active SDM sessions.

System action

SDM function is active.

System programmer response

Be careful when issuing HCD ACTIVATE commands that remove devices from the I/O configuration, because if you delete a device that is in an active SDM session, it may result in a data integrity exposure. If you want dynamic I/O configuration protection, find information about the return code and reason codes displayed in this message in [“SDM and XRC return codes”](#) on page 1451.

Once the problem has been fixed, issue the XSUSPEND TIMEOUT command for all sessions and restart them to reactivate dynamic I/O configuration protection.

Source

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX8062W | DEVICE(<i>bad_volser/bad_device</i>) IS ALREADY A <i>device_type</i> IN SESSION(<i>session1</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

A change to an active XRC session (for example, XSET REFRESH) has exposed a potential conflict for the device denoted by *bad_volser* with device *bad_device* in session *session1*.

Note that swap VOLSERs are denoted as *SWAP* (excluding swap utilities) and any unavailable VOLSER is denoted as *OFFL*.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device is already managed as a primary volume, secondary volume, or a swap volume in another XRC session. Verify that the device in question is in the correct role in the session *session1*, and is not conflicting with other XRC sessions.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTX8063I | XRC NOW ABLE TO PROTECT AGAINST DYNAMIC I/O CONFIGURATION CHANGES |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The functions necessary to enable XRC to protect primaries, secondaries, and swaps against dynamic I/O configuration changes have been fixed. Therefore, XRC is now able to protect against dynamic deletes of devices in active XRC sessions.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

Issue XSUSPEND TIMEOUT for all other active sessions and restart them to reactivate dynamic I/O configuration protection.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8064E | INTERNAL STATE ERROR RC=<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An internal error occurred. The system ignores the XRC command.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8070I | XRC DEVICE TABLE REBUILD STARTED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A command was issued to rebuild the device table, and the rebuild of the table has started.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device table is being rebuilt from all currently active XRC sessions. Wait until message ANTX8071I before issuing any XRC commands that would affect XRC sessions or devices.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8071I | XRC DEVICE TABLE REBUILD ENDED RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A command was issued to rebuild the device table, and the rebuild of the table has completed with a return code of *rc* and a reason code of *reas*.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

If the return code is zero, then the device table has been rebuilt from all currently active XRC sessions.

If the return code is non-zero, then reference the return code to determine what the problem is. Also, look for any accompanying ANTXX8062W messages that the system may issue during rebuild for further information. When the problem(s) have been fixed, re-run the F ANTAS000, FIXDTABLE command to repopulate the table.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8072I | XRC DEVICE TABLE REBUILD FOR SESSION (<i>session</i>) ENDED RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A command was issued to rebuild the device table, and the rebuild of the table has completed for session *session* with a return code of *rc* and a reason code of *reas*.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

If the return code is zero, then the device table has been rebuilt from the XRC session *session*.

If the return code is non-zero, then reference the return code to determine what the problem is. Also, look for any accompanying ANTXX8062W messages that the system may issue during rebuild for further information. When the problem(s) have been fixed, re-run the F ANTAS000, FIXDTABLE command to repopulate the table.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8073I | XRC DEVICE TABLE REBUILD FOR SESSION (<i>session</i>) STARTED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A command was issued to rebuild the device table, and the rebuild of the table has begun completed for session *session*.

System action

XRC function is active.

System programmer response

The device table is being rebuilt from all currently active XRC sessions. Wait until accompanying message ANTXX8071I before issuing any XRC commands that would affect XRC sessions or devices.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8074I | NO ACTIVE PRIMARY ADDRESS SPACES |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

There were no active XRC sessions with which to rebuild the XRC device table.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

In order to rebuild the XRC device table, restart all XRC sessions or start new XRC sessions, and re-execute the FANTAS000,FIXDTABLE command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8104I | <i>cmdname(option)</i> ACCEPTED FOR VOLUME PAIR (<i>primary_volume,secondary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT TARGET CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The command *cmdname* with option *option* has been accepted for the volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) in session *session_id*. The command completes the processing of updates to the XRC secondary volumes through the target consistency time of *timestamp*. Successful completion of the command is reported by either message ANTD8103I or ANTV8109I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8111I | PENDING <i>cmdname(option)</i> CANCELED FOR VOLUME PAIR(<i>primary_volume,secondary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A CANCEL request was specified for the pending command *cmdname* and option *option*. The pending command for volume pair *primary_volume,secondary_volume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) in session *session_id* has been canceled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8112I | PENDING <i>cmdname(option)</i> CANCELED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A cancel was requested for the pending command *cmdname* and option *option*. The pending command for session *session_id* has been canceled.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If you issued a cancel command, the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I. If the pending command was canceled as a result of a master cancel command, reference the [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) "Extended Remote Copy TSO Command Descriptions," to determine the action to take.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8113I | XSET (<i>option(value)</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET option *option* with value *value* has been accepted for the session. The value specified takes effect with the start of the next function using this setting.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified with the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTV8114I | XSUSPEND COMPLETE FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>), TIMEOUT(<i>current_storage_control</i>). SESSION NOW SUSPENDED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session *session_id* has been suspended. All secondary volumes are consistent up to the reported consistency time of *timestamp*. The timeout value for the storage controls at the time of the error is *current_storage_control*. This time can be the default timeout value that is set in the storage control, or it can have been set with an XSET command.

System action

XRC functions are suspended.

System programmer response

The session was suspended by an internal error detected by the data mover. See other messages for the cause of the error. Correct the error and restart the session by issuing an XSTART command followed by XADDPAIR commands for the suspended volume pairs. If an XSUSPEND function should have occurred but has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTV8115I | XSUSPEND(<i>option</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) AT TARGET CONSISTENCY_GROUP TIME(<i>timestamp</i>), TIMEOUT(<i>timeout</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The XSUSPEND command with option *option* has been accepted for the session *session_id*. The command completes the processing of updates to the XRC secondary volumes through the target consistency time of *timestamp* and a storage control timeout interval of *timeout*. Successful completion of the command is reported by message ANTV8109I.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted, and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I. If an XSUSPEND function should have occurred but has not, search the problem reporting databases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and SVC dumps of the ANTAS000 and any ANTAS nnn address spaces that are active. To determine which address spaces are active, enter the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS*. You can obtain the dump by issuing MODIFY ANTAS nnn ,DUMP.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTD8116I | XDELPAR(<i>option</i>) COMPLETE FOR UTILITY VOLUME(<i>primary_volume</i>) FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

An XDELPAIR command was issued with the option *option*. The utility volume *primary_volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) is successfully removed from session *session_id*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message reports the completion of the XDELPAIR command requested by the user. Any errors that occurred while deleting the volume were reported by a previous error message. You can place a deleted volume back into the XRC session with a subsequent XADDPAIR command. If the command is accepted and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

Routing code

2, 11

Descriptor code

4, 6

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTX8117I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) DELAY DETECTED AT <i>function</i> ; SESSION CONSISTENCY DELAY(<i>delay_time</i>) |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The data mover for session *session_id* has detected a delay in mainline data mover processing. The source of the delay is indicated by the specified *function*. The functions are described below:

Note: The indicated function can not necessarily be the only source of the delay, but it is likely the cause of most of the delay.

PRIMARY(*ssid:scid*)

The indicated XRC session detected a delay while reading updates from the primary storage controls. If XRC was able to identify the storage control (*ssid*) and storage control session number (*scid*) that caused the delay, it will also report them on this message.

JOURNAL

The indicated XRC session detected a delay while processing XRC journal records for updates made to primary volumes in the session.

SECONDARY(*volser*)

The indicated XRC session detected a delay while writing to secondary volumes for updates made to primary volumes in the sessions. If XRC is able to identify the XRC secondary volume serial number (*volser*) that is causing the delay, the volume serial number will be reported on this message.

MASTER(*msession_id:lsession_id*)

The indicated XRC session detected a delay in processing coupled sessions associated with the indicated master session name (*msession_id*). If XRC was able to identify the logical session that caused the delay, it reports the logical session name (*lsession_id*) on this message.

BUFFERS

The indicated XRC session detected a delay because of insufficient availability of data mover buffers. Typically, this condition will be associated with transient delays in other areas (Journal, Master, or Secondary). Configuration of additional memory buffers can provide relief from such delays.

ALIASES(ssid:scid)

This indicates XRC session detected a delay due to insufficient utility devices. This occurs when the number of utility devices is fewer than the number specified by NumberReaderTasks for the SCID. This can occur when there are not enough base utilities individually added through XADDPAIR or when there are not enough utility alias devices available.

Either add utility volumes (with secondary volser of XRCUTL) or configure additional alias devices on the utility devices to equal or exceed the NumberReaderTasks parameter; or reduce the NumberReaderTasks if the number of utility plus alias devices is correct.

The delay for the session is indicated by delay time *delay_time*, given in hours, minutes, seconds, and hundredths of seconds (hh:mm:ss.hh).

A *delay_time* value of '*****' indicates that session delay could not be determined, due to the inability to obtain information about a storage control session. This is typically reported as a delay at PRIMARY, along with an SSID and storage control session ID. It may be associated with the abnormal termination of a storage control session, or with the loss of connectivity to the primary storage subsystem.

More commonly, the '*****' value will be associated with an I/O timeout that occurred while querying an active storage control session. If such I/O timeouts persist, it may indicate a problem with the channels or network that connects the data mover to the primary storage subsystem. If, however, you determine that the timeouts are normal for your environment, you may consider increasing the timeout value. See the description of the IOTIMING MiscLow parameter in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#).

Another possible reason for the '*****' value is that the PAV alias devices associated with XRC are unavailable. If a condition exists where the PAV alias devices become unavailable it is recommended that the condition be corrected, and then the z/OS VARY command be issued to the base devices as follows: VARY base_dvc ONLINE,UNCOND For more detailed information about this command, see [z/OS MVS System Commands](#)

This message can indicate a temporary peak in application activity on the primary storage control, possibly as a result of volume synchronization or resynchronization activity on that storage control. This message can be repeated periodically until the condition is relieved, as indicated by the ANT8118I message.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This message reports a condition, but does not indicate an error. If the delay condition continues for a long period of time, the application can be impacted if primary storage control cache capability is exceeded. When this message states that the primary rate exceeds the specified function, ensure that the DASD fast write option is on for the volumes associated with the function. If volume synchronization or resynchronization activity is present on any primary storage control, you can want to issue an XSUSPEND command to suspend the volume pairs that are being added until the application update rate on the primary storage controls has returned to normal.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8118I

XRC SESSION(*session_id*) DELAY RELIEVED AT *function*; SESSION
CONSISTENCY DELAY(*delay_time*)

Explanation

The data mover for XRC session *session_id* has determined that the processing delay indicated by a previous ANT_X8117I message has been relieved. The relieved function is indicated by *function*. The consistency delay is shown by *delay_time*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8119W | XRC UNABLE TO TERMINATE STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> USING DEVICE <i>device</i> ON STORAGE CONTROL <i>cccc</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An XSTART command has been issued to restart an XRC session. During command processing, the data mover has issued I/O to storage control *cccc* from device *device* in order to clean up a previously-ended storage control session *session_number*. The data mover was unable to cleanup the storage control session.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

This is a warning condition indicating that this session has not been properly cleaned up, and can become a stalled session. If a subsequent XADDPAIR command fails as a result of this condition, take immediate action to cleanup the stalled session. If the XSTART and XADDPAIR commands are able to proceed using another storage control session, there is no immediate problem to be addressed. In either case, the procedure to cleanup a stalled storage control session is as follows:

1. Issue a MODIFY ANTAS000,LISTSESS *device* command to determine the status of storage control sessions associated with the specified device.
2. Issue a MODIFY ANTAS000,LISTDVCS *device* ss command to determine which devices belong to the storage control session.
3. Issue a MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMSESS *device* ss command to end the session.

Note:

1. The device used to end the stalled session must be owned by the stalled storage control session, or the TERMSESS operation fails. (The LISTDVCS report shows which devices are owned by the storage control.)
2. The device used to end the session is different than the device reported by this ANT_X8119W message.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8120I | <i>count</i> VOLUMES IN SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) ARE NOW <i>status</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The number of volumes in session *session_id*, given by *count*, are in the state indicated by *status*. This message can be issued for the following reasons:

- An error associated with at least one ERRORLEVEL(SESSION) volume has occurred, and has caused all of the volumes in the session to be suspended. The word ALL appears in the *count* field.
- XRC has completed volume synchronization on the last volume pair to be synchronized, and all volume pairs now have a status of duplex. The number of volume pairs in duplex is given by *count*.
- The last active volume in the session was suspended by an error or by command.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The message indicates the state of all session volumes. This message can be used by automation functions to initiate copies of secondary volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX8123I | XSET <i>parameter(value)</i> SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCSESSION(<i>session</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

The XSET command has been accepted for session *session_id*. The command was specified with the associated parameter *parameter*, which is either **TIMEOUT**, or **SUSLBUSY** with **SSID**, **SCSESSION**, and **SCID** values.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The function requested by the XSET command has been accepted by the system. If you issued the command and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTX8130I | XSET(<i>parm1 (parm1_value)</i> <i>parm2 (parm2_value)</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

The XSET command was issued with *parm1* and its value of *parm1_value*, and *parm2* and its value of *parm2_value* for session *session_id*. The command was accepted. Reference topic "PARMLIB Parameters" in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) to determine when the specified values take effect.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If the command has been accepted and this message has not been displayed either at the system console log or at the user ID specified with the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8131I | XSET DVCBLOCK(<i>setting</i>) VOLUME(ALL) ACCEPTED FOR <i>count</i> VOLUMES IN SESSION(<i>session_name</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET command was issued specifying the DVCBLOCK parameter setting of *setting*. The indicated device blocking setting will be applied to *count* volumes in the specified XRC logical session *session_name*. The volume count includes suspended and pending volumes.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If you issued the command and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I. The volume count does not include XRC utility volumes nor volumes for which an error was encountered. If an error occurred for a volume in the session, message ANTX5126E will have been issued indicating the individual volume that had the error.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8132I | XSET DVCBLOCK(<i>setting</i>) VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) ACCEPTED FOR SESSION(<i>session_name</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET command was issued specifying the DVCBLOCK parameter setting of *setting*. The indicated device blocking setting will be applied to the specified volume *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) in the specified XRC logical session *session_name*. If the volume is suspended or in pending state, the indicated device blocking setting will be applied to the specified volume *volume* when the volume is re-added to the XRC logical session *session_name*.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

If you issued the command and this message has not been displayed at either the system console log or at the user ID specified by the MSGROUTEID parameter, see message ANTT0099I. Also, this message will not be issued for all XRC utility volumes (XRCUTL).

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8134I | XSET DVCBLOCK(<i>setting</i>) VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) NOT CAPABLE FOR SESSION(<i>session_name</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSET command was issued specifying the DVCBLOCK parameter. The indicated setting was not applied to the specified volume (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib) because it resides on a storage control that does not have the required capability.

System action

XRC processing continues, but the DVCBLOCK *setting* remains what it was previously.

System programmer response

For DVCBLOCK(ON), ensure that the device blocking function has been installed on the storage subsystem. For DVCBLOCK(WPx), ensure that the Write Pacing function has been installed on the storage subsystem, then issue an XSET command with the REFRESHP parameter and retry the XSET DVCBLOCK command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8137W | WRITE PACING REQUESTED BUT INACTIVE FOR VOL(<i>volume</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

DVCBLOCK(WPx) was specified on either an XADDPAIR or an XSET command, but the XRC PARMLIB value of WrtPacingResidualCnt is zero.

System action

XRC processing continues, but no write pacing will occur on volume.

System programmer response

If write pacing is desired for *volume* (indicated by volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXIN00 member of parmlib), change PARMLIB WrtPacingResidualCnt to a non-zero value then issue XSET DVCBLOCK(WPx) for the volume.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8138I | CONTROLLER ATTRIBUTES UPDATED FOR SSID(<i>ssid</i>) IN SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

In response to an XSTART restart, XADD re-add, or XSET REFRESHP, the data mover has refreshed the attributes of the specified storage controller.

System action

New capabilities will now be recognized for volumes associated with this storage controller.

System programmer response

Look for additional messages ANTXX8138I, ANTXX8139W, or ANTXX5127E for other controllers processed by the REFRESH command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| ANTXX8139W | CONTROLLER ATTRIBUTES UNCHANGED FOR SSID(ssid) IN SESSION(session_id) |
|-------------------|--|

Explanation

In response to an XSET REFRESH command, the data mover has checked the attributes of the specified storage controller, and found no changes.

System action

No change in capabilities will be recognized for volumes associated with this storage controller.

System programmer response

If this SSID was previously processed with a REFRESH, this message is to be expected. However, if a change in capabilities was expected, ensure that the correct SSID was specified on the command, if so, check the Licensed Internal Code on the storage controller to ensure it has been correctly updated.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| ANTXX8140W | XSET REFRESHES IGNORED FOR SESSION(session_id). UPDATE ENBLEREFRESHES IN PARMLIB. |
|-------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET REFRESHES command was ignored because either VOLINIT ENBLEREFRESHES was specified as NO in PARMLIB, or VOLINIT ENBLEREFRESHES was not specified in PARMLIB.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Update the PARMLIB to include VOLINIT ENBLEREFRESHES(YES). Apply the changes using the XSET PARMLIB command, and retry the command.

Note that SDM does not do any checking to ensure that the data on the new secondary device(s) are valid. Using REFRESHES implies that the user guarantees that the data on the new secondary device(s) are an exact copy of the data on the previously existing secondary device(s). If the data is not an exact copy, then SDM cannot guarantee secondary data consistency and unpredictable results can occur. When in doubt, avoid use of REFRESHES and instead use XDELPAIR and XADDPAIR for any relocated secondary volume(s).

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| ANTXX8141I | XSET REFRESHES UPDATED <i>number</i> VOLUMES IN SESSION(session_id) |
|-------------------|--|

Explanation

The XSET REFRESH command found new location information for the specified number of secondary volume(s). XRC's internal control data has been updated with this new location information.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

The system programmer can now issue XADDPAIR, and resynchronization will proceed with the secondary volume(s) in their new locations.

Note that SDM does not do any checking to ensure that the data on the new secondary device(s) are valid. Using REFRESH implies that the user guarantees that the data on the new secondary device(s) are an exact copy of the data on the previously existing secondary device(s). If the data is not an exact copy, SDM cannot guarantee secondary data consistency and unpredictable results can occur. When in doubt, avoid use of REFRESH and instead use XDELPART and XADDPART for any relocated secondary volume(s).

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8142E | XSET REFRESH FAILED FOR PART(primary_volume, secondary_volume) IN SESSION(session_id), RC=return_code REAS=reason_code |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The *secondary_volume* was not updated for the *primary_volume,secondary_volume* pair (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) in session *session_id*. The *return_code* and *reason_code* indicate the reason for the failure.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for the return and reason codes. Correct the error and reenter the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8143I | XADDPART WAITING FOR SESSION(session_id) TO PROCESS PRE- SUSPEND UPDATES |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XADDPART for a suspended volume is delayed because of the existence of unprocessed updates that occurred before the volume suspension

System action

The system data mover waits 15 seconds for processing to proceed, and then checks again. If no progress is detected, the XADDPART fails with message ANTA5107E return code 353. Otherwise, if pre-suspend updates still remain to be processed, another wait cycle will occur.

System programmer response

If XADDPAIR fails, wait until session delay is relieved before resubmitting the XADDPAIR command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8144I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) OPERATING MODE(<i>mode</i>) IS NOW ACTIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session identified by *session_id* is now using the operating mode identified by *mode*. The values for *mode* are defined in the description of the XSTART command in *GDPS Metro/zGlobal Mirror: Planning and Implementation Guide*, order number ZG24-1757.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action required unless the specified operating mode is incorrect for the specified session. If the operating mode is incorrect for this session, issue the XSUSPEND command to suspend the session or issue the XEND command to end the session, and then issue the XSTART command with the MODE parameter specifying the correct operating mode.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8145I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) OPERATING MODE(<i>mode</i>) IS NOW INACTIVE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session identified by *session_id* was previously using the operating mode identified by *mode*, but that mode is now inactive. The values for *mode* are defined in the description of the XSTART command in *GDPS Metro/zGlobal Mirror: Planning and Implementation Guide*, order number ZG24-1757.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action required unless deactivating the specified operating mode is incorrect for the specified session. If the operating mode should be active for this session, issue the XSUSPEND command to suspend the session or issue the XEND command to end the session, and then issue the XSTART command with the MODE parameter specifying the correct operating mode.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8147I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) VOLUME(<i>volume</i>) MODE(<i>mode</i>) IS ASSOCIATED WITH SWAP VOLUME(<i>swapdev</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The volume identified by *volume* (volume serial, device number, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) in XRC session *session_id* using mode *mode* is associated with the swap volume identified by *swapdev*. For MODE(HYPER-PPRC), the swap volume is a PPRC secondary device associated with the XRC primary device.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

No action required if this is the correct correspondence between the specified volume and swap volume. If the correspondence is incorrect, refer to the description of MODE in *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704 for corrective action.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8148I | XSWAP OPERATION ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) WILL PERMIT INCREMENTAL RESYNCHRONIZATION FOR ALL VOLUMES |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

If a HyperSwap was performed, all swap volumes can be resynchronized with their corresponding remote volumes using an incremental operation instead of a full operation.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

A HyperSwap can be performed without requiring full resynchronization.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8149I | XSWAP OPERATION ON XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) MAY REQUIRE FULL RESYNCHRONIZATION OF VOLUME PAIR(<i>pvolume</i>,<i>svolume</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

If a HyperSwap (TM) was performed, the volume pair *pvolume*,*svolume* (indicated by volume serials, device numbers, or both, depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTGIN00 member of parmlib) might require full resynchronization.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Check the return code associated with this message to determine what might be done to fix this. Determine if the HyperSwap operation should proceed despite the effects of having to fully resynchronize some volumes. This

action might be predetermined and embedded in the Geographically Dispersed Parallel Sysplex (GDPS) setup. For more information about the GDPS, see GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8150I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) VERIFICATION STARTING, REASON=xxxxxxx |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A mirror status verification will be started for one of the following reasons:

- SCHEDULE - XRC PARMLIB VerifyInterval has expired.
- FAILBACK - Primary storage subsystem cluster failback is detected.
- REVERIFY - Trying verification again because of timeout while obtaining device information on prior verification.
- vvvvvv - Volume serial, device number, or both (depending on the setting of the MessageVolumeFormat parameter in the ANTXI000 member of parmlib) of the duplex primary storage subsystem showing evidence that mirroring might have been interrupted.

System action

Mirror status verification continues.

System programmer response

Look for subsequent ANTX8151I, ANTX8152W, or ANTX8153W messages.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8151I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) VERIFICATION OK |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

Mirror status verification has completed, and no exceptions have been found. An exception is defined when a non-XRCUTL volume that is not in duplex status, or a duplex volume that shows unexpected device status in the primary storage subsystem. This message can also be received for a session that currently contains no volumes.

System action

Mirror status verification completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8152W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) VERIFICATION FOUND <i>nnnnn</i> EXCEPTION(S) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

Mirror status verification has detected one or more non-XRCUTL volumes that are not in duplex status, or duplex volumes that show unexpected device status in the primary storage subsystem.

System action

Mirror status verification completed. Volumes might have been suspended during verification.

System programmer response

Look for ANT5104E, ANT5001E, ANT5002E, or ANT5003E messages that might have occurred during verification. Look for subsequent ANT8153W message to determine if the XADDPAIR command is required to return volumes to duplex state. You may issue XQUERY command with ACTIVITY parameter to display volume status.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ANTX8153W | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) NEEDS XADDPAIR |
|-----------|---|

Explanation

Mirror status verification has found exceptions that will not be scheduled for AUTO_READD processing.

System action

Mirror status verification completed.

System programmer response

You may issue XQUERY command with ACTIVITY parameter to display volume status. To return suspended volumes to duplex status, issue XADDPAIR commands.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX8155I | XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) HAS FINISHED |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

An XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) was issued to session *session_id*. All volumes in XRC session *session_id* have been suspended.

System action

XRC volumes are suspended.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ANTX8158I | XSWAP PERFORM ON SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) HAS SWAPPED ALL VOLUMES FOR STORAGE CONTROL(<i>ssid</i>) |
|-----------|--|

Explanation

An XSWAP PERFORM was issued for the session as identified by *session_id*. The primary and swap volumes associated with the storage control identified by *ssid* have been inverted and the volume roles are switched. The original primary is now the swap volume, and the original swap volume is now the primary.

System action

XRC volume state is updated.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8159I | XSWAP PERFORM ON SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) HAS FINISHED SUCCESSFULLY |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XRC session *session_id* has been swapped by XSWAP PERFORM. The session is swapped. The primary and swap volumes associated with the storage control identified by *ssid* have been inverted and the volume roles are switched. The original primary is now the swap volume, and the original swap volume is now the primary.

System action

XRC volume state is updated.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8160I | XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) SWAP TRANSITIONED FROM SSID(<i>oldssid</i>) TO SSID(<i>newssid</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has updated the identity of the swap devices that were on the old Subsystem Identifier (SSID) to reflect their new location on the new SSID.

System action

The XRC configuration is updated.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8164W | XRC SESSION(<i>session</i>) (<i>ut</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCSESSION(<i>scsn</i>) REQUESTED NUMBERREADERTASKS (<i>nrt</i>), ALIAS AVAILABLE(<i>num_alias</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC Parmlib NumberReaderTasks parameter for the indicated SCSN specified *nrt* readers, however there are only *num_alias* PAV alias devices defined to the primary or swap utility devices that was specified on the XADD command. The *ut* indicates whether it's the primary or swap that has the shortage of aliases.

System action

XADD processing continues.

System programmer response

- If storage control session scsn will be created with multiple base devices rather than PAV aliases, no action is required.
- If NumberReaderTasks is not as expected because of an incorrect setting in Parmlib, modify the setting and apply the change.
- If NumberReaderTasks is correct and the specified number of aliases should be available, check the definition of the base utility device to determine the actual number of available aliases.

Note: Either static alias assignment or HyperPAV should be used for utility device aliases; dynamic alias management does not provide the required continuous alias availability and should not be used for XRC utility volumes.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8166I | XRC SSID(ssid) er-type SCID(scid) REMOVED FROM SESSION(session_id) SCSESSION(scsn) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has removed Enhanced (Multiple) Reader storage control session ID scid from storage control ssid for session session_id. er-type is the type of ER session, which can be either PRIMARY or AUXILIARY, and scsn is the SCSESSION associated with the ER session.

System action

Storage control session has been removed.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8169I | XRC TERMINATED ALL SWAP VOLUMES ON SESSION(session_id) SSID(ssid) SCSESSION(sid) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XRC session is transitioning from MODE(HYPER-PPRC) to MODE(NORMAL). The XRC sessions on the SWAP volumes were terminated.

System action

SWAP device sessions are removed. XRC operations continue in MODE(NORMAL).

System programmer response

If the MODE change is expected, no action is required. If the MODE change is unexpected, it might be because of an unintended GDPS configuration change. For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8170W | XRC UNABLE TO TERMINATE ALL SWAP VOLUMES ON SESSION(session_id) SSID(ssid) SCSESSION(sid) RC=rc REAS=reas |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The XRC session is transitioning from MODE(HYPER-PPRC) to MODE(NORMAL). The XRC sessions on the specified SWAP volumes could not be terminated.

System action

SWAP device sessions are not removed. If the associated storage controls are still in use, the existence of XRC sessions might interfere with other copy services operations on those devices. On the PRIMARY devices, XRC operations continue in MODE(NORMAL).

System programmer response

If the MODE change is expected, no action is required. If the MODE change is unexpected, it might be because of an unintended GDPS configuration change. For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704. The XRC sessions on the former SWAP devices might be removed by a MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMSESS command from a system with connectivity.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8172I | XRC XSWAP SUSSWAP SUSPENDED ALL SWAP VOLUMES ON SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCID(<i>scid</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC sessions on the current SWAP devices are now suspended.

System action

The XRC configuration is updated. XRC operations continue.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8173W | XRC XSWAP SUSSWAP UNABLE TO SUSPEND ALL SWAP VOLUMES ON SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) SSID(<i>ssid</i>) SCID(<i>scid</i>) RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC sessions might still be active (not suspended) on some SWAP volumes. This might interfere with the ability to resync PPRC.

System action

XRC operations continue.

System programmer response

Refer to the return code description for the reason why the swap volumes could not be suspended. Correct the condition. For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8174W | XRC XSWAP PREPARE FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) FOUND NO ACTIVE SSIDS |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSWAP PREPARE function could not be processed on this session because all of the storage control sessions are not available.

System action

The PREPARE function is not executed.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8175I | XRC XSWAP PREPARE FOR XRC SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) TRIGGERED VOLUME SUSPENSION |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSWAP PREPARE function causes all volumes to be suspended in the session.

System action

All volumes are suspended. The GDPS operation that invoked the XSWAP command continues.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8176I | XRC XSWAP PREPARE TO SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) SUCCESSFUL |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSWAP operation initiated by GDPS was successful.

System action

The GDPS operation continues.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8177W | XRC XSWAP PREPARE TO SESSION(<i>session_id</i>) FAILED RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The XSWAP operation that was initiated by GDPS failed. See the return code description for more information.

System action

The GDPS operation might be affected.

System programmer response

For more information about the GDPS, see *GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide*, order number ZG24-6704.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8179I | XRC TIMESTAMPING IS <i>status</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

This message is issued on startup of ANTAS000 to display the *status* of timestamps:

- A *status* of SUPPRESSED indicates that time stamps are being suppressed because SuppressTimestamp(YES) is specified in ANTXIN00.
- A *status* of ACTIVE indicates that XRC timestamping is active; SuppressTimestamp(NO) is specified or defaulted to in ANTXIN00.

System action

Processing continues.

System programmer response

If SuppressTimestamp(YES) is inadvertently set on an application system, ANTAS000 should be restarted with SuppressTimestamp(NO).

Source

System data mover (SDM)

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8180W | XSET PARAMETER <i>parameter</i> CAN BE UPDATED ONLY AT XSTART, PARAMETER IS IGNORED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

During processing of an XSET PARMLIB command for an XRC session, the parameter *parameter* was found in PARMLIB. The parameter was either not present or had a different value when the session was previously started with the XSTART command.

System action

The XSET PARMLIB command succeeds, but the PARMLIB parameter is not applied to the session.

System programmer response

None required.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8181E | SESSION(<i>session-id</i>) TIMED OUT WAITING TO PERFORM FLASHCOPY FROM SECONDARY SOURCE VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>) TO SECONDARY TARGET VOLUME(<i>volser/dvcnbr</i>), SUSPENDING(<i>suspend-type</i>) |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A FlashCopy has been performed between a secondary source volume and a secondary target volume. However, the resources necessary to perform the FlashCopy are not available.

session-id

is the session ID of the XRC session.

volser/dvcnbr

Is the FlashCopy source or target volume.

suspend-type

Is the type of suspension.

System action

A FlashCopy command is not executed between the secondary source and target volumes.

System programmer response

Issue the FlashCopy command again when the number of outstanding FlashCopy operations has decreased.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8869E | UNABLE TO RETURN TO <i>jobname</i> FROM ANTRQST REQUEST=<i>request</i> CALL BECAUSE OF OBTAIN CSA FAILURE, RC=<i>rc</i> LENGTH=<i>length</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

ANTRQST was unable to return to the caller because of a shortage of CSA storage.

jobname

The caller's job to which ANTRQST would have returned.

request

The type of request.

rc

The return code that indicates the obtain failure.

length

The amount of storage that was to be obtained.

System action

The ANTRQST request completed but the results could not be returned to the caller.

System programmer response

Address any CSA constraints in the system.

Source:

ANTRQST FlashCopy

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| ANTX8900I | MODIFY OPERATION MISSING |
|------------------|---------------------------------|

Explanation

The MODIFY ANTxxxxx command has been specified without an operation following the ending comma.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Specify an operation with the MODIFY command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8901I | MODIFY OPERATION(<i>operation</i>) INVALID |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The operation is not a recognized SDM modify command.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

Reissue command with correct syntax.

System programmer response

Reissue command with correct syntax.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8902I | <i>operand</i> OPERAND IS MISSING |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The operation specified with the MODIFY command requires at least one operand. The *operand* operand is missing.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Supply a valid operand to the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTX8903I**ADDRESS OF *name* CANNOT BE DETERMINED**

Explanation

A MODIFY command was issued to determine the virtual address location of operand.

System action

The hexadecimal address in storage of module or address operand is displayed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

ANTX8904I**ADDRESS OF *name* CANNOT BE DETERMINED**

Explanation

name is not one of the predefined names, and is not an entry point in the address space's main load module.

System action

The MODIFY command could not provide the address of the requested name.

System programmer response

Verify that *name* is spelled correctly.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM), Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8905I***operand* IS TOO LONG**

Explanation

The maximum size allowed for operand *operand* has been exceeded.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Correct the spelling of the operand.

Source

System data mover (SDM)

ANTX8907I***operand value* IS NOT A VALID HEXADECIMAL NUMBER**

Explanation

The *value* specified for operand *operand* is not a valid hexadecimal number.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Supply a valid hexadecimal number.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8911I **BEGINNING DATA DELIMITER '(' MISSING**

Explanation

An expected parenthesis in a modify command is missing.

System action

The command is not processed.

Operator response

Reissue command with correct syntax.

System programmer response

Reissue command with correct syntax.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTX8913I *session_report*

Explanation

This message is the result of a MODIFY LISTSESS command. Between one and nine storage control session reports can be displayed on a single line. An individual session report is provided with the format of *tsnnh*, where the following apply:

t

Session type, which can be:

- C = concurrent copy session
- E = XRC enhanced (multiple reader) session
- X = XRC session

s

Session status, which can be:

- A = active session
- Q = quiesced session
- S = suspended session
- T = timed-out session

A session can become suspended as a result of a system reset generated, for example, by a system IPL.

nn

Storage control session identifier. This is a hexadecimal number ranging from 01 to FF.

h

Host connection field, which can be:

- (blank) = owned by this processor which has access to the storage control session.
- * = owned by another processor.
- ? = owned by this processor which can or can not have access to the storage control session. A question mark can mean that the device is offline.

The following actions can be taken based on the status of the storage control session:

- Active session – The session is currently active and can be ended only from a device that is in the session.
- Quiesced session – The session has been quiesced either by an XSUSPEND command, a cache failure, or by a system reset (caused by the IPL of the owning processor). The session can be resumed or ended from any processor.
- Suspended session – The session has been suspended either by an XSUSPEND command, a cache failure, or by a system reset (caused by the IPL of the owning processor). The session can be resumed or ended from any processor.
- Timed-out session – The session has been ended by the storage control. The timeout interval for the session has expired. The session can not be resumed and is available to be reused.

System action

The command returns the status of all storage control sessions that are on the storage control.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8914I

***device_number* NO SYSTEM DATA MOVER STORAGE CONTROL
SESSIONS**

Explanation

A MODIFY LISTSESS command has been issued, and the storage control associated with the device given by *device_number* has no XRC sessions.

If *device_number* is ALL, a MODIFY LISTSESS ALL command has been issued.

System action

The command returns the condition that there are no active XRC sessions at the time the command was issued.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8915I***device_number* STORAGE CONTROL SESSION *session_number*
TERMINATED**

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS command has completed successfully. The storage control session indicated by *session_number* has ended for the storage control associated with device *device_number*.

System action

The MODIFY command has successfully ended the storage control session.

System programmer response

The specified session is now available.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8916I***device_number* STORAGE CONTROL SESSION *session_number*
RECOVERED**

Explanation

A MODIFY RCVRSESS command has completed successfully. The storage control session indicated by *session_number* is recovered for the storage control associated with device *device_number*. The storage control session is now available for use.

System action

The specified session is recovered.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8917I***device_number* REQUEST NOT SUPPORTED BY STORAGE CONTROL**

Explanation

A MODIFY command to the storage control associated with the device given by *device_number* has been issued, but the storage control does not recognize the request.

System action

The requested function could not be performed.

System programmer response

Reissue the command to a storage control that supports XRC or concurrent copy.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8918I***device_number* STORAGE CONTROL SESSION *session_number* NOT
FOUND**

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS or RCVRSESS command has been issued, but the device specified by *device_number* for storage control session *session_number* is not recognized by the storage control. The session is either not active or the command was issued to a system other than the system that initiated the storage control session.

System action

The requested function cannot be performed.

System programmer response

Supply a valid session ID.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8922I***device_number* STORAGE CONTROL SESSION *session_number i...i s...s***

Explanation

A MODIFY command has been issued using device *device_number* to make a request of session *session_number*. The status of the session is invalid.

i...i will be one of the following:

- IS
- IS NOT

s...s will be one of the following:

- SUSPENDED OR QUIESCED
- AN XRC SESSION
- QUIESCED
- TIMED OUT
- ON AN ESS
- AN ACTIVE SESSION

System action

The operation is rejected.

System programmer response

Verify the status of the session by using the LISTSESS operation. If the ANTX8922I message states "IS SUSPENDED OR QUIESCED" and the FORCE keyword was used, re-issue the TERMSESS command without the FORCE keyword.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8923I***function* STATUS IS *state***

Explanation

A MODIFY command has been issued for the function *function*. This message provides the current status of the specified function. The *state* variable provides the status.

System action

The function status is displayed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8924I *operand value IS INVALID*

Explanation

A MODIFY *operand* command has been issued incorrectly. *operand* specifies the command. *value* gives the value associated with the request and must be ON or OFF.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Reenter a correct command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8925A *device_number TERMINATE STORAGE CONTROL SESSION
session_number? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N'*

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that the session indicated by *session_number* associated with the device *device_number* should be ended with the TERMSESS command.

System action

The command is canceled unless "Y" is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command. If you are issuing the TERMSESS command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before issuing the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8926A *device_number RECOVER STORAGE CONTROL SESSION
session_number? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N'*

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that the RCVRSESS command should continue. The RCVRSESS command is attempting to recover the session indicated by *session_number* associated with the device indicated by *device_number*.

System action

The command is canceled unless "Y" is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command. If you are issuing the RCVRSESS command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before issuing the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8927I *requested_device – tass – device_number*

Explanation

This message is the result of a MODIFY LISTDVCS operation. The device specified in the LISTDVCS command is reported as the *requested_device*. The session specified on the command is given by *tass*, where the following apply:

- t** Session type, which can be:
- C = concurrent copy session
 - E = XRC enhanced (multiple reader) session
 - X = XRC session
- a** Session or device status, which can be:
- A = active session
 - Q = quiesced session
 - S = suspended session
 - T = timed-out session
- A session can become suspended as a result of a system reset generated, for example, by a system IPL. A device can become suspended as a result of an XRC command that suspends the session, an XRC command that suspends a volume, or an error.
- ss** Storage control session identifier. This is a hexadecimal number ranging from 01 to FF.
- Between one and six device numbers can be displayed on one line. Other devices associated with this session *tass* are reported as the *device_number*. The device numbers are given in the form *cc(dddd)s*, where the following apply:
- cc** Specifies the channel connection address for the device.
- dddd** Specifies the device number associated with the channel connection address. "..." indicates that the command is unable to determine the device number.

s

Indicates that the device is in suspended state.

System action

The channel connection address and device numbers associated with a session are returned by the command.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8928I | <i>device_number</i> NO DEVICES FOR STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A MODIFY LISTDVCS command has been issued to the storage control associated with the device given by *device_number* for session *session_number*. This session was shown as active by the MODIFY LISTSESS command. The session was initiated by a system other than the system that issued the LISTDVCS command. The system that started the session is the only one that can associate the devices with the session number.

System action

The command returns the condition that there are no active devices at the time the command was issued.

System programmer response

Issue the command from the system that initiated the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8929I | <i>device_number</i> NO PATHS AVAILABLE |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A MODIFY command has been issued, but there are no I/O paths available to *device_number*.

System action

The requested function cannot be performed.

System programmer response

Enable at least one I/O path.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8932I | <i>device_number</i> IS NOT ASSOCIATED WITH STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A TERMSESS request was issued to end the session *session_number* associated with device *device_number*. This device is not owned by the storage control session.

System action

None.

System programmer response

Issue the command from a system that owns the storage control session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8933I | <i>device_number</i> - W A R N I N G - STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number status</i> BELONG TO THIS SYSTEM |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A TERMSESS request was issued to end the session specified by *session_number* associated with the device specified by *device_number*. *status* indicates if the session is owned by this processor or by another. Be aware of the session status before responding to message ANTX8925A.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8935I | <i>operand_value</i> MUST BE A HEXADECIMAL NUMBER |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The value specified for *operand_value* is not a valid hexadecimal number.

System action

The MODIFY command is rejected.

System programmer response

Supply a valid hexadecimal number.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM), Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8936I | <i>device_number</i> - SESSION=<i>tass</i> RESIDUAL=<i>rrrr</i> NEXTDEV=<i>nnnn</i> MAXSIZE=<i>mmmm</i> SFILESZ=<i>sidefile</i> SFILE60=<i>cache</i> TIME(<i>timestamp</i>) TIMEOUT(<i>timeout</i>) |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A MODIFY SCDATA command has completed successfully. The device specified on the command is given by *device_number*. The session specified on the command is given by *tass*, where the following apply:

t

Session type, which can be:

- C = concurrent copy session
- E = XRC enhanced (multiple reader) session
- X = XRC session

a

Session status, which can be:

- A = active session
- Q = quiesced session
- S = suspended session
- T = timed-out session

A session can become suspended as a result of a system reset generated, for example, by a system IPL.

ss

Storage control session identifier. This is a hexadecimal number ranging from 01 to FF.

The following values are displayed for active, quiesced, and suspended sessions:

rrrr

The current count of record updates pending in the storage control (hexadecimal).

nnnn

The device to be used for the next data mover I/O. When an SCDATA command is issued and the device number is not available, the 2-byte channel connection address is reported in this field. An asterisk (*) after the device number indicates that the device is a fixed utility device.

mmmm

The maximum size record in the storage control (hexadecimal). If there are no updates pending in the storage control, the maximum data track size is reported.

sfilesz

The number of 4K cache segments that are in the storage control sidefile (hexadecimal). The sidefile is the part of cache that contains data associated with data mover activity.

sfilesz

The number of 4K cache segments that represent 60% of the capacity of the storage control cache (hexadecimal).

timestamp

The current storage control time value. If no information is available or the session has never been initialized, the field is reported as asterisks. Information is not available for a device that is not part of the session.

timeout

The current storage control timeout interval. If no information is available or the session has never been initialized, the field is reported as asterisks. Information is not available for a device that is not part of the session.

System action

The primary storage control status is displayed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8937I | <i>command</i> OPERATION MUST BE EXECUTED FROM <i>address_space_name</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

The command requested by *command* can only be executed from the address space name given by *address_space_name*. The command is rejected with this message if it is issued from any other address space.

System action

Command is not performed by the system.

System programmer response

Reissue the command from the proper address space.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8938I | <i>device_number</i> - UNABLE TO LIST DEVICES FOR SESSION NUMBER <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY LISTDVCS command has been issued to the storage control associated with the device given by *device_number* for session *session_number*. The command has been unable to generate a list of devices for the session.

System action

The command returns the condition that the devices are not available to be listed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8939I | DUMP OF ADDRESS SPACE AND TRACE DATA SPACE SUPPRESSED BY SUPRDUMP |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An error has been encountered by the data mover software, and diagnostic information is provided in SYSLOG. However, a software dump is not taken since SUPRDUMP is ON.

System action

Data mover operations continue.

System programmer response

The MODIFY ANTAS000,SUPRDUMP command is used to control whether or not a software dump is to be taken on an error. In general, it should be set to OFF. However, if numerous occurrences of the same problem are causing excessive dumps, you can want to set SUPRDUMP to ON until the problem is resolved.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8941I | <i>device_number</i> REMOVED FROM STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMDVC operation completed successfully. The storage device indicated by *device_number* has been successfully removed from storage control session *session_number*.

System action

The storage device was successfully removed from the storage control session.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8942A | REMOVE <i>device_number</i> FROM STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i>? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that the storage device indicated by *device_number* should be removed from the storage control session *session_number*.

System action

XRC cancels the operation unless you specify "Y".

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command. If you are issuing the TERMDVC command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before issuing the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8943A | TERMINATE ALL <i>type</i> SDM SESSIONS? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS operation was issued with XRC, SUS, or TIM specified. This is a prompt for confirmation that the operation to end the storage control sessions should continue.

System action

XRC cancels the operation unless you specify "Y".

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command. If you are issuing the TERMSESS XRC, SUS, or TIM command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, specify "N" to bypass confirmation processing.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8944A | TERMINATE STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_id</i> ON STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i>? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS operation was issued with XRC, SUS, or TIM specified. Reply "Y" if session *session_id* on storage control *ssid* is to be ended, or "N" to bypass TERMSESS processing for this session.

System action

XRC cancels the operation unless you specify "Y".

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response to end processing for storage control session *session_id*. Any other response cancels the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8945I | NO STORAGE CONTROL SESSIONS FOR TERMSESS <i>type</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS operation was issued with XRC, SUS, or TIM specified. The operation did not encounter any storage control sessions meeting the selection criteria. No storage control sessions have been ended.

System action

The TERMSESS operation has ended without finding any eligible storage control sessions to end.

System programmer response

Use the LISTSESS operation to determine if any storage control sessions exist.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8946I | NO ONLINE DEVICES FOR STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> ON STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY operation found a storage control session, indicated by *session_number*, that meets the selection criteria on storage control *ssid*. However, there was no volume in session *session_number* that was online to the processor from which the MODIFY operation was issued. The storage control session is not affected.

System action

The MODIFY operation did not affect the storage control session.

System programmer response

Use the LISTDVCS operation to find a device that belongs to the storage control session. Bring the device online to the processor where the MODIFY operation is issued. Next, either reissue the command, or issue the command from a processor that has a device that is online to the storage control.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8947I | STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> ON STORAGE CONTROL <i>ssid</i> TERMINATED |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A TERMSESS XRC, SUS, or TIM operation ended a storage control session, indicated by *session_number*, on storage control *ssid*.

System action

The storage control session is ended.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8948I | FINISHED TERMSESS <i>type</i> PROCESSING |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMSESS operation was issued with XRC, SUS, or TIM specified. The processing has finished.

System action

The TERMSESS operation has ended.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8949I | <i>device_number</i> IS ONLY DEVICE IN STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A TERMDVC operation was issued for the last device that is associated with the storage control session *session_number*. The operation is ended, and the device remains associated with the storage control session.

System action

The operation cannot be performed.

System programmer response

Issue the TERMSESS operation to end the storage control session, and to remove the last storage device for the XRC session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8950I DUMP OF TRACE DATA SPACE REQUESTED

Explanation

A request to dump an XRC trace data space is sent to MVS.

System action

The MODIFY DUMP command requesting a dump is processed. MVS system messages indicate when the dump has completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8951I PARTIAL DUMP TAKEN

Explanation

A dump has been generated, but is incomplete. This is usually caused by the SYS1.DUMPxx data set not being large enough.

System action

The MODIFY command runs with a partial dump completed.

System programmer response

Allocate a larger SYS1.DUMPxx data set, and then reissue the command to obtain a complete dump.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8952I DUMP SUPPRESSED *reason*

Explanation

reason indicates why a dump is not generated. This is usually caused by another dump being active.

System action

The requested function is ended.

System programmer response

Wait until the current dump is complete and then try again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8953I FULL DUMP TAKEN

Explanation

The dump is completed successfully.

System action

The requested function is complete.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8955I ACTIVE TRACE BUFFER BEING WRITTEN OUT

Explanation

A request to write out the XRC trace data space is sent to MVS.

System action

The MODIFY TRACE command requesting that MVS write out the trace data buffer is processed. MVS system messages will indicate when this operation has completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8956I DUMP OF ADDRESS SPACE REQUESTED

Explanation

XRC has sent a request to the operating system to generate a dump of the SDM address space.

System action

The MVS MODIFY command requesting a dump is complete. MVS system messages indicate when the dump has completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8957I | DUMP OF ADDRESS SPACE AND TRACE DATA SPACE REQUESTED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

XRC has sent a request to the operating system to generate a dump of the SDM address space and the associated trace data space.

System action

The MVS MODIFY command requesting a dump is complete. MVS system messages indicate when the dump has completed.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8958I | STORAGE CONTROL STATE SAVE REQUESTED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A storage control state save has been requested and is available for diagnostics. SCTRAP is set to ON, and has requested a state save as a result of an LIC error. The state save requires that the storage control supports this function.

System action

None.

System programmer response

If you wish to suppress state saves, issue MODIFY ANTASnnn SCTRAP OFF.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8959I | STORAGE CONTROL STATE SAVE NOT AVAILABLE |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

An error has occurred for which a storage control state save was attempted. The data mover, however, is unable to force the state save.

System action

None.

System programmer response

You can force the state save at the storage control to capture the condition, if you wish.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8960I NO BIT MAPS IN STATE DATA SET

Explanation

There are no ESS bit maps in the State Data Set.

System action

Modify command has finished executing.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8961E DELBMAP ERROR, RC =*return_code* REAS=*reason_code*

Explanation

An error was encountered in trying to access the State Data Set. The return code given by *return_code* and the reason code given by *reason_code* indicate the nature of the error.

System action

Modify command was not able to delete bit maps.

System programmer response

See “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and enter the modify command again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8962I DELBMAP FINISHED PROCESSING

Explanation

DELBMAP has finished deleting bit maps from the State Data Set.

System action

Modify command has finished executing.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8963E | CANNOT DELETE MEMBER <i>member_name</i> FROM STATE DATA SET, RC =<i>return_code</i> REAS=<i>reason_code</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

An error was encountered in trying to delete member *member_name* from the State Data Set. The return code given by *return_code* and the reason code given by *reason_code* indicate the nature of the error.

System action

Modify command was not able to delete a member from the State Data Set.

System programmer response

See “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452 for an explanation of the return and reason codes. Correct the error and enter the modify command again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8964I | <i>dvcn</i> - W A R N I N G - STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>scid</i> DOES NOT BELONG TO THIS SYSTEM, FORCE REQUIRED |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A TERMSESS request was issued to end Concurrent Copy session *scid* associated with the device specified by *dvcn*. This session was established on a different system. To do the termination the FORCE operand is required on the request.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Concurrent Copy.

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| ANTX8965I | <i>session_report</i> |
|------------------|------------------------------|

Explanation

This message is the result of a MODIFY DVCDATA command. Between one and nine storage control session reports can be displayed on a single line. An individual session report is provided with the format of *t**sn**nh*, where the following apply:

t
Session type, which can be:

- C = concurrent copy session
- E = XRC enhanced (multiple reader) session
- X = XRC session

s

Session status, which can be:

- A = active session
- Q = quiesced session
- S = suspended session
- T = timed-out session

A session can become suspended as a result of a system reset generated; for example, by a system IPL.

nn

Storage control session identifier. This is a hexadecimal number ranging from 01 to FF.

h

Host connection field, which can be:

- (blank) = owned by this processor which has access to the storage control session.
- * = owned by another processor.
- ? = owned by this processor which can or can not have access to the storage control session. A question mark can mean that the device is offline.

The following actions can be taken based on the status of the storage control session:

- Active session - The session is currently active and can be ended only from a device that is in the session.
- Quiesced session - The session has been quiesced either by an XSUSPEND command, a cache failure, or by a system reset (caused by the IPL of the owning processor). The session can be resumed or ended from any processor.
- Suspended session - The session has been suspended either by an XSUSPEND command, a cache failure, or by a system reset (caused by the IPL of the owning processor). The session can be resumed or ended from any processor.
- Timed-out session - The session had been ended by the storage control. The timeout interval for the session has expired. The session can not be resumed and is available to be reused.

System action

The command returns the status of all storage control sessions that are on the storage control.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8966I

***device_number* NO SYSTEM DATA MOVER STORAGE CONTROL
SESSIONS**

Explanation

A MODIFY DVCDATA command has been issued, and the storage control associated with the device given by *device_number* has no XRC sessions.

System action

The command returns the condition that there are no active XRC sessions at the time the command was issued.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC) or concurrent copy.

ANTX8967I *information MISSING*

Explanation

The parameters entered on a MODIFY command to an ANT address space were missing some information. The *information* insert is free-format and explains what is missing.

System action

The command is rejected. SDM operations continue.

System programmer response

Correct the parameters and reissue the command as needed.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTX8969I *ccstor output*

Explanation

This message displays output from the MODIFY ANTMAIN,CCSTOR command:

Status and explanation:

NO CONCURRENT COPY JOBS

No Concurrent Copy (CC) jobs are running at this time.

NO CONCURRENT COPY TRACKS IN THE SIDEFIL DATA SPACE(S)

CC jobs are running, but no changed tracks images are in SDM data spaces.

NO CONCURRENT COPY SIDEFIL DATA SPACE(S)

There are no CC data spaces, which means no CC tracks have been encountered since the last IPL or ANTMAIN restarts.

NAME JOBID ASID % TRACKS

Two jobs are running with the listed name, jobid, and ASID. They are consuming the indicated percentages and number of tracks in the SDM data spaces.

INTERRUPTED WHILE GATHERING STATISTICS

The CCSTOR operation was interrupted by other concurrent copy processing while statistics were being gathered. Reissue the command to obtain statistics.

CCSTOR - vvv nnn

This line identifies the output as coming from the CCSTOR command, as version vvv of the message format. The nnn field identifies the multi-line WTO number.

System action

Operations continue.

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8970I | <i>device_number channel_extender_status</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY SCDATA command has been issued with the option requesting channel extender status for the storage control that is associated with the device given by *device_number*. The *channel_extender_status* provides this information.

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8971I | ** Please use PARMLIB support ** |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY command using the name .XMTUN has been issued.

System action

Information only.

System programmer response

Change your procedures to use the parmlib support.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8973A | <i>device_number</i> SUSPEND STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number?</i> REPLY 'Y' OR 'N' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that the session indicated by *session_number* that is associated with the device *device_number* should be suspended with the SUSSESS command.

System action

The command is canceled unless "Y" is specified.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command. If you are issuing the SUSSESS command from a CLIST or REXX EXEC, place the confirmation on the stack before issuing the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8975I | <i>device_number</i> STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> <i>suspend_type</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY SUSSESS command has completed successfully. The storage control session that is indicated by *session_number* that is associated with device *device_number* has been suspended. *suspend_type* will be SUSPENDED for ESS storage controls, QUIESCED for other types of storage controls.

System action

The MODIFY command has successfully suspended the storage control session.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8976I | <i>device_number</i> NO OTHER DEVICES FOR STORAGE CONTROL SESSION <i>session_number</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

A MODIFY TERMDVC command was issued to the device given by *device_number* that is associated with the session that is identified by *session_number*, and the session is suspended. XRC was unable to find another device in the session to use in re-suspending the session. This is most likely because all other devices in the session are offline to the system that TERMDVC is being executed on.

System action

The session is left in an active state.

System programmer response

Use the MODIFY SUSSESS command to re-suspend the session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8977I | <i>device_number</i> - CPID=<i>channel_path_id</i> PGID=<i>path_group_id</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

This message is the result of a MODIFY PATHS command. *channel_path_id* is a one byte hexadecimal number that gives a channel path id. *path_group_id* is an eleven byte hexadecimal number that gives a path group id. Storage controls use the path group id to identify the request path. A channel path id of '*' identifies the initial path group id that z/OS sends to the storage control. A *path_group_id* of all zeros indicates that the path group is physically unavailable, or that all devices associated with the channel path were offline when the channel path was varied online.

System action

The command returns the ids of all the paths that *device_number* can use.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8978A EXECUTE CREFRESH FORCE? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N'

Explanation

This is a prompt for confirmation that the cluster session is to be cleared.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response. Any other response cancels the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8979A CREFRESH FORCE FINISHED PROCESSING

Explanation

This message confirms that the cluster session was cleared.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

Issue the XSTATUS CLUSTER and XSTATUS ADDRSPACE commands to ensure that the cluster session is no longer active.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8980I FINISHED *type* PROCESSING

Explanation

A MODIFY operation was issued where *type* describes what type of operation was performed. The processing has finished.

System action

The operation has ended.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8981A | SUSPEND ALL XRC SESSIONS? REPLY 'Y' OR 'N' |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY SUSSESS ALL operation was issued. Reply "Y" if processing is to continue, or "N" to bypass this operation.

System action

XRC cancels the operation unless you specify "Y".

System programmer response

Confirm the command with a "Y" response to continue processing. Any other response cancels the command.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8982I | NO ACTIVE STORAGE CONTROL SESSIONS FOR SUSSESS ALL |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY SUSSESS ALL operation was issued. XRC was unable to locate any active XRC sessions on the storage controls attached to the system the command was executed on.

System action

The command returns the condition that there are no active XRC sessions at the time the command was issued.

System programmer response

Make sure that each session you want suspended has at least one device online.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---|
| ANTX8983E | <i>operation_type</i> ANTRQST ERROR, <i>SSID=ssid SCID=scid RC=return_code</i> <i>REAS=reason_code</i> |
|------------------|---|

Explanation

A MODIFY *operation_type* operation was issued using the ANTRQST XRC API, and the operation ended in error. *ssid* is the storage control the command was issued to. *scid* is the storage control session id that was part of the operation. *return_code* and *reason_code* are the values returned by the ANTRQST invocation. These are documented in the ANTRQSTL macro that is supplied by XRC. If the ANTRQST request is a general request, the *ssid* will be **** and *scid* will be **.

System action

XRC cancels the operation.

System programmer response

Use the error descriptions found in ANTRQSTL to determine the error that occurred, and the action to take.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8986I | TIME OF LAST <i>source</i> STATE SAVE IS <i>timestamp</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The MVS MODIFY command was issued to either reset the storage control diagnostic state save timestamp or to determine the last time a state save was taken for an XRC logical session. The source indicates either PRIMARY or SECONDARY status was requested on the MVS MODIFY command. The timestamp value is either the last timestamp a state save was taken or is RESET indicating that the appropriate timestamp value has been reset to zero, indicating that a state save has not been taken within the last 24 hours.

System action

XRC functions are active.

System programmer response

See Appendix A in [z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#) for details on the use of MVS MODIFY command options SHOW, SHOW2, RESET, and RESET2.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ANTX8987I | OUTSTANDING AUXILIARY SESSIONS |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|

Explanation

An attempt was made through TERMSESS to terminate an XRC enhanced storage control session, but the session still has auxiliary sessions associated with it.

System action

The storage control session is not terminated.

System programmer response

Do the following steps:

1. Find the outstanding auxiliary session identifiers using a F ANTAS000, LISTSESS nnnn E command.
2. Use TERMSESS to terminate the auxiliary sessions.
3. Repeat the TERMSESS command for the base session.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ANTX8988E | ANTRQST function ERROR, RC=<i>rc</i> REAS=<i>reas</i> |
|------------------|--|

Explanation

The ANTRQST function had an error indicated by the return and reason code.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

Take action as documented for the return and reason code. The codes are in “[Table of System Data Mover \(SDM\) return codes](#)” on page 1452 or the Advanced Copy Services reference section on ANTRQST.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTX8989E *command OPERAND operand INVALID*

Explanation

A modify command was entered incorrectly. The *operand* is not valid for *command*.

System action

The command is rejected.

Operator response

Correct command input and reissue.

System programmer response

Correct command input and reissue.

Source

System data mover (SDM).

ANTX8990I **SUSSESS ALL ALREADY IN PROGRESS**

Explanation

Another SUSSESS ALL command was already in progress at the time when command F ANTAS00n,SUSSESS ALL was issued.

System action

Modify command ends.

System programmer response

Cancel ANTAS000, if condition persists.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8991I *device_number IS A FIXED UTILITY DEVICE*

Explanation

An attempt was made to remove an XRC fixed utility device from a storage control session via a TERMDVC operation.

System action

The TERMDVC operation is not performed.

System programmer response

If it is necessary to remove the device from the storage control session, use the TERMSESS operation to terminate the session. Note, this will remove all devices from the storage control session, not just the specified device.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8992I***SYSDVC device-number message***

Explanation

Output from the SYSDVC modify command

In the message text:

device-number

Number of the device the modify command was issued to

message

MARKED IN USE – ?IOSODS ON executed successfully

MARKED NOT IN USE - ?IOSODS OFF executed successfully

UNABLE TO MARK IN USE - ?IOSODS ON had an unexpected error

UNABLE TO REMOVE MARKED IN USE - ?IOSODS OFF had an unexpected error

DEVICE NOT FOUND – z/OS could not find device_number

IOS PATH VALIDATION FAILED – IOS Path Validation function failed

UNABLE TO TURN ON FLAG UCBNALOC – IOS allocation service unable to set UCBNALOC

NOT PREVIOUSLY MARKED IN USE - ?IOSODS OFF not accepted

IOS DYNAMIC PATHING FUNCTION FAILED – IOS Dynamic Pathing function failed

System action

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

ANTX8993I**FORCE KEYWORD IGNORED FOR TERMSESS XRC/CCS/SUS/TIM,
TERMSESS PROCESSING CONTINUES**

Explanation

Termination of XRC, TIM, or SUS sessions that are on a Path Group other than the one owned by the system from which the command was issued is not attempted if the FORCE keyword was included on the TERMSESS command along with XRC, TIM, CCS, or SUS. Termination of sessions on the same Path Group is attempted and the FORCE keyword is ignored.

System action

The FORCE keyword is ignored.

System programmer response

The command does not need to be re-issued for termination of sessions on the same Path Group as the issuing system. If sessions on Path Groups other than the issuing system are to be terminated, determine the device associated with the session and use the following TERMSESS command format: F ANTAS000,TERMSESS devn FORCE (N).

Source

System Data Mover (SDM).

ANTX8994E **MODIFY OPERATION(operation) ERROR, RC=rc REAS=reas**

Explanation

The indicated modify command failed.

System action

The command is rejected.

System programmer response

See “SDM and XRC return codes” on page 1451 for information about the return and reason codes. Then, resolve the problem and issue the command again.

Source

Extended remote copy (XRC).

SDM and XRC return codes

This topic defines the return codes issued by the DFSMS system data mover (SDM), and includes extended remote copy (XRC) functions. Some of the return codes in this topic might appear as reason codes within related messages. Additionally, some components that interact with SDM use hexadecimal notation.

New information is added to the end of the messages that report return and reason codes to identify first failure data capture information. This support uses only nature of the added information. An example of the messages modified in this way is as follows:

```
ANTC5412E UNABLE TO START CLUSTER MANAGER FOR MSESSION(M) MHLQ(SYS1),  
RC=0486 REAS=0486 SRVC=4003  
ANTC5420W CLUSTERING FOR CLUSTER(DAVE) MSESSION(M) MHLQ(SYS1) CANNOT BE ENABLED,  
RC=0486 REAS=0435 FUNC=0112 SRVC=0112
```

General Recovery Actions

For all return codes, if the problem persists after you have taken the actions indicated in the related message and the actions described in “Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes” on page 1452, then:

1. Search the problem reporting databases for a solution to the problem.
2. Contact the IBM Support Center if you are unable to find a documented solution.

3. Provide the system log and a supervisor call (SVC) dump of both the ANTAS000 and ANTAS001 address spaces, if possible.

Some return code descriptions include a request that you dump additional address spaces, provide a GTF trace, or provide other information to assist the support personnel. The following is an example of all of the responses you will need to dump the local, as well as two other systems:

```
DUMP COMM=(DUMP LOCAL AND 2 OTHER SYSTEMS)
R n1,JOBNAME=(ANTAS*),DSPNAME=('ANTAS*'.SYSANT*),CONT
R n2,SDATA=(ALLNUC,PSA,SQA,CSA,LPA,TRT,SUM,LSQA,RGN),CONT
R n3,PROBDESC=SYSDLOCL,CONT
R n4,REMOTE=(SYSLIST=(sysname2('ANTAS*'),sysname3('ANTAS*')),DSPNAME
DATA),END
```

On internal errors, the SDM records critical information regarding the error in SYS1.LOGREC. If XRCTRAP is set to ON, the SDM also dumps the failing address space to the SYS1.DUMP data set. The dump, LOGREC, SYSLOG, and any other requested information listed in the description of the return code is sufficient to document a failure that results from an internal error. For codes indicating an internal error, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center.

This topic does not document the reason codes for internal error return codes. In most cases the reason code is returned to the SDM by another system component, and has meaning only in the context of how the data mover uses that component.

Some return codes can be due to processing errors in the data mover internals. For many of these errors, one or more volume pairs can have been suspended by the data mover. If XRC pairs are suspended, for example, you can be able to capture the diagnostic result, and then issue an XADDPAIR command to return the affected volume pairs to the XRC session with minimal system impact. If the volume pairs are not suspended, issue an XSUSPEND command for the affected pairs followed by an XADDPAIR command to resynchronize the pair and bypass the error condition. In some cases you might need to issue a MODIFY ANT0001,RESTART command to force the data mover to save the software bitmaps and restart the session.

If any XRC volume pairs continue to cause a problem, you can issue an XDELPAIR command for those pairs, followed by an XADDPAIR command to reinitialize them into the session. If these actions fail to bypass the error, it can be necessary to shut down the session with an XEND command or CANCEL ANTAS001 command, and then reinitialize the session with an XSTART command. All volume pairs would then require a full resynchronization copy with the restart.

Table of System Data Mover (SDM) return codes

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes.

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 40 (X'28') | An error has been detected by pause/release processing, in ANTUPET, IEAVPSE, or IEVRLS. The reason code is in the format sssrrrr, where ssss is the return code, and rrrr is the reason code from the service. |
| 44 (X'2C') | IEAVPSE returned a nonzero release code, but no error was indicated in the SERVL return code. The reason code contains one of the following release code values: 00000004 Abnormal termination of the address space. 00000008 Abnormal termination of concurrent copy task or service request block (SRB) in the address space running DFSMSdss. |
| 100, 101 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 102 | This can be an installation error where SVM has not been properly installed on the system. Verify the SVM installation. If it has been properly installed, then this is an internal error. |
| 103 | This is an internal error. |
| 104 | The limit on the number of data spaces that can be created has been reached. You might need to increase this limit. If increasing the limit has no effect, then this is an internal error. |
| 105 to 201 | These are internal errors. |
| 202 | An internal error occurred that affected inter-module communication. This might be a result of preceding errors, such as the inability to obtain virtual storage. |
| 203 | <p>The amount of available virtual storage in the XRC System Data Mover address space (ANTAS00n) is insufficient.</p> <p>Possible reasons for this condition are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is an installation exit (such as IEFUSI) that is limiting the size of the address space's extended private area below the minimum required. • There is an excessively large common storage configuration, including the extended common service area (ECSA) and the extended system queue area (ESQA) that is limiting the size of the address space's extended private area below the minimum required. • An excessively large TOTALBUFFERS amount was specified in the XRC parameters. A typical XRC installation can support a maximum of 25000. • The System Data Mover required a large number of additional temporary buffers to process non-timestamped writes or unusually skewed workload. <p>See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the requirements for a description of the virtual storage requirements of an XRC System Data Mover address space. If the system configuration changes are needed, issue an XSUSPEND command with the TIMEOUT parameter to terminate the data mover address space. After the changes are made, restart the session and resynchronize the volume pairs.</p> |
| 204, 205 | These are internal errors. |
| 206 | This can be an installation error where SVM has not been properly installed on the system. Verify the SVM installation. If it has been properly installed, then this is an internal error. |
| 207 | This is an internal error. |
| 208 | This can be an installation error where SVM has not been properly installed on the system. Verify the SVM installation. If it has been properly installed, then this is an internal error. |
| 209 to 246 | These are internal errors. |
| 247 to 250 | During XADDPAIR processing, storage could not be allocated for the initial volume copy or resynchronization. If new volumes are being added to a session which has been active for some time, shut down the session with XSUSPEND TIMEOUT and restart it with XSTART, and re-issue the failed XADDPAIR. If the problem persists or the error is received on the XADDPAIRs immediately following a XSTART, then refer to the description of return code 203 for additional information. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 251 to 349 | These are internal errors. |
| 350 | The vary offline function did not complete within the expected time frame for the secondary volume of an XRC pair. Reissue the XADDPAIR command for the volume pair indicated. |
| 351 | Error occurred while you are attempting to vary volume offline. The reason code associated with this return code is generated by IEEVARYD. |
| 352 | An XADDPAIR for a non-xrcutl volume was attempted and REQUIREUTILITY(YES) is specified in the XRC parmlib, but an active storage control session did not exist for the specified (or default) scsession. Reason codes that accompany this return code are for IBM diagnostic use. To correct this error, issue an XADDPAIR command to an XRCUTL volume for the specified (or default) scsession. When successful, reissue XADDPAIR for the non-xrcutl volume. |
| 353 | XADDPAIR for a suspended volume cannot proceed because of the existence of unprocessed updates that occurred before the volume suspension. The system data mover waited for processing to proceed, but did not detect progress for 15 seconds. Wait until session delay is relieved before resubmitting the XADDPAIR command. |
| 354 to 393 | These are internal errors. |
| 395 | The control data set that is associated with the specified session name is fragmented. The control data set must be allocated as contiguous storage. See the topic about specifying the control data set in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the attributes to allocate or reallocate the control data set. If any XRC session is coupled, issue either an XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE command (depending on the status of the XRC session) for all sessions before proceeding. After reallocating the control data set, issue the original command again. |
| 396 | The control data set that is associated with the specified session name is not on a cylinder boundary. The control data set must be allocated with the primary allocation specified as CYL. See the topic about specifying the control data set in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the attributes to allocate or reallocate the control data set. If any XRC session is coupled, issue either an XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE command (depending on the status of the XRC session) for all sessions before proceeding. After reallocating the control data set, issue the original command again. |
| 397 | The control data set that is associated with the specified session name was allocated with insufficient space. See the topic about specifying the control data set in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the attributes to allocate or reallocate the control data set. If any XRC session is coupled, issue either an XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE command (depending on the status of the XRC session) for all sessions before proceeding. After reallocating the control data set, issue the original command again. |
| 398 to 413 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 414 | <p>This error means that you are attempting to start, restart, or recover an XRC session but the MVS image already has the maximum number of XRC sessions that are allowed. Issue an XQUERY command with the session ID of ALL to determine which session (if any) is currently active. You can either suspend or end the active session before you start or recover a session. If the XQUERY report shows that there are no active sessions and this problem persists, it is an internal error. Cancel the ANTASnnn address space to clear the error condition. This return code can also be received with an ANTS5100E message from an internal XSTART command that was issued as part of the ANTASnnn, RESTART command. The ANTASnnn address space had not had time to completely end. In addition, if you ended or suspended a session, you can not have given the address space the time necessary to completely end or suspend the session before issuing the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command. In this case, reissue the command.</p> |
| 415 | <p>The session name specified is not an active XRC session. Issue an XQUERY command with <i>session_id</i> ALL to determine which session (if any) is currently active.</p> <p>This return code can result when the XQUERY command is issued with <i>session_id</i> ALL if an active session is in the process of suspension or ending. Wait until the session has completed suspension processing or has ended before reentering the XQUERY command. If the session does not end, you might need to issue a CANCEL ANTASnnn command to force the address space to end.</p> |
| 416 | <p>The specified session ID is currently active in an XRC session. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, the session ID specified in the XSTART command is already active or address space termination for the session has not completed. When the address space no longer exists, reissue the XSTART command. If the return code appears with message ANTR5102E, an XEND or XSUSPEND command must be issued before the XRECOVER command can be processed.</p> |
| 417 | <p>This is an internal error.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 418 | <p>The volume specified in an XADDPAIR or XDELPAIR command, or a volume required by the XRECOVER, XADVANCE, XSTART, or REFRESHS command is not found.</p> <p>For an XADDPAIR or XDELPAIR command, ensure that the volume has been specified properly. For an initial XADDPAIR where the volume serial numbers are specified, ensure that the volumes are online to the data mover system. After correcting the problem, reissue the XADDPAIR or XDELPAIR command. If volume is intentionally offline, issue the XADDPAIR using volume device numbers.</p> <p>For an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command, ensure that the volume is online to the data mover system. After correcting the problem, reissue the command.</p> <p>For an XSTART command (when restarting a session), ensure that the volume is in the data mover system configuration. The storage control report associated with the restarted XRC session indicates that the storage control session is in a quiesced or suspended state. Ensure that all volumes for the storage control are in the configuration, then issue an XADDPAIR command to add this volume and other volumes in the quiesced or suspended storage control into the XRC session. If you are unable to put the volume in the data mover system configuration, you must issue a MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMSESS command for the storage control session(s) to free up resources associated with this volume and other volumes on the storage control from an LPAR which has connectivity to that device. If you do this, ALL VOLUMES on the storage control will then require a full initialization.</p> <p>If you want to restore the session but do not want to resynchronize the volume pairs at this time, you can vary the volumes online, and then issue an XSUSPEND command to suspend the session followed by an XSTART command the restart the session.</p> <p>If the return code appears with message ANTR5102E, verify that the volume to be recovered is online to the recovery system before issuing the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command.</p> <p>When associated with the REFRESHS command error message ANTX8142E, this indicates that the secondary volser is not online to the SDM system. REFRESHS requires an online secondary volume to determine the location of the relocated volume.</p> |
| 419 | <p>The secondary volume of an XRC pair is currently in use. XRC requires exclusive use of the secondary volume. If the volume is allocated to another function, then XRC will not use the volume. Ensure that the secondary volume is available for XRC use (the volume is not allocated), and then reissue the XRC command.</p> |
| 420 | <p>The volume or volumes specified in the XADDPAIR command are not attached to storage controls with the proper level of the XRC Licensed Internal Code (LIC) installed. XRC primary volumes must be attached to storage controls that are XRC-capable and have the LIC installed to support XSUSPEND functions.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 421 | <p>Device characteristics are invalid or unexpected, or the volume is not in the expected location. This error is due to one of the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• XADPAIR command – The device characteristics of the primary volume do not match those of the secondary. The secondary volume must have the same number of tracks per cylinder and bytes per track as the primary volume. The secondary volume must also have a capacity (number of cylinders) greater than or equal to that of the primary. <li>• XRECOVER command – When recovering from tertiary volumes (copies of the secondary volumes), this return code will be issued if the ONLINE keyword is not used with the command. The return code can also be issued when recovering either secondary or tertiary volumes, if the device characteristics of the volume recovered do not match those recorded in the XRC state dataset for the corresponding secondary volume. <li>• XDEPAIR command – Current device characteristics of the indicated volume do not match the characteristics the volume had when it was added to the session. This condition might have resulted from migration of the volume from one location to another (within the same storage control or to a different storage control), or from conversion to a different device geometry; for example, from 3380 to 3390. The XDEPAIR command completes successfully, but message ANT5011E with this return code is issued to indicate this condition. <li>• XSET command with REFRESH keyword - The device characteristics of the newly detected secondary volume are incompatible with the prior secondary volume. Either the capacity (number of cylinders) of the newly detected secondary volume is less than the prior secondary volume, or the number of tracks per cylinder does not match. <p>See z/OS MVS System Commands for information on the DEVSERV command, which can be used with the QDASD and PATHS keywords to determine device characteristics and location.</p> <p>See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for information on allowable XRC device configurations.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 422 | <p>The volume specified in an XADDPAIR command, an XDELPAIR command, in conjunction with an XRECOVER command, or for a session restarted with an XSTART command is not found.</p> <p>For an XADDPAIR or XDELPAIR command, ensure that the volume has been specified properly and that the volume is online to the data mover system. After correcting the problem, reissue the XADDPAIR or XDELPAIR command.</p> <p>For an XRECOVER command, ensure that the volume is online to the data mover system. After correcting the problem, reissue the command.</p> <p>For an XSTART command, ensure that the volume is online to the data mover system. The storage control report associated with the restarted session indicates that the storage control session is in a quiesced state. Ensure that all volumes for the storage control are placed online, then issue an XADDPAIR command to add this volume and other volumes in the quiesced storage control into the session. If you want the session to be restored but do not want to resynchronize the volumes at this time, you can issue an XSUSPEND command to suspend the session followed by an XSTART command to restart the session. The session will then monitor record updates. If you are unable to place the volume online to the data mover system, you must issue an MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMSESS command for the storage control session to free up resources associated with this volume and other volumes on the storage control. All volumes on the storage control will then require a full initialization.</p> <p>If the return code appears with message ANTR5102E, verify that the volume to be recovered is online to the recovery system before issuing the XRECOVER command</p> |
| 423 | This is an internal error. |
| 424 | <p>XRC is unable to allocate one of the preallocated XRC state, control, or journal data sets. This is probably an installation problem. There are three likely causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The session ID specified is invalid. In this case, reissue the command with the correct session name. • A high-level-qualifier specified on the XSTART or XRECOVER command is invalid. In this case, reissue the command with the correct high level qualifier name. • One or more of the data sets are not allocated or are not cataloged on the data mover or recovery system. In this case, ensure that all of these data sets are allocated and cataloged to both the data mover and recovery system. Reissue the failing command. <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list of the XRC state, control, and journal data set names that are cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 425 | <p>XRC is unable to deallocate a data set, and the deallocation fails.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list of the SYS1.XCOPY or <i>hlq</i>.XCOPY data sets that are cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 426 to 428 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 429 | <p>The XSTART or XRECOVER function is unable to allocate the preallocated <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.CONTROL</i> data set. The default for <i>hlq</i> is SYS1. Ensure that the <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.CONTROL</i> data set is properly allocated and cataloged on the data mover and recovery systems.</p> <p>The reason code associated with this return code is generated by the DYNALLOC facility. See the reason codes from the DYNALLOC topic of z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN for reason code information.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list and allocation attributes of the <i>hlq.XCOPY</i> data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 430 | <p>The XRC XSTART or XRECOVER function is unable to allocate the preallocated <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.JRNL01</i> and <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.JRNL02</i> data sets. The default for <i>hlq</i> is SYS1. Ensure that the <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.JRNL01</i> and <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.JRNL02</i> data sets are properly allocated and cataloged on the data mover and recovery systems.</p> <p>The reason code associated with this return code is generated by the DYNALLOC facility. Reason codes of one to 16 indicate which journal data set the allocation is failing on. For reason codes outside of this range, see the DYNALLOC topic of z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN for reason code information.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance provide a list and allocation attributes of the <i>hlq.XCOPY</i> data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 431 | <p>The XRC XSTART, XCOUPLE with PURGE option, XADVANCE, or XRECOVER function is unable to allocate the preallocated <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.STATE</i> data set. The default for <i>hlq</i> is SYS1. Ensure that the <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.STATE</i> data set is properly allocated and cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems.</p> <p>The reason code associated with this return code is generated by the DYNALLOC facility. See the reason codes from the DYNALLOC topic of z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN for reason code information.</p> <p>When you contact IBM for assistance, provide a list and allocation attributes of the <i>hlq.XCOPY</i> data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 432 | <p>The volume is attached to a storage control that is not XRC-capable. Ensure that the primary volume is attached to an XRC-capable storage control.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list and allocation attributes of the SYS1.XCOPY data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. You can issue a DEVSERV QDASD command to dump the UCB.</p> |
| 433 | <p>XRC was unable to open one of the <i>hlq.XCOPY</i> state, control, or journal data sets (up to a maximum of 16 journals). Ensure that the data sets have been allocated with the proper attributes. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the data set attributes.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list and allocation attributes of the SYS1.XCOPY data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 434 | <p>XRC is unable to close one of the <i>hlq</i>.XCOPY state, control, or journal data sets (up to a maximum of 16 journals). This should not affect the success of the XEND or XSUSPEND function. You should be able to restart the session again.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a list and allocation attributes of the SYS1.XCOPY data sets cataloged on both the data mover and recovery systems, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. This problem also requires a GTF trace to determine where the problem occurred during a close.</p> |
| 435 | <p>A failure has occurred during XRC processing when one of the functions requested did not complete in a reasonable timeframe. If the processor has been in a stopped state, this can be an expected error. If this error occurs while starting a session or restarting a suspended session, it can be that the state, control, or journal data sets are unavailable to the XSTART command. Possibly another processor has reserved the volumes that these data sets reside on. Correct the condition so that the XSTART function can proceed normally. If the condition cannot be immediately corrected, you can issue an XEND command to end the session or an XSUSPEND to return the session to a suspended state. After correcting the condition, you can reissue the XSTART command to start or restart the session.</p> <p>If the problem persists, issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP to collect diagnostic information.</p> |
| 436 | <p>A volume specified with an XADDPAIR command has failed XRC validation for one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A specified secondary volume is already defined in a session as a primary volume. • A specified secondary volume is already defined in a session as another secondary volume. • A specified primary volume is already defined in a session as a secondary volume. <p>Issue an XQUERY command to determine what volumes are currently defined to the session. To change the status of a volume already in the session, issue an XDELP AIR command to remove the volume pair from the session, then reissue the XADDP AIR command to add the correct volumes. If an incorrect volume pair was specified with an XADDP AIR command, correct the error and reissue the command.</p> |
| 437, 438 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 439 | <p>During XRC processing all journal data sets have been filled. No additional extent space is available on the journal volumes. XRC suspends the session when this condition occurs. The journal data sets are not large enough to support the volume of XRC data being copied. This error requires the XRC session to be suspended and restarted. The error might be due to an insufficient number of journal data sets being allocated. The minimum is 2 and the maximum is 16. You can wish to allocate more journal data sets, or to make the existing ones striped data sets that span up to 16 volumes.</p> <p>This condition can also occur when updates to the secondary volumes have fallen so far behind the primary system updates that the journals have been filled with unapplied data. In this case, the configuration of the XRC system can be such that the data mover cannot keep up with the primary updates. You might need to reconfigure the system or place fewer volumes under XRC control. You can suspend, reconfigure, and then restart the session.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a dump of the journal, state, and control data sets, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 440 | SMS was not active on the data mover system at the time an XSTART or XRECOVER command was issued. This might be due to a window condition when SMS was not active at the time the XRC command was issued. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, then ensure that SMS is made active before issuing the XSTART command. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, activate SMS before reissuing the XRECOVER command. |
| 441 | SMS is not installed on the XRC data mover system. Ensure that SMS is installed on the data mover system where the XRC commands are being issued before reissuing the XSTART or XRECOVER command. The command can have been issued on the wrong system. After verifying that SMS is installed on the proper system, reissue the command. |
| 442 | This is an internal error. |
| 443 | This error occurs when an XRC function attempts to communicate to the ANTAS000 address space. This can occur if the control address space, ANTAS000, is canceled and is not active at the time of the error. Ensure that the ANTAS000 address space is active, and then reissue the command. |
| 444 | This error occurs when an attempt is made to process an XRC request and the XRC session is not currently active or is in the process of ending. If the session does not end, the session cleanup phase can be stalled. In this case, issue MODIFY ANTAS nnn ,RESTART to force a dump and restart the data mover. You can then resynchronize the volumes into the session with XADDPAIR commands. |
| 445 | This error occurs when an XRC function attempts to communicate to the ANTAS nnn address space. This can occur if the data mover address space (ANTAS nnn) is canceled and is not active at the time of the error. |
| 446 | This is an internal error. |
| 447 | An XADDPAIR command was issued which specifies the same volume serial number or device number for both the primary and secondary volumes. You cannot use XRC to copy a volume to itself. Reissue the XADDPAIR command specifying unique volumes for the primary and secondary volumes. |
| 448 | This is an internal error. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-----------------|--|
| 449 | This error occurs when load module ANTSDMLL cannot be loaded. Verify that ANTSDMLL is installed in SYS1.LINKLIB. |
| 450, 451 | These are internal errors. |
| 452 | <p>During XRECOVER command processing, XRC has determined that one or more of the journal data sets, which were available for the session on the data mover system, are not available on the recovery system. Scan the SYSLOG output and look for message IEF237I and locate the last journal data set allocated to the XRECOVER function (message IGD103I for SMS journal data sets). Verify that the missing data sets are cataloged on the recovery system before reissuing the XRECOVER command. This condition can occur if the recovery system is different from the data mover system, and if the journal data sets that are cataloged on the data mover system are not cataloged on the recovery system. Ensure that all journal data sets are properly cataloged on both systems and that the correct HLQ is specified, and then reissue the XRECOVER command.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 453 | This is an internal error. |
| 454 | This error occurs when a command is issued that specifies an inactive XRC session name. If there is an active XRC session, issue the XQUERY ALL command to determine the session name, then reissue the failing command using the active session name. |
| 455 | <p>The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command has completed processing for an XRC session that was started with SESSIONTYPE(XRC). All XRECOVER or XADVANCE functions are not complete because there were no members found in the XRC control data set. This might be due to one of the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No updates were made to any of the primary volumes while the session was active. Data on all secondary volumes is consistent as of the timestamp reported when the session was suspended or ended. There are no updates that need to be applied to the secondary volumes because the control data set was not initialized. If the XRECOVER command was invoked, you must clip the secondary volumes to match the primary volume serial numbers. • No volumes have ever been added to the session. The XRECOVER or XADVANCE has no work to do and the function is complete. • The CONTROL0 or CONTROL1 member cannot be found in the control data set. Possibly the wrong data set is cataloged on the recovery system. Ensure that the correct data set is cataloged, and then reissue the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command. <p>If the members do not exist and the system log indicates that an XRC session was properly started with active updates on the volumes, then contact IBM for assistance. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 456 | The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command failed because the state data set indicates that there are no active volumes in the session. Ensure that the state data set has SESSION1, STATE000, and STATE001 members. If none exist, this can indicate either that the wrong data set is cataloged on the recovery system, or that an incorrect HLQ is specified. The error can also occur if the XSTART or XADDPAIR commands have never been issued for the session. If the members do not exist and the system log indicates that an XRC session was properly started with active volumes, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 457 | The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command failed because of an I/O error attempting to read the XRC control data set. This error occurs because of a hardware error. The hardware error should have had message ANTX5014E associated with it. XRC recovery cannot take place until the hardware error has been resolved. Data on the secondary volumes is accurate to the last reported timestamp. Additional updates can have been applied, but not reported. Data consistency across the secondary volumes cannot be ensured because of the error. Correct the hardware error and reissue the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command. If no I/O error is indicated then search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system and a copy of the control data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 458 | The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command failed because of an I/O error attempting to read the XRC state data set. This error occurs because of a hardware error. The hardware error should have had message ANTX5014E associated with it. XRC recovery cannot take place until the hardware error has been resolved. Data on the secondary volumes is accurate to the last reported timestamp. Additional updates can have been applied, but not reported. Data consistency across the secondary volumes cannot be ensured because of the error. Correct the hardware error and reissue the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command. If no I/O error is indicated then search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system and a copy of the state data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 459 | The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command failed because of the control data set being invalid. This error occurs when XRC can read the data set, but the data in the data set is invalid. This condition can occur if you have a control data set which follows the XRC naming conventions and has members, CONTROL0 and CONTROL1, but is not used by XRC. This error can occur if an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command is issued for a previous level data mover that was suspended or ended. Ensure that the data mover can recover the environment for which the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command was issued. If the data set is being properly used and the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command is being properly issued, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system and a copy of the control data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|----------------------|--|
| 460 | An XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command failed because of the state data set being invalid. This error occurs when XRC can read the data set, but the data in the data set is invalid. This condition can occur if you have a state data set which follows the XRC naming conventions and has members, STATE0 and STATE1, but is not used by XRC. If the data set is properly being used then search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a report on the cataloged data sets on both the data mover system and the recovery system and a copy of the state data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 461 | <p>During processing of an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command, the recover function has determined that the secondary volume cannot be found. This is probably a configuration error. The secondary volume or volumes must be online to the recovery system before issuing the XRECOVER or XADVANCE. Ensure that all volumes to be recovered are online, and then reissue the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command.</p> <p>If the TERTIARY parameter was specified on the XRECOVER command, message ANTR5028E might have been previously issued, indicating that an attempt was made to recover to a secondary volume that is the same device as the secondary in effect when XRC suspended or ended.</p> <p>If XRC abnormally ends during an XRECOVER command, some secondary volume serial numbers can have already been updated. In this case, the XRECOVER command cannot be reissued. Relabel the secondary volumes back to their original volume serial numbers before reissuing the XRECOVER command.</p> |
| 462, 463 | An XDELPAR command has been issued to remove one or more volumes from the session, but there are no volumes in the session. Issue the XQUERY command with the VOLUME(ALL) option to determine the status of volumes in the session. |
| 464 | The primary volume specified in an XADDPAR command was determined to be invalid. Ensure that the primary volume is a valid volume and then reissue the command. |
| 465 | <p>The secondary volume specified in an XADDPAR command was determined to be invalid. Ensure that the secondary volume is a valid volume that is online to the data mover system, and then reissue the command.</p> <p>If this error is associated with an XADDPAR command for a suspended pair, use the XQUERY configuration report to determine the secondary volume that was specified when the pair was originally added to the session, then reissue the command.</p> |
| 466, 467 | <p>Either of these indicate a probable I/O error that has occurred when XRC attempted to access the journal, state, or control data sets. Return code 466 indicates a read error, and return code 467 indicates a write error. Other messages can also be present, including an associated ANTX5014E error message providing hardware error diagnostics, and error messages from IOS or data management. Correct the journal error, then suspend the session and restart the data mover.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a copy of the associated SYS1.LOGREC information and a GTF trace, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 468, 469, 471 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 470, 472 | The session is in a state of being ended or suspended. If the session does not suspend or end, the session cleanup process can be stalled. In this case, issue the MODIFY ANTAS nnn ,DUMP command followed by the CANCEL ANTAS nnn command after the dump has completed. It is likely that all volumes in the session will then require a reinitialization. |
| 473 to 479 | These are internal errors. |
| 480 | <p>The specified volume was not suspended by XRC. Possibly another error associated with a list of volumes being processed has caused this error. To suspend the volume, reissue the XSUSPEND command. If the volume cannot be suspended, delete the volume pair from the session, then add it back into the session.</p> <p>If this error has been received with a valid active session, issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP to obtain a dump of the failing session. A dump is required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 481, 482 | These are internal errors. |
| 483 | <p>An attempt has been made to restart a session, but no storage control session exists on the storage control associated with this data mover. The previously existing session has been ended by the storage control. This might be due to an expired timeout interval for the storage control. If you want the volume pair to be part of the XRC session, reissue the XADDPAIR command for the volume pair. A full-volume synchronization is then required for the volume pair.</p> <p>If this error has been received with a valid active storage control session, issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP to obtain a dump of the failing condition. Issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,LISTSESS to obtain the storage control information on active sessions and MODIFY ANTASnnn,LISTDVCS to obtain the storage control information for active devices. This information is required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 484, 485 | These are internal errors. Issue MODIFY ANTAS nnn ,DUMP to obtain a dump of the error. |
| 486, 487 | <p>These return codes can indicate that the requested command function is taking longer than expected. Reissue the command. If this error occurs while starting a session or restarting a suspended session, it can be that the state, control, or journal data sets are unavailable to the XSTART command. Possibly another processor has reserved the volumes that these data sets reside on. Correct the condition so that the XSTART function can proceed normally. If the condition cannot be immediately corrected, you can issue an XEND command to end the session or an XSUSPEND to return the session to a suspended state. After correcting the condition, you can reissue the XSTART command to start or restart the session.</p> <p>If the problem persists, issue the F ANTASnnn,DUMP command to collect diagnostic information.</p> |
| 488 | This is an internal error. |
| 489 | The XADDPAIR command function has determined that the primary volume listed in message ANTA5107E is currently in an active XRC session. Use the XQUERY command to determine which volumes are already part of an XRC session, then reissue the XADDPAIR command with the correct primary volume serial number, primary volume device number, or SCSESSION identifier. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 490 | The XADDPAIR command function has determined that the secondary volume listed in message ANTA5107E is currently in an active XRC session. Use the XQUERY command to determine which volumes are already part of an XRC session, then reissue the XADDPAIR command with the correct secondary volume serial number or SCSESSION identifier. |
| 491 | This is an internal error. |
| 492 | <p>This error occurs if XRC encounters an error when it is writing to either the control or state data set. In most cases, the error occurs because the data set did not have sufficient space to contain XRC information. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services to determine the proper allocation sizes for the XRC control and state data sets.</p> <p>If this error occurs, perform the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Allocate a new control or state data set. 2. Suspend the session with an XSUSPEND command. 3. Copy the existing control or state data set to the new data set. 4. Delete the existing control or state data set. 5. Rename the new control or state data set to the original control or state data set name. 6. Restart the XRC session by issuing an XSTART command. 7. Resynchronize the suspended volumes by issuing an XADDPAIR command for all of the volumes in the session. <p>When you contact IBM for assistance, provide a copy of the failing data set, in addition to the data requested at the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 493 | This can mean that secondary updates are not being performed fast enough to keep pace with primary updates. Verify the configuration to ensure that you have not placed too many secondary volumes behind a single storage control. Verify that DASD fast write is enabled for the secondary volumes. |
| 494 to 497 | These are internal errors. |
| 498 | <p>The request has failed because the session is currently being ended or suspended. This error can be the result of a previously issued XEND or XSUSPEND command. See previous messages for an explanation of when the previous command was issued.</p> <p>If the active command does not complete in a reasonable timeframe, you can issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP to capture the proper information for problem diagnosis. You might need to issue CANCEL ANTASnnn to force the address space to end.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 499 | <p>This error occurs if XRC is unable to add any more members to the state data set during XSTART or XADDPAIR command processing. This error can also occur while XRC attempts to add the coupling member to the state data set when it processes an XCOUPLE ADD command. The state data set must have directory space and data set space for a STATE000, STATE001, STATEX00, STATEX01, SESSION01, and COUPLE. For volumes on a 3990 class controller space is needed in the state data set for each primary volume in the XRC session. The primary volume serial number member name is in the form Vxxxxxx where xxxxxx is the volume serial number of a primary volume.</p> <p>If this error occurs, perform the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Allocate a new state data set with more directory entries defined or additional space allocated for the data set. 2. Suspend the session with an XSUSPEND command. 3. Copy the existing state data set to the new state data set 4. Delete the existing state data set. 5. Rename the new state data set to the original state data set name. 6. Restart the XRC session by issuing an XSTART command. 7. Resynchronize the suspended volumes by issuing an XADDPAIR command for all of the volumes in the session. 8. If XSTART was not the command that originated this return code, invoke the command that originally caused this return code. |
| 500 to 603 | These are internal errors. |
| 604 | <p>This hardware-detected error can occur for one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specified volume can already be owned by an active XRC session. • An I/O error has occurred while attempting to add the specified volume to the session. <p>For either of the above reasons, issue MODIFY ANTAS000,LISTDVCS to the volume to determine which storage control session number owns the volume to be added. If you do not want the session to be active for the volume, you can force the storage control session to free the volume for use by issuing MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMDVC to the session.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The storage control cache or NVS is unavailable on the primary (source) storage controls. Issue the DEVSERV system command to display the current status of cache and NVS for the subsystem and the primary volume. If the error continues after you have verified that the storage control cache and NVS are available, the storage control can have encountered an uncorrectable error. You might need to re-IML the storage control to correct the problem. <p>If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. When contacting IBM for assistance with a problem, provide any associated SYS1.LOGREC information, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. A GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 605 | The maximum number of XRC sessions that are supported by a storage control has been reached. If you reissue the XADDPAIR command, this problem can not occur as volumes are deleted from other sessions. This error can occur if you attempt to start too many SCSESSIONS for a single storage control. If this error continues to occur, issue a LISTSESS command to determine which sessions are currently active on the storage control. Issue the TERMSESS command to end sessions that should not be active. If the error persists, see z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for information about identifying and restarting suspended sessions. When contacting IBM for assistance, a GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required, in addition to the data requested at the beginning of this section. |
| 606 | This is a hardware I/O error from an attempt to read a track from the specified primary volume; it can indicate a cache error. See accompanying messages to determine the scope of the error. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 607 | This is a hardware I/O error from an attempt to read one or more updates from the primary storage control cache. It can indicate a cache error, a session ending, a storage control session timeout condition, or the loss of the path (or line) from the data mover to the storage control cache. See accompanying messages to determine the scope of the error. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If a path to the storage control has been lost, the associated storage control session might need to be ended with the TERMSESS command, as the data mover is unable to cleanup the session. Issue the MODIFY LISTSESS command to determine if the storage control session is still active, then end it if necessary. |
| 608 | A hardware I/O error occurred while attempting to add the specified primary volume to the session. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E or ANTX5002E message, it provides additional detail about the failure reason. If the failure reason indicates that an XRC session is already active for the device, check if the XADDPAIR command was issued a short time after an XDELP AIR command for the same volume pair. If so, the XADDPAIR command will likely succeed when reissued. Otherwise, issue a MODIFY ANTAS000,DVCDATA command for the device to determine which storage control session it is associated with. Then use XQUERY CONFIGURATION reports on active data movers to determine which session owns the volume pair and/or storage control session. If the volume pair and storage control session cannot be matched to a data mover, contact IBM support for assistance in performing the necessary cleanup. |
| 609 | A hardware I/O error has occurred while deleting the primary volume from the session. You can force the volume pair to end by issuing MODIFY ANTAS000,LISTDVCS to the volume to determine which storage control session owns the volume. If you do not want the storage control session to be active you can force the storage control session to free the volume for use by issuing MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMDVC to the session. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 610 | A hardware I/O error has occurred while ending the XRC session. You can force the storage control session to end by first issuing MODIFY ANTAS000,LISTDVCS to a volume in the session to determine the active storage control sessions for the device. Next issue MODIFY ANTAS000,TERMSESS to end the storage control session. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 611 to 614 | A hardware I/O error has occurred while writing data to a secondary volume. The volume pair is suspended. Using the sense information provided, correct the error and issue an XADDPAIR command to resynchronize the volume pair back into the XRC session. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 615 to 616 | An error has occurred in track synchronization processing. Issue an XDELPAIR command to remove the volume pair from the XRC session. You can issue an XADDPAIR command to add the volume pair back to the session. The volume pair will then require a full initialization. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 617 to 619 | These are internal errors. |
| 620 | A hardware I/O error has occurred while attempting to determine the device characteristics of the volume. Correct the error and add the volume pair back into the session. |
| 621 | An I/O error has occurred during I/O to the specified volume. If the error occurred on the primary volume, it is likely that the storage control session has ended. This might have been due to a cache or NVS error, a timeout expiration, or an operator-initiated TERMSESS command. If the error is on a write operation, the error might be due to a cache or NVS error. Correct the error and add the volume pair back into the session. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 622, 623 | These are internal errors. When contacting IBM for assistance, also provide a copy of the SYS1.LOGREC data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 624 | This is a hardware I/O error. The XRC data mover function encountered an I/O error while attempting to write the volume label on the secondary volume. Use the sense information and SYS1.LOGREC records to determine the cause of the error. Correct the error and restart the function that encountered the error. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. When contacting IBM for assistance, a GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 625 | <p>The maximum number of XRC sessions that are supported by a storage control has been reached. The session limit includes both concurrent copy and XRC sessions. Issue the LISTSESS command to determine the number of active storage control sessions for the storage control. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for information about determining what sessions are active and restarting suspended sessions.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, a GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 626 | <p>The maximum number of XRC sessions for a single volume has been reached. No volume can have more than one active XRC session. This error can be caused when an XADDPAIR command closely follows an XDELPAIR command, but the delete operation is not yet complete. Reissue the XADDPAIR command. If the error persists, issue the LISTDVCS command to determine the number of storage control sessions.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, a GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 627 | <p>The maximum number of data mover sessions supported for a single volume has been reached. The session limit includes both concurrent copy (CC) and XRC sessions. 3990 and 9390 Storage Controls allow up to 16 CC sessions, or 15 CC and one XRC session, per volume. ESS storage subsystems allow up to 64 CC sessions, or 63 CC sessions and one XRC session, per volume. Issue the LISTDVCS command to determine the number of storage control sessions.</p> <p>When contacting IBM for assistance, a GTF trace of the operations leading to the error can also be required in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 628 | This is an internal error. |
| 629 | <p>This error is due to a nonstandard record zero on the volume. XRC supports only volumes which have a standard record zero. Initialize the volume with standard record zero and add it to the XRC session. If this error occurs and the volume has standard record zero, then search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide a dump of the failing track and records in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 630 | <p>An I/O error has occurred while attempting to read a track for a suspended volume during volume resynchronization. An IOS error message should accompany this error. Correct the error and issue an XADDPAIR command to return the volume pair to the session. The affected volumes will require a full-volume synchronization after and XADDPAIR command is issued. Processing continues for the rest of the volumes in the session if ERRORLEVEL(VOLUME) was specified for the volume pair.</p> |
| 631 | <p>This means a non-timestamped write was encountered during resynchronization processing. The volume pair is suspended. The condition can be corrected by issuing an XADDPAIR command for the volume pair.</p> |
| 632 | This is an internal error. Issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,DUMP to obtain a dump of the error. |
| 633 | <p>A list of volumes was given on the specified command. The error occurs when the same volume serial number is specified more than once in the list. Correct the error and respecify the command. A volume serial number can only be specified once in the list.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 634 | <p>This error is issued when a primary storage control session has been ended. The session might have ended because of any of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A TERMSESS command being issued to the storage control session • The timeout expiring on the storage control session • Cache or NVS being turned off for a storage subsystem • A storage control error • A software error. <p>The error is detected by either XADDPAIR processing or during normal data mover processing. If an SCSESSION exists for the storage control, the scope of the error reported by this message is for a single session.</p> <p>Review other diagnostic messages to determine the cause of the problem. All volumes for the storage control are suspended as a result of this error. Based on the ERRORLEVEL specification, other volumes on other storage controls can also be suspended. After determining the reason for the error and correcting the condition, you can issue an XADDPAIR command to add the suspended volumes back to the session. The suspended volumes will require a full resynchronization.</p> |
| 635 | <p>An I/O error has occurred while attempting to read from a list of sessions that are on a storage control. This can be caused by an LIC error which generates the I/O error. Verify that the LIC level supports remote copy functions. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If the error persists, obtain a GTF trace for the specified device.</p> |
| 636 | <p>An I/O error has occurred while attempting to read from a list of devices that are on a storage control. This can be caused by an LIC error which generates the I/O error. Verify that the LIC level supports remote copy functions. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If the error persists, obtain a GTF trace for the specified device.</p> |
| 637 | <p>An I/O error has occurred while attempting to read control information from a storage control. Possibly, an LIC error has generated the I/O error. Verify that the LIC level supports remote copy functions. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If the error persists, obtain a GTF trace for the specified device.</p> |
| 638 | <p>This is an LIC error. If you have previously issued an SCTRAP ON command, obtain the state save associated with the error and search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center for hardware-related assistance.</p> |
| 639 to 643 | <p>These are internal errors.</p> |
| 644 | <p>An I/O error has occurred during a read of the hardware bitmap. This might be due to an error in the cache or NVS. Correct the error and return the volume to the session. The volume pair will require a full resynchronization. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 645 | A device I/O error has occurred while determining device status. Reissue the failing command. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If the error persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, obtain a GTF trace before contact the IBM Support Center. |
| 646 | An I/O error has occurred during a read of the hardware bitmap. The volume pair will require a full resynchronization. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. If the error persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, obtain a GTF trace before contact the IBM Support Center. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|--|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|-----------|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 647 | <p>This I/O error is issued when a primary storage control session has been suspended. All volumes associated with the storage control session are suspended. Based on the ERRORLEVEL specification, other volumes can also be suspended.</p> <p>XRC has detected this error during normal data mover processing. The scope of the error is for a single storage control session. After you determine the reason for the error and correct the condition, you can issue an XADDPAIR command to add the suspended volumes back to the session.</p> <p>A reason code accompanies this return code, which gives more specific information as to the reason for the suspension. Additionally, other diagnostic messages might be issued.</p> <p>The following are the reason codes that are indicated with this return code:</p> <table> <tr> <th>Reason Code</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>02</td><td>Storage control session timer expired.</td></tr> <tr> <td>03</td><td>Sidefile not empty during failback.</td></tr> <tr> <td>05</td><td>LSS reset by cluster failover or warmstart</td></tr> <tr> <td>16</td><td>No longer used.</td></tr> <tr> <td>17</td><td>Exceeded maximum allowed cache segments in XRC sidefile.</td></tr> <tr> <td>18</td><td>Exceeded maximum number of updates in XRC sidefile.</td></tr> <tr> <td>50</td><td>Suspend requested via XSUSPEND command.</td></tr> <tr> <td>51</td><td>Long busy persisted for 100% of timeout interval.</td></tr> <tr> <td>52</td><td>Exceeded storage control session timeout interval.</td></tr> <tr> <td>53</td><td>Suspend requested through SUSSESS modify command or initiated by system data mover.</td></tr> <tr> <td>54</td><td>Suspended due to unspecified reason.</td></tr> </table> | Reason Code | Description | 02 | Storage control session timer expired. | 03 | Sidefile not empty during failback. | 05 | LSS reset by cluster failover or warmstart | 16 | No longer used. | 17 | Exceeded maximum allowed cache segments in XRC sidefile. | 18 | Exceeded maximum number of updates in XRC sidefile. | 50 | Suspend requested via XSUSPEND command. | 51 | Long busy persisted for 100% of timeout interval. | 52 | Exceeded storage control session timeout interval. | 53 | Suspend requested through SUSSESS modify command or initiated by system data mover. | 54 | Suspended due to unspecified reason. |
| Reason Code | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02 | Storage control session timer expired. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 03 | Sidefile not empty during failback. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05 | LSS reset by cluster failover or warmstart | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | No longer used. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Exceeded maximum allowed cache segments in XRC sidefile. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Exceeded maximum number of updates in XRC sidefile. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | Suspend requested via XSUSPEND command. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | Long busy persisted for 100% of timeout interval. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | Exceeded storage control session timeout interval. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 53 | Suspend requested through SUSSESS modify command or initiated by system data mover. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | Suspended due to unspecified reason. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 648, 649 | These are internal errors. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 650 | The volume originally being resynchronized is now being synchronized by a full-volume copy. If a full-volume synchronization is not indicated, issue MODIFY ANTAS \textit{nnn} ,DUMP to obtain a dump of the error. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 651 | An I/O error occurred while attempting to read device-blocking status information from the primary storage control. Reference any ANT or IOS error messages associated with the I/O error and correct the problem. If the message issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 652 | An I/O error occurred attempting to access the master data set. If the message issued with return code 652 was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 653 | There are no paths available. |
| 654 to 674 | These are internal errors. If the message issued with return code 652 was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 661 | Internal error. |
| 675 | <p>The system data mover has attempted to issue I/O to a device, but the I/O was not completed in the allotted time. If the accompanying reason code is 82, the timeout occurred after the I/O had been started. If the accompanying reason code is 83, the error occurred while the I/O was waiting to start.</p> <p>When reading updates from cache, or writing updates to a secondary volume, this return code is issued only when the data mover determines not to retry the condition.</p> <p>Retry will not be attempted if there is a command in progress (XDELPAIR, XSUSPEND, XEND), or if at least one storage control session is exceeding cache SIDEFILE limits.</p> <p>If the timeout occurs while writing updates to a secondary volume, the number of retry attempts is limited to four. If the timeout occurred while reading updates from cache in a channel extended primary storage control, check the network for connectivity problems. For other timeout events, check the storage subsystems for evidence of recovery actions that can have delayed I/O completion. The z/OS DEVSERV command can be helpful with problem determination.</p> <p>When the underlying problem is corrected, issue an XADDPAIR command for all of the suspended volumes.</p> |
| 676 | <p>An error occurred during XRC volume synchronization or resynchronization. The volume was suspended. XRC was unable to write data to a secondary volume of an XRC volume pair. The error occurred for a track on the primary volume which had been updated before the initialization of the track on the associated secondary volume.</p> <p>One possible reason for this is high update activity on the primary volume causing the residual count to exceed HaltThreshold, which then, in turn, causes the 676. In this case, delay the resynchronization until a period of low activity.</p> <p>An additional reason for this return code is when XRC coordinates the initial copy or resynchronization with mirroring, and XRC runs out of synchronization buffers. In this case, to alleviate the problem, set TracksPerRead and TracksPerWrite to a larger number (recommendation is 12 or above) to lessen the number of buffers the synchronization</p> <p>Determine the reason XRC was unable to perform the I/O request, fix the problem, and issue the XADDPAIR SUSPEND command.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 677 | The XRC session has detected that a storage control session has been in the long busy condition for 80% of the storage control timeout time. The XRC session will suspend all volumes associated with the storage control session to attempt to free up storage control cache to end the long busy condition. |
| 678 | <p>The XRC session has determined that a storage control session has been in the long busy condition for the storage control timeout time. The storage control session ends and all volumes associated with the storage control session are suspended. This frees up the cache resource in the storage control and ends the long busy condition.</p> <p>Note: If SILB is enabled in software but not hardware, you will get this return code instead of a return code 647 reason 17 or 18. Please ensure that in the SL column of a XQUERY STORAGECONTROL FEATURES report that it reads YY. If it reads NY or -Y, you will receive a return code of 678.</p> |
| 679 | The XRC has determined that a delay in the delivery of I/O to an active LOGPLUS volume is causing a problem in the formation of consistency groups in the active session. Subsequent messages indicate that the volumes were suspended because of this problem. Determine the reason why the I/O was not received by the LOGPLUS volume(s). Fix the problem and re-ADD the LOGPLUS volumes(s) to the XRC session. |
| 680 | The error is issued if mirror validation detects that the primary device associated with a duplex volume pair does not belong to an XRC storage control session. To return the volume to duplex, issue an XADDPAIR command. The data mover will automatically perform a full copy on the volume. Note that volumes encountering this error are not eligible to be processed by AUTO_READD. |
| 681 | An attempt is made to add a new LOGPLUS session to an LSS, but there are no available storage control session identifiers in the allowed range. Issue an F ANTAS000,LISTSESS command to the primary device number and look for identifiers in the range EA-FF. Terminate any unexpected sessions and issue the XADDPAIR command again. If there are no unexpected sessions, it is necessary to move the LOGPLUS volume to another LSS in order to mirror it with the XRC session. |
| 682 to 804 | These are internal errors. When contacting IBM for assistance, also provide a copy of the SYS1.LOGREC data set, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 805, 806 | These are internal errors encountered when issuing an MVS attach order. When contacting IBM for assistance, also provide a copy of the ANTMAIN address space, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 807 to 900 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. |
| 901 | This error is issued if the data mover detects either a No Record Found or Invalid Track Format error on a volume. The data mover will automatically reinitialize the track on which the error occurred. If a subsequent error occurs during resynchronization for the same volume, the volume pair will be suspended. |
| 902 | This error is issued if the data mover detects either a No Record Found or Invalid Track Format error on a volume. The data mover automatically reinitializes the track on which the error occurred. If a subsequent error occurs during resynchronization for the same volume, the volume pair is suspended. The error was detected on a volume that was added using the NOCOPY option of the XADDPAIR command. |
| 903 | Internal errors. Cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|---|
| 904 | The error is issued if the data mover detects unexpected XRC device status in the primary storage subsystem for a duplex volume. |
| 905 to 1001 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. |
| 1002 to 1008 | These are internal errors. |
| 1009 | An I/O error has occurred during control functions to a volume. The error can be accompanied by an IOS error message or an ANTX5001E error message that provides sense information associated with the error, or an ANTX5002E error message. If this error has occurred when adding or re-adding a volume to the session, correct the error and issue an XADDPAIR command to return the volume to the session. If the error occurs during an XSUSPEND function, reissue the command. If the error persists, obtain a GTF trace for the failing device. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide the GTF and a copy of the associated SYSLOG and SYS1.LOGREC information. |
| 1010 | This is an internal error. |
| 1011 | An SSID has been specified that is unknown to XRC. Issue a LISTSESS command for a device on the storage subsystem to determine if there are any active XRC sessions. If not, correct the SSID and reissue the command. |
| 1012 | This is an internal error. |
| 1013 | The command is not accepted. There are no volumes in the session, so the requested function cannot be performed. |
| 1014 | |
| 1015 | This is an internal error. |
| 1016 | This is an internal error. |
| 1017 | <p>An XRC volume was not found. If the return code was received as a result of issuing a command, the volume serial number or volume device number specified for the command can have been specified incorrectly. The volume is not in the XRC session. In this case, reissue the command. If this return code was issued with message ANTX5101E, the XDELPAIR command can have been issued using the current volume serial number of a relabeled volume or with the volume device number. Reissue the XDELPAIR command with the initial volume serial number of the relabeled volume.</p> <p>This error can occur for an ESS storage subsystem if the volume channel connection address is greater than 255, which is the maximum supported. In this case, ensure that the address is between 0 and 255. For a non-ESS storage subsystem, the channel connection address cannot be greater than 127. In this case, ensure that the address is between 0 and 127. If the volume serial number was specified correctly, issue a DEVSERV QDASD command for the failing volume and obtain the UCB information for the volume. Use the MODIFY command to dump the ANTASnnn address space, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. You might need to cancel ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. The cancel will cleanup the XRC control structures and suspend all volume pairs.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|--|
| 1018 | <p>This error is issued when a primary storage control session has been ended. The session can have ended for any of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A TERMSESS command being issued to the storage control session • The timeout expiration on a non-ESS storage subsystem session • A storage control error • An error in cache or NVS • A software error. <p>Review other diagnostic messages to determine the cause of the problem. The data mover suspends all volumes for the storage control as a result of this error. Based on the ERRORLEVEL specification, other volumes on other storage controls can also be suspended. After determining the reason for the error, you can issue an XADDPAIR command to add the suspended volumes back to the session. The suspended volumes will require a full resynchronization.</p> |
| 1019 to 1026 | These are internal errors. |
| 1027 | <p>XRC supports a maximum of 80 primary storage control sessions. You have attempted to add more than this limit. Reduce the number of SCSESSIONS used for this XRC session. If you require more than 80 primary storage control sessions, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Issue an XDELPAIR command for all volumes behind one or more primary control sessions to reduce the total number of active sessions.</p> |
| 1028 to 1031 | These are internal errors. |
| 1032 | This is an internal error. Issue MODIFY ANTAS001,DUMP to obtain a dump of the error. |
| 1033 | <p>An XDELPAIR, XEND, or XSUSPEND command has been issued with the DRAIN or ATTIME keyword specified. The request is rejected. This error is issued if there are no active volumes in the session or if no updates have been made to any storage control in the session since an XSTART command last started or restarted the session. The data mover has no application system time reference to use to determine when the DRAIN or ATTIME should take effect. Issue an XQUERY command to verify the session status. You can reissue the XDELPAIR, XEND, or XSUSPEND command with the IMMEDIATE option to complete the function.</p> |
| 1034 | <p>An XDELPAIR command has been issued for a volume pair with the ATTIME or DRAIN keyword specified. The volume pair is currently suspended. If you wish to delete the volume pair, reissue the XDELPAIR command with the IMMEDIATE keyword.</p> |
| 1035 | <p>The maximum number of XRC sessions that are supported by the data mover has been reached. A single XRC session supports a maximum of 80 storage control sessions. Issue the XQUERY STORAGECONTROL command to see the number of active storage control sessions. Either end any unnecessary sessions or start another data mover to run additional XRC sessions.</p> |
| 1036 to 1045 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. |
| 1046 to 1048 | There is an error with the STATEXnn member in the STATE dataset. |
| 1049 to 4000 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTASnnn and restart the XRC session. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4001 | The data contained in the state data set does not match the session name that is being recovered. Verify that the state data set is properly named and cataloged on the recovery system for the session that you are recovering. Cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4002 | This is an internal error. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4003, 4004 | During processing of an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command, XRC has determined that the timestamps for all groups are zero. This is a normal processing state. There is no unrecovered data, and all data is in a consistent state. If you believe that there is unrecovered data, provide a copy of the state, control, and journal data sets (and the master data set if you are running coupled XRC sessions) in addition to the data that was requested in the beginning of this section when you contact IBM for assistance. |
| 4005 | This is an internal error. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4006 | This error can be due to an XADDPAIR command being issued to a non-ECKD volume. Determine if this command has been issued to a volume that does not support ECKD commands. |
| 4007, 4008 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4009 | <p>During XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE processing, XRC has determined that the state data set cannot be opened. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, verify that the XSTART command specified the proper high-level qualifier (HLQ) for the state data set. Verify that the HLQ state data set is defined and cataloged on the data mover system. This error can also occur if the ANTASnnn address space does not have the proper access authority to the HLQ state data set name. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for more information about the state data set. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate the state data set that is used in conjunction with the session that is being recovered. The HLQ specified for the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command can be incorrect. The reason code provides the specific details about why this data set was not opened. This can be a non-PDSE data set. Correct the error and reissue the failing command specifying the correct HLQ on the command.</p> <p>Note: The message that activates this return code can be preceded by an IEC143I message that provides additional information regarding the cause of the data set open failure.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|--|
| 4010 | <p>During XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE processing, XRC has determined that the control data set cannot be opened. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, verify that the XSTART command specified the proper high-level qualifier (HLQ) for the control data set. Verify that the HLQ control data set is defined and cataloged on the data mover system. This error can also occur if the ANTASnnn address space does not have the proper access authority to the HLQ control data set name. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for more information about the control data set. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate the control data set that is used in conjunction with the session that is being recovered. The HLQ that is specified for the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command can be incorrect. The reason code provides the specific details about why this data set was not opened. Correct the error and reissue the failing command, specifying the correct HLQ.</p> <p>Note: The message that activates this return code can be preceded by an IEC143I message that provides additional information regarding the cause of the data set open failure.</p> |
| 4011 | <p>During XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE processing, XRC has determined that a journal data set cannot be opened. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, verify that the XSTART command specified the proper high-level qualifier (HLQ) for a journal data set. Verify that a HLQ journal data set is defined and cataloged on the data mover system. This error can also occur if the ANTASnnn address space does not have the proper access authority to a HLQ journal data set name. See “SDM and XRC return codes” on page 1451 for more information about the journal data set. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate a journal data set used in conjunction with the session being recovered. The HLQ specified for the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command can be incorrect. The reason code provides the specific details about why this data set was not opened. Correct the error and reissue the failing command specifying the correct HLQ on the command.</p> <p>Note: The message that activates this return code can be preceded by an IEC143I message that provides additional information regarding the cause of the data set open failure.</p> |
| 4012 | <p>During XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE processing, XRC has determined that either the state data set was not defined as a PDSE, or that the control data set was not defined as a PS data set. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, verify that the control and state data sets have been properly defined. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate the control or state data sets that were used in conjunction with the session being recovered. Verify that they are valid data sets (PDSE for the state, and PS for the control). Correct the error and reissue the failing command.</p> |
| 4013, 4014 | <p>These are internal errors. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command.</p> |
| 4015 | <p>While processing an XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command, SDM determined that the control, state, or journal data sets were not allocated with a DCB RECFM attribute of FB (fixed block). If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, then verify that the data set in error has been properly allocated with an FB attribute. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate the control or state data sets that were used in conjunction with the session being recovered. Verify that they have been properly allocated with the FB attribute. Correct the error and reissue the failing command.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|--|
| 4016 | While processing an XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command, SDM determined that the control, state, or journal data sets were not allocated on direct access volumes. XRC requires these data sets to be on disk volumes. If this return code appears with message ANTS5100E, then verify that the data set in error has been properly allocated on disk volumes. If the return code is present with message ANTR5102E, locate the control or state data sets that were used in conjunction with the session being recovered. Verify that they have been properly allocated on disk volumes. Correct the error and reissue the failing command. |
| 4017 | While processing an XADDPAIR command, it was determined that the primary volume is behind a storage control that is not LRE-capable. XRC supports only ECKD-level systems that have the XRC hardware support. The volume cannot be supported by XRC. To process the volume, place it behind an XRC-supported storage control. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for more information. |
| 4018 | The data mover detected a lost record. This is probably a hardware error where a record has been lost. Correct any errors found in SYS1.LOGREC. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a GTF trace, from both the application system and the data mover system, of I/O to the primary volume with the lost record, in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 4019 to 4022 | These are internal errors. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4023 | This can be due to the system limit on resource managers being reached. You can wish to increase this limit. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4024 | This is an internal error. Cancel ANTASnnn and reissue the command. |
| 4025 | An XRC address space cannot be created in response to an XSTART or XRECOVER command. It is possible that the number of address spaces allowed by the system has been exceeded. This error is associated with message ANTU2000E which contains the system return code and reason code for why the address space cannot be created. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide associated SYS1.LOGREC information in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section. |
| 4026 | This error is caused by an incomplete shutdown of a previous XRC session, and can be associated with a system abend. If the ANTASnnn address space is active, cancel both it and the ANTAS000 address space. Reissue the XSTART or XRECOVER command. If the problem persists, generate a dump (if possible) of the ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn address spaces. |
| 4027 | This return code is issued when attempting to make the volume specified on an XADDPAIR command, a FIXED utility device. An XADDPAIR command was issued for the specified primary volume with XRCUTL specified as the secondary volser. The specified volume is currently a utility device (which was previously added using the XRCUTL secondary volser) but is not a FIXED utility device, and the XSET UTILITY option of FIXED is currently active. The reason the XADDPAIR command failed is because an XDELPAIR command has not completed (XDELPAIR command was issued with the ATTIME or DRAIN option) for the specified volume. You must allow the XDELPAIR command to complete before issuing the XADDPAIR command. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|---|
| 4028 to 4033 | These errors are caused by an incomplete shutdown of a previous XRC session, and they can be associated with a system abend. If the ANTAS nnn address space is active, cancel both it and the ANTAS000 address space. Reissue the XSTART or XRECOVER command. If the problem persists, generate a dump (if possible) of the ANTAS000 and ANTAS nnn address spaces. |
| 4034 | You have attempted to add a primary volume to the session that already exists within the session as either a primary or secondary volume. Issue an XQUERY VOLUME(ALL) command to determine which volumes are in the session. To change the primary pair, delete the volume pair with an XDELPAIR command, then reissue an XADDPAIR command. |
| 4035 | You have attempted to add a secondary volume to the session that already exists within the session as either a primary or secondary volume. Issue an XQUERY VOLUME(ALL) command to determine which volumes are in the session. To change the primary pair, delete the volume pair with an XDELPAIR command, then reissue an XADDPAIR command. |
| 4036 to 4042 | These errors are caused by an incomplete shutdown of a previous XRC session or the inability to start a new XRC session. These errors might also be associated with a system abend. Other error messages can be issued giving more detailed information. If the ANTAS nnn address space is active, cancel both it and the ANTAS000 address space. Reissue the XSTART command. If the problem persists, generate a dump (if possible) of the ANTAS000 and ANTAS nnn address spaces. |
| 4043 | <p>This error results when an XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command is issued after an XRC session has logically completed and before the particular ANTASnnn address space (where the command was issued) has ended. If you are running coupled XRC sessions, issue the XQUERY ALL command, and message ANTQ8200I will be displayed for each currently active address space running XRC. Then issue the console command DISPLAY A,ANTAS* to determine all currently active ANTASnnn address spaces. The address space that is listed on the DISPLAY console command that does not show up on any of the ANTQ8200I messages is the address space that caused this error. Wait for the following system console messages to be issued (for this particular ANTASnnn address space) before you issue an XRC command:</p> <pre>IEF196I IEF352I ADDRESS SPACE UNAVAILABLE IEF352I ADDRESS SPACE UNAVAILABLE</pre> <p>If the above messages do not appear within two minutes, issue CANCEL ANTASnnn to end the particular address space. It can be necessary to also end the ANTAS000 address space to completely end the XRC session.</p> |
| 4044 | XRC has detected that the specified volume is defined as a VM minidisk. XRC does not support VM minidisks. If this error persists, search problem reporting data bases for a solution. If no solution exists, contact the IBM Support Center. Provide the system log and a copy of the ANTAS nnn address space. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 4045 | <p>An error has been detected while attempting to store a member in the <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.STATE</i> or the <i>hlq.XCOPY.session_id.CONTROL</i> data set with the STOW function. Determine why the STOW function failed and correct the error. In most cases, the error occurs because the data set did not have sufficient space to contain XRC information. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> to determine the proper allocation sizes for the XRC control and state data sets.</p> <p>If this error causes suspension of a session or volumes in the session, the volumes that encountered this error requires complete synchronization after you have corrected the problem. You might also need to issue the appropriate XCOUPLE command if the session was a coupled XRC session.</p> <p>If this error occurs, perform the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Allocate a new control or state data set. 2. Suspend the session with an XSUSPEND command. 3. Copy the existing control or state data set to the new data set. 4. Delete the existing control or state data set. 5. Rename the new control or state data set to the original control or state data set name. 6. Restart the XRC session by issuing an XSTART command. 7. Resynchronize the suspended volumes by issuing an XADDPAIR command for all of the volumes in the session. <p>When you contact IBM for assistance, provide a copy of the failing control or state data set in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 4046, 4047 | These are internal errors. Cancel <i>ANTASnnn</i> and reissue the command. |
| 4048, 4049 | These are internal errors. |
| 4050 | The journal data set has been defined as a compressed data set, which is not supported. Journal data sets must be defined as noncompressed. The reason code indicates the number of the JRNLxx data set that is incorrectly defined. |
| 4051 | A journal data set is improperly defined. The journal data set must be defined as a sequential file (DSORG=PS). The reason code indicates the number of the JRNLxx data set that is incorrectly defined. |
| 4052 | A suspend request has been made for a volume which is already suspended. Reissue the command without specifying this volume. |
| 4053 | Dynamic allocation has encountered an error. Typical errors might be that the specified data set does not exist, that the data set has been allocated for exclusive use by another process, or in the case of a parmlib dataset that the data set has been migrated. The reason code that is associated with this return code was generated by the DYNALLOC facility. See "Interpreting Error Reason Codes from DYNALLOC" in <i>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide</i> to interpret the reason code. |
| 4054 | The requested function is not supported by the storage control LIC. |
| 4055 | An XQUERY command requesting output to a data set has failed because the data set specified could not be opened. See <i>z/OS MVS System Codes</i> to interpret the abend code reported by this return code. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4056 | <p>An XSTART or XADDPAIR command has been issued. XRC has attempted to reinstate the storage control session that previously existed, but the storage control session is already active. This error indicates that the session is currently owned by another session (which can be either XRC or concurrent copy). The XSTART or XADDPAIR function is not able to use this storage control session.</p> <p>If this return code is observed after an XSTART to restart an XRC session on a different LPAR, take the following steps to resolve the issue.</p> <p>First issue F ANTAS000,LISTSESS ALL and verify that the session in error is an XRC session and that it should not belong to another XRC session.</p> <p>If it should belong to another XRC session, issue an XDELPAIR, and then XADDPAIR the volume into the appropriate session.</p> <p>If it should belong to this XRC session, a SUSSESS will be required to suspend the active storage control session and allow the session to be re-registered to the appropriate XRC session.</p> <p>For Enhanced Reader:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Issue an XQUERY session STORAGECONTROL DETAIL command and identify the Primary and Auxiliary sessions associated with the Storage Control Sessions that received the ANTX5119E message. 2. Issue an F ANTAS00,SUSSESS nnnn xx for the Primary session (where nnnn is the STORAGE CONTROL ID and xx is the SESSION from the ANTX5119E message that received the return code 4056). 3. Issue an F ANTAS000,SUSSESS nnnn xx for the Auxiliary session(s) (where nnnn is the STORAGE CONTROL ID and xx is the SESSION from the ANTX5119E message that received the return code 4056). <p>For a Non-Enhanced Reader mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issue an F ANTAS000,SUSSESS nnnn xx (where nnnn is the STORAGE CONTROL ID and xx is the SESSION from the ANTX5119E message that received the return code 4056). |
| 4057 | <p>An error was encountered in SDM data set processing. This might result from an incorrect parameter of a modify command to an ANT address space, or a TSO command for a XRC, FlashCopy, or PPRC function. Reissue the command with correct syntax and options. If not encountered as a result of command processing, then treat as a SDM internal error.</p> |
| 4058 | <p>A command specified the ATTIME keyword. The target time specified has already passed. Reissue the command specifying a future time.</p> |
| 4059 | <p>The CANCEL keyword was specified for an XSUSPEND command, or an XRC internal command was issued to cancel a pending command. No pending command was found. This can be due to either the pending command having been completed, or another cancel command caused the pending command to be canceled.</p> |
| 4060 | <p>The CANCEL keyword has been specified for an XDELPAIR command, but there is no pending XDELPAIR command. Verify and reissue the command.</p> |
| 4061 | <p>The CANCEL keyword has been specified for an XEND command, but there is no pending XEND command. Verify and reissue the command.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------------|---|
| 4062, 4063 | An XQUERY command requesting output to a data set has failed, probably because the data set size is too small or an I/O error was encountered. See <i>z/OS MVS System Codes</i> to interpret the abend code reported by this return code and see message ANTX5014E for error details. |
| 4064 | An XQUERY command to a data set has failed because the LRECL specified is too small. Reallocate the data set with a larger LRECL and reissue the XQUERY command. |
| 4065, 4066 | These are internal errors. |
| 4067 | An XQUERY command has been issued to an invalid data set type. The XQUERY command has failed. Reissue the command to a sequential data set. |
| 4068 | The session is being suspended because MODIFY ANTASnnn,RESTART was issued from the operator console. A dump has been generated, the software bitmaps have been saved, and the session will be suspended and automatically restarted. All volumes will remain in a suspended state until an XADDPAIR command is issued. |
| 4069 | An XDELPAIR or XSUSPEND command has been issued and one or more volumes specified with the command is in error. See previous messages for the cause of the error. Correct the error and reissue the command. |
| 4070 | An XADDPAIR command has been issued for a suspended primary volume. The volume is either on a different channel or has a different device address than existed when the volume was suspended. Issue an XDELPAIR command to remove the volume from the session followed by an XADDPAIR command to add it back. |
| 4071 | An XADDPAIR command has been issued for a suspended secondary volume, and the Subsystem Identifier (SSID) and/or Channel Connection Address (CCA) of the device has changed since the volume was last added. If this corresponds to a known reconfiguration event, you can use the REFRESHS function of the XSET command to update the device location information in the System Data Mover, and then retry the XADDPAIR. |
| 4072 | An XQUERY command to a data set has failed because dynamic allocation was unable to determine the organization of the data set. Verify that the data set has been created with the proper attributes, and cataloged. |
| 4073 | An XQUERY command requesting output to a data set has failed because the data mover does not have the proper RACF authority to access the data set. |
| 4074 | An XQUERY command requesting output to a data set has failed because the data set is in use by another user. When the user frees the data set, the XQUERY command can be reissued. |
| 4075 | An XQUERY command requesting output to a data set has encountered an I/O error while writing to the data set. See message ANTX5014E for error details. |
| 4076 | A Catalog Locate error was detected while attempting to locate the journal control data set. The accompanying reason code indicates the catalog return code. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4077 | <p>An I/O error occurred while attempting to read from the control data set. Reference any ANT or IOS error messages associated with the I/O error, correct the error if possible, and reissue the failing command. If an uncorrectable error occurred on restart of a suspended coupled session, do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cancel the session's ANTAS00n address space, if still running 2. Create and initialize a new control data set 3. Uncouple the session with XCOUPLE PURGE 4. Restart and recouple the session |
| 4078 | <p>An I/O error occurred while attempting to write to an XRC data set. Reference any ANT and/or IOS messages for additional details on the nature of the error. If the error was encountered by an active XRC data mover session, correct the error and resynchronize to achieve consistency on the secondary volumes. If the message occurred during XRECOVER or XADVANCE, correct the error and reissue the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command.</p> |
| 4079 | <p>The unplanned outage function is not supported by this storage control.</p> |
| 4080 | <p>This error can occur during either XRC XSTART command processing or during XADDPAIR processing. The data mover is unable to determine the location of one or more of the primary volumes associated with the volume's associated storage control. This can be because the storage control path is unavailable, the device number channel connection address has changed (the volume has been moved to another device), or in the case of a utility volume, the volume is not online to the data mover system.</p> <p>During XSTART processing, message ANT5011E is issued with this return code if a suspended primary volume encountered one of the above errors during reregistering of suspended sessions.</p> <p>During XADDPAIR processing, message ANT5011E is issued with this return code for suspended primary volumes which encountered one of the above errors.</p> <p>Correct the error and reissue an XADDPAIR command to return the volume pair or pairs to the session. If you use an XDELP AIR command to remove the volume pair or pairs from the session(s), note that this will not remove the session on the controller.</p> <p>Additionally, if the volume associated with this error is a utility volume, this problem could be due to the unavailability of a primary volume. Check for previously issued messages associated with the storage control session, for ANT5011E RC=4080, identifying primary volumes which have encountered one of the above indicated errors.</p> |
| 4081 | <p>This occurs after an attempt was made to add a volume to an XRC session when the CCA is greater than the XRC-supported number of volumes.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4082 | <p>This return code is issued when one of the following occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An XDELPAIR command has been issued for the specified volume which is currently a FIXED utility device. When enhanced multi reader is not being used, you must either switch to another FIXED utility device (via an XADDPAIR command) or issue the XSET UTILITY command with the FLOAT option before issuing the XDELPAIR command for the specified volume. • When enhanced multi reader is being used via PARMLIB setting AllowEnhancedReader(YES), FIXED utility devices for the primary storage control session cannot be deleted until all other volumes in that storage control session are deleted, including all non-utility volumes and all utility volumes for the associated alias storage control sessions. • An XADDPAIR command was issued for the specified volume which is currently a FIXED utility device, and the secondary volser specified on the XADDPAIR command is not XRCUTL. You must either switch to another FIXED utility device (via an XADDPAIR command) or issue the XSET UTILITY command with the FLOAT option before attempting to shadow the specified volume. |
| 4083 | These are internal errors. |
| 4084 | <p>The XADDPAIR command could not be processed because of XRC system resource constraints. If you have several XRC volume initializations currently running, wait for one or more of these to complete before resubmitting the XADDPAIR command. You can also use the XRC XSET command to lower the value used for the SYNCH parameter, which will reduce the number of concurrent XRC volume initializations. If the problem persists, issue the F ANTASnnn, DUMP command to collect diagnostic information.</p> |
| 4085 | <p>An XQUERY command was issued while XRC was processing an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command. The XQUERY command is terminated. The XQUERY command cannot be run during XRC recovery functions. The XRC recovery functions automatically provide the XQUERY output related to the XRC recovery command.</p> |
| 4086 | <p>An XDELPAIR command for a primary volume or an XEND command has been issued. If this code is received as a return code, the primary volume is in error. If it is received as a reason code, the swap volume is in error.</p> <p>The volume is either in not in the configuration, or it is in the configuration but is not attached. The command was unable to remove the volume from the volume's associated storage control session. Issue the MVS MODIFY console command with the TERMDVC option to remove the volume from the storage control session. If the volume is the last volume in the session, issue the MVS MODIFY console command with the TERMSESS option to terminate the storage control session.</p> |
| 4087 | This is an internal error. |
| 4088 | <p>A TSO XSET PARMLIB ACTION(APPLY) command was executed for a session ID that is not active. The XSET parmlib parameter value for ACTION cannot be APPLY. Only action VERIFY is allowed.</p> |
| 4089 | <p>A TSO XSET PARMLIB command was executed for a session ID that is not active. The XSET parmlib parameter DATASET is missing.</p> |
| 4090 | <p>The data set being accessed has an invalid record format. For example, a parmlib data set must have a fixed format.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|---|
| 4091 | The data set being accessed has an invalid logical record length. For example, a parmlib data set must have a logical record length of 80. |
| 4092 | The data set being accessed has unknown characteristics. For example, a parmlib data set does not exist on a volume, but the catalog entry for the data set shows it residing on the volume. |
| 4093 | During volume resynchronization, a storage control has returned a bit map that has an invalid format. If flag SCTRAP is on, a state save is taken. If flag ABEND_LIC is on, a 9C4-6C abend is forced. |
| 4094 | The MVS system service IEFPRMLB, which is used to access concatenated parmlibs, returned the error indicated by the reason code associated with this return code. The format of the reason code is X'aaaabbbb', where 'aaaa' indicates the return code from IEFPRMLB and 'bbbb' indicates the reason code from IEFPRMLB. For additional information about the IEFPRMLB return and reason codes, see the z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT . |
| 4095 | During processing of an XRC XSTART or XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command, if the storage control indicates that a utility volume is currently a floating utility volume, but the volume was a fixed utility volume when the session was suspended, XRC fails the request to re-register the volume. This situation might occur if the storage control lost knowledge of whether the device associated with the volume was either floating or fixed, and thus reverted back to the default mode of floating. Contact your storage control support to determine if further analysis is needed if this situation is detected. This return code might be seen for a utility volume as well as all the primary volumes associated with the utility volume's storage control session. If the utility volume needs to be changed to a floating utility device, issue the XDELPAIR command to delete the volume from the session, and re-add the volume using the XADDPAIR command. Otherwise, issue the XRC XSET command specifying the UTILITY(FIX) option to change the type of utility volume to be added, and then re-issue XADDPAIR command for the utility volume. |
| 4096 | An XADDPAIR command has been issued for a primary or secondary volume that has more than the maximum number of cylinders supported for XRC. The request is rejected. The reason code will contain the number of cylinders that the volume contains. |
| 4097 | Message ANTR5102E indicates that an XADVANCE command was issued to a session that encountered an error during XRECOVER processing. If the session is coupled, the XQUERY MASTER report will indicate that it is in an ARV state and that the XADVANCE command failed. The only commands that are allowed in this state are XRECOVER, XSTART, and XCOUPLE with the PURGE option. Determine which command (if any) needs to be executed, and issue the correct command. |
| 4098 | An XADVANCE or XRECOVER command was issued to a session that has already been recovered by the XRECOVER command. The command failed. XADVANCE and XRECOVER commands are not permitted in this condition. The only commands available for a session in this state are XSTART and XCOUPLE with the PURGE option. Determine which command (if any) needs to be executed, and issue the correct command. |
| 4099 | An XSUSPEND command has been issued for a utility volume. Utility volumes cannot be suspended because they are used only as a path to the storage control. The command request is failed. |
| 4100 to 4107 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|---|
| 4104 | An attempt was made to merge an existing enhanced SCSESSION with another session using the XADDPAIR command with a new SCSESSION value for an existing utility volume. The command is rejected. The correct procedure for merging multiple SCSESSIONS into an enhanced session is to change single mode sessions into enhanced mode sessions. For example, if SCSESSION(AA) is enhanced and SCSESSION(BB) is non-enhanced, it is OK to perform XADDPAIR to the volume in SCSESSION(BB) with a new value SCSESSION(AA), but not vice versa. |
| 4105 | Internal error. While deleting a utility volume, a list of volumes in the SSID came back empty. This is a logical impossibility because it implies a deleting of a volume that doesn't exist. |
| 4106 to 4107 | These are internal errors. |
| 4108 | <p>An XADDPAIR request was issued specifying the LOGPLUS option, or an XDELPAIR request was specified for a LOGPLUS utility volume. The request failed. The reason code issued with this return code indicates the reason the request failed.</p> <p>Reason Code</p> <p>Description</p> <p>0</p> <p>The XDELPAIR request specified a LOGPLUS utility volume. A LOGPLUS utility volume can only be deleted by issuing the XDELPAIR request for the LOGPLUS volume associated with the LOGPLUS utility volume.</p> <p>1</p> <p>The XADDPAIR request was specified with the LOGPLUS option, and only a utility volume was requested to be added to a session. A LOGPLUS utility volume must be added with the LOGPLUS volume pair.</p> <p>2</p> <p>The XADDPAIR request was specified with the LOGPLUS option, and the LOGPLUS utility volume pair was specified before the LOGPLUS volume pair. The LOGPLUS volume pair must be specified as the first volume pair, and the LOGPLUS utility volume pair must be specified as the second volume pair.</p> <p>3</p> <p>The XADDPAIR request was specified with the LOGPLUS option, and the second volume pair specified on the request was not a utility volume pair.</p> <p>4</p> <p>The XADDPAIR request was specified with the LOGPLUS option, and either the primary volume or the utility volume specified is not online.</p> <p>5</p> <p>The XADDPAIR request was specified with the LOGPLUS option, and the primary volume and utility volume specified do not reside on the same storage control (LSS).</p> |
| 4109 | An XADDPAIR request was issued specifying the LOGPLUS option. The request failed because the session indicated on the request was started via the XSTART command, which specified the SESSIONTYPE of MIGRATE. A LOGPLUS volume pair cannot be added to a MIGRATE session. |
| 4110 to 4111 | These are internal errors. |
| 4112 | The parmlib data set that is being accessed cannot be found. |
| 4113 | The member in a parmlib data set that is being accessed cannot be found. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|---|
| 4114 | The parmlib data set that is being accessed caused an ABEND. The reason code shows the abend code. |
| 4115 | The data set that is being accessed has an invalid data set organization. For example, a parmlib data set must have a partitioned data set organization. |
| 4116 to 4117 | These are internal errors. |
| 4118 | Parameter library support was invoked and a syntax error was detected by RMM/TSO. The accompanying ANTI1nnnx messages describe the error and the corrective action. |
| 4119 | Parameter library support was invoked and a syntax error was detected. The accompanying ANTI1nnnx messages describe the error and the corrective action. |
| 4120 to 4121 | These are internal errors. |
| 4122 | The number of auxiliary SCIDs associated with an enhanced SCSESSION could not be increased because the total number of allowed sessions on the SSID would be exceeded. Concurrent Copy and XRC sessions both contribute to the limit on the number of sessions. |
| 4123 | Internal error. |
| 4124 | XDELPAIR specified the utility device of the primary storage control session for an enhanced multiple reader session group. The primary session utility volume can only be deleted when there are no other volumes in that storage control session. |
| 4125 to 4127 | These are internal errors. |
| 4128 | Unable to locate a volume using the supplied volume serial number. Re-issue the command using a device number. |
| 4129 | Internal error. |
| 4130 | An attempt was made to add a primary volume to the session with a Write Pacing attribute, but the data mover does not recognize the storage controller as capable of supporting Write Pacing. |
| 4131 | I/O error occurred while attempting to retrieve write pacing information. |
| 4132 to 4136 | These are internal errors. |
| 4137 | The device number of the secondary device in the XADDPAIR command does not fall within any of the device number ranges specified in the SecondaryDeviceRange PARMLIB parameter. |
| 4138 | The secondary volser in the XADDPAIR command does not match any of the volser patterns in the SecondaryVolserPattern PARMLIB parameter. |
| 4139 | Internal error. |
| 4140 | Unable to locate a volume using the supplied 4-digit device number. Re-issue the command using a 5-digit device number. |
| 4141 to 4143 | These are internal errors. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4144 | The volume specified on the XSET DVCBLOCK VOLUME TSO command or the XSET DVCBLOCK PVOLSER API request is not a primary volume in the specified XRC session. If you specified VOLUME(ALL), no volumes were found in the specified logical session. If the error continues, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. When contacting IBM for assistance, provide a copy of the associated SYS1.LOGREC information and a GTF trace, in addition to the data requested by IBM. |
| 4145 | An I/O error was encountered attempting to change the blocking threshold setting for a volume. The reason code that accompanies this return code indicates the I/O error that occurred when the XSET DVCBLOCK command attempted to change the blocking threshold setting for the volume specified in the message where this return code is issued. |
| 4146 | During a write to the STATE data set an error was returned indicating that PDSE MLT threshold maximum value has been exceeded. SDM attempted to close and reopen the STATE data set to resolve the problem. If the problem persists, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center. |
| 4148 | These are internal errors. |
| 4147 | The offline utility device has not been prepared properly. |
| 4149 | XRC session exceeded time limit while waiting for more data movement buffers to become available. Most likely causes are READERPACINGWINDOW, READERPACINGLIMIT, and/or MAXTRACKSREAD parmlib values that are too high relative to the TOTALBUFFERS value and the number of readers in the session. |
| 4150 | This is an internal error. |
| 4151 | An attempt was made to XADDPAIR or XSET a volume with the DVCBLOCK(WP0) attribute, however the XRC parmlib value for DfltWritePacingLvl is zero. If a session-level default write pacing level is desired, modify XRC parmlib with an appropriate value for DfltWritePacingLvl and activate the change with the XSET PARMLIB command. Then resubmit the XADDPAIR or XSET command. |
| 4152 | An I/O error occurred during a query of PPRC status. |
| 4153 | This is an internal error. |
| 4156 | During XADDPAIR, the device number of the ONLINE volume matching the primary VOLSER does not match the specified PDEVNUM parameter. |
| 4157 | During XADDPAIR, the device number of the ONLINE volume matching the secondary VOLSER does not match the specified SDEVNUM parameter. |
| 4158 | The System Data Mover attempted to retrieve a list of data mover sessions from a storage subsystem, but received invalid data. This may be due to a Licensed Internal Code error in the storage subsystem, a defect in channel extension hardware, or some other cause external to the System Data Mover. Details about the invalid data can be found in a LOGREC entry containing 'DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION: XRC ERROR - ANTS5012'. Provide this information to the IBM Support center for problem determination assistance. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4159 | <p>An XADDPAIR command has been issued for an existing Utility volume, but the System Data Mover was unable to locate its associated storage control session. This can occur if the session was previously terminated via the F ANTAS000, TERMSESS command.</p> <p>To recover from this error, the Utility volume must be removed using XDELPAIR, then re-added. If the Utility volume is associated with an Enhanced Reader primary or Single Reader storage control session, all associated volume pairs must first be removed using XDELPAIR, then re-added after the Utility volume is re-established.</p> |
| 4160 | An XRC XADDPAIR request specified a device that is currently in the process of being re-sized. Devices are restricted from participating in a copy services relationship when being re-sized. Wait until the volume resize is completed and issue the failing request again. |
| 4163 | Invalid swap utility volume specified. |
| 4190 | A failure occurred during XRC processing because the pointer to a buffer is invalid. The volume is suspended. Depending on ERRORLEVEL settings, the remaining volumes in the XRC session may be suspended. Re-issue the XADDPAIR command(s). |
| 4197 | A failure occurred during XRECOVER's enhanced checking, preventing further processing. Possible errors include allocation failure or volume count processing error. |
| 4198 | <p>During XRECOVER processing, one of two comparisons failed. The reason for the failure is indicated in the XRECOVER_CHECK report. The reason codes are:</p> <p>1 XRC session was not coupled</p> <p>2 XRC session was coupled</p> |
| 4199 | The System Data Mover attempted to retrieve a list of data mover sessions from a storage subsystem, but received invalid data. |
| 4200 | The XRECOVER or XADVANCE command failed because the state data set information indicates that the session previously used a PARMLIB parameter that is not supported with this release or PTF level. Perform the XRECOVER or XADVANCE command on a system that is at the same or later release or PTF level as the system that the session was active on. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4202 | <p>At z/OS 3.1 and up, XSTART will fail ANTS5100E RC=4202 REAS=4202, which means "no_xrc_this_release". At the current the hardware level, DS8900F is the last supported DASD Subsystem: IBM Asia Pacific Software Announcement AP21-0051, dated March 2, 2021</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>For decades, IBM has offered two asynchronous replication strategies, IBM z/OS Global Mirror, also known as extended remote copy, or XRC, and DS8000 Global Mirror. IBM plans to support and maintain z/OS Global Mirror on z/OS with its current function only, and z/OS V2.5 is the last release to provide such support. This withdrawal aligns with what was previously announced in Hardware Announcement WG20-0001, dated January 7, 2020, which indicated that the DS8900F family would be the last platform to support z/OS Global Mirror. New functions to support asynchronous replication technology are intended to be developed only for DS8000 Global Mirror, and it is intended that no new z/OS Global Mirror functions will be provided with DS8900F and z/OS.</p> |
| 4300 | The session specified in the XCOUPLE ADD command is already coupled. Specify a different session name to couple to the master session, or use the XCOUPLE DELETE to remove an active session from the specified master session, or use the XCOUPLE PURGE to remove an inactive session from the specified master session. |
| 4301 | The session specified in the XCOUPLE DELETE command is not coupled. If the session is an active session, issue the XCOUPLE PURGE command to remove the session from the master session. |
| 4302 | This return code can refer to the cluster data set. |
| 4303 | This return code can refer to the cluster data set. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|
| 4304 | <p>The master data set that is associated with the specified logical session name contains invalid data. The reason code that accompanies this return code indicates the particular reason that the master data set is invalid and what you need to do to fix the problem. You might need to issue the XQUERY SUMMARY command to determine the master session name for the master data set that contains invalid data. If message ANTQ8246I does not contain the master session name, or the message is not issued, you might need to search the system log for a message that indicates the master session name that is associated with the specified logical session.</p> <p>If this return code occurs during XADVANCE or XRECOVER processing, it is not possible to complete the command in a coupled environment. Issue the XCOUPLE PURGE command and then reissue the XADVANCE or XRECOVER command to process the command. Use only information from this session.</p> <p>The following are the different reason codes indicated with this return code:</p> <table> <tr> <th>Reason Code</th><th>Description</th></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td> <p>The identification information in the master data set directory is invalid. This indicates the master data set was overwritten by a program other than CXRC.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> </td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td> <p>The master session name contained within the master data set directory does not match the data set name. The data set might have been renamed, or the space that was previously used for a different master data set can have been allocated to this data set when it was created.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> <p>If this error occurs because the data set was renamed and the intent was to keep the previous master session information, the data set must be renamed to its previous name.</p> <p>It is not possible to change the master session name by renaming the data set while the data set contains information about coupled sessions. To change the master session name, all sessions must be uncoupled using the XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE commands, and then the sessions might be coupled to the new master session using the XCOUPLE ADD command.</p> <p>This error can also occur when processing an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command for a session that was previously coupled in an XRC master session. If the specified session is no longer required to be coupled, delete the couple member from the session state data set and reissue the command.</p> </td></tr> </table> <p>This return code can refer to the cluster data set.</p> | Reason Code | Description | 1 | <p>The identification information in the master data set directory is invalid. This indicates the master data set was overwritten by a program other than CXRC.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> | 3 | <p>The master session name contained within the master data set directory does not match the data set name. The data set might have been renamed, or the space that was previously used for a different master data set can have been allocated to this data set when it was created.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> <p>If this error occurs because the data set was renamed and the intent was to keep the previous master session information, the data set must be renamed to its previous name.</p> <p>It is not possible to change the master session name by renaming the data set while the data set contains information about coupled sessions. To change the master session name, all sessions must be uncoupled using the XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE commands, and then the sessions might be coupled to the new master session using the XCOUPLE ADD command.</p> <p>This error can also occur when processing an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command for a session that was previously coupled in an XRC master session. If the specified session is no longer required to be coupled, delete the couple member from the session state data set and reissue the command.</p> |
| Reason Code | Description | | | | | | |
| 1 | <p>The identification information in the master data set directory is invalid. This indicates the master data set was overwritten by a program other than CXRC.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> | | | | | | |
| 3 | <p>The master session name contained within the master data set directory does not match the data set name. The data set might have been renamed, or the space that was previously used for a different master data set can have been allocated to this data set when it was created.</p> <p>The next time an XCOUPLE ADD command is issued, the information will be reinitialized.</p> <p>If this error occurs because the data set was renamed and the intent was to keep the previous master session information, the data set must be renamed to its previous name.</p> <p>It is not possible to change the master session name by renaming the data set while the data set contains information about coupled sessions. To change the master session name, all sessions must be uncoupled using the XCOUPLE PURGE or XCOUPLE DELETE commands, and then the sessions might be coupled to the new master session using the XCOUPLE ADD command.</p> <p>This error can also occur when processing an XRECOVER or XADVANCE command for a session that was previously coupled in an XRC master session. If the specified session is no longer required to be coupled, delete the couple member from the session state data set and reissue the command.</p> | | | | | | |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4304 | <p>Reason Code</p> <p>Description</p> <p>4</p> <p>For an active session, the portion of the master data set used by this session has been overwritten by another session's information or by another program. Determine if another program has written to the master data set or take action to ensure that XRC is the only application permitted to do so, or do both. Recouple the session by issuing the XCOUPLE DELETE command followed by the XCOUPLE ADD command.</p> <p>10nn</p> <p>nn identifies a location within the master data set that contains an incorrect identifier. Some program might have overwritten the information.</p> <p>If the sessions currently coupled to the master session are the ones that were originally added (with no intervening XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE commands), then the nth session coupled is the one that is causing the problem, and the problem can be alleviated by issuing the XCOUPLE PURGE or DELETE command for that session. If it is not possible to determine which session is responsible, issue the XCOUPLE PURGE command to all previously coupled sessions, and the XCOUPLE ADD command to reinitialize the master data set.</p> <p>20nn</p> <p>nn identifies a location within the master data set that contains an incorrect identifier. Some program might have overwritten the information, or XRC might have had an error.</p> <p>If the problem persists, provide a PRINT data set for the master data set and a dump of the ANTASnnn address space which detects the error. If the sessions currently coupled to the master session are the ones originally added (with no intervening XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE commands), then the nth session coupled is the one which is causing the problem, and the problem can be alleviated by issuing the XCOUPLE PURGE or DELETE command for that session. If it is not possible to determine which session is responsible, issue XCOUPLE PURGE to all previously coupled sessions, and XCOUPLE ADD to reinitialize the master data set.</p> <p>If none of the above actions fixes the problem, you will need to reallocate the master data set. See the z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services information, "Specifying the Master Data Set," for the attributes needed in reallocating the master data set.</p> <p>If you receive this error for a cluster session, issue the following MVS console command to clear the the cluster session, and then restart the cluster session and recouple the XRC sessions through the cluster session:</p> <pre>F ANTAS000,CREFRESH FORCE</pre> <p>Note: After you issue the console command, you can restart the cluster session by issuing the CREFRESH console command with the FORCE option.</p> |
| 4305 | <p>The catalog entry for the master data set associated with the specified master session name indicates that the data set resides on multiple volumes. Reallocate the master data set on a single volume, and try the command again. This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4306 | The maximum number of coupled sessions for the specified master session has been reached. You can remove one of the sessions in the master session by issuing the XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command. |
| 4307 | <p>A catalog locate error was detected for the master data set that is associated with the specified master session name. The first four numbers of the reason codes are the catalog return code, and the second four numbers of the reason codes are the catalog reason code. See the IDC3009I message in the <i>z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</i>, for an explanation of the catalog return and reason codes, take the appropriate action, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4308 | <p>The master data set that is associated with the specified master session name has been defined with a user label. Reallocate the master data set without a user label, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4309 | <p>An error occurred attempting to read the FORMAT-1 DSCB for the master data set associated with the specified master session name. The reason code provided indicates the particular OBTAIN macro return code received for this error. See the <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</i> for an explanation of the OBTAIN return code, take the appropriate action, and reissue the command. You might need to reallocate the master data set, particularly if the data was allocated with extended attribute data set control blocks (format 8 and 9 DSCBs).</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4310 | <p>The master data set that is associated with the specified master session name was allocated with insufficient space. See the <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> information, "Specifying the Master Data Set," for the attributes to allocate the master data set, reallocate the master data set, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4311 | <p>An error occurred attempting to conditionally acquire the SYSDSN resource for the master data set that is associated with the specified master session name. The indicated reason code is the return code issued by the ENQ macro. See the <i>z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference ABE-HSP</i> information, the figure for the "Return Codes for the ENQ Macro with the RET=USE parameter," to determine the specific error that occurred. Correct the problem, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4312 | <p>An error occurred obtaining FORMAT-4 DSCB for the volume containing the master data set associated with the specified master session name. The provided reason code indicates the particular OBTAIN macro return code received for this error. See <i>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</i> information for an explanation of the OBTAIN return code, take the appropriate action, and reissue the command. You might need to reallocate the master data set.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4313 | <p>The master data set associated with the specified master session name has been allocated as a physical sequential extended (PSE) data set. The master data set must be allocated as a physical sequential (PS) data set. See the z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services information, "Specifying the Master Data Set," for the attributes in allocating the master data set, reallocate the master data set, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4314 | <p>The master data set that is associated with the specified master session name could not be found in a system catalog. Ensure that the master data set is cataloged and that the data mover has access to the catalog that contains the master data set, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4315 | <p>The master data set that is associated with the specified master session name has not been allocated as a physical sequential (PS) data set. The master data set must be allocated as a physical sequential (PS) data set. See the z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services information, "Specifying the Master Data Set," for the attributes to allocate the master data set, reallocate the master data set, and reissue the command.</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4316 | <p>After several attempts, the indicated logical session has failed to conditionally acquire the SYSXRCMS resource for the master data set that is associated with the specified master session name. The SYSXRCMS resource is required by each logical session in order to update the master data set. CXRC processing of another master or local command probably delays the SYSXRCMS resource. Wait a few minutes before reissuing the command that failed. For customers using automation functions, this return code might be issued for those commands that are not first processed by CXRC if master commands are issued by multiple systems at the same time. For this situation, these commands fail only because the first command (of the commands issued at the same time) is busy performing the request.</p> <p>Issue the XQUERY <i>master_session_name</i> MASTER command to determine the status of each session that is associated with the master session. The coupled session status of UNK that is indicated on the XQUERY message of ANTQ8304I indicates that the master session could not communicate with the local session. Issue the XQUERY <i>localsessionid</i> command (at the local session system) to determine if the local session (with the UNK status) is active. If a local session is not active, see "Restarting an inactive XRC coupled session" in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for instructions on how to restart an inactive session. If the local session is active, issue the F ANTAS<i>nnn</i>, DUMP console command (at the local session system) to collect diagnostic information, and then contact IBM for assistance in determining the cause of the problem. You can then issue the CANCEL ANTAS<i>nnn</i> console command, and restart the inactive session (with the instructions referred to previously in this paragraph).</p> <p>This return code can also refer to the cluster data set.</p> |
| 4317 | <p>The specified logical session name is associated with a different master session. Use the XQUERY command to determine the associated master session, issue the XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command to remove the session from its currently associated master session, and then reissue the command.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4318 | An XEND or XSUSPEND TIMEOUT command has been issued to a session which is coupled to a master session and identified by message ANTX5404E, which should accompany the message where this return code appeared. For coupled sessions, XEND and XSUSPEND TIMEOUT commands are only allowed when all volumes are suspended. If the intended result is the ending or suspension of all coupled sessions at the same consistency time, issue the XEND or XSUSPEND TIMEOUT command using the master session name. If it is not possible to use the master session name on the command (for example when at least one coupled session is non-interlocked or has all volumes suspended), first suspend all volumes in this logical session by issuing the XSUSPEND <i>session_id</i> VOLUME(ALL) command, and then reissue the command that failed. |
| 4319 | A command specifying a master session name was issued, and no coupled sessions were found to be associated with this master session name. This condition is not necessarily an error if you have not added any sessions to the master session via the XCOUPLE ADD command, or you have purged all coupled sessions from the master session via the XCOUPLE PURGE command. You can issue the XQUERY command for each of the individual sessions to determine the status of these sessions. This code can occur when the master data set cannot be accessed. The reason code will specify the cause. |
| 4320 | An error has been encountered while accessing the master data set during XCOUPLE DELETE, XCOUPLE RELEASE, or XEND/XSUSPEND master session command processing. One of the following conditions applies: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The master data set has never been initialized. This can occur when no session has been coupled to the master session with an XCOUPLE ADD command. The command is not valid at this time; no action is necessary. 2. The master data set does not contain information for the master session name specified. This can occur when the master data set has been renamed and does not match the original master session name. Correct the master data set name and reissue the command. 3. Access to the master data set has been lost because of connectivity problems, or because the data set has been renamed or re-cataloged. Restore access to the master data set and reissue the command. |
| 4321 | A master session command was issued. A local session, indicated in the master data set as being coupled to the master session, did not acknowledge the request to process the command. Issue the XQUERY <i>mastersessionid</i> MASTER command to determine which local session could not process the command. The local session status of UNK that is indicated on the XQUERY message of ANTQ8304I indicates that the master session could not communicate with the local session. Issue the XQUERY <i>localsessionid</i> command (at the local session system) to determine if the local session (with the UNK status) is not active. If a local session is not active, see the "Restarting an inactive XRC coupled session" topic in <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for instructions on how to restart an inactive session. If the local session is active, issue the F ANTAS <i>nnn</i> , DUMP console command (at the local session system) to collect diagnostic information, and then contact IBM for assistance in determining the cause of the problem. You can then issue the CANCEL ANTAS <i>nnn</i> console command, and then restart the inactive session (with the instructions that are referred to previously in this paragraph). |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4322 | The control data set was determined to not have a record format of physical sequential (PS). The XCOUPLE ADD command fails. If you are running XRC coupled sessions, the control data set must be a physical sequential data set. |
| 4323 | During processing of an XCOUPLE PURGE command, information for the coupled session could not be found in the STATE data set associated with the session, and the associated master data set was not found. The XCOUPLE PURGE command fails. This condition is not an error if you previously issued the XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command for this session. |
| 4324 | The indicated logical session was unable to complete the specified command in the allotted time; therefore, the command failed. Review the system log where the command was initially issued for other ANT error messages related to the indicated logical session and master session. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the status of all of the coupled sessions associated with the indicated master session. You can have to reissue the command after making the necessary corrections, as indicated by these other error messages. Return code 4324 can also be generated in conjunction with return code 4321, in which case, one or more of the coupled sessions will show UNK state in the XQUERY MASTER report. In this case, the problem is indicated by return code 4321. Return code 4324 is additional confirmation that the command failed. |
| 4325 | During processing of the indicated command, the attempt to enqueue the <i>qname</i> of SYSXRCLS and the <i>rname</i> of the logical session name failed. The logical session can be active on another system. Each logical session must have a unique name, and can only be active on one system at a time within the same global resource serialization ring. If you are running CXRC, issue the XQUERY MASTER command for each master session that is active in your complex to determine status of the logical session name. |
| 4326 | The XCOUPLE PURGE command failed because neither the state data set for the specified logical session name nor the master data set for the specified master session was found. Reissue the command specifying a logical session name that is currently associated with a master session. |
| 4327 | The XCOUPLE PURGE command was issued specifying a master session name or high-level qualifier to which the logical session is not associated. Issue the XQUERY SUMMARY report to determine the master session name and high-level qualifier with which the specified logical session is associated, and reissue the command. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4328 | <p>During XCOUPLE ADD processing during either session restart or command invocation, the indicated logical session's state data set indicated that the session was previously coupled to a master session. The associated master data set currently does not indicate that the logical session is coupled to the master session (this could be due to an XCOUPLE PURGE command having been issued while the logical session was inactive). Either issue the XCOUPLE ADD command to recouple the session to the master session, or issue the XCOUPLE DELETE command to remove the indication from the session's state data set that the session is coupled.</p> <p>Note: SDM can issue the XCOUPLE DELETE command during XCOUPLE ADD processing if a failure is detected attempting to add a session back into a master session.</p> <p>During XCOUPLE ADD for recoupling (either internally as a result of session restart processing, or by executing the command while in a COUPLE FAILED state), the indicated logical session's state data set indicated that the session was previously coupled to a master session. The associated master data set currently does not indicate that the logical session is coupled to the master session (this could be due to an XCOUPLE PURGE command having been issued while the logical session was inactive). Either issue the XCOUPLE ADD to recouple the session to the master session, or issue the XCOUPLE DELETE command to remove the indication from the session's state data set that the session is coupled.</p> <p>Note: An XCOUPLE DELETE operation can have been processed internally as part of the XCOUPLE ADD command, which failed.</p> |
| 4330 | <p>While processing an XADDPAIR command, or while attempting to update the master data set during XRC couple processing, the indicated coupled session was found to be in COUPLE_FAILED status. The XADDPAIR command fails or the update to the master data set fails, appropriately. A previous error occurred for the session which put the session in this state. See the return code issued by a previous message (ANTC54xxE) to determine the error that occurred and the action to take.</p> <p>If the previous error that occurred was due to an error for the cluster session to which the XRC session was coupled, and it has been determined that restarting mirroring using XRC is the correct recovery technique, after re-starting the cluster session, issue the XCOUPLE command with the ADD parameter to re-add each session that was previously in the cluster session (after the cluster session is re-started, issue the XSTATUS CLUSTER command to determine the sessions that were previously coupled via the cluster session). You can then issue the XCOUPLE command with the RELEASE parameter to release the master session from the HOLD status, and then re-add the volumes to the sessions.</p> |
| 4331 | <p>A command has been specified with an ATTIME value for a coupled session. The time specified has already passed the time that represents the last processed consistency time for the master session with which the coupled session is associated. Reissue the command specifying a future time.</p> |
| 4332 | <p>A command was issued specifying a master session name. The command is failed. At least one coupled session in this master session was found to not have a consistency time. After a logical session is started, an update to a primary volume in the session must be made before a consistency time can be established for the session. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine which session indicates no JOURNAL DELTA time value, or the VOL status for the session is NOV indicating that there are no volumes in the session. As soon as an update has been processed for the session, reissue the command.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4333 | A command was issued specifying a master session name and requesting that a pending master session command be canceled. The command fails. At least one coupled session in this master session has already processed or begun to process the pending command. The pending command must complete on all coupled sessions associated with the master session. |
| 4335 | A master session command was issued. The command fails. The command cannot be processed because another master session command is currently pending or is being processed by at least one of the coupled sessions in the master session. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine if the current master command has completed, and then reissue the command which was failed. If a specific consistency time is required for all coupled sessions, you might need to restart all sessions and issue a master command with the specified ATTIME value. |
| 4336 | <p>An XCOUPLE ADD command was issued to add a session to a master session. The command fails because the master session has a master session command that is pending or has not completed. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the status of each coupled session that is associated with the master session.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the query shows a pending command: Before reissuing the XCOUPLE ADD command, you must either wait for the master session command to complete for all the sessions, or you can cancel the command by reissuing it with the CANCEL option. If one of the sessions encounters an error while it is executing the master command, follow the documented instructions for that return code before you attempt to issue the XCOUPLE ADD command again. • If the query does not show a pending command: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cancel the data mover address space. 2. Issue an XCOUPLE PURGE command to uncouple the session. 3. Restart the data mover by using XSTART, and issue the XCOUPLE ADD command again. |
| 4337 | <p>A master session command was issued, and at least one of the coupled sessions that is associated with the master session is not interlocked. In order for a session to become interlocked, all of the following conditions must be met (issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine these conditions):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No interlocked session that is associated with the master session can have a session status of END, SUS, or UNK. 2. The master session must not be in HOLD status. <p>To interlock a session, you might need to issue the XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command to first remove a coupled session from the master session, and then issue the XCOUPLE ADD command to recouple the session. If the master session is in HOLD status, issue the XCOUPLE RELEASE command to remove this HOLD status.</p> |
| 4338 | XCOUPLE ADD was issued, and the existing sessions are in a suspended or ended state. (This state occurs when any session's address space is not active for primary processing.) Adding a new session while in this state would have the potential to disrupt the ability to recover all volumes to a common consistency time. The XCOUPLE ADD command fails. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4339 | The XCOUPLE DELETE was issued for a coupled session, but a least one coupled session in the same master session has begun processing a master command. The command fails. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine when all sessions in the master session have completed processing the master command, and then reissue the XCOUPLE DELETE command. |
| 4340 | An XRECOVER command was issued for a coupled session, but at least one coupled session in the same master session is still active. The command failed. All coupled sessions in the master session must be in an inactive state before you can issue the XRECOVER command. To determine the state of each coupled session in the master session, issue the XQUERY MASTER command, and then issue the XEND or XSUSPEND command for each session that is still active, before reissuing the XRECOVER command. Return code 4340 can also be generated when the message is issued indicating that the XSUSPEND or XEND command processing is complete, but the ANTAS00n address space has not terminated for that session. To determine whether the ANTAS00n address space is active for the session, issue the D GRS, RES=(SYSXRCLS,*) command. |
| 4341 | An XCOUPLE ADD command has been issued to add a new session to a master session, and at least one coupled session in the master session is in a state of recovery (the session status as shown on message ANTQ8304I indicates either RCV or ARV). Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the status of each coupled session. You must issue the XRECOVER command for each coupled session and allow the recovery to complete before issuing the XCOUPLE ADD to add a new session to the master session. If you do not wish to recover a coupled session in the master session, issue the XCOUPLE DELETE or XCOUPLE PURGE command to remove the session from the master session. |
| 4342 | An XCOUPLE ADD command has been issued to add a logical session to a master session. The command fails because the logical session was started using the SESSIONTYPE(MIGRATE) option. Issue the XEND or XSUSPEND command for the logical session, and then restart the logical session using the SESSIONTYPE(XRC) option on the XSTART command. You can then reissue the XCOUPLE ADD command to add the logical session to the master session. |
| 4343 | This is an internal error. |
| 4344 | An XCOUPLE PURGE command was issued for a currently active session. The command failed. Issue the XCOUPLE DELETE command to remove an active coupled session from a master session. Return code 4344 can also be generated when the message indicating that the XSUSPEND or XEND command processing is complete is issued, but the ANTAS00n address space has not terminated for that session. To determine whether the ANTAS00n address space is active for the session, issue the D GRS, RES=(SYSXRCLS,*) command. |
| 4345 | A master session command was issued, and one or more active coupled sessions, associated with this master session, have the volume status of AVS, ERR, or SYM as indicated on message ANTQ8304I. All coupled sessions that are associated with the master session must have a session status of ACT and a blank volume status when you issue a master session command. The command fails. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the status of the sessions that are associated with the master session. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4346 | <p>An XRC command was issued which can potentially disrupt the ability to recover coupled XRC sessions in the associated master session to a consistent time. The command fails. The master session is in a HOLD state. Before the command can be processed, you must ensure that all of the coupled sessions in the master session can be recovered to a consistent time by performing at least one of the following actions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If coupled XRC sessions are being recovered using the XRECOVER command, all sessions must complete the XRECOVER process. 2. If a coupled session in the associated master session is active, but you do not want to recover the session or cannot recover the session, issue the XCOUPLE DELETE command to remove the coupled session from the master session. 3. If a coupled session in the associated master session is inactive, you can wish to issue the XCOUPLE PURGE command to remove the session as a coupled session from the master session. <p>Once the appropriate actions have been taken to ensure that the coupled sessions associated with the master session can be recovered to a consistent time, issue the XCOUPLE RELEASE command to remove the HOLD status of the master session. IBM recommends that you make backup copies of secondary volumes and journals for all coupled sessions before you use this command.</p> |
| 4347 | <p>A master session command was issued, and one or more coupled sessions, associated with this master session, have no volume pairs in the session. All coupled sessions that are associated with the master session must have at least one volume pair, and at least one primary volume update must have been journaled and written to the secondary volume before you can issue the master session command. The command fails. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the status of the sessions associated with the master session.</p> |
| 4348 | <p>This is an internal error.</p> |
| 4349 | <p>An XCOUPLE ADD command has been issued to add a logical session to a master session. The command fails because the logical session has a pending XRC command. Issue the XQUERY SUMMARY command for the logical session. Message ANTQ8234I will indicate the command that is pending. Either issue the appropriate command with the CANCEL option to cancel the pending command, or wait for the pending command to complete.</p> |
| 4350 | <p>An XADVANCE command was issued for an active session whose volumes are not all suspended. The command fails. All volumes in the session must be suspended before you can issue the XADVANCE command. You can issue the XQUERY VOLUME command to determine the volume status of volume pairs in the session. Issue the XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) command with either the IMMEDIATE, ATTIME, or DRAIN options to suspend all volumes in the session. Then you can reissue the XADVANCE command.</p> <p>Note: If the session is an active coupled session, and after you suspend the volumes in the session, the session will become non-interlocked with the other coupled sessions that are associated with the master session.</p> |
| 4352 | <p>An XCOUPLE PURGE command was issued specifying a logical session name which is not associated with the specified master session name (the master data set does not indicate that this session is a coupled session in this master session). The COUPLE member has been removed from the session's state data set. The session is no longer a coupled session. No further action is required.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4353 | The logical session for an XCOUPLE PURGE command was not found in the master data set for a session for which a state data set was not found. |
| 4354 | An XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) CANCEL command was issued specifying a master session name. The command is rejected. You must issue the XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) CANCEL command against each individual session in the master session. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the names of all the sessions associated with the master session. |
| 4355 | A command has been issued with the CANCEL option for a logical session that is currently coupled. The command is failed. The command must be issued with the session's associated master session name. You cannot CANCEL a pending command for an individual coupled session. |
| 4356 | The master data set associated with the indicated master session name is not on a cylinder boundary. The master data set must be allocated with the primary allocation specified as CYL. See the <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the attributes required to allocate the master data set, and reallocate the master data set. |
| 4357 | A master session command was issued specifying the CANCEL option. No master command is currently pending. The command fails. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine if any master command is currently pending. |
| 4358 | A master session command was issued specifying the CANCEL option. The current pending master command does not match the command issued with the CANCEL option. The command fails. Issue the XQUERY MASTER command to determine the master command which is currently pending, and reissue the appropriate command with the CANCEL option. |
| 4359 | The XQUERY ALL MASTER command was issued. The session ID of ALL is not allowed on the XQUERY MASTER command. You need to specify a particular master session name, and reissue the command. |
| 4360 | A master session command was issued, and one or more coupled sessions, associated with this master session, are in an ended or suspended state. The command fails. Before ending or suspending the remaining active coupled sessions, all volumes in these sessions must be suspended. You can suspend the volumes in the active sessions by issuing the XSUSPEND VOLUME(ALL) command for each active coupled session (which will change the session's coupled status to NON-INTERLOCKED), and then by issuing the XEND or XSUSPEND command for each of these sessions. Do not use the master session name on these commands. If you wish to have a session remain in an interlocked status, see <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the steps to take. |
| 4361 | An active XRC session or Cluster is already using the Cluster Identifier for this LPAR. Note: The reason code associated with this return code is typically the one that the ENQ system call returns. |
| 4362 | The Master Control Data Set cannot be located or has unusable attributes. |
| 4363 | The Cluster Control Data Set cannot be located or has unusable attributes. This error can appear if the Cluster Control data set is allocated with extended attribute data set control blocks (format 8 and 9 DSCBs). It can also appear if the CREFRESH command was issued with an in cluster name specified. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4364 | Unable to acquire common storage for Cluster Manager. |
| 4365 | Commands using a Cluster Identifier as <i>session_id</i> are not allowed. |
| 4366 | Cannot explicitly couple an individual XRC session to a Cluster. |
| 4367 | An XRC couple function required the use of the cluster session, but the cluster session was found to be inactive. Ensure that the ClusterMSession and ClusterName parameters of the XRC parmlib member are specified correctly, and issue the MVS MODIFY operation of CREFRESH to start the cluster session. If XRC sessions were coupled through the cluster session, after the cluster session is restarted, issue the XCOUPLE command with the ADD parameter to re-add each session that was previously in the cluster session (after the cluster session is restarted, issue the XSTATUS CLUSTER command to determine the sessions that were previously coupled via the cluster session). You can then issue the XCOUPLE command with the RELEASE parameter to release the master session from the HOLD status, and then re-add the volumes to the sessions. |
| 4368 | Clustering is disabled on this system. |
| 4369 | Cluster Monitor Data Set cannot be located or has unusable attributes. |
| 4370 | Cannot couple to a master session other than the one associated with this system's Cluster. |
| 4371 | Maximum number of coupled session per cluster exceeded. |
| 4372 | An I/O error occurred attempting to access the Cluster Control Data Set. |
| 4373 | One or more sessions are coupled to the master session to be associated with the cluster. |
| 4374 | One or more coupled sessions are currently active on the LPAR. |
| 4375 | One or more sessions are currently coupled through the cluster. |
| 4376 | A problem occurred while attempting to terminate clustering. |
| 4377 | Internal error. |
| 4378 | XRC was unable to obtain common storage area (CSA) to process cluster monitor data. If the cluster session was being started, XRC did not start the cluster session because of the shortage of CSA. If the cluster session was already active, and the XRC MVS console command of CREFRESH was issued to enable cluster monitoring, XRC was unable to enable cluster monitoring because of the shortage of CSA. It is recommended that you increase the amount of CSA allotted to the system in which XRC is running. |
| 4379 | XRC was unable to obtain a serialization resource to perform cluster session processing. The cluster session is not started or the cluster session is ended. Issue the MVS console command of CREFRESH to start the cluster session. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4380 | This is an internal SDM error. |
| 4381 | The XRC command XCOUPLE ADD for a session failed to be coupled to a master session through a cluster session, because XRC determined that the session was already coupled to the master session. Issue the XCOUPLE command with the DELETE or PURGE parameter to uncouple the active or inactive XRC session from the master session respectively, and then re-issue the XCOUPLE ADD command. |
| 4382 | During restarting of an XRC session, XRC determined that the session was previously coupled to a cluster session, but the cluster session is currently disabled. The XRC session is not restarted. Issue the XCOUPLE PURGE command to uncouple the session, or enable the cluster session before restarting the XRC session. |
| 4383 | This is an internal SDM error. |
| 4384 | The XRC parmlib parameter value for MonitorWakeup for the indicated XRC session is different than the MonitorWakeup value for the indicated cluster session. The value used for the XRC session will be the value used by the cluster to ensure that the XRC session gathers monitor data using the same MonitorWakeup interval. The MonitorWakeup value for XRC session will be ignored. |
| 4385 | The indicated cluster session was unable to contact the indicated XRC session to request monitor data from the XRC session. The cluster session will no longer accumulate cluster monitor data using monitor data from this XRC session. In most cases, the cause of this error is that the XRC session is no longer active. Restarting the XRC session and recoupling the XRC session through the cluster session will reactivate cluster monitoring for the XRC session. |
| 4386 | The indicated XRC session was unable to provide monitor data to the indicated cluster session within an allotted time. This condition will be indicated in the cluster accumulated monitor data indicating that not all XRC sessions coupled through the cluster session have provided individual XRC session monitor data for the monitor interval. The message associated with this return code will be issued on the first occurrence within an hour's worth of cluster monitor intervals, and will then be issued again at the end of the hour's worth of cluster monitor intervals where the reason code will indicate the number of times this condition occurred for the XRC session for the hour's worth of cluster monitor interval. The associated message can be suppressed by specifying the NoMonitorMessage parmlib parameter value of NO. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4387 | <p>XRC attempts to start or restart a cluster session, but is unable to start the session. XRC determines that the master session name found in the parmlib member ANTGIN00 does not match the master session name found in the cluster data set, and sessions are currently coupled to the master session found in the cluster data set through the cluster session. If you want to change the master session associated with a cluster session that currently has sessions coupled through the cluster session, take the following steps to uncouple these sessions from the master session first:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset the ClusterMSession parameter in the ANTGIN00 parmlib membername back to the master name found in the cluster data set. • Issue the MVS console command 'F ANTAS000,CREFRESH' to restart the cluster session. • Issue the XRC command XSTATUS CLUSTER to determine the names of the XRC sessions coupled through the cluster session. • Uncouple each of the XRC sessions by issuing the XRC command XCOUPLE with the appropriate parameter of DELETE or PURGE. Do the uncoupling according to whether the XRC session is active or inactive respectively. |
| 4399 | <p>An attempt to XCOUPLE ADD a session to a cluster failed because of excessive time spent waiting to obtain serialization.</p> <p>The reason code in the message provides additional information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 - Waiting for Cluster address space to update status. • 2 - Waiting for XCOUPLE ADD in another session to complete. • 3 - Waiting for Cluster to couple to master session <p>Check SYSLOG for XRC error messages related to coupling or clustering. Check for abnormal termination of either the Cluster or data mover address spaces (ANTASnnn or ANTCLnnn). Correct error conditions and restart Cluster if necessary.</p> <p>For reason codes 1 and 3, dump the Cluster address space (ANTCLnnn) for subsequent problem determination. Remove any remaining sessions from the Cluster with XCOUPLE DELETE. Disable the cluster and restart it. If the Cluster address space is not responsive, cancel and restart it. For reason code 2, determine which data mover address space (ANTASnnnn) is associated with the XCOUPLE ADD that did not complete. Dump the address space for subsequent problem determination, and then cancel it. The data mover might then be restarted and coupled.</p> |
| 4500 | <p>XSTART failed because of a transition from MODE(HYPER-PPRC) to MODE(NORMAL) using the default value for MODE. This happens when a session was previously started in the HYPER-PPRC mode, and then XSTART is entered without the MODE parameter. This might be a result of entering the XSTART command through TSO. This mode is only supported in sessions controlled by GDPS.</p> <p>If the desired result is to disable the HYPER-PPRC mode, the mode must be disabled through GDPS as specified in <i>GDPS Metro/zGlobal Mirror: Planning and Implementation Guide</i>, order number ZG24-1757. If the desired result is to have HYPER-PPRC mode enabled, then GDPS must be used to manage the session, and the mode must be configured as specified in <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i>, order number ZG24-6704.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4501 | <p>The XRC session is in MODE(HYPER-PPRC) and the primary volume specified on the XADDPAIR command is not a PPRC primary volume.</p> <p>Establish a PPRC relationship from the XRC primary volume to its associated HA volume, or a FAILOVER mode PPRC relationship, and reissue the XADDPAIR command.</p> |
| 4502 | <p>The XRC session is in MODE(HYPER-PPRC) and the PPRC relationship found on the XRC primary volume does not match the relationship previously recorded for this volume.</p> <p>Repair the PPRC relationship to match the previously recorded one, or use XDELPAIR to remove the XRC pair followed by XADDPAIR to permit the new PPRC relationship to be used.</p> |
| 4503 | <p>The swap volume storage control session id is different from the primary volume's SCID.</p> <p>Determine if the swap volume is the correct volume according to the configuration, and if its reported XRC session is active. If it is an incorrect volume then correct the PPRC relationships, so that the primary volume is associated with the desired swap volume. If the PPRC relationship is correct, remove the swap volume from any existing XRC sessions, and/or terminate the incorrect XRC controller session. In either case, reissue the XADDPAIR command once the existing relationship(s) have been corrected or terminated.</p> |
| 4504 | <p>The swap volume has an existing SCID that is not in a state where this XRC session can attach to it. The volume is (was) in use by XRC on a different z/OS instance.</p> <p>If there is an existing XRC session in which the swap volume is a primary device, suspend or end the session. If there is no active XRC session use the SUSSESS or TERMSESS command to condition the session so it can be picked up by this system, or terminate it. Then reissue the XADDPAIR command.</p> |
| 4505 | <p>During an XDELPAIR operation, the XRC session for the associated swap volume could not be removed. XRC functions might still be activated on this swap device.</p> <p>Since the swap sessions will not be cleaned up automatically, the F ANTAS000,TERMSESS command(s) will need to be issued for each of the affected sessions. In addition, if this warning was issued as a result of an XEND after an unsuccessful transition from mode normal to mode HYPER-PPRC, all of the sessions in an ER group (as observed with an F ANTAS000,LISTSESS command) may need to be manually terminated on the swap device even though only a subset of swap utilities were added.</p> |
| 4506 | The primary storage control is not enabled for the PPRC+XRC HyperSwap function. |
| 4507 | The command or command option requested is only supported in a session that has MODE(HYPER-PPRC) active. The session is not in the required mode. |
| 4508 | The swap volume cannot be incrementally resynchronized to the remote volume after a HyperSwap, because the XRC volume pair has never reached full DUPLEX. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4509 | The swap volume cannot be incrementally resynchronized to the remote volume after a HyperSwap, because the resynchronization bitmaps have not been switched enough times to reduce the number of tracks to copy. Check the value of ChangedTracks and/or DelayTime specified for the BITMAP section of XRC Parmlib support, and reduce the values if necessary. |
| 4510 | A previous bitmap switch operation at the host volume was not successfully replicated on the swap volume. Refer to preceding message ANT5132W. |
| 4512 | During XSWAP PERFORM processing, a SCSESSION was found not to be suspended. All volumes and SCSESSIONS in the XRC session must be suspended to process XSWAP PERFORM. This function is called from GDPS. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4513 | An attempt was made to modify the configuration of XRC Enhanced (Multiple) readers. The change requires certain volumes in the session to be suspended, but they were not. This includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activating a PARMLIB member that changes the value of ALLOWENHANCEDREADER from NO to YES. To do this, all volumes in the session must first be suspended. • Reducing the number of auxiliary storage control sessions in an Enhanced Reader SCSESSION, through a XDELPAIR command issued to a utility volume. To do this, all volumes in the associated SSID and SCSESSION must first be suspended. |
| 4516 | The maximum number of storage control session IDs on the LSS would be exceeded. This return code might have resulted from XADDPAIR of a utility volume (XRCUTL), or from activation of a PARMLIB with too high a value for NumberReaderTasks. The utility volume is not added, or the number of reader tasks is not increased. Correct the configuration and if necessary, reissue the failing command. |
| 4517 | An attempt was made to convert an existing single mode utility volume to Enhanced Reader using an XADDPAIR command that specified a new SCSESSION value that did not already exist in the utility volume's SSID. The command is rejected. The correct procedure for converting a single mode utility to the Enhanced Reader is to specify an existing SCSESSION name for the first converted reader in the SSID and then specify that same SCSESSION name for all other utility volumes in that SSID. |
| 4519 | The SWAP volume is not the same volume as the PRIMARY volume's PPRC target. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4520 | The PPRC pair state between the PRIMARY and SWAP volumes is incorrect. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4521 | The SWAP volume CCA is different from the PRIMARY volume CCA. A 1 to 1 correspondence between PRIMARY and SWAP volume CCA's is required. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4522 | The SWAP volume SSID is different from the SWAP volume SSID of other volumes in the same primary SSID. A 1 to 1 correspondence between PRIMARY and SWAP volume SSID's is required. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4523 | A SWAP device was specified on the XADDPAIR command but the XRC session is not in MODE(HYPER_PPRC). SWAP devices are not allowed in this mode. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4524 | A SWAP device was not specified on the XADDPAIR command but the XRC session is in MODE(HYPER_PPRC). SWAP devices are required in this mode. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4525 | The XSWAP command was issued for a session that is not in MODE(HYPER_PPRC). This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4526 | The NumberReaderTasks value is nonzero but the enhanced function is not available on this control unit. |
| 4527 | An XADDPAIR command with a new SCSESSION value was attempted for a volume which is not a utility volume. Changing the SCSESSION of a non-utility volume is not allowed. Instead, change the SCSESSION of a utility volume, which will then merge all volumes in that SCSESSION on that SSID into an enhanced session. |
| 4528 | The XADDPAIR command failed to create a new auxiliary SCID because the maximum supported number of SCIDs is already active for the enhanced session. |
| 4529 | The value of NumberReaderTasks has been decreased. To reduce the number of auxiliary sessions, follow the reduction procedure in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services . |
| 4530 | <p>The current value of AllowEnhancedReader is NO, and at least one storage control session is in enhanced mode. If this return code is received in response to an XSET command to apply a PARMLIB change, the parameter value is not changed. When received in response to an XADDPAIR command, the XADDPAIR command fails.</p> <p>If the change of AllowEnhancedReader from YES to NO is correct, follow the enhanced multiple reader disablement procedure in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services before continuing with volume resynchronization through the XADDPAIR command. If the parameter change is incorrect, issue the XSUSPEND command with TIMEOUT parameter, update the PARMLIB, and issue the XSTART command again.</p> |
| 4531 | An XADDPAIR command did not specify the PDEVNUM parameter, which is required for MODE(HYPER_PPRC). This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4532 | The number of the storage control sessions (the total of primary and auxiliary) is less than the NumberReaderTasks parameter for the SSID and SCSN containing the volume pair. Either add utility volumes (with secondary volser of XRCUTL) or configure additional alias devices on the utility devices to equal or exceed the NumberReaderTasks parameter; or reduce the NumberReaderTasks if the number of utility plus alias devices is correct. If the RequireUtility parameter is not desired, remove it, activate the new parmlib setting, and issue the XADDPAIR command again. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|---|
| 4533 | XDELPAIR of a utility volume will reduce the number of the available read devices below the value of NumberReaderTasks for the SCSN. The XDELPAIR command is rejected. To reduce the number of auxiliary volumes in the enhanced multiple reader group, the NumberReaderTasks value must be reduced before issuing the XDELPAIR command again. |
| 4534 | During XSTART or XSET PARMLIB, the value of MaxTotalReaderTasks was less than the number of storage control sessions already in the XRC session. Determine the value needed from prior XQUERY STORAGECONTROL reports and update PARMLIB, then reissue the command. |
| 4535 | Processing of XADDPAIR with the SUSPENDED option was rejected, because some utility devices are on enhanced multi-reader capable control units, and have not been converted to enhanced mode. Use the XADDPAIR command for the utility volumes to convert them to enhanced mode according to the procedure of converting to enhanced mode in <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> and issue the XADDPAIR SUSPENDED command again. |
| | <i>The following SDM Return Codes have been annotated to add the hexadecimal notation next to the numerical equivalent.</i> |
| 4536 | The XSWAP PERFORM command was issued but not all volumes are in a suspended state. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4537 | Internal error. |
| 4538 | The XADDPAIR command detected that a utility volume is the primary of a PPRC relationship in MODE(HYPER_PPRC). Utility volumes might not be in a PPRC relationship. This is likely to be a GDPS configuration error. For problem solution, see <i>GDPS/XRC VvRr Installation and Customization Guide</i> , order number ZG24-6704. |
| 4539 | An XADDPAIR of a utility was specified with a SWAPDEV whose VOLSER could not be read. This error can be caused by an I/O error in trying to read the VOLSER or that the SWAPDEV does not have a VOLSER associated with it. If an I/O error is suspected, make sure the device is available for I/O. If there is no VOLSER, use ICKDSF to initialize the volume. |
| 4540 | The SWAP device does not support the MzGM Incremental Resync function. |
| 4541 | This return code indicates that pseudo-error processing has been entered as a result of an XSWAP PREPARE command. This is a normal part of PERFORM and is not considered an error unless PREPARE also fails to complete. |
| 4542 | The XSWAP PREPARE command did not complete in the expected amount of time. |
| 4543 | The XSWAP PERFORM command encountered errors with the SWAP volumes. The return code reported with message ANT5134E identifies the specific error. |
| 4544 | The XSWAP PERFORM command did not complete in the expected amount of time. Suspend the session with XSUSPEND TIMEOUT, restart with XSTART, and then re-issue XSWAP PERFORM. |
| 4545 | The XSWAP PERFORM command encountered an internal error that prevented XRC operations from continuing. Suspend the session with XSUSPEND TIMEOUT and restart it with XSTART. |
| 4546 | Internal error. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-------------|--|
| 4547 | When looking for a swap device by using its SSID and CCA, it could not be found in system control blocks. Check the swap device number to ensure that it is configured for the system. |
| 4548 | When looking for a device by using its SSID and CCA, it could not be found in system control blocks. Check the device number to ensure that it is configured for the system. |
| 4549 | The AllowEnhancedReader parameter changed from NO to YES but there are not enough utility devices available to satisfy the NumberReaderTasks parameter. |
| 4550 | The AllowEnhancedReader(YES) parameter was specified for a session with MODE(HYPER_PPRC). These two functions are not currently supported in the same XRC session. |
| 4552 | The XSTART command to restart a session in enhanced reader mode found that the NumberReaderTasks value had previously been specified and is not currently present in PARMLIB. The XSTART command does not restart the session. If the NumberReaderTasks parameter should be nonzero, update the PARMLIB with the correct value. If a zero value for NumberReaderTasks is desired, it must be explicitly specified in the PARMLIB. After the value is corrected, reissue the XSTART command to restart the XRC session. |
| 4560 | XADDPAIR was issued to a Utility (XRCUTL) volume that is, or will become associated with an Enhanced Reader (ER) Auxiliary session. However, the corresponding ER Primary session is not active. If the Utility volume for the Primary session is suspended, issue XADDPAIR for it, then re-issue an XADDPAIR for the Auxiliary session Utility volume. |
| 4561 | <p>An XADDPAIR or XSET command failed for an XRC session with both enhanced multi reader and MzGM-IR active. A problem was encountered with configuring the SWAP volume. The NumberReaderTasks parameter for the storage control session name is nonzero and requires alias devices for the swap device utility volumes. Insufficient alias devices are configured for the swap utility device to meet the number required by the NumberReaderTasks parameter. This problem might be corrected using one of the following methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configure sufficient alias devices for the utility volume on the swap device to satisfy the NumberReaderTasks parameter. • Determine the number of available alias devices on the primary and swap utility volumes. Set NumberReaderTasks to the number of base address plus the least number of available alias devices. • Allocate base addresses on the primary and swap storage controllers to serve as primary and swap utility devices. Use explicit XADDPAIR to add utility volumes until the required number of utilities is reached. |
| 4562 | The XADDPAIR command specified a new swap volume that is in the same SSID as another swap volume that is already in the XRC session. That existing swap volume is associated with a different primary SSID other than the primary volume specified on the XADDPAIR command. The XADDPAIR command is unsuccessful. A swap SSID can only be associated with one primary SSID. |
| 4563 | The XSWAP SUSSWAP command found a control unit session that was already suspended. This is not usually an error and is only reported for possible problem determination if another error occurs subsequently. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|--------------------|---|
| 4564 | XADDPAIR processing for a utility device was unable to access the SWAP utility device, and needed to change the controller session configuration. This might be because of the re-establishment of a session that had been terminated, or changing the enhanced multi reader configuration. Reprocess the XADDPAIR command after the SWAP utility device is available. |
| 4565 | <p>An XSWAP SUSSWAP command has been issued for a session in MODE(HYPER-PPRC,) but the System Data Mover was unable to locate the storage control session associated with the SWAP. This can occur if the session was previously terminated with a F ANTAS000,TERMSESS command.</p> <p>Ensure that the SWAP utility devices that are associated with the SWAP SSID are ONLINE to the SDM system. If not, vary the devices online and reissue the XSWAP SUSSWAP command.</p> <p>If a large number of SSIDs are associated with this error, and the SWAP sessions are verified to be terminated, correct the problem by issuing the XSUSPEND TIMEOUT, XSTART MODE(NORMAL), and XADD SUSPENDED commands, and waiting for message ANT8170W or ANT8169I for all of the SWAP SSIDs or waiting for message ANTA8124I. Then issue the XSUSPEND TIMEOUT and XSTART MODE(HYPER-PPRC) commands followed by an XADDPAIR for the SWAP volume triplets.</p> <p>To recover from a small number of SSIDs with this error, each associated Utility volume must be removed using XDELPAIR, and then re-added with XADDPAIR. If the Utility volume is associated with an Enhanced Reader primary storage control session or Single Reader session, all associated volume pairs must first be removed using XDELPAIR, then re-added after the Utility volume is re-established.</p> |
| 4571 | An XADDPAIR for a non-xrcutl volume was attempted and there was a primary utility defined that does not have an associated swap utility defined. To correct this error, use GDPS to issue an XADDPAIR command to XRCUTL volume(s) for the specified (or default) ssession. You can also XDELPAIR the primary utility if there is no matching swap utility or fewer utilities are required. When successful, reissue XADDPAIR for the non-xrcutl volume. |
| 4573 | Indicates that the specified device is in the configuration but is not connected. |
| 4574 | An XADDPAIR command was issued that specifies the same device number for both the primary and swap volumes. Reissue the XADDPAIR command specifying unique volumes for the primary and swap volumes. |
| 4575 | An XADDPAIR command was issued that specifies the same device number for both the secondary and swap volumes. Reissue the XADDPAIR command specifying unique volumes for the secondary and swap volumes. |
| 4600 | This is an internal SDM return code. |
| 4601 | An error occurred while attempting to allocate a 64-bit common area for the system data mover device table. The reason code displayed in this message is the IARV64 return code. See the IARV64 return codes in the z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference EDT-IXG . |
| 4602 - 4603 | This is an internal SDM return code. |
| 4604 | An incompatible change has been made to the XRC device table that requires an IPL to fix. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|--|--|
| 4605 - 4616 | This is an internal SDM return code. |
| 4622 | This is an internal SDM return code. |
| 4623 | FIXDTABLE was unable to attain the system enqueue required to prevent dynamic I/O configuration changes. Wait until dynamic I/O configuration changes are completed, and re-issue FIXDTABLE. If there are no concurrent dynamic I/O configuration changes, contact IBM support for help. |
| 4624 | FIXDTABLE was unable to attain the system enqueue required. Wait until XSTART processing has completed, and then re-issue FIXDTABLE. If there are no XSTARTs in process of coming up, contact IBM support for help. |
| 4625 | This is an internal SDM return code. |
| 4700 | FlashCopy before volume pair in duplex. |
| 4701 | FlashCopy to volume not in duplex. |
| 4702 | Secondary source and target volumes on different controllers. |
| 4703 | Discard the FlashCopy. |
| 4704 | I/O error when issuing FlashCopy. |
| 4705 | The secondary volume is in a FlashCopy relationship that is not supported due to one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secondary volume is not Cascading-FlashCopy-capable and is in a FlashCopy relationship with a volume outside of the XRC session • Secondary volume is Cascading-FlashCopy-capable but is in an Incremental FlashCopy with a volume outside of the XRC session. |
| 4706 | XSET SUSLBUSY cannot be used when Remote Pair FlashCopy is enabled. |
| 4711 | Error from internal service. |
| 4712 | FlashCopy to utility volume. |
| 4713 | This is a hardware I/O error. The XRC data mover function encountered an I/O error while attempting to execute a FlashCopy between a secondary source volume and a secondary target volume. Use the sense information and SYS1.LOGREC records to determine the cause of the error. Correct the error and reissue the FlashCopy between the primary source volume and the primary target volume. If the message that was issued with this return code was accompanied by an ANTX5000E, ANTX5001E, or ANTX5002E message, see those messages for further information. |
| 6000 (X'1770') | Insufficient storage is available in ANTMAIN address space. This is probably because an installation exit function has limited the storage below the minimum required for the ANTMAIN functions. See <i>z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services</i> for the ANTMAIN storage requirements, and ensure that the installation exit allows the required storage to be allocated. |
| 6001, 6002 (X'1771' to X'1772') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6003 (X'1773') | IXFP is not at the correct level for DFSMSdss or SDM support of the Snapshot function. Install the required level of IXFP maintenance. After maintenance is installed, issue CANCEL ANTMAIN when no Snapshot or concurrent copy jobs are running. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|--|---|
| 6004 (X'1774') | <p>A VCC operation has been requested for a device that does not support either FlashCopy or SnapShot, or the available working space data sets (WSDSs) are on the wrong device type for the data being processed.</p> <p>This return code also appears when the available WSDSs are full and the remaining cataloged WSDSs are on volumes that are offline. All volumes that contain working space data sets must be varied online.</p> |
| 6005 to 6007 (X'1775' to X'1777') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6008 (X'1778') | <p>An error has occurred when communicating with IXFP. This could be an internal SDM error, an internal IXFP error, or a mismatch between the service levels of SDM and IXFP. The reason code associated with this error is found in “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 1519.</p> |
| 6009, 6010 (X'1779' to X'177A') | <p>Insufficient storage is available in ANTMMAIN address space. This is probably because an installation exit function has limited the storage below the minimum required for the ANTMMAIN functions. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for the ANTMMAIN storage requirements, and ensure that the installation exit allows the required storage to be allocated.</p> |
| 6011 to 6017 (X'177B' to X'1781') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6018 (X'1782') | <p>For an XRC session, an OPEN error occurred while obtaining the format-1 DSCB for the journal, control, or state data set because of an error reading the VTOC for the volume. The data set can be cataloged but either does not exist on the volume indicated by the catalog, or an I/O error occurred while attempting to read the VTOC. This error can also appear if the control dataset is allocated in the Extended Address Space of an Extended Address Volume (EAV). Determine why the error has occurred, correct the error, and reissue the XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command to restart the session.</p> <p>For a Snapshot function, an error occurred while obtaining format-1 DSCB for a working space data set.</p> |
| 6019 (X'1783') | <p>An error has occurred while loading module ANTUGOAD. Verify that the module exits in SYS1.LINKLIB and that it is available to the data mover.</p> |
| 6020 (X'1784') | <p>An error has occurred while loading module ANTUGOFR. Verify that the module exits in SYS1.LINKLIB and that it is available to the data mover.</p> |
| 6021 (X'1785') | <p>For an XRC session, an OPEN error occurred while obtaining the format-3 DSCB for the journal, control, or state data set because of an error reading the VTOC for the volume. The data set can be cataloged but either does not exist on the volume indicated by the catalog, or an I/O error occurred while XRC attempted to read the VTOC. Determine why the error has occurred, correct the error, and reissue the XSTART, XRECOVER, or XADVANCE command to restart the session.</p> <p>For a Snapshot function, an error occurred while obtaining format-3 DSCB for a working space data set.</p> |
| 6022 (X'1786') | <p>An error has occurred while obtaining format-4 DSCB for a working space data set. The reason code is set to the return code from the OBTAIN macro.</p> |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|--|--|
| 6023 to 6032 (X'1787' to X'1790') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6033 (X'1791') | A Snapshot operation failed. See “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 1519 for an explanation of the associated reason code. This can be a DFSMSdss internal error, an SDM internal error, an IXFP internal error, or a configuration error. |
| 6034 (X'1792') | This is an internal SDM error. |
| 6035 (X'1793') | A QUERY DEVICE operation failed. The reason code is described in “SDM reason codes from IXFP errors” on page 1519. This can be a DFSMSdss internal error, an SDM internal error, an IXFP internal error, or a configuration error. |
| 6036 to 6143 (X'1794' to X'17FF') | These are internal SDM errors. |
| 6144 (X'1800') | All working space data set space on the RVA subsystem that contains the source data set is currently in use by other Snapshot requests. Allocate one or more additional working space data sets on the RVA subsystem according to the allocation guidelines for working space data sets and then resubmit the failing job. |
| 6145 (X'1801') | Insufficient working space data set space was available on the RVA subsystem that contains the source data set to satisfy the Snapshot request. Either resubmit the failing job after another DFSMSdss job using concurrent copy on the source RVA releases the working space data set space, or increase the working space data set space, and resubmit the failing job. |
| 6146 (X'1802') | The Snapshot operation failed because not enough working space was available to the ANTMAIN system data mover address space. The space was not available because of an allocation or ENQUEUE conflict with the working space data sets (WSDS) within SYS1.ANTMAIN.Ssystem.SNAPnnnn. This problem can occur when a WSDS is allocated during the time that the DFSMSdss job is attempting to use it. To prevent this condition, preallocate the WSDS or allocate it during a different job. |
| 6147 (X'1803') | There is no working space data set cataloged in this system. Follow the procedure in <i>z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration</i> to determine what problem or problems exist when accessing the working space data set. Repair or reallocate the working space data set and resubmit the failing job. |
| 6148 (X'1804') | No usable working space data set was found associated with the system. No working space data set was found on the RVA subsystem that matches the source data set attributes. The working space data set must be on the same partition, or be on a device type which is write-enabled and able to process Snapshot functions. Follow the procedure in <i>z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration</i> to properly allocate a working space data set, then resubmit the failing job. |
| 6149 (X'1805') | A virtual concurrent copy request has timed out when attempting to find available tracks in working space data sets. The problem can occur if virtual concurrent copy is used to process a master catalog or a user catalog containing working space data sets. If this is the cause and the data sets reside on storage subsystems that support cache-based concurrent copy, modify the backup copy technique for the catalogs to specify CACHEPREFERRED or CACHEREQUIRED. Otherwise, search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center, after first obtaining a dump of the ANTMAIN address space, by issuing system command F ANTMAIN,DUMPTRC. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|--|--|
| 6150 to 6199 (X'1806' to X'1837') | These are internal errors. |
| 6200, 6201 | An error has occurred while loading FlashCopy support. Verify that the FlashCopy support is installed on the software system. If an I/O error has occurred when loading the function from SYS1.LINKLIB, correct the error before you retry the function. |
| 6202 | An error has occurred while verifying the device address. Ensure that the device address is properly specified, and then reissue the function. |
| 6207 | There is an internal error. |
| 6208 | There is an internal error. |
| 6209 | When attempting to validate usability of a working space data set, a catalog entry was found, but the volume that is indicated as containing the data set is not available on the system. If the catalog entry is correct, make the volume available. If the catalog entry is not correct, delete it to prevent SDM from attempting to use it and repeatedly reporting this error. |
| 6210 | A non-VSAM working space data set was found to not meet the allocation requirements described in the Advanced Copy Services reference section on allocating WSDS. Correct the data set allocation and refresh the WSDS list through F ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6211 | A VSAM working space data set was found to not meet the allocation requirements described in the Advanced Copy Services reference section on allocating WSDS. Correct the data set allocation and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6212 | An error was encountered obtaining a SYSDSN enqueue on the working space data set. Note: This can be a result of the WSDS being in-use by VCC on another system. |
| 6213 | An error was encountered allocating the device containing a WSDS. |
| 6214 | The WSDS has an associated user label. Correct the data set allocation to meet the allocation requirements described in the Advanced Copy Services reference section on allocating WSDS and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6215 | The WSDS has no space allocated to it. Correct the data set allocation to meet the allocation requirements described in the Advanced Copy Services reference section on allocating WSDS and refresh the WSDS list via through ANTMAIN,REFRESHWS. |
| 6216 | There is an internal error. |
| 6217 | There is an internal error. |
| 6218 | There is an internal error. |
| 6219 | There is an internal error. |
| 6220 | Device information could not be determined for the VOLSER specified on input to the COMPATIBLE parameter of the LISTWS request. If the VOLSER is correct, this might be caused by the device being offline. Either correct the VOLSER or vary the device online, and reissue the command. |
| 6300 to 6316 (X'189C' to X'18AC') | These are SDM internal errors related to pause/release processing. |

Table 6. System Data Mover return codes. Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|-----------------------|--|
| 6309 (X'18A5') | The SDM pause element token table is full. This condition can arise from a large number of simultaneous invocations of ANTRQST, concurrent copy, or DFSMSdss processing of fast replication or extended-format data sets. To clear the condition, cancel the ANTMAIN address space, which should automatically restart. Note that any currently active requests are terminated. See z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services for instructions on modifying PET table size. |
| 6315 (X'18AB') | An SDM pause element was released because of the reinitialization of the pause element token table, or because of the ANTMAIN address space termination and restart. |
| 6400 (X'1900') | Concurrent copy processing encountered the situation where an auxiliary storage percentage was exceeded. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR735W, concurrent copy will not be used to copy the data set. If this return code is part of the diagnostic information for message ADR736W, the concurrent copy job is terminated. This return code is issued when the number of concurrent copy jobs exceeds the auxiliary storage percentage in the system in which the system data mover (SDM) is running. |
| 6401 (X'1901') | A critical SQA shortage exists. |
| 6402 (X'1902') | CSA storage could not be obtained. |
| 7000 to 7089 | These are return codes from the System Data Mover Application Programming Interface invoked by the ANTRQST macro. For a detailed description of these return codes, see “List of ANTRQST return codes and reason codes” on page 1520. |
| 7090 | The value specified for the first digit of a five-digit device number is not a valid subchannel set number. |
| 7091 | The value specified for the DEVNUM field is not an EBCDIC equivalent of hexadecimal digits indicating the device number. |
| 7092 | The value specified in the SSID parameter is invalid. The third byte in the field is not binary zeros (that is, it is not a left-justified two-byte hexadecimal value). |
| 7093 to 7567 | These are return codes from the System Data Mover Application Programming Interface invoked by the ANTRQST macro. For a detailed description of these return codes, see “List of ANTRQST return codes and reason codes” on page 1520. |
| 7568 | The SCSESSION parameter requires either PDEVNUM or DEVN parameter. Specify a device number that belongs to the storage control session. |
| 7569 | The DEVN parameter requires the SCSESSION parameter. Specify a storage control session that the device belongs to. |
| 7570 | XSUSPEND parameters PVOLSER, VOLLIST, TIMEOUT, SCSESSION, DEVN, and PDEVNUM are mutually exclusive with the exception that either DEVN or PDEVNUM can be used with SCSESSION. Remove the unwanted parameter and resubmit the request. |
| 7571 | XSUSPEND requires TIMEOUT, VOLLIST, PVOLSER, PDEVNUM, SCSESSION and/or DEVN. Add the desired parameter and resubmit the request. |
| 7572 to 7999 | These are return codes from the System Data Mover Application Programming Interface invoked by the ANTRQST macro. For a detailed description of these return codes, see “List of ANTRQST return codes and reason codes” on page 1520. |

Table 6. *System Data Mover return codes.* Use the general recovery actions that precede this table in addition to any recovery actions that are included with individual return codes. (continued)

| Return code | Description and suggested recovery action |
|---------------------|--|
| 9000 to 9012 | <p>These are internal errors that are associated with an abend dump generated by the data mover. The error can be the result of an error detected by one of the system functions used by the data mover. In this case, there can be an associated system message describing the reason that the system function detected the error. Correcting the error will resolve this type of problem. If there is no associated system message, the problem can be due to an internal data mover error.</p> <p>For these return codes, cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the session. When you contact IBM for assistance, provide associated SYS1.LOGREC information in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 9013 | <p>If this is issued as a reason code associated with a 4010 return code, the control data set has not been properly defined with the correct record format or DSORG. Correct the error and reissue the XSTART command.</p> |
| 9014 | <p>XRC has encountered an error. The reason code for the error is specified in register 15. Many of these errors can indicate an LIC failure. Diagnostic information for this abend is available in SYS1.LOGREC, a dump initiated by the data mover (if useful), and an LIC state save (if SCTRAP is ON and the storage control supports the state save function). When contacting IBM for assistance, provide this information in addition to the data requested at the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 9017 to 9059 | <p>These are internal errors.</p> |
| 9060 | <p>This is an internal use return code associated with the X'DC2' system abend code for an IARV64 request. See abend code X'DC2' in <i>z/OS MVS System Codes</i> for an explanation and programmer response. Note that the reason code associated with this error is the X'DC2' reason code. Search problem reporting databases for a fix for the problem. If no fix exists, contact the IBM Support Center and provide the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The SVC dump taken at the time of the abend • Any associated SYS1.LOGREC information in addition to • The data requested in “General Recovery Actions” on page 1451. |
| 9061 to 9399 | <p>These are internal errors.</p> |
| 9400 | <p>This is an internal error. First issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,RESTART. If this fails, cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the session.</p> <p>When you contact IBM for assistance, provide the SVC dump taken at the time of the abend, and any associated SYS1.LOGREC information in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 9401 to 9899 | <p>These are internal errors.</p> |
| 9900 | <p>This is an internal error. First issue MODIFY ANTASnnn,RESTART. If this fails, cancel ANTAS000 and ANTASnnn and restart the session.</p> <p>When you contact IBM for assistance, provide the SVC dump taken at the time of the abend, and any associated SYS1.LOGREC information in addition to the data requested in the beginning of this section.</p> |
| 9901 to 9999 | <p>These are internal errors.</p> |

SDM reason codes from IXFP errors

The following error reason codes are generated by IXFP in response to SDM requests for IXFP services. These reason codes are hexadecimal values.

Table 7. IXFP Reason Codes

| Hex Value | Reason Code |
|-------------------------|---|
| 00000001, 00000002 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000003 | IXFP subsystem not found. Activate the IXFP subsystem and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00000004 | Device is not write enabled. Determine if this is the intended volume. If the volume is correct, use IXFP to change the volume status to write enabled and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00000005 to 00000007 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000008 | Specified device number, volume serial number, or UCB address of a device identifies a device that cannot be found on an RVA. The device can be offline or there can be an IXFP problem. Determine if the device is correctly configured to IXFP. |
| 00000009 | Specified device does not reside on a RAMAC Virtual Array. |
| 0000000A, 0000000B | Internal SDM error. |
| 0000000C | A mismatch exists between the service levels of IXFP and SDM. Check the IXFP and SDM service levels and install maintenance as required. |
| 0000000D to 00000011 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000012, 00000013 | IXFP subsystem not found. Activate the IXFP subsystem and resubmit the failing job. This is an IXFP-related problem if that subsystem is active. |
| 00000014 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00000015 | Internal IXFP error. |
| 00000016 to 0000001A | Internal SDM error. |
| 0000001B, 0000001C | RVA configuration busy. Resubmit the failing job when there is less activity to the RVA subsystem. |
| 0000001D | RVA unexpected completion. This can also be caused by a busy condition. Try to resubmit the failing job when there is less activity. Check problem reporting databases for RVA licensed internal code (LIC) and IXFP. |
| 0000001E | Device is not write enabled. Determine if this is the intended volume. If the volume is correct, use IXFP to change the volume status to write enabled and resubmit the failing job. |
| 00010001 to 00010007 | These are internal errors. |
| 00020001 | No devices passed selection criteria. There is no device matching the source device characteristics required for Snapshot. |
| 00050001 | Internal SDM error. |

Table 7. IXFP Reason Codes (continued)

| Hex Value | Reason Code |
|-------------------------|---|
| 00050002 | Current request exceeds maximum Snapshot requests for an RVA source device. Resubmit the failing job after other jobs that use Snapshot have completed. |
| 00050003 | Current request exceeds maximum Snapshot requests for an RVA subsystem. Resubmit the failing job after other jobs that use Snapshot have completed. |
| 00050004 | Snapshot feature not available for source or target subsystem. Install the Snapshot feature on the RVA subsystem. |
| 00050005 | Source device and target device are not on the same RVA subsystem, as is required. |
| 00050006 | Source device and target device are not in the same RVA subsystem partition, as is required (either TEST or PRODUCTION). |
| 00050007 | Source and target device types are incompatible. The source and target of a Snapshot function must be on the same device type (3380 or 3390). |
| 00050008 | Internal SDM error. |
| 00050009 | Snapshot source device is busy. Resubmit the failing job when the source device has less activity. |
| 0005000A to 0005000E | Internal SDM error. |

ANTRQST return codes and reason codes

The ANTRQST macro is used by application programs to invoke the z/OS System Data Mover (SDM) application programming interface (API). The following error return codes and reason codes are taken from the ANTRQSTL macro. Each return code is equated to a decimal value, which is followed by a comment indicating the corresponding hexadecimal value.

Return codes indicate the general types of conditions and might be coupled with reason codes that further qualify these conditions. Typically, a reason code has the qualifier `_REASON_` embedded in its name, and follows the corresponding return code.

For more information about the ANTRQST and ANTRQSTL macros, see [ANTRQST and ANTRQSTL macros - call to the system data mover API in z/OS DFSMS Advanced Copy Services](#)

List of ANTRQST return codes and reason codes

```
RQST_SUCCESSFUL          EQU  0000  X'0000'
*
```

```
RQST_PC_NUMBER_ZERO      EQU  7000  X'1B58'
*
*   Meaning:  The PC number used to invoke ANTCDPI is
*   zero.
*
*   Action:   Make sure ANTAS000 is started.
*
```

```
RQST_ANTRQSTL_EYECATCHER_ABEND  EQU  7001  X'1B59'
*
*   Meaning:  ANTCDPI ABENDED while referencing the
*   ANTRQSTL. The reason code will contain the ABEND
*   code.
*
*   Action:   Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
*   not modified before ANTCDPI is invoked. If problem
```


* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_EYECATCHER_INVALID EQU 7002 X'1B5A'

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQSTL had an incorrect beginning
* eye-catcher.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
* not modified before ANTCDPI is invoked. If problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_LASTBYTE_ABEND EQU 7003 X'1B5B'

*
* Meaning: ANTCDPI ABENDED while referencing the
* last byte in the ANTRQSTL. The reason code will
* contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
* not modified before ANTCDPI is invoked. If problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_ECB_ABEND EQU 7004 X'1B5C'

*
* Meaning: ANTCDPI ABENDED while referencing the
* field pointed to by the ANTRQST ECB parameter. The
* reason code will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ECB field is
* correct.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_RETINFO_ABEND EQU 7005 X'1B5D'

*
* Meaning: ANTCDPI ABENDED while referencing the
* field pointed to by the ANTRQST RETINFO parameter.
* The reason code will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the RETINFO field
* is correct.
*

RQST_RQTBL_ADDRESS_ZERO EQU 7006 X'1B5E'

*
* Meaning: The pointer to the System Data Mover
* request conversion table was zero.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_RQTBL_EYECATCHER_ABEND EQU 7007 X'1B5F'

*
* Meaning: ANTCDPI ABENDED while referencing the
* System Data Mover request conversion table
* eye-catcher. The reason code will contain the
* ABEND code.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_RQTBL_EYECATCHER_INVALID EQU 7008 X'1B60'

*
* Meaning: The System Data Mover request conversion
* table had an incorrect eye-catcher.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_REQUESTNO_INVALID EQU 7009 X'1B61'

*
* Meaning: The request is not currently supported by
* ANTRQST.
*

```

*
* Action: Upgrade to the ANTRQST level which
* supports the request. Execute REQUEST=LEVEL to
* find the current ANTRQST level.
*

```

```

RQST_CALLER_NOT_AUTHORIZED          EQU  7010  X'1B62'
*
* Meaning: Caller not authorized to execute request.
*
* Action: Make sure caller is an authorized program,
* or has read access to the FACILITY class profile of
* STGADMIN.ANT.XRC.COMMANDS for XRC requests,
* STGADMIN.ANT.PPRC.COMMANDS for PPRC requests,
* STGADMIN.ANT.SNAPSHOT.COMMANDS for Snapshot
* requests, STGADMIN.ANT.ESFC.COMMANDS for
* FlashCopy requests, or STGADMIN.ANT.ESFC.FCQUERY
* for FCQUERY and QFRVOLS requests.
KEYWORDS: D/T2105 D/T2107 FLASHCPY/K SDMAPI/K

```

```

RQST_CALLERS_STOKEN_INVALID         EQU  7011  X'1B63'
*
* Meaning: Unable to get STOKEN for caller's address
* space. The reason code will contain the ALESERV
* EXTRACT return code.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_ANTRQSTL_ALET_STOKEN_INVALID   EQU  7012  X'1B64'
*
* Meaning: Unable to get STOKEN for the ALET
* specified on the ANTRQST macro. The reason code
* will contain the ALESERV EXTRACT return code.
*
* Action: Make sure a valid ALET is supplied. If
* problem persists contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_SDM_ADDRESS_SPACE_INACTIVE     EQU  7013  X'1B65'
*
* Meaning: System Data Mover address space is not
* active.
*
* Action: Make sure ANTAS000 is started.
*

```

```

RQST_INVALID_ASYNC_VALUE            EQU  7014  X'1B66'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the ASYNCH
* parameter is invalid. If the ASYNCH parameter is
* used its value must be NO or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct ASYNCH value.
*

```

```

RQST_ECB_NAME_MISSING               EQU  7015  X'1B67'
*
* Meaning: The ECB parameter was not used when
* ASYNCH(YES) was coded.
*
* Action: Supply an ECB value.
*

```

```

RQST_ANTRQSTL_LASTBYTE_INVALID      EQU  7016  X'1B68'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQSTL had an incorrect ending
* eye-catcher.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
* not modified before ANTCDPI is invoked. If problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

```

RQST_ANTRQSTL_CONVERT_LOAD_ERROR EQU 7017 X'1B69'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQSTL address is incorrect.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
* not modified before ANTC DPI is invoked. If problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_CONVERT_ABEND EQU 7018 X'1B6A'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQSTL address is incorrect.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the ANTRQSTL is
* not modified before ANTC DPI is invoked. If problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_VOLLIST_ABEND EQU 7019 X'1B6B'
*
* Meaning: The routine which examines the VOLLIST
* field abended while doing the examination.
*
* Action: Make sure the field specified in the
* VOLLIST parameter is owned by the calling program.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_LENGTH_INVALID EQU 7020 X'1B6C'
*
* Meaning: ANTC DPI ABENDED while referencing the
* field pointed to by the ANTRQST MESSAGES parameter.
* The reason code will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the MESSAGES field
* is correct.
*

RQST_ANTRQSTL_MESSAGE_ABEND EQU 7021 X'1B6D'
*
* Meaning: ANTC DPI ABENDED while referencing the
* field pointed to by the ANTRQST MESSAGES parameter.
* The reason code will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the address of the MESSAGES field
* is correct.
*

RQST_ANTCDPI_PAUSE_ERROR EQU 7028 X'1B74'
*
* Meaning: ANTC DPI received a non-zero return code
* when calling IEAVPSE (Pause). The reason code of
* RETINFO will contain the IEAVPSE return code.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_ANTCDPI_UNEXPECTED_ABEND EQU 7029 X'1B75'
*
* Meaning: Unexpected ABEND in ANTC DPI. The reason
* code will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_ROUTER_EYECATCHER_INVALID EQU 7030 X'1B76'
*
* Meaning: Invalid parameter list passed to a System
* Data Mover request router. The reason code will
* tell which field in the parameter list was bad.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_CALLERS_STOKEN_NOT_ADDED EQU 7031 X'1B77'

*
 * Meaning: Unable to add the STOKEN for the caller's
 * address space to a System Data Mover request router
 * access list. The reason code will contain the
 * ALESERV ADD return code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_ANTRQSTL_ALET_STOKEN_NOT_ADDED EQU 7032 X'1B78'

*
 * Meaning: Unable to add an STOKEN for the ALET
 * specified on the ANTRQST macro call to a System
 * Data Mover request router access list. The reason
 * code will contain the ALESERV ADD return code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_SDM_ADDRESS_SPACE_STOKEN_INVALID EQU 7033 X'1B79'

*
 * Meaning: Unable to get the STOKEN for a System
 * Data Mover request router address space. The
 * reason code will contain the ALESERV EXTRACT return
 * code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_ANTRQSTL_EYECATCHER_NOW_INVALID EQU 7034 X'1B7A'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQSTL passed into a System Data
 * Mover request router/handler no longer has a valid
 * eye-catcher.
 *
 * Action: Make sure fields in the ANTRQSTL have not
 * been changed while waiting for completion of the
 * request.
 *

RQST_ANTRQSTL_NO_LONGER_AVAILABLE EQU 7035 X'1B7B'

*
 * Meaning: A System Data Mover request
 * router/handler was no longer able to access the
 * ANTRQSTL.
 *
 * Action: Make sure the space the ANTRQSTL resides
 * in has not been FREEMAINED.
 *

RQST_SDM_ADDRESS_SPACE_NOT_STARTED EQU 7036 X'1B7C'

*
 * Meaning: A System Data Mover address space is not
 * active.
 *
 * Action: Make sure ANTAS001 is started.
 *

RQST_HANDLER_EYECATCHER_INVALID EQU 7037 X'1B7D'

*
 * Meaning: Invalid parameter list passed to a System
 * Data Mover request handler. The reason code will
 * tell which field in the parameter list was bad.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_ANTAS000_STOKEN_NOT_ADDED EQU 7038 X'1B7E'

*
 * Meaning: A System Data Mover request handler
 * running in ANTAS001 was unable to add the STOKEN
 * for ANTAS000 to the access list for ANTAS001.
 *

* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_WAITTIME_EXPIRED EQU 7039 X'1B7F'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the WAITTIME
* parameter has been reached. System Data Mover has
* returned to the caller.
*
* Action: Determine if the requested action has been
* suspended, or if the requested action normally
* takes longer than the WAITTIME value. If
* increasing the WAITTIME value does not correct the
* problem contact IBM.
*

RQST_SNAPSHOT_SERVICE_ERROR EQU 7040 X'1B80'
*
* Meaning: A request has been made to a SnapShot
* subsystem handler, and an error had been detected.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_SDM_ADDRESS_SPACE_TERMINATED EQU 7041 X'1B81'
*
* Meaning: A System Data Mover address space has
* terminated. If the request is synchronous 7041
* will be placed in the RETINFO field. If the
* request is asynchronous 7041 will be the post code.
*
* Action: Resubmit the request after the System Data
* Mover address space has been restarted.
*

RQST_COPY_SERVICE_ABEND EQU 7042 X'1B82'
*
* Meaning: The System Data Mover service that moves
* the results of the request back into the caller's
* ANTRQSTL has abended. The reason code contains the
* ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure the areas pointed to by the
* ANTRQSTL have not been freed. If the problem
* persists contact IBM.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_SERVICE_ABEND EQU 7043 X'1B83'
*
* Meaning: A System Data Mover service that verifies
* values in the ANTRQSTL has had an unexpected abend.
* The reason code contains the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ATTIME_FORMAT EQU 7044 X'1B84'
*
* Meaning: The value specified in the ATTIME
* parameter did not have a format of YYYY.DDD
* HH:MM:SS.THMIJU.
*
* Action: Specify the proper format.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ATTIME_YEAR EQU 7045 X'1B85'
*
* Meaning: The year specified in the ATTIME
* parameter is greater than 2041. The CONVTO system
* macro will not handle years greater than 2041.
*
* Action: Contact IBM.
*

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ATTIME_DIGITS    EQU  7046  X'1B86'
*
*   Meaning:  Some of the digits in the ATTIME
*   parameter are non-numeric.
*
*   Action:   Correct the non-numeric digits.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ATTIME_CONVTOD   EQU  7047  X'1B87'
*
*   Meaning:  The system CONVTOD service had an error
*   converting the ATTIME parameter.  The reason code
*   contains the error code.
*
*   Action:   Make the indicated correction.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TIMEOUT_FORMAT   EQU  7048  X'1B88'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified in the TIMEOUT
*   parameter did not have a format of "hh.mm.ss".
*
*   Action:   Specify the proper format.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TIMEOUT_NBR      EQU  7049  X'1B89'
*
*   Meaning:  The value of the TIMEOUT parameter has
*   "hh" greater than 18, "mm" greater than 59, or "ss"
*   greater than 59.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TIMEOUT_DIGITS   EQU  7050  X'1B8A'
*
*   Meaning:  Some of the digits in the TIMEOUT
*   parameter are non-numeric.
*
*   Action:   Correct the non-numeric digits.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TIMEOUT_VALUE    EQU  7051  X'1B8B'
*
*   Meaning:  The value of the TIMEOUT parameter is
*   greater then "18.00.00".
*
*   Action:   Specify a smaller value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ETYPE_VALUE      EQU  7052  X'1B8C'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified in the ETYPE
*   parameter is not one of the listed keywords
*
*   Action:   Specify a correct keyword value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ERRORLEVEL       EQU  7053  X'1B8D'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the ERRRLVL
*   parameter is not correct.  Either the first
*   character is not ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of
*   the characters are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SESSIONID        EQU  7054  X'1B8E'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the SID parameter
*   is not correct.  Either the first character is not
*   ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of the characters
```

```
* are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_PVOLSER      EQU 7055 X'1B8F'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PVOLSER
* parameter is not correct. One of the characters is
* not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_HLQ          EQU 7056 X'1B90'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the HLQ parameter
* is not correct. Either the first character is not
* ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of the characters
* are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_ATTIME_MISSING        EQU 7057 X'1B91'
*
* Meaning: ETYPE(ATTIME) has been specified but the
* ATTIME parameter has not been specified.
*
* Action: Supply a value with the ATTIME parameter.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_MASTERSID     EQU 7058 X'1B92'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the MID parameter
* is not correct. Either the first character is not
* ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of the characters
* are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_MHLQ         EQU 7059 X'1B93'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the MHLQ
* parameter is not correct. Either the first
* character is not ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of
* the characters are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_COPY_VALUE    EQU 7060 X'1B94'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the COPY
* parameter is not correct. The value must be FUL or
* QIK.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_UTILITY_VALUE EQU 7061 X'1B95'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the UTILITY
* parameter is not correct. The value must be FIX or
* FLT.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ONLINE_VALUE  EQU 7062 X'1B96'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the ONLINE
* parameter is not correct. The value must be YES or
```

* NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_DVCBLOCK_VALUE EQU 7063 X'1B97'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the DVCBLOCK
* parameter is not correct. The value must be ON,
* OFF, or WPx where x is a hex value of 0-F.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SCSESSION EQU 7064 X'1B98'
*
* Meaning: For a request the value specified
* in the SCSESSION parameter is not alphabetic (A-Z).
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_ESSSERIAL_REQUIRED EQU 7065 X'1B99'
*
* Meaning: The ESSSERIAL keyword is required.
*
* Action: Provide the keyword.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_LSSNBR_REQUIRED EQU 7066 X'1B9A'
*
* Meaning: The LSSNBR keyword is required.
*
* Action: Provide the keyword.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ACTION_VALUE EQU 7067 X'1B9B'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the ACTION
* parameter is not correct. The value depends on
* the REQUEST type.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_LSSTYPE_VALUE EQU 7068 X'1B9C'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the LSSTYPE
* parameter is not correct. The value must be
* FB or CKD.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_VOLSER EQU 7069 X'1B9D'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the VOLSER
* parameter is not correct. Either the volume is
* not online, or one of the characters is not
* ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,\$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_SNBR_ZERO EQU 7070 X'1B9E'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the SNBR
* parameter is zero.
*
* Action: Specify a non-zero value.
*


```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_DISP_VALUE      EQU  7071  X'1B9F'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the DISP
*   parameter is not correct.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_FORMAT_VALUE    EQU  7072  X'1BA0'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the FORMAT
*   parameter is not correct.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_OPENDVCS_VALUE  EQU  7073  X'1BA1'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the OPENDVCS or REDIRECT
*   parameter is not correct.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_ONLINSEC_VALUE  EQU  7074  X'1BA2'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the ONLINSEC
*   parameter is not correct.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_MODE_VALUE      EQU  7075  X'1BA3'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the MODE
*   parameter is not correct.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_LSSTYPE_REQUIRED        EQU  7076  X'1BA4'
*
*   Meaning:  The LSSTYPE keyword is required.
*
*   Action:   Provide the keyword.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_DEVN           EQU  7077  X'1BA5'
*
*   Meaning:  The device number specified in the
*   DEVN parameter is not recognized by the
*   UCBL00K service, or there are no paths
*   available to the device.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_LOGPLUS_VALUE   EQU  7078  X'1BA6'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the LOGPLUS
*   parameter is not correct. The value must be YES or
*   binary zeros.
*
*   Action:   Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_VOLLIST_COUNT   EQU  7079  X'1BA7'
*
*   Meaning:  The value specified for the number of
*   volsers in a VOLLIST is incorrect. The reason
*   code contains the count that was found.
*
```

* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TGTUCB_VALUE EQU 7080 X'1BA8'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the TGTUCB field
* is incorrect. Valid values are YES and NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_PDEVNUM_VALUE EQU 7081 X'1BA9'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PDEVNUM field
* is not an EBCDIC equivalent of hex digits indicating
* the primary device number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_MISSING_DEVICE_SPEC EQU 7083 X'1BAB'
*
* Meaning: When a 'YES' value is specified for the
* OPENDVCS or REMOTE keys, the macro invocation must
* also include the DEVN, SRCSERIAL, SRCLSS, SRCDVC,
* TGTSERIAL, TGTLS, and TGTDC keys.
*
* Action: Specify the missing keys on the macro invocation.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_TERTIARY_VALUE EQU 7084 X'1BAC'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the TERTIARY
* parameter is not correct.
* The value must be YES or NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_ONLINE_TERTIARY_MUTUALLY_EXCLUSIVE EQU 7085 X'1BAD'
*
* Meaning: The values ONLINE(YES) and TERTIARY(YES)
* are mutually exclusive.
*
* Action: Change one or both of the values to NO.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_DSNAME_MISSING EQU 7086 X'1BAE'
*
* Meaning: ETYPE(LSTDTABLE) has been specified but the
* DSNAME parameter has not been
* specified.
*
* Action: Change one or both of the values to NO.
*

RRQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_FORCE_VALUE EQU 7087 X'1BAF'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the FORCE
* parameter is not correct. The value must be YES or
* NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_CHECK_VALUE EQU 7088 X'1BB0'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the CHECK
* parameter is not correct. The value must be YES or
* NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```
RQST_FORCE_CHECK_MUTUALLY_EXCLUSIVE EQU 7089 X'1BB1'
*
* Meaning: The values FORCE(YES) and CHECK(YES)
* are mutually exclusive.
*
* Action: Change one or both of the values to NO.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SCHSET_VALUE EQU 7090 X'1BB2'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the first digit of a
* five digit device number is not a valid subchannel
* set number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_PRI_SCHSET EQU 0001 X'0001'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the first digit of a
* five digit primary device number is not a valid subchannel
* set number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SEC_SCHSET EQU 0002 X'0002'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the first digit of a
* five digit secondary device number is not a valid subchannel
* set number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SWP_SCHSET EQU 0003 X'0003'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the first digit of a
* five digit swap device number is not a valid subchannel
* set number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_DEVNUM_VALUE EQU 7091 X'1BB3'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the DEVNUM field
* is not an EBCDIC equivalent of hex digits indicating
* the device number.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SSID_VALUE EQU 7092 X'1BB4'
*
* Meaning: The value specified in the SSID
* parameter is invalid. The third byte in the
* field is not binary zeros (ie - it is not a
* left-justified two byte hexadecimal value).
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*
```

```
RQST_VERIFICATION_INVALID_SUPMSG_VALUE EQU 7094 X'1BB6'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the SUPMSG
* parameter is not correct. The value must be YES or
* NO.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

RQST_FACILITY_PROFILE_NOT_DEFINED EQU 7095 X'1BB7'

*
 * Meaning: The facility class profile corresponding to
 * the requested function is not defined.
 *
 * Action: To enable the function, define the facility
 * class profile and permit the user to it.
 *

RQST_VOLLIST_ERROR_DETECTED EQU 7096 X'1BB8'

*
 * Meaning: An error has been detected in executing
 * a volume list. For example, trying to add a volume
 * pair in which one of the volumes is offline.
 *
 * Action: Examine the messages returned in the
 * MESSAGES field to determine the volume that was
 * in error.
 *

RQST_ROUTER_UNEXPECTED_ABEND EQU 7097 X'1BB9'

*
 * Meaning: Unexpected ABEND in System Data Mover
 * request router. The reason code will contain the
 * ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_HANDLER1_UNEXPECTED_ABEND EQU 7098 X'1BBA'

*
 * Meaning: Unexpected ABEND in a System Data Mover
 * level 1 request handler. The reason code will
 * contain the ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_HANDLER2_UNEXPECTED_ABEND EQU 7099 X'1BBB'

*
 * Meaning: Unexpected ABEND in a System Data Mover
 * level 2 request handler. The reason code will
 * contain the ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_TIME_ABEND EQU 7100 X'1BBC'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, a System Data
 * Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
 * referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
 * TIME parameter. The reason code will contain the
 * ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the TIME parameter points
 * to a valid location in memory, and that if an ALET
 * was specified on the ANTRQST macro its value is
 * correct.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_SESSIONID_INVALID EQU 7101 X'1BBD'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the XRC system
 * id pointed to by the ANTRQST SID parameter was
 * invalid.
 *
 * Action: Make sure the system id supplied by the
 * SID parameter matches the id of a valid XRC
 * session.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_HLQ_INVALID EQU 7102 X'1BBE'

*

```

*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the high-level
*   qualifier of an XRC state data set provided by the
*   ANTRQST HLQ parameter was invalid.
*
*   Action: Make sure the name supplied by the HLQ
*   parameter matches the high-level qualifier of an
*   XRC state data set.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_CONSISTENCY_TIME_ZERO      EQU  7103  X'1BBF'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the consistency
*   time being maintained by XRC is zero.
*
*   Action: Consistency time is initialized to zero,
*   and does not change until an application update
*   takes place to a primary volume in an XRC session.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_NO_STORAGE                  EQU  7104  X'1BC0'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
*   to acquire working storage.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_NO_DEFAULTS                 EQU  7105  X'1BC1'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the table that
*   contains the skeleton name of the state data set
*   could not be found.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_ALLOCATION_FAILURE            EQU  7106  X'1BC2'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
*   to allocate the state data set. This can be for
*   one of three reasons:
*
*   1. The state data set has not been pre-allocated.
*
*   2. The high-level qualifier supplied in the HLQ
*   parameter is invalid.
*
*   3. The session id supplied in the SID parameter is
*   invalid.
*
*   Action: For reason 1, pre-allocate the state data
*   set. For reasons 2 and 3 correct the invalid
*   value.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_OPEN_FAILURE                 EQU  7107  X'1BC3'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
*   to open the state data set.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_XCONTIME_DECB_CREATION_FAILURE        EQU  7108  X'1BC4'
*
*   Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
*   to create a DECB control block for the state data
*   set.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

RQST_XCONTIME_FIND_FAILURE EQU 7109 X'1BC5'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the member in
 * the state data set containing the consistency time
 * could not be found.
 *
 * Action: If XRC has never been started then an
 * XSTART will need to be done to create the member.
 * If an XSTART has been done contact IBM.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_INVALID_STATE_DATASET EQU 7110 X'1BC6'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, the data in the
 * state data set is not in the proper format.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_READ_FAILURE EQU 7111 X'1BC7'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
 * to read the state data set.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_ERROR_LOADING_EXITS EQU 7112 X'1BC8'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request, XRC was unable
 * to load the DCB exits used in reading the state
 * data set.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_SAVED_CONSISTENCY_TIME EQU 7113 X'1BC9'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request ANTAS001 was not
 * active, so the consistency time being returned is
 * from an XRC data set. If the time is from the control
 * data set the reason code will be 0. If the time is
 * from the state data set the reason code will be 4.
 * If the time is from the master data set the reason
 * code will be 8.
 *
 * Action: No action required.
 *

RQST_XCONTIME_VOLUME_NOT_DUPLEXED EQU 7114 X'1BCA'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCONTIME request the consistency
 * time being returned is from ANTAS001 and is valid,
 * but at least one of the volume pairs (not counting
 * the utility volume) is not duplexed.
 *
 * Action: No action required.
 *

RQST_PESTPATH_ERROR EQU 7120 X'1BD0'

*
 * Meaning: For a PESTPATH request a System Data
 * Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
 * of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
 * following error message. Starting at byte ten will
 * be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
 * through thirteen contain the ending part of an
 * ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
 * message identifier ANTP0108I).
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the
 * documentation for the message identifier.
 *

```
RQST_PESTPATH_INVALID_CGROUP_VALUE      EQU 7121 X'1BD1'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the value supplied
* in the CGROUP parameter is invalid. If the CGROUP
* parameter is used the value must be NO or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CGROUP value.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_INVALID_RESETHP_VALUE      EQU 7122 X'1BD2'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the value supplied
* in the RESETHP parameter is invalid. If the
* RESETHP parameter is used the value must be NO or
* YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct RESETHP value.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_MISSING_PLSS              EQU 7125 X'1BD5'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
* PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
* specified.
*
* Action: Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_INVALID_PLSS              EQU 7126 X'1BD6'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
* the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
* specified.
*
* Action: Remove the PLSS parameter.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_TOO_MANY_LINKS           EQU 7127 X'1BD7'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the number of
* LINKS path addresses specified is greater than the
* number of path addresses supported by the primary
* subsystem.
*
* Action: Specify the correct number of LINKS path
* addresses for the selected primary subsystem.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_PATH_COUNT_INVALID        EQU 7128 X'1BD8'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the LINKS
* parameter was specified. The request failed
* because the path address count field contained a
* hexadecimal value less than 1 or greater than 8.
*
* Action: Supply a correct path address count value.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_PATH_LENGTH_INVALID       EQU 7129 X'1BD9'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request the LINKS
* parameter was specified. The request failed
* because the path address length value for one or
* more paths was not equal to 4 (X'0004').
*
* Action: Supply a correct path address length value
* in the path address length field(s).
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPATH_LINKS_ABEND               EQU 7130 X'1BDA'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPATH request a System Data
```

```

* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* LINKS parameter. The reason code will contain the
* ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the LINKS parameter points
* to a valid location in memory, and that if an ALET
* was specified on the ANTRQST macro the value is
* correct.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_ERROR EQU 7140 X'1BE4'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request a System Data
* Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
* of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message identifier.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_INVALID_PARAMETER EQU 7141 X'1BE5'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request, one of the
* parameters is invalid.
*
* Action: Check the reason code to the invalid
* parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_REASON_PLSS_INVALID EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request the specified
* primary lss is invalid.
*
* Action: Check to be sure the primary lss is
* correct and reissue the command.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_REASON_SLSS_INVALID EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request the specified
* secondary lss is invalid.
*
* Action: Check to be sure the secondary lss is
* correct and reissue the command.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_REASON_PCCA_INVALID EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request the specified
* primary cca is invalid.
*
* Action: Check to be sure the primary cca is
* correct and reissue the command.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_REASON_SCCA_INVALID EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request the specified
* secondary cca is invalid.
*
* Action: Check to be sure the primary cca is
* secondary and reissue the command.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_MISSING_PLSS EQU 7145 X'1BE9'
*
* Meaning: For a PDELPAIR request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that requires the

```



```

*   PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPAIR_INVALID_PLSS          EQU  7146  X'1BEA'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PDELPAIR request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
*   the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPATH_ERROR                 EQU  7160  X'1BF8'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PDELPATH request a System Data
*   Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
*   of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
*   following error message. Starting at byte ten will
*   be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
*   through thirteen contain the ending part of an
*   ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
*   message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
*   Action:   Take the action described in the
*   documentation for the message identifier.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPATH_MISSING_PLSS          EQU  7165  X'1BFD'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PDELPATH request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
*   PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PDELPATH_INVALID_PLSS          EQU  7166  X'1BFE'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PDELPATH request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
*   the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PSUSPEND_ERROR                 EQU  7180  X'1C0C'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PSUSPEND request a System Data
*   Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
*   of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
*   following error message. Starting at byte ten will
*   be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
*   through thirteen contain the ending part of an
*   ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
*   message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
*   Action:   Take the action described in the
*   documentation for the message identifier.
*

```

```

RQST_PSUSPEND_INVALID_PRIMARY_VALUE EQU  7181  X'1C0D'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PSUSPEND request the value supplied
*   in the PRIMARY parameter is invalid. If the
*   PRIMARY parameter is used its value must be NO or
*   YES.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct PRIMARY value.
*

```

RQST_PSUSPEND_INVALID QUIESCE_VALUE EQU 7182 X'1C0E'

*
 * Meaning: For a PSUSPEND request the value supplied
 * in the QUIESCE parameter is invalid. If the
 * QUIESCE parameter is used its value must be NO or
 * YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct PRIMARY value.
 *

RQST_PSUSPEND_MISSING_PLSS EQU 7185 X'1C11'

*
 * Meaning: For a PSUSPEND request the specified
 * device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
 * PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
 * specified.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
 *

RQST_PSUSPEND_INVALID_PLSS EQU 7186 X'1C12'

*
 * Meaning: For a PSUSPEND request the specified
 * device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
 * the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
 * specified.
 *
 * Action: Remove the PLSS parameter.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_ERROR EQU 7200 X'1C20'

*
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request a System Data
 * Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
 * of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
 * following error message. Starting at byte ten will
 * be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
 * through thirteen contain the ending part of an
 * ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
 * message identifier ANTP0108I).
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the
 * documentation for the message identifier.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_CRIT_VALUE EQU 7201 X'1C21'

*
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the CRIT parameter is invalid. If the CRIT
 * parameter is used the value must be NO or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct CRIT value.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_MODE_VALUE EQU 7202 X'1C22'

*
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the MODE parameter is invalid. If the MODE
 * parameter is used the value must be COPY, NOCOPY,
 * or RESYNC.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct MODE value.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_MSGREQ_VALUE EQU 7203 X'1C23'

*
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the MSGREQ parameter is invalid. If the MSGREQ
 * parameter is used the value must be NO or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct MSGREQ value.
 *

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_ONLINSEC_VALUE      EQU  7204  X'1C24'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
*   in the ONLINSEC parameter is invalid.  If the
*   ONLINSEC parameter is used the value must be NO or
*   YES.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct ONLINSEC value.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MISSING_PLSS                EQU  7205  X'1C25'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
*   PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_PLSS                EQU  7206  X'1C26'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
*   the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MISSING_SLSS                EQU  7207  X'1C27'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
*   SLSS parameter, but the SLSS parameter was not
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct SLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_SLSS                EQU  7208  X'1C28'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
*   the SLSS parameter, but the SLSS parameter was
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Remove the SLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_OPTION_VALUE        EQU  7209  X'1C29'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the OPTION keyword
*   was specified. The OPTION field contains an invalid
*   value. The only allowable values are 'SYNC' and
*   'XD'. These values must begin in the first byte of
*   the OPTION field, and followed by blanks on right.
*   If the OPTION field contains binary zeros, the
*   OPTION keyword is treated as if the OPTION keyword
*   was omitted.
*
*   Action:   Make any necessary changes to the OPTION
*   field value and resubmit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_OPT_XD_NOT_AVAILABLE        EQU  7210  X'1C2A'
*
*   Meaning:  For a PESTPAIR request the OPTION keyword
*   was specified with the OPTION field set to 'XD'
*   (Extended Distance PPRC). The feature information
*   from the ESS subsystem indicates that the PPRC
*   Extended Distance function is not installed or not
*   active for the specified device.
*
*   Action:   Verify the correct device has been

```

* specified. Insure the ESS subsystem that contains
* the device has the Extended Distance LIC installed
* and active.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_OPT_XD_CRIT_YES_INVALID EQU 7211 X'1C2B'

*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the OPTION keyword
* was specified with the OPTION field set to 'XD'
* (Extended Distance PPRC). The PESTPAIR request also
* has the CRIT(YES) keyword and parameter specified.
* PPRC PESTPAIR CRIT(YES) and OPTION(XD) cannot be
* used together in a PESTPAIR request.
*
* Action: Verify the correct values for CRIT and
* OPTION have been specified. Make any necessary
* changes and resubmit the request.
*

RQST_CASCADED_IR_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7212 X'1C2C'

*
* Meaning: The channel command is not supported
* by the storage control where it was issued.
*
* Action: Install the appropriate microcode
* that supports the command or reissue the command
* to a different device / storage control.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_STATE_TRANSITION_INVALID EQU 7213 X'1C2D'

*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the OPTION keyword
* was specified with the OPTION field set to 'XD'
* (Extended Distance PPRC). The PESTPAIR request
* devices are in an active PPRC relationship. The
* specified devices may be in synchronous mode
* (PENDING or DUPLEX state), or the devices may be in
* SUSPEND state but not in a PPRC pair with each
* other. Transition from active synchronous PPRC mode
* to Extended Distance PPRC mode is not allowed. A
* PESTPAIR request with OPTION(XD) can only be issued
* to devices in SIMPLEX state, or devices that are
* the same devices in a PPRC pair that is in SUSPEND
* state.
*
* Action: Verify the current state of the specified
* devices. Insure the devices are in SIMPLEX state or
* are the same devices that are in a PPRC pair in
* SUSPENDED state. Make any necessary changes and
* resubmit the request. If necessary, issue the
* PSUSPEND request to cause the PPRC pair to be
* suspended, then resubmit the request.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_CASCADE_VALUE EQU 7214 X'1C2E'

*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
* in the CASCADE parameter is invalid. If the
* CASCADE parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CASCADE value.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_STATE EQU 7215 X'1C2F'

*
* Meaning: An Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Pair command specifying PPRC Failover Mode or PPRC
* Failback Mode was received, but the Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy pair is already in the requested state.
*
* Action: Check the state of the device and correct
* and re-submit the command.
*

```

RQST_FAILOVER_ERROR                      EQU  7216  X'1C30'
*
*   Meaning:  For an FAILOVER request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_FAILOVER_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action:  Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_FAILOVER_REAS_PRIMARY                EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning:  For PPRC Failover Mode, the command
*   parameter fields identifying the primary volume
*   information is not correct for a volume that is
*   currently a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy secondary
*   volume or a Cascading Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
*   volume; for that secondary or cascading volume,
*   there is stored information identifying its
*   primary volume. The command parameter fields
*   identifying the secondary volume is not the same
*   information that is currently stored for that
*   primary volume.
*
*   Action:  Check the Primary device info and be sure
*   it is the original secondary device of the PPRC
*   Pair.  Re-submit the command.
*

```

```

RQST_FAILOVER_REAS_INVALID_STATE          EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning:  For PPRC Failover Mode, the addressed
*   volume is not a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy secondary
*   volume in full duplex mode, or a Cascading
*   Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy volume whose secondary
*   state is not full duplex, duplex pending,
*   or suspended.
*
*   Action:  Check to be sure the secondary is in
*   full duplex or suspended and re-submit the
*   command.
*

```

```

RQST_FAILBACK_ERROR                      EQU  7217  X'1C31'
*
*   Meaning:  For an FAILBACK request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_FAILBACK_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action:  Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_FAILBACK_REAS_PRIMARY                EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning:  For PPRC Failback Mode, the command
*   parameter fields identifying the primary volume
*   information is not correct for a volume that is
*   currently a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary
*   volume or a Cascading Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
*   volume; for a primary volume, there is stored
*   information identifying its secondary volume.
*   The current command parameter fields identifying
*   the secondary volume is not the same information
*   that is currently stored for that secondary
*   volume. For a Cascading volume, there is stored
*   information identifying its primary volume.
*   The current command parameter fields identifying
*   the secondary volume is not the same information
*   that is currently stored for that primary volume.
*
*   Action:  Check the primary device information
*   and re-submit the command after making any

```

* changes.
*

RQST_FAILBACK_REAS_INVALID_STATE EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
* Meaning: For PPRC Failback Mode, the addressed
* volume is not a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy primary
* in a suspended state, or a Cascading Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy volume whose primary state and
* secondary state is suspended.
*
* Action: Check the state of the addressed volume
* and re-submit the command after making any
* corrections.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR EQU 7218 X'1C32'

*
* Meaning: An IO error was detected by SDM while processing
* a PESTPAIR request. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field
* will contain an error reason code that will provide
* more details about the error. These codes are
* documented below, and will have names that start with
* RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_CHGREC_STARTED EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
* Meaning: INCRESYNC=START was specified, but a change
* recording mechanism is already started for the specified
* device.
*
* Action:

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERR_CHGREC_NOT_STRTD EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
* Meaning: An establish pair with MODE=INCRES was specified,
* but the change recording mechanism was not started for the
* specified device.
*
* Action: Start change recording for the specified device and
* reissue the command.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_NOT_AC_VOLS EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
* Meaning: An establish pair with MODE=INCRES was specified,
* but the primary and secondary specified are not the A and C
* volumes in an A-B-C cascading relationship and FORCE=YES
* was not specified
*
* Action: Check the device information and re-submit the
* command after making any changes.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_SETGTOK_MISSING EQU 0016 X'0010'

*
* Meaning: A PPRC establish pair request specified a space
* efficient volume as the secondary, but SETGTOK=YES was
* not specified
*
* Action: Check the device information and re-submit the
* command after making any changes.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_VOLUME_RESIZING EQU 0020 X'0014'

*
* Meaning: A PPRC establish pair request specified a volume
* that is currently in the process of being resized.
* Devices are restricted from participating in a copy
* services relationship when being resized.
*

```
* Action: Wait until the volume rsize has completed and
* reissue the request
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_SEC_SEFLC_SOURCE EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: A PPRC establish pair request specified a secondary
* that is currently the source of a space efficient FlashCopy
* relationship and MODE(COPY).
*
* Action: Withdraw the FlashCopy relationship before doing
* the establish.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_MT_ERR EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: A PPRC establish pair request was attempting to
* establish or terminate MT PPRC relation but an error occurred.
*
* Action: Check the device information and re-submit the
* command after making any changes.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_IO_ERROR_CLOUD EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
* Meaning: The primary or secondary volume must not
* be participating in a Store Cloud or Retrieve Cloud
* Data operation.
*
* Action: Re-submit the command when the Store Cloud Data
* Cloud Data operation is complete.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID EQU 7219 X'1C33'
*
* Meaning: An error was detected by SDM while processing
* a PESTPAIR request. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field
* will contain an error reason code that will provide
* more details about the error. These codes are
* documented below, and will have names that start with
* RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_CAS_IR_MUTUALLY_EXCLUSIVE EQU 0001
X'0001'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the CASCADEDIR keyword was
* specified along with one of the following mutually exclusive
* keyword/parameter combinations:
* - FORCE(YES)
* - ACTION(FALLBACK)
* - INCRASYNC(START)
* - INCRASYNC(STOP)
* - INCRASYNC(NOCOPY)
* - MODE(INCR)
* - AUTORESYNC(NO)
* - MODE(SGCIRS)
* None of the above keyword/parameter pairs can be
* specified when specifying CASCADEDIR keyword in a
* PESTPAIR request.
*
* Action: Verify the correct keyword for CASCADEDIR
* have been specified. Make the necessary
* changes and Re-issue the Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* pair command.
*
```

```
RQST_PESTPAIR_FAILOVER_MISSING_CAS_IR EQU 0002 X'0002'
*
* Meaning: The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy has been specified
* with CASCADEDIR but the ACTION(FAILOVER) keyword is missing
* which is required to be specified.
*
```

* Action: Verify the ACTION(FAILOVER) is specified and
 * Re-issue the Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair
 command.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_INCRESYNC_VALUE EQU 0004 X'0004'
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request, the value supplied in
 * the INCRESYNC parameter is invalid or the feature code
 * that is required for Incremental Resync functions is not
 * installed on the target device. If the INCRESYNC
 * parameter is used the value must be START, STOP or NOCOPY.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct INCRESYNC value or ensure the
 * correct feature code is installed on the target device.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_MODE_INCRE EQU 0008 X'0008'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the MODE keyword was
 * specified with a value of 'INCRE' along with one of
 * the following mutually exclusive keyword/parameter
 * combinations:
 * - ACTION(FAILOVER)
 * - ACTION(FAILBACK)
 * - INCRESYNC(START)
 * - INCRESYNC(STOP)
 * - INCRESYNC(NOCOPY)
 * None of the above keyword/parameter pairs can be
 * specified when specifying MODE(INCRE) in a
 * PESTPAIR request.
 *
 * Action: Verify the correct values for MODE, ACTION
 * and INCRESYNC have been specified. Make any necessary
 * changes and resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_FORCE_VALUE EQU 0012 X'000C'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the FORCE parameter is invalid. If the
 * FORCE parameter is used the value must be NO
 * or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct FORCE value.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_REAS_INVALID_XRCONSEC EQU 0016 X'0010'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the XRCONSEC parameter is invalid. If the
 * XRCONSEC parameter is used the value must be NO or
 * YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct XRCONSEC value.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_REAS_XRCIR_NO_SUPPORT EQU 0020 X'0014'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the XRCONSEC is
 * specified, but the hardware does not support
 * XRC Incremental Resync.
 *
 * Action: Check hardware to see if XRC Incremental
 * Resync is supported. Make necessary changes and
 * resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_PESTPAIR_REAS_INVALID_AUTORESC EQU 0024 X'0018'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
 * in the AUTORESYNC parameter is invalid. If the
 * AUTORESYNC parameter is used the value must be NO or
 * YES.
 *

* Action: Supply a correct AUTORESYNC value.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_MTFILOVER_NO_SUPPORT EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the ACTION keyword
* was specified with 'MTFALOVER' (Multi-Target PPRC feature).
* Either the microcode level does not support this function
* or it has been disabled in
software.
*
* Action: Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all
* Control Units. Ensure Multi Target PPRC is enabled in
* PARMLIB.
*

RQST_PRECOVER_ERROR EQU 7220 X'1C34'
*
* Meaning: For a PRECOVER request a System Data
* Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
* of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message identifier.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_ERROR EQU 7221 X'1C35'
*
* Meaning: The command could not be completed as a
* multi-target operation.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation. For any reasons not listed,
* contact your hardware representative for the
* reason that the command failed.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_NO_PRI_UCODE EQU 0001 X'0001'
*
* Meaning: Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote
* Copy Pair is establishing a Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and
* Microcode EC is not active on all CEC's of
* the Primary Control Unit.
*
* Action: Ensure that the Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Multi-Target Microcode is
* installed/active on all CEC's of the
* Primary Control Unit.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_NO_SEC_UCODE EQU 0002 X'0002'
*
* Meaning: Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote
* Copy Pair is establishing a Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Multi-Target relationship and
* one or more of the Secondary Control Units
* do not have the Microcode EC active that
* supports Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target.
*
* Action: Ensure that the Microcode EC that
* supports Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target is properly installed/active
* on all of the Secondary Control Units.
*

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_MORE_THAN_2 EQU 0003 X'0003'
*
* Meaning: An Establish Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Pair command would have

```

* resulted in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* primary with more than two active
* secondary relationships.
*
* Action: Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* query command and remove any extra
* relationships. If it does not appear that
* there are more relationships than should
* be supported, verify that the microcode
* level installed supports the number of
* relationships desired.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_MORE_THAN_3      EQU  0004  X'0004'

```

```

*
* Meaning: An Establish Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Pair command would have
* resulted in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* primary with more than three secondary
* relationships.
*
* Action: Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* query command and remove any extra
* relationships. If it does not appear that
* there are more relationships than should
* be supported, verify that the microcode
* level installed supports the number of
* relationships desired.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_CASCADE          EQU  0005  X'0005'

```

```

*
* Meaning: The addressed device was a
* secondary of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target relationship and the
* Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair
* command attempted to make it a primary of
* another Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target relationship.
*
* Action: Cascaded Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target relationships are not supported
* by the microcode. Issue a Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy query command and remove any
* extra relationships. If it does not appear
* that there are more relationships than
* should be supported, verify that the
* microcode level installed supports the
* number of relationships desired.
*

```

```

PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_FAILOVER              EQU  0010  X'000A'

```

```

*
* Meaning: The addressed device is the primary
* of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target
* relationship and a cascaded Peer-to-Peer Remote
* Copy device. The Establish command issued
* specified ACTION(FAILOVER), which is not
* supported in a Multi-Target configuration.
*
* Action: Re-issue the Establish
* Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair command
* with ACTION(MTFAILOVER).
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_MTIR_LINKS      EQU  0013  X'000D'

```

```

*
* Meaning: The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target Internal Relationship between
* the partner secondaries cannot be created
* because more than 16 LSS associations have
* been established for the partner secondary
* volume executing the command.
*
* Action: Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* query command and remove any extra
* secondary LSS associations. If it does not
* appear that there are more secondary

```

```

* associations than should be supported,
* verify that the microcode level installed
* supports the number of relationships
* desired.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_MTIR_RELS      EQU  0014  X'000E'

```

```

*
* Explanation: The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target Internal Relationship between the
* partner secondaries cannot be created because
* more than 4 volume relationships are
* associated with the volume executing the
* command.
*
* Action: Issue a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* query command to all of the secondaries
* associated with this primary. Remove any
* extraneous MTIR relationships. If it does
* not appear that there are more
* relationships than should be supported,
* verify that the microcode level installed
* supports the number of relationships
* desired.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_OOS_ERROR      EQU  0015  X'000F'

```

```

*
* Explanation: The Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy
* Multi-Target Internal Relationship cannot
* be created because Out-of-Sync Track Bitmap
* (OOS) Bitmaps are not available.
*
* Action: Contact your hardware
* representative for diagnostic assistance.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_INVALID_CIR_SCNDRY  EQU  0024  X'0018'

```

```

*
* Explanation: An Establish Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Pair command is issued
* with Cascaded Incremental
* Resynchronization and the secondary
* is not a valid cascaded device.
*
* Action: Issue an Establish
* Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy command
* with a valid cascaded secondary
* device in order to set Cascaded
* Incremental Resynchronization.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_MT_REAS_PRIM_IN_CIR      EQU  0025  X'0019'

```

```

*
* Explanation: An Establish Peer-to-Peer
* Remote Copy Pair command is issued
* with Cascaded Incremental
* Resynchronization that would have
* resulted in more than one Cascaded
* Incremental Resynchronization
* relationship for the primary.
*
* Action: Specified primary is already
* in Cascaded Incremental
* Resynchronization. Issue an Establish
* Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy command
* with a valid primary
* device in order to set Cascaded
* Incremental Resynchronization.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_ERROR                EQU  7222  X'1C36'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For a Multi-Target RVOLUME request the System Data
* Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names

```

* that start with RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_xxx.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation. For any reasons not listed,
 * contact your hardware representative for the
 * reason that the command failed.
 *

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_MTVOL_REQ EQU 0001 X'0001'

*
 * Meaning: A request to JOIN volumes to a
 * session was made using the VOLLIST or
 * VOLRANGE parameter, and a session exists that
 * was populated with the Multi-Target MTVOLLIST
 * or MTVOLRANGE parameter.
 *
 * Action: If you wish to establish a single
 * target session, you must first remove the
 * multi-target relationships
 *

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_ST_SESSION EQU 0002 X'0002'

*
 * Meaning: A request to JOIN volumes to a
 * session was made using the Multi-Target
 * MTIOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and a
 * session exists that was populated with the
 * VOLLIST or VOLRANGE parameter.
 *
 * Action: If you wish to establish a
 * Multi-Target session you must first remove
 * the non Multi-Target sessions.
 *

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_REMOVE_MTVOL EQU 0003 X'0003'

*
 * Meaning: A request to REMOVE volumes from
 * a session was made using the Multi-Target
 * MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and the
 * session is not Multi-Target.
 *
 * Action: Verify the request was issued to
 * the right device and that the session you
 * specified is Multi-Target.
 *

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_SEC_INVALID EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: A request to REMOVE volumes from
 * a session was made using the Multi-Target
 * MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE parameter, and the
 * secondary control volume information
 * specified does not match the secondary
 * control volume information for the session
 * number specified.
 *
 * Action: Use the RQUERY command to obtain
 * the secondary control volume information
 * that was used on the original RVOLUME
 * JOIN.
 *

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_MT_PPRC_RE EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
 * Meaning: A request to JOIN volumes to a session
 * was made using the VOLLIST or VOLRANGE parameter,
 * and one or more of the volumes you have specified
 * is in a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target
 * relationship.
 *
 * Action: If you wish to establish a non
 * Multi-Target session you must first ensure that
 * the volumes you are specifying are not in a
 * Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target
 * relationship. Query the volumes in the session to
 * determine the relationship of the volumes you are
 * attempting to join to a session. For multi-target

```

*   PPRC configurations, the MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE
*   parameter must be used, identifying which
*   relationships to be used in the Global Mirror
*   session.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_MT_REAS_WRONG_SECONDARY    EQU 0006 X'0006'    @46A
*
*   Meaning: A request to JOIN volumes to a session
*   was made and at least one volume is already in
*   the specified session with different secondary
*   information. If the intent is to change the secondary,
*   a remove on the volumes must be done
*   first. If the intent is to add volumes to a different
*   session then the session number needs to be corrected.
*
*   Action: Use RQUERY to get details of the volumes
*   present in the specified session. Use RVOLUME, JOIN
*   and REMOVE, to join and remove volumes from a session
*   after identifying correct secondary information.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_VOL_TYPE_ERROR            EQU 7223 X'1C37'
*
*   Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request a System Data
*   Mover request handler detected an error.
*   The combination of the volume types specified
*   are restricted from participating in a Copy
*   Services relationship with the installed level of microcode.
*   The reason code will indicate the specific
*   restriction.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation. For any reasons not listed,
*   contact your hardware representative for the
*   reason that the command failed.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_VOL_TYPE_REAS1            EQU 0001 X'0001'
*
*   Meaning: Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair
*   specified a restricted volume type combination.
*   The specified secondary volume is an Extent Space
*   Efficient volume.
*
*   Action: Specify volumes of a compatible type.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_VOL_TYPE_REAS3            EQU 0003 X'0003'
*
*   Meaning: Establish Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Pair
*   specified a restricted volume type combination.
*   The specified primary volume is an Extent Space
*   Efficient volume.
*
*   Action: Specify volumes of a compatible type.
*

```

```

RQST_PRECOVER_MISSING_PLSS              EQU 7225 X'1C39'
*
*   Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
*   PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
*   specified.
*
*   Action: Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_PRECOVER_INVALID_PLSS              EQU 7226 X'1C3A'
*
*   Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
*   device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
*   the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
*   specified.
*

```

*
* Action: Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PRECOVER_MISSING_SLSS EQU 7227 X'1C3B'

*
* Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
* SLSS parameter, but the SLSS parameter was not
* specified.
*
* Action: Supply a correct SLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PRECOVER_INVALID_SLSS EQU 7228 X'1C3C'

*
* Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
* the SLSS parameter, but the SLSS parameter was
* specified.
*
* Action: Remove the SLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PRECOVER_OLD_VOLSER_INVALID EQU 7229 X'1C3D'

*
* Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
* OLDVOLSER contains an invalid volume serial value.
* The volume serial value must be valid alphanumeric
* characters, left justified in the field and padded
* on the right with blanks if necessary.
*
* Action: Insure the OLDVOLSER contains valid
* alphanumeric characters and is left justified with
* trailing blanks if needed.
*

RQST_PRECOVER_NEW_VOLSER_INVALID EQU 7230 X'1C3E'

*
* Meaning: For a PRECOVER request the specified
* NEWVOLSER contains an invalid volume serial value.
* The volume serial value must be valid alphanumeric
* characters, left justified in the field and padded
* on the right with blanks if necessary.
*
* Action: Insure the NEWVOLSER contains valid
* alphanumeric characters and is left justified with
* trailing blanks if needed.
*

RQST_PQUERY_ERROR EQU 7240 X'1C48'

*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request a System Data Mover
* request handler detected an error. Byte nine of
* the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message
* identifier.
*

RQST_PQUERY_ERROR EQU 7240 X'1C48'

*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request a System Data Mover
* request handler detected an error. Byte nine of
* the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*

*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message identifier.
*

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_FORMAT_VALUE EQU 7247 X'1C4F'

*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY request, the value supplied
* in the FORMAT parameter is invalid. If the FORMAT
* parameter is used, the value must be PQMAP, LONG,
* or PQMP2.
*
* Action: Supply a correct FORMAT value.
*
*

RQST_PQUERY_SDEVN_OR_SWWNN_MISSING EQU 0028 X'001C'

*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY PATHS(LNK) request either
* SDEVN or SWWNN must be specified.
*
* Action: Specify either the SDEVN or SWWNN
* keyword.
*

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_SWWNN_VALUE EQU 0032 X'0020'

*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY request the value supplied
* in the SWWNN parameter is invalid. If the SWWNN
* parameter is used, it must be 16 characters of
* length.
*
* Action: Supply a correct SWWNN value.
*

RQST_PQUERY_LNK_INSUFFICIENT_STORAGE EQU 0036 X'0024'

*
* Meaning: Unable to allocate sufficient storage in
* the ANTAS000 address space to satisfy the PQUERY
* request.
*
* Action: There may be an excessive number of concurrent
* ANTRQST invocations for the available region size.
* If the region size is being limited by an
* IEFUSI exit, increase the limit and cancel
* ANTAS000 to activate the new limit. If the
* problem persists contact IBM technical
* support.
*

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID QUIESCEDIO_VALUE EQU 0040 X'0028'

*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the QUIESCEDIO
* parameter is invalid. If the QUIESCEDIO parameter
* is used its value must be NO or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct QUIESCEDIO value.
*

RQST_PQUERY_ADDITIONAL_MT_RELS EQU 7249 X'1C51'

*
* Meaning: Additional PPRC multi-target relationships
* may exist, but are not included in the results.
*
* FORMAT(PQMAP) or FORMAT(LONG) was specified on the
* request. These options are not compatible with a
* multi-target PPRC environment.
*
* Action: To ensure all relationships are included
* in the query results specify PQUERY with
* FORMAT(PQMP2).
*

RQST_PQUERY_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7241 X'1C49'

*

* Meaning: A PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
 * all of the unformatted status information. As much
 * information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
 * field.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space needed is
 * returned in the reason code.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_PATHS_VALUE EQU 7242 X'1C4A'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PQUERY request the value supplied
 * in the PATHS parameter is invalid. If the PATHS
 * parameter is used the value must be NO or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct PATHS value.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_QRYSIZE_ZERO EQU 7243 X'1C4B'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request the value supplied
 * in the QRYSIZE parameter is zero.
 *
 * Action: Supply a non-zero QRYSIZE value.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_QRYINFO_ABEND EQU 7244 X'1C4C'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request a System Data Mover
 * request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
 * the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
 * parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
 * code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory, and that if
 * an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
 * value is correct.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_QRYSIZE_BIG_ENOUGH EQU 7245 X'1C4D'
 *
 * Meaning: A PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
 * of the unformatted status information.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space used is returned
 * in the reason code.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_BITMAP_VALUE EQU 7246 X'1C4E'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PQUERY request the value supplied
 * in the BITMAP parameter is invalid. If the BITMAP
 * parameter is used the value must be NO or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct BITMAP value.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_FORMAT_VALUE EQU 7247 X'1C4F'
 *
 * Meaning: For a PQUERY request the value supplied
 * in the FORMAT parameter is invalid. If the FORMAT
 * parameter is used the value must be PQMAP or LONG
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct FORMAT value.
 *

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_RESETRSV_VALUE EQU 7248 X'1C50'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST PPRC request specified
 * the RESETRSV parameter, but the value of the
 * RESETRSV parameter was not YES or NO.
 * The request is rejected.


```

*
* Action: Verify the RESETSV parameter field has
* binary zeros, 'YES' or 'NO '. After any changes
* or corrections, re-submit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_SETGT          EQU 7250 X'1C52'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
* in the SETGTOK parameter is invalid. If the
* SETGTOK parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_SETGTOK_VALUE  EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied
* in the SETGTOK parameter is invalid. If the
* SETGTOK parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct SETGTOK value.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_ABEND                   EQU 7251 X'1C53'
*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY request an unexpected ABEND
* occurred. The reason code will contain the ABEND
* code.
*
* Action: Call IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_IO_ERROR                EQU 7252 X'1C54'
*
* Meaning: An IO error occurred while attempting to query
* the specified device.
*
* Action: Call IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_IO_NOQUEUED              EQU 7253 X'1C55'
*
* Meaning: For a PQUERY request the QUIESCEDIO(NO)
* parameter was specified. The request was immediately
* posted and failed because the UCB level for the device
* was higher than NORMAL or the device is not ready.
* The reason code will contain the UCB level.
*
* Action: Re-try the request when the UCB level is normal and
* the device is ready.
*

```

```

RQST_PESTPAIR_INVALID_CASCADEDIR_VALUE EQU 7254 X'1C56'
*
* Meaning: For a PESTPAIR request the value supplied in the
* CASCADEDIR paramter is invalid. If the CASCADEDIR parameter
* is used the value must be NO or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CASCADEDIR value.
*

```

```

RQST_PRUN_ERROR                     EQU 7260 X'1C5C'
*
* Meaning: For a PRUN request a System Data Mover
* request handler detected an error. Byte nine of
* the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the

```

* documentation for the message identifier.
*

RQST_PRUN_MISSING_PLSS EQU 7265 X'1C61'

*
* Meaning: For a PRUN request the specified device
* is in a storage subsystem that requires the PLSS
* parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
* specified.
*
* Action: Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PRUN_INVALID_PLSS EQU 7266 X'1C62'

*
* Meaning: For a PRUN request the specified device
* is in a storage subsystem that does not use the
* PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
* specified.
*
* Action: Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PQSCSTAT_INVALID_SCOPE_VALUE EQU 7270 X'1C66'

*
* Meaning: For a PQSCSTAT request the value supplied
* in the SCOPE parameter is invalid. Valid values
* for the SCOPE parameter are RANK and LSS.
*
* Action: Supply a correct SCOPE value.
*

RQST_PQSCSTAT_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7271 X'1C67'

*
* Meaning: The channel command is not supported
* by the storage control where it was issued.
*
* Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
* supports the command or reissue the command
* to a different device / storage control.
*

RQST_PQSCSTAT_QRYLSS_NOT_SPECIFIED EQU 7272 X'1C68'

*
* Meaning: The required keyword QRYLSS was not
* specified in the PQSCSTAT request.
*
* Action: Reissue the request with the QRYLSS keyword
* specified.
*

RQST_PFREEZE_ERROR EQU 7280 X'1C70'

*
* Meaning: For a PFREEZE request a System Data Mover
* request handler detected an error. Byte nine of
* the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message identifier.
*

RQST_PFREEZE_MISSING_PLSS EQU 7285 X'1C75'

*
* Meaning: For a PFREEZE request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that requires the
* PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was not
* specified.
*

* Action: Supply a correct PLSS parameter.
*

RQST_PFREEZE_INVALID_PLSS EQU 7286 X'1C76'

*
* Meaning: For a PFREEZE request the specified
* device is in a storage subsystem that does not use
* the PLSS parameter, but the PLSS parameter was
* specified.
*
* Action: Remove the PLSS parameter.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_SNAPSHOT_ERROR EQU 7300 X'1C84'

*
* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request a SnapShot
* subsystem detected an error. Bytes five through
* eight of the RETINFO field contain the SnapShot
* subsystem error code.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the SnapShot subsystem.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_BASICSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7301 X'1C85'

*
* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request the number
* supplied in the BASICSIZE parameter is too small.
* The value must be at least as large as the length
* of PSL10_HEADER plus one.
*
* Action: Provide a larger BASICINFO area.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_BASICINFO_ABEND EQU 7302 X'1C86'

*
* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* BASICINFO parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the BASICINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_EXTNSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7303 X'1C87'

*
* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request the number
* supplied in the EXTNSIZE parameter is too small.
* The value must be at least as large as the length
* of PSL11_HEADER plus one.
*
* Action: Provide a larger EXTNDINFO area.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_EXTNDINFO_ABEND EQU 7304 X'1C88'

*
* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* EXTNDINFO parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the EXTNDINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_SDVCINFO_INFORMATION_TRUNCATED EQU 7305 X'1C89'

*

* Meaning: For a SDVCINFO request the number
 * supplied in the BASICSIZE parameter and/or the
 * number supplied in the EXTNDSize parameter was too
 * small. PSL10_DATA_TRUNC and PSL11_DATA_TRUNC will
 * indicate which size parameters were too small.
 *
 * Action: To have all of the information returned
 * that is available make sure the value of BASICSIZE
 * is at least as large as the number returned in
 * PSL10_DATA_USED, and the value of EXTNDSize is at
 * least as large as the number returned in
 * PSL11_DATA_USED.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_SNAPSHOT_ERROR EQU 7320 X'1C98'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request a Snapshot
 * subsystem detected an error. Bytes five through
 * eight of the RETINFO field contain the Snapshot
 * subsystem error code.
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the
 * documentation for the Snapshot subsystem.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_ACCESS_INVALID EQU 7321 X'1C99'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the ACCESS parameter is invalid. If the ACCESS
 * parameter is used the value must be NO, R, or RW.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct ACCESS value.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_BEGINCYL0_INVALID EQU 7322 X'1C9A'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the BEGINCYL0 parameter is invalid. If the
 * BEGINCYL0 parameter is used the value must be YES
 * or NO.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct BEGINCYL0 value.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_DEVTYPE_INVALID EQU 7323 X'1C9B'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the DEVTYPE parameter is invalid. If the
 * DEVTYPE parameter is used the value must be NO,
 * 3380, or 3390.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct DEVTYPE value.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_PARTITION_INVALID EQU 7324 X'1C9C'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the PARTITION parameter is invalid. If the
 * PARTITION parameter is used the value must be NO,
 * TEST, or PROD.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct PARTITION value.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_QRYSIZE_T00_SMALL EQU 7325 X'1C9D'
 *
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the number
 * supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter or in the
 * QRYSIZEEX parameter was too small.
 * The value must be at least as large as the length
 * of PSL30_HEADER plus one.
 *
 * Action: To have all of the information returned
 * that is available make sure the value of QRYSIZE
 * parameter or the QRYSIZEEX parameter is
 * at least as large as the number returned in

* PSL30_DATA_USED.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_HIGHDEVN_MISSING EQU 7326 X'1C9E'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the LOWDEVN
* parameter was specified but a value was not
* provided for the HIGHDEVN parameter.
*
* Action: Supply a HIGHDEVN value.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_VLFILTER_ABEND EQU 7327 X'1C9F'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* VLFILTER parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the VLFILTER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_SSFILTER_ABEND EQU 7328 X'1CA0'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* SSFILTER parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the SSFILTER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_QRYINFO_ABEND EQU 7329 X'1CA1'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* QRYINFO parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_HIGHDEVN_TOO_LOW EQU 7330 X'1CA2'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the HIGHDEVN
* parameter specified was lower than the LOWDEVN
* parameter specified.
*
* Action: Supply a HIGHDEVN value equal to or
* greater than the LOWDEVN parameter.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_INFORMATION_TRUNCATED EQU 7331 X'1CA3'
*
* Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the number
* supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter or in the
* QRYSIZEEX parameter was too small.
* In particular, the last array element returned was
* not complete because the QRYINFO field was not
* large enough.
*
* Action: To have all of the information returned
* that is available make sure the value of QRYSIZE
* parameter or the QRYSIZEEX parameter is
* at least as large as the number returned in
* PSL30_DATA_USED.
*

RQST_SQRYDVCS_ARRAY_TRUNCATED EQU 7332 X'1CA4'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the number
 * supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter or in the
 * QRYSIZEEX parameter was too small.
 * In particular, all of the array elements that were
 * returned were complete, but the QRYINFO field was
 * not large enough to return all of the array
 * elements that were available.
 *
 * Action: To have all of the information returned
 * that is available make sure the value of QRYSIZE
 * parameter or the QRYSIZEEX parameter is
 * at least as large as the number returned in
 * PSL30_DATA_USED.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_SCTARGET_INVALID EQU 7333 X'1CA5'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the SCTARGET parameter is invalid. If the
 * SCTARGET parameter is used the value must be YES or
 * NO.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct SCTARGET value.
 *

RQST_SQRYDVCS_NO_QRY_SIZE EQU 7334 X'1CA6'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the QRYSIZE parameter and the QRYSIZEEX
 * parameter was zero. The size of the QRYINFO area
 * must be the length of the PSL30_HEADER + 1 or more.
 * Either the QRYSIZE or QRYSIZEEX must specify the
 * QRYINFO area length, but not both.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct QRYINFO length value in
 * either the QRYSIZE parameter or the QRYSIZEEX
 * parameter.
 *

RQST_SQRYSSYS_SNAPSHOT_ERROR EQU 7340 X'1CAC'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYSSYS request a SnapShot
 * subsystem detected an error. Bytes five through
 * eight of the RETINFO field contain the SnapShot
 * subsystem error code.
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the
 * documentation for the SnapShot subsystem.
 *

RQST_SQRYSSYS_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7341 X'1CAD'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYSSYS request the number
 * supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter is too small.
 * The value must be at least as large as the length
 * of PSL20_HEADER plus one.
 *
 * Action: Provide a larger QRYINFO area.
 *

RQST_SQRYSSYS_SSFILTER_ABEND EQU 7342 X'1CAE'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRYSSYS request a System Data
 * Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
 * referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
 * SSFILTER parameter. The reason code will contain
 * the ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the SSFILTER parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory.
 *

```

RQST_SQRYSSYS_QRYINFO_ABEND          EQU  7343  X'1CAF'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SQRYSSYS request a System Data
*   Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
*   referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
*   QRYINFO parameter.  The reason code will contain
*   the ABEND code.
*
*   Action:  Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory, and that if
*   an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_SQRYSSYS_INFORMATION_TRUNCATED    EQU  7344  X'1CB0'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SQRYSSYS request the number
*   supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter was too small.
*   In particular, the last array element returned was
*   not complete because the QRYINFO field was not
*   large enough.
*
*   Action:  To have all of the information returned
*   that is available make sure the value of QRYSIZE is
*   at least as large as the number returned in
*   PSL20_DATA_USED.
*

```

```

RQST_SQRYSSYS_ARRAY_TRUNCATED          EQU  7345  X'1CB1'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SQRYSSYS request the number
*   supplied in the QRYSIZE parameter was too small.
*   In particular, all of the array elements that were
*   returned were complete, but the QRYINFO field was
*   not large enough to return all of the array
*   elements that were available.
*
*   Action:  To have all of the information returned
*   that is available make sure the value of QRYSIZE is
*   at least as large as the number returned in
*   PSL20_DATA_USED.
*

```

```

RQST_SRELEASE_SNAPSHOT_ERROR           EQU  7360  X'1CC0'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SRELEASE request a SnapShot
*   subsystem detected an error.  Bytes five through
*   eight of the RETINFO field contain the SnapShot
*   subsystem error code.
*
*   Action:  Take the action described in the
*   documentation for the SnapShot subsystem.
*

```

```

RQST_SRELEASE_EXTNBR_ZERO              EQU  7361  X'1CC1'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SRELEASE request the number
*   supplied in the EXTNBR parameter is zero.  At least
*   one extent pair must be provided.
*
*   Action:  Provide at least one extent pair.
*

```

```

RQST_SRELEASE_EXTINFO_ABEND            EQU  7362  X'1CC2'
*
*   Meaning:  For a SRELEASE request a System Data
*   Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
*   referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
*   EXTINFO parameter.  The reason code will contain
*   the ABEND code.
*
*   Action:  Make sure that the EXTINFO parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory.
*

```

RQST_SSNAP_SNAPSHOT_ERROR EQU 7380 X'1CD4'

*
 * Meaning: For a SSNAP request a SnapShot subsystem
 * detected an error. Bytes five through eight of the
 * RETINFO field contain the SnapShot subsystem error
 * code.
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the
 * documentation for the SnapShot subsystem.
 *

RQST_SSNAP_TRELOCATE_INVALID EQU 7381 X'1CD5'

*
 * Meaning: For a SQRVDVCS request the value supplied
 * in the TRELOCATE parameter is invalid. If the
 * TRELOCATE parameter is used the value must be NO or
 * YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct TRELOCATE value.
 *

RQST_SSNAP_SEXTNBR_ZERO EQU 7382 X'1CD6'

*
 * Meaning: For a SSNAP request the number supplied
 * in the SEXTNBR parameter is zero. At least one
 * extent pair must be provided.
 *
 * Action: Provide at least one extent pair.
 *

RQST_SSNAP_TEXTNBR_ZERO EQU 7383 X'1CD7'

*
 * Meaning: For a SSNAP request the number supplied
 * in the TEXTNBR parameter is zero. At least one
 * extent pair must be provided.
 *
 * Action: Provide at least one extent pair.
 *

RQST_SSNAP_SEXTINFO_ABEND EQU 7384 X'1CD8'

*
 * Meaning: For a SSNAP request a System Data Mover
 * request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
 * the field pointed to by the ANTRQST SEXTINFO
 * parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
 * code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the SEXTINFO parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory.
 *

RQST_SSNAP_TEXTINFO_ABEND EQU 7385 X'1CD9'

*
 * Meaning: For a SSNAP request a System Data Mover
 * request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
 * the field pointed to by the ANTRQST TEXTINFO
 * parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
 * code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the TEXTINFO parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory.
 *

RQST_CCSTOR_ERROR EQU 7390 X'1CDE'

*
 * Meaning: For a CCSTOR request the System Data
 * Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
 * field will contain an error reason code. These
 * codes are documented below, and will have names
 * that start with RQST_CCSTOR_REAS_xxx.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *


```

RQST_LISTWS_ERROR                      EQU 7391 X'1CDF'
*
* Meaning: For a LISTWS request the System Data
* Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_LISTWS_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_REFRESHWS_ERROR                  EQU 7392 X'1CE0'
*
* Meaning: For a REFRESHWS request the System Data
* Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_REFRESHWS_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RELEASEWS_ERROR                  EQU 7393 X'1CE1'
*
* Meaning: For a RELEASEWS request the System Data
* Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_RELEASEWS_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RELEASEWS_REAS_INVALID_LLQ       EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the LLQ parameter
* is not correct. Either the first character is not
* ALPHA (A-Z,$,#,@), or the rest of the characters
* are not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*

```

```

RQST_SETPARMLIB_ERROR                  EQU 7394 X'1CE2'
*
* Meaning: For a SETPARMLIB request the System Data
* Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_SETPARMLIB_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_SETPARMLIB_REAS_INVALID_PRMLIB_ACTN EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PACTION
* parameter is not correct. The value must be A or V.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_XMAINT_ERROR                      EQU 7395 X'1CE3'
*
* Meaning: For a XMAINT request the System Data Mover
* detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field
* field will contain an error reason code. These codes
* are also documented.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code

```

* documentation.
*

RQST_XADD_ERROR EQU 7400 X'1CE8'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the System Data Mover
* level 2 request handler detected an error. Bytes
* 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an error
* return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These error return
* and reason codes are documented in the manual(s)
* that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_SUSPENDED_VALUE EQU 7402 X'1CEA'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the SUSPENDED parameter is invalid.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_DONOTBLOCK_VALUE EQU 7403 X'1CEB'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the DONOTBLOCK parameter is invalid.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_SCSESSION EQU 7404 X'1CEC'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the SCSESSION parameter is not alphabetic (A-Z).
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_PRIMARY_VOLSER EQU 7405 X'1CED'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the PVOLSER parameter has one of the following
* errors:
*
* o Both the SUSPENDED and PVOLSER parameters have
* values in them.
*
* o One of the characters is not ALPHNUM
* (A-Z,0-9,\$,#,@).
*
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_SECONDARY_VOLSER EQU 7406 X'1CEE'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the SVOLSER parameter is not ALPHNUM
* (A-Z,0-9,\$,#,@).
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_PDEVNUM_MISSING_REQ_KEYWORD EQU 7407 X'1CEF'
*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the parameter PDEVNUM
* requires that SDEVNUM is specified.
* IBM INTERNAL USE ONLY.
*

* Action: Specify values for keywords and resubmit.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_SECONDARY_DEVNUM EQU 7408 X'1CF0'

*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in SDEVNUM parameter is not either
* UTIL or an EBCDIC equivalent of hex digits indicating
* either the primary device number is a utility device address
* or the secondary device number.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XADD_SWAPDEV_MISSING_REQ_KEYWORD EQU 7409 X'1CF1'

*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the parameter SWAPDEV
* requires that PDEVNUM and SDEVNUM are specified.
* IBM INTERNAL USE ONLY.
*
* Action: Specify values for keywords and resubmit.
*

RQST_XADD_INVALID_SWAP_DEVNUM EQU 7410 X'1CF2'

*
* Meaning: For an XADD request the value specified
* in the SWAPDEV parameter is not an EBCDIC equivalent of hex
* digits indicating the swap device number.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XDEL_ERROR EQU 7420 X'1CFC'

*
* Meaning: For an XDEL request the System Data Mover
* level 2 request handler detected an error. Bytes
* 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an error
* return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These error return
* and reason codes are documented in the manual(s)
* that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XDEL_INVALID_PRIMARY_DEVNUM EQU 7421 X'1CFD'

*
* Meaning: For an XDEL request the value specified
* in the first 4 chars of the PDEVNUM parameter is not
* an EBCDIC equivalent of hex values 0000-FFFF indicating
* the primary device number.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XEND_ERROR EQU 7440 X'1D10'

*
* Meaning: For an XEND request the System Data Mover
* level 2 request handler detected an error. Bytes
* 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an error
* return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These error return
* and reason codes are documented in the manual(s)
* that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_VERIFICATION_CLIP_REQUIRES_DRAIN EQU 7448 X'1D18'

*
* Meaning: The CLIP parameter requires the DRAIN
* parameter.
*

* Action: Supply a correct DRAIN
parameter.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_ERROR EQU 7460 X'1D24'

*
* Meaning: For an XSTATUS request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7461 X'1D25'

*
* Meaning: An XSTATUS request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
* all of the unformatted status information. As much
* information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
* field.
*
* Action: The total amount of space needed is
* returned in the reason code.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_QRYSIZE_BIG_ENOUGH EQU 7462 X'1D26'

*
* Meaning: An XSTATUS request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
* of the unformatted status information.
*
* Action: The total amount of space used is returned
* in the reason code.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_QRYSIZE_ZERO EQU 7463 X'1D27'

*
* Meaning: For an XSTATUS request the value supplied
* in the QRYSIZE parameter is zero.
*
* Action: Supply a non-zero QRYSIZE value.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_QRYINFO_ABEND EQU 7464 X'1D28'

*
* Meaning: For an XSTATUS request a System Data Mover
* request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
* the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
* parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
* code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_XSTATUS_INSUFFICIENT_STORAGE EQU 7465 X'1D29'

*
* Meaning: Unable to GETMAIN enough storage to save
* the statistics.
*
* Action: If the system is not running low on storage
* contact IBM.
*

RQST_XQUERY_ERROR EQU 7480 X'1D38'

*
* Meaning: For an XQUERY request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.

```

* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_XRECOVER_ERROR                      EQU 7500 X'1D4C'
*
* Meaning: For an XRECOVER request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_ERROR                          EQU 7520 X'1D60'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the System Data Mover
* level 2 request handler detected an error. Bytes
* 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an error
* return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These error return
* and reason codes are documented in the manual(s)
* that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_PAGEFIX_T00_BIG                EQU 7521 X'1D61'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the PAGEFIX parameter is too big.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_SCSYNCHP_T00_BIG               EQU 7522 X'1D62'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the SCSYNCHP parameter is too big.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_SCSYNCHS_T00_BIG               EQU 7523 X'1D63'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the SCSYNCHS parameter is too big.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_SYNCH_T00_BIG                  EQU 7524 X'1D64'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the SYNCH parameter is too big.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

```

```

RQST_XSET_INVALID_PRIORITY_VALUE         EQU 7525 X'1D65'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the PRIORITY parameter is invalid.
*

```

* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSET_INVALID_SSID_VALUE EQU 7526 X'1D66'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the SSID parameter is invalid. It is not the
* keyword "ALL", or the third byte in the field is
* not binary zeros (ie - it is not a left-justified
* two byte hexadecimal value).
*

* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSET_RTRACKS_TOO_BIG EQU 7527 X'1D67'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the RTRACKS parameter is too big.
*

* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSET_RFREQUENCY_TOO_BIG EQU 7528 X'1D68'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the RFREQUENCY parameter is too big.
*

* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSET_INVALID_RFREQUENCY_FORMAT EQU 7529 X'1D69'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the RFREQUENCY parameter did not have a format
* of "hh.mm.ss".
*

* Action: Specify the proper format.
*

RQST_XSET_INVALID_RFREQUENCY_DIGITS EQU 7530 X'1D6A'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request some of the digits in
* the RFREQUENCY parameter are non-numeric.
*

* Action: Correct the non-numeric digits.
*

RQST_XSET_INVALID_RFREQUENCY_NUMBERS EQU 7531 X'1D6B'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the RFREQUENCY parameter has "hh" greater than
* 18, "mm" greater than 59, or "ss" greater than 59.
*

* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_XSET_RFREQUENCY_TOO_SMALL EQU 7532 X'1D6C'

*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the RFREQUENCY parameter is too small.
*

* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSET_INVALID_PRIMARY_VOLSER EQU 7533 X'1D6D'

*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PVOLSER
* parameter is not correct. One of the characters is
* not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,\$,#,@).
*

* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*

```
RQST_XSET_INVALID_PARMLIB_MEMBER      EQU 7534 X'1D6E'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PMEMBER
* parameter is not correct. One of the characters is
* not ALPHNUM (A-Z,0-9,$,#,@).
*
* Action: Correct the invalid character(s).
*
```

```
RQST_XSET_INVALID_PARMLIB_ACTION      EQU 7535 X'1D6F'
*
* Meaning: The value specified for the PACTION
* parameter is not correct. The value must be A or V.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_XSET_INVALID_PARMLIB_DSNAME      EQU 7536 X'1D70'
*
```

```
RQST_XSET_INVALID_REFRESHP_VALUE      EQU 7537 X'1D71'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the REFRESHP parameter is invalid.
*
* Action: Specify YES or NO.
*
```

```
RQST_XSET_INVALID_SUSLBUSY_VALUE      EQU 7538 X'1D72'
*
* Meaning: For an XSET request the value specified
* in the SUSLBUSY parameter is invalid.
*
* Action: Specify YES or NO.
*
```

```
RQST_XSTART_ERROR                     EQU 7540 X'1D74'
*
* Meaning: For an XSTART request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*
```

```
RQST_XSTART_REAS_MODE_ZERO            EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The number specified as the count of MODE list
* for the XSTART parameter MODE is invalid. It must be greater
* than 1.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_XSTART_REAS_MODE_CONFLICT        EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: There are conflicting values for the XSTART parameter
* MODE supplied in the MODE list.
*
* Action: Correct the conflicting values.
*
```

```
RQST_XSTART_INVALID_SESSIONTYPE       EQU 7541 X'1D75'
*
* Meaning: For an XSTART request the value specified
* in the STYPE parameter is invalid.
*
* Action: Specify a value listed in the System Data
```

* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XSTART_MODE_ABEND EQU 7542 X'1D76'

*
* Meaning: For a XSTART request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* MODE parameter. The reason code will contain the
* ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the MODE parameter points
* to a valid location in memory, and that if an ALET
* was specified on the ANTRQST macro the value is
* correct.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_ERROR EQU 7560 X'1D88'

*
* Meaning: For an XSUSPEND request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_DEVN_NOT_FOUND EQU 7561 X'1D89'

*
* Meaning: UCBL00K used the device number supplied
* in the DEVN parameter, and was unable to locate the
* device.
*
* Action: Supply a valid device number.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_SCSESSION_NOT_FOUND EQU 7562 X'1D8A'

*
* Meaning: The storage control session id supplied in
* the SCSESSION parameter is not on the storage control.
*
* Action: Supply a valid storage control session id.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_SCSESSION_NOT_ACTIVE EQU 7563 X'1D8B'

*
* Meaning: The storage control session id supplied in
* the SCSESSION parameter is not an active XRC session
* on the storage control.
*
* Action: Supply an active XRC storage control session id.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_IO_ERROR EQU 7564 X'1D8C'

*
* Meaning: The I/O issued to the storage control to
* suspend the storage control session id ended in error.
* Error messages will be issued giving the exact nature
* of the problem.
*
* Action: Correct the problems indicated by the error
* messages and re-submit the request.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_IO_TIMED_OUT EQU 7565 X'1D8D'

*
* Meaning: The I/O issued to the storage control to
* suspend the storage control session id timed out
* before it could complete.
*
* Action: Identify and fix the reason the I/O timed
*

* out, and re-submit the request.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_DEVN_NOT_INCLUDED EQU 7566 X'1D8E'

*
* Meaning: The device specified in the DEVN parameter
* does not belong to the storage control session id
* specified in SCSESSION.
*
* Action: Specify a device number that belongs to
* the storage control session.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_INVALID_PRIMARY_DEVNUM EQU 7567 X'1D8F'

*
* Meaning: For an XSUSPEND request the value specified
* in the PDEVNUM parameter is not an EBCDIC equivalent of hex
* values 0000-FFFF indicating the primary device number.
*
* Action: Specify a correct value.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_SCSESS_MISSING_DEVNUM EQU 7568 X'1D90'

*
* Meaning: The SCSESSION parameter requires either
* PDEVNUM or DEVN parameter.
*
* Action: Specify a device number that belongs to
* the storage control
* session.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_DEVN_MISSING_SCSESS EQU 7569 X'1D91'

*
* Meaning: The DEVN parameter requires the
* SCSESSION parameter.
*
* Action: Specify a storage control session that
* the device belongs to.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_PARMS_MUT_EXCLUSIVE EQU 7570 X'1D92'

*
* Meaning: XSUSPEND parameters PVOLSER, VOLLIST, TIMEOUT,
* SCSESSION, DEVN, and PDEVNUM are mutually exclusive with
* the exception that either DEVN or PDEVNUM can be used
* with SCSESSION.
*
* Action: Remove the unwanted parameter and resubmit
* the request.
*

RQST_XSUSPEND_NO_PARMS EQU 7571 X'1D93'

*
* Meaning: XSUSPEND requires TIMEOUT, VOLLIST, PVOLSER,
* PDEVNUM, SCSESSION and/or DEVN.
*
* Action: Add the desired parameter and resubmit
* the request.
*

RQST_XCOUPLE_ERROR EQU 7580 X'1D9C'

*
* Meaning: For an XCOUPLE request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

RQST_XCOUPLE_MID_MISSING EQU 7581 X'1D9D'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCOUPLE request the MID parameter
 * is missing, or the value specified in the MID
 * parameter is all blanks or all binary zeros.
 *
 * Action: Specify a value.
 *

RQST_XCOUPLE_MID_NOT_ALLOWED EQU 7582 X'1D9E'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCOUPLE request the MID parameter
 * is not allowed.
 *
 * Action: Do not specify the MID parameter, or if it
 * is specified make sure the value is all blanks or
 * all binary zeros.
 *

RQST_XCOUPLE_MHLQ_NOT_ALLOWED EQU 7583 X'1D9F'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCOUPLE request the MHLQ parameter
 * is not allowed.
 *
 * Action: Do not specify the MHLQ parameter, or if
 * it is specified make sure the value is all blanks
 * or all binary zeros.
 *

RQST_XCOUPLE_HLQ_NOT_ALLOWED EQU 7584 X'1DA0'

*
 * Meaning: For an XCOUPLE request the HLQ parameter
 * is not allowed.
 *
 * Action: Do not specify the HLQ parameter, or if it
 * is specified make sure the value is all blanks or
 * all binary zeros.
 *

RQST_DEVICE_SUBSYSTEM_INVALID EQU 7600 X'1DB0'

*
 * Meaning: For an Enterprise Storage Subsystem
 * function request, the device specified is not in an
 * Enterprise Storage Subsystem.
 *
 * Action: Supply a device number in an Enterprise
 * Storage Subsystem.
 *

RQST_DEVICES_NOT_IN_SAME_LSS EQU 7601 X'1DB1'

*
 * Meaning: For an Enterprise Storage Subsystem
 * function request, the devices specified in the
 * SDEVN and TDEVN parameters are not in the same
 * logical subsystem.
 *
 * Action: Supply a source device number and a target
 * device number that are in the same logical
 * subsystem in an Enterprise Storage Subsystem.
 *

RQST_DEVICES_NOT_IN_SAME_ESS EQU 7602 X'1DB2'

*
 * Meaning: For an Enterprise Storage Subsystem
 * function request, the devices specified in the
 * SDEVN and TDEVN parameters are not in the same
 * ESS.
 *
 * Action: Supply a source device number and a target
 * device number that are in the same Enterprise Storage
 * Subsystem.
 *

```

RQST_SHARK_SERVICE_ERROR          EQU 7603 X'1DB3'
*
*   Meaning: A request has been made to a ESSRVCS
*   subsystem handler, and an error had been detected.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_SUBSYSTEM_NOT_SUPPORTED      EQU 7604 X'1DB4'
*
*   Meaning: The Advanced Copy Services request
*   specified a function that is not supported
*   by host software on the subsystem identified
*   in the request. The specified subsystem
*   microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum
*   microcode level required for the function.
*
*   Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of
*   the subsystem identified in the request. Insure
*   the microcode is at the required level. After
*   making any changes or corrections, resubmit the
*   Advanced Copy Services request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_ERROR           EQU 7610 X'1DBA'
*
*   Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request a System Data
*   Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
*   of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
*   following error message. Starting at byte ten may
*   be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
*   through thirteen contain the ending part of an
*   ANTF0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
*   message identifier ANTF0108I). The reason code
*   will contain the device number of the device that
*   returned the error in the first two bytes, and the
*   return code from the I/O request in the last two
*   bytes.
*
*   Action: Take the action described in the
*   documentation for the message identifier.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_SGC_NOT_SUP EQU 0212 X'00D4'
*
*   Meaning: Specified target volume is source of a
*   Safeguarded Copy Relationship and FlashCopy onto a
*   Safeguarded Copy is not Supported.
*
*   Action: Re-submit the command after the
*   flash copy is established.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_SGC_SOURCE_ACTIVE EQU 0216 X'00D8'
*
*   Meaning: A FlashCopy Pair could not be establish because
*   the specified is Safeguarded copy source and Safeguarded copy
*   reservation is active for the volume.
*
*   Action: Re-submit the command after the
*   Safeguarded copy reservation is active
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_SCND_COND_EXITS EQU 0220 X'00DC'
*
*   Meaning: For PPRC Remote Pair FlashCopy Required,
*   the establish FlashCopy command sent to the
*   secondary control unit failed due to the status of
*   the secondary volumes.
*
*   Action: Re-submit the command after the
*   flash copy is established.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0430E          EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning:  The FlashCopy request was issued
*   with the REMOTE keyword, but the DEVN device
*   is not a PPRC primary volume in an active
*   PPRC pair.
*
*   Action:  Ensure that the DEVN device is a
*   PPRC primary device and the PPRC QUERY
*   secondary device information matches the
*   FlashCopy Establish REMOTE source device
*   information.  Verify that the FlashCopy
*   SOURCE and TARGET devices are correctly
*   specified.  Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
*   Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0431E          EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning:  The FlashCopy request was issued with
*   the REMOTE keyword.  The REMOTE FlashCopy source
*   device is not the PPRC secondary volume for the
*   PPRC Primary DEVN device.  The FlashCopy Establish
*   DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired
*   with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the
*   REMOTE FlashCopy Source device.
*
*   Action:  Use the PPRC Query to determine the status
*   of the DEVN device.  If the DEVN device is a PPRC
*   Primary volume, ensure that the PPRC Secondary
*   device information is the same as the REMOTE
*   FlashCopy Source device information.  Resubmit
*   the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0432E          EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning:  The FlashCopy request was issued with
*   the REMOTE keyword.  The REMOTE FlashCopy Source
*   device subsystem serial is not the same as the
*   Target device subsystem serial.
*
*   Action:  Ensure that the FlashCopy REMOTE Source
*   device subsystem serial is the same as the FlashCopy
*   REMOTE Target subsystem serial.  Resubmit the
*   corrected FlashCopy Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0434E          EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning:  The FlashCopy request was issued with
*   the DEVN keyword.  The REMOTE keyword was not
*   specified.  The DEVN keyword requires that the
*   REMOTE keyword also be specified.
*
*   Action:  Ensure that the FlashCopy request
*   containing the DEVN keyword also specifies the
*   REMOTE keyword.  Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
*   request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0435E          EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
*   Meaning:  The FlashCopy request was issued with
*   the REMOTE keyword.  The DEVN keyword was not
*   specified.  The REMOTE keyword requires that the
*   DEVN keyword also be specified.
*
*   Action:  Ensure that the FlashCopy request
*   containing the REMOTE keyword also specifies the
*   DEVN keyword.  Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
*   request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0437E          EQU  0024  X'0018'
*

```

* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
 * the REMOTE keyword. When a FlashCopy Establish
 * of REMOTE is specified, then the SSID for the
 * Source device must be specified.
 *
 * Action: Ensure that the FlashCoyp request
 * specifies the SSID keyword with the SSID of the
 * Source device. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
 * request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0438E EQU 0028 X'001C'
 *
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
 * the SSID keyword. The REMOTE keyword was not
 * specified. The SSID keyword requires that the
 * REMOTE keyword also be specified.
 *
 * Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request
 * containing the SSID keyword also specifies the
 * REMOTE keyword. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
 * request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0439E EQU 0032 X'0020'
 *
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
 * the REMOTE, SSID, and OPENDVCS keywords. The
 * REMOTE and SSID keywords indicate the FlashCopy
 * request is for remote CKD devices. The OPENDVCS
 * keyword indicates that the FlashCopy request is
 * for remote open system devices. The specified
 * keywords are mutually exclusive.
 *
 * Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request specifies
 * the REMOTE and SSID keywords if a FlashCopy request
 * of REMOTE CKD devices is required. The SSID keyword
 * cannot be specified in FlashCopy requests for REMOTE
 * open system devices. Resubmit the corrected
 * FlashCopy request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0440E EQU 0036 X'0024'
 *
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
 * REMOTE keyword. When the request was sent to the
 * secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of
 * the following conditions could cause this error.
 * The PPRC paths are inactive
 * The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication
 * adapters are failing
 * The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the
 * Primary subsystem
 * The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode
 * conditions that prevent communication with the
 * Primary subsystem
 *
 * Action: Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem
 * is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE
 * subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary
 * subsystem. If not, correct the communication
 * problem and resubmit the FlashCopy request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0441E EQU 0040 X'0028'
 *
 * Meaning: The Flashcopy request was issued with the
 * Remote keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy Source device
 * cannot be used as the FlashCopy source.
 *
 * Actions: Use the PPRC query command to determine the
 * status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a
 * PPRC primary device, make sure that the PPRC Secondary
 * device information is the same as the Remote FlashCopy
 * Source device information. Resubmit the corrected
 * FlashCopy request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0442E EQU 0044 X'002C'

*
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
 * INCREMENTAL keyword. The MODE parameter must be
 * COPY. Any other mode is invalid.
 *
 * Actions: If INCREMENTAL is specified in the FlashCopy
 * request, ensure that the MODE keyword has the COPY
 * parameter specified. Resubmit the corrected
 * FlashCopy request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0446E EQU 0048 X'0030'

*
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
 * INCREMENTAL, MODE=ASYN or ACTION(FRR) keyword. The
 * device the request was issued to is in an invalid
 * state which inhibits the request from completing.
 *
 * Actions: Ensure that the Source and Target devices
 * are correct and that the Source device does not have
 * any other INCREMENTAL relations active if INCREMENTAL(YES)
 * or MODE(ASYN) were specified. If ACTION(FRR) was specified,
 * then there must be an active revertible relationship
 * active.
 * RETINFO may contain a message with further information.
 * Modify the request and resubmit.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0444E EQU 0052 X'0034'

*
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
 * OPENDVCS keyword. The control unit serial number
 * in the SRCSERIAL does not match the control unit
 * serial number of the DEVN keyword.
 *
 * Actions: Ensure that the correct serial number is
 * specified and the correct DEVN is being used.
 * Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0490E EQU 0056 X'0038'

*
 * Meaning: The FCESTABLISH request could not
 * complete because the specified device is in
 * an offline or inaccessible state.
 *
 * Action: Modify the request to ensure that the
 * device specified is available for use. After
 * making any changes, resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_F0407E EQU 0060 X'003C'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request, the size
 * or format of the source device is not compatible
 * with the track size or format of the target
 * device. Or the volume capacity of the target device
 * is not equal to or greater than the source device.
 *
 * Action: Modify the request to ensure the source
 * and target device track size and format are the same
 * and the device size of the target must be equal to
 * or larger than the source. After making the
 * corrections, resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_MAX_EXTENTS EQU 0064 X'0040'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request, Extents
 * were specified and the count was greater than the
 * maximum value of 110.
 *
 * Action: Modify the request to ensure the extents

* are less than 110 and resubmit the request.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_FRR_BITMAP EQU 0068 X'0044'
* Meaning: An Establish FlashCopy command attempted
* to reverse the order of the FlashCopy relation, and
* the target bitmap was not all zeros.
*
* Action: Specify ACTION=FRR if attempting to
* reverse the FlashCopy relationship.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_CHGREC_STARTED EQU 0072 X'0048'
*
* Meaning: A Establish FlashCopy command was issued
* with INCREMENTAL=YES, but the source volume specified
* already had a change recording mechanism started for
* a different purpose (e.g. Metro/Global Mirror
* Incremental Resync).
*
* Action: Stop the change recording mechanism on the
* source volume.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_SETGTOK_MISSING EQU 0076 X'004C'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy establish request specified a
* space efficient volume as the target, but
* SETGTOK=YES was not specified.
* Or a FlashCopy establish request specified background
* copy to a space efficient target.
* Or a FlashCopy establish command was issued requesting
* preserve mirror required and the specified target
* device is a space efficient volume.
*
* Action: supply SETGTOK or change volume to non
* space efficient target volume.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_NO_REVERSE EQU 0084 X'0054'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy establish request
* attempted to reverse the direction of a
* full-volume incremental relationship, but
* the initial copy had not yet completed
*
* Action: wait until the initial copy
* completes, then respecify request
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_VOLUME_RESIZING EQU 0092 X'005C'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy establish request specified a volume
* that is currently in the process of being resized.
* Devices are restricted from participating in a copy
* services relationship when being resized.
*
* Action: Wait until the volume rsize has completed and
* reissue the request
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_TGT_INVALID EQU 0096 X'0060'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy establish specified
* a target that is either: a PPRC-XD primary
* device in a Global Mirror session or a PPRC
* primary device whose secondary is a cascaded
* PPRC-XD device in a Global Mirror session with
* PRESMIR=REQ specified.
*
* Action: Specify a target that is not in or cascaded with
* Global Mirror session.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_TGTPPRIM_NO EQU 0100 X'0064'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered as either
 * a Preserve Mirror Required or Preserve Mirror
 * Preferred option, but the keyword TGTPPRIM=YES,
 * indicating that the target can be a PPRC primary
 * was not specified.
 *
 * Action: Reissue the request with TGTPPRIM=YES specified.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_SRC_NOT_PPRC EQU 0104 X'0068'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered
 * as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, and the specified
 * target device is a PPRC primary device, but the specified
 * source device is not a PPRC primary device.
 *
 * Action: Reissue the request with a source that is a PPRC
 * primary device.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_NOT_IN_SFI EQU 0108 X'006C'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered
 * as a Preserve Mirror Required operation, but secondary
 * volume to the specified source volume and the secondary
 * volume to the specified target volume are not in the
 * same Storage Facility Image (SFI).
 *
 * Action: Specify secondaries in the same SFI.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_NOT_DUP EQU 0112 X'0070'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered as a
 * Preserve Mirror Required operation, but
 * the specified source volume's PPRC pair
 * is not in a full duplex state.
 *
 * Action: Wait until the pair has reached full duplex.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_SEC_NOT_SUP EQU 0116 X'0074'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered as a
 * Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the
 * secondary control unit does not have the
 * microcode installed that supports IBM Remote
 * Pair FlashCopy (preserve mirror operations).
 *
 * Action: Specify a secondary with the correct microcode level.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_REL_ESIXTS EQU 0120 X'0078'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered as a
 * Preserve Mirror Required operation, but the
 * inband FlashCopy command failed at the
 * secondary control unit because a preserve
 * mirror relationship already existed. This can
 * occur when the background copy for a previous
 * (non-persistent) mirrored relationship
 * completed at the local site and the
 * relationship no longer exists, but the
 * background copy has not yet completed at the
 * remote site, so the relationship still exists.
 *
 * Action: Wait for the background copy to complete at the remote
 * site.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_FRR EQU 0124 X'007C'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered with


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* PRESMIR=REQ or PRESMIR=PREF and
* ACTION=FRR. This is not allowed.
*
* Action: Resubmit the request with either
* PRESMIR=NO or without the ACTION=FRR parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_REMOTE      EQU 0128 X'0080'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish was entered with
* PRESMIR=REQ or PRESMIR=PREF and
* REMOTE=YES. This is not allowed.
*
* Action: Resubmit the request with either
* PRESMIR=NO or without the REMOTE=YES parameter.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_NOTPM_INCR      EQU 0132 X'0084'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish specified an
* increment was to be taken on an existing
* incremental relationship with PRESMIR(REQUIRED).
* The existing relationship is not a preserve
* mirror relationship, so the remote relationship
* does not exist, therefore an increment cannot be
* taken at the remote.
*
* Action: Withdraw the existing relationship
* and reestablish the incremental relationship or
* take the new increment without preserve mirror.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_FAILOVR_IR      EQU 0136 X'0088'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish command was
* entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation,
* but the target PPRC primary device that was
* specified will not allow the operation to
* complete because either the target is in the
* process of a PPRC cascading failover/failback
* recovery operation or the target volume is a
* PPRC primary device that was established with
* incremental resync started
*
* Action: Wait for operations to complete or
* establish the PPRC without incremental resync.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_SUBCH_NOT_FV    EQU 0140 X'008C'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish command was
* entered With SUBCHSET or TSUBCHSET specifying
* an alternate subchannel set and the request
* was not full volume.
*
* Action: Establish a full volume relation.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_INC_NOT_SUP  EQU 0148 X'0094'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish INCREMENTAL request
* was entered as a Preserve Mirror Required operation,
* but the secondary control unit does not have the
* microcode installed that supports version 2 change
* recording for FlashCopy.
*
* Action: Ensure the correct microcode level is on the secondary
* control unit.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_USEFORPM_NOT_SET EQU 0152 X'0098'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Preserve Mirror establish
* request was issued to a PPRC multi target primary;
* however use for Preserve Mirror function is not set properly
* for the source and/or target PPRC relationship.
*

```

*
 * Action: Use PSETCHAR command to set exactly one
 * source and one target PPRC pair as the
 * relationship for Preserve Mirror
 * function in a Multi-Target PPRC
 * configuration.

*

QST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_PREF_MT EQU 0156 X'009C'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish Request in a
 * Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Multi-Target environment
 * specified PRESMIR=PREF. Specifying Preserve Mirror
 * FlashCopy Preferred is not allowed when the volume
 * is in a PPRC Multi-Target relationship.

*
 * Action: In a Multi-Target PPRC environment
 * specify PRESMIR=REQ to indicate Preserve Mirror
 * FlashCopy
 * Required.

*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_DISABLED EQU 0160 X'00A0'

*
 * Meaning: For a FCESTABLISH request the TGTXRCPRI
 * keyword was specified with the TGTXRCPRI field set
 * to 'YES' (FC target is XRC primary). The feature
 * information from the ESS subsystem indicates that
 * the Remote Pair FlashCopy for XRC function is not
 * installed or not active for the specified device.
 * Action: Verify the correct device has been specified.
 * Insure the ESS subsystem that contains the device has
 * the XRC RPFC LIC installed and active.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_PARMLIB EQU 0164 X'00A4'

*
 * Meaning: For a FCESTABLISH request the TGTXRCPRI
 * keyword was specified with the TGTXRCPRI field set
 * to 'YES' (FC target is XRC primary). However, the
 * DEVSUP parmlib indicates that the FLASHCOPYTOXRC
 * setting is set to NO.
 * Action: Verify the correct device has been specified.
 * Ensure that the DEVSUP parmlib setting FLASHCOPYTOXRC
 * is set to YES, and reissue the command.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_INVALID EQU 0168 X'00A8'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST FCESTABLISH request specified the
 * TGTXRCPRI parameter, but the parameter field contains
 * an invalid value. The valid values for the TGTXRCPRI
 * parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO' or binary zeros (not
 * including the single quote marks).
 * Action: Verify the TGTXRCPRI parameter field contains a
 * valid value. After making any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_REMOTE EQU 0172 X'00AC'

*
 * Meaning: The values TGTXRCPRI(YES) and REMOTE(YES) are
 * mutually exclusive.
 * Action: Change one or both of the values to NO.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_INCR EQU 0176 X'00B0'

*
 * Meaning: The values TGTXRCPRI(YES) and INCREMENTAL(YES/YTW)
 * are mutually exclusive.
 * Action: Change one or both of the values to NO.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_SSC EQU 0180 X'00B4'

*
 * Meaning: The value TGTXRCPRI(YES) was specified but
 * the XRC session is not enabled for XRC RPFC
 * Action: Enable RPFC by using the SHADOW

* RemotePairFlashcopy(yes) parameter in the XRC
* parmlib for the session containing the volume

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_SRC EQU 0184 X'00B8'
*
* Meaning: The value TGTXRCPRI(YES) was specified and
* and the target volume is an XRC primary volume but
* the source volume is not an XRC primary in a state
* of CPY or DUP.
* Action: In order to establish a FlashCopy with an XRC
* primary as a target, the source volume must be an XRC
* primary in a state of CPY or DUP, or the target volume
* must be suspended.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_SESS EQU 0188 X'00BC'
*
* Meaning: The value TGTXRCPRI(YES) was specified and
* both the source and target volumes are XRC Primary
* volumes, but they are not in the same XRC session.
* Action: In order to establish a FlashCopy with an
* XRC primary as a target, the source volume must be
* an XRC primary in the same XRC session as the target,
* or the target must be suspended.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_SUS EQU 0192 X'00C0'
*
* Meaning: The value TGTXRCPRI(YES) was specified and
* the target volume is an XRC Primary, but the source
* volume is an XRC Primary in a suspended state.
* Action: In order to establish a FlashCopy with an
* XRC primary as a target, the source volume must be an
* XRC primary in a state of DUP or CPY, or the target
* must be suspended

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_XPM_PREF EQU 0196 X'00C4'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish Request specified
* PRESMIR=PREF. This request was made to a target
* volume that is both an XRC Primary Volume and a
* Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Primary Volume.
* Action: Specify PRESMIR=REQ to indicate PPRC Preserve
* Mirror FlashCopy Required.

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_CLOUD_ERROR EQU 0200 X'00C8'
*
* Meaning: The specified target volume is participating
* in a Store Cloud Data or Retrieve Cloud Data operation.
*
* Action: Re-submit the command when the Store Cloud
* Data or Retrieve Cloud Data operation is complete.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_FORCE_CG EQU 0204 X'00CC'
*
* Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish Request with preserve mirror
* would result in a FlashCopy onto a Global Mirror target and
* Global Mirror force Consistency Group is in progress.
*
* Action: Re-submit the command after the
* Global Mirror consistency group has formed.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REAS_PM_PREF EQU 0208 X'00D0'
*
* Meaning: Establish FlashCopy specified PPRC Remote Pair
* FlashCopy Preferred parameter and
* the DS8000 Disk Controller no longer supports PPRC
* Remote Pair FlashCopy Preferred.
*
* Action: Re-submit the command with PRESMIR=REQ or
* PRESMIR=NO.
*

RQST_FCESTABLISH_MODE_INVALID EQU 7611 X'1DBB'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the MODE parameter is invalid. If the
 * MODE parameter is used the value must be COPY, or
 * NOCOPY.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct MODE value.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_MSGREQ_INVALID EQU 7612 X'1DBC'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the MSGREQ parameter is invalid. If
 * the MSGREQ parameter is used the value must be NO
 * or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct MSGREQ value.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_ONLINTGT_INVALID EQU 7613 X'1DBD'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the ONLINTGT parameter is invalid. If
 * the ONLINTGT parameter is used the value must be NO
 * or YES.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct ONLINTGT value.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_SRCEXTENTS_ABEND EQU 7614 X'1DBE'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the SRCEXTENTS parameter is invalid or
 * caused an abend when referencing the SRCEXTENTS
 * parameter list.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the SRCEXTENTS parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory, and that if
 * an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
 * ALET value is correct.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_TGTEXTENTS_ABEND EQU 7615 X'1DBF'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the TGTEXTENTS parameter is invalid or
 * caused an abend when referencing the TGTEXTENTS
 * parameter list.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the TGTEXTENTS parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory, and that if
 * an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
 * ALET value is correct.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_SRCEXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 7616 X'1DC0'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value
 * supplied in the SRCEXTENTS count field is invalid.
 * The SRCEXTENTS count field must have a value from
 * 1 to 110 for Volume FlashCopy Devices. The
 * SRCEXTENTS count field must have a value from 1
 * to the allowable maximum for Data Set FlashCopy
 * devices.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct SRCEXTENTS count field
 * value. This error can also be caused if the
 * SRCEXTENTS parameter points to an invalid storage
 * location.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_TGTEXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 7617 X'1DC1'

*
 * Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the value

```

* supplied in the TGTEXTENTS count field is invalid.
* The TGTEXTENTS count field must have a value from
* 1 to 110 for Volume FlashCopy Devices. The
* TGTEXTENTS count field must have a value from 1
* to the allowable maximum for Data Set FlashCopy
* devices.
*
* Action: Supply a correct TGTEXTENTS count field
* value. This error can also be caused if the
* TGTEXTENTS parameter points to an invalid storage
* location.
*

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RQST_FCESTABLISH_DEVICE_IN_FC          EQU  7618  X'1DC2'
*
* Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the source or
* target device is currently in active FlashCopy.
*
* Action: Use the FCQUERY to determine the status
* of the source and target devices. Verify the source
* and target devices are correctly specified. After
* any changes or corrections, re-submit the
* FCESTABLISH request.
*

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RQST_FCESTABLISH_DEVICE_NOT_DS_FC      EQU  7619  X'1DC3'
*
* Meaning: For an FCESTABLISH request the source
* device and target device are the same, but the
* device is not Dataset Level FlashCopy capable.
*
* Action: Use the FCQUERY to determine the status
* of the source and target device(s). Verify the source
* and target device(s) are correctly specified. After
* any changes or corrections, re-submit the
* FCESTABLISH request.
*

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RQST_FCQUERY_ERROR                    EQU  7620  X'1DC4'
*
* Meaning: For an FCQUERY request a System Data
* Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
* of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
* following error message. Starting at byte ten may
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTF0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTF0108I). The reason code
* will contain the device number of the device that
* returned the error in the first two bytes, and the
* return code from the I/O request in the last two
* bytes.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message identifier.
*

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```

RQST_FCQUERY_REAS_F0450E              EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued
* with the REMOTE keyword, but the DEVN device
* is not a PPRC primary volume in an active
* PPRC pair.
*
* Action: Ensure that the DEVN device is a
* PPRC primary device and the PPRC QUERY
* secondary device information matches the
* FlashCopy Establish REMOTE source device
* information. Verify that the FlashCopy
* SOURCE and TARGET devices are correctly
* specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* Establish request.
*

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RQST_FCQUERY_REAS_F0457E              EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with

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* the REMOTE keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy source
* device is not the PPRC secondary volume for the
* PPRC Primary DEVN device. The FlashCopy Establish
* DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired
* with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the
* REMOTE FlashCopy Source device.
*
* Action: Use the PPRC Query to determine the status
* of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC
* Primary volume, ensure that the PPRC Secondary
* device information is the same as the REMOTE
* FlashCopy Source device information. Resubmit
* the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCQUERY_REAS_F0456E          EQU 0012 X'000C'

```

```

*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
* REMOTE keyword. When the request was sent to the
* secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of
* the following conditions could cause this error.
* The PPRC paths are inactive
* The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication
* adapters are failing
* The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the
* Primary subsystem
* The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode
* conditions that prevent communication with the
* Primary subsystem
*
* Action: Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem
* is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE
* subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary
* subsystem. If not, correct the communication
* problem and resubmit the FlashCopy request.
*

```

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RQST_FCQUERY_REAS_F0490E          EQU 0016 X'0010'

```

```

*
* Meaning: The FCQUERY request could not
* complete because the specified device is in
* an offline or inaccessible state.
*
* Action: Modify the request to ensure that the
* device specified is available for use. After
* making any changes, resubmit the request.
*

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RQST_FCQUERY_REAS_NOT_SUPPORTED    EQU 0020 X'0014'

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*
* Meaning: The Advanced Copy Services request
* specified a function that is not supported
* by host software on the subsystem identified
* in the request. The specified subsystem
* microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum
* microcode level required for the function.
*
* Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of
* the subsystem identified in the request. Insure
* the microcode is at the required level. After
* making any changes or corrections, resubmit the
* Advanced Copy Services request.
*

```

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RQST_FCQUERY_QRYSIZE_ZERO          EQU 7621 X'1DC5'

```

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*
* Meaning: For an FCQUERY request the value supplied
* in the QRYSIZE parameter is zero.
*
* Action: Supply a non-zero QRYSIZE value.
*

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```

RQST_FCQUERY_QRYINFO_T00_SMALL     EQU 7622 X'1DC6'

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*
* Meaning: An FCQUERY request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
* all of the unformatted status information. As much

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* information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
* field.
*
* Action: The total amount of space needed is
* returned in the reason code.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_QRYINFO_LARGE_ENOUGH      EQU  7623  X'1DC7'
*
* Meaning: An FCQUERY request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
* of the unformatted status information.
*
* Action: The total amount of space used is returned
* in the reason code.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_EXTENTLEN_ZERO             EQU  7624  X'1DC8'
*
* Meaning: For an FCQUERY request the value supplied
* in the EXTENTLEN parameter is zero or omitted and
* the SRCEXTENTS and / or TGTEXTENTS parameter is
* specified. EXTENTLEN value must be non-zero.
*
* Action: Supply a non-zero EXTENTLEN value.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_BITMAPLEN_ZERO            EQU  7625  X'1DC9'
*
* Meaning: For an FCQUERY request the value supplied
* in the BITMAPLEN parameter is zero or omitted and
* the SRCBITMAP and / or TGTBITMAP parameter is
* specified. BITMAPLEN value must be non-zero.
*
* Action: Supply a non-zero BITMAPLEN value.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_EXTENTLEN_TOO_SMALL       EQU  7626  X'1DCA'
*
* Meaning: An FCQUERY request was made, and the
* EXTENTLEN value was too small for the length of the
* Source/Target Extent lists.
*
* Action: The needed amount of space is returned in
* the reason code.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_BITMAPLEN_TOO_SMALL       EQU  7627  X'1DCB'
*
* Meaning: An FCQUERY request was made, and the
* BITMAPLEN value was too small for the length of the
* Source/Target Bitmaps. The bitmap area(s) are filled
* with truncated bitmap data.
*
* Action: The needed amount of space is returned in
* the reason code.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_QRYINFO_ABEND             EQU  7630  X'1DCE'
*
* Meaning: For an FCQUERY request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* QRYINFO parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct. Also verify the QRYSIZE value is
* correct.
*
```

```
RQST_FCQUERY_TGTEXTENTS_ABEND          EQU  7632  X'1DD0'
*
```

```

*   Meaning: For an FCQUERY request a System Data
*   Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
*   referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
*   TGTEXTENTS parameter. The reason code will contain
*   the ABEND code.
*
*   Action: Make sure that the TGTEXTENTS parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory. If an ALET
*   was specified on the ANTRQST macro, make sure the
*   ALET value is correct. Also verify the EXTENTLEN
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_FCQUERY_SRCBITMAP_ABEND          EQU  7633  X'1DD1'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For an FCQUERY request a System Data
*   Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
*   referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
*   SRCBITMAP parameter. The reason code will contain
*   the ABEND code.
*
*   Action: Make sure that the SRCBITMAP parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory. If an ALET
*   was specified on the ANTRQST macro, make sure the
*   ALET value is correct. Also verify the BITMAPLEN
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_FCQUERY_TGTBITMAP_ABEND          EQU  7634  X'1DD2'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For an FCQUERY request a System Data
*   Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
*   referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
*   TGTBITMAP parameter. The reason code will contain
*   the ABEND code.
*
*   Action: Make sure that the TGTBITMAP parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory. If an ALET
*   was specified on the ANTRQST macro, make sure the
*   ALET value is correct. Also verify the BITMAPLEN
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_ERROR_AT_SECONDARY   EQU  7635  X'1DD3'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: A FlashCopy Establish error occurred
*   at the secondary for a Preserve Mirror operation.
*
*   Action: Refer to the explanation for return
*   code 7610 for explanations of the error.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_ERROR_AT_SECONDARY    EQU  7639  X'1DD7'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: A FlashCopy Withdraw error occurred
*   at the secondary for a Preserve Mirror operation.
*
*   Action: Refer to the explanation for return
*   code 7640 for explanations of the error.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_ERROR                 EQU  7640  X'1DD8'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request a System Data
*   Mover request handler detected an error. Byte nine
*   of the RETINFO field will contain the length of the
*   following error message. Starting at byte ten may
*   be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
*   through thirteen contain the ending part of an
*   ANTF0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
*   message identifier ANTF0108I). The reason code
*   may contain the I/O service return and reason code
*   in the first two bytes, and additional sense byte
*   information from the I/O request in the last two
*   bytes.
*
*   Action: If message information is returned, take

```



```

* the action supplied in the documentation for that
* message identifier. If the reason code contains
* x'0804' in the first two bytes, the AOM service
* detected an I/O error. The remaining two bytes
* may have sense information that is described in
* current message manuals. If the error information
* is not available, contact IBM hardware support for
* assistance.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_THAW_FAILED      EQU 0092  X'005C'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST FlashCopy withdraw request
* with ACTION=THAW failed. The request was issued
* to a volume in an LSS with no active freeze.
*
* Action: Investigate why the LSS was not in a freeze
* state when the command was received.
* Reasons for this could include:
* The freeze timer expiring.
*
* A THAW command already issued to a device in the LSS.
* Note: THAW is an LSS wide action and should only
* be issued once per LSS.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0460E          EQU 0004  X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued
* with the REMOTE keyword, but the DEVN device
* is not a PPRC primary volume in an active
* PPRC pair.
*
* Action: Ensure that the DEVN device is a
* PPRC primary device and the PPRC QUERY
* secondary device information matches the
* FlashCopy Establish REMOTE source device
* information. Verify that the FlashCopy
* SOURCE and TARGET devices are correctly
* specified. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0461E          EQU 0008  X'0008'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
* the REMOTE keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy source
* device is not the PPRC secondary volume for the
* PPRC Primary DEVN device. The FlashCopy Establish
* DEVN device must be the PPRC Primary volume paired
* with the PPRC Secondary volume specified as the
* REMOTE FlashCopy Source device.
*
* Action: Use the PPRC Query to determine the status
* of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a PPRC
* Primary volume, ensure that the PPRC Secondary
* device information is the same as the REMOTE
* FlashCopy Source device information. Resubmit
* the corrected FlashCopy Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0462E          EQU 0012  X'000C'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
* the REMOTE keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy Source
* device subsystem serial is not the same as the
* Target device subsystem serial.
*
* Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy REMOTE Source
* device subsystem serial is the same as the FlashCopy
* REMOTE Target subsystem serial. Resubmit the
* corrected FlashCopy Establish request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0464E          EQU 0016  X'0010'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with

```

```

* the DEVN keyword. The REMOTE keyword was not
* specified. The DEVN keyword requires that the
* REMOTE keyword also be specified.
*
* Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request
* containing the DEVN keyword also specifies the
* REMOTE keyword. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0465E          EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
* the REMOTE keyword. The DEVN keyword was not
* specified. The REMOTE keyword requires that the
* DEVN keyword also be specified.
*
* Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request
* containing the REMOTE keyword also specifies the
* DEVN keyword. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0467E          EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
* the REMOTE keyword. When a FlashCopy Establish
* of REMOTE is specified, then the SSID for the
* Source device must be specified.
*
* Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request
* specifies the SSID keyword with the SSID of the
* Source device. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0468E          EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with
* the SSID keyword. The REMOTE keyword was not
* specified. The SSID keyword requires that the
* REMOTE keyword also be specified.
*
* Action: Ensure that the FlashCopy request
* containing the SSID keyword also specifies the
* REMOTE keyword. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
* request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0471E          EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
* Meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
* REMOTE keyword. When the request was sent to the
* secondary subsystem, an error occurred. Any one of
* the following conditions could cause this error.
* The PPRC paths are inactive
* The Primary or Secondary subsystem communication
* adapters are failing
* The Secondary subsystem cannot respond to the
* Primary subsystem
* The Secondary subsystem has hardware or microcode
* conditions that prevent communication with the
* Primary subsystem
*
* Action: Ensure that the PPRC Secondary subsystem
* is functioning normally. Ensure that the REMOTE
* subsystem is communicating with the PPRC Primary
* subsystem. If not, correct the communication
* problem and resubmit the FlashCopy request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0472E          EQU 0036 X'0024'
*
* Meaning: The Flashcopy request was issued with the
* Remote keyword. The REMOTE FlashCopy Source device
* cannot be used as the FlashCopy source.
*

```

```

*   Actions: Use the PPRC query command to determine the
*   status of the DEVN device. If the DEVN device is a
*   PPRC primary device, make sure that the PPRC Secondary
*   device information is the same as the Remote FlashCopy
*   Source device information. Resubmit the corrected
*   FlashCopy request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0463E          EQU  0040  X'0028'

```

```

*
*   meaning: The FlashCopy request was issued with the
*   DEVN keyword. The SDEVN or TDEVN keyword, or both,
*   have also been entered in the same request. DEVN
*   cannot be specified if the SDEVN or TDEVN keywords
*   are specified.
*
*   Actions: Ensure that the FlashCopy request does not
*   contain the DEVN keyword in combination with the
*   SDEVN or TDEVN keywords. Resubmit the corrected
*   FlashCopy request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0480E          EQU  0044  X'002C'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: The FlashCopy request specified source tracks:
*   In a full volume Incremental relationship.
*   In a full volume relationship with a space efficient
*   target.
*   In the target tracks in a remote, full volume, preserve
*   mirror relationship.
*
*   The extents specified did not specify a single, full
*   volume. The FlashCopy Withdraw can include a
*   single, full volume extent or the extents must be
*   omitted, so that the withdraw is a full volume request.
*
*   In the case of a full volume relationship with a space
*   efficient target, the extents must be omitted.
*
*   Actions: Check the FlashCopy request for a valid
*   combination of full volume relationship and a full
*   volume withdraw or full volume extent range specified
*   on the withdraw. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0481E          EQU  0048  X'0030'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: The FlashCopy Withdraw request specified the
*   source device and DDSW=YES to a device that is in a
*   full volume relationship. The extents specified was
*   not a single, full-volume extent. A FlashCopy
*   Withdraw of a full volume FlashCopy relationship can
*   include a single, full-volume extent.
*
*   Actions: Check the FlashCopy Withdraw request for a
*   valid combination of full volume relationship and a
*   full volume extent. Resubmit the corrected FlashCopy
*   request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_F0490E          EQU  0052  X'0034'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: The FCWITHDRAW request could not
*   complete because the specified device is in
*   an offline or inaccessible state.
*
*   Action: Modify the request to ensure that the
*   device specified is available for use. After
*   making any changes, resubmit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_INVALID_STATE        EQU  0056  X'0038'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request, the state
*   of an existing FlashCopy relation does not allow
*   the operation.
*

```

* Action: Issue the FlashCopy query to the device
 * and be sure there is an existing incremental
 * relationship active.
 * RETINFO may contain a message with further information.

* Modify the request and resubmit the
 request.
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_NON_REVERTIBLE EQU 0060 X'003C'

*
 * Meaning: For the FCWITHDRAW request, the existing
 * relationship is not revertible.
 *
 * Action: Issue a FlashCopy query and determine
 * if the specified device is in a revertible state.
 * Modify the request and resubmit the command.
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_MISSING_SDEVN_TDEVN EQU 0064 X'0040'

*
 * Meaning: For the FCWITHDRAW request, either the
 * SDEVN/TDEVN or both keywords were missing. If
 * ACTION=COMMIT or ACTION=REVERT, then both SDEVN
 * and TDEVN must be specified.
 *
 * Action: Check to see if both SDEVN and TDEVN
 * were specified for the request. Make any
 * necessary changes and resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_BG_COPY_TO_SE_TARGET EQU 0068 X'0044'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy withdraw request would
 * result in a background copy to a space efficient
 * target (e.g. DDSW). Background copy is not allowed
 * to a space efficient target volume.
 *
 * Action: Change keyword to DDSW(NO)
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_PM_PPRC_SEC EQU 0072 X'0048'

*
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy Withdraw entered specified a
 * device that is a PPRC secondary device and
 * the relationship that exists is a mirrored
 * relationship established with PRESMIR=REQ
 * or PRESMIR=PREF. This is not allowed.
 *
 * Action: Withdraw the primary device instead.
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_PM_NOT_SENT_RMT EQU 0076 X'004C'

*
 * Meaning: The FlashCopy Withdraw command was
 * involved in an existing Preserve Mirror
 * relationship. The command was completed for
 * the local relationship but could not be sent
 * to the remote.
 *
 * Action: Withdraw the remote relationship.
 *

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_CASCADING_FLOVR_BK EQU 0080 X'0050'

*
 * Meaning: A FlashCopy Withdraw command was
 * issued to a FlashCopy relationship with
 * its target volume in the process of a
 * Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy Cascading Failover/
 * Failback recovery operation AND the Background
 * Copy for that FlashCopy relationship has not
 * completed.
 *
 * Action: Wait for operations to complete.

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_SUBCH_NOT_FV      EQU  0084  X'0054'
*
*   Meaning: A FlashCopy Withdraw command was
*   entered with SUBCHSET or TSUBCHSET specifying
*   an alternate subchannel set and the request
*   was not full volume.
*
*   Action: Withdraw the full relation.
```

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_REAS_CONFIG_CHANGE      EQU  0088  X'0058'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST FlashCopy withdraw request
*   has failed due to an I/O configuration change
*   that occurred while processing the withdraw.
*
*   Action: Retry the request.
```

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SRCEXTENTS_INVALID      EQU  7641  X'1DD9'
*
*   Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the SRCEXTENTS
*   parameter list contains an invalid extent value.
*   Each extent value must not be greater than the
*   device maximum values. Each begin extent value
*   must be lower or equal to its related end extent
*   value.
*
*   Action: Verify the contents of the SRCEXTENTS
*   parameter list. Insure each extent value does not
*   exceed the device maximum extent values. Insure
*   the extent values are correctly paired - source
*   begin extent first followed by source end extent.
*   After making any changes or corrections, re-submit
*   the request.
```

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_TGTEXTENTS_INVALID      EQU  7642  X'1DDA'
*
*   Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the TGTEXTENTS
*   parameter list contains an invalid extent value.
*   Each extent value must not be greater than the
*   device maximum values. Each begin extent value
*   must be lower or equal to its related end extent
*   value.
*
*   Action: Verify the contents of the TGTEXTENTS
*   parameter list. Insure each extent value does not
*   exceed the device maximum extent values. Insure
*   the extent values are correctly paired - target
*   begin extent first followed by target end extent.
*   After making any changes or corrections, re-submit
*   the request.
```

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_BITMAPLEN_ZERO          EQU  7643  X'1ddb'
*
*   Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request with SRCBITMAP
*   and / or TGTBITMAP parameter specified, the
*   BITMAPLEN parameter value was zero or omitted. If
*   the SRCBITMAP and / or TGTBITMAP parameter is
*   specified, the BITMAPLEN parameter is required, and
*   must be a non-zero value.
*
*   Action: Supply a correct BITMAPLEN value.
```

```
RQST_FCWITHDRAW_BITMAPLEN_TOO_SMALL     EQU  7644  X'1DDC'
*
*   Meaning: An FCWITHDRAW request was made, and the
*   BITMAPLEN value was too small for the length of the
*   Source/Target Bitmaps. The bitmap areas specified
*   are filled with truncated bitmap data.
*
*   Action: The needed amount of space is returned in
```

* the reason code.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_DEVICES_NOT_IN_FC EQU 7645 X'1DDD'

*
* Meaning: An FCWITHDRAW request was made, and the
* source or target device is not in a FlashCopy
* relationship, or the source and target devices are
* not in a FlashCopy relationship with each other.
*
* Action: Verify the source device and target device
* are correct and in a FlashCopy relationship with
* each other.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SRCEXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 7646 X'1DDE'

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request, the SRCEXTENTS
* parameter was specified, but the value supplied in
* the SRCEXTENTS count field is invalid. The
* SRCEXTENTS count field must have a value from 1 to
* the maximum allowable number of extents, or the
* character string 'ALL ' which indicates all tracks
* on the source device are to be withdrawn.
*
* Action: Supply a correct SRCEXTENTS count field
* value. This error can also be caused if the
* SRCEXTENTS parameter points to an invalid storage
* location. A SRCEXTENTS count field set to binary
* zero or blanks is invalid.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_TGTEXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 7647 X'1DDF'

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request, the TGTEXTENTS
* parameter was specified, but the value supplied in
* the TGTEXTENTS count field is invalid. The
* TGTEXTENTS count field must have a value from 1 to
* the maximum allowable number of extents, or the
* character string 'ALL ' which indicates all tracks
* on the target device are to be withdrawn.
*
* Action: Supply a correct TGTEXTENTS count field
* value. This error can also be caused if the
* TGTEXTENTS parameter points to an invalid storage
* location. A TGTEXTENTS count field set to binary
* zero or blanks is invalid.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_DEVICES_NOT_IN_SAME_LSS EQU 7648 X'1DE0'

*
* Meaning: An FCWITHDRAW request was made, and the
* source and target devices are not in the same
* subsystem.
*
* Action: Verify the source device and target device
* are correct and in the same subsystem.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_DEVICES_NOT_IN_SAME_ESS EQU 7649 X'1DE1'

*
* Meaning: An FCWITHDRAW request was made, and the
* source and target devices are not in the same
* Enterprise Storage Server.
*
* Action: Verify the source device and target device
* are correct and in the same ESS.
*

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SRCEXTENTS_ABEND EQU 7650 X'1DE2'

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* SRCEXTENTS parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.

```

*
* Action: Make sure that the SRCEXTENTS parameter
* points to a valid location in memory.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_TGTEXTENTS_ABEND      EQU 7651 X'1DE3'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* TGTEXTENTS parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the TGTEXTENTS parameter
* points to a valid location in memory.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SRCBITMAP_ABEND        EQU 7652 X'1DE4'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* SRCBITMAP parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the SRCBITMAP parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct. Also verify the BITMAPLEN value
* is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_TGTBITMAP_ABEND        EQU 7653 X'1DE5'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request a System Data
* Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
* referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
* TGTBITMAP parameter. The reason code will contain
* the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the TGTBITMAP parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct. Also verify the BITMAPLEN value
* is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_DEVICE_NOT_DS_FC       EQU 7654 X'1DE6'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the source
* device and target device are the same, but the
* device is not Data Set FlashCopy capable.
*
* Action: Use the FCQUERY to determine the status
* of the source and target device(s). Verify the source
* and target device(s) are correctly specified. After
* any changes or corrections, re-submit the
* FCWITHDRAW request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SOURCE_NOT_FC_SOURCE   EQU 7655 X'1DE7'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the Source
* device is currently an active Flashcopy target
* device.
*
* Action: Use the FCQUERY request to verify the
* FlashCopy status of the source and target devices.
* Insure the source and target devices are correctly
* specified. After making any corrections or changes
* re-submit the FCWITHDRAW request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_TARGET_NOT_FC_TARGET   EQU 7656 X'1DE8'

```

```

*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the Target

```

```

* device is currently an active Flashcopy source
* device.
*
* Action: Use the FCQUERY request to verify the
* FlashCopy status of the source and target devices.
* Insure the source and target devices are correctly
* specified. After making any corrections or changes
* re-submit the FCWITHDRAW request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_DDSW_INVALID          EQU 7657 X'1DE9'
*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the DDSW
* parameter area was not set to 'YES', 'NO ' or
* binary zero.
*
* Action: Insure the DDSW parameter area is set
* to the correct value and resubmit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCWITHDRAW_SPACEREL_INVALID      EQU 7659 X'1DEB'
*
* Meaning: For an FCWITHDRAW request the SPACEREL
* parameter area was not set to 'YES', 'NO ' or
* binary zero.
*
* Action: Insure the SPACEREL parameter area is set
* to the correct value and resubmit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_ERROR                  EQU 7660 X'1DEC'
*
* Meaning: For an XSCSTATS request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_QRYSIZE_T00_SMALL      EQU 7661 X'1DED'
*
* Meaning: An XSCSTATS request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
* all of the unformatted status information. As much
* information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
* field.
*
* Action: The total amount of space needed is
* returned in the reason code.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_QRYSIZE_BIG_ENOUGH     EQU 7662 X'1DEE'
*
* Meaning: An XSCSTATS request was made, and the size
* of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
* of the unformatted status information.
*
* Action: The total amount of space used is returned
* in the reason code.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_NO_SSSCBS              EQU 7663 X'1DEF'
*
* Meaning: Each storage control in the system that has
* at least one online device is represented by a Storage
* SubSystem Control Block. The System Data Mover could
* locate any SSSCBs to use in its search.
*
* Action: If there are SSSCBs in your system contact IBM.
*

```



```

RQST_XSCSTATS_NO_STATISTICS          EQU  7664  X'1DF0'
*
*   Meaning:  For an XSCSTATS request the System Data
*   Mover was unable to find a storage control that had
*   a data mover session on it.
*
*   Action:   If there are data mover sessions active on
*   storage controls that this system is connected to,
*   and at least one of the data mover sessions has an
*   online device, contact IBM.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_QRYSIZE_ZERO           EQU  7665  X'1DF1'
*
*   Meaning:  For an XSCSTATS request the value supplied
*   in the QRYSIZE parameter is zero.
*
*   Action:   Supply a non-zero QRYSIZE value.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_QRYINFO_ABEND          EQU  7666  X'1DF2'
*
*   Meaning:  For an XSCSTATS request a System Data Mover
*   request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
*   the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
*   parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
*   code.
*
*   Action:   Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory, and that if
*   an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_SCSESSION_MISSING       EQU  7667  X'1DF3'
*
*   Meaning:  ETYPE(SINGLE) has been entered and
*   required parameter SCSESSION parameter has not been
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Specify a valid SCSESSION parameter
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_SSID_MISSING           EQU  7668  X'1DF4'
*
*   Meaning:  ETYPE(SINGLE) has been entered and
*   required parameter SSID parameter has not been
*   specified.
*
*   Action:   Specify a valid SSID parameter
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_NO_ONLINE_DEVICES      EQU  7669  X'1DF5'
*
*   Meaning:  The storage control subsystem identified
*   by the SSID parameter does not have any devices varied
*   online. At least one device must be online in order
*   for statistics from the storage control to be gathered.
*
*   Action:   Vary a device online.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_SCSESSION_NOT_FOUND    EQU  7670  X'1DF6'
*
*   Meaning:  The storage control session id supplied in
*   the SCSESSION parameter is not on the storage control.
*
*   Action:   Supply a valid storage control session id.
*

```

```

RQST_XSCSTATS_SSID_NOT_FOUND         EQU  7671  X'1DF7'
*
*   Meaning:  The storage control subsystem id supplied in
*   the SSID parameter does not match the SSIDs of the

```

```
* storage controls attached to the system.
*
* Action: Supply a valid storage control subsystem id.
*
```

```
RQST_INSUFFICIENT_STORAGE          EQU 7672 X'1DF8'
*
* Meaning: Unable to allocate enough storage to perform
* the specified function.
*
* Action: Ensure that the region size of the ANTMMAIN and
* ANTAS000 address spaces is not limited by IEFUSI.
*
```

```
RQST_XADVANCE_ERROR                EQU 7680 X'1E00'
*
* Meaning: For an XADVANCE request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*
```

```
RQST_XSWAP_ERROR                   EQU 7690 X'1E0A'
*
* Meaning: For an XSWAP request the System Data
* Mover level 2 request handler detected an error.
* Bytes 9-12 of the RETINFO field will contain an
* error return code. Bytes 13-16 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* error return and reason codes are documented in the
* manual(s) that describe the System Data Mover.
*
* Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
* Mover documentation.
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_ERROR                 EQU 7700 X'1E14'
*
* Meaning: For an QFRVOLS request an error was
* detected. The RETINFO field will contain up to
* 4 full words of diagnostic information.
* This error code will appear in the first word
* of the RETINFO field if any error occurs while
* processing the QFRVOLS request.
* The second word of the RETINFO area will contain
* a reason code identifying which sub-component
* of the QFRVOLS processing detected the error.
* This can be an SDM error, an AOM error, or an
* IXFP error. See the description of each
* sub-component error code below for more diagnostic
* information. The sub-components return additional
* error codes as described below.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the sub-
* component error codes and any additional error
* codes in the RETINFO field.
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_SDM_ERROR             EQU 7702 X'1E16'
*
* Meaning: For an QFRVOLS request an error was
* detected while processing the parameters for
* the request. This return code will be returned
* in the second word (offset 4) of the RETINFO
* area. When the second word of the RETINFO area
* contains this value, the third word (offset 8)
* of the RETINFO will contain a return code that
* will further describe the error. The fourth
* word (offset 12) of the RETINFO may contain an
* additional diagnostic information code.
*
```

* Action: Find the return code in the third
 * word (offset 8) in the RETINFO area to use
 * for problem diagnosis.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_INCREMENTAL_INVALID EQU 7703 X'1E17'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS
 * request specified the INCREMENTAL parameter, but
 * the parameter field contains an invalid value.
 * The valid values for the INCREMENTAL
 * parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary
 * zeros (not including the single quote marks).
 *
 * Action: Verify the INCREMENTAL parameter field
 * contains a valid value.
 * After making any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.

RQST_QFRVOLS_AOM_ERROR EQU 7704 X'1E18'

*
 * Meaning: For an QFRVOLS request SDM processing
 * was successful. When the request was passed to
 * the AOM services, an error was detected. The
 * AOM error codes are returned in the third and
 * fourth words (offsets 8 and 12) of the RETINFO
 * area.
 *
 * Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
 * Mover documentation.
 *

RQST_AOM_DETECTED_ERROR EQU 7705 X'1E19'

*
 * Meaning: For any FlashCopy Request, the AOM
 * component detected a subsystem I/O error. The
 * diagnostic information, if available, will be
 * encoded in the reason code of the RETINFO area.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support for diagnosing the
 * error described in the RETINFO return code and
 * reason code.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_IXFP_ERROR EQU 7706 X'1E1A'

*
 * Meaning: For an QFRVOLS request SDM processing
 * was successful. When the request was passed to
 * IXFP RVA/VAS Snapshot Services, an error was
 * detected. The IXFP error codes are returned in
 * the third and fourth words (offsets 8 and 12)
 * of the RETINFO area.
 *
 * Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
 * Mover documentation.
 *

RQST_AOM_ERROR_AT_SECONDARY EQU 7707 X'1E1B'

*
 * Meaning: For a FlashCopy Request, the AOM
 * The error occurred at the secondary for a
 * Preserve Mirror operation.
 * Refer to return code 7705 for any
 * additional information.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support for diagnosing the
 * error described in the RETINFO return code and
 * reason code.
 *
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_XRCCAPAB_INVALID EQU 7708 X'1E1C'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request specified the
 * XRCCAPAB parameter, but the parameter field contains

* an invalid value. The valid values for the XRCCAPAB
 * parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary zeros
 * (not including the single quote marks).
 * Action: Verify the XRCCAPAB parameter field contains
 * a valid value. After making any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.

RQST_QFRVOLS_VOLLIST_ABEND EQU 7710 X'1E1E'
 *
 * Meaning: For an QFRVOLS request ANTRQST
 * parameter checking abended while accessing the
 * areas identified by the VOLLIST parameter.
 * detected. The IXFP error codes are returned in
 * the third and fourth words (offsets 8 and 12)
 * of the RETINFO area.
 *
 * Action: Take the action listed in the System Data
 * Mover documentation.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_QFRVL_EYECATCHER_INVALID EQU 7711 X'1E1F'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter
 * area did not have the necessary eyecatcher in the first
 * bytes. The mapping of the VOLLIST parameter area is de-
 * scribed in the ANTQFRVL macro. The value needed in the
 * first bytes of the ANTQFRVL header area is at the end of
 * the ANTQFRVL macro.
 *
 * Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the
 * ANTQFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the header
 * area of the ANTQFRVL macro is initialized to the correct
 * value. After any changes or corrections, re-submit the
 * request.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_VOLUME_COUNT_ZERO EQU 7712 X'1E20'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter
 * area Volume Count field is zero. This indicates there
 * are no volumes to be checked for capability of Fast
 * Replication.
 *
 * Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the
 * ANTQFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the
 * volume count field has the correct count of volumes to
 * be checked. After any changes or corrections, re-submit
 * the request.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_CTL_VOL_DVC_MISSING EQU 7713 X'1E21'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter
 * area has neither the Control Volume nor the Control
 * Device specified.
 *
 * Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the
 * ANTQFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the
 * Control Volume or Control Device is correctly
 * specified. After any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.
 *

RQST_QFRVOLS_CTL_VOL_DVC_INVALID EQU 7714 X'1E22'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter
 * area has both the Control Volume or Control Device
 * specified. Either the Control Volume is specified,
 * or the Control Device is specified, but not both.
 *
 * Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the
 * ANTQFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the
 * Control Volume or Control Device is correctly
 * specified, and the unused control parameter is set
 * to zero. After any changes or corrections,

```
* re-submit the request.  
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_CTL_NOT_CAPABLE          EQU  7715  X'1E23'  
*  
* Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter  
* area identifies a Control Volume or Control Device  
* that is not in an RVA subsystem or in an ESS  
* subsystem that supports FlashCopy.  
*  
* Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the  
* ANTOFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the  
* Control Volume or Control Device is correctly  
* specified, and the unused control parameter is set  
* to zero. After any changes or corrections,  
* re-submit the request.  
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_VOLSRCTGT_INVALID        EQU  7716  X'1E24'  
*  
* Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request VOLLIST parameter  
* area has a VOLSRCTGT value is not SOURCE or TARGET.  
* These are the only allowable values for VOLSRCTGT.  
*  
* Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the  
* ANTOFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the  
* VOLSRCTGT contains either SOURCE or TARGET. After  
* any changes or corrections, re-submit the request.  
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_ACCESS_FAILED            EQU  7717  X'1E25'  
*  
* Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS request specifies a  
* Control Volume or Device that cannot be accessed.  
*  
* Action: Verify the VOLLIST parameter identifies the  
* ANTOFRVL macro parameter area storage. Insure the  
* Control Volume or Device is correctly specified.  
* Insure the Control Volume or Device is active and  
* capable of being queried from this host system.  
* After any changes or corrections, re-submit the  
* request.  
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_TGTPPRIM_INVALID         EQU  7718  X'1E26'  
*  
* Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS  
* request specified the TGTPPRIM parameter, but  
* the parameter field contains an invalid value.  
* The valid values for the TGTPPRIM  
* parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary  
* zeros (not including the single quotation marks).  
*  
* Action: Verify the TGTPPRIM parameter field  
* contains a valid value.  
* After making any changes or corrections,  
* re-submit the request.  
*
```

```
RQST_QFRVOLS_SEFLC_INVALID            EQU  7719  X'1E27'  
*  
* Meaning: The ANTRQST QFRVOLS  
* request specified the SEFLC parameter, but  
* the parameter field contains an invalid value.  
* The valid values for the SEFLC parameter  
* field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary zeros (not  
* including the single quotation marks).  
*  
* Action: Verify the SEFLC parameter field  
* contains a valid value.  
* After making any changes or corrections,  
* re-submit the request.  
*
```

```
RQST_RSESSION_ERROR                  EQU  7720  X'1E28'  
*
```

* Meaning: For an RSESSION request the System Data
 * Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
 * field will contain an error reason code. These
 * codes are documented below, and will have names
 * that start with RQST_RSESSION_REAS_xxx.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_NOT_MANAGER EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: For action START the storage control serial
 * number of the volume specified in VOLSER does not
 * match the value of MSSERIAL.
 *
 * Action: Make sure the volume specified in VOLSER
 * belongs to the controller specified in MSSERIAL.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SBINFO_COUNT_INVALID EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
 * Meaning: The number specified as the count of subordinate
 * ESSes is not within the range allowed by z/OS software
 * and the disk subsystem.
 *
 * Action: Correct the invalid value.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_ALL_PRFFLDS_REQUIRED EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
 * Meaning: The performance parameters (CGINTERVAL,
 * CGDRAIN, COORDINTERVAL) must be entered as a
 * group. At least one of the parameters was entered
 * and at least one of the parameters was not.
 *
 * Action: Enter all of the parameters, or do not
 * enter any of the parameters.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SBINFO_ABEND EQU 0016 X'0010'

*
 * Meaning: For an RSESSION request a System Data Mover
 * request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
 * the field pointed to by the ANTRQST SBINFO
 * parameter. The description code (bytes 9-12 of the
 * RETINFO field) will contain the ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the SBINFO parameter
 * points to a valid location in memory, and that if
 * an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
 * value is correct.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_MSSERIAL_REQUIRED EQU 0020 X'0014'

*
 * Meaning: The MSSERIAL keyword is required.
 *
 * Action: Provide the keyword.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_MANAGER_VALUE EQU 0028 X'001C'

*
 * Meaning: The value specified for the MANAGER
 * parameter is not correct. The value must be
 * YES or NO.
 *
 * Action: Correct the invalid value.
 *

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_FORCE_VALUE EQU 0032 X'0020'

*
 * Meaning: The value specified for the FORCE
 * parameter is not correct. The value must be
 * YES or NO.

*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_RSESSION_IO_ERROR EQU 7721 X'1E29'
*
* Meaning: For an RSESSION request the System Data
* Mover detected an I/O error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
* field will contain an error reason code. These
* codes are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_RSESSION_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_UCODE_LEVEL EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: At least one of the storage control clusters
* the command was executed on does not have the level
* of microcode which supports Global Mirror.
*
* Action: Make sure the correct level of microcode
* is on all clusters.
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_INTERFACE EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: A previous command has been issued to the
* storage control which prevents Global Mirror
* commands from executing successfully.
*
* Action: Restore the storage control environment
* so Global Mirror commands can be executed.
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_VOLUMES_ACTIVE EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: An UNDEFINE action has been requested but
* there are still volumes joined to the session.
*
* Action: Remove the volumes then submit the UNDEFINE
* action again.
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SESSION_OPEN EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: A DEFINE action has been requested. Either
* the specified session is already defined, or the
* maximum number of sessions allowed on the LSS has
* been reached.
*
* Action: Specify a correct session number, or UNDEFINE
* a session then submit the DEFINE action again.
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_IO_CODE EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
* information returned by the storage control is not
* known by ANTRQST.
*
* Action: *****
*

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_NO_SESSION EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the SNBR parameter
* is invalid. For DEFINE the value is 0. For
* UNDEFINE the value does not match the value
* of a previously defined session.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_LSS_MISMATCH          EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
*   Meaning: The value supplied in the LSSTYPE parameter
*   does not match the type of the LSS the command
*   will be executed on, or the value supplied in the
*   LSSNBR parameter does not match the LSS of the device
*   the I/O was executed on.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_SERIALNO      EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
*   Meaning: The value supplied in the ESSSERIAL parameter
*   does not match the serial number of the storage
*   control the command was executed on.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_INVALID_PARAMETER     EQU 0036 X'0024'
*
*   Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
*   information returned by the storage control is not
*   known by ANTRQST.
*
*   Action: *****
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_IO_FAILURE            EQU 0040 X'0028'
*
*   Meaning: An I/O operation was unsuccessful.
*
*   Action: Examine the sense information returned in
*   RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_NO_NVS                EQU 0044 X'002C'
*
*   Meaning: The structures (control blocks)
*   used by Global Mirror microcode that reside
*   in non-volatile storage cannot be accessed.
*
*   Action: Resubmit the request when NVS is available.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_CANNOT_FINISH         EQU 0048 X'0030'
*
*   Meaning: For action STOP the formation of a
*   consistency group was in progress, but terminating
*   the Global Mirror session would jeopardize the integrity
*   of a previously consistent copy of the data on
*   the FlashCopy target volumes.
*
*   Action: Resubmit the command.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SERIALNO_MISMATCH     EQU 0052 X'0034'
*
*   Meaning: One of the following errors has been detected:
*   - A serial number (MSSERIAL or SBINFO) does not match an
*   existing storage control.
*   - An SSID in SBINFO does not match an existing
*   storage control.
*   - The Manager serial number (MSSERIAL) is the same as
*   a serial number supplied in the SBINFO parameter
*   - A subordinate serial number occurs more than
*   than once in SBINFO.
*   - The Manager serial number does not match the serial
*   number of the storage control the command is executed
*   on.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value
*

```



```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_NO_FCP_PATHS      EQU 0056 X'0038'
*
*   Meaning: There is not a PPRC link between the Manager
*   ESS and each of the Subordinate ESSes, or at least
*   one of the links is ESCON instead of Fibre Channel.
*
*   Action: Establish the proper links with the PPRC
*   PESTPATH command.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_WRONG_DEVICE      EQU 0060 X'003C'
*
*   Meaning: One of the following errors has been detected:
*   - For action START there is a Global Mirror session already
*     running with a different session number.
*   - For action RESUME there does not exist a Global Mirror
*     session with a matching session number.
*   - For action RESUME the SBINFO parameter does not match
*     the SBINFO parameter used with the START action.
*   - For action RESUME the command was not issued to the same
*     LSS that the START action was issued to.
*   - For action RESUME the Global Mirror session is not in
*     a Paused state.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_MAX_ACTIVE_SESSIONS EQU 0064 X'0040'
*
*   Meaning: A START action was executed and either the
*   manager ESS or one of the subordinate ESSes is already
*   participating in a Global Mirror logical session.
*
*   Action: Make sure the ESS is part of the right Global
*   Mirror logical session.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_ESS_MISMATCH      EQU 0068 X'0044'
*
*   Meaning: For PAUSE/STOP one of the following errors
*   has been detected:
*   - There does not exist a Global Mirror session with
*     a matching session number.
*   - The SBINFO parameter does not match the SBINFO
*     parameter used with the START action.
*   - The command was not issued to the same LSS that the
*     START action was issued to.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_PATHS_ERROR      EQU 0072 X'0048'
*
*   Meaning: One of the following errors has been detected:
*   - The communications paths between the Manager and
*     Subordinate(s) are not functioning.
*   - Communications could not be established between the
*     Manager and Subordinate(s).
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_STRG_CNTRL_MISMATCH EQU 0076 X'004C'
*
*   Meaning: The SSID, LSS number, and/or serial number
*   supplied in the request do not match the actual values
*   of the storage control.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value(s).
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_WRONG_CLUSTER     EQU 0080 X'0050'
*
*   Meaning: For a FB request the access device is not
*   in the same cluster as the device the command is

```

```

*   intended for.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid access device.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_CGPAUSE_LEVEL      EQU  0084  X'0054'
*
*   Meaning: CGPAUSE was specified. The microcode
*   level of one or more of the sub-ordinate Control Units
*   does not support the Pause Global Mirror with
*   Consistency function.
*
*   Action: Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all
*   sub-ordinate Control Units.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_CGPAUSE_FAIL_SUS    EQU  0088  X'0058'
*
*   Meaning: One or more of the Global Copy members failed to
*   suspend during the processing for a Pause/Terminate
*   Global Mirror command that specified Pause Global
*   Mirror with Consistency.
*
*   Action: CGPAUSE is an asynchronous function as a result
*   this reason code will not be seen on a RSESSION command.
*   Please check the RQUERY ACTION(GMLSTAT) results for any
*   CGPAUSE suspend failures.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_CGPAUSE_FAIL_UN SUS EQU  0092  X'005C'
*
*   Meaning: One or more of the Global Copy members failed to
*   un-suspend following a Pause/Terminate Global Mirror
*   command that specified Pause Global Mirror with Consistency.
*
*   Action: CGPAUSE is an asynchronous function as a result
*   this reason code will not be seen on a RSESSION command.
*   Please check the RQUERY ACTION(GMLSTAT) results for any
*   CGPAUSE un-suspend failures.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SOFT_FENCE          EQU  0096  X'0060'
*
*   Meaning: The RSESSION operation failed due to a device
*   in a soft fence state.
*
*   Action: Perform an UNFENCE operation on the devices that
*   are in a soft fence state.
*

```

```

RQST_RSESSION_REAS_SYSPLEXNAME_NOT_SUPP EQU  0100  X'0064'
*
*   Meaning: Sysplex name is not supported
*
*   Action: Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all
*   subordinate Control Units.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_ERROR                     EQU  7723  X'1E2B'
*
*   Meaning: For an RVOLUME request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_MULTIPLE_SESSION EQU  0052  X'0034' @46A
*
*   Meaning: For action JOIN a volume already belongs
*   to multiple global mirror sessions.
*

```

* Action: Correct the configuration.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_OTHER_SESSION_SAME_SEC EQU 0056 X'0038' @46A

*
* Meaning: For action JOIN a volume already belongs
* to global mirror session with same secondary.
*
* Action: Correct the configuration.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_OTHER_SESSION_PPRC_SEC EQU 0060 X'0042' @46A

*
* Meaning: For action JOIN a volume already belongs
* to global mirror session and the volume is a
* PPRC secondary volume.
*
* Action: Correct the configuration.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_UNKNOWN EQU 0064 X'0046' @46A

*
* Meaning: For action JOIN operation was unsuccessful.
* Examine the sense information returned in
* RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_VOLLIST_COUNT_INVALID EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
* Meaning: The number specified as the count of addresses
* in the list is invalid. It must be between 0 and 255.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_VOLRANGE_COUNT_INVALID EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
* Meaning: The number specified as the count of address
* ranges in the list is invalid. It must be between 0 and
* 255.
*
* Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_VOLLIST_ABEND EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
* Meaning: For an RVOLUME request a System Data Mover
* request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
* the field pointed to by the ANTRQST VOLLIST
* parameter. The description code (bytes 9-12 of the
* RETINFO field) will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the VOLLIST parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_VOLRANGE_ABEND EQU 0016 X'0010'

*
* Meaning: For an RVOLUME request a System Data Mover
* request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
* the field pointed to by the ANTRQST VOLRANGE
* parameter. The description code (bytes 9-12 of the
* RETINFO field) will contain the ABEND code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the VOLRANGE parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INSUFFICIENT_STORAGE      EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
*   Meaning: Unable to allocate sufficient storage in
*   the ANTAS000 address space to satisfy the RVOLUME
*   request.
*
*   Action: There may be an excessive number of concurrent
*   ANTRQST invocations for the available region size.
*   If the region size is being limited by an
*   IEFUSI exit, increase the limit and cancel
*   ANTAS000 to activate the new limit. If the
*   problem persists contact IBM technical
*   support.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_MTVOL_NOT_SUPPORTED        EQU  0024  X'0018'
*
*   Meaning: Keyword MTVOLLIST or MTVOLRANGE was specified.
*   Either the microcode level does not support this function
*   or it has been disabled in software.
*
*   Action: Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all
*   Control Units. Ensure Multi Target PPRC is enabled in
*   PARMLIB.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_IO_ERROR                        EQU  7724  X'1E2C'
*
*   Meaning: For an RVOLUME request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_IO_FAILURE                 EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: An I/O operation was unsuccessful.
*
*   Action: Examine the sense information returned in
*   RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_LSS_MISMATCH               EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: The value supplied in the LSSTYPE parameter
*   does not match the type of the LSS the command
*   will be executed on.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_SERIALNO          EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning: The value supplied in the ESSSERIAL parameter
*   does not match the serial number of the storage
*   control the command was executed on.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```

RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_DEVICE_RANGE      EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: One of the pairs of device numbers in
*   the VOLRANGE parameter does not have the first
*   number smaller than the second number.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*

```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_PARAMETER      EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
*   Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
*   information returned by the storage control is not
*   known by ANTRQST.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM support.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_STATE          EQU  0024  X'0018'
*
*   Meaning: For action REMOVE a volume is not in
*   the correct state.
*
*   Action: Wait until the volume is in the correct
*   state then resubmit the request.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_INTERFACE      EQU  0028  X'001C'
*
*   Meaning: A previous command has been issued to the
*   storage control which prevents Global Mirror
*   commands from executing successfully.
*
*   Action: Restore the storage control environment
*   so Global Mirror commands can be executed.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_OTHER_SESSION          EQU  0032  X'0020'
*
*   Meaning: For action JOIN a volume already belongs
*   to another Extended Distance Consistency session.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_SESSION        EQU  0036  X'0024'
*
*   Meaning: For action JOIN the session number value
*   does not match an already defined session.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid value.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_INVALID_IO_CODE        EQU  0040  X'0028'
*
*   Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
*   information returned by the storage control is not
*   known by ANTRQST.
*
*   Action: *****
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_WRONG_CLUSTER          EQU  0044  X'002C'
*
*   Meaning: For a FB request the access device is not
*   in the same cluster as the device the command is
*   intended for.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid access device.
*
```

```
RQST_RVOLUME_REAS_SOFT_FENCE             EQU  0048  X'0030'
*
*   Meaning: The RVOLUME operation failed due to a device
*   in a soft fence state.
*
*   Action: Perform an UNFENCE operation on the devices that
*   are in a soft fence state.
*
```

```
RQST_RQUERY_ERROR                       EQU  7726  X'1E2E'
*
```

```

*   Meaning: For an RQUERY request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_RQUERY_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_DVCNBR_REQUIRED      EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: The DVCNBR keyword is required.
*
*   Action: Provide the keyword.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_SNBR_REQUIRED        EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: The SNBR keyword is required.
*
*   Action: Provide the keyword.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_QRYSIZE_ZERO        EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for the QRYSIZE
*   parameter is zero.
*
*   Action: Specifiy a non-zero value.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_QRYINFO_ABEND       EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: For a RQUERY request a System Data Mover
*   request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
*   the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
*   parameter. The description code (bytes 9-12 of the
*   RETINFO field) will contain the ABEND code.
*
*   Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
*   points to a valid location in memory, and that if
*   an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
*   value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_IO_ERROR                 EQU  7727  X'1E2F'
*
*   Meaning: For an RQUERY request the System Data
*   Mover detected an error. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO
*   field will contain an error reason code. These
*   codes are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_RQUERY_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_IO_FAILURE           EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: An I/O operation was unsuccessful.
*
*   Action: Examine the sense information returned in
*   RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_WRONG_CLUSTER       EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: For a FB request the access device is not
*   in the same cluster as the device the command is
*   intended for.
*
*   Action: Correct the invalid access device.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_INVALID_PARAMETER      EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
*   information returned by the storage control is not
*   known by ANTRQST.
*
*   Action: *****
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_INVALID_IO_CODE        EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: An action executed in error, but the error
*   information returned by the storage control is not
*   known by ANTRQST.
*
*   Action: *****
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_QRYINFO                     EQU  7728  X'1E30'
*
*   Meaning: An RQUERY request finished successfully.
*   The reason code will give more information.
*
*   Action: See the reason code.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL      EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: An RQUERY request was made, and the size
*   of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
*   all of the unformatted status information. As much
*   information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
*   field.
*
*   Action: The total amount of space needed is
*   returned in the RETINFO field bytes 9-12.
*

```

```

RQST_RQUERY_REAS_QRYSIZE_LARGE_ENOUGH   EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: An RQUERY request was made, and the size
*   of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
*   of the unformatted status information.
*
*   Action: The total amount of space used is returned
*   in the RETINFO field bytes 9-12.
*

```

```

RQST_EXTENTS_TRACK_COUNT_INVALID         EQU  7740  X'1E3C'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST request specified source and
*   target extents. During parameter checking, SDM
*   detected that the total number of source tracks
*   in a source extent were not the same as the total
*   number of target tracks in the related target
*   extent.
*
*   Action: Verify the ANTRQST SRCEXTENTS and
*   TGTEXTENTS track values are correctly specified.
*   After any changes or corrections, re-submit the
*   request.
*

```

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_SRCEXTENTS_INVALID      EQU  7741  X'1E3D'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST request specified the
*   SRCEXTENTS parameter. Parameter checking found
*   the track values were invalid. Either the
*   beginning track was greater than the ending
*   track, or the track location had values that
*   were greater than the device capabilities.
*
*   Action: Verify the ANTRQST SRCEXTENTS parameter
*   has begin track values less than or equal to
*   end track values, and the track values are not

```

* greater than the device maximum track values.
 * After any changes or corrections, re-submit the
 * request.
 *

RQST_FCESTABLISH_TGTEXTENTS_INVALID EQU 7742 X'1E3E'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST request specified the
 * TGTEXTENTS parameter. Parameter checking found
 * the track values were invalid. Either the
 * beginning track was greater than the ending
 * track, or the track location had values that
 * were greater than the device capabilities.
 *
 * Action: Verify the ANTRQST TGTEXTENTS parameter
 * has begin track values less than or equal to
 * end track values, and the track values are not
 * greater than the device maximum track values.
 * After any changes or corrections, re-submit the
 * request.
 *

RQST_SOURCE_TARGET_EXTENT_COUNT_MISMATCH EQU 7743 X'1E3F'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST request specified source and
 * target extents. During parameter checking, SDM
 * detected that the count of source extents is not
 * the same as the count of target extents.
 *
 * Action: Verify the ANTRQST SRCEXTENTS and
 * TGTEXTENTS track values are correctly specified.
 * After any changes or corrections, re-submit the
 * request.
 *

RQST_SOURCE_AND_TARGET_DEVICE_MISSING EQU 7744 X'1E40'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Withdraw
 * request did not specify the source or target
 * device, or the source and target device number
 * fields are set to the null value (binary zero).
 * Either the source device or target device must
 * be specified, or both may be specified.
 *
 * Action: Verify the source and/or target device
 * is correctly specified. After any changes or
 * corrections, re-submit the request.
 *

RQST_DDWSW_SOURCE_DEVICE_MISSING EQU 7745 X'1E41'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Withdraw
 * request specified the DDWSW parameter, but the
 * source device was omitted or the source device
 * field was set to the null value (binary zero).
 *
 * Action: Verify the source device is specified.
 * Verify the DDWSW parameter is specified
 * correctly. After any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.
 *

RQST_NOT_DDWSW_TARGET_DEVICE_MISSING EQU 7746 X'1E42'

*
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Withdraw
 * request did not specify DDWSW(YES), and the
 * target device was omitted or the target device
 * field was set to the null value (binary zero).
 *
 * Action: Verify the target device is specified
 * when the DDWSW parameter is set to NO or to the
 * null value (binary zero) or omitted. Also
 * verify the DDWSW parameter is specified
 * correctly. After any changes or corrections,
 * re-submit the request.
 *


```
RQST_SOURCE_LARGER_THAN_TARGET_INVALID    EQU  7747  X'1E43'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
*   or Withdraw request specified the source and
*   target devices, but did not specify extents. The
*   request defaults to a full source volume extent.
*   The target device has fewer cylinders than the
*   source device. The request is invalid for the
*   specified source and target devices.
*
*   Action: Verify the source and target devices are
*   correctly specified. Verify the request is
*   for full volume, and if not, specify the desired
*   source and target extents. After any changes or
*   corrections, re-submit the request.
*
```

```
RQST_SOURCE_TARGET_DEVICES_INCOMPATIBLE   EQU  7748  X'1E44'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
*   request specified the source and target devices,
*   but the devices are not the same type, or do not
*   have the same track format, or do not have the
*   same number of bytes per track. This can occur
*   if one of the devices is a 3380TCM type and the
*   other device is a 3390 type.
*
*   Action: Verify the source and target devices are
*   correctly specified. Ensure the devices are the
*   same type and have the same track size and
*   format. After making any changes or corrections,
*   re-submit the request.
*
```

```
RQST_SOURCE_TARGET_CANNOT_BE_SAME         EQU  7749  X'1E45'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
*   or Withdraw request specified the source and
*   target devices as the same device. If the device
*   is not Advanced FlashCopy capable, or the source
*   extents indicate ALL tracks (full volume), the
*   request is rejected.
*
*   Action: Verify the source and target devices are
*   correctly specified. Ensure the device is capable
*   of Advanced FlashCopy, and the source and target
*   extents are specified correctly (not ALL tracks).
*   After making any changes or corrections,
*   re-submit the request.
*
```

```
RQST_FCESTABLISH_INCREMENTAL_INVALID      EQU  7750  X'1E46'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
*   request specified the INCREMENTAL parameter, but
*   the parameter field contains an invalid value.
*   The valid values for the FlashCopy INCREMENTAL
*   parameter field are 'YES', 'YTW', 'NO ' or binary
*   zeros (not including the single quotation marks).
*
*   Action: Verify the INCREMENTAL parameter field
*   contains a valid value.
*   After making any changes or corrections,
*   re-submit the request.
*
```

```
RQST_FCESTABLISH_SETGTOK_INVALID          EQU  7751  X'1E47'
*
*   Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
*   request specified the SETGTOK parameter, but
*   the parameter field contains an invalid value.
*   The valid values for the FlashCopy SETGTOK
*   parameter field are 'YES', 'NO ', or
*   binary zeros (not including the
*   single quotation marks).
*
*   Action: Verify the SETGTOK parameter field
```

```

* contains a valid value.
* After making any changes or corrections,
* re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_REMOTE_INVALID EQU 7753 X'1E49'

```

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
* request specified the REMOTE parameter, but
* the parameter field contains an invalid value.
* The valid values for the FlashCopy REMOTE
* parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary
* zeros (not including the single quotation marks).
*
* Action: Verify the REMOTE parameter field
* contains a valid value.
* After making any changes or corrections,
* re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_TGTPPRIM_INVALID EQU 7754 X'1E4A'

```

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy Establish
* request specified the TGTPPRIM parameter, but
* the parameter field contains an invalid value.
* The valid values for the FlashCopy TGTPPRIM
* parameter field are 'YES' or 'NO ' or binary
* zeros (not including the single quotation marks).
*
* Action: Verify the TGTPPRIM parameter field
* contains a valid value.
* After making any changes or corrections,
* re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_FCESTABLISH_PRESMIR_INVALID EQU 7755 X'1E4B'

```

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST Advanced FlashCopy
* Establish request specified the PRESMIR
* parameter, but the parameter field contains
* an invalid value.
* The valid values for the FlashCopy PRESMIR
* parameter field are 'REQ', 'PREF', 'NO ' or binary
* zeros (not including the single quote marks).
*
* Action: Verify the PRESMIR parameter field
* contains a valid value. After making any
* changes or corrections, re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_INVALID_OPENDVCS_VALUE EQU 7800 X'1E78'

```

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST PPRC or FlashCopy request
* specified the OPENDVCS or REDIRECT parameter, but the value
* of the parameter was not YES or NO.
* The request is rejected.
*
* Action: Verify the OPENDVCS or REDIRECT parameter field has
* binary zeros, 'YES' or 'NO '. After any changes
* or corrections, re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_INVALID_SUBCHSET_VALUE EQU 7801 X'1E79'

```

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST PPRC or Global Mirror request
* specified the SUBCHSET parameter, but the value
* of the SUBCHSET parameter was not an available subchannel.
* The request is rejected.
*
* Action: Verify the SUBCHSET parameter field contains
* a valid subchannel number. After any changes
* or corrections, re-submit the request.
*

```

RQST_FLASHCOPY_RG_POLICY_VIOLATED EQU 7802 X'1E7A'

```

*

```

```

*   Meaning: For a FlashCopy to request, a resource group
*   violation was detected. For an explanation of the
*   given reason code refer to: "Understanding reason codes
*   for IBM Z and S/390 hosts" "Reason codes for resource
*   group violations" in the "IBM System Storage DS8000
*   Documentation".
*
*   Action: Take the action advised in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_PPRC_RG_POLICY_VIOLATED          EQU  7803  X'1E7B'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For a PPRC request a resource group violation
*   was detected. For an explanation of the given reason
*   code refer to: "Understanding reason codes for IBM Z
*   and S/390 hosts" "Reason codes for resource group
*   violations" in the "IBM System Storage DS8000 Information
*   Center".
*
*   Action: Take the action advised in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_GM_RG_POLICY_VIOLATED          EQU  7804  X'1E7C'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For a Global Mirror request, a resource group
*   violation was detected. For an explanation of the given
*   reason code refer to: "Understanding reason codes for
*   IBM Z and S/390 hosts" "Reason codes for resource
*   group violations" in the "IBM System Storage DS8000
*   Documentation".
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_ERROR_REQUEST_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU  7805  X'1E7D'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: The OBJSTORE STORE request is not supported by
*   host software on the subsystem identified in the request.
*   The specified subsystem microcode (LIC) level is less
*   than the minimum microcode level required for the function.
*
*   Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of
*   the subsystem identified in the request.
*   Ensure that the microcode is at the required level.
*   After making changes or corrections,
*   resubmit the Advanced Copy Services request.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_IO_ERROR                 EQU  7806  X'1E7E'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: For an OBJSTORE STORE request an I/O error
*   was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain
*   an error reason code. These reason codes are documented below,
*   and will have names that start with RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action described in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_EXTENTS_NOT_VALID EQU  0001  X'0001'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: When TYPE is set to CKDOBJ,
*   the specified extents are not valid for the volume.
*
*   Action: Correct the EXTENTS field value
*   and reissue the request.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_DEVICE_NOT_BASE_VOL EQU  0002  X'0002'

```

```

*
*   Meaning: The volume processing the command
*   is not a base volume address.
*

```

* Action: Reissue the request to a base volume address.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_SOURCE_IS_PPRC_SEC EQU 0003 X'0003'

*
* Meaning: The source volume is the secondary
* of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair.
*
* Action: Make sure you specified the correct source volume.
* If the volume is correct, delete the PPRC pair
* for that volume and reissue the request.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_UNSUPPORTED_DATATYPE EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
* Meaning: The TYPE parameter is not set to one
* of the values supported by the storage control.
*
* Action: Make sure the operation specified by the
* TYPE parameter is supported by the storage control.
* After making changes or corrections, resubmit the request.
* If the problem persists, contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_CU_SERIAL_INCORRECT EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
* Meaning: The specified Control Unit Serial Number
* is not the serial number of the DS8000 Disk Controller
* processing the command.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_VOL_ADDRESS_INCORRECT EQU 0006 X'0006'

*
* Meaning: When the TYPE is set to CKD0BJ,
* the specified source volume address is not the channel
* connection address of the volume that is processing
* this command.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_CONFIG_CHANGE EQU 0007 X'0007'

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST OBJSTORE store request
* has failed due to an I/O configuration change
* that occurred while processing the store.
*
* Action: Re-try the request
*

RQST_STORE_IO_REAS_SOFT_FENCE EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
* Meaning: The OBJSTORE operation failed due to a device
* in a soft fence state.
*
* Action: Perform an UNFENCE operation on the devices that
* are in a soft fence state.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_ERROR_2 EQU 7807 X'1E7F'

*
* Meaning: For an OBJSTORE STORE request an I/O error
* was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain
* an error reason code. These reason codes are documented below,
* and will have names that start with RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_CLOUD_NAME EQU 0001 X'0001'

*

* Meaning: The specified Cloud Name is not configured
* to this DS8000 Disk Controller.
*
* Action: Correct the CLOUD field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_CLOUD_UNAVAILABLE EQU 0002 X'0002'
*
* Meaning: The specified Cloud is unavailable.
*
* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_ACCOUNT EQU 0003 X'0003'
*
* Meaning: The specified Account Name does not exist
* in the specified Cloud.
*
* Action: Correct the ACCOUNT field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_CONT_QUOTA_EXCEED EQU 0006 X'0006'
*
* Meaning: The specified Container has exceeded
* the container quota.
*
* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_CLOUD_OUT_OF_SPACE EQU 0007 X'0007'
*
* Meaning: The Cloud is out of space.
*
* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_TRANSFER_ERROR EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: A transfer error between the Cloud
* and DS8000 Disk Controller has occurred.
*
* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_CONCURRENT_TASKS EQU 0011 X'000B'
*
* Meaning: The maximum number of concurrent cloud tasks
* has been exceeded.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_INTERNAL_ERROR EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: An internal error occurred when synchronizing
* the Cloud task between the DS8000 Disk Controller CECs.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_CLOUD_NOT_OPERAT EQU 0013 X'000D'
*
* Meaning: The required Cloud environment is not operational.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_SOURCE_NOT_OPERAT EQU 0014 X'000E'

*
 * Meaning: The designated source volume is not operational.
 *
 * Action: Make sure the correct source volume is specified
 * in the request. After making changes or corrections, resubmit
 * the request. If the problem persists, contact IBM support.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_OVERLAP_EXT EQU 0016 X'0010'

*
 * Meaning: The extents specified in the store request overlap
 *
 * Action: Correct specified extents.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_TAPE_OBJ_NOT_CONFIG EQU 0018 X'0012'

*
 * Meaning: The application indicated the storage system
 * should use tape object support, but the storage system is not
 * configured for tape objects.
 *
 * Action: Ensure the storage system cloud provider is one
 * supports tape objects.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_OBJ_STORE_IS_TPOBJ EQU 0019 X'0013'

*
 * Meaning: The storage system is configured for tape object
 * support, but the application did not indicate
 * tape object is supported.
 *
 * Action: Ensure the cloud provider is one that supports
 * tape objects.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_PROTOCOL_IS_NOT_SUP EQU 0020 X'0014'

*
 * Meaning: The storage system is configured for tape object
 * tape object is supported.
 *
 * Action: Ensure the cloud provider is one that supports
 * tape objects.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_SOURCE_IN_FLASHCPY EQU 0240 X'00F0'

*
 * Meaning: The source volume is in a FlashCopy relationship.
 *
 * Action: Make sure you specified the correct source volume.
 * If the volume is correct, withdraw the FlashCopy relationship
 * and reissue the request.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_SOURCE_PPRC_PRIM EQU 0242 X'00F2'

*
 * Meaning: The source volume is a primary
 * of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair.
 *
 * Action: Make sure you specified the correct source volume.
 * If the volume is correct, delete the PPRC pair
 * and reissue the request.
 *

RQST_STORE_IO_2_REAS_SOURCE_IN_XRC EQU 0244 X'00F4'

*
 * Meaning: The source volume is the primary
 * in an XRC session.
 *
 * Action: Make sure you specified the correct source volume.
 * If the volume is correct, delete the volume from the XRC
 * session and reissue the request.
 *

```

RQST_STORE_UNEXPECTED_ERROR          EQU  7808  X'1E80'
*
*   Meaning:  For an OBJSTORE STORE request an unexpected error
*   has occurred. The RETINFO field may contain diagnostic
*   information:
*       - return code from AOMSERV (bytes 9-10)
*       - reason code from AOMSERV (bytes 11-12)
*       - sense data returned from DS8000 Disk Controller (bytes 13 - 44)
*
*   Action:   Contact IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REQUEST_LOST_BY_SUBSYSTEM  EQU  7809  X'1E81'
*
*   Meaning:  For an OBJSTORE STORE request the storage control
*   lost knowledge of the asynchronous operation.
*
*   Action:   Contact IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REAS_CANCEL_FAILED         EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning:  Cancel operation attempted on the request and it
*   has returned with an IO error. Refer Controller Sense data
*   for more details.
*
*   Action:   Contact IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_ERROR                     EQU  7810  X'1E82'
*
*   Meaning:  For an OBJSTORE STORE request an error was
*   detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
*   contain an error reason code. These reason codes
*   are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_STORE_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action:   Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_TYPE_VALUE    EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning:  The value supplied in the TYPE field
*   is invalid. The TYPE field value must be CKDOBJ or METADATA.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct TYPE field value.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_CLDLEN_VALUE  EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning:  The value supplied in the CLOUDLEN field
*   is invalid. The CLOUDLEN field must have a value
*   from 1 to 30.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct CLOUDLEN field value.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_OBJLEN_VALUE  EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning:  The value supplied in the OBJECTLEN field
*   is invalid. The OBJECTLEN field must have a value
*   from 1 to 128.
*
*   Action:   Supply a correct OBJECTLEN field value.
*

```

```

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_CNTRLLEN_VALUE EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning:  The value supplied in the CONTAINERLEN field
*   is invalid. The CONTAINERLEN field must have a value
*   from 1 to 256.
*

```

* Action: Supply a correct CONTAINERLEN field value.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_ACCLN_VALUE EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the ACCOUNTLEN field
* is invalid. The ACCOUNTLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 256.
*
* Action: Supply a correct ACCOUNTLEN field value.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_EXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the EXTENTS count field
* is invalid. The EXTENTS count field must have a value
* from 1 to 123.
*
* Action: Supply a correct EXTENTS count field
* value. This error can also be caused by the
* EXTENTS parameter pointing to an invalid storage
* location.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_METADATA_LEN_ERROR EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the BUFFERLEN field
* is invalid. The BUFFERLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 4063.
*
* Action: Supply a correct BUFFERLEN field value.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_DEVICE EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
* Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
*
* Action: Supply a correct UCBPTR or DEVN.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_CLOUD_ABEND EQU 0040 X'0028'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CLOUD parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the CLOUD parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the CLOUD parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_CONTAINER_ABEND EQU 0044 X'002C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CONTAINER parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the CONTAINER parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the CONTAINER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_OBJECT_ABEND EQU 0048 X'0030'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the OBJECT parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the OBJECT parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the OBJECT parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
*

* the ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_ACCOUNT_ABEND EQU 0052 X'0034'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the ACCOUNT parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the ACCOUNT parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the ACCOUNT parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_EXTENTS_ABEND EQU 0056 X'0038'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the EXTENTS parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the EXTENTS parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the EXTENTS parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
* ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_METADATA_ABEND EQU 0060 X'003C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the BUFFER parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the BUFFER parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the BUFFER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
* ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_MESSAGE_ABEND EQU 0064 X'0040'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the MESSAGE parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the MESSAGE parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the MESSAGE parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
* ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_BPENC_VALUE EQU 0068 X'0044'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the BYPASSENC field
* is invalid. The BYPASSENC field value must be NO or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct BYPASSENC field
* value.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_UCBPTR EQU 0072 X'0048'
*
* Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
*
* Action: Supply a correct UCBPTR or
* DEVN.
*

RQST_STORE_REAS_INVALID_PROTOCOL_VALUE EQU 0076 X'004C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the PROTOCOL field
* is invalid. The PROTOCOL field value must be S3,
* or SWIFT, or TAPE-OBJECT.
*
* Action: Supply a correct PROTOCOL field

value.

*

RQST_STORE_SERVICE_ERROR EQU 7811 X'1E83'

*

* Meaning: A request has been made to an OBJSTORE STORE subsystem handler, and an error has been detected.

*

* Action: Contact IBM.

*

RQST_STORE_CLOUD_OPERATION_ERROR EQU 7812 X'1E84'

*

* Meaning: For an OBJSTORE STORE request an error has been detected for the cloud operation.

* RETINFO contains the following diagnostic information:

* - sense data returned from the Disk Controller (bytes 13-44)

* - Cloud Message Header (bytes 45-76)

*

* In addition, the MESSAGE field may contain additional information from the cloud host.

*

* Action: Refer to the Cloud Message description.

*

RQST_RETRV_ERROR_REQUEST_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7813 X'1E85'

*

* Meaning: The OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request is not supported by host software on the subsystem identified in the request.

* The specified subsystem microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode level required for the function.

*

* Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of the subsystem identified in the request.

* Ensure that the microcode is at the required level.

* After making changes or corrections,

* resubmit the Advanced Copy Services request.

*

RQST_RETRV_IO_ERROR EQU 7814 X'1E86'

*

* Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request an I/O error was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain an error reason code. These reason codes are documented below, and will have names that start with RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_XXX.

*

* Action: Take the action described in the reason code documentation.

*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_EXTENTS_NOT_VALID EQU 0001 X'0001'

*

* Meaning: When TYPE is set to CKD0BJ, the specified extents are not valid for the volume.

*

* Action: Correct the EXTENTS field value and reissue the request.

*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_DEVICE_NOT_BASE_VOL EQU 0002 X'0002'

*

* Meaning: The volume processing the command is not a base volume address.

*

* Action: Reissue the request to a base volume address.

*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_IS_PPRC_SEC EQU 0003 X'0003'

*

* Meaning: The Channel Connection Address is the secondary of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair.

*

* Action: Make sure you issued the request to the correct volume. If the volume is correct, delete the PPRC pair

*

* for that volume and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_UNSUPPORTED_DATATYPE EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
* Meaning: The TYPE parameter is not set to one
* of the values supported by the storage control.
*
* Action: Make sure the operation specified by the
* TYPE parameter is supported by the storage control.
* After making changes or corrections, resubmit the request.
* If the problem persists, contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_CU_SERIAL_INCORRECT EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
* Meaning: The specified Control Unit Serial Number
* is not the serial number of the DS8000 Disk Controller
* processing the command.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_CONFIG_CHANGE EQU 0006 X'0006'

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST OBJSTORE store request
* has failed due to an I/O configuration change
* that occurred while processing the store.
*
* Action: Re-try the request
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_SOFT_FENCE EQU 0007 X'0007'

*
* Meaning: The OBJSTORE operation failed due to a device
* in a soft fence state.
*
* Action: Perform an UNFENCE operation on the devices that
* are in a soft fence state.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_REAS_CONFIG_CHANGE_ACC_ERR EQU 0008 X'0007'

*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST OBJSTORE store request
* has failed due to an I/O configuration change
* that occurred while processing the store.
*
* Action: Re-try the request
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_ERROR_2 EQU 7815 X'1E87'

*
* Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request an I/O error
* was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain
* an error reason code. These reason codes are documented below,
* and will have names that start with RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_XXX.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_CLOUD_NAME EQU 0001 X'0001'

*
* Meaning: The specified Cloud Name is not configured
* to this DS8000 Disk Controller.
*
* Action: Correct the CLOUD field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_CLOUD_UNAVAILABLE EQU 0002 X'0002'

*
* Meaning: The specified Cloud is unavailable.
*

* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_ACCOUNT EQU 0003 X'0003'

*
* Meaning: The specified Account Name does not exist
* in the specified Cloud.
*
* Action: Correct the ACCOUNT field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_CONTAINER EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
* Meaning: The specified Container does not exist
* in the specified Account.
*
* Action: Correct the CONTAINER field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_UNKNOWN_OBJECT EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
* Meaning: The specified Object does not exist
* in the specified Container.
*
* Action: Correct the OBJECT field value
* and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TRANSFER_ERROR EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
* Meaning: A transfer error between the Cloud
* and DS8000 Disk Controller has occurred.
*
* Action: Contact the cloud service provider
* for the recommended action.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_INSUFFIC_EXTENTS EQU 0009 X'0009'

*
* Meaning: The number of bytes in cloud Object
* will exceed the capacity of the extents
* defined in the Target Volume Extent Entries.
*
* Action: Correct the EXTENTS field value to increase
* the capacity and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TARGET_NOT_GROUPED EQU 0010 X'000A'

*
* Meaning: One or more of the target devices are not
* in the grouped state to the same Path Group
* as the volume processing the command.
*
* Action: Make sure the correct target volumes
* are specified in the EXTENTS field value.
* After making changes or corrections, resubmit
* the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_CONCURRENT_TASKS EQU 0011 X'000B'

*
* Meaning: The maximum number of concurrent cloud tasks
* has been exceeded.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_INTERNAL_ERROR EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
* Meaning: An internal error occurred when synchronizing
* the Cloud task between the DS8000 Disk Controller CECs.
*

*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_CLOUD_NOT_OPERAT EQU 0013 X'000D'
*
* Meaning: The required Cloud environment is not operational.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TARGET_NOT_OPERAT EQU 0015 X'000F'
*
* Meaning: One or more of the designated target volumes
* are not operational.
*
* Action: Make sure the correct target volumes are specified
* in the request. After making changes or corrections, resubmit
* the request. If the problem persists, contact IBM support.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_OVERLAP_EXT EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: The extents specified in the retrieve request overlap
*
* Action: Correct specified extents
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TAPE_OBJ_NOT_CONFIG EQU 0018 X'0012'
*
* Meaning: The application indicated the storage system
* should use tape object support, but the storage system is not
* configured for tape objects.
*
* Action: Ensure the storage system cloud provider is one
* supports tape objects.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_OBJ_STORE_IS_TPOBJ EQU 0019 X'0013'
*
* Meaning: The storage system is configured for tape object
* support, but the application did not indicate
* tape object is supported.
*
* Action: Ensure the cloud provider is one that supports
* tape objects.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_PROTOCOL_IS_NOT_SUP EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: The storage system is configured for tape object
* support, but the application did not indicate
* tape object is supported.
*
* Action: Ensure the cloud provider is one that supports
* tape objects.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TARGET_IN_FLASHCPY EQU 0241 X'00F1'
*
* Meaning: One or more of the target volumes
* is in a FlashCopy relationship.
*
* Action: Make sure you specified the correct target volumes.
* If the volumes are correct, withdraw the FlashCopy relationshi
* for these volumes and reissue the request.
*

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TARGET_IN_PPRC EQU 0243 X'00F3'
*
* Meaning: One or more of the target volumes is a primary
* or a secondary of a Peer-to-Peer Remote Copy pair.
*
* Action: Make sure you specified the correct target volumes.

* If the volumes are correct, delete the PPRC pairs
 * for these volumes and reissue the request.
 *

RQST_RETRV_IO_2_REAS_TARGET_IN_XRC EQU 0245 X'00F5'

*
 * Meaning: One or more of the target volumes
 * is the primary volume in an XRC session.
 *
 * Action: Make sure you specified the correct target volumes.
 * If the volumes are correct, delete them from the XRC
 * session and reissue the request.
 *

RQST_RETRV_UNEXPECTED_ERROR EQU 7816 X'1E88'

*
 * Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request an unexpected error
 * has occurred. The RETINFO field may contain diagnostic
 * information:
 * - return code from AOMSERV (bytes 9-10)
 * - reason code from AOMSERV (bytes 11-12)
 * - sense data returned from DS8000 Disk Controller (bytes 13-
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support.
 *

RQST_RETRV_REQUEST_LOST_BY_SUBSYSTEM EQU 7817 X'1E89'

*
 * Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request the storage control
 * lost knowledge of the asynchronous operation.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support.
 *

RQST_RETRV_REAS_CANCEL_FAILED EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: Cancel operation attempted on the request and it
 * has returned with an IO error. Refer Controller Sense data
 * for more details.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support.
 *

RQST_RETRV_CLOUD_OPERATION_ERROR EQU 7818 X'1E8A'

*
 * Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request an error
 * has been detected for the cloud operation.
 * RETINFO contains the following diagnostic information:
 * - sense data returned from the Disk Controller (bytes 13-44)
 * - Cloud Message Header (bytes 45-76)
 *
 * In addition, the MESSAGE field may contain additional information
 * from the cloud host.
 *
 * Action: Refer to the Cloud Message description.
 *
 *

RQST_RETRV_ERROR EQU 7819 X'1E8B'

*
 * Meaning: For an OBJSTORE RETRIEVE request an error was
 * detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
 * contain an error reason code. These reason codes
 * are documented below, and will have names
 * that start with RQST_RETRV_REAS_XXX.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_TYPE_VALUE EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: The value supplied in the TYPE field
 * is invalid. The TYPE field value must be CKDOBJ or METADATA.
 *

* Action: Supply a correct TYPE field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_CLDLEN_VALUE EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CLOUDLEN field
* is invalid. The CLOUDLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 30.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CLOUDLEN field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_OBJLEN_VALUE EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the OBJECTLEN field
* is invalid. The OBJECTLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 128.
*
* Action: Supply a correct OBJECTLEN field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_CNTRLEN_VALUE EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CONTAINERLEN field
* is invalid. The CONTAINERLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 256.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CONTAINERLEN field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_ACCLLEN_VALUE EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the ACCOUNTLEN field
* is invalid. The ACCOUNTLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 256.
*
* Action: Supply a correct ACCOUNTLEN field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_EXTENTS_COUNT_ERROR EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the EXTENTS count field
* is invalid. The EXTENTS count field must have a value
* from 1 to 123.
*
* Action: Supply a correct EXTENTS count field
* value. This error can also be caused by the
* EXTENTS parameter pointing to an invalid storage
* location.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_METADATA_LEN_ERROR EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the BUFFERLEN field
* is invalid. The BUFFERLEN field must have a value
* from 1 to 4063.
*
* Action: Supply a correct BUFFERLEN field value.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_DEVICE EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
* Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
*
* Action: Supply a correct UCBPTR or DEVN.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_CLOUD_ABEND EQU 0040 X'0028'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CLOUD parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the CLOUD parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the CLOUD parameter

```

* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_CONTAINER_ABEND          EQU 0044 X'002C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the CONTAINER parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the CONTAINER parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the CONTAINER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_OBJECT_ABEND            EQU 0048 X'0030'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the OBJECT parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the OBJECT parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the OBJECT parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_ACCOUNT_ABEND           EQU 0052 X'0034'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the ACCOUNT parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the ACCOUNT parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the ACCOUNT parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro,
* the ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_EXTENTS_ABEND           EQU 0056 X'0038'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the EXTENTS parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the EXTENTS parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the EXTENTS parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
* ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_METADATA_ABEND          EQU 0060 X'003C'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the BUFFER parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the BUFFER parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the BUFFER parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the
* ALET value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_RETRV_REAS_MESSAGE_ABEND           EQU 0064 X'0040'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the MESSAGE parameter
* is invalid or caused an abend when referencing
* the MESSAGE parameter list.
*
* Action: Make sure that the MESSAGE parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro, the

```


* ALET value is correct.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_VOLUMES_COUNT_ERROR EQU 0072 X'0048'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the EXTENTS volume count
* field is invalid. The EXTENTS volume count field must
* have a value from 1 to 64.
*
* Action: Supply a correct EXTENTS volume count field
* value. This error can also be caused by the
* EXTENTS parameter pointing to an invalid storage
* location.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_UCBPTR EQU 0076 X'004C'
*
* Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
*
* Action: Supply a correct UCBPTR or
* DEVN.
*

RQST_RETRV_REAS_INVALID_PROTOCOL_VALUE EQU 0080 X'0050'
*
* Meaning: The value supplied in the PROTOCOL field
* is invalid. The PROTOCOL field value must be S3,
* or SWIFT, or TAPE-OBJECT.
*
* Action: Supply a correct PROTOCOL field
* value.
*

RQST_RETRV_EXTENTS_DEV_ERROR EQU 7820 X'1E8C'
*
* Meaning: The specified EXTENTS parameter for a
* retrieve request contains an invalid device.
*
* Action: Correct the extents parameter
* and resubmit the request.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_ERROR EQU 7821 X'1E8D'
*
* Meaning: For an Space Release request an error was
* detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These reason codes
* are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_INVALID_SUBCHSET EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST SPACEREL request specified
* the SUBCHSET parameter, but the value of the SUBCHSET parameter
* was not an available subchannel.
* The request is rejected.
*
* Action: Verify the SUBCHSET parameter field contains
* a valid subchannel number. After any changes
* or corrections, resubmit the request.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_MAX_EXTENTS EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: For an SPACEREL request, Extents
* were specified and the count was greater than the
* maximum value of 2200.
*
* Action: Modify the request to ensure the extents

* are less than 2200 and resubmit the request.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_EXTENTS_ABEND EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
* Meaning: The routine which examines the EXTENTS
* field abended while doing the examination.
*
* Action: Make sure the field specified in the
* EXTENTS parameter is owned by the calling program.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_EXTENTS_INVALID EQU 0016 X'0010'

*
* Meaning: For an SPACEREL request the EXTENTS
* parameter list contains an invalid extent value.
* Each extent value must not be greater than the
* device maximum values. Each begin extent value
* must be lower or equal to its related end extent
* value.
*
* Action: Verify the contents of the EXTENTS
* parameter list. Insure each extent value does not
* exceed the device maximum extent values. Insure
* the extent values are correctly paired - source
* begin extent first followed by source end extent.
* After making any changes or corrections, re-submit
* the request.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_INVALID_DEV EQU 0020 X'0014'

*
* Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
*
* Action: Supply a correct DEVN.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REAS_ZERO_EXTENTS EQU 0024 X'0018'

*
* Meaning: For an SPACEREL request, Extents
* were specified and the count zero.
*
* Action: Modify the request to ensure the extents
* are less than 2200 and resubmit the request.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_REQUEST_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7822 X'1E8E'

*
* Meaning: The Advanced Copy Services request
* specified a function that is not supported by
* host software on the subsystem identified in
* the request. The specified subsystem microcode
* (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode
* level required for the function.
*
* Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
* supports the command or reissue the command
* to a different device / storage control.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_ERROR EQU 7823 X'1E8F'

*
* Meaning: For an SPACEREL request an I/O error
* was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain
* an error reason code. These reason codes are documented below,
* and will have names that start with RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_INVALID_STATE EQU 0004 X'0004'

*

```

*   Meaning: The volume is in a FlashCopy relationship or
*   PPRC relationship or XRC relationship.
*
*   Action: Check DASD subsystem documentation and microcode levels for allowable
*   copy combinations of Space Release.
*   As an example, here is a note on space release for global copy and global
mirror.
*

```

```

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_RGP_VIOLATED      EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: For a SPACEREL request a resource group
*   violation was detected. For an explanation of the
*   given reason code refer to:
*   "Understanding reason codes for IBM Z and S/390 hosts"
*   > "Reason codes for resource group violations" in the
*   "IBM System Storage DS8000 Documentation"
*
*   Action: Take the action advised in the
*   reason code documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_NO_NVS            EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning: The structures (control blocks)
*   used by Space Release microcode that reside
*   in non-volatile storage cannot be accessed.
*
*   Action: Resubmit the request when NVS is available.
*

```

```

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_UNEXPECTED_ERR    EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: For an SPACEREL request an unexpected error
*   has occurred. The RETINFO field may contain diagnostic
*   information:
*   - return code from AOMSERV (bytes 9-10)
*   - reason code from AOMSERV (bytes 11-12)
*   - sense data returned from DS8000 Disk Controller (bytes 13-44)
*
*   Action: Contact IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_DEV_NOT_BASE_VOL  EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
*   Meaning: The volume processing the command
*   is not a base volume address.
*
*   Action: Reissue the request to a base volume address.
*

```

```

RQST_SPACEREL_IO_REAS_SOFT_FENCE        EQU  0024  X'0018'
*
*   Meaning: The SPACEREL request failed due to a device
*   in a soft fence state.
*
*   Action: Perform an UNFENCE operation on the devices that
*   are in a soft fence state.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_OSERIAL             EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: For a PQUERY request, the serial number
*   does not match the serial number of the devn.
*
*   Action: Check the QRYSERIAL and be sure it
*   matches the serial number of the devn and
*   resubmit the command.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_REASON                      EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: For a PQUERY or PQSCSTAT request a System Data Mover
*   request handler detected an error. Byte nine of
*   the RETINFO field will contain the length of the

```

```

* following error message. Starting at byte ten will
* be a message that describes the error. Bytes ten
* through thirteen contain the ending part of an
* ANTP0xxxx message identifier (ex. - 108I for
* message identifier ANTP0108I).
*
* Action: Take the action described in the
* documentation for the message
* identifier.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_SDEVN_ZERO          EQU 0012  X'000C'
*
* Meaning: The keyword SDEVN was specified, but
* no device number was given.
*
* Action: Specify a device number with SDEVN
* keyword.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_SWWNN_ZERO          EQU 0016  X'0010'
*
* Meaning: The keyword SWWNN was specified, but
* no world wide node name was given.
*
* Action: Specify a world wide node name with
* SWWNN keyword.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_SEC_WWNN_NOT_FOUND  EQU 0020  X'0014'
*
* Meaning: The WWNN corresponding to the SDEVN device
* number could not be determined.
*
* Action: Specify a world wide node name with
* SWWNN keyword.
*

```

```

RQST_PQUERY_INVALID_SSUBCHSET_VALUE EQU 0024  X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST PPRC request specified
* specified the SSUBCHSET parameter, but the value
* of the SSUBCHSET parameter was not an available subchannel.
* The request is rejected.
*
* Action: Verify the SSUBCHSET parameter field contains
* a valid subchannel number. After any changes
* or corrections, resubmit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_ERROR                  EQU 7824  X'1E90'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request an error was
* detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These reason codes
* are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_LCP_REAS_XXX.
*
* Action: Take the action described in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_ACTION    EQU 0004  X'0004'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the ACTION parameter is invalid.
* Action: If the parameter is used the value must be CREATE, or
* REMOVE.
*
* Action: Supply a correct ACTION value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_MODE          EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the MODE parameter is invalid. If the
* MODE parameter is used the value must be COPY, or
* NOCOPY.
*
* Action: Supply a correct MODE
value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_ONLINTGT      EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the ONLINTGT parameter is invalid. If
* the ONLINTGT parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct ONLINTGT value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_INCREMENTAL    EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the INCREMENTAL parameter is invalid. If
* the ONLINTGT parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct INCREMENTAL value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_PERSISTENT     EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the PERSISTENT parameter is invalid. If
* the PERSISTENT parameter is used the value must be NO
* or YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct PERSISTENT value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_TWI           EQU 0024 X'0018'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the TWI or SWI parameter is invalid. If the
* TWI or SWI parameter is used the value must be NO or
* YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct TWI value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_FRR           EQU 0028 X'001C'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the FRR parameter is invalid. If the
* FRR parameter is used the value must be NO or
* YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct FRR value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_OUTOFSPACE     EQU 0032 X'0020'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request the value
* supplied in the OUTOFSPACE parameter is invalid. If the
* OUTOFSPACE parameter is used the value must be NO or
* YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct OUTOFSPACE value.
*

```

```

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_SUBCHSET       EQU 0036 X'0024'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST LCP request specified

```

* the SUBCHSET parameter, but the value of the SUBCHSET parameter
 * was not an available subchannel.
 * The request is rejected.
 *
 * Action: Verify the SUBCHSET parameter field contains
 * a valid subchannel number. After any changes
 * or corrections, resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_DEV EQU 0040 X'0028'
 *
 * Meaning: The specified device could not be accessed.
 *
 * Action: Supply a correct DEVN.
 *

RQST_LCP_REAS_PARM_MUT_EXCLUSIVE EQU 0044 X'002C'
 *
 * Meaning: The parameters specified in an ANTRQST LCP request
 * are mutually exclusive.
 * The following combinations keyword/parameter
 * are mutually exclusive:
 *
 * - MODE(NOCOPY) and INCREMENTAL(YES) for ACTION(CREATE)
 * - FRR(YES) and INCREMENTAL(YES) for ACTION(CREATE)
 *
 * Action: Remove the unwanted parameter and resubmit
 * the request.
 *

RQST_LCP_REAS_REQUEST_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 0048 X'0030'
 *
 * Meaning: The Advanced Copy Services request
 * specified a function that is not supported by
 * host software on the subsystem identified in
 * the request. The specified subsystem microcode
 * (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode
 * level required for the function.
 *
 * Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of
 * the subsystem identified in the request. Ensure
 * that the microcode is at the required level.
 * After making changes or corrections, resubmit
 * the Advanced Copy Services request.
 *

RQST_LCP_REAS_INVALID_SRCDVCMAP EQU 0052 X'0034'
 *
 * Meaning: The ANTRQST LCP request specified
 * a zero SRCDVCMAP parameter.
 * The request is rejected.
 *
 * Action: Verify the SRCDVCMAP parameter field contains
 * a nonzero value. After any changes
 * or corrections, resubmit the request.
 *

RQST_LCP_IO_ERROR EQU 7825 X'1E91'
 *
 * Meaning: For an ANTRQST LCP request an I/O error
 * was detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will contain
 * an error reason code.
 *
 * Action: Take the action described in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *

RQST_CLOUD_OPERATION_CANCELLED EQU 7830 X'1E96'
 *
 * Meaning: For an OBJSTORE request, the operation
 * is cancelled in ESS.
 * RETINFO contains the following diagnostic information:
 * - sense data returned from the Disk Controller (bytes 13-44)
 * - Cloud Message Header (bytes 45-76)
 *
 * In addition, the MESSAGE field may contain additional information

```

*   from the cloud host.
*
*   Action: Refer to the Cloud Message description.
*

```

```

RQST_FLASHCOPY_REQUEST_NOT_SUPPORTED      EQU  7900  X'1EDC'
*
*   Meaning: The Advanced Copy Services request
*   specified a function that is not supported by
*   host software on the subsystem identified in
*   the request. The specified subsystem microcode
*   (LIC) level is less than the minimum microcode
*   level required for the function.
*
*   Action: Determine the microcode level (LIC) of
*   the subsystem identified in the request. Ensure
*   that the microcode is at the required level.
*   After making changes or corrections, resubmit
*   the Advanced Copy Services request.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_INVALID_TYPE_VALUE          EQU  7910  X'1EE6'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for TYPE on an
*   STATESAVE request is invalid. Valid values are
*   XRC, XRCER, MM, GM, GC, PATHS, FREEZE, RUN, FC, SS, and CC.
*
*   Action: Correct the value and reissue the request.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_INVALID_NDSS_VALUE          EQU  7911  X'1EE7'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for NDSS on an
*   STATESAVE request is invalid. Valid values are
*   YES and NO.
*
*   Action: Correct the value and reissue the request.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_ERROR                      EQU  7912  X'1EE8'
*
*   Meaning: For an STATESAVE request an error was
*   detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
*   contain an error reason code. These reason codes
*   are documented below, and will have names
*   that start with RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_xxx.
*
*   Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
*   documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_INVALID_DEVN_OR_SUB    EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
*   Meaning: Invalid device number or subchannel set number.
*
*   Action: Correct the device number or subchannel set number.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_IO_ERROR               EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
*   Meaning: An I/O error was encountered attempting
*   to access the device. STATESAVE unsuccessful.
*
*   Action: Reissue request to an alternate device.
*   If problem persists contact IBM support.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_NDSS_NOT_AVAIL         EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: A non-disruptive STATESAVE was requested but NDSS
*   is not supported by host software on the subsystem
*   identified in the request. The specified subsystem
*   microcode (LIC) level is less than the minimum
*   microcode level required for a non-disruptive
*   STATESAVE.
*

```

```

*
* Action: To take a STATESAVE that will cause a
* warm start of the SFI re-issue the request with NDSS=NO.
*
* To take a non-disruptive STATESAVE determine the
* microcode level (LIC) of the subsystem identified in the
* request. Insure the microcode is at the required level.
* After making any changes or corrects, resubmit the
* STATESAVE request.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_QUIESCE_FAILED      EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
* Meaning: Internal Processes could not be quiesced to
* perform the Non-disruptive statesave. This can be
* caused by another statesave that is currently in
* progress.
*
* Action: If a another statesave is currently being taken
* needed diagonistic information may be contained within
* that statesave. The NDSS request may also be retried.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_5_MINUTE_LIMIT      EQU  0024  X'0018'
*
* Meaning: The frequency of the NDSS data collection is
* too high. More than one Non-disruptive statesave was
* requested within a 5 minute window. A time delay must
* occur before requesting another NDSS data collection.
* Another NDSS may be taken again in 5 minutes from the
* last sucessfull NDSS.
*
* Action: Repeat the request at a later time or take a
* statesave with warmstart.
*

```

```

RQST_STATESAVE_REAS_24_HOUR_LIMIT       EQU  0032  X'0020'
*
* Meaning: The frequency of the NDSS data collection is
* too high. More than 10 Non-disruptive statesaves were
* requested within a 24 hour window. A time delay must
* occur before requesting another NDSS data collection.
*
* Action: Repeat the request at a later time or take a
* statesave with warmstart.
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_ERROR                        EQU  7916  X'1EEC'
*
* Meaning: For an FENCE request an error was
* detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These reason codes
* are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_FENCE_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_NOT_SUPPORTED           EQU  0004  X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The channel command is not supported
* by the storage control where it was issued.
*
* Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
* supports the command or reissue the command
* to a different device / storage control.
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_SUBCHSET_OR_DEVN EQU  0008  X'0008'
*
* Meaning: Invalid device number or subchannel set number.
*
* Action: Correct the device number or subchannel set number.
*

```



```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_ACTION_VALUE      EQU  0012  X'000C'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for ACTION on a
*   FENCE request is invalid. Valid values are
*   FENCE
*   UNFENCE
*   SPIDFENCE
*   SPIDUNFENCE
*
*   Action: Correct the value and reissue the request
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_SCOPE_VALUE      EQU  0016  X'0010'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for SCOPE on a
*   FENCE request is invalid. Valid values are MASK
*   DEV and LSS.
*
*   Action: Correct the value and reissue the request
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_OPENDVCS_VALUE    EQU  0020  X'0014'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for OPENDVCS on a
*   FENCE request is invalid. Valid values are
*   YES and NO.
*
*   Action: Correct the value and reissue the request
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_MASK_VALUE      EQU  0024  X'0018'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for MASK on a
*   FENCE request is invalid. If SCOPE=MASK is
*   specified at least one bit must be set in
*   the device bitmap specified by the MASK keyword.
*
*   Action: Specify a non-zero mask or use SCOPE=DEV
*   or SCOPE=LSS and reissue the request.
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_IO_ERROR                  EQU  0028  X'001C'
*
*   Meaning: For a FENCE request the System Data
*   Mover detected an IO error.
*
*   Action: Contact IBM support
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_SPID_TOKEN_MISMATCH      EQU  0032  X'0020'
*
*   Meaning: For a FENCE request with ACTION=SPIDUNFENCE or
*   ACTION=SPIDFENCE a token mismatch has occurred.
*
*   For ACTION SPIDFENCE, the token specified
*   did not match the saved SPID Fence Token for a device in
*   the Logical Subsystem (LSS).
*
*   For ACTION SPIDUNFENCE, the token specified
*   did not match the saved SPID Fence token for the device.
*
*   Action: Specify the correct token.
*

```

```

RQST_FENCE_REAS_INVALID_TOKEN_VALUE      EQU  0036  X'0024'
*
*   Meaning: The value specified for TOKEN on a FENCE request
*   is invalid.
*
*   Action: If ACTION SPIDFENCE or ACTION SPIDUNFENCE
*   was specified then TOKEN must be non-zero.
*

```

RQST_FENCE_MASK_ABEND EQU 7920 X'1EF0'

*
 * Meaning: For a FENCE request a System Data
 * Mover request router/handler ABENDED while
 * referencing the field pointed to by the ANTRQST
 * MASK parameter. The reason code will contain the
 * ABEND code.
 *
 * Action: Make sure that the MASK parameter points
 * to a valid location in memory.

RQST_QHA_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7924 X'1EF4'

*
 * Meaning: A QHA request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
 * all of the unformatted status information. As much
 * information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
 * field.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space needed is
 * returned in the reason code. If the reason code is 0
 * QRYSIZE was too small even to attempt the query.
 * Retry with a larger QRYSIZE value.
 *

RQST_QHA_QRYSIZE_BIG_ENOUGH EQU 7928 X'1EF8'

*
 * Meaning: A QHA request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
 * of the unformatted status information.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space used is returned
 * in the reason code.
 *

RQST_QHA_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7932 X'1EFC'

*
 * Meaning: The channel command is not supported
 * by the storage control where it was issued.
 *
 * Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
 * supports the command or reissue the command
 * to a different device / storage control.
 *

RQST_QHA_IO_ERROR EQU 7936 X'1F00'

*
 * Meaning: For a QHA request the System Data
 * Mover detected an IO error.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *

RQST_QHA_REAS_LSS_INVALID EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: The LSS given for the QHA
 * request is invalid.
 *
 * Action: Correct the LSS and CCA.
 *

RQST_QHA_REAS_CCA_INVALID EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
 * Meaning: The CCA given for the QHA
 * request is invalid.
 *
 * Action: Correct the LSS and CCA.
 *

RQST_QHA_REAS_UNEXPECTED_IO_ERROR EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
 * Meaning: For a QHA request the System Data
 * Mover detected an unexpected IO error.

*
* Action: Contact IBM support
*

RQST_QHA_QRYINFO_ABEND EQU 7940 X'1F04'
*
* Meaning: For a QHA request a System Data Mover
* request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
* the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
* parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
* code.
*
* Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_ERROR EQU 7944 X'1F08'
*
* Meaning: For an PSETCHAR request an error was
* detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These reason codes
* are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_PSETCHAR_REAS_xxx.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_REAS_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: Either the microcode level does
* not support this function or it has been
* disabled in software.
*
* Action: Ensure microcode is at the correct level on all
* Control Units. Ensure Multi Target PPRC is enabled in
* PARMLIB.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_REAS_INVALID_DEV EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: Invalid device number or subchannel set number.
*
* Action: Correct the device number or subchannel set number.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_REAS_INVALID_USEFORPM EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: For a PSETCHAR request the value supplied
* in the USEFORPM parameter is invalid. If the
* USEFORPM parameter is used the value must be NO or
* YES.
*
* Action: Supply a correct USEFORPM value.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_REQ_PARM_MISSING EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: For a PSETCHAR request a required
* parameter is missing.
*
* Action: Refer to the ACS for required command syntax.
*

RQST_PSETCHAR_REAS_IO_ERROR EQU 0020 X'0014'
*
* Meaning: For a PSETCHAR request the System Data
* Mover detected an IO error.
*
* Action: If the problem persists, contact IBM support.
*

RQST_SGCQUERY_QRYSIZE_TOO_SMALL EQU 7948 X'1F0C'

*
 * Meaning: A SGCQUERY request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was not large enough to hold
 * all of the unformatted status information. As much
 * information as possible was placed into the QRYINFO
 * field.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space needed is
 * returned in the reason code. If the reason code is 0
 * QRYSIZE was too small even to attempt the query.
 * Retry with a larger QRYSIZE value.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_QRYSIZE_BIG_ENOUGH EQU 7952 X'1F10'

*
 * Meaning: A SGCQUERY request was made, and the size
 * of the QRYINFO field was large enough to hold all
 * of the unformatted status information.
 *
 * Action: The total amount of space used is returned
 * in the reason code.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 7956 X'1F14'

*
 * Meaning: The channel command is not supported
 * by the storage control where it was issued.
 *
 * Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
 * supports the command or reissue the command
 * to a different device / storage control.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_IO_ERROR EQU 7960 X'1F18'

*
 * Meaning: For a SGCQUERY request the System Data
 * Mover detected an IO error.
 *
 * Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
 * documentation.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_REAS_LSS_INVALID EQU 0004 X'0004'

*
 * Meaning: The CCA given for the SGCQUERY
 * request is invalid.
 *
 * Action: Correct the LSS and CCA.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_REAS_CCA_INVALID EQU 0005 X'0005'

*
 * Meaning: The LSS given for the SGCQUERY
 * request is invalid.
 *
 * Action: Correct the LSS and CCA.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_REAS_UNEXPECTED_IO_ERROR EQU 0008 X'0008'

*
 * Meaning: For a SGCQUERY request the System Data
 * Mover detected an unexpected IO error.
 *
 * Action: Contact IBM support.
 *

RQST_SGCQUERY_QRYINFO_ABEND EQU 7964 X'1F1C'

*
 * Meaning: For a SGCQUERY request a System Data Mover
 * request router/handler ABENDED while referencing
 * the field pointed to by the ANTRQST QRYINFO
 * parameter. The reason code will contain the ABEND
 * code.
 *

```

*
* Action: Make sure that the QRYINFO parameter
* points to a valid location in memory, and that if
* an ALET was specified on the ANTRQST macro the
* value is correct.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_ERROR          EQU 7988 X'1F34'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST CTRLSET request an error was
* detected. Bytes 5-8 of the RETINFO field will
* contain an error reason code. These reason codes
* are documented below, and will have names
* that start with RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_xxx.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_NOT_SUPPORTED EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The channel command is not supported
* by the storage control where it was issued.
*
* Action: Install the appropriate microcode that
* supports the command or reissue the command
* to a different device / storage control.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INVALID_EVTMNTNTR EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST CTRLSET request the value
* supplied in the EVNTMNTNTR parameter is invalid. If the
* CTRLSET parameter is used the value must be SET or
* CLEAR.
*
* Action: Supply a correct CTRLSET value.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INVALID_SUBCHSET EQU 0012 X'000C'
*
* Meaning: The ANTRQST CTRLSET request specified
* the SUBCHSET parameter, but the value of the SUBCHSET parameter
* was not an available subchannel.
* The request is rejected.
*
* Action: Verify the SUBCHSET parameter field contains
* a valid subchannel number. After any changes
* or corrections, re-submit the request.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_MISSING_ACTION EQU 0016 X'0010'
*
* Meaning: For an ANTRQST CTRLSET request the value
* there was no action to perform supplied.
*
* Action: Supply an ACTION to perform.

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_IO_ERROR          EQU 7992 X'1F38'
*
* Meaning: For a CTRLSET request the System Data
* Mover detected an IO error.
*
* Action: Take the action shown in the reason code
* documentation.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INVALID_DEVN    EQU 0004 X'0004'
*
* Meaning: The device is not a base device.
*
* Action: Correct the device number.
*

```

```

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INVALID_CHANNEL_INFO EQU 0008 X'0008'
*
* Meaning: The command is received on a channel that does not
* have a valid Path Group ID

```

*
* Action: Correct the subchannel set number.
*

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INTRCPT_EXSTS_DEVN EQU 0012 X'000C'

*
* Meaning: An Intercept condition exists for the
* addressed device on any interface with the same path
* group identifier as the interface processing the command.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support
*

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_INVALID_PARAMETER EQU 0016 X'000F'

*
* Meaning: Parameters passed from the request to microcode
* resulted in error. Examine the sense information returned in
* RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support

RQST_CTRLSET_REAS_UNKNOWN EQU 0020 X'0014'

*
* Meaning: An I/O operation was unsuccessful.
* Examine the sense information returned in
* RETINFO to determine the cause of the error.
*
* Action: Contact IBM support
*

Chapter 17. AOM messages

AOM000I

**ASYNCHRONOUS I/O OPERATION {COMPLETED IN ERROR | FAILED}
SUBSYSTEM *ssss*, DEVICE *dddd***

Explanation

A host-initiated asynchronous I/O operation completed in error or failed. The task that issued the request is no longer active.

In the message text:

ssss

Indicates the subsystem on which the operation completed.

dddd

Indicates the address of the device.

COMPLETED IN ERROR

The asynchronous operation completed, but during the operation sense data was offloaded to an attached host with the environmental data present bit set. This sense data indicates the errors that occurred with the asynchronous operation.

FAILED

The asynchronous operation failed. An I/O error message on the console accompanies this error. There also can be environmental sense data present to contribute to an understanding of the error.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer.

System programmer response

Examine a merged LOGREC from all hosts attached to the storage control. For the **COMPLETED IN ERROR** situation, examine the environmental data to determine what the specific error was and if it pertained to an area on the volume within an allocated data set. From this information, determine the severity of the error. Note that there is a collection of environmental sense data caused by this one asynchronous operation. After completing this examination, take the appropriate actions to correct the specific data set or entire volume error. If all errors were not in allocated space on the volume, the impact of the error is minimal. After completing these corrections, the volume should be ready for use. Note that the asynchronous operation does not need to be repeated because it completed. The state of the subsystem or volume should be as you want.

For the **FAILED** situation, examine the sense data associated with the specific error, including any I/O messages that appear on the system console. Examine environmental sense data to determine the reason for the asynchronous operations failure. After completing this examination, take the appropriate actions to correct the problem. Attempt to reissue the asynchronous operation using the IDCAMS utility.

Source

Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM)

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

AOM001I DESTAGE FAILED FOR SUBSYSTEM *ssss*, DEVICE *dddd*

Explanation

An error occurred when a Halt EOD (SVC 91) requested that all 3990 Model 3 and Model 6 devices in the system be destaged.

In the message text:

ssss

Indicates the identification of the subsystem on which destage was attempted.

dddd

Indicates the number of a device attached to the subsystem.

System action

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Notify the system programmer. If the device associated with this message is attached by way of the IBM 3990 Model 3 Storage Control, contact IBM hardware support for detailed recovery actions.

System programmer response

Run an IDCAMS LISTDATA DSTATUS job to find all the devices that have pinned data. One of these devices caused the destage to fail.

Source

Asynchronous Operations Manager (AOM)

Routing code

2

Descriptor code

11

AOM496I *devn*,ID=*xxxxxxx*,(*Active*, *Queued*, *Not Found*, *HyperSwap/HPSwap*, or *Failed*),T=*nnnnn*(s),Queue=*mm*,(*Stored or Retrieved*)/Total=*yyyyyyyy*/*zzzzzzzz*(tracks)

Explanation

In the message text:

devn

Device number that a cloud operation I/O was issued against.

xxxxxxx

A hexadecimal value as an ID to identify a cloud operation.

Active

The operation is current executing.

Queued

The operation is queued with 'Queue' identified as its position in the queue.

Failed

The operation has failed.

Not Found

The operation probably has been not found after a TCT query has been done.

HyperSwap/HPSwap

The operation probably has been detected during hyperswap processing.

nnnnn

Decimal amount of time in seconds for a cloud operation.

mm

Hexidecimal number to identify the position of a cloud operation in its queue before it starts.

Stored or Retrieved

The possible states of a cloud operation to store or retrieve an object to or from a cloud.

yyyyyyyy

Decimal value in tracks of the current amount of an object that has been moved.

zzzzzzzz

Decimal value in tracks of the total amount of an object that needs to be moved.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

System programmer response

None.

Source

AOMDMIH

Routing code

2,10

Descriptor code

4

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